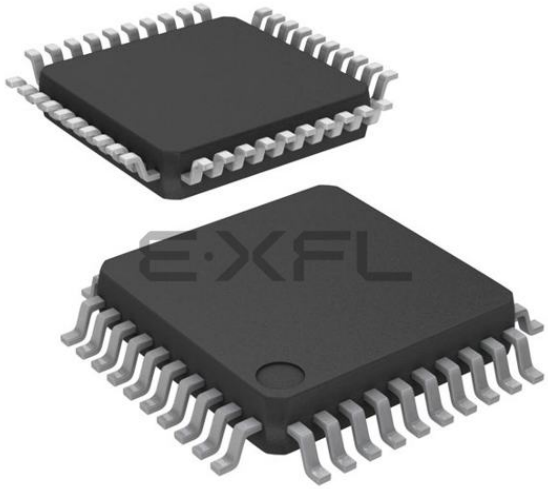
Renesas Electronics America Inc - R5F21264JFP#W4 Datasheet



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I²C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	LED, POR, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21264jfp-w4

Notice

1. All information included in this document is current as of the date this document is issued. Such information, however, is subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using any Renesas Electronics products listed herein, please confirm the latest product information with a Renesas Electronics sales office. Also, please pay regular and careful attention to additional and different information to be disclosed by Renesas Electronics such as that disclosed through our website.
2. Renesas Electronics does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
3. You should not alter, modify, copy, or otherwise misappropriate any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part.
4. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of your equipment. Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
5. When exporting the products or technology described in this document, you should comply with the applicable export control laws and regulations and follow the procedures required by such laws and regulations. You should not use Renesas Electronics products or the technology described in this document for any purpose relating to military applications or use by the military, including but not limited to the development of weapons of mass destruction. Renesas Electronics products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations.
6. Renesas Electronics has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, but Renesas Electronics does not warrant that such information is error free. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability whatsoever for any damages incurred by you resulting from errors in or omissions from the information included herein.
7. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following three quality grades: "Standard", "High Quality", and "Specific". The recommended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below. You must check the quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product before using it in a particular application. You may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application categorized as "Specific" without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Further, you may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application for which it is not intended without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Renesas Electronics shall not be in any way liable for any damages or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product for an application categorized as "Specific" or for which the product is not intended where you have failed to obtain the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. The quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in a Renesas Electronics data sheets or data books, etc.

   "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; and industrial robots.

   "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control systems; anti-disaster systems; anti-crime systems; safety equipment; and medical equipment not specifically designed for life support.

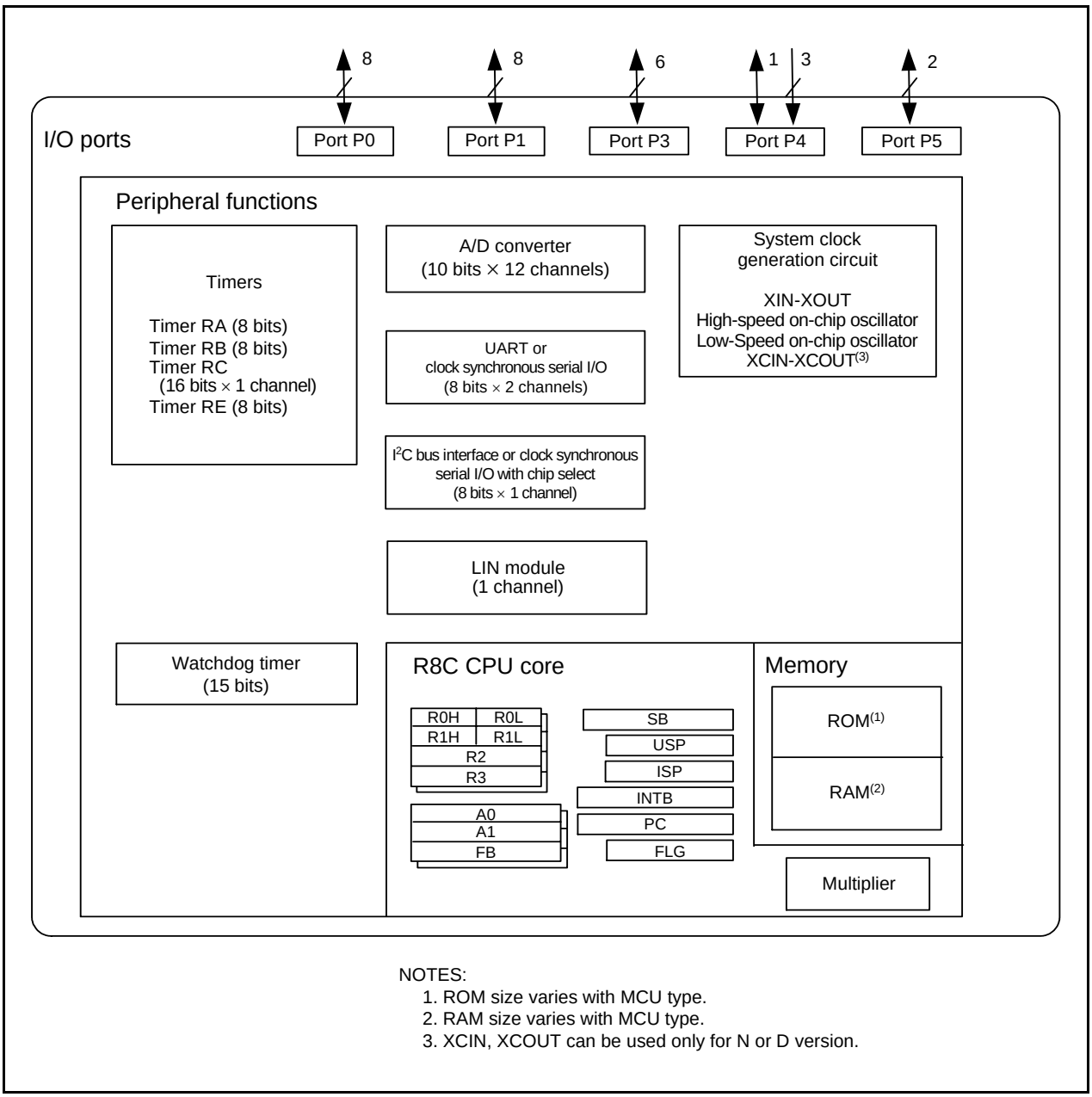
   "Specific": Aircraft; aerospace equipment; submersible repeaters; nuclear reactor control systems; medical equipment or systems for life support (e.g. artificial life support devices or systems), surgical implantations, or healthcare intervention (e.g. excision, etc.), and any other applications or purposes that pose a direct threat to human life.
8. You should use the Renesas Electronics products described in this document within the range specified by Renesas Electronics, especially with respect to the maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, movement power voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation and other product characteristics. Renesas Electronics shall have no liability for malfunctions or damages arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products beyond such specified ranges.
9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of its products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Further, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. Please be sure to implement safety measures to guard them against the possibility of physical injury, and injury or damage caused by fire in the event of the failure of a Renesas Electronics product, such as safety design for hardware and software including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult, please evaluate the safety of the final products or system manufactured by you.
10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. Please use Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
11. This document may not be reproduced or duplicated, in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products, or if you have any other inquiries.

