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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	81
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 28x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx430f064l-v-pt

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

TABLE 4: PIN NAMES FOR 100-PIN DEVICES

100-PIN TQFP (TOP VIEW)^(1,2,3)

**PIC32MX330F064L
PIC32MX350F128L
PIC32MX350F256L
PIC32MX370F512L**

Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	RG15	36	VSS
2	VDD	37	VDD
3	AN22/RPE5/PMD5/RE5	38	TCK/CTED2/RA1
4	AN23/PMD6/RE6	39	RPF13/RF13
5	AN27/PMD7/RE7	40	RPF12/RF12
6	RPC1/RC1	41	AN12/PMA11/RB12
7	RPC2/RC2	42	AN13/PMA10/RB13
8	RPC3/RC3	43	AN14/RPB14/CTED5/PMA1/RB14
9	RPC4/CTED7/RC4	44	AN15/RPB15/OCFB/CTED6/PMA0/RB15
10	AN16/C1IND/RPG6/SCK2/PMA5/RG6	45	VSS
11	AN17/C1INC/RPG7/PMA4/RG7	46	VDD
12	AN18/C2IND/RPG8/PMA3/RG8	47	RPD14/RD14
13	MCLR	48	RPD15/RD15
14	AN19/C2INC/RPG9/PMA2/RG9	49	RPF4/PMA9/RF4
15	VSS	50	RPF5/PMA8/RF5
16	VDD	51	RPF3/RF3
17	TMS/CTED1/RA0	52	RPF2/RF2
18	RPE8/RE8	53	RPF8/RF8
19	RPE9/RE9	54	RPF7/RF7
20	AN5/C1INA/RPB5/RB5	55	RPF6/SCK1/INT0/RF6
21	AN4/C1INB/RB4	56	SDA1/RG3
22	PGED3/AN3/C2INA/RPB3/RB3	57	SCL1/RG2
23	PGEC3/AN2/C2INB/RPB2/CTED13/RB2	58	SCL2/RA2
24	PGEC1/AN1/RPB1/CTED12/RB1	59	SDA2/RA3
25	PGED1/AN0/RPB0/RB0	60	TDI/CTED9/RA4
26	PGEC2/AN6/RPB6/RB6	61	TDO/RA5
27	PGED2/AN7/RPB7/CTED3/RB7	62	VDD
28	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9	63	OSC1/CLK1/RC12
29	VREF+/CVREF+/PMA6/RA10	64	OSC2/CLK0/RC15
30	AVDD	65	VSS
31	AVss	66	RPA14/RA14
32	AN8/RPB8/CTED10/RB8	67	RPA15/RA15
33	AN9/RPB9/CTED4/RB9	68	RPD8/RTCC/RD8
34	CVREFOUT/AN10/RPB10/CTED11/PMA13/RB10	69	RPD9/RD9
35	AN11/PMA12/RB11	70	RPD10/PMCS2/RD10

Note 1: The RPn pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 12.3 "Peripheral Pin Select"** for restrictions.

- 2: Every I/O port pin (RAx-RGx), with the exception of RF6, can be used as a change notification pin (CNAx-CNGx). See **Section 12.0 "I/O Ports"** for more information.
- 3: RPF6 (pin 55) and RPF7 (pin 54) are only remappable for input functions.

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TABLE 5: PIN NAMES FOR 100-PIN DEVICES

100-PIN TQFP (TOP VIEW)^(1,2)

**PIC32MX430F064L
PIC32MX450F128L
PIC32MX450F256L
PIC32MX470F512L**

100

1

Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	RG15	36	VSS
2	VDD	37	VDD
3	AN22/RPE5/PMD5/RE5	38	TCK/CTED2/RA1
4	AN23/PMD6/RE6	39	RPF13/RF13
5	AN27/PMD7/RE7	40	RPF12/RF12
6	RPC1/RC1	41	AN12/PMA11/RB12
7	RPC2/RC2	42	AN13/PMA10/RB13
8	RPC3/RC3	43	AN14/RPB14/CTED5/PMA1/RB14
9	RPC4/CTED7/RC4	44	AN15/RPB15/OCFB/CTED6/PMA0/RB15
10	AN16/C1IND/RPG6/SCK2/PMA5/RG6	45	VSS
11	AN17/C1INC/RPG7/PMA4/RG7	46	VDD
12	AN18/C2IND/RPG8/PMA3/RG8	47	RPD14/RD14
13	MCLR	48	RPD15/RD15
14	AN19/C2INC/RPG9/PMA2/RG9	49	RPF4/PMA9/RF4
15	Vss	50	RPF5/PMA8/RF5
16	VDD	51	USBID/RF3
17	TMS/CTED1/RA0	52	RPF2/RF2
18	RPE8/RE8	53	RPF8/RF8
19	RPE9/RE9	54	VBUS
20	AN5/C1INA/RPB5/VBUSON/RB5	55	VUSB3V3
21	AN4/C1INB/RB4	56	D-
22	PGED3/AN3/C2INA/RPB3/RB3	57	D+
23	PGEC3/AN2/C2INB/RPB2/CTED13/RB2	58	SCL2/RA2
24	PGEC1/AN1/RPB1/CTED12/RB1	59	SDA2/RA3
25	PGED1/AN0/RPB0/RB0	60	TDI/CTED9/RA4
26	PGEC2/AN6/RPB6/RB6	61	TDO/RA5
27	PGED2/AN7/RPB7/CTED3/RB7	62	VDD
28	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9	63	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
29	VREF+/CVREF+/PMA6/RA10	64	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
30	AVDD	65	VSS
31	AVss	66	SCL1/RPA14/RA14
32	AN8/RPB8/CTED10/RB8	67	SDA1/RPA15/RA15
33	AN9/RPB9/CTED4/RB9	68	RPD8/RTCC/RD8
34	CVREFOUT/AN10/RPB10/CTED11/PMA13/RB10	69	RPD9/RD9
35	AN11/PMA12/RB11	70	RPD10/SCK1/PMCS2/RD10

- Note**
- 1: The RPn pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 12.3 “Peripheral Pin Select”** for restrictions.
 - 2: Every I/O port pin (RBx-RGx) can be used as a change notification pin (CNBx-CNGx). See **Section 12.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.

