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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	100MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	49
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 28x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-VQFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx430f064ht-i-mr

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

TABLE 6: PIN NAMES FOR 124-PIN DEVICES

124-PIN VTLA (BOTTOM VIEW) ^(1,2,3,4,5)			
PIC32MX330F064L PIC32MX350F128L PIC32MX350F256L PIC32MX370F512L			
Package Bump #	Full Pin Name	Package Bump #	Full Pin Name
A1	No Connect	A38	SDA1/RG3
A2	RG15	A39	SCL2/RA2
A3	Vss	A40	TDI/CTED9/RA4
A4	AN23/PMD6/RE6	A41	VDD
A5	RPC1/RC1	A42	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
A6	RPC3/RC3	A43	Vss
A7	AN16/C1IND/RPG6/SCK2/PMA5/RG6	A44	RPA15/RA15
A8	AN18/C2IND/RPG8/PMA3/RG8	A45	RPD9/RD9
A9	AN19/C2INC/RPG9/PMA2/RG9	A46	RPD11/PMCS1/RD11
A10	VDD	A47	SOSCI/IPC13/RC13
A11	RPE8/RE8	A48	VDD
A12	AN5/C1INA/RPB5/RB5	A49	No Connect
A13	PGED3/AN3/C2INA/RPB3/RB3	A50	No Connect
A14	VDD	A51	No Connect
A15	PGEC1/AN1/RPB1/CTED12/RB1	A52	AN24/RPD1/RD1
A16	No Connect	A53	AN26/RPD3/RD3
A17	No Connect	A54	PMD13/RD13
A18	No Connect	A55	RPD5/PMRD/RD5
A19	No Connect	A56	PMD15/RD7
A20	PGEC2/AN6/RPB6/RB6	A57	No Connect
A21	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9	A58	No Connect
A22	AVDD	A59	VDD
A23	AN8/RPB8/CTED10/RB8	A60	RPF1/PMD10/RF1
A24	CVREFOUT/AN10/RPB10/CTED11/PMA13/RB10	A61	RPG0/PMD8/RG0
A25	Vss	A62	TRD3/CTED8/RA7
A26	TCK/CTED2/RA1	A63	Vss
A27	RPF12/RF12	A64	PMD1/RE1
A28	AN13/PMA10/RB13	A65	TRD1/RG12
A29	AN15/RPB15/OCFB/CTED6/PMA0/RB15	A66	AN20/PMD2/RE2
A30	VDD	A67	AN21/PMD4/RE4
A31	RPD15/RD15	A68	No Connect
A32	RPF5/PMA8/RF5	B1	VDD
A33	No Connect	B2	AN22/RPE5/PMD5/RE5
A34	No Connect	B3	AN27/PMD7/RE7
A35	RPF3/RF3	B4	RPC2/RC2
A36	RPF2/RF2	B5	RPC4/CTED7/RC4
A37	RPF7/RF7	B6	AN17/C1INC/RPG7/PMA4/RG7

- Note**
- 1: The RPN pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 12.3 “Peripheral Pin Select”** for restrictions.
 - 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx), with the exception of RF6, can be used as a change notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 12.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
 - 3: RPF6 (bump B30) and RPF7 (bump A37) are only remappable for input functions.
 - 4: Shaded package bumps are 5V tolerant.
 - 5: It is recommended that the user connect the printed circuit board (PCB) ground to the conductive thermal pad on the bottom of the package. And to not run non-Vss PCB traces under the conductive thermal pad on the same side of the PCB layout.

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TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS

Pin Name	Pin Number			Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	64-pin QFN/TQFP	100-pin TQFP	124-pin VTLA			
AN0	16	25	B14	I	Analog	Analog input channels.
AN1	15	24	A15	I	Analog	
AN2	14	23	B13	I	Analog	
AN3	13	22	A13	I	Analog	
AN4	12	21	B11	I	Analog	
AN5	11	20	A12	I	Analog	
AN6	17	26	A20	I	Analog	
AN7	18	27	B16	I	Analog	
AN8	21	32	A23	I	Analog	
AN9	22	33	B19	I	Analog	
AN10	23	34	A24	I	Analog	
AN11	24	35	B20	I	Analog	
AN12	27	41	B23	I	Analog	
AN13	28	42	A28	I	Analog	
AN14	29	43	B24	I	Analog	
AN15	30	44	A29	I	Analog	
AN16	4	10	A7	I	Analog	
AN17	5	11	B6	I	Analog	
AN18	6	12	A8	I	Analog	
AN19	8	14	A9	I	Analog	
AN20	62	98	A66	I	Analog	
AN21	64	100	A67	I	Analog	
AN22	1	3	B2	I	Analog	
AN23	2	4	A4	I	Analog	
AN24	49	76	A52	I	Analog	
AN25	50	77	B42	I	Analog	
AN26	51	78	A53	I	Analog	
AN27	3	5	B3	I	Analog	
CLKI	39	63	B34	I	ST/CMOS	External clock source input. Always associated with OSC1 pin function.
CLKO	40	64	A42	O	—	Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes. Always associated with the OSC2 pin function.
OSC1	39	63	B34	I	ST/CMOS	Oscillator crystal input. ST buffer when configured in RC mode; CMOS otherwise.
OSC2	40	64	A42	O	—	Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes.
SOSCI	47	73	A47	I	ST/CMOS	32.768 kHz low-power oscillator crystal input; CMOS otherwise.
SOSCO	48	74	B40	O	—	32.768 kHz low-power oscillator crystal output.

