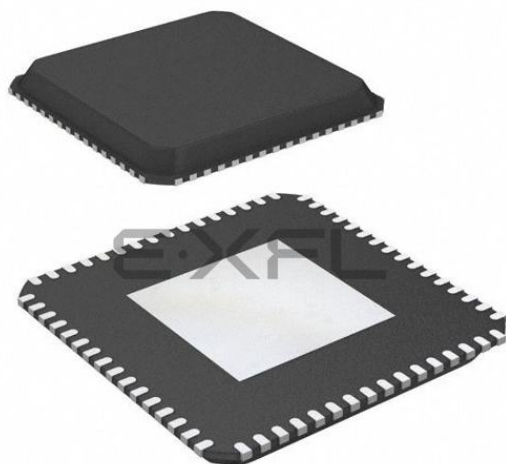




Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	49
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 28x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-QFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx450f128ht-i-rg

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

TABLE 4: PIN NAMES FOR 100-PIN DEVICES

100-PIN TQFP (TOP VIEW) ^(1,2,3)			
PIC32MX330F064L PIC32MX350F128L PIC32MX350F256L PIC32MX370F512L		100 1	
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	RG15	36	Vss
2	VDD	37	VDD
3	AN22/RPE5/PMD5/RE5	38	TCK/CTED2/RA1
4	AN23/PMD6/RE6	39	RPF13/RF13
5	AN27/PMD7/RE7	40	RPF12/RF12
6	RPC1/RC1	41	AN12/PMA11/RB12
7	RPC2/RC2	42	AN13/PMA10/RB13
8	RPC3/RC3	43	AN14/RPB14/CTED5/PMA1/RB14
9	RPC4/CTED7/RC4	44	AN15/RPB15/OCFB/CTED6/PMA0/RB15
10	AN16/C1IND/RPG6/SCK2/PMA5/RG6	45	Vss
11	AN17/C1INC/RPG7/PMA4/RG7	46	VDD
12	AN18/C2IND/RPG8/PMA3/RG8	47	RPD14/RD14
13	MCLR	48	RPD15/RD15
14	AN19/C2INC/RPG9/PMA2/RG9	49	RPF4/PMA9/RF4
15	Vss	50	RPF5/PMA8/RF5
16	VDD	51	RPF3/RF3
17	TMS/CTED1/RA0	52	RPF2/RF2
18	RPE8/RE8	53	RPF8/RF8
19	RPE9/RE9	54	RPF7/RF7
20	AN5/C1INA/RPB5/RB5	55	RPF6/SCK1/INT0/RF6
21	AN4/C1INB/RB4	56	SDA1/RG3
22	PGED3/AN3/C2INA/RPB3/RB3	57	SCL1/RG2
23	PGEC3/AN2/C2INB/RPB2/CTED13/RB2	58	SCL2/RA2
24	PGEC1/AN1/RPB1/CTED12/RB1	59	SDA2/RA3
25	PGED1/AN0/RPB0/RB0	60	TDI/CTED9/RA4
26	PGEC2/AN6/RPB6/RB6	61	TDO/RA5
27	PGED2/AN7/RPB7/CTED3/RB7	62	VDD
28	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9	63	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
29	VREF+/CVREF+/PMA6/RA10	64	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
30	AVDD	65	Vss
31	AVss	66	RPA14/RA14
32	AN8/RPB8/CTED10/RB8	67	RPA15/RA15
33	AN9/RPB9/CTED4/RB9	68	RPD8/RTCC/RD8
34	CVREFOUT/AN10/RPB10/CTED11/PMA13/RB10	69	RPD9/RD9
35	AN11/PMA12/RB11	70	RPD10/PMCS2/RD10

- Note** 1: The RPN pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 12.3 “Peripheral Pin Select”** for restrictions.
- 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx), with the exception of RF6, can be used as a change notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 12.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- 3: RPF6 (pin 55) and RPF7 (pin 54) are only remappable for input functions.

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

TABLE 7: PIN NAMES FOR 124-PIN DEVICES

124-PIN VTLA (BOTTOM VIEW) ^(1,2,3,4)			
PIC32MX430F064L PIC32MX450F128L PIC32MX450F256L PIC32MX470F512L			
Package Bump #	Full Pin Name	Package Bump #	Full Pin Name
A1	No Connect	A38	D-
A2	RG15	A39	SCL2/RA2
A3	Vss	A40	TDI/CTED9/RA4
A4	AN23/PMD6/RE6	A41	VDD
A5	RPC1/RC1	A42	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
A6	RPC3/RC3	A43	Vss
A7	AN16/C1IND/RPG6/SCK2/PMA5/RG6	A44	SDA1/RPA15/RA15
A8	AN18/C2IND/RPG8/PMA3/RG8	A45	RPD9/RD9
A9	AN19/C2INC/RPG9/PMA2/RG9	A46	RPD11/PMCS1/RD11
A10	VDD	A47	SOSCI/IPC13/RC13
A11	RPE8/RE8	A48	VDD
A12	AN5/C1INA/RPB5/VBUSON/RB5	A49	No Connect
A13	PGED3/AN3/C2INA/RPB3/RB3	A50	No Connect
A14	VDD	A51	No Connect
A15	PGEC1/AN1/RPB1/CTED12/RB1	A52	AN24/RPD1/RD1
A16	No Connect	A53	AN26/RPD3/RD3
A17	No Connect	A54	PMD13/RD13
A18	No Connect	A55	RPD5/PMRD/RD5
A19	No Connect	A56	PMD15/RD7
A20	PGEC2/AN6/RPB6/RB6	A57	No Connect
A21	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9	A58	No Connect
A22	AVDD	A59	VDD
A23	AN8/RPB8/CTED10/RB8	A60	RPF1/PMD10/RF1
A24	CVREFOUT/AN10/RPB10/CTED11/PMA13/RB10	A61	RPG0/PMD8/RG0
A25	Vss	A62	TRD3/CTED8/RA7
A26	TCK/CTED2/RA1	A63	Vss
A27	RPF12/RF12	A64	PMD1/RE1
A28	AN13/PMA10/RB13	A65	TRD1/RG12
A29	AN15/RPB15/OCFB/CTED6/PMA0/RB15	A66	AN20/PMD2/RE2
A30	VDD	A67	AN21/PMD4/RE4
A31	RPD15/RD15	A68	No Connect
A32	RPF5/PMA8/RF5	B1	VDD
A33	No Connect	B2	AN22/RPE5/PMD5/RE5
A34	No Connect	B3	AN27/PMD7/RE7
A35	USBID/RF3	B4	RPC2/RC2
A36	RPF2/RF2	B5	RPC4/CTED7/RC4
A37	VBus	B6	AN17/C1INC/RPG7/PMA4/RG7

