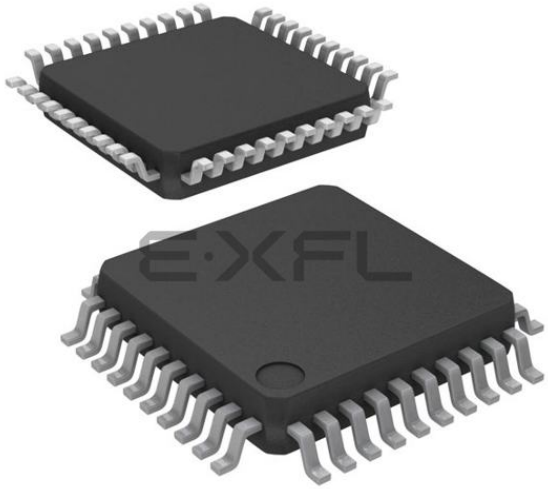
Renesas Electronics America Inc - R5F21274SNFP#X6 Datasheet



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Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I²C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	LED, POR, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21274snfp-x6

1.2 Performance Overview

Table 1.1 outlines the Functions and Specifications for R8C/26 Group and Table 1.2 outlines the Functions and Specifications for R8C/27 Group.

Table 1.1 Functions and Specifications for R8C/26 Group

Item		Specification
CPU	Number of fundamental instructions	89 instructions
	Minimum instruction execution time	50 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (other than K version) 62.5 ns (f(XIN) = 16 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (K version) 100 ns (f(XIN) = 10 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) 200 ns (f(XIN) = 5 MHz, VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V) (N, D version)
	Operating mode	Single-chip
	Address space	1 Mbyte
	Memory capacity	Refer to **Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/26 Group**
Peripheral Functions	Ports	I/O ports: 25 pins, Input port: 3 pins
	LED drive ports	I/O ports: 8 pins (N, D version)
	Timers	Timer RA: 8 bits × 1 channel Timer RB: 8 bits × 1 channel (Each timer equipped with 8-bit prescaler) Timer RC: 16 bits × 1 channel (Input capture and output compare circuits) Timer RE: With real-time clock and compare match function (For J, K version, compare match function only.)
	Serial interfaces	2 channels (UART0, UART1) Clock synchronous serial I/O, UART
	Clock synchronous serial interface	1 channel I2C bus Interface(1) Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select
	LIN module	Hardware LIN: 1 channel (timer RA, UART0)
	A/D converter	10-bit A/D converter: 1 circuit, 12 channels
	Watchdog timer	15 bits × 1 channel (with prescaler) Start-on-reset selectable
	Interrupts	Internal: 15 sources, External: 4 sources, Software: 4 sources, Priority levels: 7 levels
	Clock generation circuits	3 circuits • XIN clock generation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor) • On-chip oscillator (high speed, low speed) High-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function • XCIN clock generation circuit (32 kHz) (N, D version) • Real-time clock (timer RE) (N, D version)
	Oscillation-stopped detector	XIN clock oscillation stop detection function
	Voltage detection circuit	On-chip
	Power-on reset circuit	On-chip
Electrical Characteristics	Supply voltage	VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 20 MHz) (other than K version) VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 16 MHz) (K version) VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 10 MHz) VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 5 MHz) (N, D version)
	Current consumption (N, D version)	Typ. 10 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) Typ. 6 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) Typ. 2.0 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz) Typ. 0.7 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)
Flash Memory	Programming and erasure voltage	VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V
	Programming and erasure endurance	100 times
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version)
		-40 to 85°C (D, J version)(2), -40 to 125°C (K version)(2)
Package		32-pin molded-plastic LQFP

NOTES:
1. I2C bus is a trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N. V.
2. Specify the D, K version if D, K version functions are to be used.

1.4 Product Information

Table 1.3 lists the Product Information for R8C/26 Group and Table 1.4 lists the Product Information for R8C/27 Group.

Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/26 Group **Current of Sep. 2008**

Part No.	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks	
R5F21262SNFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	
R5F21264SNFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21265SNFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21266SNFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21262SDFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21264SDFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21265SDFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21266SDFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21264JFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21266JFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21264KFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21266KFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21262SNXXXFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	Factory programming product(1)
R5F21264SNXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21265SNXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21266SNXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21262SDXXXFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21264SDXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21265SDXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21266SDXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21264JXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21266JXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21264KXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21266KXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		

