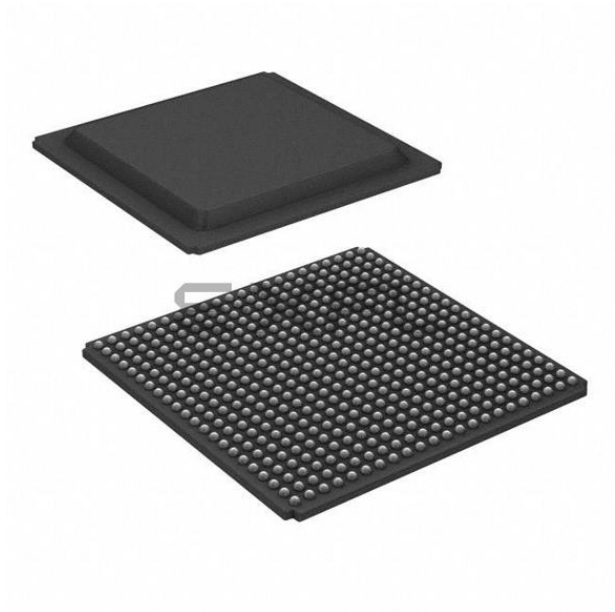
AMD Xilinx - XC6SLX150T-3FG484I Datasheet



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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	11519
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	147443
Total RAM Bits	4939776
Number of I/O	296
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc6slx150t-3fg484i

Table 1: **Absolute Maximum Ratings[1] *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description					Units
V_{IN} and V_{TS}[3]	I/O input voltage or voltage applied to 3-state output, relative to GND[4]	All user and dedicated I/Os	Commercial	DC	–0.60 to 4.10	V
				20% overshoot duration	–0.75 to 4.25	V
				8% overshoot duration[5]	–0.75 to 4.40	V
			Industrial	DC	–0.60 to 3.95	V
				20% overshoot duration	–0.75 to 4.15	V
				4% overshoot duration[5]	–0.75 to 4.40	V
			Expanded (Q)	DC	–0.60 to 3.95	V
				20% overshoot duration	–0.75 to 4.15	V
				4% overshoot duration[5]	–0.75 to 4.40	V
		Restricted to maximum of 100 user I/Os	Commercial	20% overshoot duration	–0.75 to 4.35	V
				15% overshoot duration[5]	–0.75 to 4.40	V
				10% overshoot duration	–0.75 to 4.45	V
			Industrial	20% overshoot duration	–0.75 to 4.25	V
				10% overshoot duration	–0.75 to 4.35	V
				8% overshoot duration[5]	–0.75 to 4.40	V
			Expanded (Q)	20% overshoot duration	–0.75 to 4.25	V
				10% overshoot duration	–0.75 to 4.35	V
				8% overshoot duration[5]	–0.75 to 4.40	V
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (ambient)				–65 to 150	°C
T_{SOL}	Maximum soldering temperature[6] (TQG144, CPG196, CSG225, CSG324, CSG484, and FTG256)				+260	°C
	Maximum soldering temperature[6] (Pb-free packages: FGG484, FGG676, and FGG900)				+250	°C
	Maximum soldering temperature[6] (Pb packages: CS484, FT256, FG484, FG676, and FG900)				+220	°C
T_j	Maximum junction temperature[6]				+125	°C

Notes:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.
2. When programming eFUSE, $V_{FS} \leq V_{CCAUX}$. Requires up to 40 mA current. For read mode, V_{FS} can be between GND and 3.45 V.
3. I/O absolute maximum limit applied to DC and AC signals. Overshoot duration is the percentage of a data period that the I/O is stressed beyond 3.45V.
4. For I/O operation, refer to UG381: *Spartan-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide*.
5. Maximum percent overshoot duration to meet 4.40V maximum.
6. For soldering guidelines and thermal considerations, see UG385: *Spartan-6 FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification*.