- Note**
- 1: The RPN pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 12.3 "Peripheral Pin Select"** for restrictions.
 - 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx) can be used as a change notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 12.0 "I/O Ports"** for more information.
 - 3: Shaded package bumps are 5V tolerant.
 - 4: It is recommended that the user connect the printed circuit board (PCB) ground to the conductive thermal pad on the bottom of the package. And to not run non-Vss PCB traces under the conductive thermal pad on the same side of the PCB layout.

4.2 Bus Matrix Registers

TABLE 4-2: BUS MATRIX REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
2000	BMXCON ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	BMXCHEDMA	—	—	—	—	—	BMXERRIXI	BMXERRICD	BMXERRDMA	BMXERRDS	BMXERRIS	041F
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BMXWSDRM	—	—	—	BMXARB<2:0>			0047
2010	BMXDKPBA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	BMXDKPBA<15:0>																0000
2020	BMXDUDBA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	BMXDUDBA<15:0>																0000
2030	BMXDUPBA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	BMXDUPBA<15:0>																0000
2040	BMXDRMSZ	31:16	BMXDRMSZ<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0	BMXDRMSZ<31:0>																xxxx
2050	BMXPUPBA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BMXPUPBA<19:16>					0000
		15:0	BMXPUPBA<15:0>																0000
2060	BMXPFMSZ	31:16	BMXPFMSZ<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0	BMXPFMSZ<31:0>																xxxx
2070	BMXBOOTSZ	31:16	BMXBOOTSZ<31:0>																0000
		15:0	BMXBOOTSZ<31:0>																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

REGISTER 4-1: BMXCON: BUS MATRIX CONFIGURATION REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	BMX CHEDMA	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	—	—	—	BMX ERRIXI	BMX ERRICD	BMX ERRDMA	BMX ERRDS	BMX ERRIS
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	R/W-1	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1
	—	BMX WSDRM	—	—	—	BMXARB<2:0>		

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

bit 31-27 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 26 **BMXCHEDMA:** BMX PFM Cacheability for DMA Accesses bit

1 = Enable program Flash memory (data) cacheability for DMA accesses (requires cache to have data caching enabled)

0 = Disable program Flash memory (data) cacheability for DMA accesses

(hits are still read from the cache, but misses do not update the cache)

bit 25-21 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 20 **BMXERRIXI:** Enable Bus Error from IXI bit

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from IXI shared bus

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from IXI shared bus

bit 19 **BMXERRICD:** Enable Bus Error from ICD Debug Unit bit

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from ICD

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from ICD

bit 18 **BMXERRDMA:** Bus Error from DMA bit

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from DMA

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from DMA

bit 17 **BMXERRDS:** Bus Error from CPU Data Access bit (disabled in Debug mode)

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from CPU data access

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from CPU data access

bit 16 **BMXERRIS:** Bus Error from CPU Instruction Access bit (disabled in Debug mode)

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from CPU instruction access

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from CPU instruction access

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6 **BMXWSDRM:** CPU Instruction or Data Access from Data RAM Wait State bit

1 = Data RAM accesses from CPU have one wait state for address setup

0 = Data RAM accesses from CPU have zero wait states for address setup

bit 5-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **BMXARB<2:0>:** Bus Matrix Arbitration Mode bits

111 = Reserved (using these configuration modes will produce undefined behavior)

.

.

.

011 = Reserved (using these configuration modes will produce undefined behavior)

010 = Arbitration Mode 2

001 = Arbitration Mode 1 (default)