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TABLE 6: PIN NAMES FOR 124-PIN DEVICES

124-PIN VTLA (BOTTOM VIEW) ^(1,2,3,4,5)		A17	B13	B29	A34
PIC32MX330F064L					Conductive Thermal Pad
PIC32MX350F128L					
PIC32MX350F256L					
PIC32MX370F512L					
			B1	B41	A51
			B56		
		A1			
				A68	
		Polarity Indicator			
Package Bump #	Full Pin Name				Package Bump #
A1	No Connect				A38
A2	RG15				A39
A3	Vss				A40
A4	AN23/PMD6/RE6				A41
A5	RPC1/RC1				A42
A6	RPC3/RC3				A43
A7	AN16/C1IND/RPG6/SCK2/PMA5/RG6				A44
A8	AN18/C2IND/RPG8/PMA3/RG8				A45
A9	AN19/C2INC/RPG9/PMA2/RG9				A46
A10	VDD				A47
A11	RPE8/RE8				A48
A12	AN5/C1INA/RPB5/RB5				A49
A13	PGED3/AN3/C2INA/RPB3/RB3				A50
A14	VDD				A51
A15	PGECL/AN1/RPB1/CTED12/RB1				A52
A16	No Connect				A53
A17	No Connect				A54
A18	No Connect				A55
A19	No Connect				A56
A20	PGECL/AN6/RPB6/RB6				A57
A21	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9				A58
A22	AVDD				A59
A23	AN8/RPB8/CTED10/RB8				A60
A24	CVREFOUT/AN10/RPB10/CTED11/PMA13/RB10				A61
A25	Vss				A62
A26	TCK/CTED2/RA1				A63
A27	RPF12/RF12				A64
A28	AN13/PMA10/RB13				A65
A29	AN15/RPB15/OCFB/CTED6/PMA0/RB15				A66
A30	VDD				A67
A31	RPD15/RD15				A68
A32	RPF5/PMA8/RF5				B1
A33	No Connect				B2
A34	No Connect				B3
A35	RPF3/RF3				B4
A36	RPF2/RF2				B5
A37	RPF7/RF7				B6

- Note 1:** The RPn pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 12.3 “Peripheral Pin Select”** for restrictions.
- 2:** Every I/O port pin (RAx-RGx), with the exception of RF6, can be used as a change notification pin (CNAx-CNGx). See **Section 12.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- 3:** RF6 (bump B30) and RPF7 (bump A37) are only remappable for input functions.
- 4:** Shaded package bumps are 5V tolerant.
- 5:** It is recommended that the user connect the printed circuit board (PCB) ground to the conductive thermal pad on the bottom of the package. And to not run non-Vss PCB traces under the conductive thermal pad on the same side of the PCB layout.

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TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number			Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	64-pin QFN/ TQFP	100-pin TQFP	124-pin VTLA			
IC1	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Capture Input 1-5
IC2	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	
IC3	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	
IC4	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	
IC5	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	
OC1	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	ST	Output Compare Output 1
OC2	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	ST	Output Compare Output 2
OC3	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	ST	Output Compare Output 3
OC4	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	ST	Output Compare Output 4
OC5	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	ST	Output Compare Output 5
OCFA	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Output Compare Fault A Input
OCFB	30	44	A29	I	ST	Output Compare Fault B Input
INT0	35 ⁽¹⁾ , 46 ⁽²⁾	55 ⁽¹⁾ , 72 ⁽²⁾	B30 ⁽¹⁾ , B39 ⁽²⁾	I	ST	External Interrupt 0
INT1	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	External Interrupt 1
INT2	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	External Interrupt 2
INT3	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	External Interrupt 3
INT4	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	External Interrupt 4
RA0	—	17	B9	I/O	ST	PORTA is a bidirectional I/O port
RA1	—	38	A26	I/O	ST	
RA2	—	58	A39	I/O	ST	
RA3	—	59	B32	I/O	ST	
RA4	—	60	A40	I/O	ST	
RA5	—	61	B33	I/O	ST	
RA6	—	91	B51	I/O	ST	
RA7	—	92	A62	I/O	ST	
RA9	—	28	A21	I/O	ST	
RA10	—	29	B17	I/O	ST	
RA14	—	66	B36	I/O	ST	
RA15	—	67	A44	I/O	ST	

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels
 TTL = TTL input buffer

Analog = Analog input
 O = Output
 P = Power
 I = Input

- Note 1:** This pin is only available on devices without a USB module.
2: This pin is only available on devices with a USB module.
3: This pin is not available on 64-pin devices.

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REGISTER 4-5: BMXDRMSZ: DATA RAM SIZE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	BMXDRMSZ<31:24>							
23:16	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	BMXDRMSZ<23:16>							
15:8	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	BMXDRMSZ<15:8>							
7:0	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	BMXDRMSZ<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **BMXDRMSZ<31:0>**: Data RAM Memory (DRM) Size bits

Static value that indicates the size of the Data RAM in bytes:

0x00004000 = Device has 16 KB RAM

0x00008000 = Device has 32 KB RAM

0x00100000 = Device has 64 KB RAM

0x00200000 = Device has 128 KB RAM

REGISTER 4-6: BMXPUPBA: PROGRAM FLASH (PFM) USER PROGRAM BASE ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0				
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0				
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
	—	—	—	—	BMXPUPBA<19:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0				
	BMXPUPBA<15:8>											
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0				
	BMXPUPBA<7:0>											

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-20 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 19-11 **BMXPUPBA<19:11>**: Program Flash (PFM) User Program Base Address bits

bit 10-0 **BMXPUPBA<10:0>**: Read-Only bits

Value is always '0', which forces 2 KB increments

Note 1: At Reset, the value in this register is forced to zero, which causes all of the RAM to be allocated to Kernel mode data usage.
2: The value in this register must be less than or equal to BMXPFMSZ.

