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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	LED, POR, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	24KB (24K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	1.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21275snfp-x6">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21275snfp-x6</a>

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## 1.6 Pin Functions

Table 1.5 lists Pin Functions.

**Table 1.5 Pin Functions**

Type	Symbol	I/O Type	Description
Power supply input	VCC, VSS	I	Apply 2.2 to 5.5 V (J, K version are 2.7 to 5.5 V) to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog power supply input	AVCC, AVSS	I	Power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset input	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Input "L" on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN clock input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins. To use an external clock, input it to the XIN pin and leave the XOUT pin open.
XIN clock output	XOUT	O	
XCIN clock input (N, D version)	XCIN	I	These pins are provided for XCIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a crystal oscillator between the XCIN and XCOUNT pins. To use an external clock, input it to the XCIN pin and leave the XCOUNT pin open.
XCIN clock output (N, D version)	XCOUT	O	
$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input	$\overline{\text{INT0}}, \overline{\text{INT1}}, \overline{\text{INT3}}$	I	$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input pins
Key input interrupt	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$ to $\overline{\text{KI3}}$	I	Key input interrupt input pins
Timer RA	TRA0	O	Timer RA output pin
	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin
Timer RB	TRBO	O	Timer RB output pin
Timer RC	TRCLK	I	External clock input pin
	TRCTR	I	External trigger input pin
	TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIO, TRCIOD	I/O	Sharing output-compare output / input-capture input / PWM / PWM2 output pins
Timer RE	TREO	O	Timer RE output pin
Serial interface	CLK0, CLK1	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	RXD0, RXD1	I	Receive data input pin
	TXD0, TXD1	O	Transmit data output pin
I <sup>2</sup> C bus interface	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin
Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin
	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin
	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter
A/D converter	AN0 to AN11	I	Analog input pins to A/D converter
I/O port	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P3_1, P3_3 to P3_7, P4_5, P5_3, P5_4	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port has an I/O select direction register, allowing each pin in the port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can be set to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program. P1_0 to P1_7 also function as LED drive ports (N, D version).
Input port	P4_2, P4_6, P4_7	I	Input-only ports

I: Input      O: Output      I/O: Input and output

**Table 1.6 Pin Name Information by Pin Number**

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for of Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select	I <sup>2</sup> C bus Interface	A/D Converter
1		P3_5		(TRCIOD) <sup>(1)</sup>		SSCK	SCL	
2		P3_7		TRA0	RXD1/ (TXD1) <sup>(1, 3)</sup>	SSO		
3	RESET							
4	XOUT/XCOUT <sup>(2)</sup>	P4_7						
5	VSS/AVSS							
6	XIN/XCIN <sup>(2)</sup>	P4_6						
7	VCC/AVCC							
8	MODE							
9		P4_5	INT0		(RXD1) <sup>(1, 3)</sup>			
10		P1_7	INT1	TRAIO				
11		P3_6	(INT1) <sup>(1)</sup>		(TXD1)/ (RXD1) <sup>(1, 3)</sup>			
12		P3_1		TRBO				
13		P5_4		TRCIOD				
14		P5_3		TRCIOC				
15		P1_6			CLK0	(SSI) <sup>(1)</sup>		
16		P1_5	(INT1) <sup>(1)</sup>	(TRAIO) <sup>(1)</sup>	RXD0			
17		P1_4			TXD0			
18		P1_3	KI3	(TRBO)				AN11
19		P1_2	KI2	TRCIOB				AN10
20	VRFF	P4_2						
21		P1_1	KI1	TRCIOA/ TRCTRG				AN9
22		P1_0	KI0					AN8
23		P3_3	INT3	TRCCLK		SSI		
24		P3_4		(TRCIOC) <sup>(1)</sup>		SCS	SDA	
25		P0_7						AN0
26		P0_6						AN1
27		P0_5			CLK1			AN2
28		P0_4		TREO				AN3
29		P0_3						AN4
30		P0_2						AN5
31		P0_1						AN6
32		P0_0			(TXD1) <sup>(1, 3)</sup>			AN7

## NOTES:

1. This can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.
2. XCIN, XCOU can be used only for N or D version.
3. For the combination of using pins TXD1 and RXD1, refer to **Figure 15.7 Registers PINSR1 and PMR** of Hardware Manual (REJ09B0278).

## 5. Electrical Characteristics

### 5.1 N, D Version

**Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub> /AV <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage		-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage		-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
P <sub>d</sub>	Power dissipation	T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C	500	mW
T <sub>opr</sub>	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 (N version) / -40 to 85 (D version)	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

**Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>CC</sub> /AV <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage			2.2	–	5.5	V
V <sub>SS</sub> /AV <sub>SS</sub>	Supply voltage			–	0	–	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input “H” voltage			0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>	–	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input “L” voltage			0	–	0.2 V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>OH</sub> (sum)	Peak sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins I <sub>OH</sub> (peak)		–	–	-160	mA
I <sub>OH</sub> (sum)	Average sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins I <sub>OH</sub> (avg)		–	–	-80	mA
I <sub>OH</sub> (peak)	Peak output “H” current	Except P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	-10	mA
		P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	-40	mA
I <sub>OH</sub> (avg)	Average output “H” current	Except P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	-5	mA
		P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	-20	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> (sum)	Peak sum output “L” currents	Sum of all pins I <sub>OL</sub> (peak)		–	–	160	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> (sum)	Average sum output “L” currents	Sum of all pins I <sub>OL</sub> (avg)		–	–	80	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> (peak)	Peak output “L” currents	Except P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	10	mA
		P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	40	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> (avg)	Average output “L” current	Except P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	5	mA
		P1_0 to P1_7		–	–	20	mA
f(XIN)	XIN clock input oscillation frequency		3.0 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	20	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
			2.2 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.7 V	0	–	5	MHz
f(XCIN)	XCIN clock input oscillation frequency		2.2 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	70	kHz
–	System clock	OCD2 = 0 XIN clock selected	3.0 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	20	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
			2.2 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.7 V	0	–	5	MHz
		OCD2 = 1 On-chip oscillator clock selected	FRA01 = 0 Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected	–	125	–	kHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 3.0 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	10	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 2.2 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	5	MHz