000 = Arbitration Mode 0

6.0 RESETS

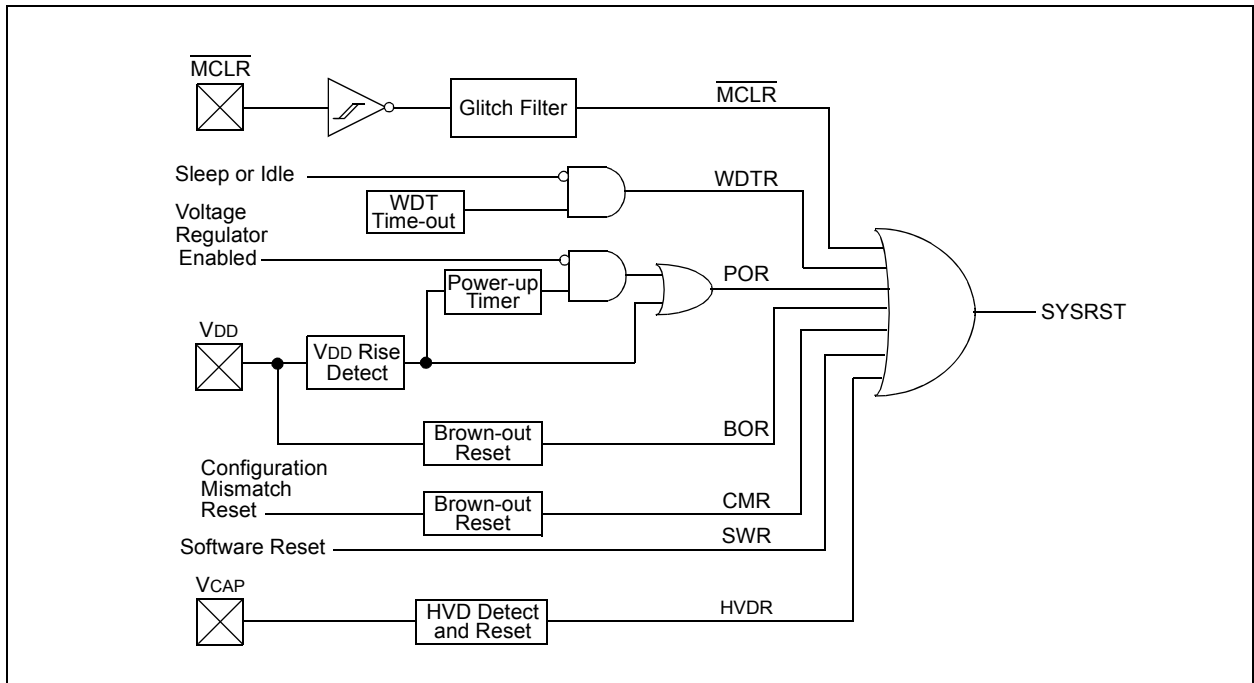
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 7. “Resets”** (DS60001118), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

The Reset module combines all Reset sources and controls the device Master Reset signal, SYSRST. The following is a list of device Reset sources:

- POR: Power-on Reset
- MCLR: Master Clear Reset pin
- SWR: Software Reset
- WDTR: Watchdog Timer Reset
- BOR: Brown-out Reset
- CMR: Configuration Mismatch Reset
- HVDR: High Voltage Detect Reset

A simplified block diagram of the Reset module is illustrated in Figure 6-1.

FIGURE 6-1: SYSTEM RESET BLOCK DIAGRAM



7.0 INTERRUPT CONTROLLER

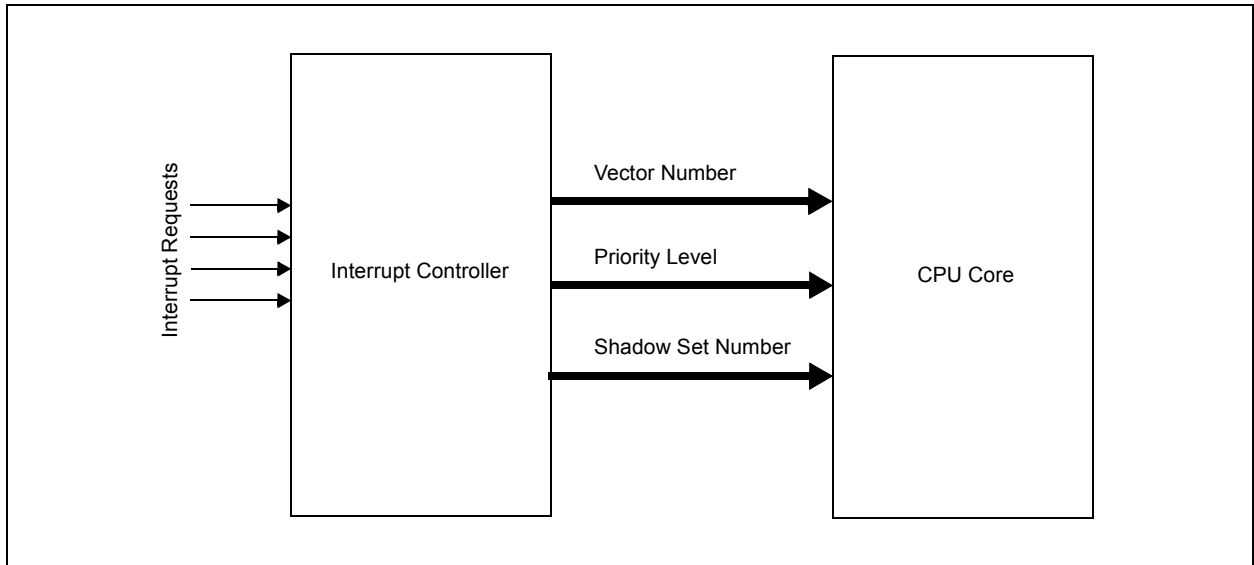
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 8. “Interrupt Controller”** (DS60001108), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 devices generate interrupt requests in response to interrupt events from peripheral modules. The interrupt control module exists externally to the CPU logic and prioritizes the interrupt events before presenting them to the CPU.

The PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 interrupt module includes the following features:

- Up to 76 interrupt sources
- Up to 46 interrupt vectors
- Single and multi-vector mode operations
- Five external interrupts with edge polarity control
- Interrupt proximity timer
- Seven user-selectable priority levels for each vector
- Four user-selectable subpriority levels within each priority
- Dedicated shadow set configurable for any priority level (see the FSRSEL<2:0> bits (DEVCFG3<18:16>) in **28.0 “Special Features”** for more information)
- Software can generate any interrupt
- User-configurable interrupt vector table location
- User-configurable interrupt vector spacing

FIGURE 7-1: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

REGISTER 10-12: DCHxSSIZ: DMA CHANNEL 'x' SOURCE SIZE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSSIZ<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSSIZ<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **CHSSIZ<15:0>**: Channel Source Size bits

1111111111111111 = 65,535 byte source size

.

.

.