NOTE:
1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

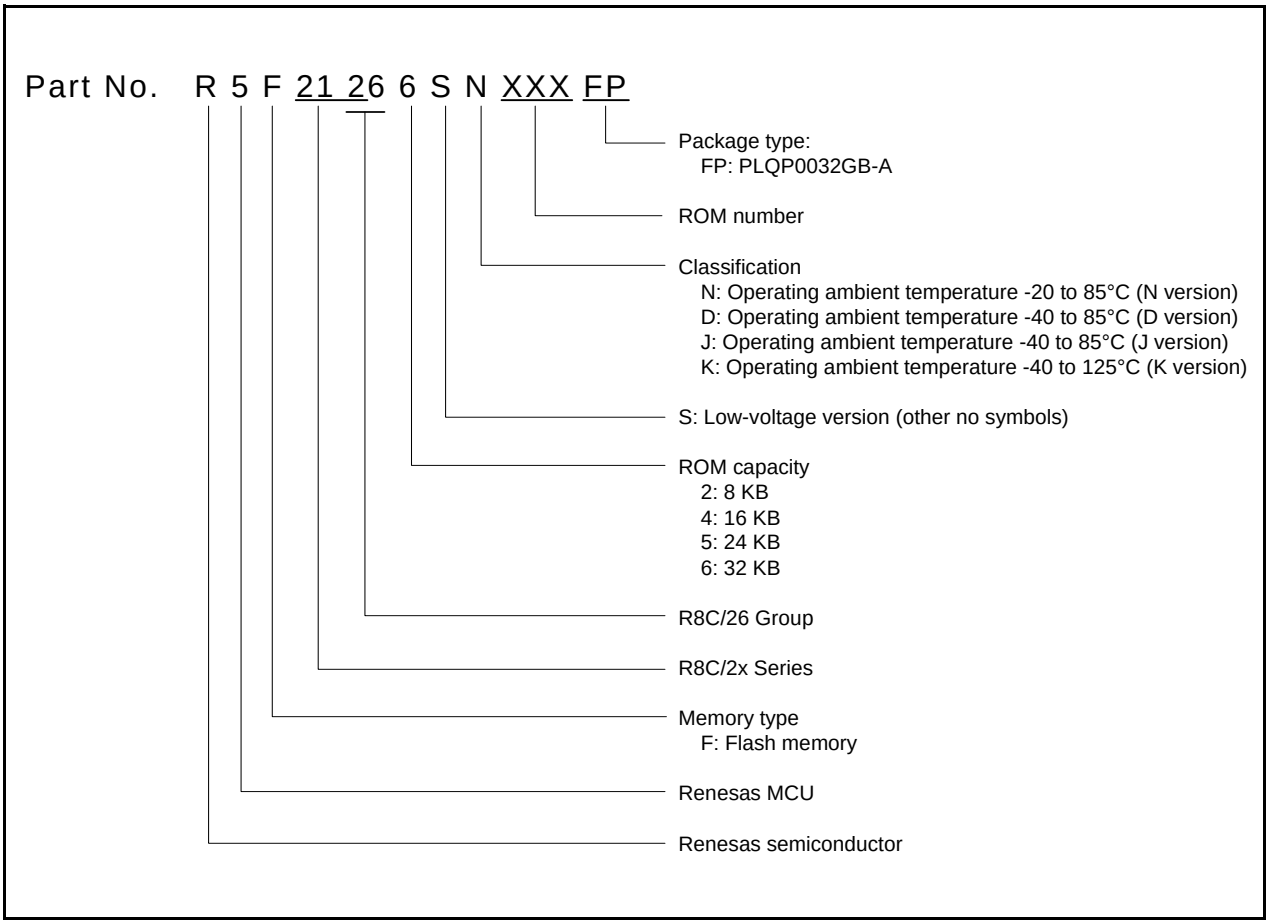


Figure 1.2 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/26 Group

4. Special Function Registers (SFRs)

An SFR (special function register) is a control register for a peripheral function. Tables 4.1 to 4.7 list the special function registers.

Table 4.1 SFR Information (1)[1]

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0000h			
0001h			
0002h			
0003h			
0004h	Processor Mode Register 0	PM0	00h
0005h	Processor Mode Register 1	PM1	00h
0006h	System Clock Control Register 0	CM0	01101000b
0007h	System Clock Control Register 1	CM1	00100000b
0008h			
0009h			
000Ah	Protect Register	PRCR	00h
000Bh			
000Ch	Oscillation Stop Detection Register	OCD	00000100b
000Dh	Watchdog Timer Reset Register	WDTR	XXh
000Eh	Watchdog Timer Start Register	WDTS	XXh
000Fh	Watchdog Timer Control Register	WDC	00X11111b
0010h	Address Match Interrupt Register 0	RMAD0	00h
0011h			00h
0012h			00h
0013h	Address Match Interrupt Enable Register	AIER	00h
0014h	Address Match Interrupt Register 1	RMAD1	00h
0015h			00h
0016h			00h
0017h			
0018h			
0019h			
001Ah			
001Bh			
001Ch	Count Source Protection Mode Register	CSPR	00h 10000000b[2]
001Dh			
001Eh			
001Fh			
0020h			
0021h			
0022h			
0023h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 0	FRA0	00h
0024h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 1	FRA1	When shipping
0025h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 2	FRA2	00h
0026h			
0027h			
0028h	Clock Prescaler Reset Flag	CPSRF	00h
0029h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 4[3]	FRA4	When shipping
002Ah			
002Bh	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6[3]	FRA6	When shipping
002Ch	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7[3]	FRA7	When shipping
002Dh			
002Eh			
002Fh			

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0.
3. In J, K version these regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.2 SFR Information (2)[1]

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0030h			
0031h	Voltage Detection Register 1 [2]	VCA1	00001000b
0032h	Voltage Detection Register 2 [2]	VCA2	• N, D version 00h[3] 00100000b[4] • J, K version 00h[7] 01000000b[8]
0033h			
0034h			
0035h			
0036h	Voltage Monitor 1 Circuit Control Register [5]	VW1C	• N, D version 00001000b • J, K version 0000X000b[7] 0100X001b[8]
0037h	Voltage Monitor 2 Circuit Control Register [5]	VW2C	00h
0038h	Voltage Monitor 0 Circuit Control Register [6]	VW0C	0000X000b[3] 0100X001b[4]
0039h			
003Fh			
0040h			
0041h			
0042h			
0043h			
0044h			
0045h			
0046h			
0047h	Timer RC Interrupt Control Register	TRCIC	XXXXX000b
0048h			
0049h			
004Ah	Timer RE Interrupt Control Register	TREIC	XXXXX000b
004Bh			
004Ch			
004Dh	Key Input Interrupt Control Register	KUPIC	XXXXX000b
004Eh	A/D Conversion Interrupt Control Register	ADIC	XXXXX000b
004Fh	SSU/IIC bus Interrupt Control Register[9]	SSUIC/IICIC	XXXXX000b
0050h			
0051h	UART0 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	S0TIC	XXXXX000b
0052h	UART0 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S0RIC	XXXXX000b
0053h	UART1 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	S1TIC	XXXXX000b
0054h	UART1 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S1RIC	XXXXX000b
0055h			
0056h	Timer RA Interrupt Control Register	TRAIC	XXXXX000b
0057h			
0058h	Timer RB Interrupt Control Register	TRBIC	XXXXX000b
0059h	INT1 Interrupt Control Register	INT1IC	XX00X000b
005Ah	INT3 Interrupt Control Register	INT3IC	XX00X000b
005Bh			
005Ch			
005Dh	INT0 Interrupt Control Register	INT0IC	XX00X000b
005Eh			
005Fh			
0060h			
006Fh			
0070h			
007Fh			