Table 3: **eFUSE Programming Conditions(1)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{FS}(2)	External voltage supply	3.2	3.3	3.4	V
I_{FS}	V_{FS} supply current	–	–	40	mA
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND	3.2	3.3	3.45	V
R_{FUSE}(3)	External resistor from R_{FUSE} pin to GND	1129	1140	1151	Ω
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
t_j	Temperature range	15	–	85	°C

Notes:

1. These specifications apply during programming of the eFUSE AES key. Programming is only supported through JTAG.The AES key is only supported in the following devices: LX75, LX75T, LX100, LX100T, LX150, and LX150T.
2. When programming eFUSE, V_{FS} must be less than or equal to V_{CCAUX}. When not programming or when eFUSE is not used, Xilinx recommends connecting V_{FS} to GND. However, V_{FS} can be between GND and 3.45 V.
3. An R_{FUSE} resistor is required when programming the eFUSE AES key. When not programming or when eFUSE is not used, Xilinx recommends connecting the R_{FUSE} pin to V_{CCAUX} or GND. However, R_{FUSE} can be unconnected.

Table 5: **Typical Quiescent Supply Current *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
I_{CCAUXQ}	Quiescent V_{CCAUX} supply current	LX4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	mA
		LX9	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	mA
		LX16	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	mA
		LX25	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	mA
		LX25T	4.0	4.0	4.0	N/A	mA
		LX45	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	mA
		LX45T	5.0	5.0	5.0	N/A	mA
		LX75	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	mA
		LX75T	7.0	7.0	7.0	N/A	mA
		LX100	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	mA
		LX100T	9.0	9.0	9.0	N/A	mA
		LX150	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	mA
		LX150T	12.0	12.0	12.0	N/A	mA

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C junction temperatures (Tj). Industrial (I) grade devices have the same typical values as commercial (C) grade devices at 25°C, but higher values at 100°C. Use the XPE tool to calculate 100°C values. Nominal V_{CCINT} is 1.20V; use the XPE tool to calculate 1.23V values for the nominal V_{CCINT} of the extended performance range.
2. Typical values are for blank configured devices with no output current loads, no active input pull-up resistors, all I/O pins are 3-state and floating.
3. If differential signaling is used, more accurate quiescent current estimates can be obtained by using the XPOWER Estimator (XPE) or XPOWER Analyzer (XPA) tools.

Table 6: **Power Supply Ramp Time**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade	Ramp Time	Units
V_{CCINTR}	Internal supply voltage ramp time	-3, -3N, -2	0.20 to 50.0	ms
		-1L	0.20 to 40.0	ms
V_{CCO2}(1)	Output drivers bank 2 supply voltage ramp time	All	0.20 to 50.0	ms
V_{CCAUXR}	Auxiliary supply voltage ramp time	All	0.20 to 50.0	ms

Notes:

1. The minimum V_{CCO2} for power-on reset and configuration is 1.65V.
2. Spartan-6 FPGAs require a certain amount of supply current during power-on to insure proper device initialization. The actual current consumed depends on the power-on ramp rate of the power supply. Use the XPOWER Estimator (XPE) or XPOWER Analyzer (XPA) tools to estimate current drain on these supplies. Spartan-6 devices do not have a required power-on sequence.

SelectIO™ Interface DC Input and Output Levels

Table 7: **Recommended Operating Conditions for User I/Os Using Single-Ended Standards**

