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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	LED, POR, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21274kfp-u0

1.4 Product Information

Table 1.3 lists the Product Information for R8C/26 Group and Table 1.4 lists the Product Information for R8C/27 Group.

Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/26 Group

Current of Sep. 2008

Part No.	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks		
R5F21262SNFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version		
R5F21264SNFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21265SNFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21266SNFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21262SDFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version		
R5F21264SDFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21265SDFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21266SDFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21264JFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version		
R5F21266JFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21264KFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version		
R5F21266KFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21262SNXXXFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	Factory programming product ⁽¹⁾	
R5F21264SNXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21265SNXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21266SNXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21262SDXXXFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version		
R5F21264SDXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21265SDXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21266SDXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21264JXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version		
R5F21266JXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			
R5F21264KXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version		
R5F21266KXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A			

NOTE:

1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

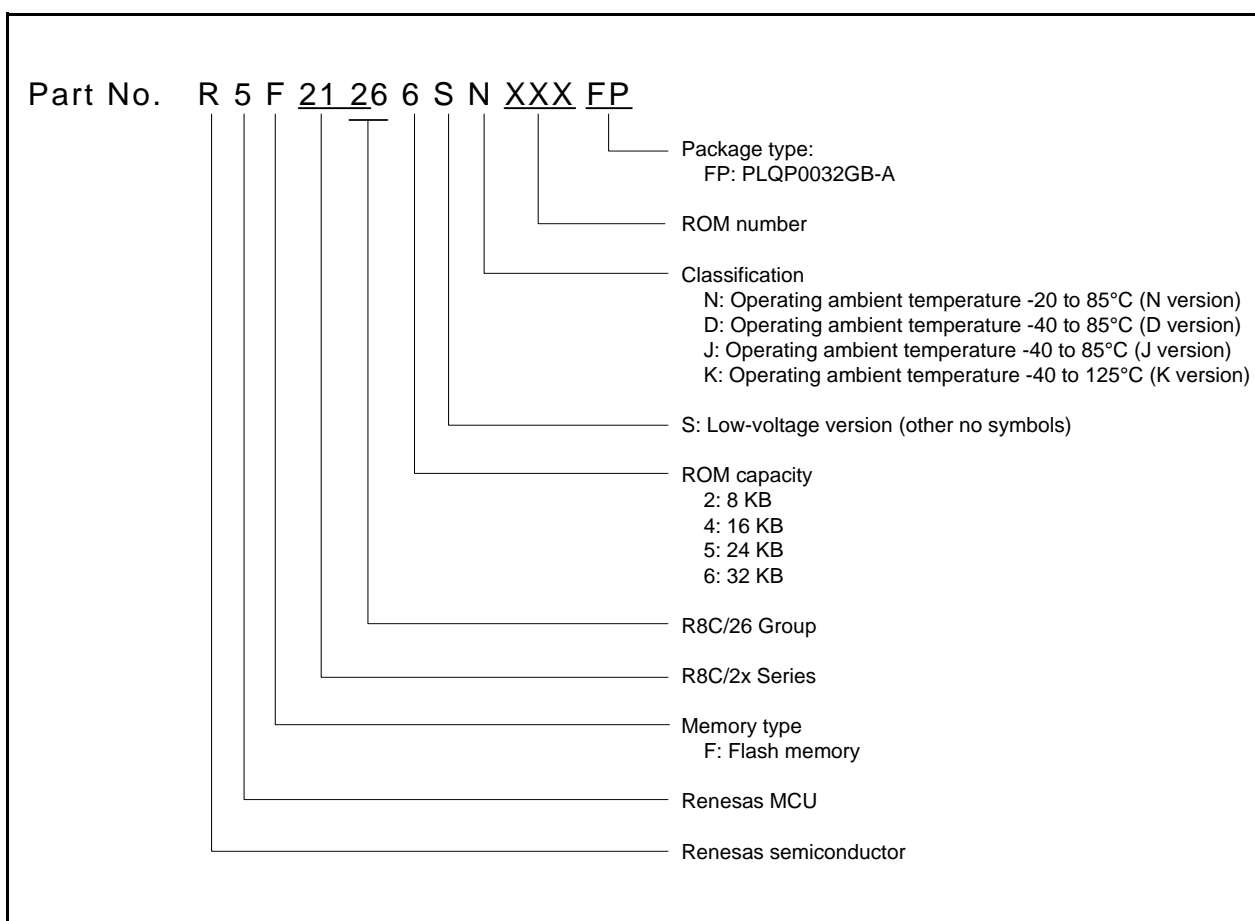


Figure 1.2 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/26 Group

Table 1.4 Product Information for R8C/27 Group

Current of Sep. 2008

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks	
	Program ROM	Data flash				
R5F21272SNFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	
R5F21274SNFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SNFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SNFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21272SDFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21274SDFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SDFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SDFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274JFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21276JFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274KFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21276KFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21272SNXXXFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	Factory programming product ⁽¹⁾
R5F21274SNXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SNXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SNXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21272SDXXXFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21274SDXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SDXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SDXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274JXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21276JXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274KXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21276KXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		