X: Undefined

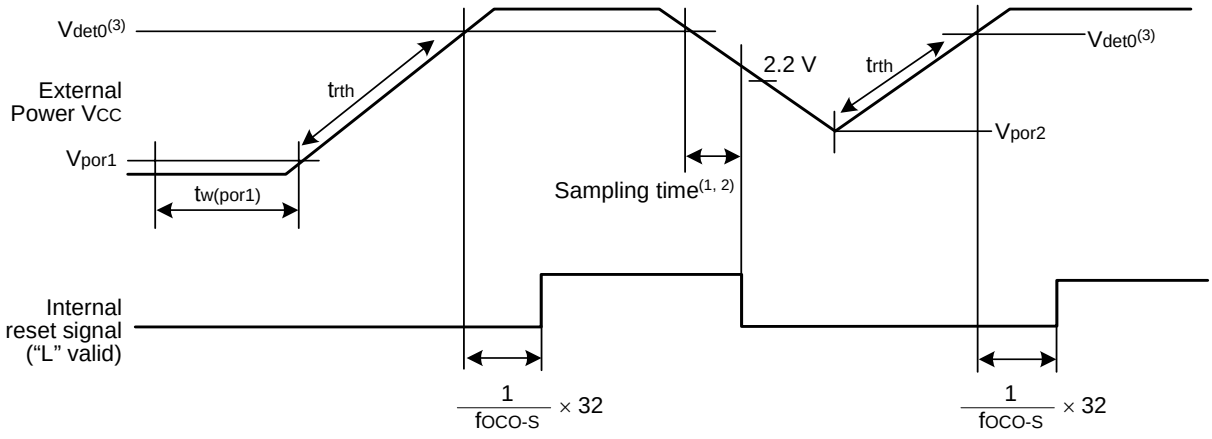
NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. (N, D version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect this register.
   (J, K version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect this register.
3. The LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 1 and hardware reset.
4. Power-on reset, voltage monitor 0 reset or the LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 0, and hardware reset.
5. (N, D version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect b2 and b3.
   (J, K version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect b2 and b3.
6. (N, D version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect this register.
   (J, K version) These regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
7. The LVD1ON bit in the OFS register is set to 1 and hardware reset.
8. Power-on reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or the LVD1ON bit in the OFS register is set to 0 and hardware reset.
9. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

Table 5.9 Power-on Reset Circuit, Voltage Monitor 0 Reset Electrical Characteristics(3)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{por1}	Power-on reset valid voltage(4)		–	–	0.1	V
V_{por2}	Power-on reset or voltage monitor 0 reset valid voltage		0	–	V_{det0}	V
t_{rth}	External power V_{CC} rise gradient(2)		20	–	–	mV/msec

NOTES:
1. The measurement condition is T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This condition (external power V_{CC} rise gradient) does not apply if $V_{CC} \geq 1.0$ V.
3. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 0 reset by setting the LVD0ON bit in the OFS register to 0, the VW0C0 and VW0C6 bits in the VW0C register to 1 respectively, and the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 1.
4. $t_{w(por1)}$ indicates the duration the external power V_{CC} must be held below the effective voltage (V_{por1}) to enable a power on reset. When turning on the power for the first time, maintain $t_{w(por1)}$ for 30 s or more if -20°C ≤ T_{opr} ≤ 85°C, maintain $t_{w(por1)}$ for 3,000 s or more if -40°C ≤ T_{opr} < -20°C.



NOTES:
1. When using the voltage monitor 0 digital filter, ensure that the voltage is within the MCU operation voltage range (2.2 V or above) during the sampling time.
2. The sampling clock can be selected. Refer to **6. Voltage Detection Circuit** of Hardware Manual for details.
3. V_{det0} indicates the voltage detection level of the voltage detection 0 circuit. Refer to **6. Voltage Detection Circuit** of Hardware Manual for details.

