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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	LED, POR, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21274syfp-v2

1.2 Performance Overview

Table 1.1 outlines the Functions and Specifications for R8C/26 Group and Table 1.2 outlines the Functions and Specifications for R8C/27 Group.

Table 1.1 Functions and Specifications for R8C/26 Group

	Item	Specification
CPU	Number of fundamental instructions	89 instructions
	Minimum instruction execution time	50 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (other than K version) 62.5 ns (f(XIN) = 16 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (K version) 100 ns (f(XIN) = 10 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) 200 ns (f(XIN) = 5 MHz, VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V) (N, D version)
	Operating mode	Single-chip
	Address space	1 Mbyte
	Memory capacity	Refer to Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/26 Group
Peripheral Functions	Ports	I/O ports: 25 pins, Input port: 3 pins
	LED drive ports	I/O ports: 8 pins (N, D version)
	Timers	Timer RA: 8 bits × 1 channel Timer RB: 8 bits × 1 channel (Each timer equipped with 8-bit prescaler) Timer RC: 16 bits × 1 channel (Input capture and output compare circuits) Timer RE: With real-time clock and compare match function (For J, K version, compare match function only.)
	Serial interfaces	2 channels (UART0, UART1) Clock synchronous serial I/O, UART
	Clock synchronous serial interface	1 channel I ² C bus Interface ⁽¹⁾ Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select
	LIN module	Hardware LIN: 1 channel (timer RA, UART0)
	A/D converter	10-bit A/D converter: 1 circuit, 12 channels
	Watchdog timer	15 bits × 1 channel (with prescaler) Start-on-reset selectable
	Interrupts	Internal: 15 sources, External: 4 sources, Software: 4 sources, Priority levels: 7 levels
	Clock generation circuits	3 circuits • XIN clock generation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor) • On-chip oscillator (high speed, low speed) High-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function • XCIN clock generation circuit (32 kHz) (N, D version) • Real-time clock (timer RE) (N, D version)
	Oscillation-stopped detector	XIN clock oscillation stop detection function
	Voltage detection circuit	On-chip
	Power-on reset circuit	On-chip
Electrical Characteristics	Supply voltage	VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 20 MHz) (other than K version) VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 16 MHz) (K version) VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 10 MHz) VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 5 MHz) (N, D version)
	Current consumption (N, D version)	Typ. 10 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) Typ. 6 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) Typ. 2.0 μ A (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz) Typ. 0.7 μ A (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)
Flash Memory	Programming and erasure voltage	VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V
	Programming and erasure endurance	100 times
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D, J version) ⁽²⁾ , -40 to 125°C (K version) ⁽²⁾
Package		32-pin molded-plastic LQFP

NOTES:

1. I²C bus is a trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N. V.
2. Specify the D, K version if D, K version functions are to be used.

Table 1.2 Functions and Specifications for R8C/27 Group

Item		Specification
CPU	Number of fundamental instructions	89 instructions
	Minimum instruction execution time	50 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (other than K version) 62.5 ns (f(XIN) = 16 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (K version) 100 ns (f(XIN) = 10 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) 200 ns (f(XIN) = 5 MHz, VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V) (N, D version)
	Operating mode	Single-chip
	Address space	1 Mbyte
	Memory capacity	Refer to Table 1.4 Product Information of R8C/27 Group
Peripheral Functions	Ports	I/O ports: 25 pins, Input port: 3 pins
	LED drive ports	I/O ports: 8 pins (N, D version)
	Timers	Timer RA: 8 bits × 1 channel Timer RB: 8 bits × 1 channel (Each timer equipped with 8-bit prescaler) Timer RC: 16 bits × 1 channel (Input capture and output compare circuits) Timer RE: With real-time clock and compare match function (For J, K version, compare match function only.)
	Serial interfaces	2 channels (UART0, UART1) Clock synchronous serial I/O, UART
	Clock synchronous serial interface	1 channel I ² C bus Interface ⁽¹⁾ Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select
	LIN module	Hardware LIN: 1 channel (timer RA, UART0)
	A/D converter	10-bit A/D converter: 1 circuit, 12 channels
	Watchdog timer	15 bits × 1 channel (with prescaler) Start-on-reset selectable
	Interrupts	Internal: 15 sources, External: 4 sources, Software: 4 sources, Priority levels: 7 levels
	Clock generation circuits	3 circuits <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • XIN clock generation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor) • On-chip oscillator (high speed, low speed) High-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function • XCIN clock generation circuit (32 kHz) (N, D version) • Real-time clock (timer RE) (N, D version)
	Oscillation-stopped detector	XIN clock oscillation stop detection function
	Voltage detection circuit	On-chip
	Power-on reset circuit	On-chip
Electrical Characteristics	Supply voltage	VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 20 MHz) (other than K version) VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 16 MHz) (K version) VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 10 MHz) VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 5 MHz) (N, D version)
	Current consumption (N, D version)	Typ. 10 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) Typ. 6 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) Typ. 2.0 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz) Typ. 0.7 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)
Flash Memory	Programming and erasure voltage	VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V
	Programming and erasure endurance	10,000 times (data flash) 1,000 times (program ROM)
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D, J version) ⁽²⁾ , -40 to 125°C (K version) ⁽²⁾
Package		32-pin molded-plastic LQFP

NOTES:

1. I²C bus is a trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N. V.
2. Specify the D, K version if D, K version functions are to be used.