(Note 1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.

(Note 2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.1 shows a Block Diagram.



NOTES:
1. ROM size varies with MCU type.
2. RAM size varies with MCU type.
3. XCIN, XCOUT can be used only for N or D version.

Figure 1.1 Block Diagram

Table 1.4 Product Information for R8C/27 Group Current of Sep. 2008

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks	
	Program ROM	Data flash				
R5F21272SNFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	
R5F21274SNFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SNFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SNFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21272SDFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21274SDFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SDFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SDFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274JFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21276JFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274KFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21276KFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21272SNXXXFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	Factory programming product(1)
R5F21274SNXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SNXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SNXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21272SDXXXFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21274SDXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SDXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SDXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274JXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21276JXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274KXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21276KXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		

NOTE:
1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

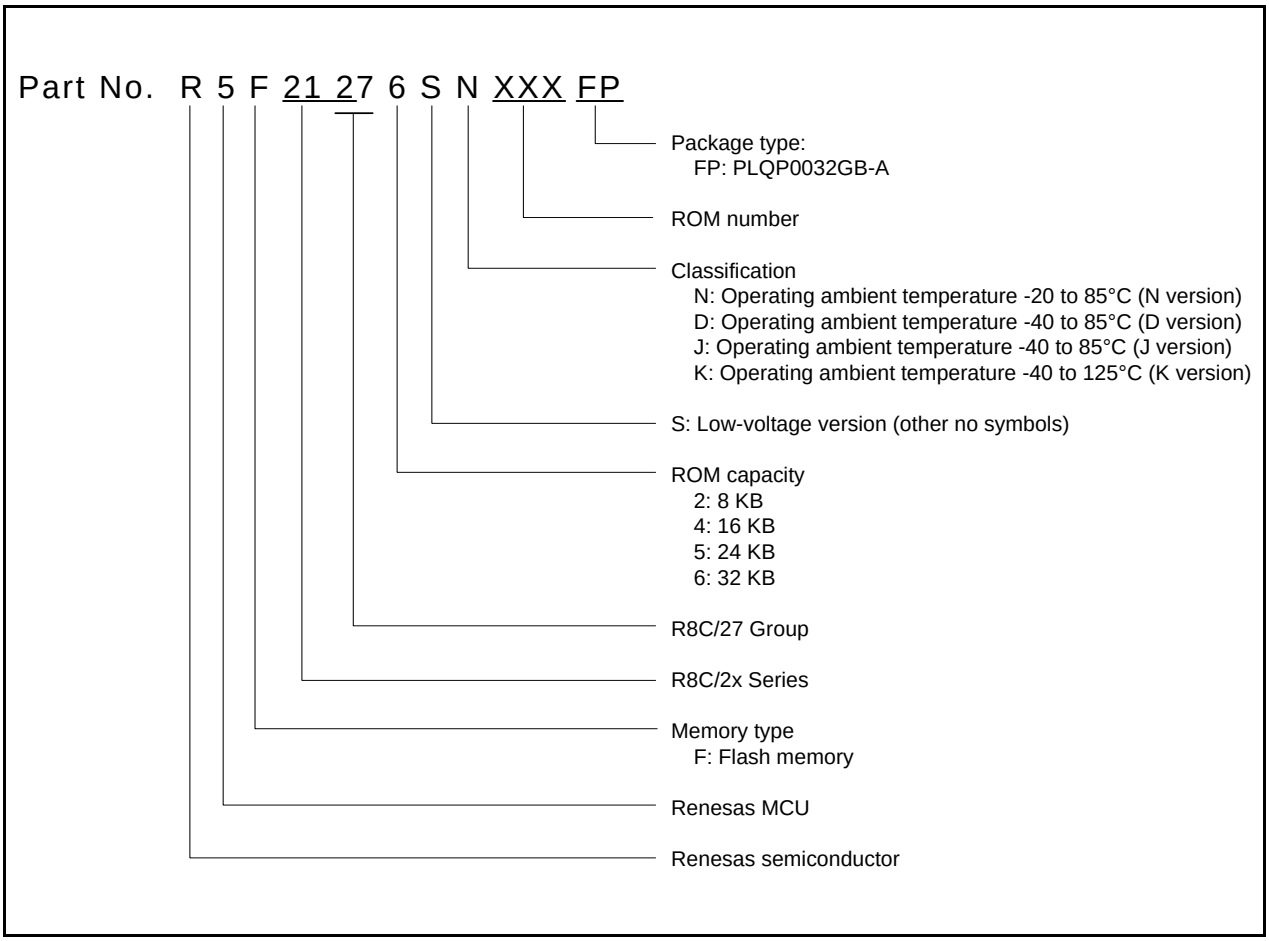
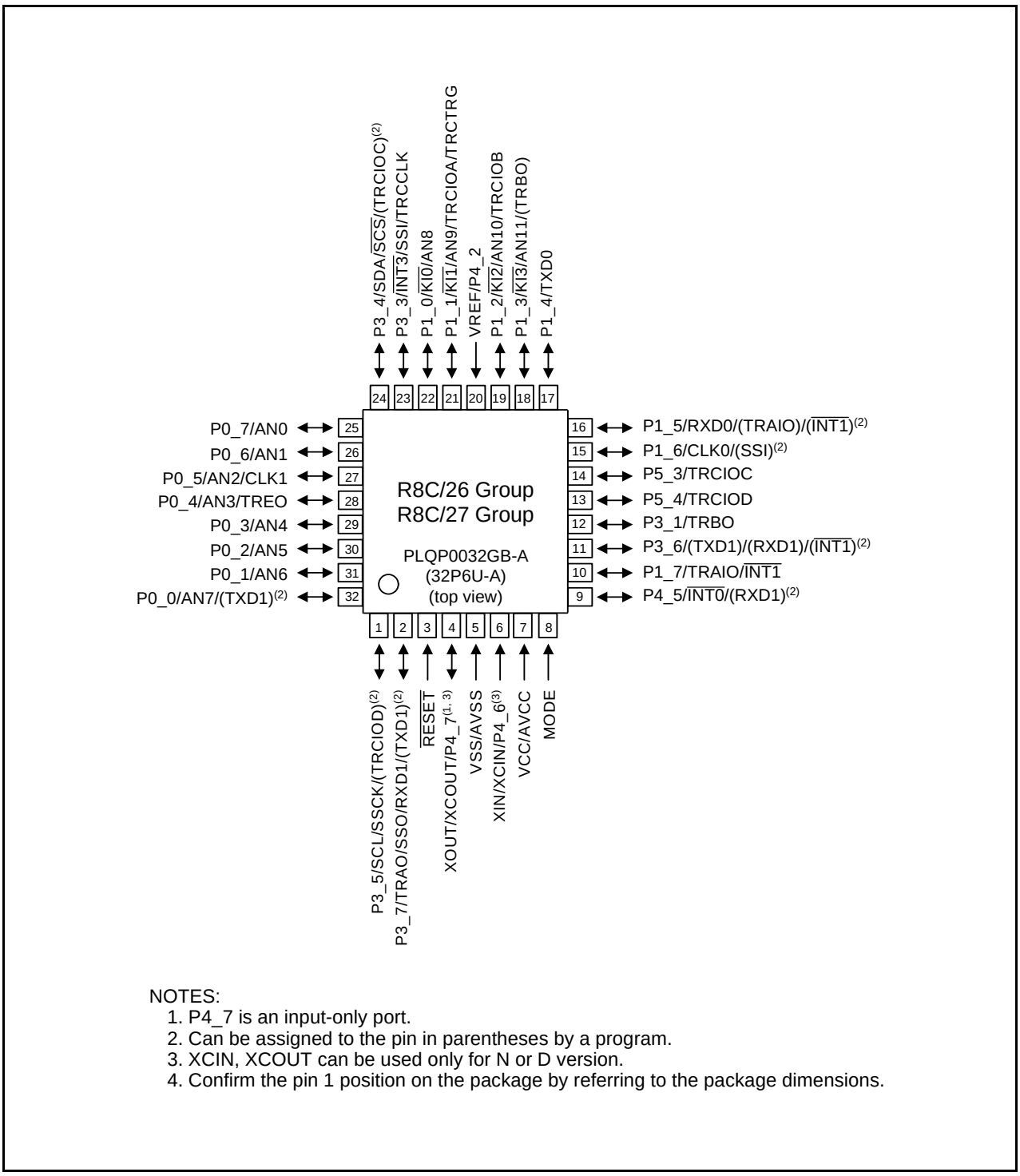


Figure 1.3 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/27 Group

1.5 Pin Assignments

Figure 1.4 shows Pin Assignments (Top View).



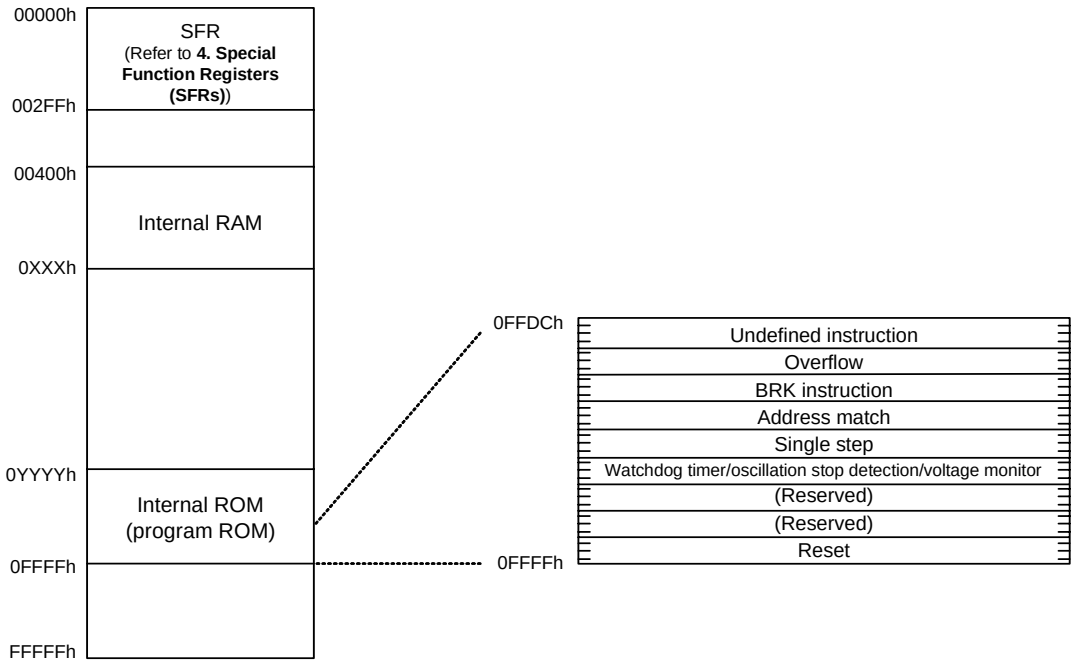
NOTES:
1. P4_7 is an input-only port.
2. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.
3. XCIN, XCOUT can be used only for N or D version.
4. Confirm the pin 1 position on the package by referring to the package dimensions.