Figure 5.3 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics

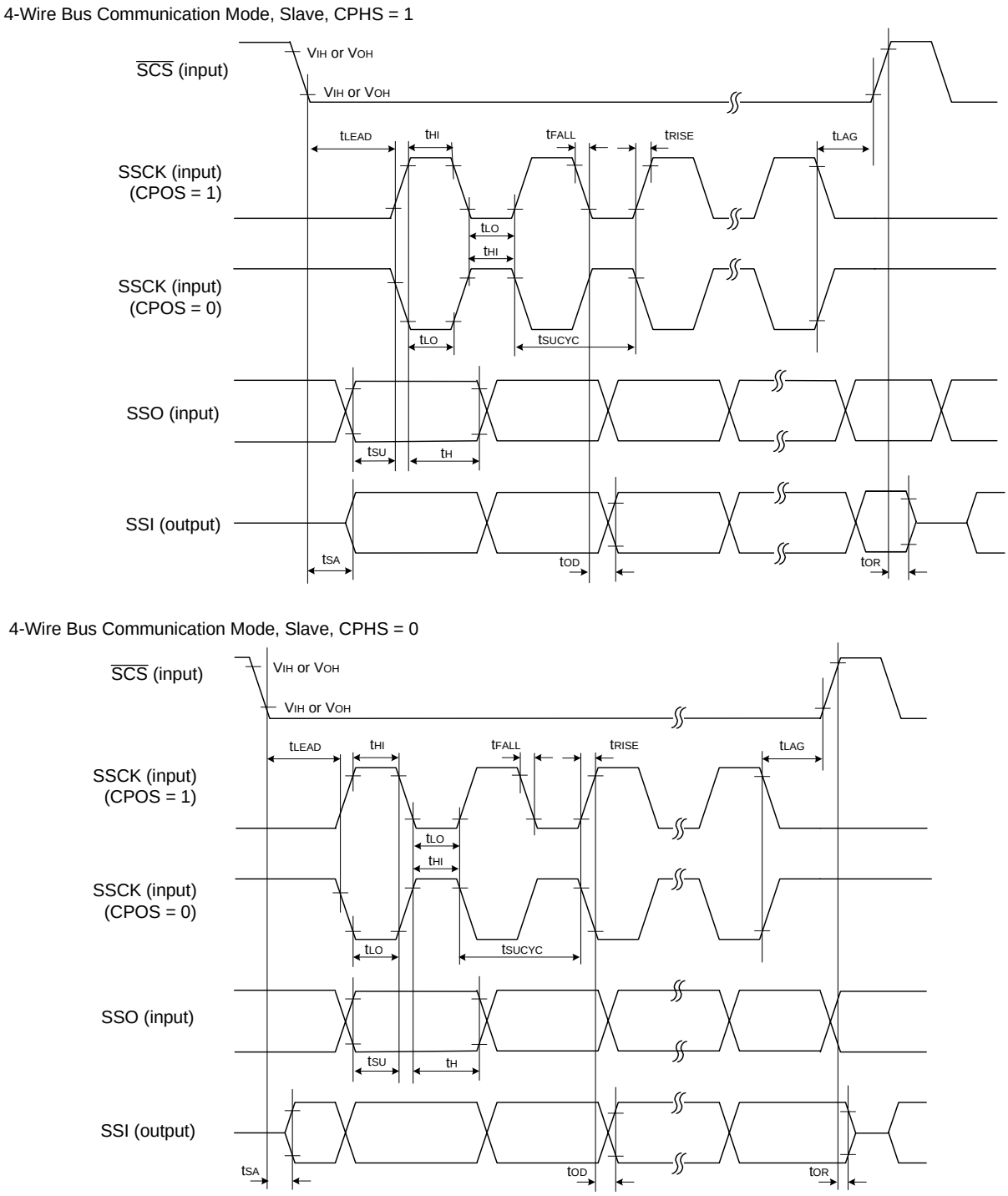


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

Table 5.14 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t_{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		$12t_{CYC} + 600$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SCLH}	SCL input “H” width		$3t_{CYC} + 300$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SCLL}	SCL input “L” width		$5t_{CYC} + 500$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{sf}	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t_{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	$1t_{CYC}$(2)	ns
t_{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		$5t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STAH}	Start condition input hold time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SDAS}	Data input setup time		$1t_{CYC} + 20$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SDAH}	Data input hold time		0	–	–	ns

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V and T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. $1t_{CYC} = 1/f1(s)$

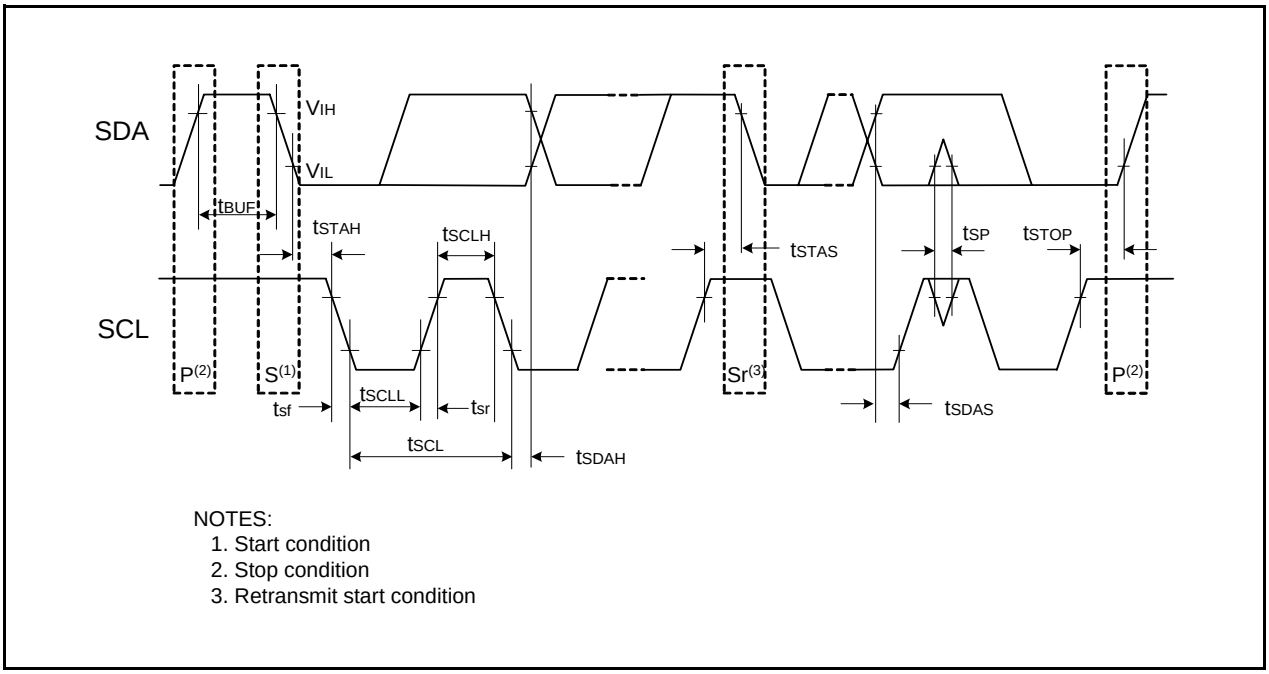


Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface

Table 5.16 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V]
(T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I_{CC}	Power supply current (V_{CC} = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V_{SS}	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10	17	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	9	15	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	6	–	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	5	–	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4	–	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.5	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4	–	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5.5	10	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.5	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	–	130	300	µA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1	–	130	300	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1	–	30	–	µA

Table 5.22 Electrical Characteristics (3) [V_{CC} = 3 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{OH}	Output “H” voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	I_{OH} = -1 mA		V_{CC} - 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OH} = -5 mA	V_{CC} - 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OH} = -1 mA	V_{CC} - 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OH} = -0.1 mA	V_{CC} - 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OH} = -50 µA	V_{CC} - 0.5	–	V_{CC}	V
V_{OL}	Output “L” voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	I_{OL} = 1 mA		–	–	0.5	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OL} = 5 mA	–	–	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OL} = 1 mA	–	–	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OL} = 0.1 mA	–	–	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OL} = 50 µA	–	–	0.5	V
V_{T+}-V_{T-}	Hysteresis	$\overline{INT0}$, $\overline{INT1}$, $\overline{INT3}$, $\overline{KI0}$, $\overline{KI1}$, $\overline{KI2}$, $\overline{KI3}$, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	–	V
		$\overline{RESET}$			0.1	0.4	–	V
I_{IH}	Input “H” current		VI = 3 V, V_{CC} = 3 V		–	–	4.0	µA
I_{IL}	Input “L” current		VI = 0 V, V_{CC} = 3 V		–	–	-4.0	µA
R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, V_{CC} = 3 V		66	160	500	kΩ
R_{fXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			–	3.0	–	MΩ
R_{fXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			–	18	–	MΩ
V_{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	–	–	V