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB configure a register bank. There are two sets of register bank.

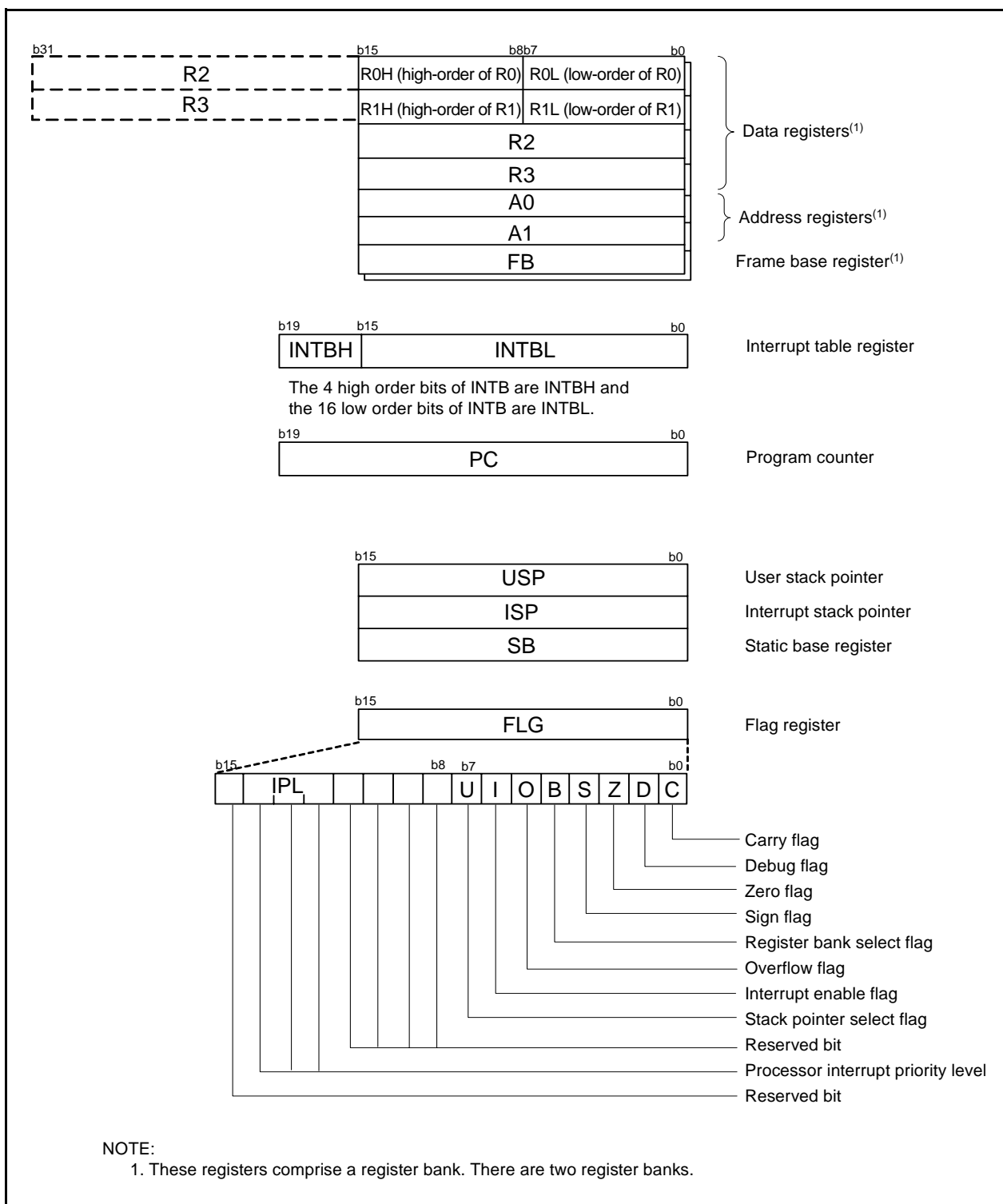


Figure 2.1 CPU Registers

3.2 R8C/27 Group

Figure 3.2 is a Memory Map of R8C/27 Group. The R8C/27 group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.

The internal ROM (program ROM) is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 16-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 0C000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal ROM (data flash) is allocated addresses 02400h to 02BFFh.

The internal RAM area is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 1-Kbyte internal RAM is allocated addresses 00400h to 007FFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.