**NOTES:**

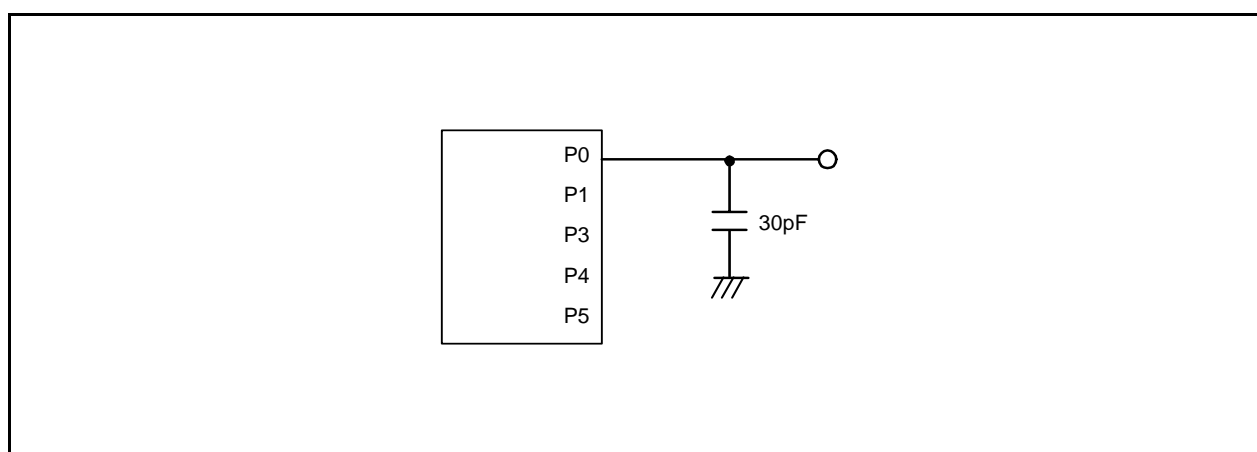
1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.

**Table 5.3 A/D Converter Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	—	—	10	Bits
—	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 3$	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 5$	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 5$	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
$R_{ladder}$	Resistor ladder		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	10	—	40	$k\Omega$
$t_{conv}$	Conversion time	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	3.3	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}, V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	2.8	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
$V_{ref}$	Reference voltage			2.2	—	$AV_{CC}$	V
$V_{IA}$	Analog input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>			0	—	$AV_{CC}$	V
—	A/D operating clock frequency	Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	10	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	10	MHz
		Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	5	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	5	MHz

## NOTES:

1.  $AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$  at  $T_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$  (N version) /  $-40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

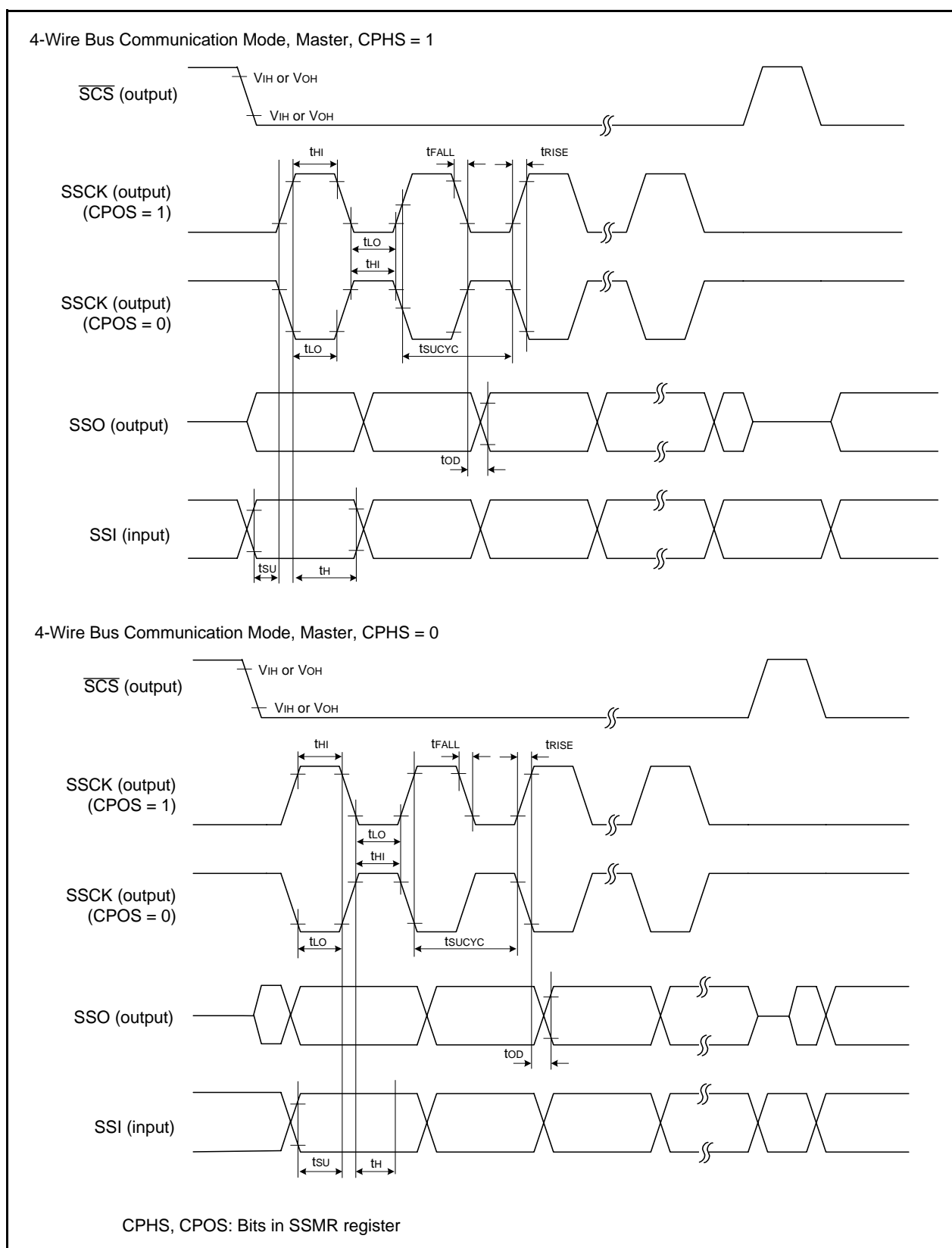
**Figure 5.1 Ports P0, P1, and P3 to P5 Timing Measurement Circuit**

**Table 5.4 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance <sup>(2)</sup>	R8C/26 Group	100 <sup>(3)</sup>	–	–	times
		R8C/27 Group	1,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	–	–	times
–	Byte program time		–	50	400	μs
–	Block erase time		–	0.4	9	s
t <sub>d</sub> (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		–	–	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycles	μs
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	–	–	μs
–	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	ns
–	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		–	–	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycles	μs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		2.2	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		0	–	60	°C
–	Data hold time <sup>(7)</sup>	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	–	–	year

**NOTES:**

1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance  
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.  
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.  
However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.



**Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Master)**



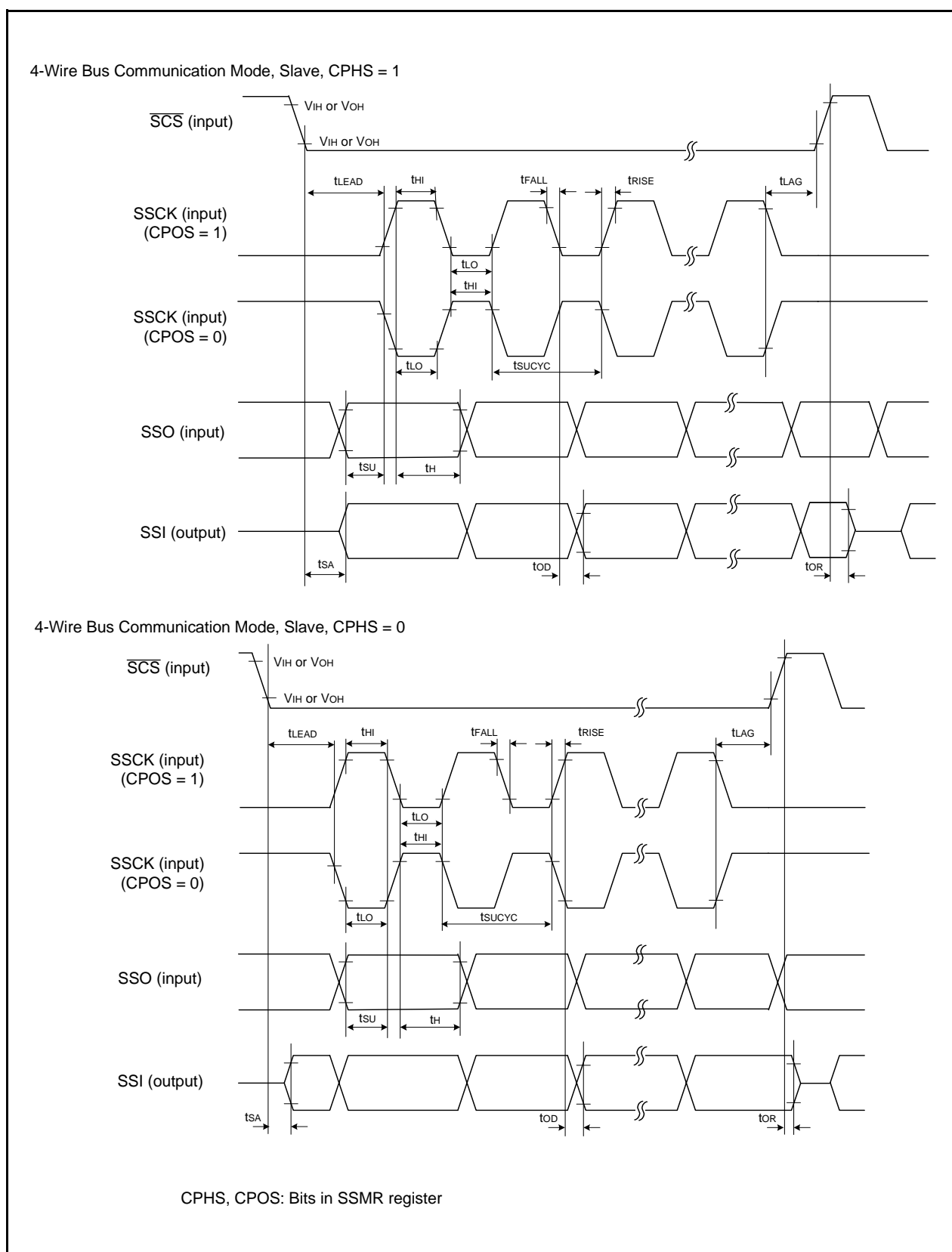


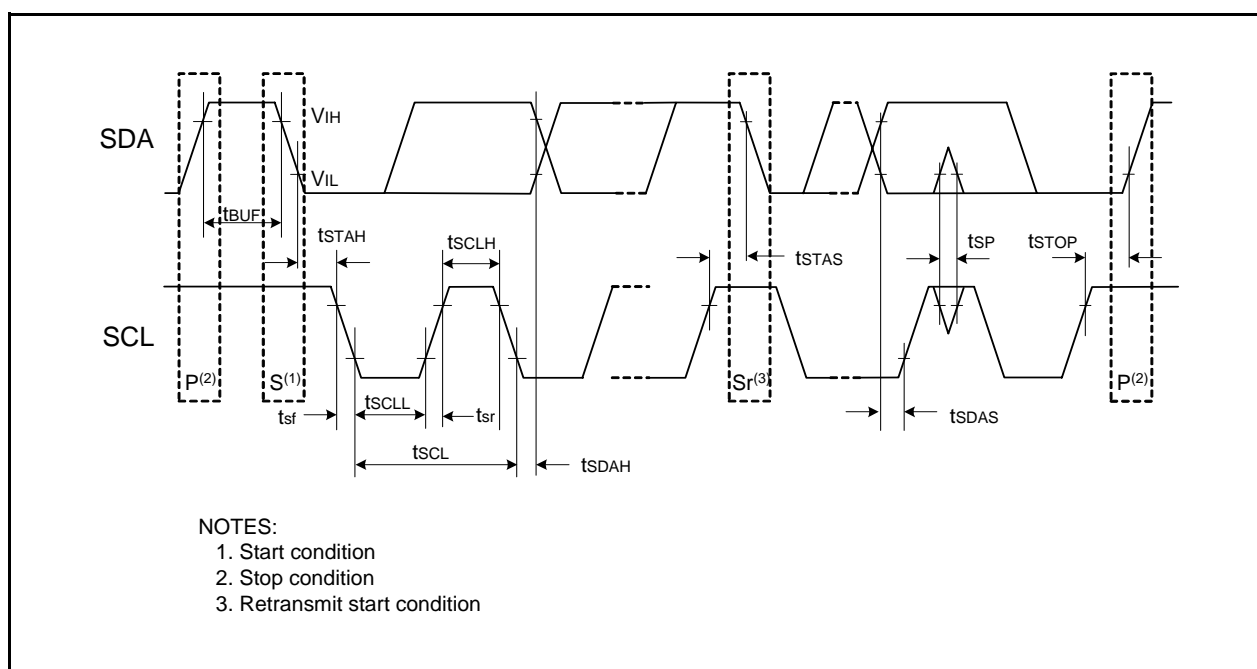
Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