NOTE:

1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

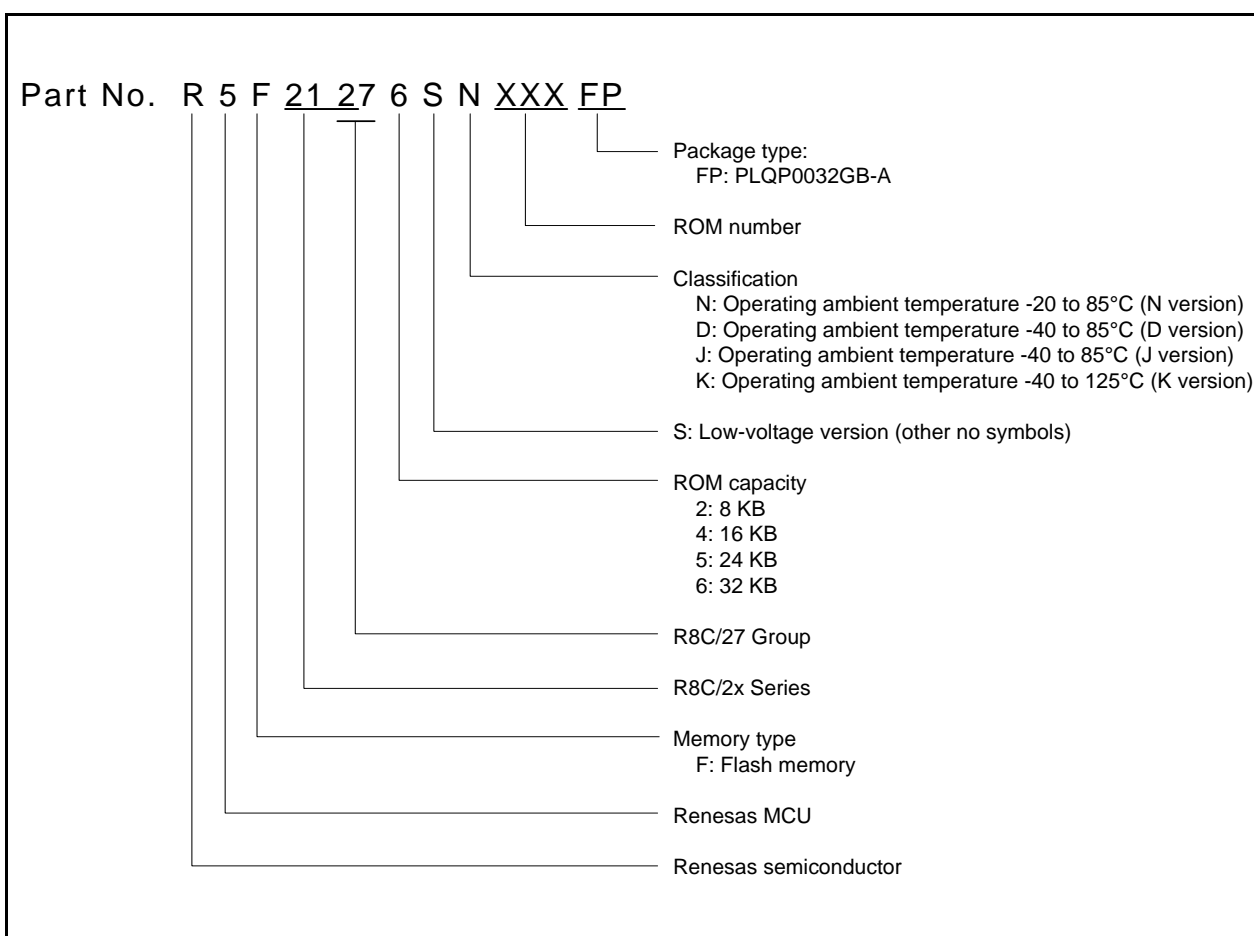


Figure 1.3 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/27 Group

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB configure a register bank. There are two sets of register bank.