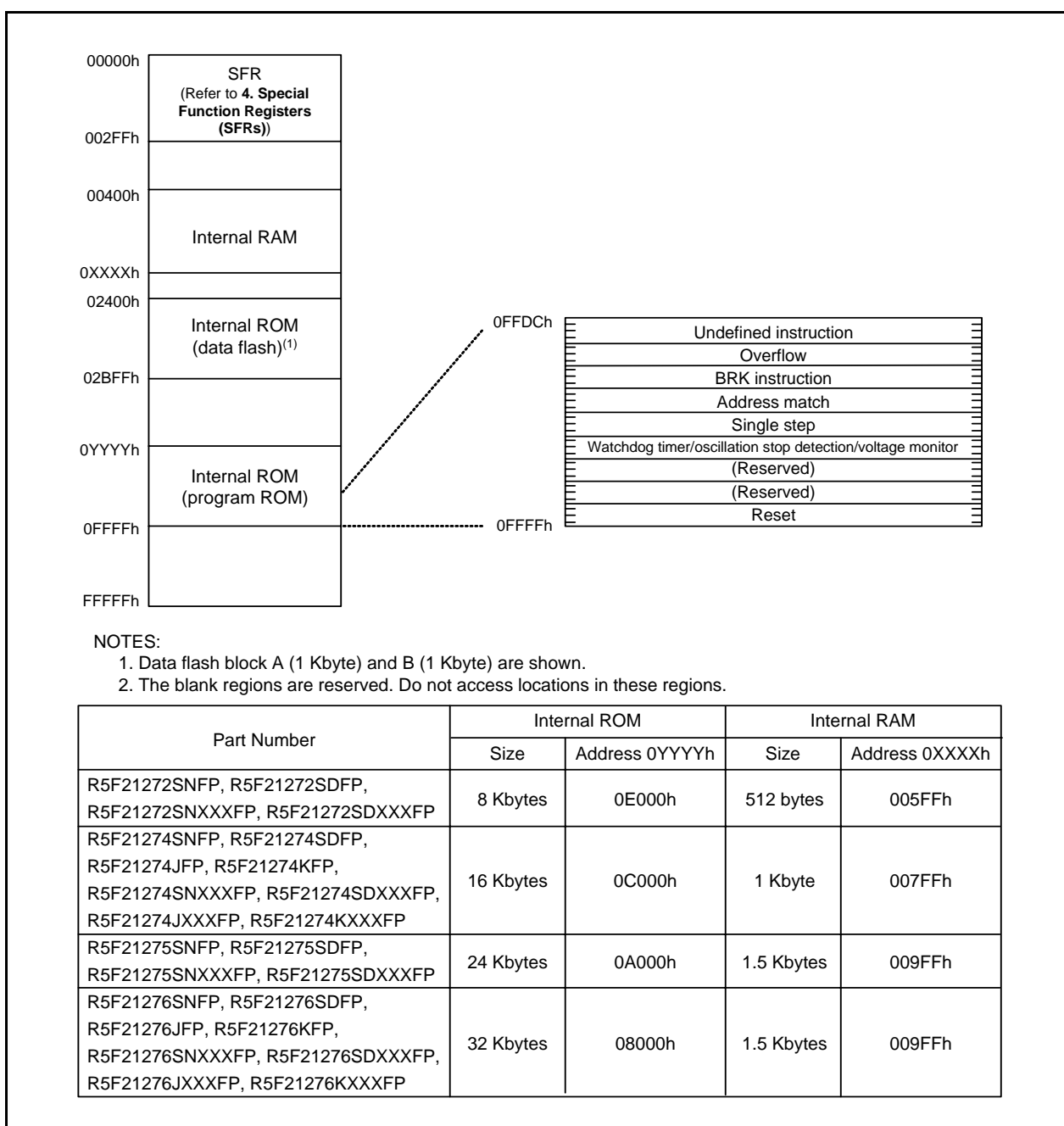


Figure 3.2 Memory Map of R8C/27 Group

Table 4.6 SFR Information (6)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0140h			
0141h			
0142h			
0143h			
0144h			
0145h			
0146h			
0147h			
0148h			
0149h			
014Ah			
014Bh			
014Ch			
014Dh			
014Eh			
014Fh			
0150h			
0151h			
0152h			
0153h			
0154h			
0155h			
0156h			
0157h			
0158h			
0159h			
015Ah			
015Bh			
015Ch			
015Dh			
015Eh			
015Fh			
0160h			
0161h			
0162h			
0163h			
0164h			
0165h			
0166h			
0167h			
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0177h			
0178h			
0179h			
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.7 SFR Information (7)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0180h			
0181h			
0182h			
0183h			
0184h			
0185h			
0186h			
0187h			
0188h			
0189h			
018Ah			
018Bh			
018Ch			
018Dh			
018Eh			
018Fh			
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h			
0194h			
0195h			
0196h			
0197h			
0198h			
0199h			
019Ah			
019Bh			
019Ch			
019Dh			
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ADh			
01AEh			
01AFh			
01B0h			
01B1h			
01B2h			
01B3h	Flash Memory Control Register 4	FMR4	01000000b
01B4h			
01B5h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	1000000Xb
01B6h			
01B7h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00000001b
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 2)

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

Table 5.3 A/D Converter Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	—	—	10	Bits
—	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 3	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 2	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 5	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 2	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 5	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 2	LSB
R_{ladder}	Resistor ladder		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	10	—	40	$k\Omega$
t_{conv}	Conversion time	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	3.3	—	—	μs
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	2.8	—	—	μs
V_{ref}	Reference voltage			2.2	—	AV_{CC}	V
V_{IA}	Analog input voltage ⁽²⁾			0	—	AV_{CC}	V
—	A/D operating clock frequency	Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	10	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	10	MHz
		Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	5	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	5	MHz

NOTES:

1. $AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

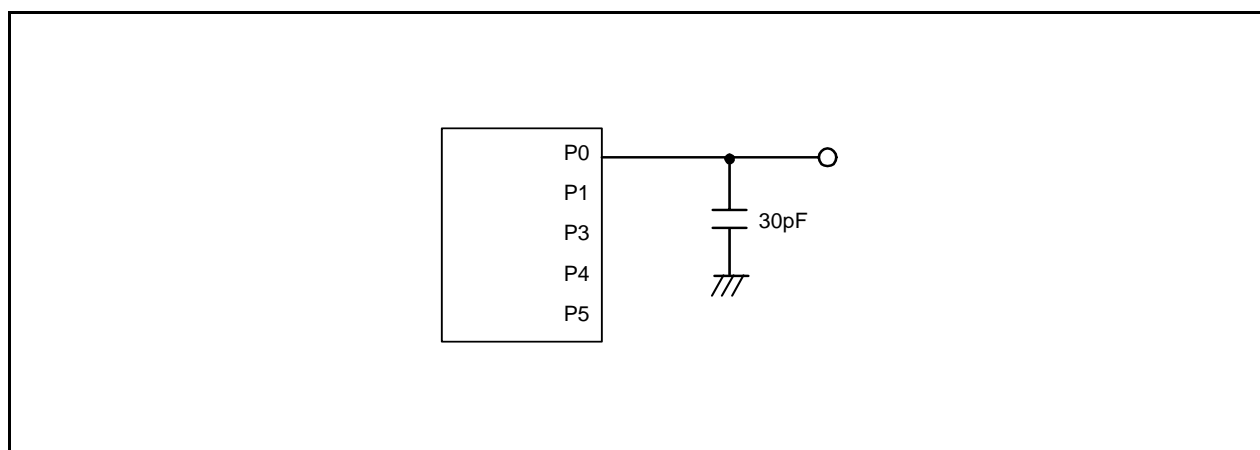
**Figure 5.1 Ports P0, P1, and P3 to P5 Timing Measurement Circuit**

Table 5.4 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾	R8C/26 Group	100 ⁽³⁾	–	–	times
		R8C/27 Group	1,000 ⁽³⁾	–	–	times
–	Byte program time		–	50	400	μs
–	Block erase time		–	0.4	9	s
t _d (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		–	–	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycles	μs
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	–	–	μs
–	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	ns
–	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		–	–	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycles	μs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		2.2	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		0	–	60	°C
–	Data hold time ⁽⁷⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	–	–	year

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.10 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO40M	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature • supply voltage dependence	V _{CC} = 4.75 to 5.25 V 0°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 60°C ⁽²⁾	39.2	40	40.8	MHz
		V _{CC} = 3.0 to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	38.8	40	41.2	MHz
		V _{CC} = 3.0 to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	38.4	40	41.6	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	38	40	42	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	37.6	40	42.4	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽³⁾	35.2	40	44.8	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽³⁾	34	40	46	MHz
		V _{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10% -20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	38.8	40	40.8	MHz
		V _{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10% -40°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	38.4	40	40.8	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when correction value in FRA7 register is written to FRA1 register ⁽⁴⁾	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	—	36.864	—	MHz
		V _{CC} = 3.0 to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C	-3%	—	3%	%
—	Value in FRA1 register after reset		08h ⁽³⁾	—	F7h ⁽³⁾	—
—	Oscillation frequency adjustment unit of high-speed on-chip oscillator	Adjust FRA1 register (value after reset) to -1	—	+0.3	—	MHz
—	Oscillation stability time		—	10	100	μs
—	Self power consumption at oscillation	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	—	400	—	μA

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. These standard values show when the FRA1 register value after reset is assumed.
3. These standard values show when the corrected value of the FRA6 register is written to the FRA1 register.
4. This enables the setting errors of bit rates such as 9600 bps and 38400 bps to be 0% when the serial interface is used in UART mode.

Table 5.11 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		30	125	250	kHz
—	Oscillation stability time		—	10	100	μs
—	Self power consumption at oscillation	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	—	15	—	μA

NOTE:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.12 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _d (P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on ⁽²⁾		1	—	2000	μs
t _d (R-S)	STOP exit time ⁽³⁾		—	—	150	μs

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = 25°C.
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.
3. Time until system clock supply starts after the interrupt is acknowledged to exit stop mode.