Figure 1.4 Pin Assignments (Top View)

3. Memory

3.1 R8C/26 Group

Figure 3.1 is a Memory Map of R8C/26 Group. The R8C/26 group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.
The internal ROM is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 16-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 0C000h to 0FFFFh.
The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.
The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 1-Kbyte internal RAM area is allocated addresses 00400h to 007FFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.
Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.



NOTE:
1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Part Number	Internal ROM		Internal RAM	
	Size	Address 0YYYYh	Size	Address 0XXXXh
R5F21262SNFP, R5F21262SDFP, R5F21262SNXXXFP, R5F21262SDXXXFP	8 Kbytes	0E000h	512 bytes	005FFh
R5F21264SNFP, R5F21264SDFP, R5F21264JFP, R5F21264KFP, R5F21264SNXXXFP, R5F21264SDXXXFP, R5F21264JXXXFP, R5F21264KXXXFP	16 Kbytes	0C000h	1 Kbyte	007FFh
R5F21265SNFP, R5F21265SDFP R5F21265SNXXXFP, R5F21265SDXXXFP	24 Kbytes	0A000h	1.5 Kbytes	009FFh
R5F21266SNFP, R5F21266SDFP, R5F21266JFP, R5F21266KFP, R5F21266SNXXXFP, R5F21266SDXXXFP, R5F21266JXXXFP, R5F21266KXXXFP	32 Kbytes	08000h	1.5 Kbytes	009FFh

Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/26 Group

4. Special Function Registers (SFRs)

An SFR (special function register) is a control register for a peripheral function. Tables 4.1 to 4.7 list the special function registers.

Table 4.1 SFR Information (1)[1]

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0000h			
0001h			
0002h			
0003h			
0004h	Processor Mode Register 0	PM0	00h
0005h	Processor Mode Register 1	PM1	00h
0006h	System Clock Control Register 0	CM0	01101000b
0007h	System Clock Control Register 1	CM1	00100000b
0008h			
0009h			
000Ah	Protect Register	PRCR	00h
000Bh			
000Ch	Oscillation Stop Detection Register	OCD	00000100b
000Dh	Watchdog Timer Reset Register	WDTR	XXh
000Eh	Watchdog Timer Start Register	WDTS	XXh
000Fh	Watchdog Timer Control Register	WDC	00X11111b
0010h	Address Match Interrupt Register 0	RMAD0	00h
0011h			00h
0012h			00h
0013h	Address Match Interrupt Enable Register	AIER	00h
0014h	Address Match Interrupt Register 1	RMAD1	00h
0015h			00h
0016h			00h
0017h			
0018h			
0019h			
001Ah			
001Bh			
001Ch	Count Source Protection Mode Register	CSPR	00h 10000000b[2]
001Dh			
001Eh			
001Fh			
0020h			
0021h			
0022h			
0023h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 0	FRA0	00h
0024h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 1	FRA1	When shipping
0025h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 2	FRA2	00h
0026h			
0027h			
0028h	Clock Prescaler Reset Flag	CPSRF	00h
0029h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 4[3]	FRA4	When shipping
002Ah			
002Bh	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6[3]	FRA6	When shipping
002Ch	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7[3]	FRA7	When shipping
002Dh			
002Eh			
002Fh			

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0.
3. In J, K version these regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.6 SFR Information (6)[1]

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0140h			
0141h			
0142h			
0143h			
0144h			
0145h			
0146h			
0147h			
0148h			
0149h			
014Ah			
014Bh			
014Ch			
014Dh			
014Eh			
014Fh			
0150h			
0151h			
0152h			
0153h			
0154h			
0155h			
0156h			
0157h			
0158h			
0159h			
015Ah			
015Bh			
015Ch			
015Dh			
015Eh			
015Fh			
0160h			
0161h			
0162h			
0163h			
0164h			
0165h			
0166h			
0167h			
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0177h			
0178h			
0179h			
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			

NOTE:
1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.7 SFR Information (7)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0180h			
0181h			
0182h			
0183h			
0184h			
0185h			
0186h			
0187h			
0188h			
0189h			
018Ah			
018Bh			
018Ch			
018Dh			
018Eh			
018Fh			
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h			
0194h			
0195h			
0196h			
0197h			
0198h			
0199h			
019Ah			
019Bh			
019Ch			
019Dh			
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ADh			
01AEh			
01AFh			
01B0h			
01B1h			
01B2h			
01B3h	Flash Memory Control Register 4	FMR4	01000000b
01B4h			
01B5h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	1000000Xb
01B6h			
01B7h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00000001b
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			

FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 2)