**Table 5.14 Timing Requirements of I<sup>2</sup>C bus Interface<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t <sub>SCL</sub>	SCL input cycle time		12t <sub>CYC</sub> + 600 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	–	ns
t <sub>SCLH</sub>	SCL input “H” width		3t <sub>CYC</sub> + 300 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	–	ns
t <sub>SCLL</sub>	SCL input “L” width		5t <sub>CYC</sub> + 500 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	–	ns
t <sub>sf</sub>	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t <sub>SP</sub>	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	1t <sub>CYC</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	ns
t <sub>BUF</sub>	SDA input bus-free time		5t <sub>CYC</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	–	–	ns
t <sub>STAH</sub>	Start condition input hold time		3t <sub>CYC</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	–	–	ns
t <sub>STAS</sub>	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3t <sub>CYC</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	–	–	ns
t <sub>STOP</sub>	Stop condition input setup time		3t <sub>CYC</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	–	–	ns
t <sub>SDAS</sub>	Data input setup time		1t <sub>CYC</sub> + 20 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	–	ns
t <sub>SDAH</sub>	Data input hold time		0	–	–	ns

**NOTES:**

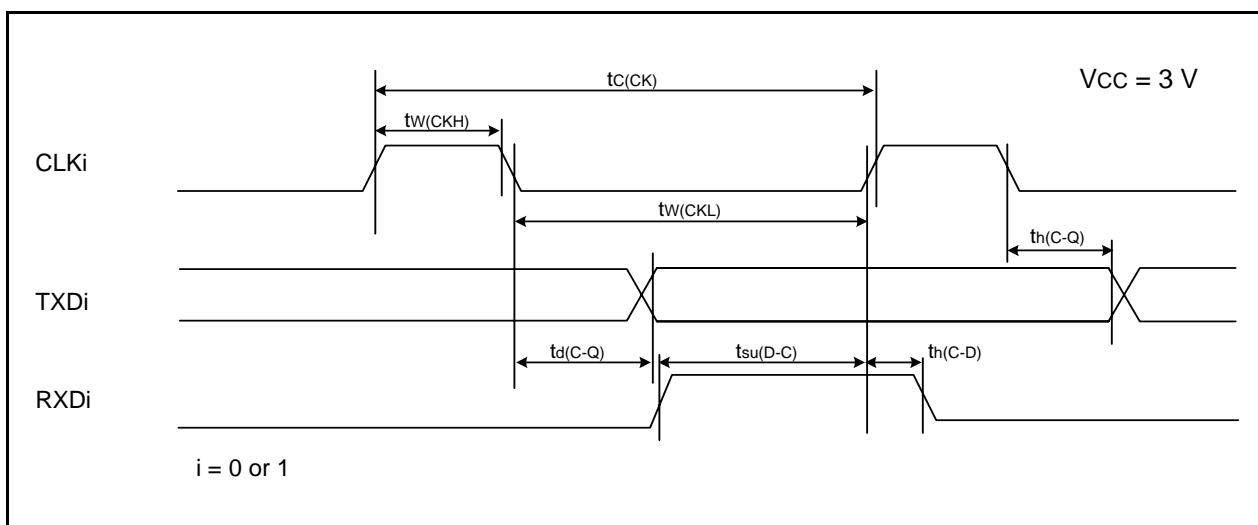
1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1t<sub>CYC</sub> = 1/f<sub>1</sub>(s)

**Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I<sup>2</sup>C bus Interface**

**Table 5.26 Serial Interface**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	300	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	150	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi Input "L" width	150	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

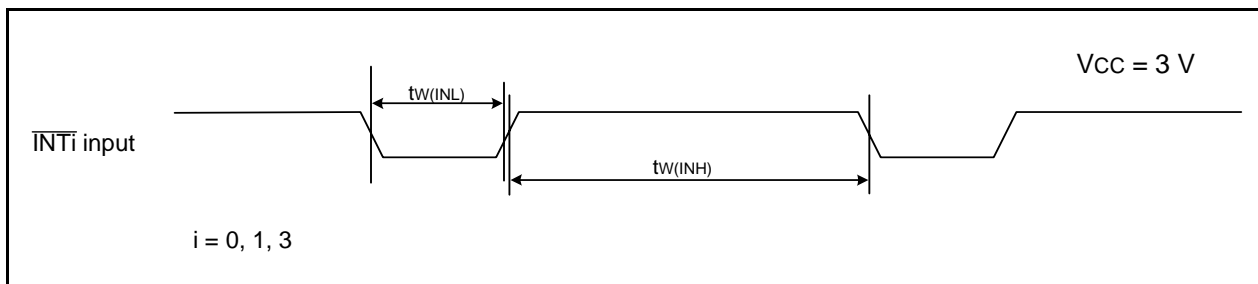
i = 0 or 1

**Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V****Table 5.27 External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  (i = 0, 1, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "H" width	380 <sup>(1)</sup>	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "L" width	380 <sup>(2)</sup>	—	ns

## NOTES:

- When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

**Figure 5.15 External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V**

## 5.2 J, K Version

**Table 5.34 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub> /AV <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage		-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage		-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
P <sub>d</sub>	Power dissipation	-40 °C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85 °C	300	mW
		85 °C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 125 °C	125	mW
T <sub>opr</sub>	Operating ambient temperature		-40 to 85 (J version) / -40 to 125 (K version)	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