6.0 RESETS

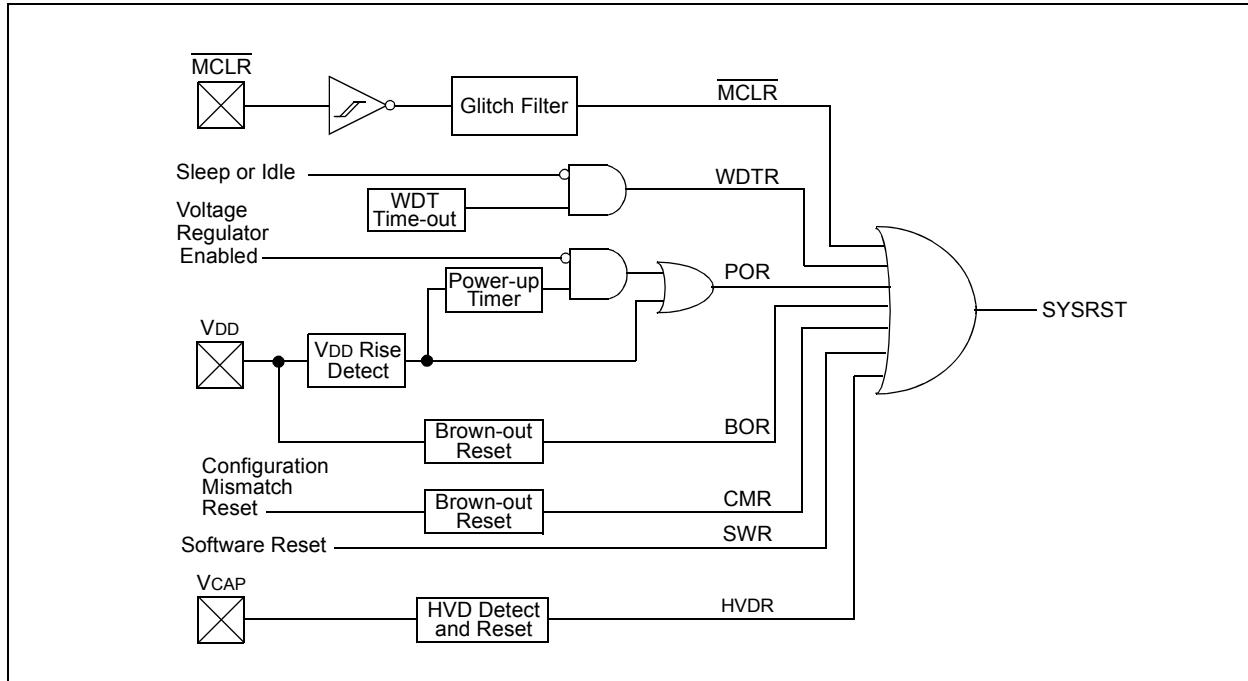
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 7. “Resets”** (DS60001118), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

The Reset module combines all Reset sources and controls the device Master Reset signal, SYSRST. The following is a list of device Reset sources:

- POR: Power-on Reset
- MCLR: Master Clear Reset pin
- SWR: Software Reset
- WDTR: Watchdog Timer Reset
- BOR: Brown-out Reset
- CMR: Configuration Mismatch Reset
- HVDR: High Voltage Detect Reset

A simplified block diagram of the Reset module is illustrated in Figure 6-1.

FIGURE 6-1: SYSTEM RESET BLOCK DIAGRAM



10.1 Control Registers

TABLE 10-1: DMA GLOBAL REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
3000	DMACON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	ON	—	—	SUSPEND	DMABUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
3010	DMASTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RDWR	DMACH<2:0>	—	—	0000	
3020	DMAADDR	31:16	DMAADDR<31:0>																0000
		15:0	DMAADDR<31:0>																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

TABLE 10-2: DMA CRC REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets							
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0								
3030	DCRCCON	31:16	—	—	BYTO<1:0>		WBO	—	—	BITO	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000								
		15:0	—	—	—	PLEN<4:0>				CRCEN	CRCAPP	CRCTYP	—	—	CRCCH<2:0>			0000								
3040	DCRCDATA	31:16	DCRCDATA<31:0>																0000							
		15:0	DCRCDATA<31:0>																0000							
3050	DCRCXOR	31:16	DCRCXOR<31:0>																0000							
		15:0	DCRCXOR<31:0>																0000							

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

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REGISTER 10-4: DCRCCON: DMA CRC CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	—	—	BYTO<1:0>		WBO ⁽¹⁾	—	—	BITO ⁽¹⁾
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	PLEN<4:0>				
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CRCEN	CRCAPP ⁽¹⁾	CRCTYP	—	—	CRCCH<2:0>		

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-30 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 29-28 **BYTO<1:0>:** CRC Byte Order Selection bits

- 11 = Endian byte swap on half-word boundaries (i.e., source half-word order with reverse source byte order per half-word)
- 10 = Swap half-words on word boundaries (i.e., reverse source half-word order with source byte order per half-word)
- 01 = Endian byte swap on word boundaries (i.e., reverse source byte order)
- 00 = No swapping (i.e., source byte order)

bit 27 **WBO:** CRC Write Byte Order Selection bit⁽¹⁾

- 1 = Source data is written to the destination re-ordered as defined by BYTO<1:0>
- 0 = Source data is written to the destination unaltered

bit 26-25 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 24 **BITO:** CRC Bit Order Selection bit⁽¹⁾

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1 (CRC module is in IP Header mode):

- 1 = The IP header checksum is calculated Least Significant bit (LSb) first (i.e., reflected)
- 0 = The IP header checksum is calculated Most Significant bit (MSb) first (i.e., not reflected)

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0 (CRC module is in LFSR mode):

- 1 = The LFSR CRC is calculated Least Significant bit first (i.e., reflected)
- 0 = The LFSR CRC is calculated Most Significant bit first (i.e., not reflected)

bit 23-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **PLEN<4:0>:** Polynomial Length bits⁽¹⁾

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1 (CRC module is in IP Header mode):

These bits are unused.