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
TTL = TTL input buffer

Note 1: This pin is only available on devices without a USB module.
2: This pin is only available on devices with a USB module.
3: This pin is not available on 64-pin devices.

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TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number			Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	64-pin QFN/TQFP	100-pin TQFP	124-pin VTLA			
RB0	16	25	B14	I/O	ST	PORTB is a bidirectional I/O port
RB1	15	24	A15	I/O	ST	
RB2	14	23	B13	I/O	ST	
RB3	13	22	A13	I/O	ST	
RB4	12	21	B11	I/O	ST	
RB5	11	20	A12	I/O	ST	
RB6	17	26	A20	I/O	ST	
RB7	18	27	B16	I/O	ST	
RB8	21	32	A23	I/O	ST	
RB9	22	33	B19	I/O	ST	
RB10	23	34	A24	I/O	ST	
RB11	24	35	B20	I/O	ST	
RB12	27	41	B23	I/O	ST	
RB13	28	42	A28	I/O	ST	
RB14	29	43	B24	I/O	ST	
RB15	30	44	A29	I/O	ST	
RC1	—	6	A5	I/O	ST	PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port
RC2	—	7	B4	I/O	ST	
RC3	—	8	A6	I/O	ST	
RC4	—	9	B5	I/O	ST	
RC12	39	63	B34	I/O	ST	
RC13	47	73	A47	I/O	ST	
RC14	48	74	B40	I/O	ST	
RC15	40	64	A42	I/O	ST	PORTD is a bidirectional I/O port
RD0	46	72	B39	I/O	ST	
RD1	49	76	A52	I/O	ST	
RD2	50	77	B42	I/O	ST	
RD3	51	78	A53	I/O	ST	
RD4	52	81	B44	I/O	ST	
RD5	53	82	A55	I/O	ST	
RD6	54	83	B45	I/O	ST	
RD7	55	84	A56	I/O	ST	
RD8	42	68	B37	I/O	ST	
RD9	43	69	A45	I/O	ST	
RD10	44	70	B38	I/O	ST	
RD11	45	71	A46	I/O	ST	
RD12	—	79	B43	I/O	ST	
RD13	—	80	A54	I/O	ST	
RD14	—	47	B26	I/O	ST	
RD15	—	48	A31	I/O	ST	

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
TTL = TTL input buffer

Note 1: This pin is only available on devices without a USB module.
2: This pin is only available on devices with a USB module.
3: This pin is not available on 64-pin devices.

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Coprocessor 0 also contains the logic for identifying and managing exceptions. Exceptions can be caused by a variety of sources, including alignment errors in data, external events or program errors. Table 3-3 lists the exception types in order of priority.

TABLE 3-3: MIPS32® M4K® PROCESSOR CORE EXCEPTION TYPES

Exception	Description
Reset	Assertion $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ or a Power-on Reset (POR).
DSS	EJTAG debug single step.
DINT	EJTAG debug interrupt. Caused by the assertion of the external <i>EJ_DINT</i> input or by setting the <i>EjtagBrk</i> bit in the ECR register.
NMI	Assertion of NMI signal.
Interrupt	Assertion of unmasked hardware or software interrupt signal.
DIB	EJTAG debug hardware instruction break matched.
AdEL	Fetch address alignment error. Fetch reference to protected address.
IBE	Instruction fetch bus error.
DBp	EJTAG breakpoint (execution of SDBBP instruction).
Sys	Execution of SYSCALL instruction.
Bp	Execution of BREAK instruction.
RI	Execution of a reserved instruction.
CpU	Execution of a coprocessor instruction for a coprocessor that is not enabled.
CEU	Execution of a <i>CorExtend</i> instruction when <i>CorExtend</i> is not enabled.
Ov	Execution of an arithmetic instruction that overflowed.
Tr	Execution of a trap (when trap condition is true).
DDBL/DDBS	EJTAG Data Address Break (address only) or EJTAG data value break on store (address + value).
AdEL	Load address alignment error. Load reference to protected address.
AdES	Store address alignment error. Store to protected address.
DBE	Load or store bus error.
DDBL	EJTAG data hardware breakpoint matched in load data compare.

3.3 Power Management

The MIPS® M4K® processor core offers a number of power management features, including low-power design, active power management and power-down modes of operation. The core is a static design that supports slowing or Halting the clocks, which reduces system power consumption during Idle periods.