I/O Standard	V_{CCO} for Drivers[1]			V_{REF} for Inputs		
	V, Min	V, Nom	V, Max	V, Min	V, Nom	V, Max
LVTTL	3.0	3.3	3.45	V_{REF} is not used for these I/O standards		
LVCMOS33	3.0	3.3	3.45			
LVCMOS25	2.3	2.5	2.7			
LVCMOS18	1.65	1.8	1.95			
LVCMOS18_JEDEC	1.65	1.8	1.95			
LVCMOS15	1.4	1.5	1.6			
LVCMOS15_JEDEC	1.4	1.5	1.6			
LVCMOS12	1.1	1.2	1.3			
LVCMOS12_JEDEC	1.1	1.2	1.3			
PCI33_3[2]	3.0	3.3	3.45			
PCI66_3[2]	3.0	3.3	3.45			
I2C	2.7	3.0	3.45			
SMBUS	2.7	3.0	3.45			
SDIO	3.0	3.3	3.45			
MOBILE_DDR	1.7	1.8	1.9			
HSTL_I	1.4	1.5	1.6	0.68	0.75	0.9
HSTL_II	1.4	1.5	1.6	0.68	0.75	0.9
HSTL_III	1.4	1.5	1.6	–	0.9	–
HSTL_I_18	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.8	0.9	1.1
HSTL_II_18	1.7	1.8	1.9	–	0.9	–
HSTL_III_18	1.7	1.8	1.9	–	1.1	–
SSTL3_I	3.0	3.3	3.45	1.3	1.5	1.7
SSTL3_II	3.0	3.3	3.45	1.3	1.5	1.7
SSTL2_I	2.3	2.5	2.7	1.13	1.25	1.38
SSTL2_II	2.3	2.5	2.7	1.13	1.25	1.38
SSTL18_I	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.9	0.969
SSTL18_II	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.9	0.969
SSTL15_II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.69	0.75	0.81

Notes:

1. V_{CCO} range required when using I/O standard for an output. Also required for MOBILE_DDR, PCI33_3, LVCMOS18_JEDEC, LVCMOS15_JEDEC, and LVCMOS12_JEDEC inputs, and for LVCMOS25 inputs when V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V.
2. For PCI systems, the transmitter and receiver should have common supplies for V_{CCO}.

Table 8: **Recommended Operating Conditions for User I/Os Using Differential Signal Standards**

I/O Standard	V_{CCO} for Drivers		
	V, Min	V, Nom	V, Max
LVDS_33	3.0	3.3	3.45
LVDS_25	2.25	2.5	2.75
BLVDS_25	2.25	2.5	2.75
MINI_LVDS_33	3.0	3.3	3.45
MINI_LVDS_25	2.25	2.5	2.75
LVPECL_33(1)	N/A–Inputs Only		
LVPECL_25	N/A–Inputs Only		
RSDS_33	3.0	3.3	3.45
RSDS_25	2.25	2.5	2.75
TMDS_33(1)	3.14	3.3	3.45
PPDS_33	3.0	3.3	3.45
PPDS_25	2.25	2.5	2.75
DISPLAY_PORT	2.3	2.5	2.7
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	1.7	1.8	1.9
DIFF_HSTL_I	1.4	1.5	1.6
DIFF_HSTL_II	1.4	1.5	1.6
DIFF_HSTL_III	1.4	1.5	1.6
DIFF_HSTL_I_18	1.7	1.8	1.9
DIFF_HSTL_II_18	1.7	1.8	1.9
DIFF_HSTL_III_18	1.7	1.8	1.9
DIFF_SSTL3_I	3.0	3.3	3.45
DIFF_SSTL3_II	3.0	3.3	3.45
DIFF_SSTL2_I	2.3	2.5	2.7
DIFF_SSTL2_II	2.3	2.5	2.7
DIFF_SSTL18_I	1.7	1.8	1.9
DIFF_SSTL18_II	1.7	1.8	1.9
DIFF_SSTL15_II	1.425	1.5	1.575

Notes:

1. LVPECL_33 and TMDS_33 inputs require V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V nominal.

Table 21: **GTP Transceiver User Clock Switching Characteristics(1)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
F_{TXOUT}	TXOUTCLK maximum frequency		320	320	270	N/A	MHz
F_{RXREC}	RXRECCLK maximum frequency		320	320	270	N/A	MHz
T_{RX}	RXUSRCLK maximum frequency		320	320	270	N/A	MHz
T_{RX2}	RXUSRCLK2 maximum frequency	1 byte interface	156.25	156.25	125	N/A	MHz
		2 byte interface	160	160	125	N/A	MHz
		4 byte interface	80	80	67.5	N/A	MHz
T_{TX}	TXUSRCLK maximum frequency		320	320	270	N/A	MHz
T_{TX2}	TXUSRCLK2 maximum frequency	1 byte interface	156.25	156.25	125	N/A	MHz
		2 byte interface	160	160	125	N/A	MHz
		4 byte interface	80	80	67.5	N/A	MHz

Notes:
1. Clocking must be implemented as described in UG386: *Spartan-6 FPGA GTP Transceivers User Guide*.