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0 (CRC module is in LFSR mode):

Denotes the length of the polynomial – 1.

bit 7 **CRCEN:** CRC Enable bit

- 1 = CRC module is enabled and channel transfers are routed through the CRC module
- 0 = CRC module is disabled and channel transfers proceed normally

Note 1: When WBO = 1, unaligned transfers are not supported and the CRCAPP bit cannot be set.

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REGISTER 11-11: U1CON: USB CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 1 **PPBRST:** Ping-Pong Buffers Reset bit
1 = Reset all Even/Odd buffer pointers to the EVEN BD banks
0 = Even/Odd buffer pointers not being Reset
- bit 0 **USBEN:** USB Module Enable bit⁽⁴⁾
1 = USB module and supporting circuitry is enabled
0 = USB module and supporting circuitry is disabled
SOFEN: SOF Enable bit⁽⁵⁾
1 = SOF token sent every 1 ms
0 = SOF token is disabled

Note 1: Software is required to check this bit before issuing another token command to the U1TOK register (see Register 11-15).

- 2:** All host control logic is reset any time that the value of this bit is toggled.
- 3:** Software must set the RESUME bit for 10 ms if the part is a function, or for 25 ms if the part is a host, and then clear it to enable remote wake-up. In Host mode, the USB module will append a low-speed EOP to the RESUME signaling when this bit is cleared.
- 4:** Device mode.
- 5:** Host mode.

**TABLE 12-15: PORTG REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX330F064L, PIC32MX350F128L, PIC32MX350F256L, PIC32MX370F512L,
PIC32MX430F064L, PIC32MX450F128L, PIC32MX450F256L, AND PIC32MX470F512L DEVICES ONLY**

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0
6600	ANSELG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSELG9	ANSELG8	ANSELG7	ANSELG6	—	—	—	—	—	01C0
6610	TRISG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TRISG15	TRISG14	TRISG13	TRISG12	—	—	TRISG9	TRISG8	TRISG7	TRISG6	—	—	TRISG3	TRISG2	TRISG1	TRISG0
6620	PORTG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	RG15	RG14	RG13	RG12	—	—	RG9	RG8	RG7	RG6	—	—	RG3 ⁽²⁾	RG2 ⁽²⁾	RG1	RG0
6630	LATG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	LATG15	LATG14	LATG13	LATG12	—	—	LATG9	LATG8	LATG7	LATG6	—	—	LATG3	LATG2	LATG1	LATG0
6640	ODCG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ODCG15	ODCG14	ODCG13	ODCG12	—	—	ODCG9	ODCG8	ODCG7	ODCG6	—	—	ODCG3	ODCG2	ODCG1	ODCG0
6650	CNPUG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPUG15	CNPUG14	CNPUG13	CNPUG12	—	—	CNPUG9	CNPUG8	CNPUG7	CNPUG6	—	—	CNPUG3	CNPUG2	CNPUG1	CNPUG0
6660	CNPDG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPDG15	CNPDG14	CNPDG13	CNPDG12	—	—	CNPDG9	CNPDG8	CNPDG7	CNPDG6	—	—	CNPDG3	CNPDG2	CNPDG1	CNPDG0
6670	CNCONG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6680	CNENG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNIEG15	CNIEG14	CNIEG13	CNIEG12	—	—	CNIEG9	CNIEG8	CNIEG7	CNIEG6	—	—	CNIEG3	CNIEG2	CNIEG1	CNIEG0
6690	CNSTATG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNSTATG15	CNSTATG14	CNSTATG13	CNSTATG12	—	—	CNSTATG9	CNSTATG8	CNSTATG7	CNSTATG6	—	—	CNSTATG3	CNSTATG2	CNSTATG1	CNSTATG0

Legend: x = Unknown value on Reset; — = Unimplemented, read as '0'; Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 "CLR, SET, and INV Registers"** for more information.

2: This bit only implemented on devices without a USB module.

TABLE 12-17: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0
FA04	INT1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA08	INT2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA0C	INT3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA10	INT4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA18	T2CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA1C	T3CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA20	T4CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA24	T5CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA28	IC1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA2C	IC2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA30	IC3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA34	IC4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA38	IC5R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA48	OCFAR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FA50	U1RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register is not available on 64-pin devices.

18.0 SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE (SPI)

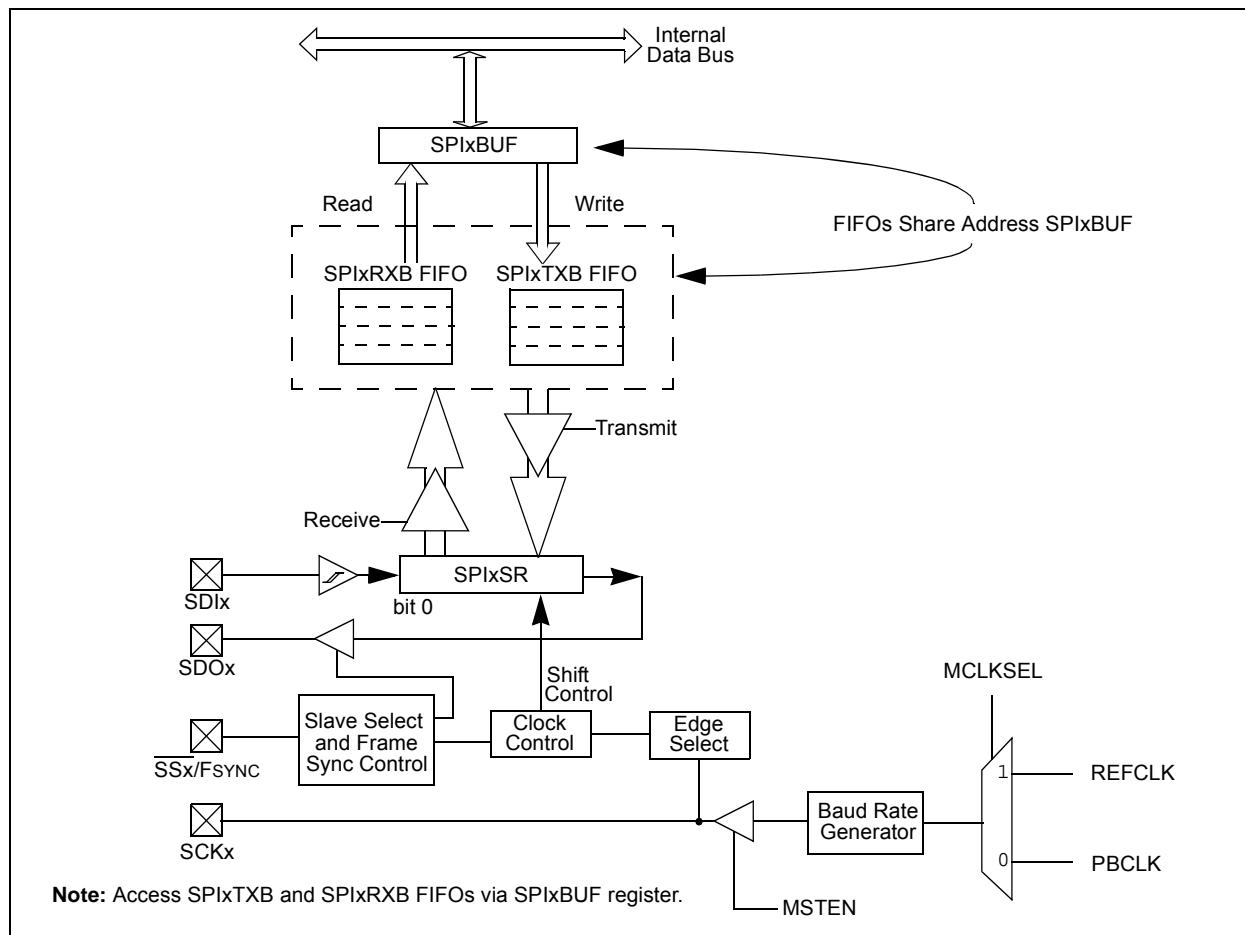
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 23. "Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)"** (DS60001106), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