NOTE:
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V]
(T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I_{CC}	Power supply current (V_{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V_{SS}	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	6	–	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5	9	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	–	130	300	µA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1	–	130	300	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1	–	30	–	µA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	25	70	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	23	55	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	3.8	–	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	2.0	–	µA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, T_{opr} = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	0.7	3.0	µA
			XIN clock off, T_{opr} = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	1.1	–	µA

Table 5.26 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{W(CKH)}$	CLKi input “H” width	150	–	ns
$t_{W(CKL)}$	CLKi Input “L” width	150	–	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	–	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	–	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	–	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	–	ns

i = 0 or 1

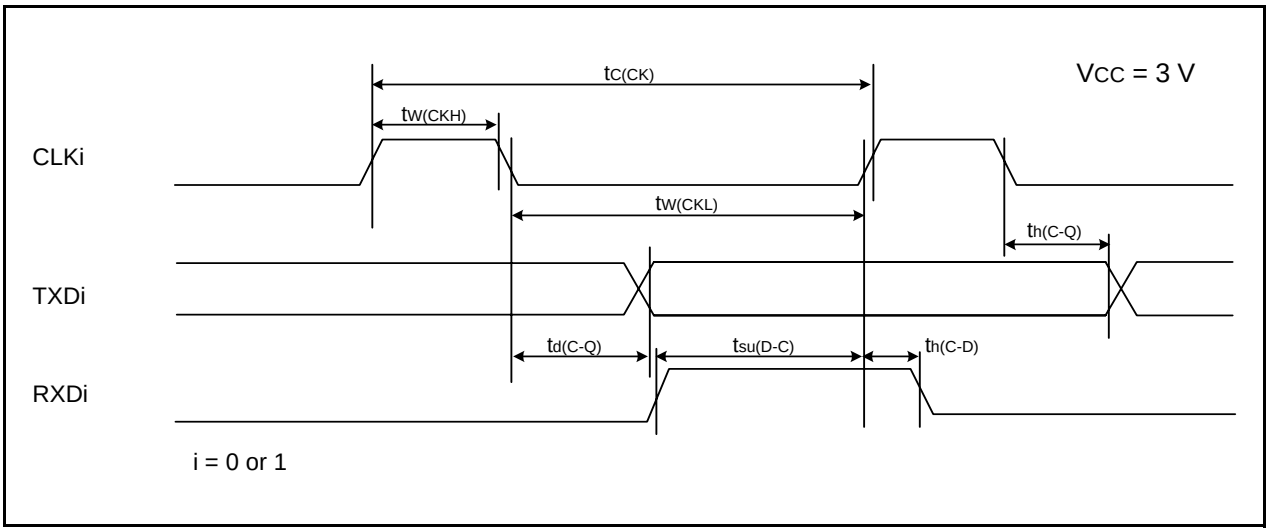


Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when VCC = 3 V

Table 5.27 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0, 1, 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{W(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “H” width	380(1)	–	ns
$t_{W(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “L” width	380(2)	–	ns

NOTES:
1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

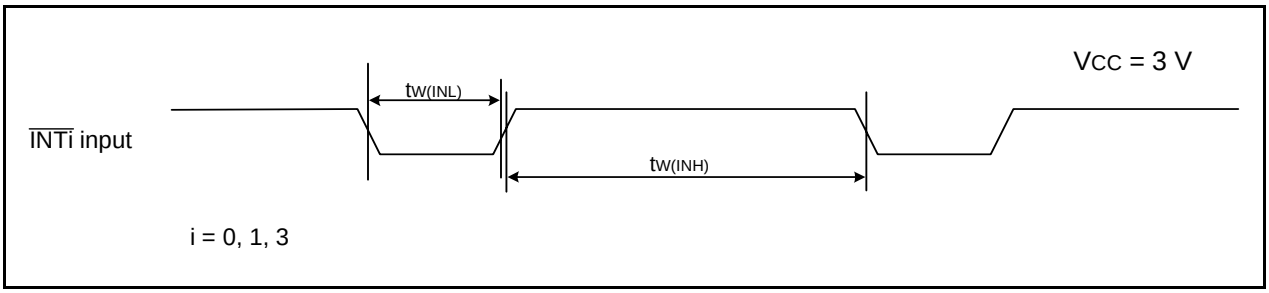


Figure 5.15 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ Input Timing Diagram when VCC = 3 V

Table 5.36 A/D Converter Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Resolution		V_{ref} = AV_{CC}	–	–	10	Bits
–	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	ϕ_{AD} = 10 MHz, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 V	–	–	±3	LSB
		8-bit mode	ϕ_{AD} = 10 MHz, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 V	–	–	±2	LSB
		10-bit mode	ϕ_{AD} = 10 MHz, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 V	–	–	±5	LSB
		8-bit mode	ϕ_{AD} = 10 MHz, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 V	–	–	±2	LSB
R_{ladder}	Resistor ladder		V_{ref} = AV_{CC}	10	–	40	kΩ
t_{conv}	Conversion time	10-bit mode	ϕ_{AD} = 10 MHz, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 V	3.3	–	–	µs
		8-bit mode	ϕ_{AD} = 10 MHz, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 V	2.8	–	–	µs
V_{ref}	Reference voltage			2.7	–	AV_{CC}	V
V_{IA}	Analog input voltage(2)			0	–	AV_{CC}	V
–	A/D operating clock frequency	Without sample and hold		0.25	–	10	MHz
		With sample and hold		1	–	10	MHz