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

5. Electrical Characteristics

5.1 N, D Version

Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
V_{CC}/AV_{CC}	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
V_I	Input voltage		-0.3 to V_{CC} + 0.3	V
V_O	Output voltage		-0.3 to V_{CC} + 0.3	V
P_d	Power dissipation	T_{opr} = 25°C	500	mW
T_{opr}	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 (N version) / -40 to 85 (D version)	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{CC}/AV_{CC}	Supply voltage			2.2	–	5.5	V
V_{SS}/AV_{SS}	Supply voltage			–	0	–	V
V_{IH}	Input “H” voltage			0.8 V_{CC}	–	V_{CC}	V
V_{IL}	Input “L” voltage			0	–	0.2 V_{CC}	V
$I_{OH(sum)}$	Peak sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins $I_{OH(peak)}$		–	–	-160	mA
$I_{OH(sum)}$	Average sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins $I_{OH(avg)}$		–	–	-80	mA
$I_{OH(peak)}$	Peak output “H” current	Except P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	-10	mA
		P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	-40	mA
$I_{OH(avg)}$	Average output “H” current	Except P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	-5	mA
		P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	-20	mA
$I_{OL(sum)}$	Peak sum output “L” currents	Sum of all pins $I_{OL(peak)}$		–	–	160	mA
$I_{OL(sum)}$	Average sum output “L” currents	Sum of all pins $I_{OL(avg)}$		–	–	80	mA
$I_{OL(peak)}$	Peak output “L” currents	Except P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	10	mA
		P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	40	mA
$I_{OL(avg)}$	Average output “L” current	Except P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	5	mA
		P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	20	mA
$f_{(XIN)}$	XIN clock input oscillation frequency		3.0 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	20	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V_{CC} < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
			2.2 V ≤ V_{CC} < 2.7 V	0	–	5	MHz
$f_{(XCIN)}$	XCIN clock input oscillation frequency		2.2 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	70	kHz
–	System clock	OCD2 = 0 XIN clock selected	3.0 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	20	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V_{CC} < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
			2.2 V ≤ V_{CC} < 2.7 V	0	–	5	MHz
		OCD2 = 1 On-chip oscillator clock selected	FRA01 = 0 Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected	–	125	–	kHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 3.0 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 2.7 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	10	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 2.2 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	5	MHz

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.

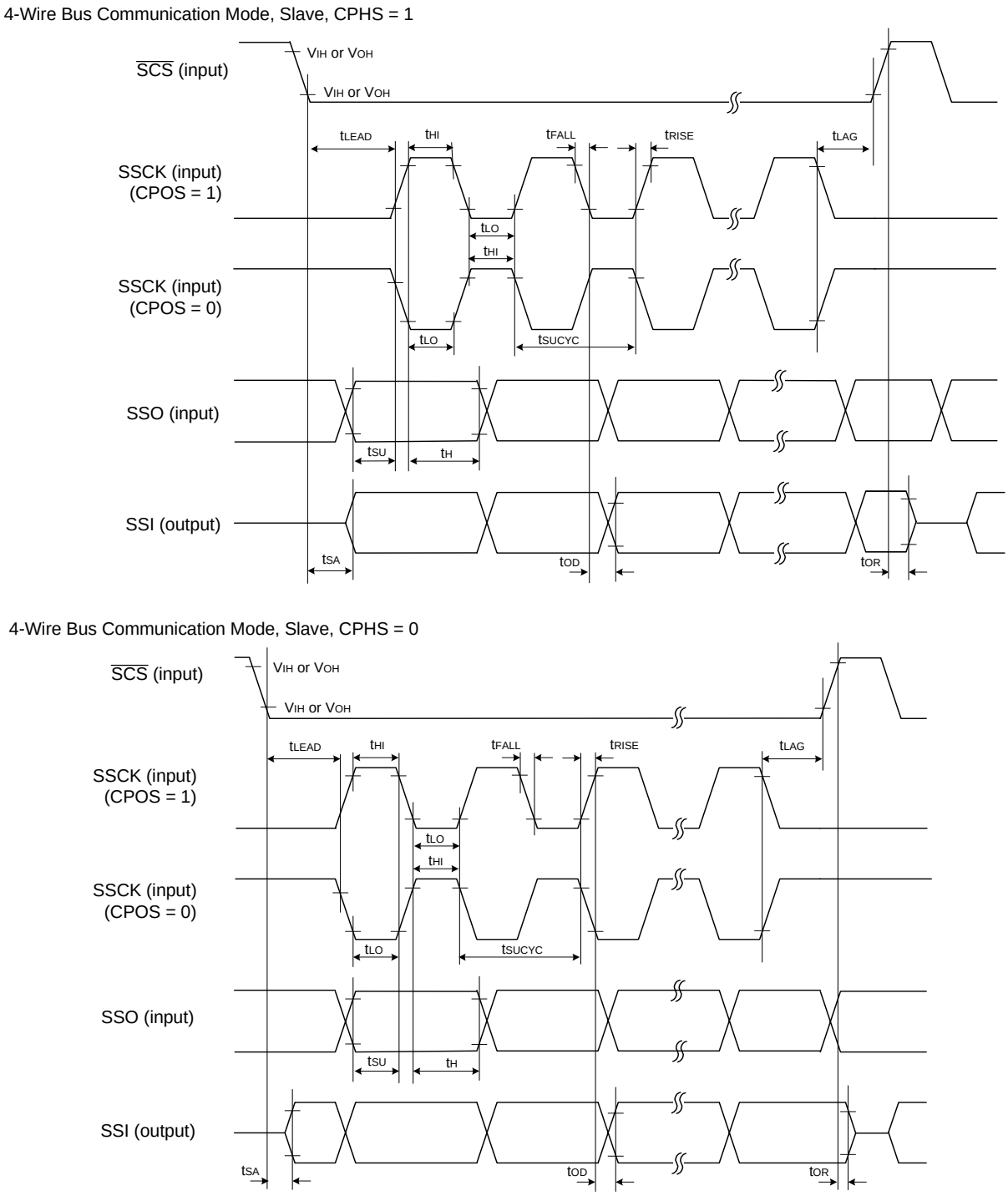


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

Table 5.14 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t_{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		$12t_{CYC} + 600$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SCLH}	SCL input “H” width		$3t_{CYC} + 300$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SCLL}	SCL input “L” width		$5t_{CYC} + 500$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{sf}	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t_{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	$1t_{CYC}$(2)	ns
t_{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		$5t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STAH}	Start condition input hold time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SDAS}	Data input setup time		$1t_{CYC} + 20$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SDAH}	Data input hold time		0	–	–	ns

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V and T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. $1t_{CYC} = 1/f1(s)$