The SPI module is a synchronous serial interface that is useful for communicating with external peripherals and other microcontroller devices. These peripheral devices may be Serial EEPROMs, Shift registers, display drivers, Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADC), etc. The PIC32 SPI module is compatible with Motorola® SPI and SIOP interfaces.

Some of the key features of the SPI module are:

- Master and Slave modes support
- Four different clock formats
- Enhanced Framed SPI protocol support
- User-configurable 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit data width
- Separate SPI FIFO buffers for receive and transmit
 - FIFO buffers act as 4/8/16-level deep FIFOs based on 32/16/8-bit data width
- Programmable interrupt event on every 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit data transfer
- Operation during CPU Sleep and Idle mode
- Audio Codec Support:
 - I²S protocol
 - Left-justified
 - Right-justified
 - PCM

FIGURE 18-1: SPI MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



20.0 UNIVERSAL ASYNCHRONOUS RECEIVER TRANSMITTER (UART)

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 21. “Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)”** (DS60001107), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

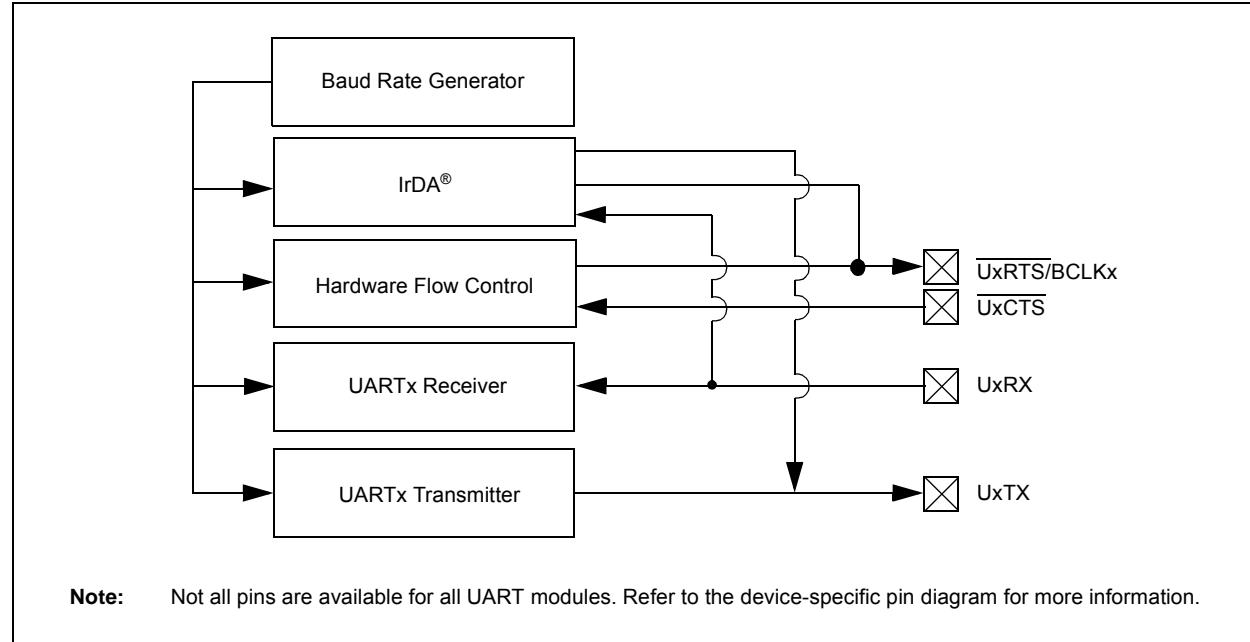
The UART module is one of the serial I/O modules available in the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family of devices. The UART is a full-duplex, asynchronous communication channel that communicates with peripheral devices and personal computers through protocols, such as RS-232, RS-485, LIN and IrDA®. The module also supports the hardware flow control option, with UxCTS and UxRTS pins, and also includes an IrDA encoder and decoder.