NOTES:
1. AV_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

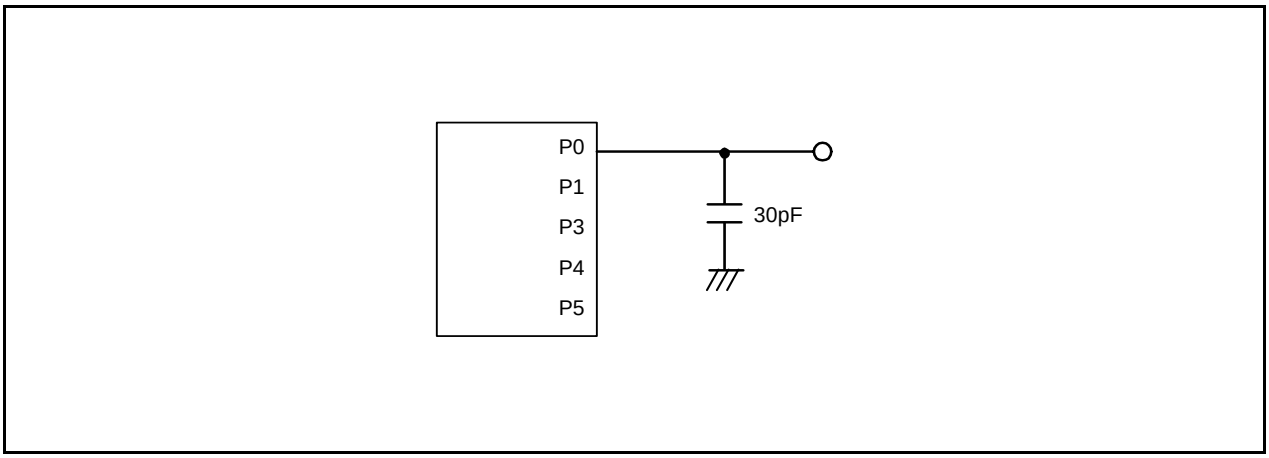


Figure 5.20 Ports P0, P1, and P3 to P5 Timing Measurement Circuit

Table 5.37 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

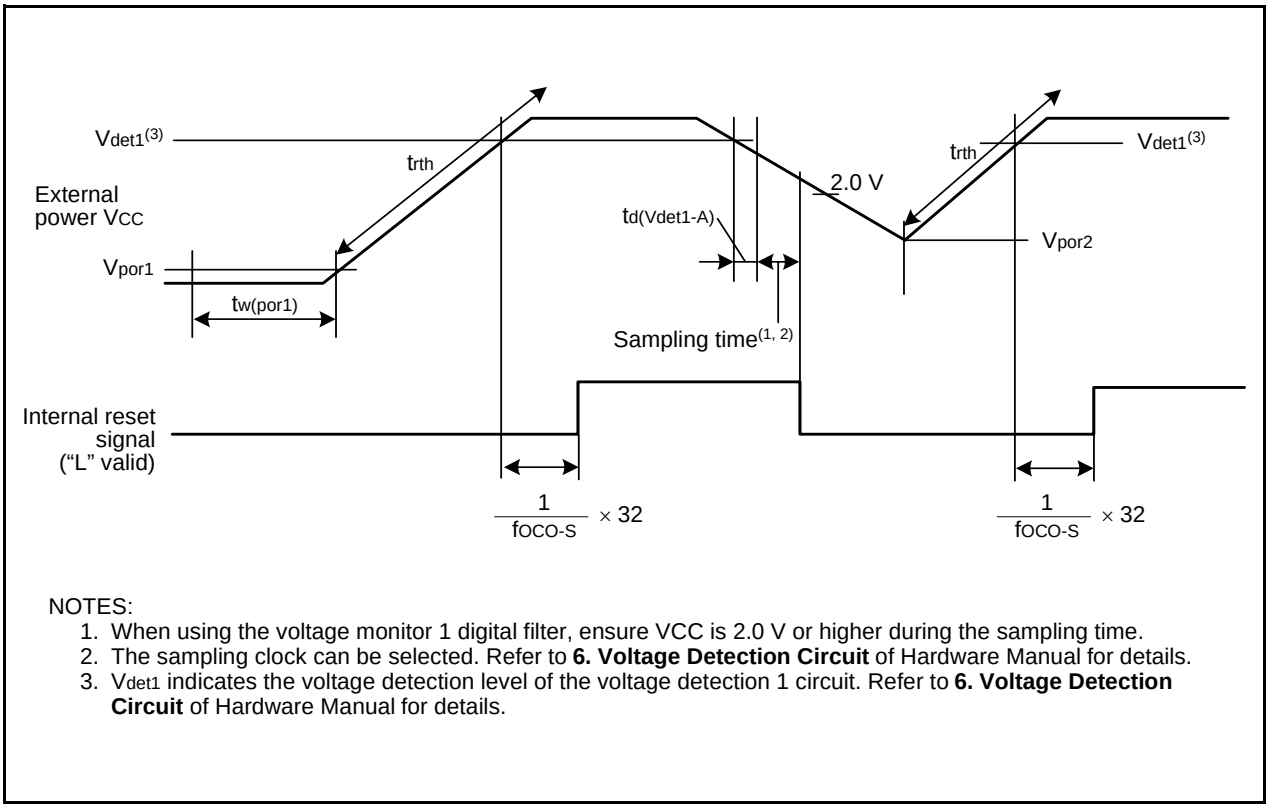
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance(2)	R8C/26 Group	100(3)	–	–	times
		R8C/27 Group	1,000(3)	–	–	times
–	Byte program time		–	50	400	µs
–	Block erase time		–	0.4	9	s
$t_{d(SR-SUS)}$	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		–	–	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycles	µs
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	–	–	µs
–	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	ns
–	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		–	–	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycles	µs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		0	–	60	°C
–	Data hold time(7)	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	–	–	year

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
   The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
   If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
   However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.41 Power-on Reset Circuit, Voltage Monitor 1 Reset Electrical Characteristics(3)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{por1}	Power-on reset valid voltage(4)		–	–	0.1	V
V_{por2}	Power-on reset or voltage monitor 1 reset valid voltage		0	–	V_{det1}	V
t_{rth}	External power V_{CC} rise gradient	$V_{CC} \leq 3.6$ V	20(2)	–	–	mV/msec
		$V_{CC} > 3.6$ V	20(2)	–	2,000	mV/msec

NOTES:
1. The measurement condition is T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This condition (the minimum value of external power V_{CC} rise gradient) does not apply if $V_{por2} \geq 1.0$ V.
3. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 1 reset by setting the LVD1ON bit in the OFS register to 0, the VW1C0 and VW1C6 bits in the VW1C register to 1 respectively, and the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 1.
4. $t_{w(por1)}$ indicates the duration the external power V_{CC} must be held below the effective voltage (V_{por1}) to enable a power on reset. When turning on the power for the first time, maintain $t_{w(por1)}$ for 30 s or more if -20°C ≤ T_{opr} ≤ 125°C, maintain $t_{w(por1)}$ for 3,000 s or more if -40°C ≤ T_{opr} < -20°C.