Table 22: **GTP Transceiver Transmitter Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
T_{RTX}	TX Rise time	20%–80%	–	140	–	ps
T_{FTX}	TX Fall time	80%–20%	–	120	–	ps
T_{LLSKEW}	TX lane-to-lane skew(1)		–	–	400	ps
$V_{TXOOBVDPP}$	Electrical idle amplitude		–	–	20	mV
$T_{TXOOBTRANSITION}$	Electrical idle transition time		–	–	50	ns
$T_{J3.125}$	Total Jitter(2)	3.125 Gb/s	–	–	0.35	UI
$D_{J3.125}$	Deterministic Jitter(2)		–	–	0.15	UI
$T_{J2.5}$	Total Jitter(2)	2.5 Gb/s	–	–	0.33	UI
$D_{J2.5}$	Deterministic Jitter(2)		–	–	0.15	UI
$T_{J1.62}$	Total Jitter(2)	1.62 Gb/s	–	–	0.20	UI
$D_{J1.62}$	Deterministic Jitter(2)		–	–	0.10	UI
$T_{J1.25}$	Total Jitter(2)	1.25 Gb/s	–	–	0.20	UI
$D_{J1.25}$	Deterministic Jitter(2)		–	–	0.10	UI
T_{J614}	Total Jitter(2)	614 Mb/s	–	–	0.10	UI
D_{J614}	Deterministic Jitter(2)		–	–	0.05	UI

Notes:
1. Using same REFCLK input with TXENPMAPHASEALIGN enabled for up to four consecutive GTP transceiver sites.
2. Using PLL_DIVSEL_FB = 2, INTDATAWIDTH = 1. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.

Table 28: **IOB Switching Characteristics for the Commercial (XC) Spartan-6 Devices *(Cont'd)***