3.3.1 INSTRUCTION-CONTROLLED POWER MANAGEMENT

The mechanism for invoking Power-Down mode is through execution of the WAIT instruction. For more information on power management, see **Section 27.0 “Power-Saving Features”**.

3.3.2 LOCAL CLOCK GATING

The majority of the power consumed by the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family core is in the clock tree and clocking registers. The PIC32MX family uses extensive use of local gated-clocks to reduce this dynamic power consumption.

3.4 EJTAG Debug Support

The MIPS® M4K® processor core provides for an Enhanced JTAG (EJTAG) interface for use in the software debug of application and kernel code. In addition to standard User mode and Kernel modes of operation, the M4K® core provides a Debug mode that is entered after a debug exception (derived from a hardware breakpoint, single-step exception, etc.) is taken and continues until a Debug Exception Return (DERET) instruction is executed. During this time, the processor executes the debug exception handler routine.

The EJTAG interface operates through the Test Access Port (TAP), a serial communication port used for transferring test data in and out of the core. In addition to the standard JTAG instructions, special instructions defined in the EJTAG specification define which registers are selected and how they are used.

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TABLE 4-1: SFR MEMORY MAP

Peripheral	Virtual Address	
	Base	Offset Start
Watchdog Timer	0xBF80	0x0000
RTCC		0x0200
Timer1-5		0x0600
Input Capture 1-5		0x2000
Output Compare 1-5		0x3000
I2C1 and I2C2		0x5000
SPI1 and SPI2		0x5800
UART1 and UART2		0x6000
PMP		0x7000
ADC		0x9000
CVREF		0x9800
Comparator		0xA000
CTMU		0xA200
Oscillator		0xF000
Device and Revision ID		0xF200
Flash Controller		0xF400
Reset		0xF600
PPS		0xFA04
Interrupts	0xBF88	0x1000
Bus Matrix		0x2000
DMA		0x3000
Prefetch		0x4000
USB		0x5040
PORTA-PORTG		0x6000
Configuration	0xBFC0	0x2FF0

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REGISTER 6-2: RSWRST: SOFTWARE RESET REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	W-0, HC
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SWRST ⁽¹⁾

Legend:	HC = Cleared by hardware		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **SWRST:** Software Reset Trigger bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Enable software Reset event

0 = No effect

Note 1: The system unlock sequence must be performed before the SWRST bit can be written. Refer to **Section 6. "Oscillator"** (DS60001185F) in the *"PIC32 Family Reference Manual"* for details.

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REGISTER 8-3: REFOCON: REFERENCE OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	RODIV<14:8> ^(1,3)						
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	RODIV<7:0> ⁽³⁾							
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0, HC	R-0, HS, HC
	ON	—	SIDL	OE	RSLP ⁽²⁾	—	DIVSWEN	ACTIVE
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	ROSEL<3:0> ⁽¹⁾			

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable	HS = Hardware Settable
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 30-16 **RODIV<14:0>:** Reference Clock Divider bits^(1,3)
This value selects the Reference Clock Divider bits. See Figure 8-1 for more information.
- bit 15 **ON:** Output Enable bit
1 = Reference Oscillator Module is enabled
0 = Reference Oscillator Module is disabled
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **SIDL:** Peripheral Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12 **OE:** Reference Clock Output Enable bit
1 = Reference clock is driven out on REFCLKO pin
0 = Reference clock is not driven out on REFCLKO pin
- bit 11 **RSLP:** Reference Oscillator Module Run in Sleep bit⁽²⁾
1 = Reference Oscillator Module output continues to run in Sleep
0 = Reference Oscillator Module output is disabled in Sleep
- bit 10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9 **DIVSWEN:** Divider Switch Enable bit
1 = Divider switch is in progress
0 = Divider switch is complete
- bit 8 **ACTIVE:** Reference Clock Request Status bit
1 = Reference clock request is active
0 = Reference clock request is not active
- bit 7-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** The ROSEL and RODIV bits should not be written while the ACTIVE bit is '1', as undefined behavior may result.
- 2:** This bit is ignored when the ROSEL<3:0> bits = 0000 or 0001.
- 3:** While the ON bit is set to '1', writes to these bits do not take effect until the DIVSWEN bit is also set to '1'.

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REGISTER 9-8: CHEW3: CACHE WORD 3

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEW3<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEW3<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEW3<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEW3<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **CHEW3<31:0>**: Word 3 of the cache line selected by the CHEIDX<3:0> bits (CHEACC<3:0>)

Readable only if the device is not code-protected.

Note: This register is a window into the cache data array and is readable only if the device is not code-protected.

REGISTER 9-9: CHELRU: CACHE LRU REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHELRU<24>
23:16	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHELRU<23:16>							
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHELRU<15:8>							
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHELRU<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-25 **Unimplemented:** Write '0'; ignore read

bit 24-0 **CHELRU<24:0>**: Cache Least Recently Used State Encoding bits

Indicates the pseudo-LRU state of the cache.