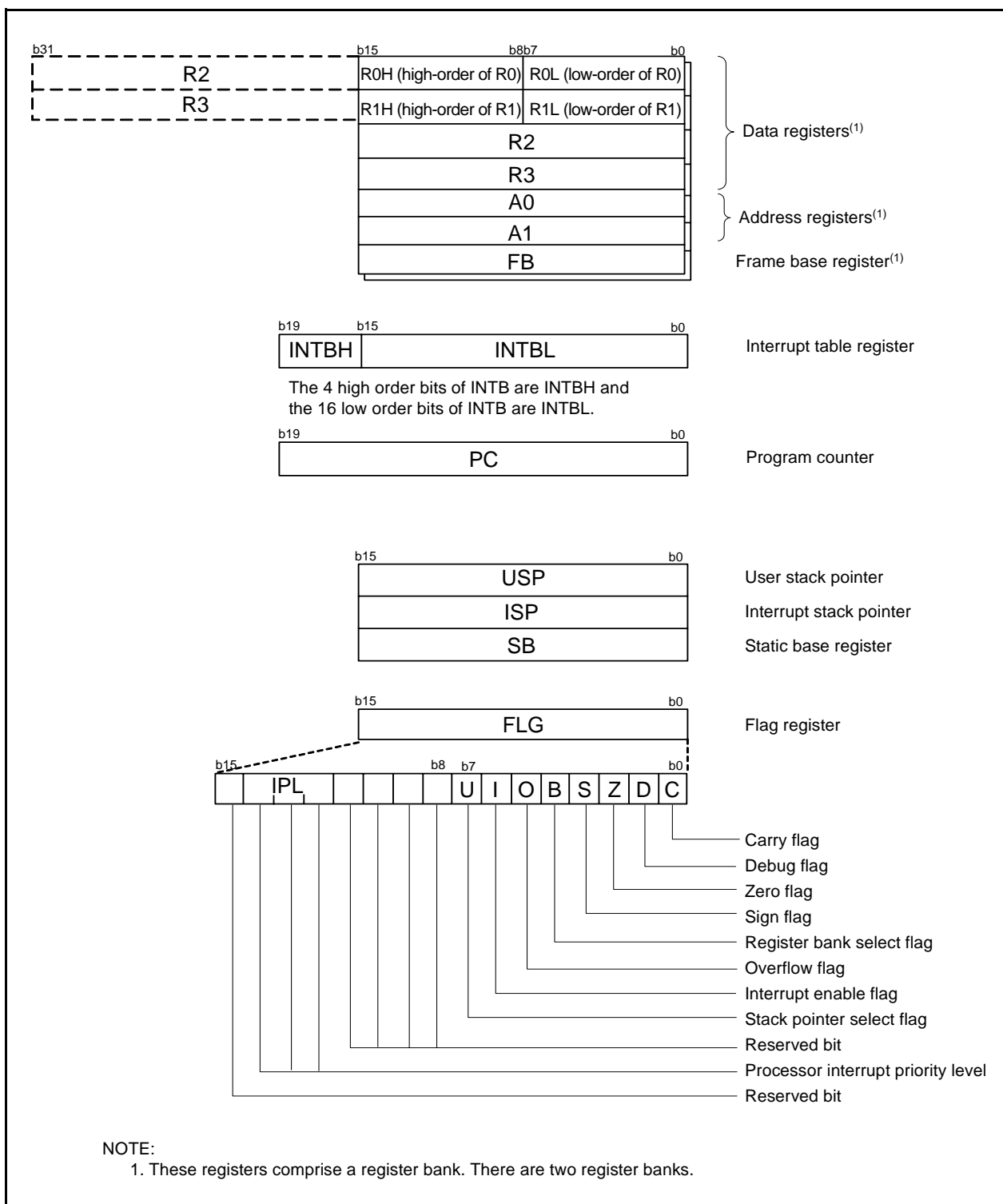


Figure 2.1 CPU Registers

2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2, and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3. R0 can be split into high-order bits (R0H) and low-order bits (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. R1H and R1L are analogous to R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 and used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). R3R1 is analogous to R2R0.

2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. It is also used for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. A1 is analogous to A0. A1 can be combined with A0 to be used as a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB is a 20-bit register that indicates the start address of an interrupt vector table.

2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC is 20 bits wide and indicates the address of the next instruction to be executed.

2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointers (SP), USP, and ISP, are each 16 bits wide. The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is an 11-bit register indicating the CPU state.

2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains carry, borrow, or shift-out bits that have been generated by the arithmetic and logic unit.

2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debugging only. Set it to 0.

2.8.3 Zero Flag (Z)

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in 0; otherwise to 0.

2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in a negative value; otherwise to 0.

2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

Register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. Register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when an operation results in an overflow; otherwise to 0.

2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.

Interrupt are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.

The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7.

If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.