**Table 5.35 Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>CC</sub> /AV <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage			2.7	–	5.5	V
V <sub>SS</sub> /AV <sub>SS</sub>	Supply voltage			–	0	–	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input “H” voltage			0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>	–	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input “L” voltage			0	–	0.2 V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>OH</sub> (sum)	Peak sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins I <sub>OH</sub> (peak)		–	–	-60	mA
I <sub>OH</sub> (peak)	Peak output “H” current			–	–	-10	mA
I <sub>OH</sub> (avg)	Average output “H” current			–	–	-5	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> (sum)	Peak sum output “L” currents	Sum of all pins I <sub>OL</sub> (peak)		–	–	60	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> (peak)	Peak output “L” currents			–	–	10	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> (avg)	Average output “L” current			–	–	5	mA
f(XIN)	XIN clock input oscillation frequency		3.0 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V (other than K version)	0	–	20	MHz
			3.0 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V (K version)	0	–	16	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
–	System clock	OCD2 = 0 XIN clock selected	3.0 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V (other than K version)	0	–	20	MHz
			3.0 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V (K version)	0	–	16	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
		OCD2 = 1 On-chip oscillator clock selected	FRA01 = 0 Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected	–	125	–	kHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected (other than K version)	–	–	20	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected	–	–	10	MHz

**NOTES:**

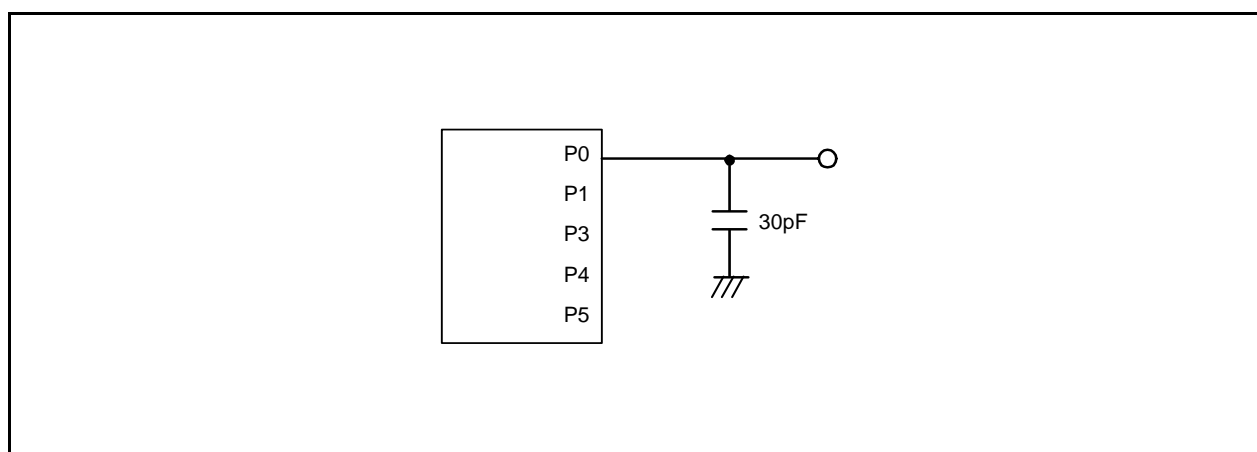
1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.

**Table 5.36 A/D Converter Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	—	—	10	Bits
—	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 3$	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 5$	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
$R_{ladder}$	Resistor ladder		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	10	—	40	$k\Omega$
$t_{conv}$	Conversion time	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	3.3	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	2.8	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
$V_{ref}$	Reference voltage			2.7	—	$AV_{CC}$	V
$V_{IA}$	Analog input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>			0	—	$AV_{CC}$	V
—	A/D operating clock frequency	Without sample and hold		0.25	—	10	MHz
		With sample and hold		1	—	10	MHz

## NOTES:

1.  $AV_{CC} = 2.7$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$  at  $T_{opr} = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (J version) /  $-40$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