TABLE 10-3: DMA CHANNEL 0 THROUGH CHANNEL 3 REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets		
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0	
3280	DCH2CPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHCPTR<15:0>															0000		
3290	DCH2DAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHPDAT<7:0>										0000
32A0	DCH3CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHBUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHCHNS	CHEN	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN	—	CHEDET	CHPRI<1:0>		0000	
32B0	DCH3ECON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHAIRQ<7:0>										00FF
		15:0	CHSIRQ<7:0>							CFORCE	CABORT	PATEN	SIRQEN	AIRQEN	—	—	—	FFF8		
32C0	DCH3INT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIE	CHSHIE	CHDDIE	CHDHIE	CHBCIE	CHCCIE	CHTAIE	CHERIE	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIF	CHSHIF	CHDDIF	CHDHIF	CHBCIF	CHCCIF	CHTAIF	CHERIF	0000	
32D0	DCH3SSA	31:16	CHSSA<31:0>															0000		
		15:0	CHSSA<31:0>															0000		
32E0	DCH3DSA	31:16	CHDSA<31:0>															0000		
		15:0	CHDSA<31:0>															0000		
32F0	DCH3SSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHSSIZ<15:0>															0000		
3300	DCH3DSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHDSIZ<15:0>															0000		
3310	DCH3SPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHSPTR<15:0>															0000		
3320	DCH3DPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHDPTR<15:0>															0000		
3330	DCH3CSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHCSIZ<15:0>															0000		
3340	DCH3CPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHCPTR<15:0>															0000		
3350	DCH3DAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHPDAT<7:0>									

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers” for more information.

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

REGISTER 11-11: U1CON: USB CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 1 **PPBRST:** Ping-Pong Buffers Reset bit
 1 = Reset all Even/Odd buffer pointers to the EVEN BD banks
 0 = Even/Odd buffer pointers not being Reset
- bit 0 **USBEN:** USB Module Enable bit⁽⁴⁾
 1 = USB module and supporting circuitry is enabled
 0 = USB module and supporting circuitry is disabled
- SOFEN:** SOF Enable bit⁽⁵⁾
 1 = SOF token sent every 1 ms
 0 = SOF token is disabled

- Note 1:** Software is required to check this bit before issuing another token command to the U1TOK register (see Register 11-15).
- 2:** All host control logic is reset any time that the value of this bit is toggled.
- 3:** Software must set the RESUME bit for 10 ms if the part is a function, or for 25 ms if the part is a host, and then clear it to enable remote wake-up. In Host mode, the USB module will append a low-speed EOP to the RESUME signaling when this bit is cleared.
- 4:** Device mode.
- 5:** Host mode.

TABLE 12-10: PORTE REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX330F064H, PIC32MX350F128H, PIC32MX350F256H, PIC32MX370F512H, PIC32MX430F064H, PIC32MX450F128H, PIC32MX450F256H, AND PIC32MX470F512H DEVICES ONLY

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6400	ANSELE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSELE7	ANSELE6	ANSELE5	ANSELE4	—	ANSELE2	—	—	00F4
6410	TRISE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISE7	TRISE6	TRISE5	TRISE4	TRISE3	TRISE2	TRISE1	TRISE0	xxxx
6420	PORTE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RE7	RE6	RE5	RE4	RE3	RE2	RE1	RE0	xxxx
6440	LATE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATE7	LATE6	LATE5	LATE4	LATE3	LATE2	LATE1	LATE0	xxxx
6440	ODCE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCE7	ODCE6	ODCE5	ODCE4	ODCE3	ODCE2	ODCE1	ODCE0	xxxx
6450	CNPUE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUE7	CNPUE6	CNPUE5	CNPUE4	CNPDE3	CNPUE2	CNPUE1	CNPUE0	xxxx
6460	CNPDE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDE7	CNPDE6	CNPDE5	CNPDE4	CNPDE3	CNPDE2	CNPDE1	CNPDE0	xxxx
6470	CNCONE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6480	CNENE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEE7	CNIEE6	CNIEE5	CNIEE4	CNIEE3	CNIEE2	CNIEE1	CNIEE0	xxxx
6490	CNSTATE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CN STATE7	CN STATE6	CN STATE5	CN STATE4	CN STATE3	CN STATE2	CN STATE1	CN STATE0	xxxx

Legend: x = Unknown value on Reset; — = Unimplemented, read as '0'; Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

TABLE 12-14: PORTF REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX430F064H, PIC32MX450F128H, PIC32MX450F256H, AND PIC32MX470F512H DEVICES ONLY