Table 4.3 SFR Information (3)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0080h			
0081h			
0082h			
0083h			
0084h			
0085h			
0086h			
0087h			
0088h			
0089h			
008Ah			
008Bh			
008Ch			
008Dh			
008Eh			
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h			
0092h			
0093h			
0094h			
0095h			
0096h			
0097h			
0098h			
0099h			
009Ah			
009Bh			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UART0 Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h			XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UART0 Receive Buffer Register	U0RB	XXh
00A7h			XXh
00A8h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
00A9h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
00AAh	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
00ABh			XXh
00ACh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
00ADh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
00AEh	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
00AFh			XXh
00B0h			
00B1h			
00B2h			
00B3h			
00B4h			
00B5h			
00B6h			
00B7h			
00B8h	SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 ⁽²⁾	SSCRH / ICCR1	00h
00B9h	SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 ⁽²⁾	SSCRL / ICCR2	01111101b
00BAh	SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR / ICMR	00011000b
00BBh	SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register ⁽²⁾	SSER / ICIER	00h
00BCh	SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register ⁽²⁾	SSSR / ICSR	00h / 0000X000b
00BDh	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR2 / SAR	00h
00BEh	SS Transmit Data Register / IIC bus Transmit Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSTDR / ICDRT	FFh
00BFh	SS Receive Data Register / IIC bus Receive Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSRDR / ICDRR	FFh

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

Table 4.7 SFR Information (7)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0180h			
0181h			
0182h			
0183h			
0184h			
0185h			
0186h			
0187h			
0188h			
0189h			
018Ah			
018Bh			
018Ch			
018Dh			
018Eh			
018Fh			
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h			
0194h			
0195h			
0196h			
0197h			
0198h			
0199h			
019Ah			
019Bh			
019Ch			
019Dh			
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ADh			
01AEh			
01AFh			
01B0h			
01B1h			
01B2h			
01B3h	Flash Memory Control Register 4	FMR4	01000000b
01B4h			
01B5h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	1000000Xb
01B6h			
01B7h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00000001b
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 2)