**Figure 5.20 Ports P0, P1, and P3 to P5 Timing Measurement Circuit**

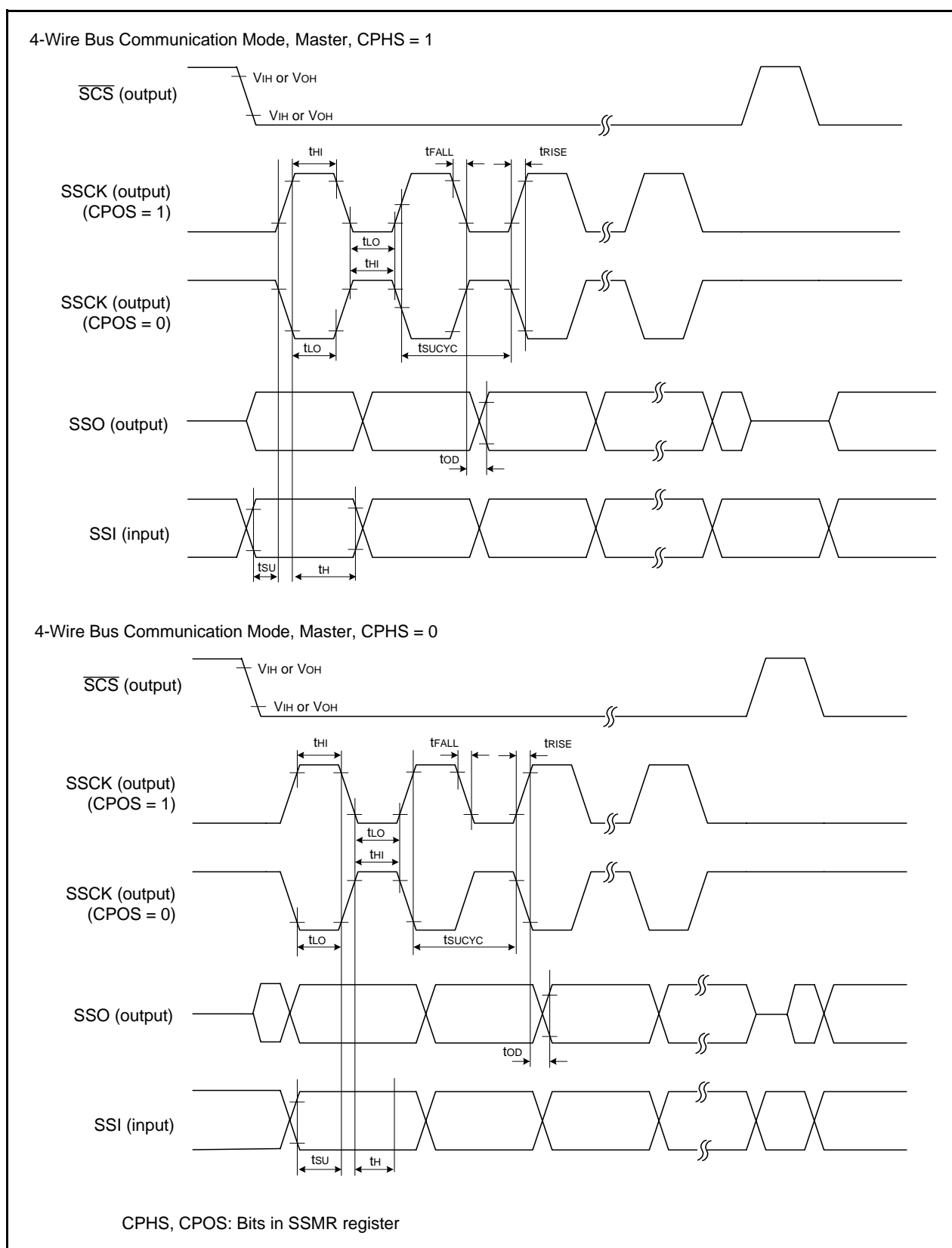
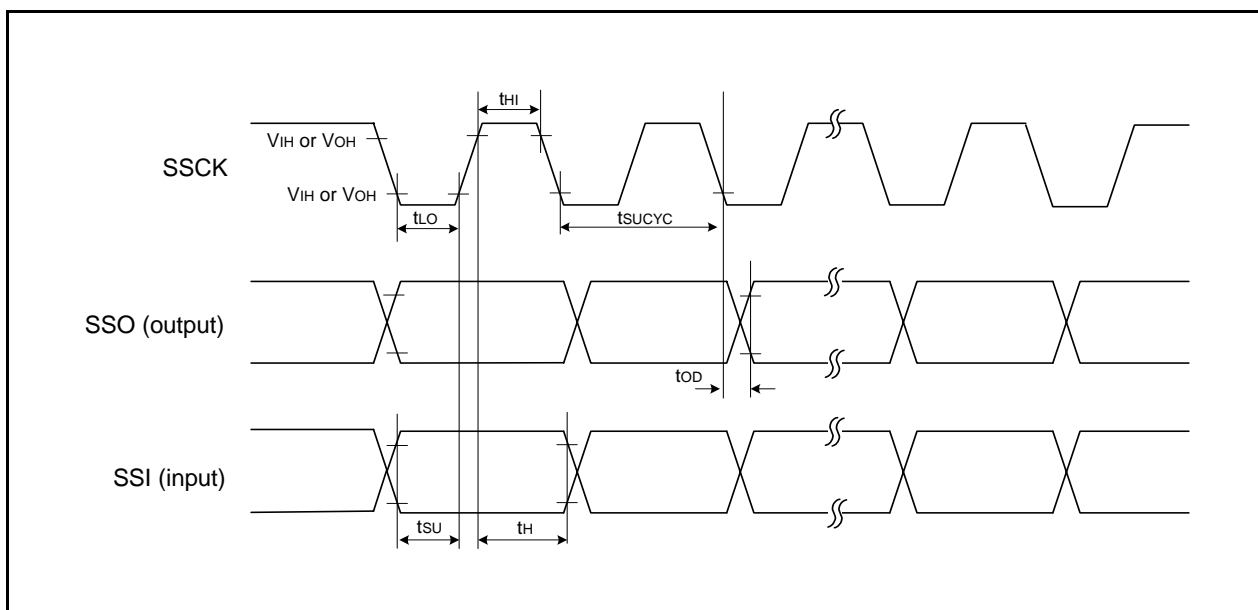


Figure 5.23 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Master)



**Figure 5.25 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode)**

**Table 5.47 Electrical Characteristics (1) [V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V]**

Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output "H" voltage	Except XOUT	I <sub>OH</sub> = -5 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
			I <sub>OH</sub> = -200 $\mu$ A	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.3	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
			Drive capacity LOW I <sub>OH</sub> = -500 $\mu$ A	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output "L" voltage	Except XOUT	I <sub>OL</sub> = 5 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 200 $\mu$ A	—	—	0.45	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW I <sub>OL</sub> = 500 $\mu$ A	—	—	2.0	V
V <sub>T+</sub> -V <sub>T-</sub>	Hysteresis	$\overline{\text{INT0}}, \overline{\text{INT1}}, \overline{\text{INT3}},$ KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO		0.1	0.5	—	V
		$\overline{\text{RESET}}$		0.1	1.0	—	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input "H" current		V <sub>I</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	—	—	5.0	$\mu$ A
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input "L" current		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	—	—	-5.0	$\mu$ A
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Pull-up resistance		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	30	50	167	k $\Omega$
R <sub>fXIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XIN		—	1.0	—	M $\Omega$
V <sub>RAM</sub>	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode	2.0	—	—	V

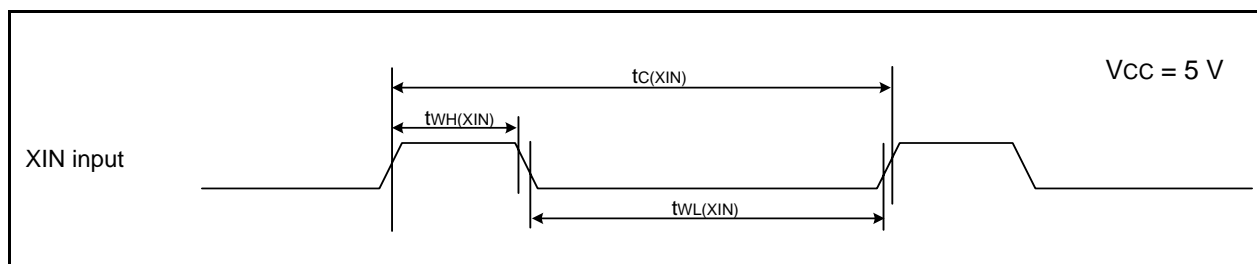
NOTE:

1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.2 to 5.5 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