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name(s)	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6510	TRISF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISF5	TRISF4	TRISF3	—	TRISF1	TRISF0	xxxx
6520	PORTF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RF5	RF4	RF3	—	RF1	RF0	xxxx
6530	LATF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATF5	LATF4	LATF3	—	LATF1	LATF0	xxxx
6540	ODCF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCF5	ODCF4	ODCF3	—	ODCF1	ODCF0	xxxx
6550	CNPUF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUF5	CNPUF4	CNPUF3	—	CNPUF1	CNPUF0	xxxx
6560	CNPDF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDF5	CNPDF4	CNPDF3	—	CNPDF1	CNPDF0	xxxx
6570	CNCONF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6580	CNENF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEF5	CNIEF4	CNIEF3	—	CNIEF1	CNIEF0	xxxx
6590	CNSTATF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CN STATF5	CN STATF4	CN STATF3	—	CN STATF1	CN STATF0	xxxx

Legend: x = Unknown value on Reset; — = Unimplemented, read as '0'; Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

14.0 TIMER2/3, TIMER4/5

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 14. "Timers"** (DS60001105), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

The PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family of devices features four synchronous 16-bit timers (default) that can operate as a free-running interval timer for various timing applications and counting external events. The following modes are supported:

- Synchronous internal 16-bit timer
- Synchronous internal 16-bit gated timer
- Synchronous external 16-bit timer

Two 32-bit synchronous timers are available by combining Timer2 with Timer3 and Timer4 with Timer5. The 32-bit timers can operate in three modes:

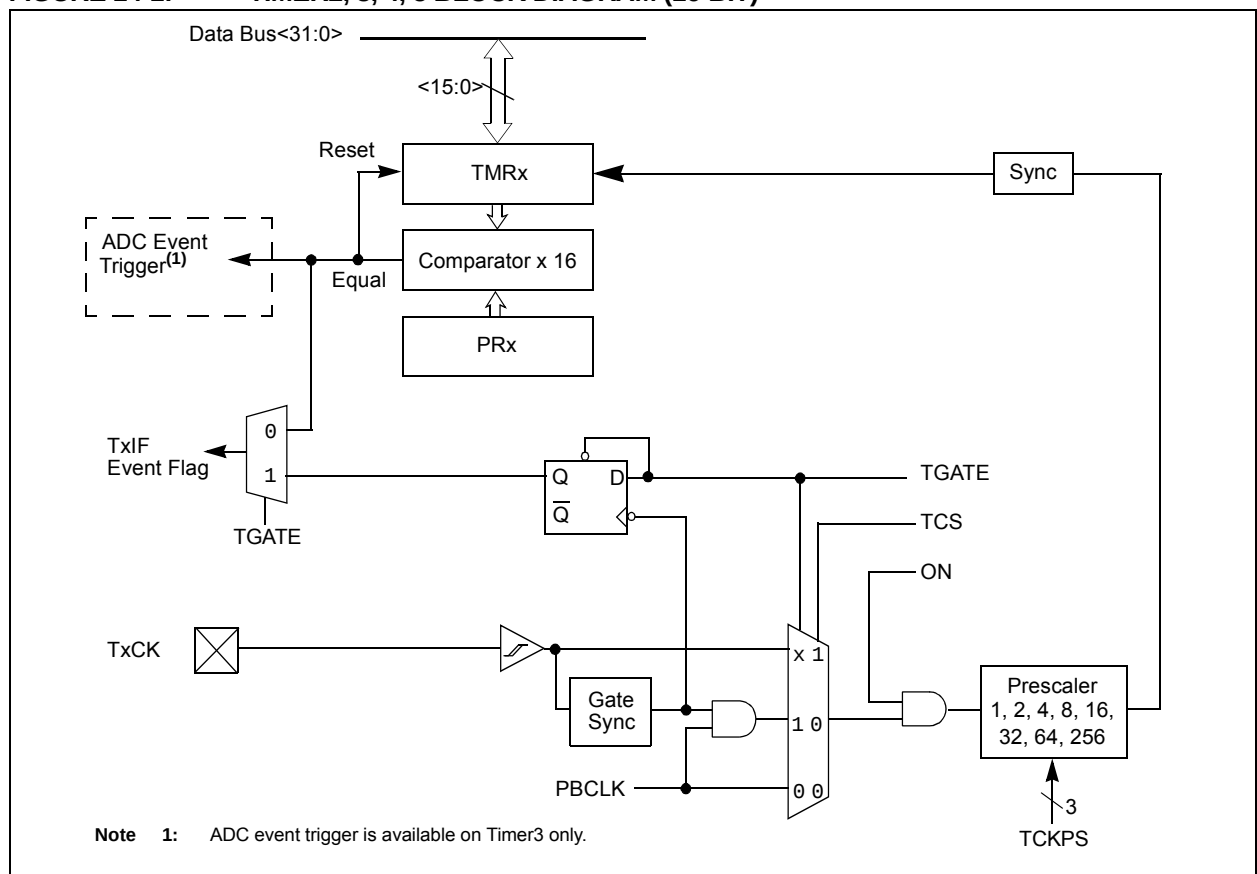
- Synchronous internal 32-bit timer
- Synchronous internal 32-bit gated timer
- Synchronous external 32-bit timer

Note: In this chapter, references to registers, TxCON, TMRx and PRx, use 'x' to represent Timer2 through 5 in 16-bit modes. In 32-bit modes, 'x' represents Timer2 or 4; 'y' represents Timer3 or 5.