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

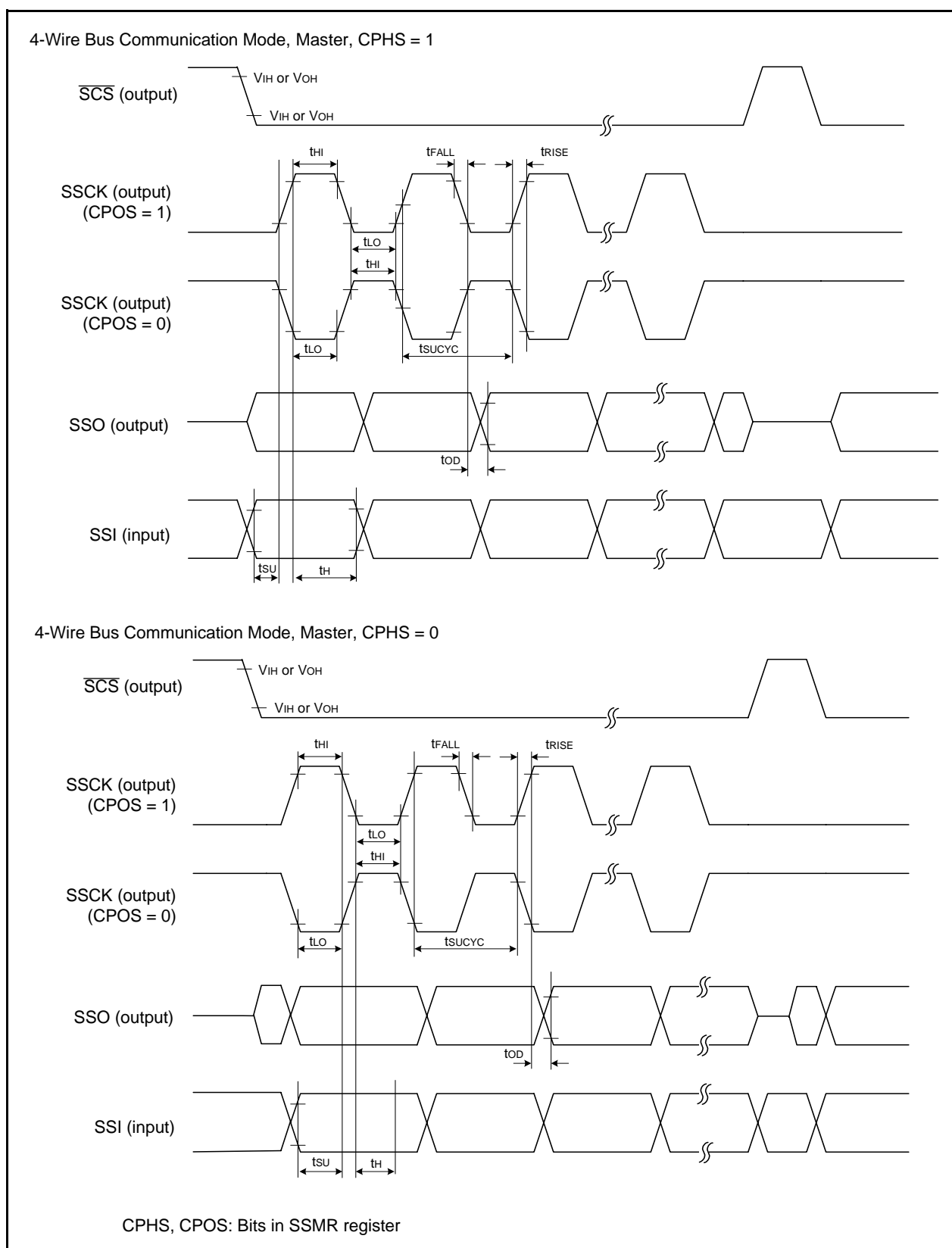


Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Master)