The primary features of the UART module are:

- Full-duplex, 8-bit or 9-bit data transmission
- Even, Odd or No Parity options (for 8-bit data)
- One or two Stop bits
- Hardware auto-baud feature
- Hardware flow control option
- Fully integrated Baud Rate Generator (BRG) with 16-bit prescaler
- Baud rates ranging from 76 bps to 30 Mbps at 120 MHz
- 8-level deep First-In-First-Out (FIFO) transmit data buffer
- 8-level deep FIFO receive data buffer
- Parity, framing and buffer overrun error detection
- Support for interrupt-only on address detect (9th bit = 1)
- Separate transmit and receive interrupts
- Loopback mode for diagnostic support
- LIN Protocol support
- IrDA encoder and decoder with 16x baud clock output for external IrDA encoder/decoder support

Figure 20-1 illustrates a simplified block diagram of the UART.

FIGURE 20-1: UART SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

REGISTER 20-1: UxMODE: UARTx MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5 **ABAUD:** Auto-Baud Enable bit
1 = Enable baud rate measurement on the next character – requires reception of Sync character (0x55); cleared by hardware upon completion
0 = Baud rate measurement disabled or completed
- bit 4 **RXINV:** Receive Polarity Inversion bit
1 = UxRX Idle state is '0'
0 = UxRX Idle state is '1'
- bit 3 **BRGH:** High Baud Rate Enable bit
1 = High-Speed mode – 4x baud clock enabled
0 = Standard Speed mode – 16x baud clock enabled
- bit 2-1 **PDSEL<1:0>:** Parity and Data Selection bits
11 = 9-bit data, no parity
10 = 8-bit data, odd parity
01 = 8-bit data, even parity
00 = 8-bit data, no parity
- bit 0 **STSEL:** Stop Selection bit
1 = 2 Stop bits
0 = 1 Stop bit

Note 1: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user software should not read/write the peripheral SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

28.2 On-Chip Voltage Regulator

All PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 devices' core and digital logic are designed to operate at a nominal 1.8V. To simplify system designs, most devices in the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family incorporate an on-chip regulator providing the required core logic voltage from VDD.

A low-ESR capacitor (such as tantalum) must be connected to the VCAP pin (see Figure 28-1). This helps to maintain the stability of the regulator. The recommended value for the filter capacitor is provided in **Section 31.1 “DC Characteristics”**.

Note: It is important that the low-ESR capacitor is placed as close as possible to the VCAP pin.

28.2.1 HIGH VOLTAGE DETECT (HVD)

The HVD module monitors the core voltage at the VCAP pin. If a voltage above the required level is detected on VCAP, the I/O pins are disabled and the device is held in Reset as long as the HVD condition persists. See parameter HV10 (VHVD) in Table 31-11 in **Section 31.1 “DC Characteristics”** for more information.

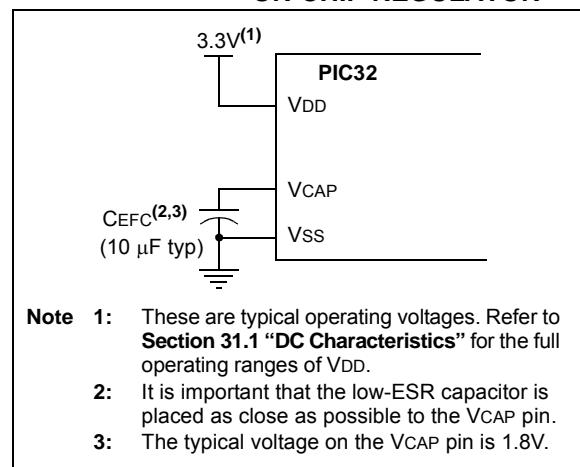
28.2.2 ON-CHIP REGULATOR AND POR

It takes a fixed delay for the on-chip regulator to generate an output. During this time, designated as TPU, code execution is disabled. TPU is applied every time the device resumes operation after any power-down, including Sleep mode.

28.2.3 ON-CHIP REGULATOR AND BOR

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 devices also have a simple brown-out capability. If the voltage supplied to the regulator is inadequate to maintain a regulated level, the regulator Reset circuitry will generate a Brown-out Reset. This event is captured by the BOR flag bit (RCON<1>). The brown-out voltage levels are specific in **Section 31.1 “DC Characteristics”**.

FIGURE 28-1: CONNECTIONS FOR THE ON-CHIP REGULATOR



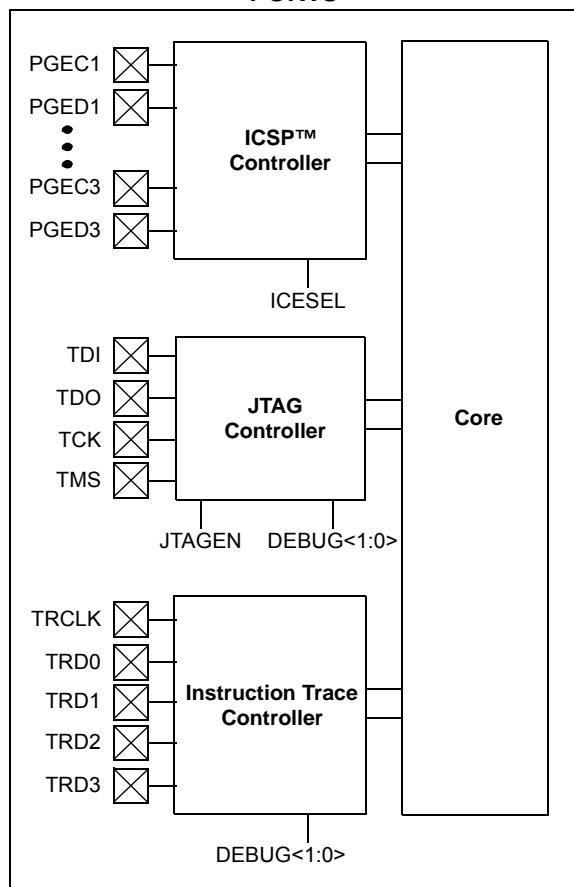
28.3 Programming and Diagnostics

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 devices provide a complete range of programming and diagnostic features that can increase the flexibility of any application using them. These features allow system designers to include:

- Simplified field programmability using two-wire In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) interfaces
- Debugging using ICSP
- Programming and debugging capabilities using the EJTAG extension of JTAG
- JTAG boundary scan testing for device and board diagnostics

PIC32 devices incorporate two programming and diagnostic modules, and a trace controller, that provide a range of functions to the application developer.