14.1 Additional Supported Features

- Selectable clock prescaler
- Timers operational during CPU idle
- Time base for Input Capture and Output Compare modules (Timer2 and Timer3 only)
- ADC event trigger (Timer3 in 16-bit mode, Timer2/3 in 32-bit mode)
- Fast bit manipulation using CLR, SET, and INV registers

FIGURE 14-1: TIMER2, 3, 4, 5 BLOCK DIAGRAM (16-BIT)



PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

REGISTER 28-3: DEVCFG2: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 2

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —
23:16	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	R/P FPLLODIV<2:0>	R/P	R/P
15:8	R/P UPLLEN ⁽¹⁾	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	R/P UPLLIDIV<2:0> ⁽¹⁾	R/P	R/P
7:0	r-1 —	R/P-1 FPLLMUL<2:0>	R/P	R/P-1	r-1 —	R/P FPLLDIV<2:0>	R/P	R/P

Legend:	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-19 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 18-16 **FPLLODIV<2:0>:** Default PLL Output Divisor bits

111 = PLL output divided by 256
110 = PLL output divided by 64
101 = PLL output divided by 32
100 = PLL output divided by 16
011 = PLL output divided by 8
010 = PLL output divided by 4
001 = PLL output divided by 2
000 = PLL output divided by 1

bit 15 **UPLLEN:** USB PLL Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Disable and bypass USB PLL
0 = Enable USB PLL

bit 14-11 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 10-8 **UPLLIDIV<2:0>:** USB PLL Input Divider bits⁽¹⁾

111 = 12x divider
110 = 10x divider
101 = 6x divider
100 = 5x divider
011 = 4x divider
010 = 3x divider
001 = 2x divider
000 = 1x divider

bit 7 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 6-4 **FPLLMUL<2:0>:** PLL Multiplier bits

111 = 24x multiplier
110 = 21x multiplier
101 = 20x multiplier
100 = 19x multiplier
011 = 18x multiplier
010 = 17x multiplier
001 = 16x multiplier
000 = 15x multiplier

bit 3 **Reserved:** Write '1'

Note 1: This bit is available on PIC32MX4XX devices only.

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

REGISTER 28-5: CFGCON: CONFIGURATION CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	IOLOCK ⁽¹⁾	PMDLOCK ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1
	—	—	—	—	JTAGEN	TROEN	—	TDOEN

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **IOLOCK:** Peripheral Pin Select Lock bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Peripheral Pin Select is locked. Writes to PPS registers is not allowed

0 = Peripheral Pin Select is not locked. Writes to PPS registers is allowed

bit 12 **PMDLOCK:** Peripheral Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Peripheral module is locked. Writes to PMD registers is not allowed

0 = Peripheral module is not locked. Writes to PMD registers is allowed

bit 11-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **JTAGEN:** JTAG Port Enable bit

1 = Enable the JTAG port

0 = Disable the JTAG port

bit 2 **TROEN:** Trace Output Enable bit

1 = Enable trace outputs and start trace clock (trace probe must be present)

0 = Disable trace outputs and stop trace clock

bit 1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **TDOEN:** TDO Enable for 2-Wire JTAG

1 = 2-wire JTAG protocol uses TDO

0 = 2-wire JTAG protocol does not use TDO

Note 1: To change this bit, the unlock sequence must be performed. Refer to **Section 6. "Oscillator"** (DS60001112) in the "PIC32 Family Reference Manual" for details.

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

28.2 On-Chip Voltage Regulator

All PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 devices' core and digital logic are designed to operate at a nominal 1.8V. To simplify system designs, most devices in the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family incorporate an on-chip regulator providing the required core logic voltage from VDD.

A low-ESR capacitor (such as tantalum) must be connected to the VCAP pin (see Figure 28-1). This helps to maintain the stability of the regulator. The recommended value for the filter capacitor is provided in **Section 31.1 "DC Characteristics"**.

Note: It is important that the low-ESR capacitor is placed as close as possible to the VCAP pin.

28.2.1 HIGH VOLTAGE DETECT (HVD)

The HVD module monitors the core voltage at the VCAP pin. If a voltage above the required level is detected on VCAP, the I/O pins are disabled and the device is held in Reset as long as the HVD condition persists. See parameter HV10 (VHVD) in Table 31-11 in **Section 31.1 "DC Characteristics"** for more information.