NOTES:
1. When using the voltage monitor 1 digital filter, ensure VCC is 2.0 V or higher during the sampling time.
2. The sampling clock can be selected. Refer to **6. Voltage Detection Circuit** of Hardware Manual for details.
3. V_{det1} indicates the voltage detection level of the voltage detection 1 circuit. Refer to **6. Voltage Detection Circuit** of Hardware Manual for details.

Figure 5.22 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Table 5.46 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t_{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		$12t_{CYC} + 600$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SCLH}	SCL input “H” width		$3t_{CYC} + 300$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SCLL}	SCL input “L” width		$5t_{CYC} + 500$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{sf}	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t_{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	$1t_{CYC}$(2)	ns
t_{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		$5t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STAH}	Start condition input hold time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SDAS}	Data input setup time		$1t_{CYC} + 20$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SDAH}	Data input hold time		0	–	–	ns

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V at T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. $1t_{CYC} = 1/f1(s)$

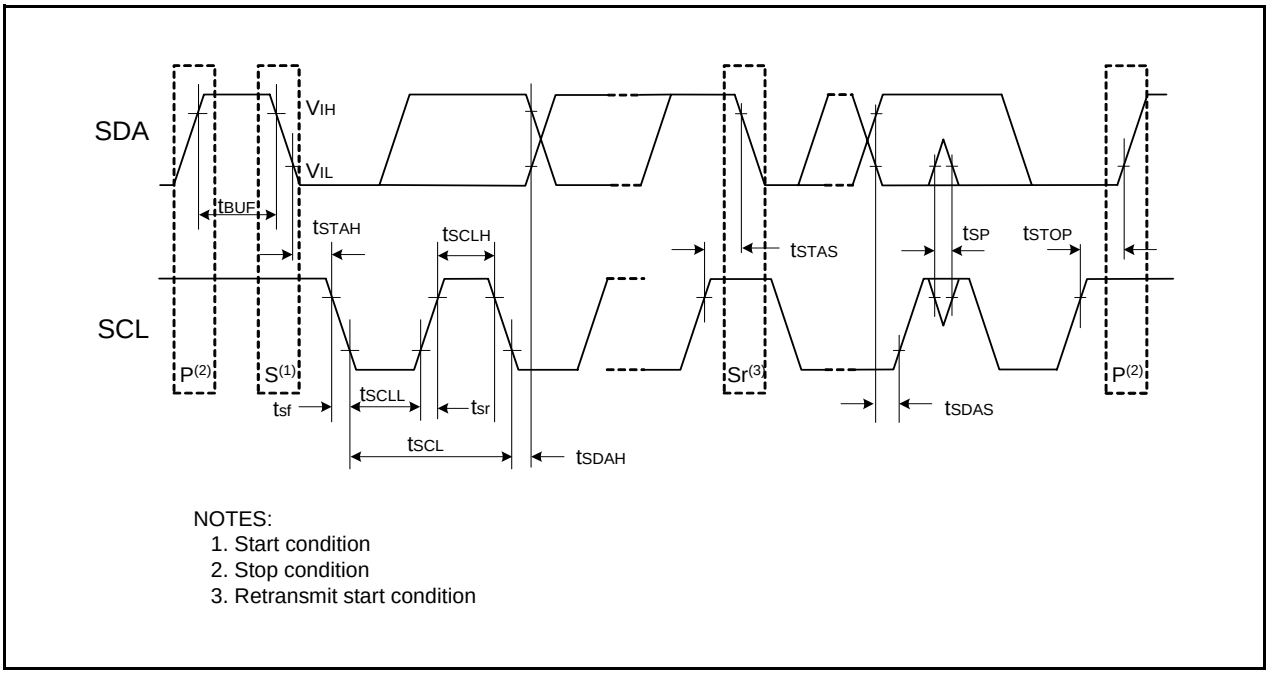


Figure 5.26 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface

Table 5.48 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V]
(Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10	17	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	9	15	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	6	–	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	5	–	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4	–	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.5	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz (J version) Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz (J version) Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4	–	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5.5	10	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.5	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	–	130	300	µA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	25	75	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	23	60	µA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	0.8	3.0	µA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	1.2	–	µA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 125°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	4.0	–	µA

Timing Requirements
(Unless Otherwise Specified: V_{CC} = 5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V at T_{opr} = 25°C) [V_{CC} = 5 V]

Table 5.49 XIN Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	50	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input “H” width	25	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input “L” width	25	–	ns

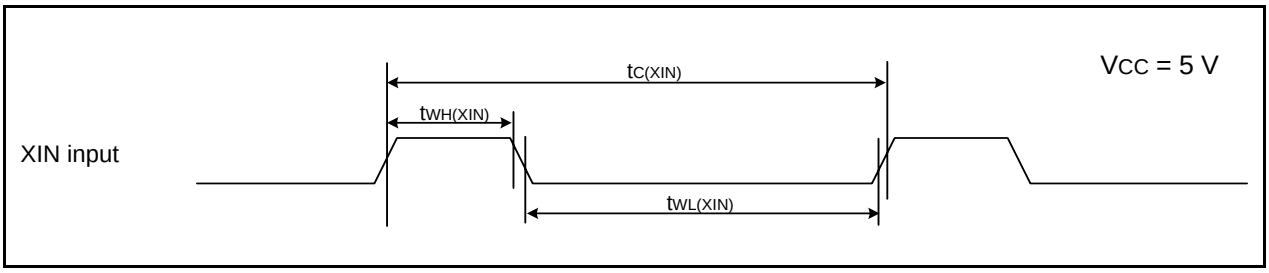


Figure 5.27 XIN Input Timing Diagram when V_{CC} = 5 V

Table 5.50 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	40	–	ns

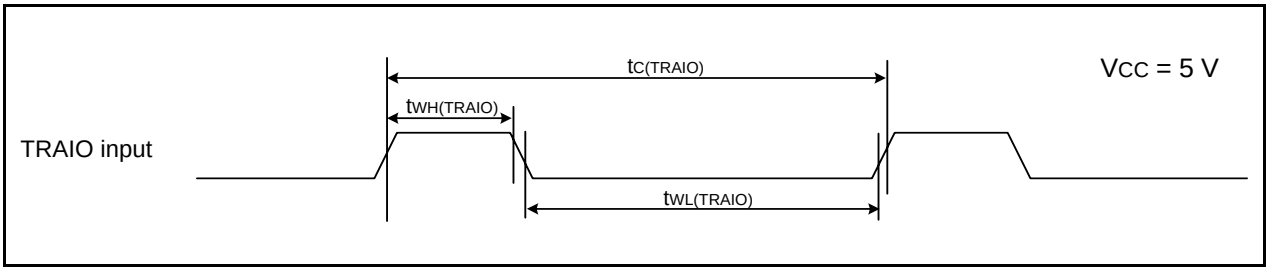


Figure 5.28 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when V_{CC} = 5 V