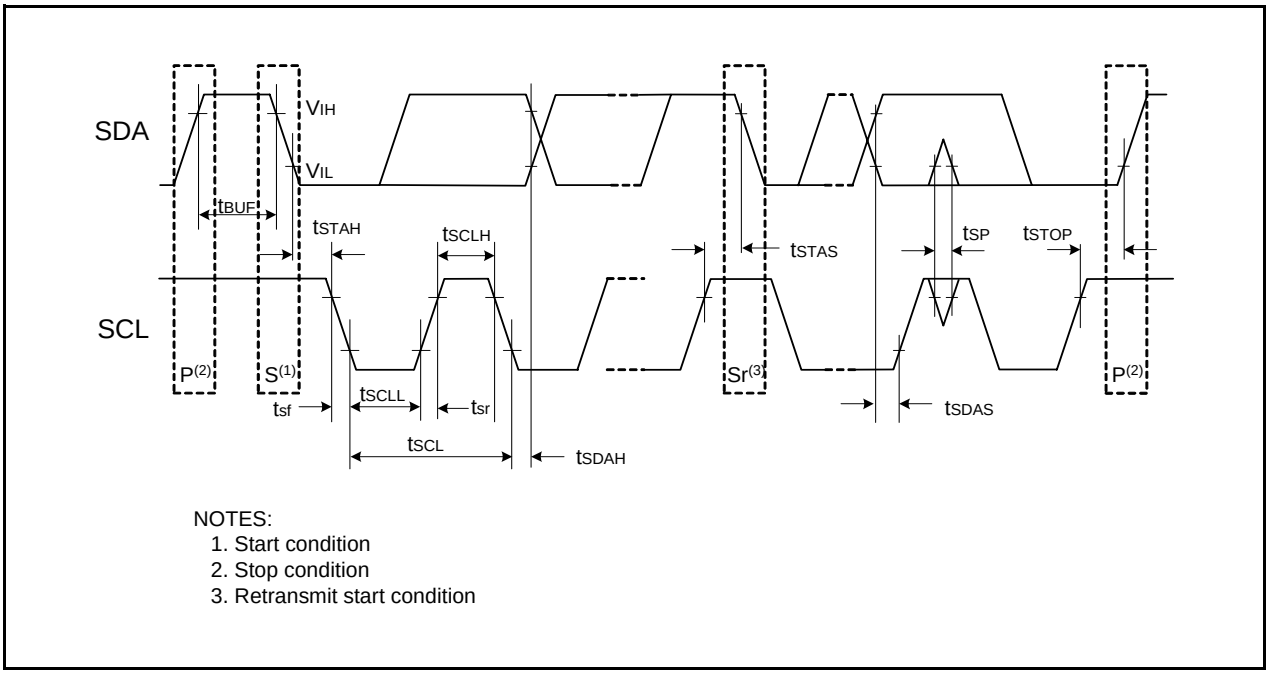


Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface

Table 5.15 Electrical Characteristics (1) [Vcc = 5 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{OH}	Output “H” voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	I_{OH} = –5 mA		V_{CC} - 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
			I_{OH} = -200 μA		V_{CC} - 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OH} = -20 mA	V_{CC} - 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OH} = -5 mA	V_{CC} - 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OH} = -1 mA	V_{CC} - 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OH} = -500 μA	V_{CC} - 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
V_{OL}	Output “L” voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	I_{OL} = 5 mA		–	–	2.0	V
			I_{OL} = 200 μA		–	–	0.45	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OL} = 20 mA	–	–	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OL} = 5 mA	–	–	2.0	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OL} = 1 mA	–	–	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OL} = 500 μA	–	–	2.0	V
V_{T+}-V_{T-}	Hysteresis	$\overline{INT0}$, $\overline{INT1}$, $\overline{INT3}$, $\overline{KI0}$, $\overline{KI1}$, $\overline{KI2}$, $\overline{KI3}$, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.5	–	V
		$\overline{RESET}$			0.1	1.0	–	V
I_{IH}	Input “H” current		VI = 5 V, V_{CC} = 5 V		–	–	5.0	μA
I_{IL}	Input “L” current		VI = 0 V, V_{CC} = 5 V		–	–	-5.0	μA
R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, V_{CC} = 5 V		30	50	167	kΩ
R_{fXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			–	1.0	–	MΩ
R_{fXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			–	18	–	MΩ
V_{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	–	–	V

NOTE:
1. V_{CC} = 4.2 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Timing Requirements
(Unless Otherwise Specified: V_{CC} = 5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V at T_{opr} = 25°C) [V_{CC} = 5 V]

Table 5.18 XIN Input, XCIN Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	50	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input “H” width	25	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input “L” width	25	–	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	–	µs
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “H” width	7	–	µs
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “L” width	7	–	µs

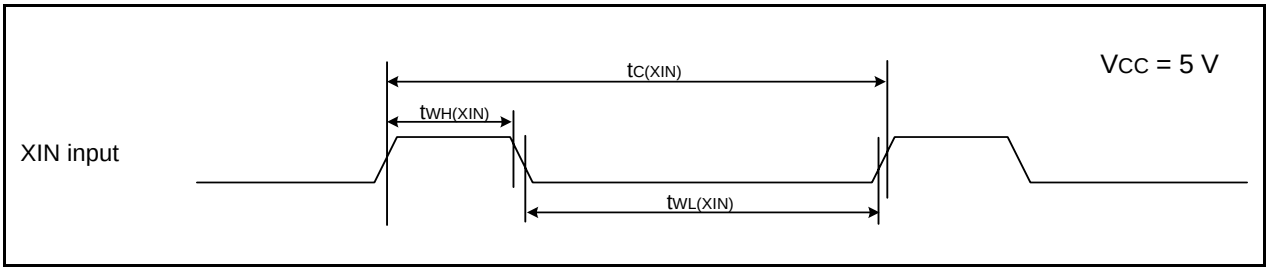


Figure 5.8 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when V_{CC} = 5 V