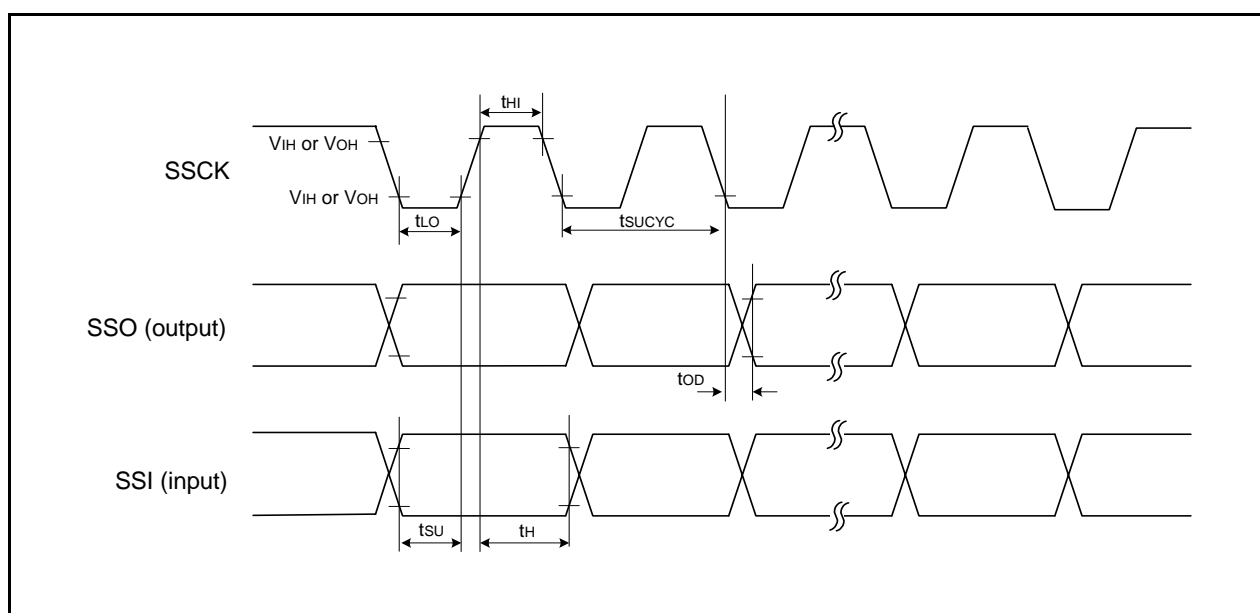


Figure 5.6 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode)

Table 5.14 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		12t _{CYC} + 600 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SCLH}	SCL input “H” width		3t _{CYC} + 300 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SCLL}	SCL input “L” width		5t _{CYC} + 500 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{sf}	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t _{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	1t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	ns
t _{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		5t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{STAH}	Start condition input hold time		3t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		3t _{CYC} ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SDAS}	Data input setup time		1t _{CYC} + 20 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SDAH}	Data input hold time		0	–	–	ns

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V and T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1t_{CYC} = 1/f₁(s)

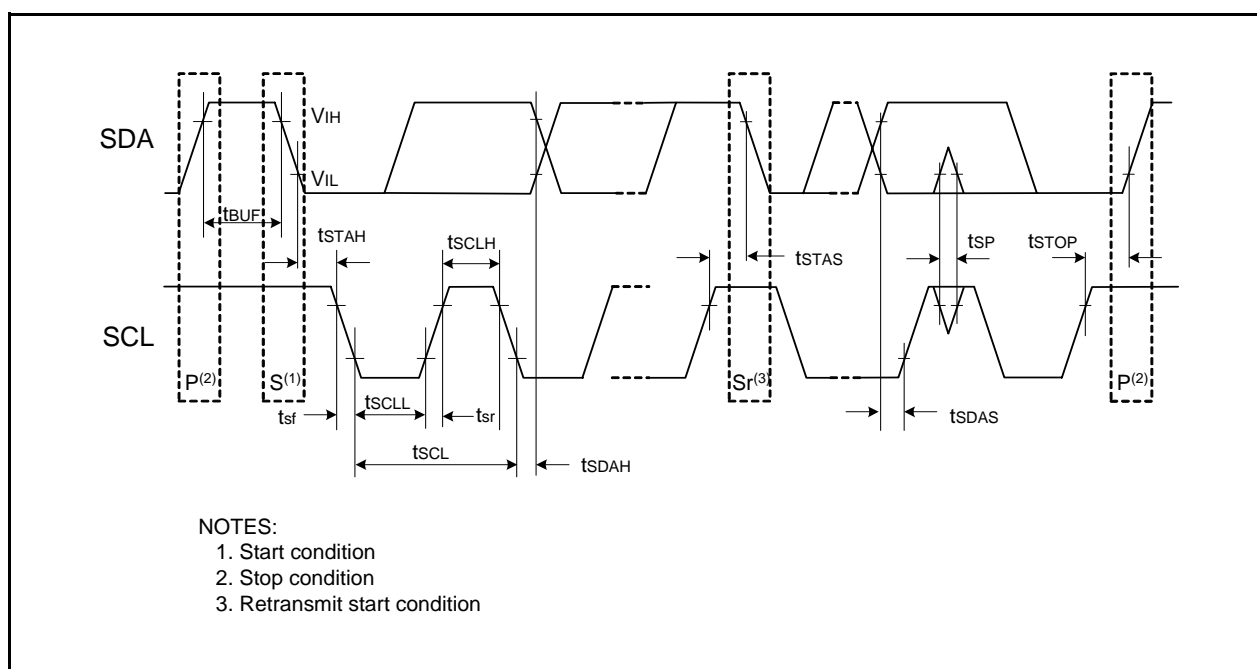
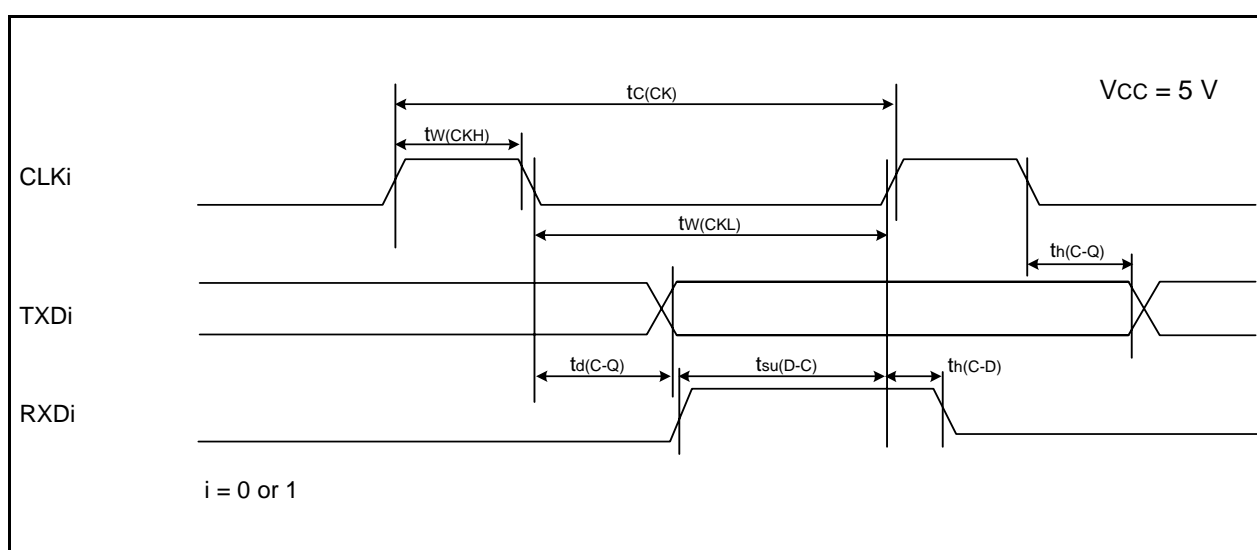
**Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface**