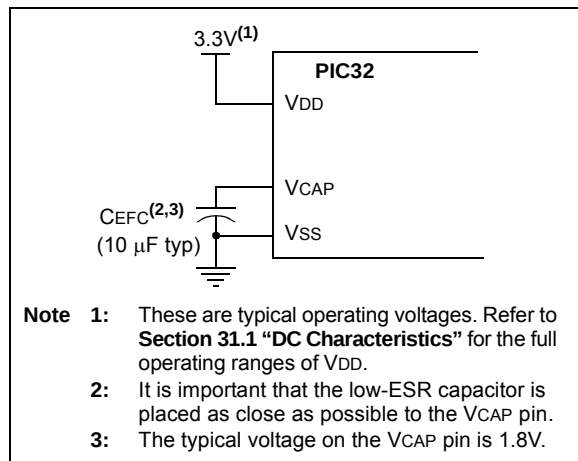
28.2.2 ON-CHIP REGULATOR AND POR

It takes a fixed delay for the on-chip regulator to generate an output. During this time, designated as TPU, code execution is disabled. TPU is applied every time the device resumes operation after any power-down, including Sleep mode.

28.2.3 ON-CHIP REGULATOR AND BOR

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 devices also have a simple brown-out capability. If the voltage supplied to the regulator is inadequate to maintain a regulated level, the regulator Reset circuitry will generate a Brown-out Reset. This event is captured by the BOR flag bit (RCON<1>). The brown-out voltage levels are specific in **Section 31.1 "DC Characteristics"**.

FIGURE 28-1: CONNECTIONS FOR THE ON-CHIP REGULATOR



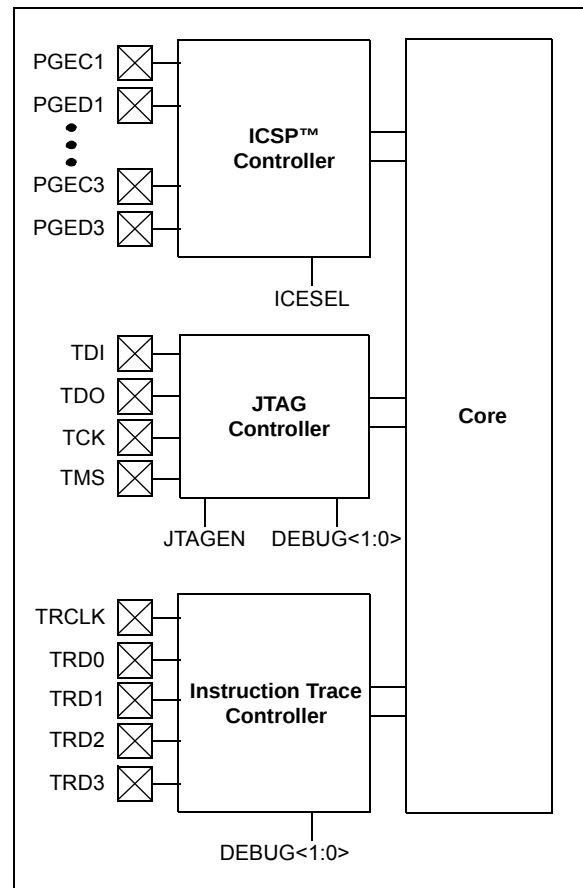
28.3 Programming and Diagnostics

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 devices provide a complete range of programming and diagnostic features that can increase the flexibility of any application using them. These features allow system designers to include:

- Simplified field programmability using two-wire In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) interfaces
- Debugging using ICSP
- Programming and debugging capabilities using the EJTAG extension of JTAG
- JTAG boundary scan testing for device and board diagnostics

PIC32 devices incorporate two programming and diagnostic modules, and a trace controller, that provide a range of functions to the application developer.

FIGURE 28-2: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF PROGRAMMING, DEBUGGING AND TRACE PORTS



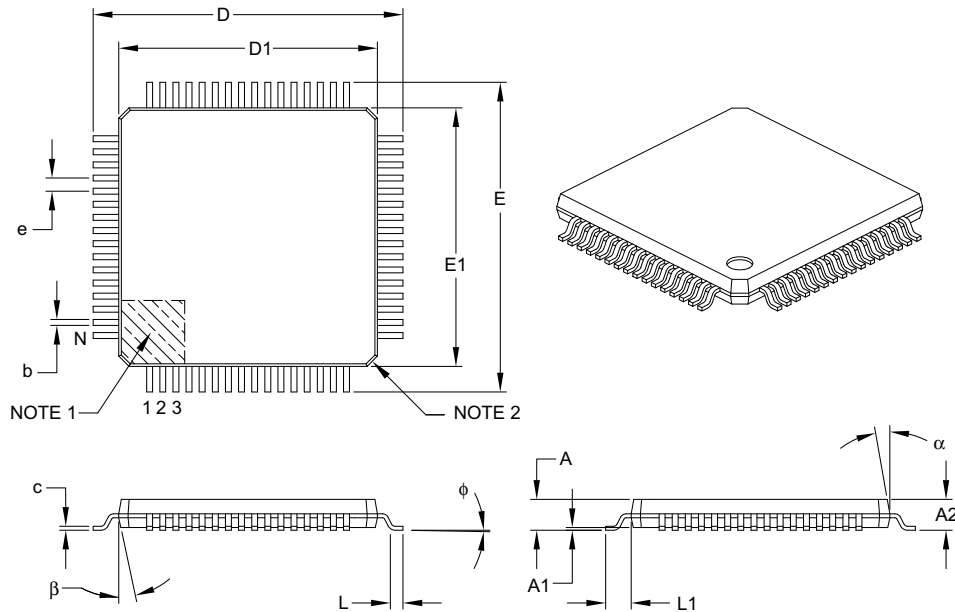
PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

33.2 Package Details

The following sections give the technical details of the packages.