I/O Standard	T_{IOPI}				T_{IOOP}				T_{IOTP}				Units
	Speed Grade				Speed Grade				Speed Grade				
	-3	-3N	-2	-1L[1]	-3	-3N	-2	-1L[1]	-3	-3N	-2	-1L[1]	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 8 mA	1.34	1.46	1.59	1.82	2.07	2.21	2.41	3.03	2.07	2.21	2.41	3.03	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 12 mA	1.34	1.46	1.59	1.82	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 16 mA	1.34	1.46	1.59	1.82	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 24 mA	1.34	1.46	1.59	1.82	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 2 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	4.81	4.95	5.15	5.79	4.81	4.95	5.15	5.79	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 4 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.70	3.84	4.04	4.66	3.70	3.84	4.04	4.66	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 6 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.46	3.60	3.80	4.38	3.46	3.60	3.80	4.38	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 8 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.20	3.34	3.54	4.12	3.20	3.34	3.54	4.12	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 12 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.83	2.97	3.17	3.75	2.83	2.97	3.17	3.75	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 16 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.64	2.78	2.98	3.64	2.64	2.78	2.98	3.64	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 24 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.45	2.59	2.79	3.42	2.45	2.59	2.79	3.42	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 2 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.78	3.92	4.12	4.76	3.78	3.92	4.12	4.76	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 4 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.79	2.93	3.13	3.73	2.79	2.93	3.13	3.73	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 6 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.73	2.87	3.07	3.66	2.73	2.87	3.07	3.66	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 8 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.48	2.62	2.82	3.42	2.48	2.62	2.82	3.42	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 12 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.95	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.95	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 16 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.95	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.95	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 24 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.94	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.94	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 2 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.35	3.49	3.69	4.31	3.35	3.49	3.69	4.31	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 4 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.25	2.39	2.59	3.22	2.25	2.39	2.59	3.22	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 6 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.09	2.23	2.43	3.05	2.09	2.23	2.43	3.05	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 8 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.02	2.16	2.36	2.98	2.02	2.16	2.36	2.98	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 12 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 16 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 24 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 2 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	5.92	6.06	6.26	6.80	5.92	6.06	6.26	6.80	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 4 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	4.74	4.88	5.08	5.63	4.74	4.88	5.08	5.63	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 6 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	4.05	4.19	4.39	4.96	4.05	4.19	4.39	4.96	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 8 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.71	3.85	4.05	4.63	3.71	3.85	4.05	4.63	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 12 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.35	3.49	3.69	4.27	3.35	3.49	3.69	4.27	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 16 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.20	3.34	3.54	4.14	3.20	3.34	3.54	4.14	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 24 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	2.96	3.10	3.30	3.98	2.96	3.10	3.30	3.98	ns
LVCMOS18, Slow, 2 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	4.62	4.76	4.96	5.54	4.62	4.76	4.96	5.54	ns
LVCMOS18, Slow, 4 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.69	3.83	4.03	4.60	3.69	3.83	4.03	4.60	ns
LVCMOS18, Slow, 6 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.00	3.14	3.34	3.94	3.00	3.14	3.34	3.94	ns
LVCMOS18, Slow, 8 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	2.19	2.33	2.53	3.17	2.19	2.33	2.53	3.17	ns
LVCMOS18, Slow, 12 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	1.99	2.13	2.33	2.95	1.99	2.13	2.33	2.95	ns
LVCMOS18, Slow, 16 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	1.99	2.13	2.33	2.95	1.99	2.13	2.33	2.95	ns

Table 29: **IOB Switching Characteristics for the Automotive XA Spartan-6 and the Spartan-6Q Devices[1] *(Cont'd)***

I/O Standard	T_{IOPI}		T_{IOOP}		T_{IOTP}		Units
	Speed Grade		Speed Grade		Speed Grade		
	-3	-2	-3	-2	-3	-2	
LVCMOS33, Slow, 6 mA	1.41	1.59	2.79	2.99	2.79	2.99	ns
LVCMOS33, Slow, 8 mA	1.41	1.59	2.79	2.99	2.79	2.99	ns
LVCMOS33, Slow, 12 mA	1.41	1.59	2.53	2.73	2.53	2.73	ns
LVCMOS33, Slow, 16 mA	1.41	1.59	2.45	2.65	2.45	2.65	ns
LVCMOS33, Slow, 24 mA	1.41	1.59	2.42	2.62	2.42	2.62	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 2 mA	1.41	1.59	4.05	4.25	4.05	4.25	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 4 mA	1.41	1.59	2.66	2.86	2.66	2.86	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 6 mA	1.41	1.59	2.46	2.66	2.46	2.66	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 8 mA	1.41	1.59	2.21	2.41	2.21	2.41	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 12 mA	1.41	1.59	1.80	2.00	1.80	2.00	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 16 mA	1.41	1.59	1.80	2.00	1.80	2.00	ns
LVCMOS33, Fast, 24 mA	1.41	1.59	1.80	2.00	1.80	2.00	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 2 mA	0.89	1.07	5.00	5.20	5.00	5.20	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 4 mA	0.89	1.07	3.85	4.05	3.85	4.05	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 6 mA	0.89	1.07	3.60	3.80	3.60	3.80	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 8 mA	0.89	1.07	3.34	3.54	3.34	3.54	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 12 mA	0.89	1.07	2.98	3.18	2.98	3.18	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 16 mA	0.89	1.07	2.79	2.99	2.79	2.99	ns
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 24 mA	0.89	1.07	2.64	2.84	2.64	2.84	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 2 mA	0.89	1.07	3.96	4.16	3.96	4.16	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 4 mA	0.89	1.07	2.96	3.16	2.96	3.16	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 6 mA	0.89	1.07	2.88	3.08	2.88	3.08	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 8 mA	0.89	1.07	2.63	2.83	2.63	2.83	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 12 mA	0.89	1.07	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.35	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 16 mA	0.89	1.07	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.35	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 24 mA	0.89	1.07	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.35	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 2 mA	0.89	1.07	3.52	3.72	3.52	3.72	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 4 mA	0.89	1.07	2.43	2.63	2.43	2.63	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 6 mA	0.89	1.07	2.23	2.43	2.23	2.43	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 8 mA	0.89	1.07	2.16	2.36	2.16	2.36	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 12 mA	0.89	1.07	1.70	1.90	1.70	1.90	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 16 mA	0.89	1.07	1.70	1.90	1.70	1.90	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 24 mA	0.89	1.07	1.70	1.90	1.70	1.90	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 2 mA	1.25	1.43	6.11	6.31	6.11	6.31	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 4 mA	1.25	1.43	4.88	5.08	4.88	5.08	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 6 mA	1.25	1.43	4.20	4.40	4.20	4.40	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 8 mA	1.25	1.43	3.86	4.06	3.86	4.06	ns
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 12 mA	1.25	1.43	3.49	3.69	3.49	3.69	ns