Table 5.20 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	200	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	100	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input "L" width	100	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	50	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	50	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

i = 0 or 1

**Figure 5.10 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V****Table 5.21 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} (i = 0, 1, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	\overline{INTi} input "H" width	250 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	\overline{INTi} input "L" width	250 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

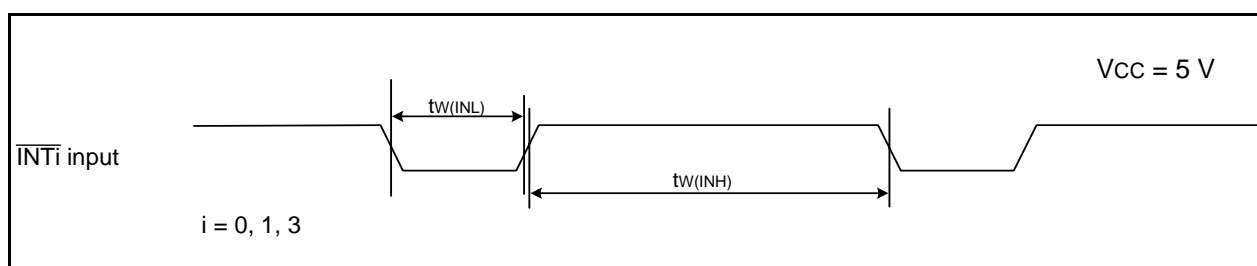
**Figure 5.11 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V**

Table 5.22 Electrical Characteristics (3) [V_{CC} = 3 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	I _{OH} = -1 mA		V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -5 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -50 μA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	I _{OL} = 1 mA		—	—	0.5	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 5 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 50 μA	—	—	0.5	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	—	V
		RESET			0.1	0.4	—	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 3 V, V _{CC} = 3 V		—	—	4.0	μA
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 3 V		—	—	-4.0	μA
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 3 V		66	160	500	kΩ
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	3.0	—	MΩ
R _{FXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			—	18	—	MΩ
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	—	—	V

NOTE:

- V_{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

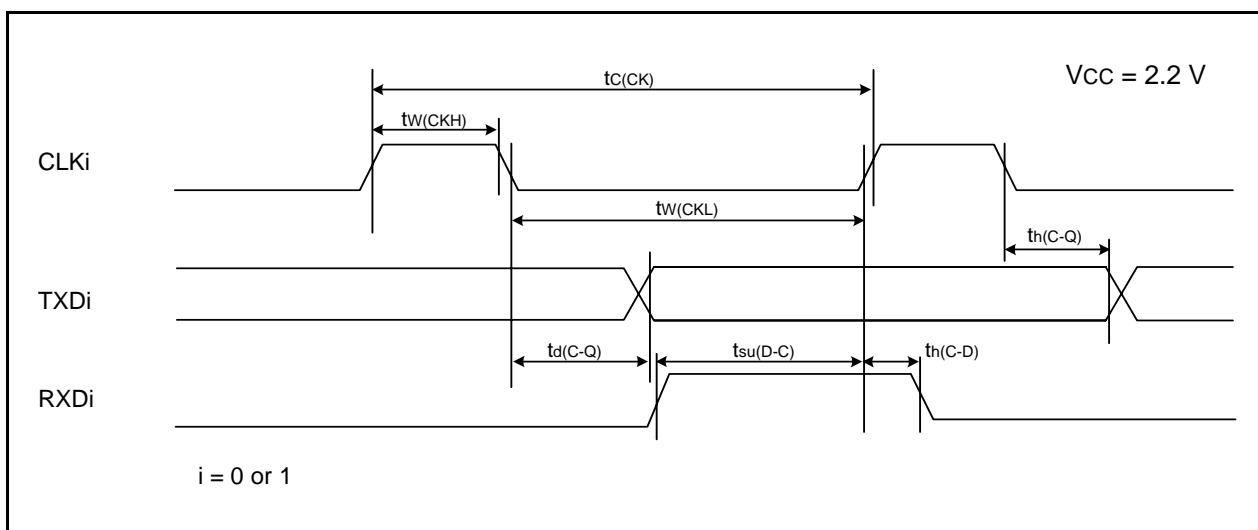
Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (4) [V_{CC} = 3 V]
(T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power supply current (V _{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division			mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8			mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on f _{OCO} = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division			mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on f _{OCO} = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8			mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1			μA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1			μA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1			μA
			XIN clock off, T _{opr} = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0			μA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, T _{opr} = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0			μA