Table 5.19 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	40	–	ns

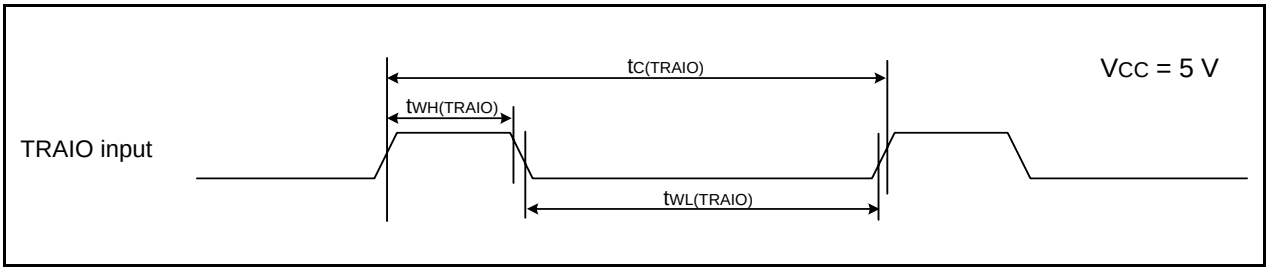


Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when V_{CC} = 5 V

Table 5.26 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{W(CKH)}$	CLKi input “H” width	150	–	ns
$t_{W(CKL)}$	CLKi Input “L” width	150	–	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	–	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	–	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	–	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	–	ns

i = 0 or 1

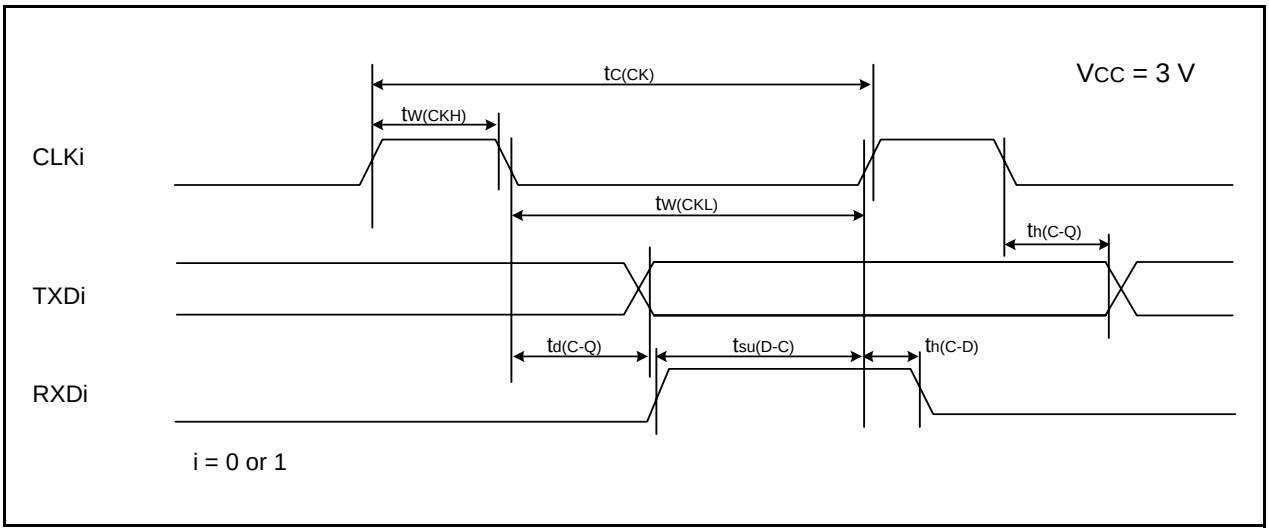


Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when VCC = 3 V

Table 5.27 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0, 1, 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{W(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “H” width	380(1)	–	ns
$t_{W(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “L” width	380(2)	–	ns

NOTES:
1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

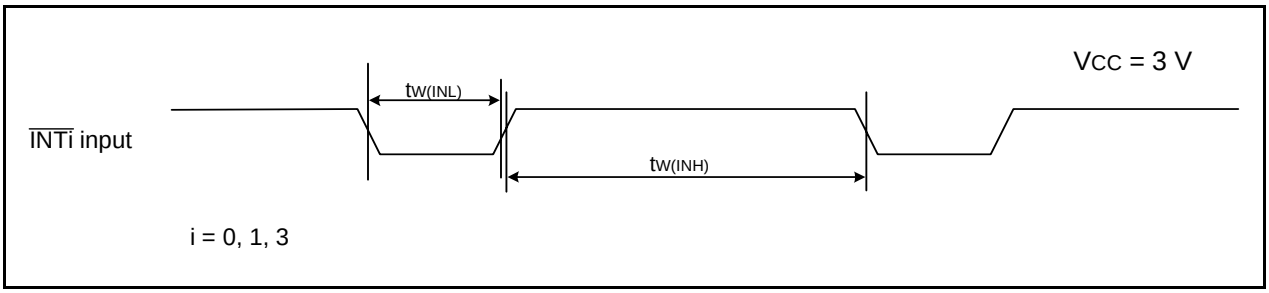


Figure 5.15 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ Input Timing Diagram when VCC = 3 V

Table 5.29 Electrical Characteristics (6) [Vcc = 2.2 V]
(T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I_{CC}	Power supply current (V_{CC} = 2.2 to 2.7 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V_{SS}	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	3.5	–	mA
			XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	1.5	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	3.5	–	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	1.5	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	–	100	230	µA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1	–	100	230	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1	–	25	–	µA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	22	60	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	20	55	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	3.0	–	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	1.8	–	µA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, T_{opr} = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	0.7	3.0	µA
			XIN clock off, T_{opr} = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	1.1	–	µA