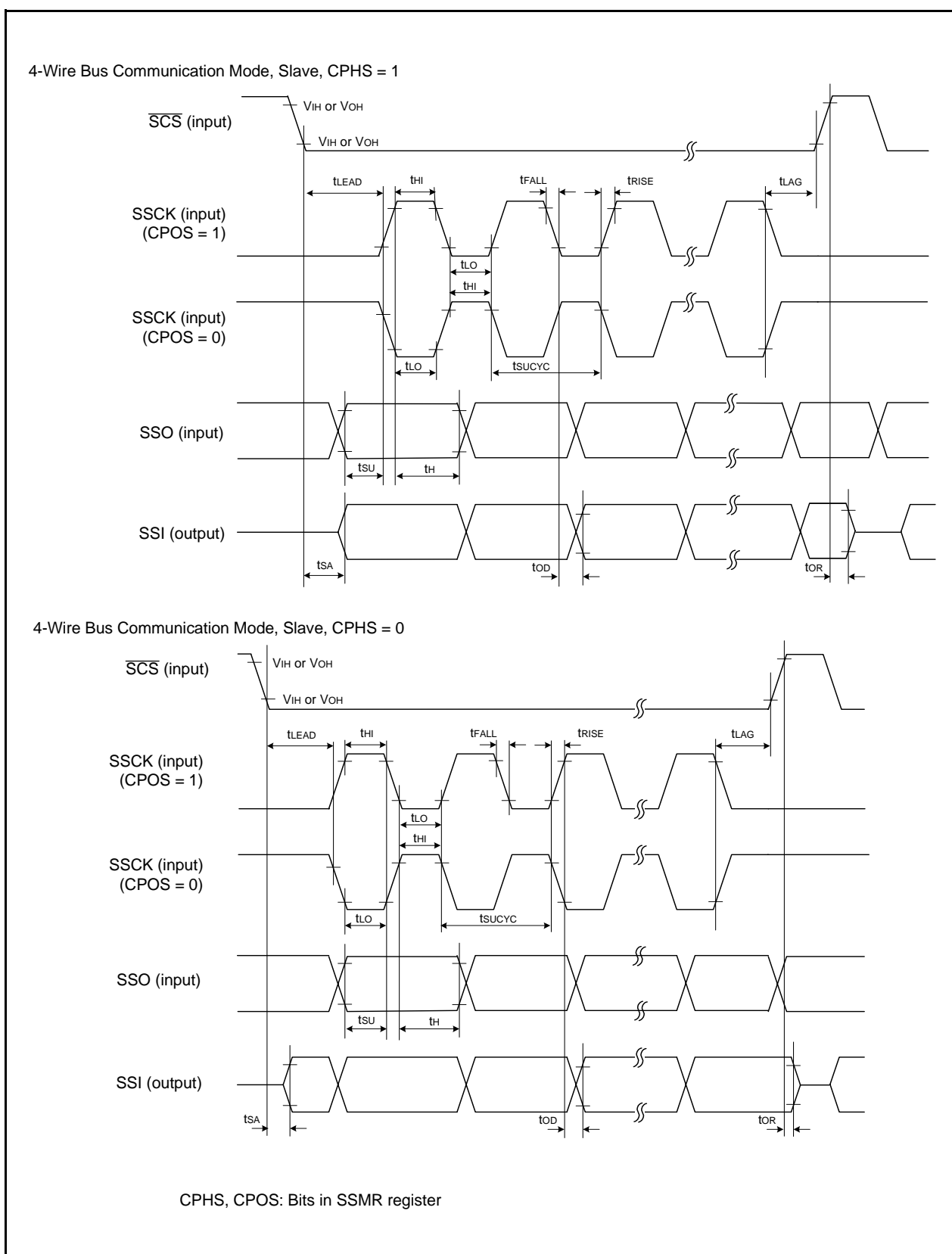


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

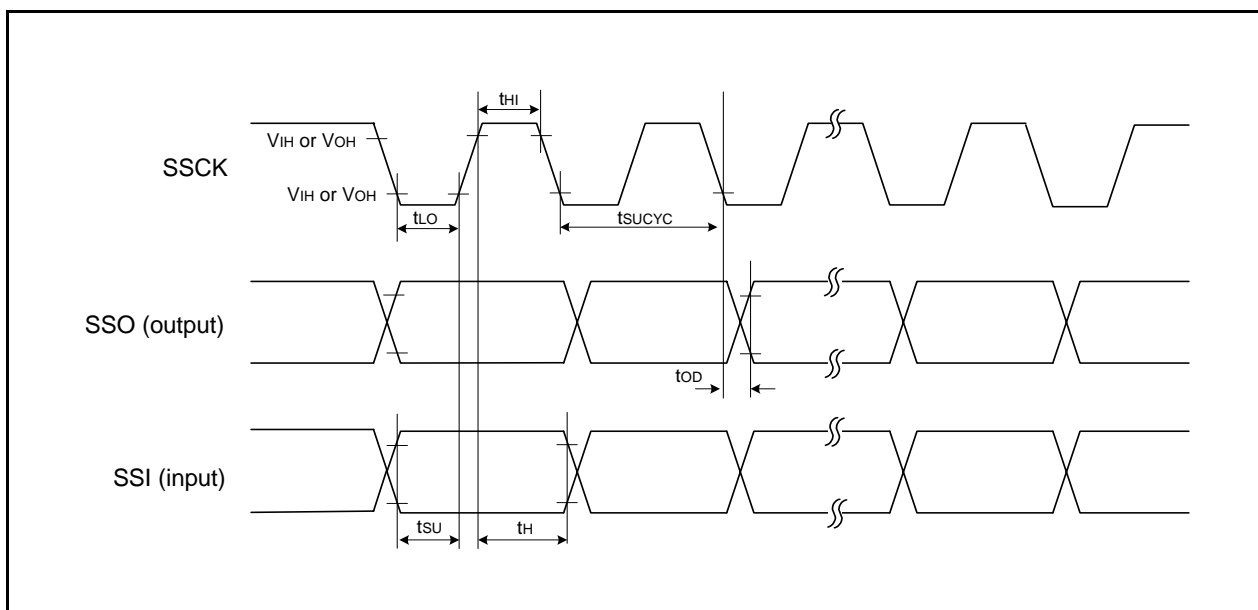


Figure 5.6 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode)

Table 5.15 Electrical Characteristics (1) [V_{CC} = 5 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	I _{OH} = -5 mA		V _{CC} - 2.0	—	V _{CC}	V
			I _{OH} = -200 μA		V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -20 mA	V _{CC} - 2.0	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -5 mA	V _{CC} - 2.0	—	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} - 2.0	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -500 μA	V _{CC} - 2.0	—	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	I _{OL} = 5 mA		—	—	2.0	V
			I _{OL} = 200 μA		—	—	0.45	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 20 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 5 mA	—	—	2.0	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 1 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 500 μA	—	—	2.0	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.5	—	V
		RESET			0.1	1.0	—	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 5 V, V _{CC} = 5 V		—	—	5.0	μA
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 5 V		—	—	-5.0	μA
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 5 V		30	50	167	kΩ
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	1.0	—	MΩ
R _{FXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			—	18	—	MΩ
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	—	—	V

NOTE:

- V_{CC} = 4.2 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.16 Electrical Characteristics (2) [V_{CC} = 5 V]
(T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10	17	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	9	15	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	6	–	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	5	–	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4	–	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.5	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4	–	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5.5	10	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.5	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	–	130	300	μA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1	–	130	300	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1	–	30	–	μA

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (4) [V_{CC} = 3 V]
(T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power supply current (V _{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division			mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8			mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on f _{OCO} = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division			mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on f _{OCO} = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8			mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1			μA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1			μA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off, T _{opr} = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0			μA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, T _{opr} = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0			μA

Table 5.46 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		12t _{CYC} + 600 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SCLH}	SCL input “H” width		3t _{CYC} + 300 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SCLL}	SCL input “L” width		5t _{CYC} + 500 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{sf}	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t _{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	1t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	ns
t _{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		5t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{STAH}	Start condition input hold time		3t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		3t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SDAS}	Data input setup time		1t _{CYC} + 20 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SDAH}	Data input hold time		0	–	–	ns

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V at T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1t_{CYC} = 1/f₁(s)