Table 5.32 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	800	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input “H” width	400	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input “L” width	400	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	200	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	150	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

i = 0 or 1

**Figure 5.18 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V****Table 5.33 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} (i = 0, 1, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	\overline{INTi} input “H” width	1000 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	\overline{INTi} input “L” width	1000 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

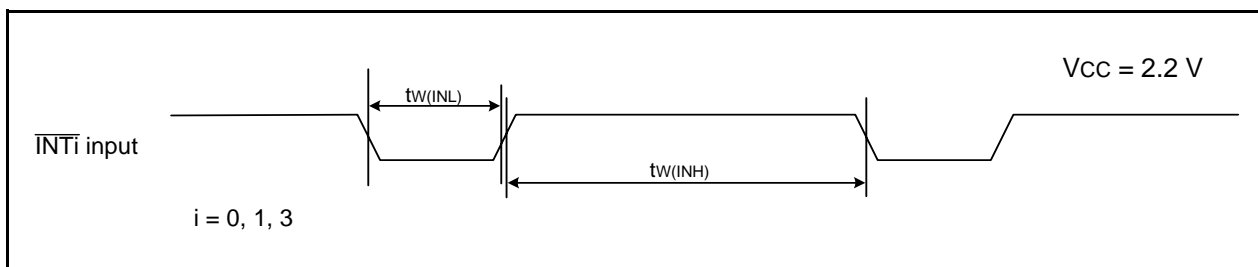
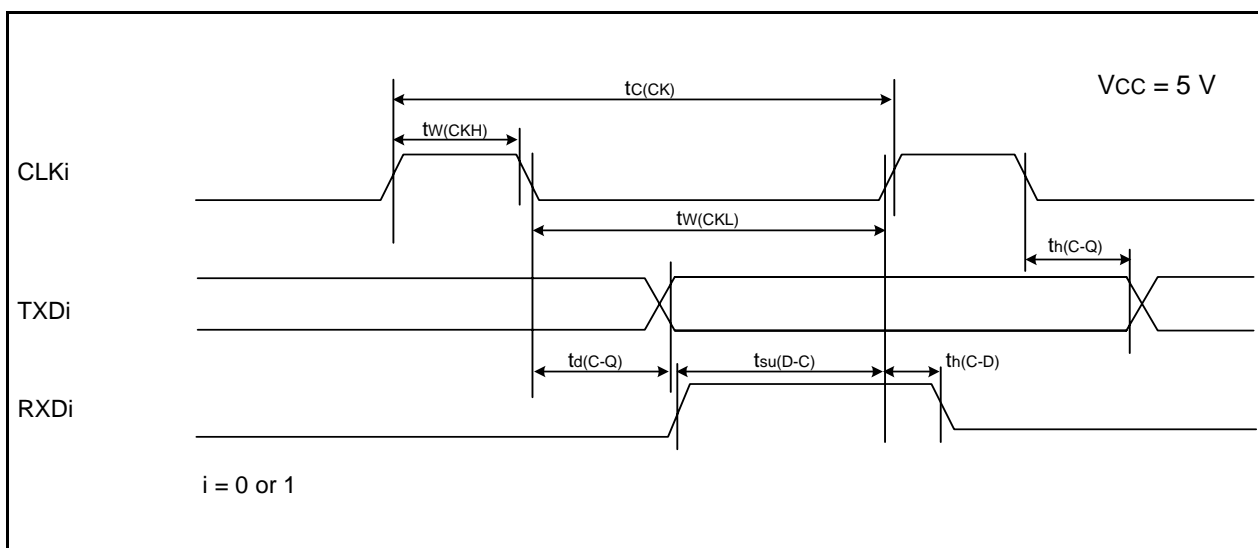
**Figure 5.19 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V**

Table 5.51 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	200	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	100	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input "L" width	100	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	50	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	50	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

i = 0 or 1

**Figure 5.29 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V****Table 5.52 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} (i = 0, 1, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	\overline{INTi} input "H" width	250 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	\overline{INTi} input "L" width	250 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

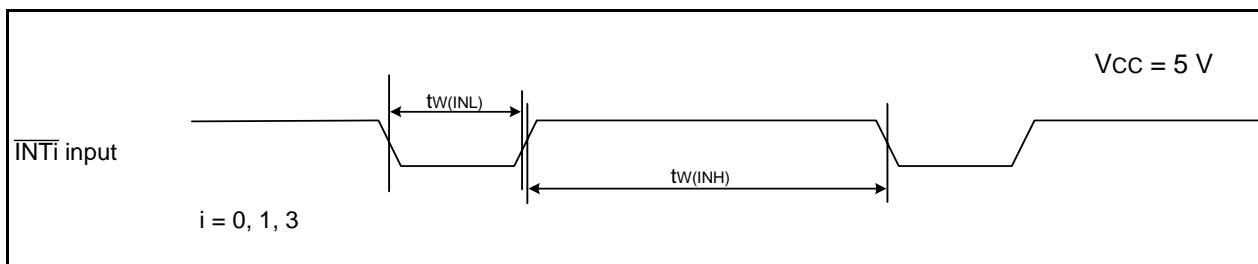
**Figure 5.30 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V**