64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N	64		
Lead Pitch	e	0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E	12.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	10.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1	10.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.17	0.22	0.27
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	11°	12°	13°

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

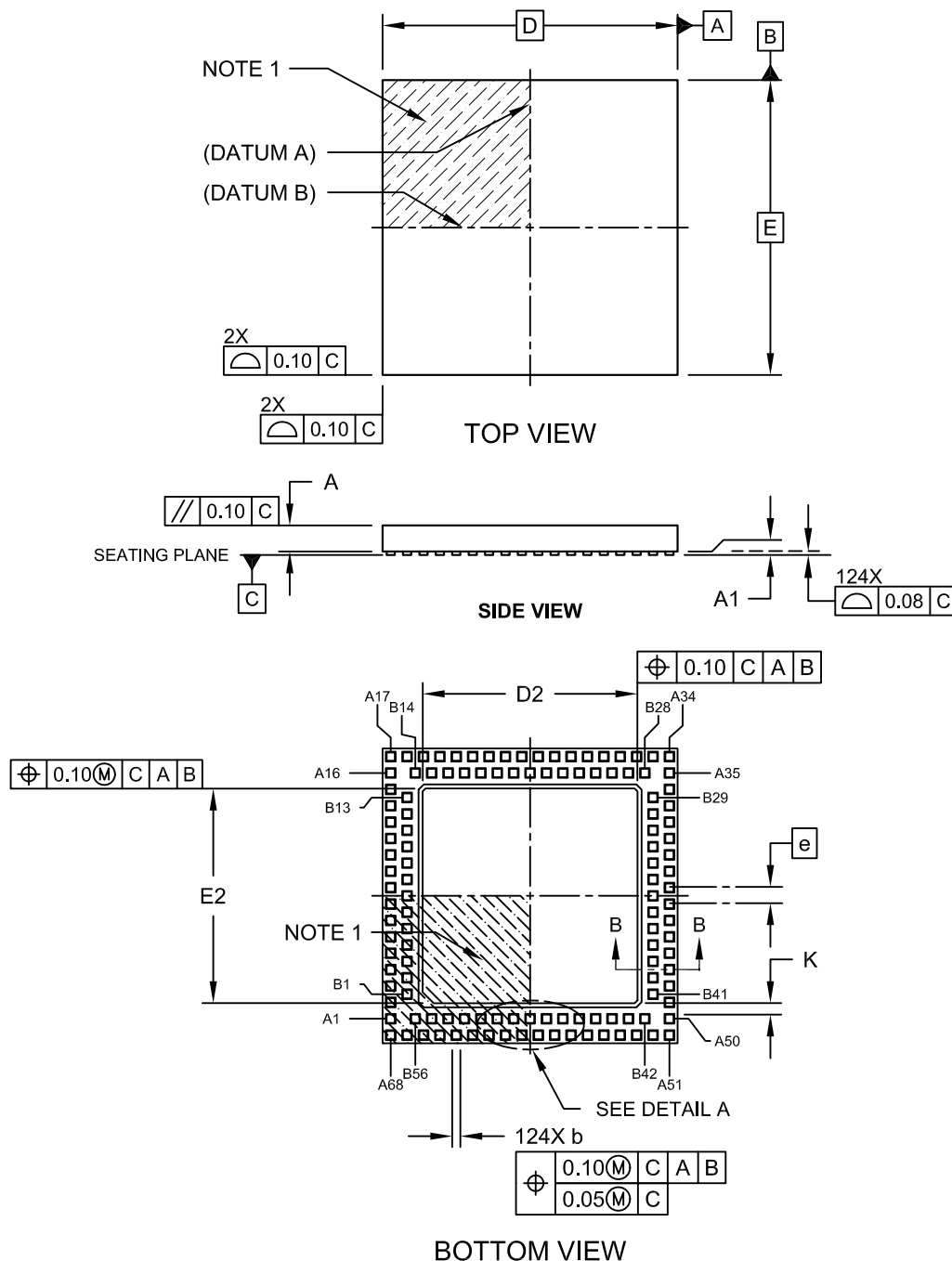
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-085B

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

124-Terminal Very Thin Leadless Array Package (TL) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body [VTLA]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-193A Sheet 1 of 2

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

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