FIGURE 28-2: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF PROGRAMMING, DEBUGGING AND TRACE PORTS



PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

TABLE 31-8: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN INPUT SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)				
Param. No.	Symb.	Characteristics	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
DI50 DI51 DI55 DI56	IIL	Input Leakage Current (Note 3)	—	—	± 1	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{PIN} ≤ V _{DD} , Pin at high-impedance
		I/O Ports	—	—	± 1	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{PIN} ≤ V _{DD} , Pin at high-impedance
		Analog Input Pins	—	—	± 1	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{PIN} ≤ V _{DD}
		MCLR ⁽²⁾	—	—	± 1	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{PIN} ≤ V _{DD}
DI60a	IICL	Input Low Injection Current	0	—	-5 ^(7,10)	mA	Pins with Analog functions. Exceptions: [N/A] = 0 mA max
							Digital 5V tolerant designated pins. Exceptions: [N/A] = 0 mA max
							Digital non-5V tolerant designated pins. Exceptions: [N/A] = 0 mA max

- Note 1:** Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 2:** The leakage current on the MCLR pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.
- 3:** Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.
- 4:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.
- 5:** See the “Device Pin Tables” section for the 5V tolerant pins.
- 6:** The VIH specifications are only in relation to externally applied inputs, and not with respect to the user-selectable internal pull-ups. External open drain input signals utilizing the internal pull-ups of the PIC32 device are guaranteed to be recognized only as a logic “high” internally to the PIC32 device, provided that the external load does not exceed the minimum value of ICNPU. For External “input” logic inputs that require a pull-up source, to guarantee the minimum VIH of those components, it is recommended to use an external pull-up resistor rather than the internal pull-ups of the PIC32 device.
- 7:** VIL source < (V_{SS} - 0.3). Characterized but not tested.
- 8:** VIH source > (V_{DD} + 0.3) for non-5V tolerant pins only.
- 9:** Digital 5V tolerant pins do not have an internal high side diode to V_{DD}, and therefore, cannot tolerate any “positive” input injection current.
- 10:** Injection currents > | 0 | can affect the ADC results by approximately 4 to 6 counts (i.e., VIH Source > (V_{DD} + 0.3) or VIL source < (V_{SS} - 0.3)).
- 11:** Any number and/or combination of I/O pins not excluded under IICL or IICH conditions are permitted provided the “absolute instantaneous” sum of the input injection currents from all pins do not exceed the specified limit. If **Note 7**, IICL = ((V_{SS} - 0.3) - VIL source) / RS. If **Note 8**, IICH = ((IICH source - (V_{DD} + 0.3)) / RS). RS = Resistance between input source voltage and device pin. If (V_{SS} - 0.3) ≤ VSOURCE ≤ (V_{DD} + 0.3), injection current = 0.

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TABLE 31-15: COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Comments
D312	TSET	Internal 4-bit DAC Comparator Reference Settling time.	—	—	10	μs	See Note 1
D313	DACREFH	CVREF Input Voltage Reference Range	AVSS	—	AVDD	V	CVRSRC with CVRSS = 0
			VREF-	—	VREF+	V	CVRSRC with CVRSS = 1
D314	DVREF	CVREF Programmable Output Range	0	—	0.625 x DACREFH	V	0 to 0.625 DACREFH with DACREFH/24 step size
			0.25 x DACREFH	—	0.719 x DACREFH	V	0.25 x DACREFH to 0.719 DACREFH with DACREFH/ 32 step size
D315	DACRES	Resolution	—	—	DACREFH/24		CVRCON<CVRR> = 1
			—	—	DACREFH/32		CVRCON<CVRR> = 0
D316	DACACC	Absolute Accuracy ⁽²⁾	—	—	1/4	LSB	DACREFH/24, CVRCON<CVRR> = 1
			—	—	1/2	LSB	DACREFH/32, CVRCON<CVRR> = 0

Note 1: Settling time was measured while CVRR = 1 and CVR<3:0> transitions from '0000' to '1111'. This parameter is characterized, but is not tested in manufacturing.

2: These parameters are characterized but not tested.

TABLE 31-16: INTERNAL VOLTAGE REGULATOR SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Comments
D321	CEFC	External Filter Capacitor Value	8	10	—	μF	Capacitor must be low series resistance (3 ohm). Typical voltage on the VCAP pin is 1.8V.

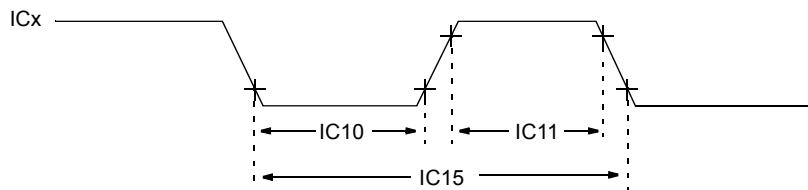
PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

TABLE 31-25: TIMER2, 3, 4, 5 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
TB10	TTxH	TxCK High Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	$[(12.5 \text{ ns or } 1 \text{ TPB})/N] + 25 \text{ ns}$	—	ns	Must also meet parameter TB15 N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 256)
TB11	TTxL	TxCK Low Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	$[(12.5 \text{ ns or } 1 \text{ TPB})/N] + 25 \text{ ns}$	—	ns	Must also meet parameter TB15
TB15	TTxP	TxCK Input Period	Synchronous, with prescaler	$[(\text{Greater of } [(25 \text{ ns or } 2 \text{ TPB})/N] + 30 \text{ ns}]$	—	ns	$VDD > 2.7V$
				$[(\text{Greater of } [(25 \text{ ns or } 2 \text{ TPB})/N] + 50 \text{ ns}]$	—	ns	$VDD < 2.7V$
TB20	TCKEXTMRL	Delay from External TxCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment	—	1	TPB	—	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 31-7: INPUT CAPTURE (CAPx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



Note: Refer to Figure 31-1 for load conditions.