Table 5.53 Electrical Characteristics (3) [V_{CC} = 3 V]

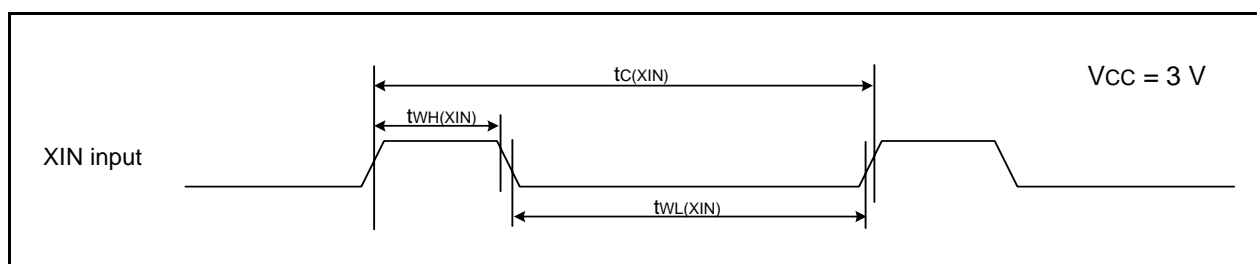
Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Except XOUT	I _{OH} = -1 mA		V _{CC} - 0.5	–	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	–	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -50 μA	V _{CC} - 0.5	–	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Except XOUT	I _{OL} = 1 mA		–	–	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA	–	–	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 50 μA	–	–	0.5	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	–	V
		RESET			0.1	0.4	–	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 3 V, V _{CC} = 3V		–	–	4.0	μA
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 3V		–	–	-4.0	μA
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 3V		66	160	500	kΩ
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			–	3.0	–	MΩ
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		2.0	–	–	V

NOTE:

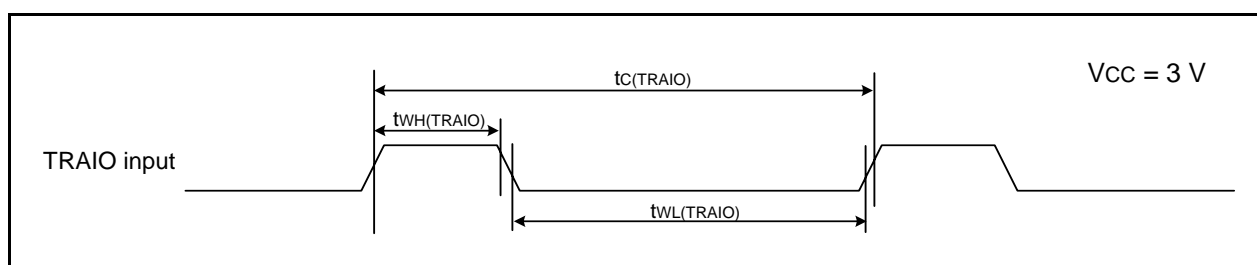
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V at T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Timing requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$) [$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$]****Table 5.55 XIN Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input "H" width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input "L" width	40	–	ns

**Figure 5.31 XIN Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$** **Table 5.56 TRAIO Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "H" width	120	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "L" width	120	–	ns

**Figure 5.32 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$**

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/26 Group, R8C/27 Group Datasheet
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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
0.10	Nov 14, 2005	–	First edition issued
0.20	Feb 06, 2006	2, 3	Table 1.1 Functions and Specifications for R8C/26Group and Table 1.2 Functions and Specifications for R8C/27 Group; Minimum instruction execution time and Supply voltage revised
		9	Table 1.6 Pin Name Information by Pin Number; “XOUT” → “XOUT/XCOUT” and “XIN” → “XIN/XCIN” revised
		18	Table 4.4 SFR Information (4); 00FEh: “DRR” → “P1DRR” revised
		19	Table 4.5 SFR Information (5); -0119h: “Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Register” → “Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register” -011Ah: “Timer RE Time Data Register” → “Timer RE Hour Data Register” -011Bh: “Timer RE Day Data Register” → “Timer RE Day of Week Data Register” revised
		22 to 45	5. Electrical Characteristics added
1.00	Nov 08, 2006	All pages	“Preliminary” deleted
		2	Table 1.1 revised
		3	Table 1.2 revised
		4	Figure 1.1 revised
		5	Table 1.3 revised
		6	Table 1.4 revised
		7	Figure 1.4 revised
		9	Table 1.6 revised
		15	Table 4.1; • 001Ch: “00h” → “00h, 10000000b” revised • 000Fh: “000XXXXXb” → “00X11111b” revised • 0029h: “High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 4, FRA4, When shipping” added • 002Bh: “High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6, FRA6, When shipping” added • 0032h: “00h, 01000000b” → “00h, 00100000b” revised • 0038h: “00001000b, 01001001b” → “0000X000b, 0100X001b” revised • NOTE3 and 4 revised; NOTE6 added
		18	Table 4.4; • 00E0h, 00E1h, 00E5h, 00E8h, 00E9h: “XXh” → “00h” revised • 00FDh: “XX00000000b” → “00h” revised
		22	Table 5.2 revised
		23	Figure 5.1 title revised
		24	Table 5.4 revised
		25	Table 5.5 revised
		26	Figure 5.2 title revised and Table 5.7 NOTE4 added

Notes:

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