0000000000000010 = 2 byte source size

0000000000000001 = 1 byte source size

0000000000000000 = 65,536 byte source size

REGISTER 10-13: DCHxDSIZ: DMA CHANNEL 'x' DESTINATION SIZE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHDSIZ<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHDSIZ<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **CHDSIZ<15:0>**: Channel Destination Size bits

1111111111111111 = 65,535 byte destination size

.

.

.

0000000000000010 = 2 byte destination size

0000000000000001 = 1 byte destination size

0000000000000000 = 65,536 byte destination size

TABLE 12-6: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX330F064H, PIC32MX350F128H, PIC32MX350F256H, PIC32MX370F512H, PIC32MX430F064H, PIC32MX450F128H, PIC32MX450F256H, AND PIC32MX470F512H DEVICES ONLY

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name(s)	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6210	TRISC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
6220	PORTC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
6230	LATC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
6240	ODCC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ODCC15	ODCC14	ODCC13	ODCC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
6250	CNPUC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPUC15	CNPUC14	CNPUC13	CNPUC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
6260	CNPDC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPDC15	CNPDC14	CNPDC13	CNPDC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
6270	CNCONC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6280	CNENC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNIEC15	CNIEC14	CNIEC13	CNIEC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
6290	CNSTATC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNSTATC15	CNSTATC14	CNSTATC13	CNSTATC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx

Legend: x = Unknown value on Reset; — = Unimplemented, read as '0'; Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

TABLE 12-7: PORTD REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX330F064L, PIC32MX350F128L, PIC32MX350F256L, PIC32MX370F512L, PIC32MX430F064L, PIC32MX450F128L, PIC32MX450F256L, AND PIC32MX470F512L DEVICES ONLY

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6300	ANSELD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSELD3	ANSELD2	ANSELD1	—	000E
6310	TRISD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TRISD15	TRISD14	TRISD13	TRISD12	TRISD11	TRISD10	TRISD9	TRISD8	TRISD7	TRISD6	TRISD5	TRISD4	TRISD3	TRISD2	TRISD1	TRISD0	xxxx
5320	PORTD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	RD15	RD14	RD13	RD12	RD11	RD10	RD9	RD8	RD7	RD6	RD5	RD4	RD3	RD2	RD1	RD0	xxxx
6330	LATD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	LATD15	LATD14	LATD13	LATD12	LATD11	LATD10	LATD9	LATD8	LATD7	LATD6	LATD5	LATD4	LATD3	LATD2	LATD1	LATD0	xxxx
6340	ODCD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ODCD15	ODCD14	ODCD13	ODCD12	ODCD11	ODCD10	ODCD9	ODCD8	ODCD7	ODCD6	ODCD5	ODCD4	ODCD3	ODCD2	ODCD1	ODCD0	xxxx
6350	CNPUD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPUD15	CNPUD14	CNPUD13	CNPUD12	CNPUD11	CNPUD10	CNPUD9	CNPUD8	CNPUD7	CNPUD6	CNPUD5	CNPUD4	CNPUD3	CNPUD2	CNPUD1	CNPUD0	xxxx
6360	CNPDD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPDD15	CNPDD14	CNPDD13	CNPDD12	CNPDD11	CNPDD10	CNPDD9	CNPDD8	CNPDD7	CNPDD6	CNPDD5	CNPDD4	CNPDD3	CNPDD2	CNPDD1	CNPDD0	xxxx
6370	CNCOND	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6380	CNEND	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNIED15	CNIED14	CNIED13	CNIED12	CNIED11	CNIED10	CNIED9	CNIED8	CNIED7	CNIED6	CNIED5	CNIED4	CNIED3	CNIED2	CNIED1	CNIED0	xxxx
6390	CNSTATD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNS TATD15	CN STATD14	CN STATD13	CN STATD12	CN STATD11	CN STATD10	CN STATD9	CN STATD8	CN STATD7	CN STATD6	CN STATD5	CN STATD4	CN STATD3	CN STATD2	CN STATD1	CN STATD0	xxxx

Legend: x = Unknown value on Reset; — = Unimplemented, read as '0'; Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

14.2 Control Register

TABLE 14-1: TIMER2 THROUGH TIMER5 REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
0800	T2CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<2:0>			T32	—	TCS	—	0000
0810	TMR2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR2<15:0>																0000
0820	PR2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR2<15:0>																FFFF
0A00	T3CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<2:0>			—	—	TCS	—	0000
0A10	TMR3	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR3<15:0>																0000
0A20	PR3	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR3<15:0>																FFFF
0C00	T4CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<2:0>			T32	—	TCS	—	0000
0C10	TMR4	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR4<15:0>																0000
0C20	PR4	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR4<15:0>																FFFF
0E00	T5CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<2:0>			—	—	TCS	—	0000
0E10	TMR5	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR5<15:0>																0000
0E20	PR5	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR5<15:0>																FFFF

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers” for more information.

21.0 PARALLEL MASTER PORT (PMP)

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 13. “Parallel Master Port (PMP)”** (DS60001128), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