Output Delay Measurements

Output delays are measured using a Tektronix P6245 TDS500/600 probe (< 1 pF) across approximately 4" of FR4 microstrip trace. Standard termination was used for all testing. The propagation delay of the 4" trace is characterized separately and subtracted from the final measurement, and is therefore not included in the generalized test setups shown in Figure 4 and Figure 5.

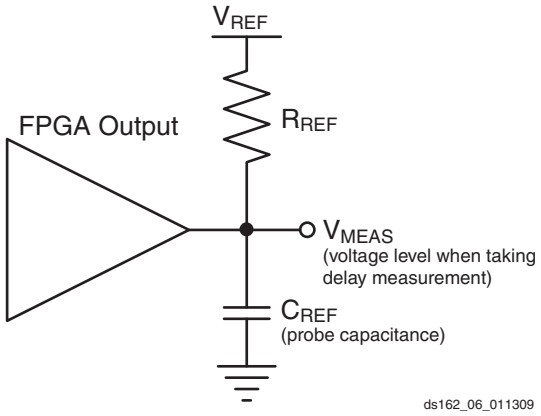

Figure 4: **Single-Ended Test Setup**

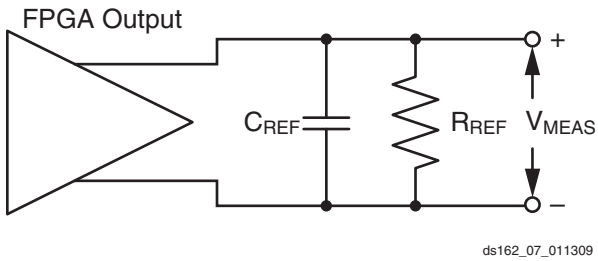

Figure 5: **Differential Test Setup**

Measurements and test conditions are reflected in the IBIS models except where the IBIS format precludes it. Parameters V_{REF}, R_{REF}, C_{REF}, and V_{MEAS} fully describe the test conditions for each I/O standard. The most accurate prediction of propagation delay in any given application can be obtained through IBIS simulation, using the following method:

1. Simulate the output driver of choice into the generalized test setup, using values from Table 32.
2. Record the time to V_{MEAS}.
3. Simulate the output driver of choice into the actual PCB trace and load, using the appropriate IBIS model or capacitance value to represent the load.
4. Record the time to V_{MEAS}.
5. Compare the results of steps 2 and 4. The increase or decrease in delay yields the actual propagation delay of the PCB trace.