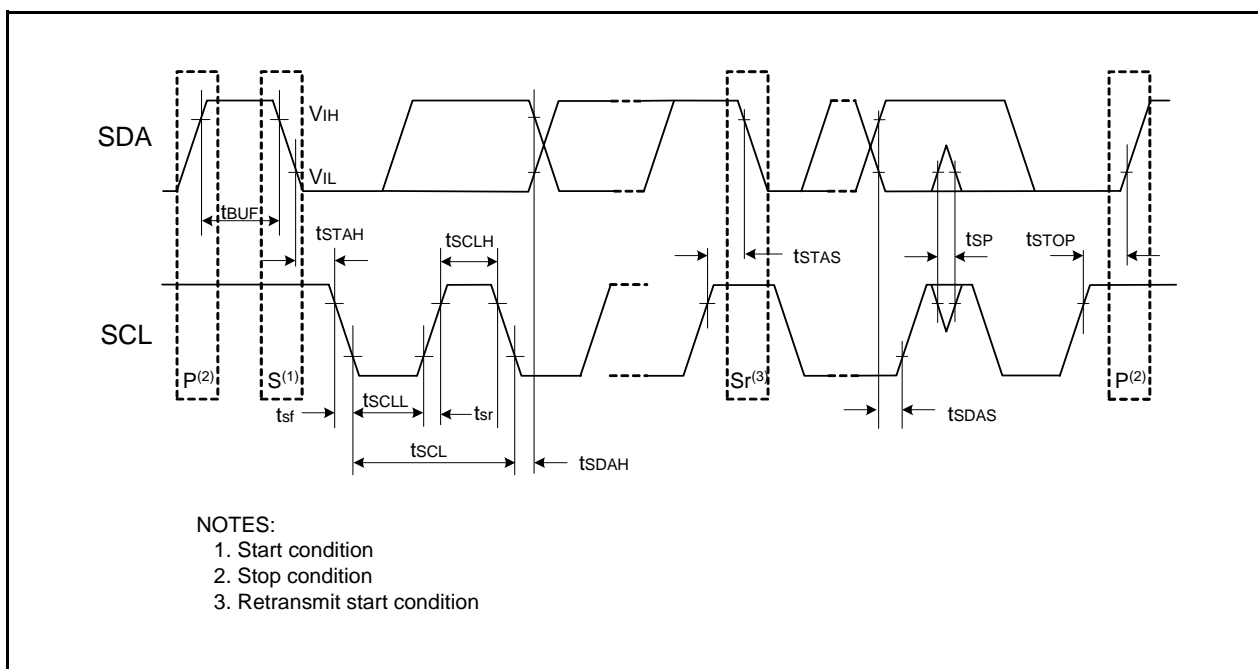
**Figure 5.26 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface**

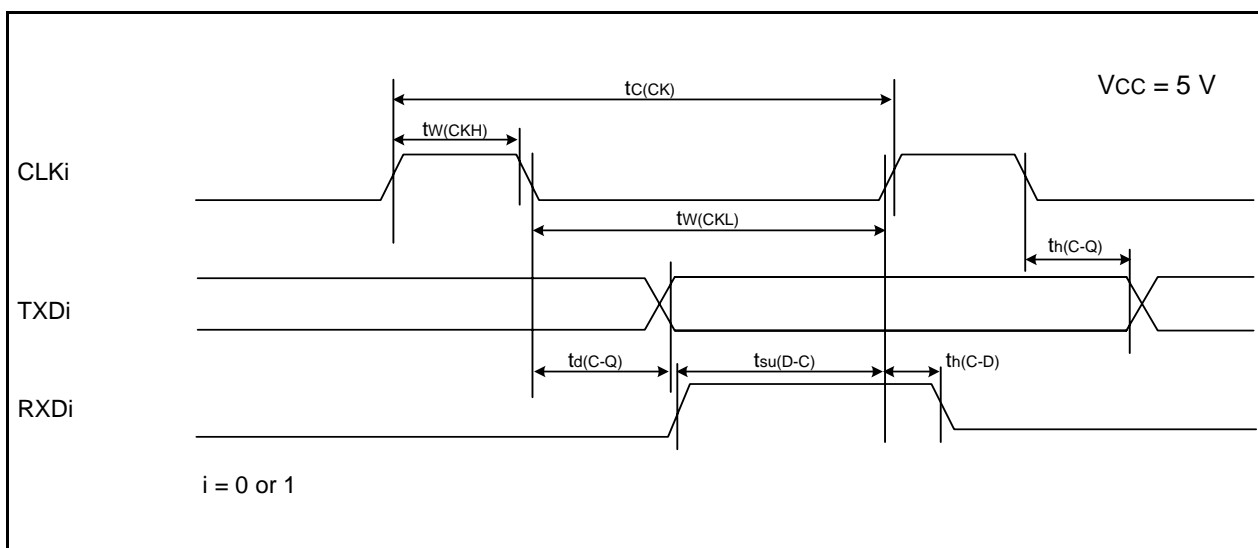
Table 5.48 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V]
(Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division			mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division			mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division			mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8			mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8			mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8			mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz (J version) Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division			mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz (J version) Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8			mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division			mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8			mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1			μA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0			μA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0			μA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 125°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0			μA