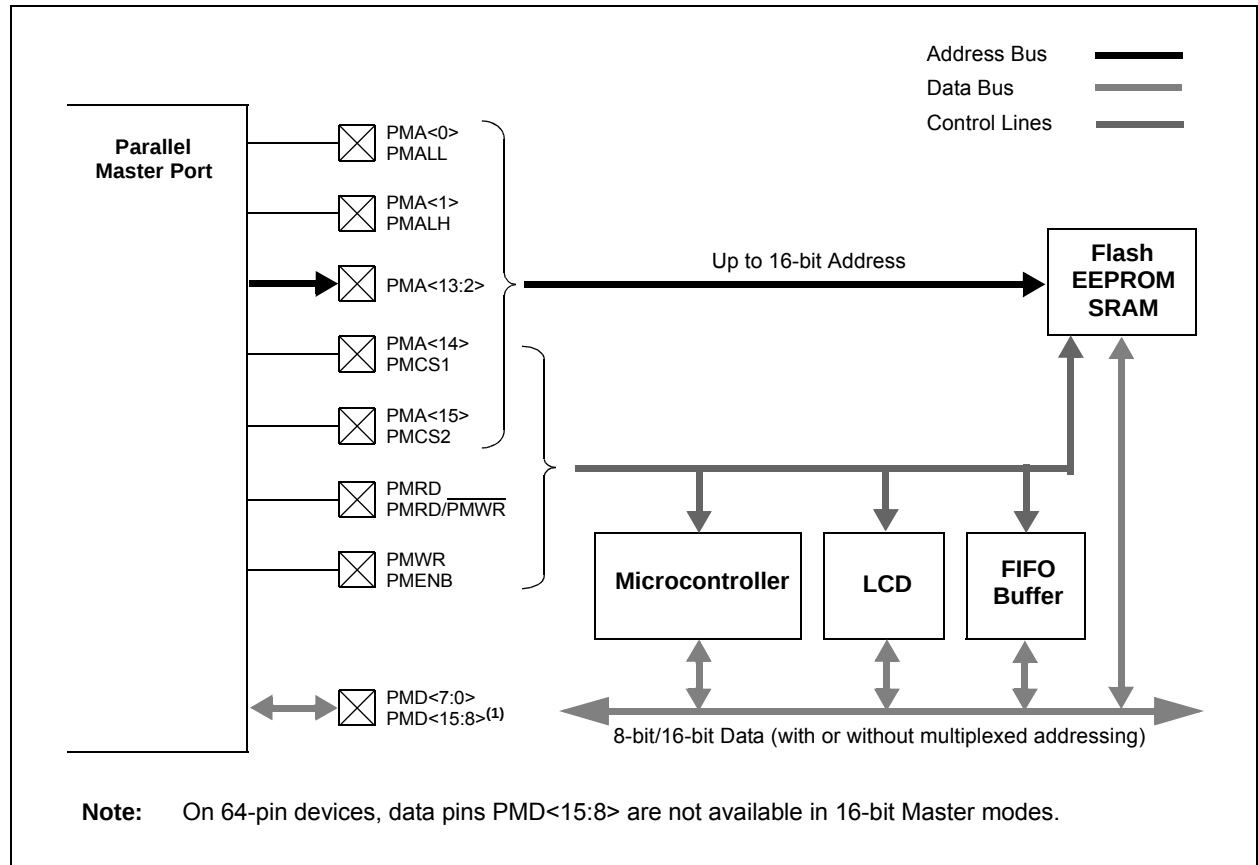
The PMP is a parallel 8-bit/16-bit input/output module specifically designed to communicate with a wide variety of parallel devices, such as communications peripherals, LCDs, external memory devices and microcontrollers. Because the interface to parallel peripherals varies significantly, the PMP module is highly configurable.

The following are key features of the PMP module:

- 8-bit, 16-bit interface
- Up to 16 programmable address lines
- Up to two Chip Select lines
- Programmable strobe options
 - Individual read and write strobes, or
 - Read/write strobe with enable strobe
- Address auto-increment/auto-decrement
- Programmable address/data multiplexing
- Programmable polarity on control signals
- Parallel Slave Port support
 - Legacy addressable
 - Address support
 - 4-byte deep auto-incrementing buffer
- Programmable Wait states
- Operate during CPU Sleep and Idle modes
- Fast bit manipulation using CLR, SET and INV registers
- Freeze option for in-circuit debugging

Note: On 64-pin devices, data pins PMD<15:8> are not available in 16-bit Master modes.

FIGURE 21-1: PMP MODULE PINOUT AND CONNECTIONS TO EXTERNAL DEVICES



26.1 Control Register

TABLE 26-1: CTMU REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
A200	CTMUCON	31:16	EDG1MOD	EDG1POL	EDG1SEL<3:0>				EDG2STAT	EDG1STAT	EDG2MOD	EDG2POL	EDG2SEL<3:0>				—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	CTMUSIDL	TGEN	EDGEN	EDGSEQEN	IDISSEN	CTTRIG	ITRIM<5:0>						IRNG<1:0>		0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

27.4 Peripheral Module Disable

The Peripheral Module Disable (PMD) registers provide a method to disable a peripheral module by stopping all clock sources supplied to that module. When a peripheral is disabled using the appropriate PMD control bit, the peripheral is in a minimum power consumption state. The control and status registers associated with the peripheral are also disabled, so writes to those registers do not have effect and read values are invalid.

To disable a peripheral, the associated PMDx bit must be set to '1'. To enable a peripheral, the associated PMDx bit must be cleared (default). See Table 27-1 for more information.

Note: Disabling a peripheral module while its ON bit is set, may result in undefined behavior. The ON bit for the associated peripheral module must be cleared prior to disable a module via the PMDx bits.

TABLE 27-1: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE BITS AND LOCATIONS