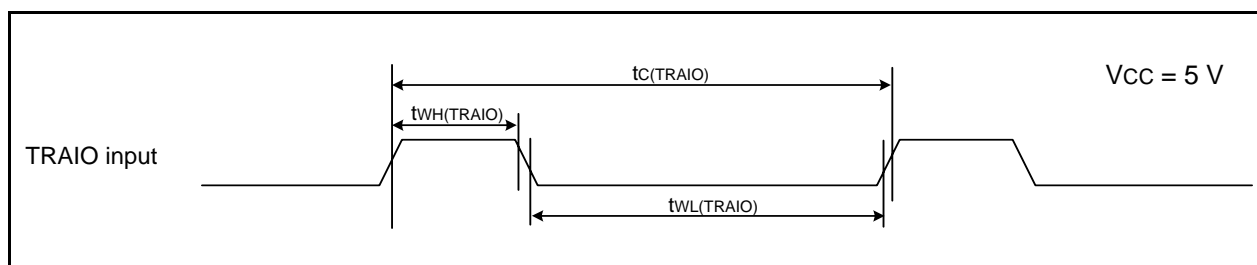


**Timing Requirements****(Unless Otherwise Specified:  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$  at  $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) [ $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ]****Table 5.49 XIN Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	50	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input "H" width	25	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input "L" width	25	–	ns

**Figure 5.27 XIN Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$** **Table 5.50 TRAIO Input**

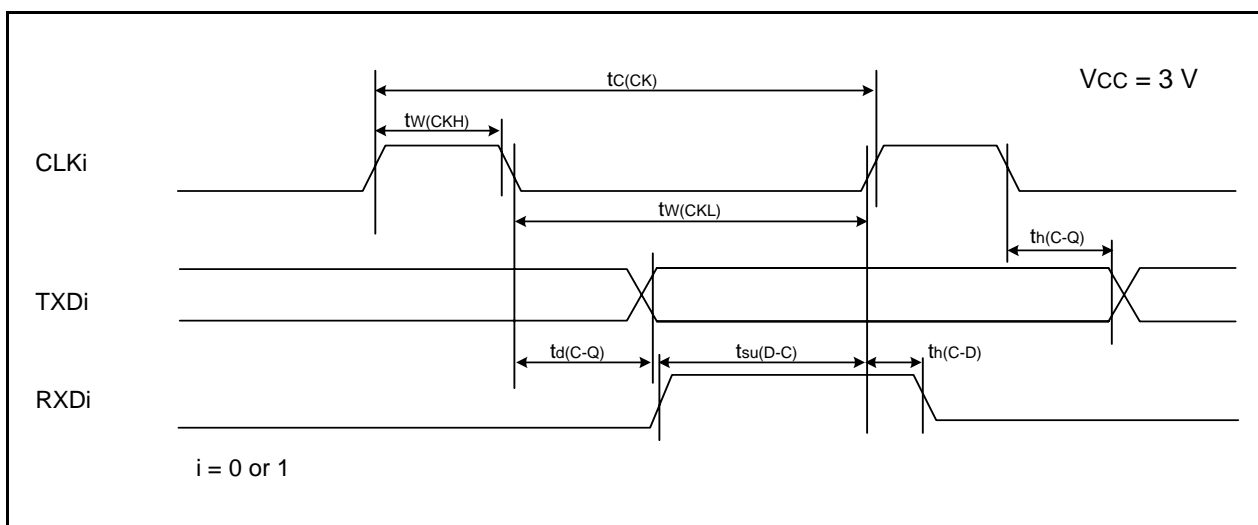
Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "H" width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "L" width	40	–	ns

**Figure 5.28 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$**

**Table 5.57 Serial Interface**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	300	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	150	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi Input "L" width	150	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

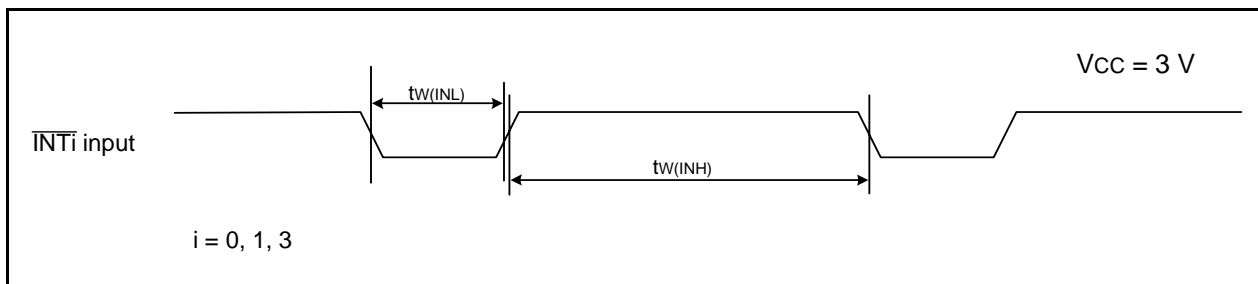
i = 0 or 1

**Figure 5.33 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V****Table 5.58 External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  (i = 0, 1, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "H" width	380 <sup>(1)</sup>	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "L" width	380 <sup>(2)</sup>	—	ns