Table 5.51 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	200	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	100	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input "L" width	100	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	50	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	50	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

i = 0 or 1

**Figure 5.29 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V****Table 5.52 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} (i = 0, 1, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	\overline{INTi} input "H" width	250 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	\overline{INTi} input "L" width	250 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

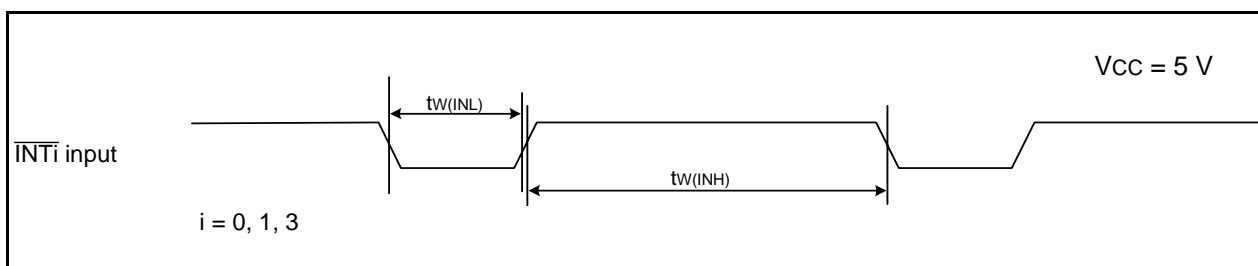
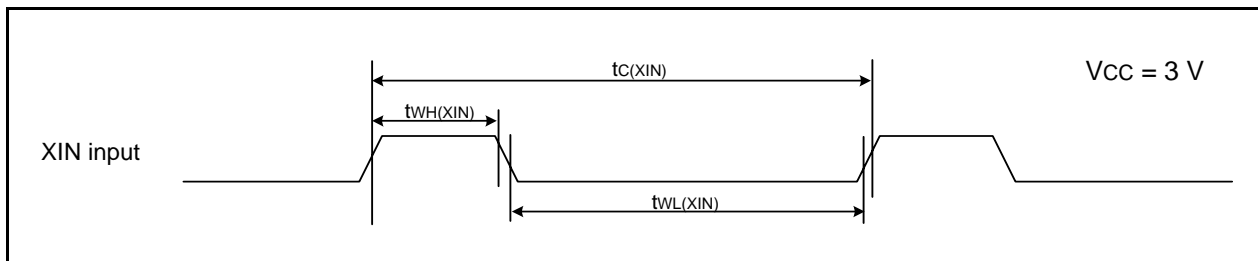
**Figure 5.30 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V**

Table 5.54 Electrical Characteristics (4) [V_{CC} = 3 V]
(T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.)

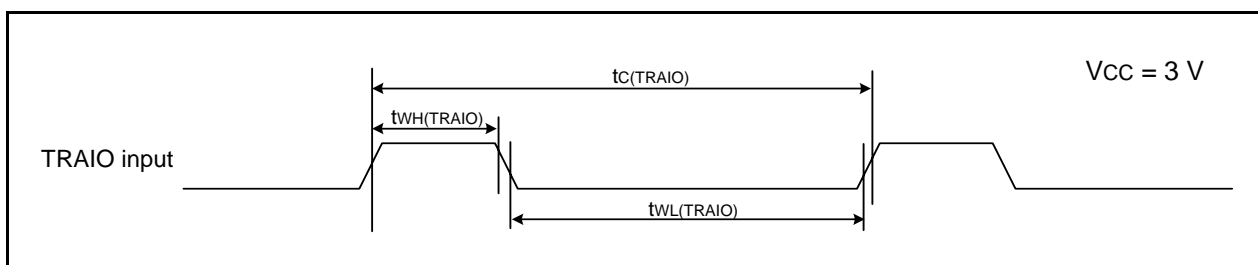
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power supply current (V _{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	High-speed clock mode	—	6	—	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	2	—	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	5	9	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	2	—	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	130	300	μA
I _{CC}	Power supply current (V _{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	Wait mode	—	25	70	μA
		Wait mode	—	23	55	μA
		Stop mode	—	0.7	3.0	μA
		Stop mode	—	1.1	—	μA
		Stop mode	—	3.8	—	μA

Timing requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$) [$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$]****Table 5.55 XIN Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input "H" width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input "L" width	40	–	ns

**Figure 5.31 XIN Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$** **Table 5.56 TRAIO Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "H" width	120	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "L" width	120	–	ns

**Figure 5.32 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$**