Peripheral ⁽¹⁾	PMDx bit Name ⁽¹⁾	Register Name and Bit Location
ADC1	AD1MD	PMD1<0>
CTMU	CTMUMD	PMD1<8>
Comparator Voltage Reference	CVRMD	PMD1<12>
Comparator 1	CMP1MD	PMD2<0>
Comparator 2	CMP2MD	PMD2<1>
Input Capture 1	IC1MD	PMD3<0>
Input Capture 2	IC2MD	PMD3<1>
Input Capture 3	IC3MD	PMD3<2>
Input Capture 4	IC4MD	PMD3<3>
Input Capture 5	IC5MD	PMD3<4>
Output Compare 1	OC1MD	PMD3<16>
Output Compare 2	OC2MD	PMD3<17>
Output Compare 3	OC3MD	PMD3<18>
Output Compare 4	OC4MD	PMD3<19>
Output Compare 5	OC5MD	PMD3<20>
Timer1	T1MD	PMD4<0>
Timer2	T2MD	PMD4<1>
Timer3	T3MD	PMD4<2>
Timer4	T4MD	PMD4<3>
Timer5	T5MD	PMD4<4>
UART1	U1MD	PMD5<0>
UART2	U2MD	PMD5<1>
UART3	U3MD	PMD5<2>
UART4	U4MD	PMD5<3>
UART5	U5MD	PMD5<4>
SPI1	SPI1MD	PMD5<8>
SPI2	SPI2MD	PMD5<9>
I2C1	I2C1MD	PMD5<16>
I2C2	I2C2MD	PMD5<17>
USB ⁽²⁾	USBMD	PMD5<24>
RTCC	RTCCMD	PMD6<0>
Reference Clock Output	REFOMD	PMD6<1>
PMP	PMPMD	PMD6<16>

Note 1: Not all modules and associated PMDx bits are available on all devices. See **TABLE 1: “PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 Controller Family Features”** for the lists of available peripherals.

2: Module must not be busy after clearing the associated ON bit and prior to setting the USBMD bit.

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

NOTES:

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

TABLE 31-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (I_{IDLE})

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for Commercial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp			
Parameter No.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Maximum	Units	Conditions		
Idle Current (IDLE): Core Off, Clock on Base Current (Note 1)						
DC30a	1	2.2	mA	4 MHz		
DC31a	3	5	mA	10 MHz (Note 3)		
DC32a	5	7	mA	20 MHz (Note 3)		
DC33a	8	13	mA	40 MHz (Note 3)		
DC34a	11	18	mA	60 MHz (Note 3)		
DC34b	15	24	mA	80 MHz		
DC34c	19	29	mA	100 MHz, -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C		
DC34d	25	34	mA	120 MHz, 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C		
DC37a	100	—	μA	-40°C	3.3V	LPRC (31 kHz) (Note 3)
DC37b	250	—	μA	+25°C		
DC37c	380	—	μA	+85°C		

Note 1: The test conditions for I_{IDLE} measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator mode is EC (for 8 MHz and below) and EC+PLL (for above 8 MHz) with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
 - OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
 - USB PLL oscillator is disabled if the USB module is implemented, PBCLK divisor = 1:8
 - CPU is in Idle mode (CPU core is halted), program Flash memory Wait states = 7, Program Cache and Prefetch are disabled and SRAM data memory Wait states = 1
 - No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0), but the associated PMD bit is cleared
 - WDT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
 - All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to V_{SS}
 - MCLR = V_{DD}
 - RTCC and JTAG are disabled
- 2:** Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 3:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

31.2 AC Characteristics and Timing Parameters

The information contained in this section defines PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470 AC characteristics and timing parameters.

FIGURE 31-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

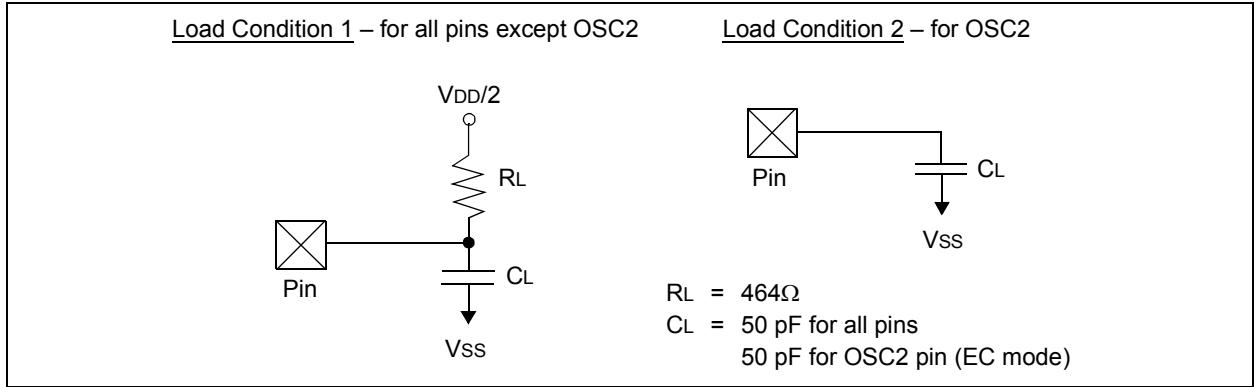
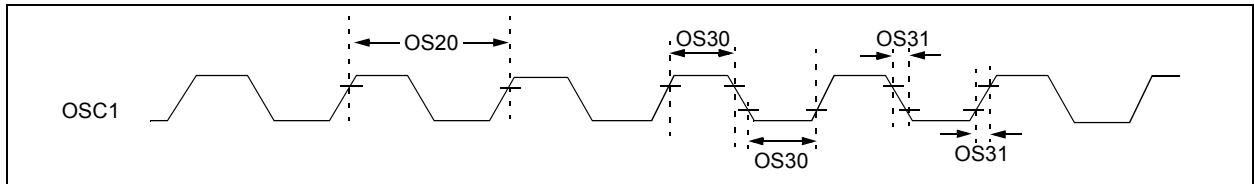


TABLE 31-17: CAPACITIVE LOADING REQUIREMENTS ON OUTPUT PINS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ\text{C}$ for Commercial $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^\circ\text{C}$ for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
DO50	Cosco	OSC2 pin	—	—	15	pF	In XT and HS modes when an external crystal is used to drive OSC1
DO56	Cio	All I/O pins and OSC2	—	—	50	pF	EC mode
DO58	Cb	SCLx, SDAx	—	—	400	pF	In I ² C mode