Table 32: **Output Delay Measurement Methodology**

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	R_{REF} (Ω)	C_{REF} (1) (pF)	V_{MEAS} (V)	V_{REF} (V)
LVTTL (Low-Voltage Transistor-Transistor Logic)	LVTTL (all)	1M	0	1.4	0
LVCMOS (Low-Voltage CMOS), 3.3V	LVCMOS33	1M	0	1.65	0
LVCMOS, 2.5V	LVCMOS25	1M	0	1.25	0
LVCMOS, 1.8V	LVCMOS18	1M	0	0.9	0
LVCMOS, 1.5V	LVCMOS15	1M	0	0.75	0
LVCMOS, 1.2V	LVCMOS12	1M	0	0.6	0
PCI (Peripheral Component Interface) 33 MHz and 66 MHz, 3.3V	PCI33_3, PCI66_3 (rising edge)	25	10 (2)	0.94	0
	PCI33_3, PCI66_3 (falling edge)	25	10 (2)	2.03	3.3
HSTL (High-Speed Transceiver Logic), Class I	HSTL_I	50	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class II	HSTL_II	25	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class III	HSTL_III	50	0	0.9	1.5
HSTL, Class I, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class II, 1.8V	HSTL_II_18	25	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class III, 1.8V	HSTL_III_18	50	0	1.1	1.8
SSTL (Stub Series Terminated Logic), Class I, 1.8V	SSTL18_I	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
SSTL, Class II, 1.8V	SSTL18_II	25	0	V_{REF}	0.9
SSTL, Class I, 2.5V	SSTL2_I	50	0	V_{REF}	1.25

Table 34: **SSO Limit per V_{CCO}/GND Pair**

V_{CCO}	I/O Standard	Drive	Slew	SSO Limit per V_{CCO}/GND Pair			
				All TQG144, CPG196, CSG225, FT(G)256, and LX devices in CSG324		All CS(G)484, FG(G)484, FG(G)676, FG(G)900, and LXT devices in CSG324	
				Bank 0/2	Bank 1/3	Bank 0/2	Bank 1/3/4/5
1.2V	LVCMOS12, LVCMOS12_JEDEC	2	Fast	30 (1)	35	30	35
			Slow	51	55	51	52
			QuietIO	71	58	71	70
		4	Fast	17	17	17	19
			Slow	23	25	23	22
			QuietIO	35	32	35	32
		6	Fast	13	15	13	14
			Slow	19	20	19	17
			QuietIO	26	24	26	24
		8	Fast	N/A	12	N/A	12
			Slow	N/A	15	N/A	13
			QuietIO	N/A	20	N/A	19
		12	Fast	N/A	5	N/A	4
			Slow	N/A	8	N/A	5
			QuietIO	N/A	11	N/A	10

Table 34: **SSO Limit per V_{CCO}/GND Pair *(Cont'd)***

V_{CCO}	I/O Standard	Drive	Slew	SSO Limit per V_{CCO}/GND Pair			
				All TQG144, CPG196, CSG225, FT(G)256, and LX devices in CSG324		All CS(G)484, FG(G)484, FG(G)676, FG(G)900, and LXT devices in CSG324	
				Bank 0/2	Bank 1/3	Bank 0/2	Bank 1/3/4/5
3.3V	LVCMOS33	2	Fast	42	46	42	44
			Slow	50	55	50	49
			QuietIO	60	68	60	60
		4	Fast	21	27	21	25
			Slow	32	37	32	32
			QuietIO	39	42	39	37
		6	Fast	14	19	14	17
			Slow	19	25	19	22
			QuietIO	29	30	29	25
		8	Fast	11	15	11	14
			Slow	15	20	15	18
			QuietIO	25	24	25	20
		12	Fast	1	3	1	1
			Slow	2	5	2	2
			QuietIO	4	9	4	7
		16	Fast	1	2	1	1
			Slow	1	5	1	1
			QuietIO	3	10	3	8
		24	Fast	1	2	1	1
			Slow	2	5	2	1
			QuietIO	7	9	7	7