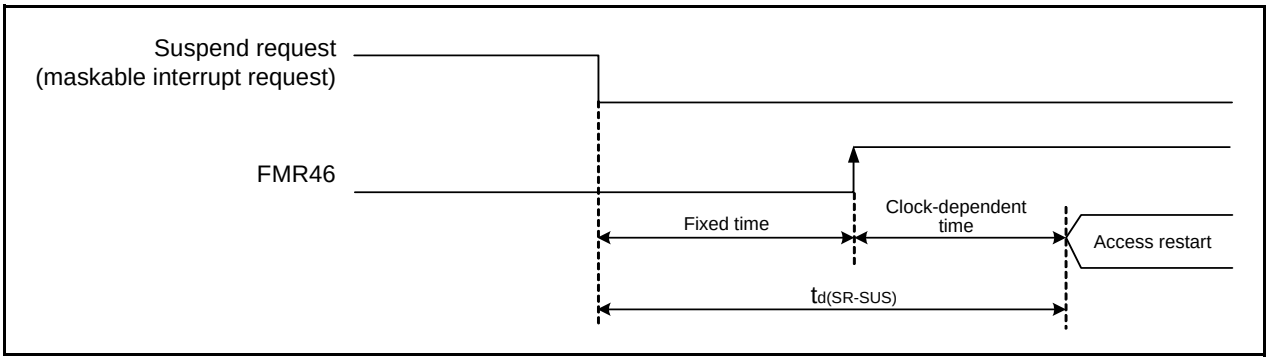


Figure 5.21 Time delay until Suspend

Table 5.39 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{det1}	Voltage detection level(2, 4)		2.70	2.85	3.0	V
$t_{d(Vdet1-A)}$	Voltage monitor 1 reset generation time(5)		–	40	200	µs
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, V_{CC} = 5.0 V	–	0.6	–	µA
$t_{d(E-A)}$	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts(3)		–	–	100	µs
Vccmin	MCU operating voltage minimum value		2.70	–	–	V

NOTES:
1. The measurement condition is V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version).
2. Hold $V_{det2} > V_{det1}$.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
4. This parameter shows the voltage detection level when the power supply drops.
   The voltage detection level when the power supply rises is higher than the voltage detection level when the power supply drops by approximately 0.1 V.
5. Time until the voltage monitor 1 reset is generated after the voltage passes V_{det1} when V_{CC} falls. When using the digital filter, its sampling time is added to $t_{d(Vdet1-A)}$. When using the voltage monitor 1 reset, maintain this time until V_{CC} = 2.0 V after the voltage passes V_{det1} when the power supply falls.

Table 5.40 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{det2}	Voltage detection level(2)		3.3	3.6	3.9	V
$t_{d(Vdet2-A)}$	Voltage monitor 2 reset/interrupt request generation time(3, 5)		–	40	200	µs
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, V_{CC} = 5.0 V	–	0.6	–	µA
$t_{d(E-A)}$	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts(4)		–	–	100	µs

NOTES:
1. The measurement condition is V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version).
2. Hold $V_{det2} > V_{det1}$.
3. Time until the voltage monitor 2 reset/interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes V_{det2}.
4. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
5. When using the digital filter, its sampling time is added to $t_{d(Vdet2-A)}$. When using the voltage monitor 2 reset, maintain this time until V_{CC} = 2.0 V after the voltage passes V_{det2} when the power supply falls.

Table 5.47 Electrical Characteristics (1) [V_{CC} = 5 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{OH}	Output “H” voltage	Except XOUT	I_{OH} = -5 mA		V_{CC} - 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
			I_{OH} = -200 μA		V_{CC} - 0.3	–	V_{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OH} = -1 mA	V_{CC} - 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OH} = -500 μA	V_{CC} - 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
V_{OL}	Output “L” voltage	Except XOUT	I_{OL} = 5 mA		–	–	2.0	V
			I_{OL} = 200 μA		–	–	0.45	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OL} = 1 mA	–	–	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OL} = 500 μA	–	–	2.0	V
V_{T+}-V_{T-}	Hysteresis	$\overline{INT0}$, $\overline{INT1}$, $\overline{INT3}$, $\overline{KI0}$, $\overline{KI1}$, $\overline{KI2}$, $\overline{KI3}$, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.5	–	V
		$\overline{RESET}$			0.1	1.0	–	V
I_{IH}	Input “H” current		VI = 5 V, V_{CC} = 5V		–	–	5.0	μA
I_{IL}	Input “L” current		VI = 0 V, V_{CC} = 5V		–	–	-5.0	μA
R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, V_{CC} = 5V		30	50	167	kΩ
R_{fXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			–	1.0	–	MΩ
V_{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		2.0	–	–	V

NOTE:
1. V_{CC} = 4.2 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.48 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V]
(Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10	17	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	9	15	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	6	–	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	5	–	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4	–	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.5	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz (J version) Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz (J version) Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4	–	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5.5	10	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.5	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	–	130	300	µA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	25	75	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	23	60	µA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	0.8	3.0	µA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	1.2	–	µA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 125°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	4.0	–	µA

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/26 Group, R8C/27 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.30	May 25, 2007	16	Figure 3.2 part number revised
		30	Table 5.10 revised
		53	Table 5.39 NOTE4 added
		55	Table 5.42 revised
1.40a	Jun 14, 2007	5, 7	Table 1.3 and Table 1.4 revised
2.00	Mar 01, 2008	1, 49	1.1, 5.2 “J and K versions are ...” deleted
		5, 7	Table 1.3, Table 1.4 revised
		11	Table 1.6 NOTE3 added
		15, 16	Figure 3.1, Figure 3.2; “Expanded area” deleted
		17	Table 4.1 “002Ch” added
		18	Table 4.2 “0036h”; J, K version “0100X000b” → “0100X001b”
		24, 49	Table 5.2, Table 5.35; NOTE2 revised
		30	Table 5.10 revised, NOTE4 added
2.10	Sep 26, 2008	–	“RENESAS TECHNICAL UP DATE” reflected: TN-16C-A172A/E
		26, 51	Table 5.4, Table 5.37 NOTE2, NOTE4 revised
		27, 52	Table 5.5, Table 5.38 NOTE2, NOTE5 revised
		53	Table 5.39 Parameter: Voltage monitor 1 reset generation time added NOTE5 added Table 5.40 revised
		54	Table 5.41 revised Figure 5.22 revised