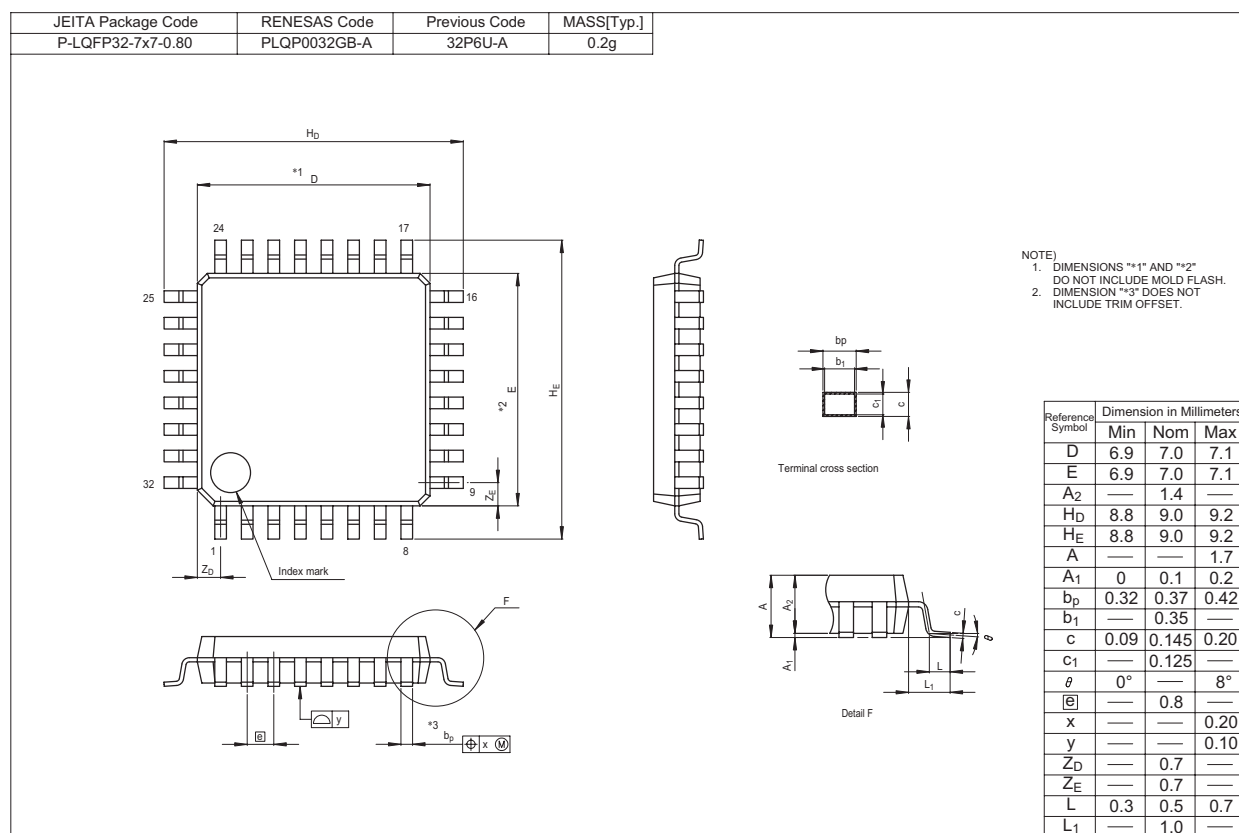
**NOTES:**

1. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

**Figure 5.34 External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V**

## Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the “Packages” section of the Renesas Technology website.



REVISION HISTORY	R8C/26 Group, R8C/27 Group Datasheet
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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
0.10	Nov 14, 2005	–	First edition issued
0.20	Feb 06, 2006	2, 3	Table 1.1 Functions and Specifications for R8C/26Group and Table 1.2 Functions and Specifications for R8C/27 Group; Minimum instruction execution time and Supply voltage revised
		9	Table 1.6 Pin Name Information by Pin Number; “XOUT” → “XOUT/XCOUT” and “XIN” → “XIN/XCIN” revised
		18	Table 4.4 SFR Information (4); 00FEh: “DRR” → “P1DRR” revised
		19	Table 4.5 SFR Information (5); -0119h: “Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Register” → “Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register” -011Ah: “Timer RE Time Data Register” → “Timer RE Hour Data Register” -011Bh: “Timer RE Day Data Register” → “Timer RE Day of Week Data Register” revised
		22 to 45	5. Electrical Characteristics added
1.00	Nov 08, 2006	All pages	“Preliminary” deleted
		2	Table 1.1 revised
		3	Table 1.2 revised
		4	Figure 1.1 revised
		5	Table 1.3 revised
		6	Table 1.4 revised
		7	Figure 1.4 revised
		9	Table 1.6 revised
		15	Table 4.1; • 001Ch: “00h” → “00h, 10000000b” revised • 000Fh: “000XXXXXb” → “00X11111b” revised • 0029h: “High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 4, FRA4, When shipping” added • 002Bh: “High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6, FRA6, When shipping” added • 0032h: “00h, 01000000b” → “00h, 00100000b” revised • 0038h: “00001000b, 01001001b” → “0000X000b, 0100X001b” revised • NOTE3 and 4 revised; NOTE6 added
		18	Table 4.4; • 00E0h, 00E1h, 00E5h, 00E8h, 00E9h: “XXh” → “00h” revised • 00FDh: “XX00000000b” → “00h” revised
		22	Table 5.2 revised
		23	Figure 5.1 title revised
		24	Table 5.4 revised
		25	Table 5.5 revised
		26	Figure 5.2 title revised and Table 5.7 NOTE4 added

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/26 Group, R8C/27 Group Datasheet
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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Nov 08, 2006	27	Table 5.9, Figure 5.3 revised and Table 5.10 deleted
		28	Table 5.10, Table 5.11 revised
		34	Table 5.15 revised
		35	Table 5.16 revised
		36	Table 5.17 revised
		39	Table 5.22 revised
		40	Table 5.23 revised
		44	Table 5.29 revised
		47	Package Dimensions; "Diagrams showing the latest...website." added
1.10	Nov 29, 2006	All pages	"J, K version" added
		1	1 "J and K versions are under development...notice." added 1.1 revised
		2	Table 1.1 revised
		3	Table 1.2 revised
		4	Figure 1.1 NOTE3 added
		5	Table 1.3, Figure 1.2 revised
		6	Table 1.4, Figure 1.3 revised
		7	Figure 1.4 NOTE3 added
		8	Table 1.5 revised
		9	Table 1.6 NOTE2 added
		13	Figure 3.1 revised
		14	Figure 3.2 revised
		15	Table 4.1; "0000h to 003Fh" → "0000h to 002Fh" revised • NOTE3 added
		16	Table 4.2; "0040h to 007Fh" → "0030h to 007Fh" revised • 0032h, 0036h: "After reset" is revised • 0038h: NOTE revised • NOTES 2, 5, 6 revised and NOTE 7, 8 added
		19	Table 4.5 NOTE2 added
		28	Table 5.10 revised
		48 to 66	5.2 J, K Version added
1.20	Jan 17, 2007	18	Table 4.4 NOTE2 added
1.30	May 25, 2007	2	Table 1.1 revised
		3	Table 1.2 revised
		5	Table 1.3 revised
		6	Figure 1.2 revised
		7	Table 1.4 revised
		8	Figure 1.3 revised
		9	Figure 1.4 NOTE4 added
		15	Figure 3.1 part number revised