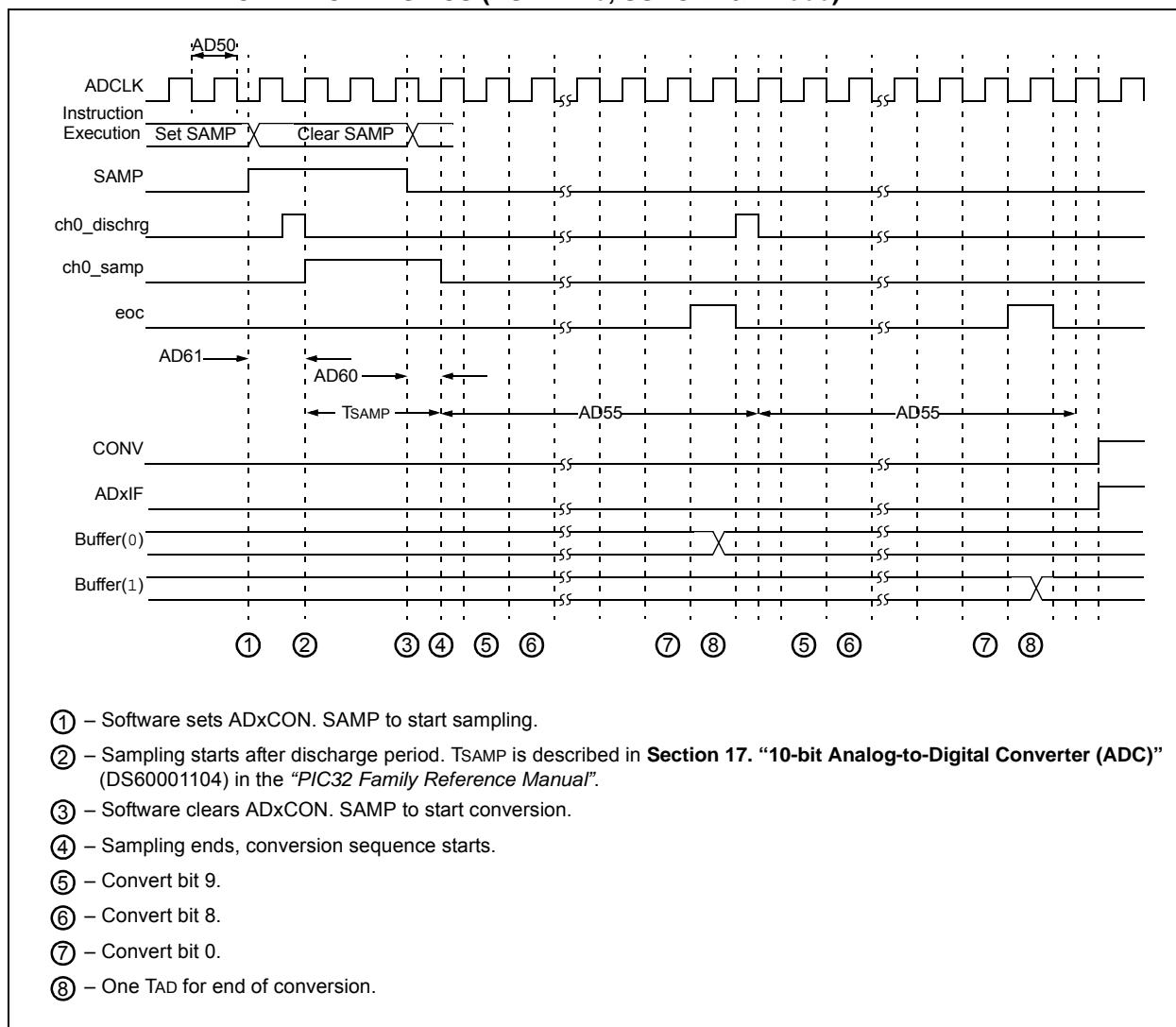
TABLE 31-26: INPUT CAPTURE MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
IC10	TcCL	ICx Input Low Time	$[(12.5 \text{ ns or } 1 \text{ TPB})/N] + 25 \text{ ns}$	—	ns	Must also meet parameter IC15.	N = prescale value (1, 4, 16)
IC11	TccH	ICx Input High Time	$[(12.5 \text{ ns or } 1 \text{ TPB})/N] + 25 \text{ ns}$	—	ns	Must also meet parameter IC15.	
IC15	TccP	ICx Input Period	$[(25 \text{ ns or } 2 \text{ TPB})/N] + 50 \text{ ns}$	—	ns	—	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

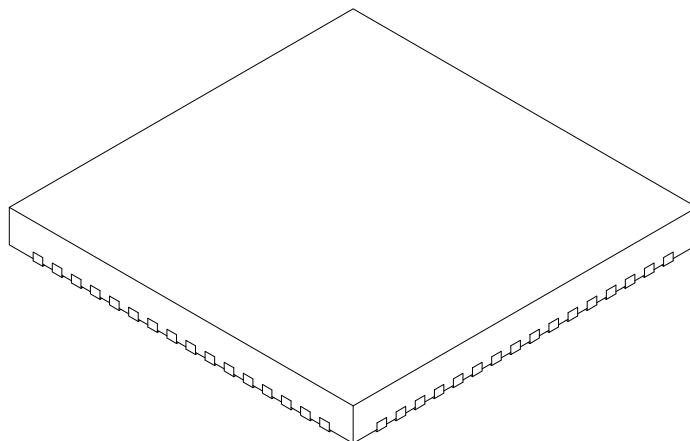
FIGURE 31-18: ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (ASAM = 0, SSRC<2:0> = 000)



PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

64-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MR) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body with 5.40 x 5.40 Exposed Pad [QFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins		N		64
Pitch		e		0.50 BSC
Overall Height	A	0.80	0.90	1.00
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
Contact Thickness	A3	0.20 REF		
Overall Width	E	9.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Width	E2	5.30	5.40	5.50
Overall Length	D	9.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Length	D2	5.30	5.40	5.50
Contact Width	b	0.20	0.25	0.30
Contact Length	L	0.30	0.40	0.50
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	-	-

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package is saw singulated.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-154A Sheet 2 of 2