Table 5.57 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{W(CKH)}$	CLKi input “H” width	150	–	ns
$t_{W(CKL)}$	CLKi Input “L” width	150	–	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	–	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	–	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	–	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	–	ns

i = 0 or 1

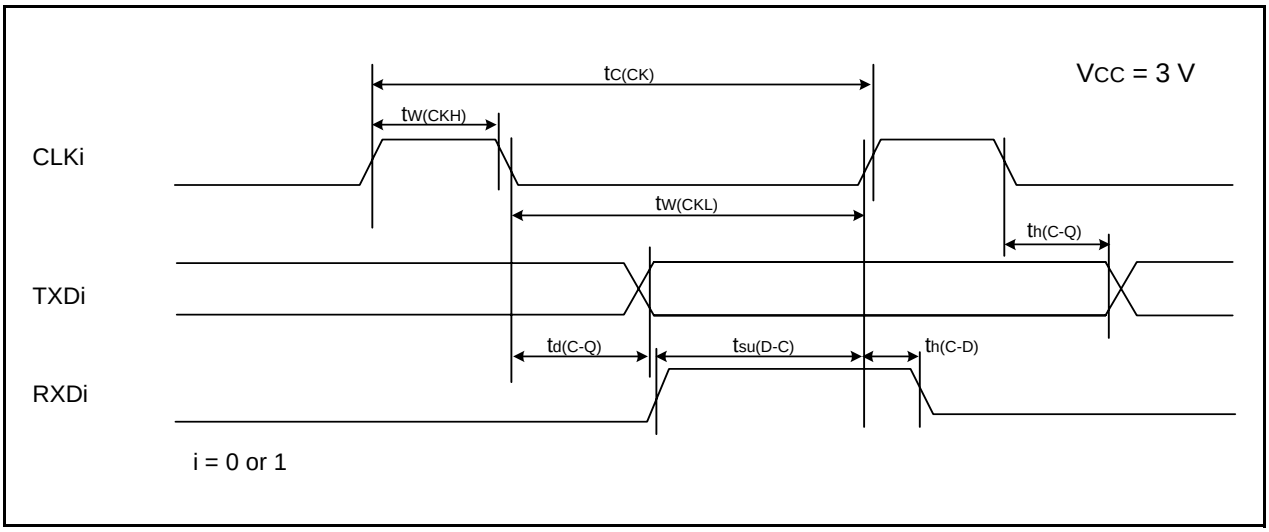


Figure 5.33 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when VCC = 3 V

Table 5.58 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0, 1, 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{W(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “H” width	380(1)	–	ns
$t_{W(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “L” width	380(2)	–	ns

NOTES:
1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

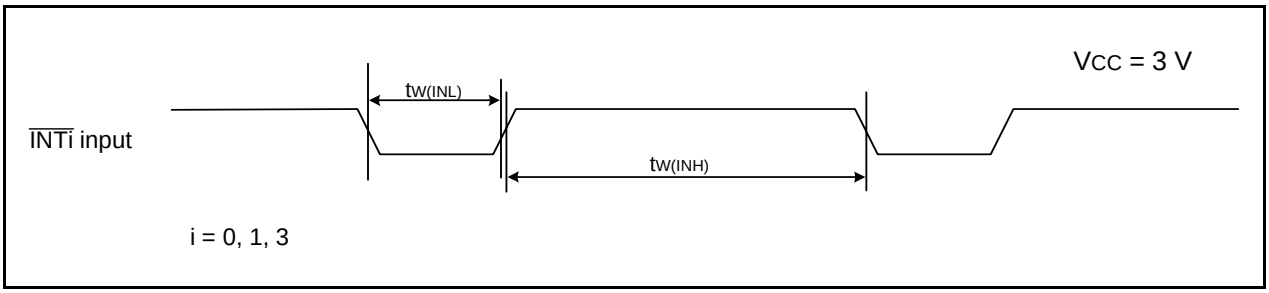


Figure 5.34 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ Input Timing Diagram when VCC = 3 V

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/26 Group, R8C/27 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Nov 08, 2006	27	Table 5.9, Figure 5.3 revised and Table 5.10 deleted
		28	Table 5.10, Table 5.11 revised
		34	Table 5.15 revised
		35	Table 5.16 revised
		36	Table 5.17 revised
		39	Table 5.22 revised
		40	Table 5.23 revised
		44	Table 5.29 revised
		47	Package Dimensions; “Diagrams showing the latest...website.” added
1.10	Nov 29, 2006	All pages	“J, K version” added
		1	1 “J and K versions are under development...notice.” added 1.1 revised
		2	Table 1.1 revised
		3	Table 1.2 revised
		4	Figure 1.1 NOTE3 added
		5	Table 1.3, Figure 1.2 revised
		6	Table 1.4, Figure 1.3 revised
		7	Figure 1.4 NOTE3 added
		8	Table 1.5 revised
		9	Table 1.6 NOTE2 added
		13	Figure 3.1 revised
		14	Figure 3.2 revised
		15	Table 4.1; “0000h to 003Fh” → “0000h to 002Fh” revised • NOTE3 added
		16	Table 4.2; “0040h to 007Fh” → “0030h to 007Fh” revised • 0032h, 0036h: “After reset” is revised • 0038h: NOTE revised • NOTES 2, 5, 6 revised and NOTE 7, 8 added
		19	Table 4.5 NOTE2 added
		28	Table 5.10 revised
		48 to 66	5.2 J, K Version added
1.20	Jan 17, 2007	18	Table 4.4 NOTE2 added
1.30	May 25, 2007	2	Table 1.1 revised
		3	Table 1.2 revised
		5	Table 1.3 revised
		6	Figure 1.2 revised
		7	Table 1.4 revised
		8	Figure 1.3 revised
		9	Figure 1.4 NOTE4 added
		15	Figure 3.1 part number revised