Note 1: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

FIGURE 31-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING



PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

TABLE 31-37: ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERSION TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for Commercial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
Clock Parameters							
AD50	TAD	ADC Clock Period ⁽²⁾	65	—	—	ns	See Table 31-36
Conversion Rate							
AD55	TCONV	Conversion Time	—	12 TAD	—	—	—
AD56	FCNV	Throughput Rate (Sampling Speed) ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	1000	ksps	AVDD = 3.0V to 3.6V
			—	—	400	ksps	AVDD = 2.5V to 3.6V
AD57	TSAMP	Sample Time	2 TAD	—	—	—	—
Timing Parameters							
AD60	TPCS	Conversion Start from Sample Trigger ⁽³⁾	—	1.0 TAD	—	—	Auto-Convert Trigger (SSRC<2:0> = 111) not selected
AD61	TPSS	Sample Start from Setting Sample (SAMP) bit	0.5 TAD	—	1.5 TAD	—	—
AD62	TCSS	Conversion Completion to Sample Start (ASAM = 1) ⁽³⁾	—	0.5 TAD	—	—	—
AD63	TDPU	Time to Stabilize Analog Stage from ADC Off to ADC On ⁽³⁾	—	—	2	μs	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

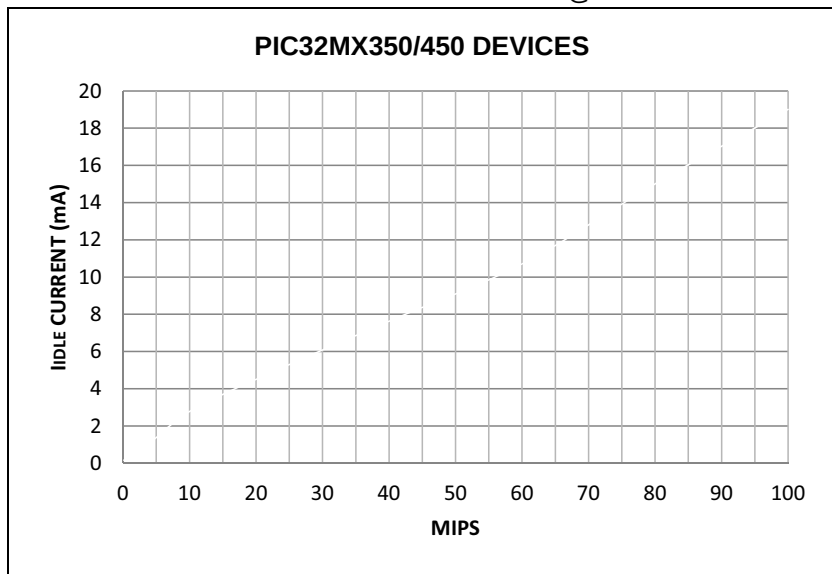
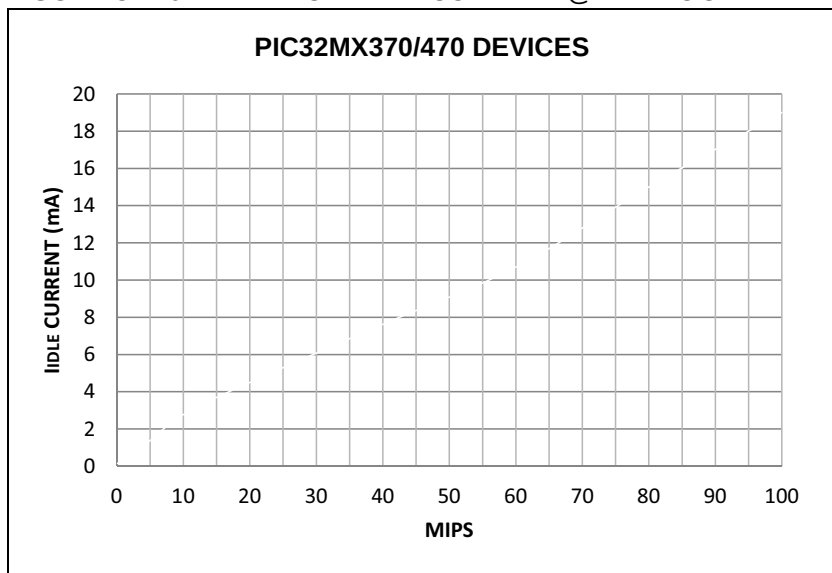
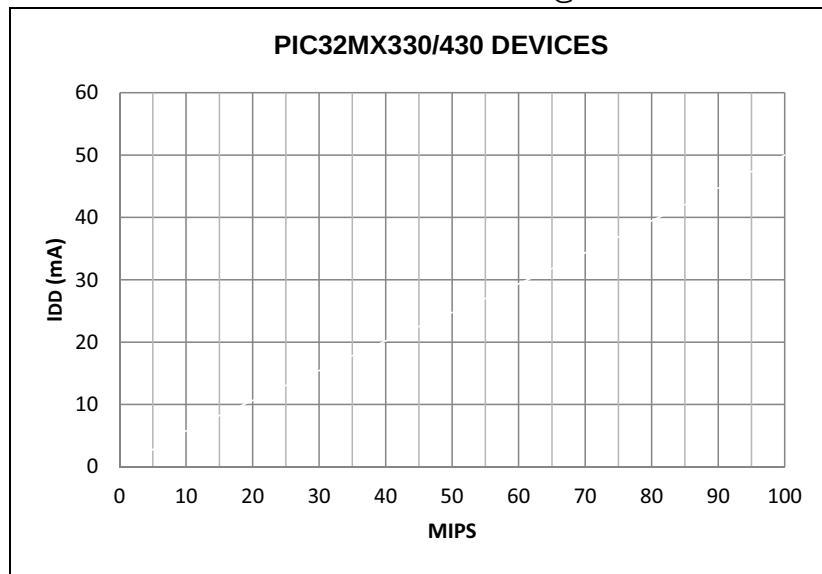
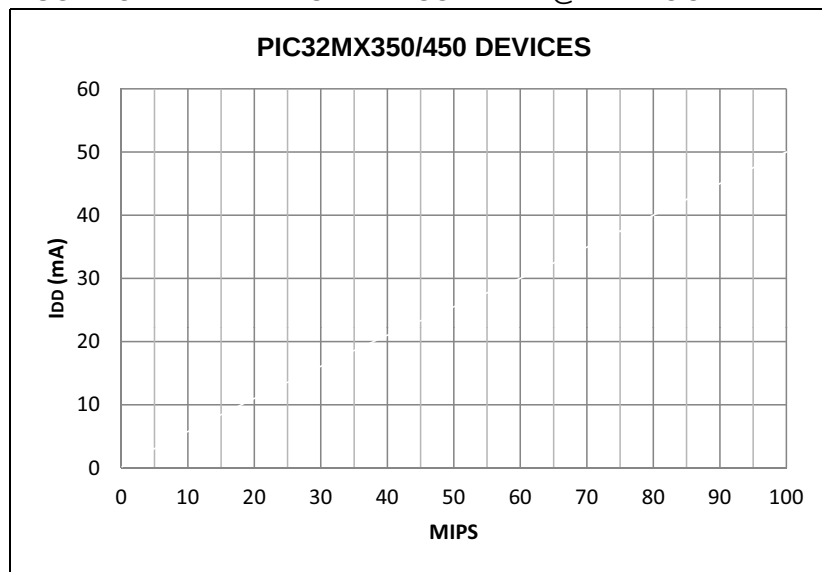
2: Because the sample caps will eventually lose charge, clock rates below 10 kHz can affect linearity performance, especially at elevated temperatures.

3: Characterized by design but not tested.

4: Refer to Table 31-36 for detailed conditions.

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

NOTES:

FIGURE 32-9: TYPICAL I_{IDLE} CURRENT @ $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ **FIGURE 32-10: TYPICAL I_{IDLE} CURRENT @ $V_{DD} = 3.3V$** **FIGURE 32-11: TYPICAL I_{DD} CURRENT @ $V_{DD} = 3.3V$** **FIGURE 32-12: TYPICAL I_{DD} CURRENT @ $V_{DD} = 3.3V$** 

PIC32MX330/350/370/430/450/470

INDEX

A

AC Characteristics	295
10-Bit Conversion Rate Parameters	318
ADC Specifications	316
Analog-to-Digital Conversion Requirements	319
EJTAG Timing Requirements	327
Internal FRC Accuracy	297
Internal RC Accuracy	297
OTG Electrical Specifications	325
Parallel Master Port Read Requirements	323
Parallel Master Port Write	324
Parallel Master Port Write Requirements	324
Parallel Slave Port Requirements	322
PLL Clock Timing	297
Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)	233
Assembler	
MPASM Assembler	276

B

Block Diagrams	
ADC Module	233
Comparator I/O Operating Modes	243
Comparator Voltage Reference	247
Connections for On-Chip Voltage Regulator	272
CPU	35
CTMU Configurations	
Time Measurement	251
DMA	93
I2C Circuit	198
Input Capture	181
Interrupt Controller	63
JTAG Programming, Debugging and Trace Ports	272
Output Compare Module	185
PMP Pinout and Connections to External Devices	213
Prefetch Module	83
Reset System	59
RTCC	223
SPI Module	189
Timer1	167
Timer2/3/4/5 (16-Bit)	171
Typical Multiplexed Port Structure	137, 353
UART	205
WDT and Power-up Timer	177
Brown-out Reset (BOR)	
and On-Chip Voltage Regulator	272

C

C Compilers	
MPLAB C18	276
Charge Time Measurement Unit. See CTMU.	
Clock Diagram	74
Comparator	
Specifications	293, 294
Comparator Module	243
Comparator Voltage Reference (CVref)	247
Configuration Bit	261
Configuring Analog Port Pins	138
CPU	
Architecture Overview	36
Coprocessor 0 Registers	37
Core Exception Types	38
EJTAG Debug Support	38
Power Management	38

CPU Module	27, 35
CTMU	
Registers	253
Customer Change Notification Service	359
Customer Notification Service	359
Customer Support	359

D

DC and AC Characteristics	
Graphs and Tables	329
DC Characteristics	280
I/O Pin Input Specifications	287
I/O Pin Output Specifications	290
Idle Current (IDLE)	283
Power-Down Current (IPD)	284
Program Memory	292
Temperature and Voltage Specifications	281
Development Support	275
Direct Memory Access (DMA) Controller	93

E

Electrical Characteristics	279
AC	295
Errata	14
External Clock	
Timer1 Timing Requirements	301
Timer2, 3, 4, 5 Timing Requirements	302
Timing Requirements	296

F

Flash Program Memory	53
RTSP Operation	53

H

High Voltage Detect (HVD)	61, 272, 291
---------------------------------	--------------

I

I/O Ports	137
Parallel I/O (PIO)	138
Write/Read Timing	138
Input Change Notification	138
Instruction Set	273
Inter-Integrated Circuit (I2C)	197
Internal Voltage Reference Specifications	294
Internet Address	359
Interrupt Controller	63
IRG, Vector and Bit Location	64

M

Memory Maps	
Devices with 128 KB of Program Memory	41
Devices with 256 KB of Program Memory	42
Devices with 512 KB of Program Memory	43
Devices with 64 KB of Program Memory	40
Memory Organization	39
Layout	39
Microchip Internet Web Site	359
MPLAB ASM30 Assembler, Linker, Librarian	276
MPLAB Integrated Development Environment Software	275
MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer	277
MPLAB REAL ICE In-Circuit Emulator System	277
MPLINK Object Linker/MPLIB Object Librarian	276