Input/Output Delay Switching Characteristics

Table 39: **IODELAY2 Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-3N	-2	-1L[3]	
T_{IODCCK_CAL} / T_{IODCKC_CAL}	CAL pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.28/ –0.13	0.33/ –0.13	0.48/ –0.13	N/A	ns
T_{IODCCK_CE} / T_{IODCKC_CE}	CE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.17/ –0.03	0.17/ –0.03	0.25/ –0.02	N/A	ns
T_{IODCCK_INC}/ T_{IODCKC_INC}	INC pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.10/ 0.02	0.12/ 0.03	0.18/ 0.06	N/A	ns
T_{IODCCK_RST}/ T_{IODCKC_RST}	RST pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.12/ –0.02	0.15/ –0.02	0.22/ –0.01	N/A	ns
T_{TAP1}[2]	Maximum tap 1 delay	8	14	16	N/A	ps
T_{TAP2}	Maximum tap 2 delay	40	66	77	N/A	ps
T_{TAP3}	Maximum tap 3 delay	95	120	140	N/A	ps
T_{TAP4}	Maximum tap 4 delay	108	141	166	N/A	ps
T_{TAP5}	Maximum tap 5 delay	171	194	231	N/A	ps
T_{TAP6}	Maximum tap 6 delay	207	249	292	N/A	ps
T_{TAP7}	Maximum tap 7 delay	212	276	343	N/A	ps
T_{TAP8}	Maximum tap 8 delay	322	341	424	N/A	ps
F_{MINCAL}	Minimum allowed bit rate for calibration in variable mode: VARIABLE_FROM_ZERO, VARIABLE_FROM_HALF_MAX, and DIFF_PHASE_DETECTOR.	188	188	188	N/A	Mb/s
$T_{IODDO_IDATAIN}$	Propagation delay through IODELAY2	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 3	–
$T_{IODDO_ODATAIN}$	Propagation delay through IODELAY2	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 3	–

Notes:

1. Delay depends on IODELAY2 tap setting. See TRACE report for actual values.
2. Maximum delay = integer (number of taps/8) × T_{TAP8} + T_{TAPn} (where n equals the remainder). For minimum delay consult the TRACE setup and hold report. Minimum delay is typically greater than 30% of the maximum delay. Tap delays can vary by device and overall conditions. See TRACE report for actual values.
3. Spartan-6 -1L devices only support tap 0. See TRACE report for actual values.

DCM Switching Characteristics

Table 53: **Operating Frequency Ranges and Conditions for the Delay-Locked Loop (DLL)[1]**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade								Units
		-3		-3N		-2		-1L		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input Frequency Ranges										
CLKIN_FREQ_DLL	Frequency of the CLKIN clock input when the CLKDV output is not used.	5[2]	280[3]	5[2]	280[3]	5[2]	250[3]	5[2]	175[3]	MHz
	Frequency of the CLKIN clock input when using the CLKDV output.	5[2]	280[3]	5[2]	280[3]	5[2]	250[3]	5[2]	133[3]	MHz
Input Pulse Requirements										
CLKIN_PULSE	CLKIN pulse width as a percentage of the CLKIN period for CLKIN_FREQ_DLL < 150 MHz	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	%
	CLKIN pulse width as a percentage of the CLKIN period for CLKIN_FREQ_DLL > 150 MHz	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%
Input Clock Jitter Tolerance and Delay Path Variation[4]										
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_DLL_LF	Cycle-to-cycle jitter at the CLKIN input for CLKIN_FREQ_DLL < 150 MHz	–	±300	–	±300	–	±300	–	±300	ps
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_DLL_HF	Cycle-to-cycle jitter at the CLKIN input for CLKIN_FREQ_DLL > 150 MHz.	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	ps
CLKIN_PER_JITT_DLL	Period jitter at the CLKIN input.	–	±1	–	±1	–	±1	–	±1	ns
CLKFB_DELAY_VAR_EXT	Allowable variation of the off-chip feedback delay from the DCM output to the CLKFB input.	–	±1	–	±1	–	±1	–	±1	ns

Notes:
1. DLL specifications apply when using any of the DLL outputs: CLK0, CLK90, CLK180, CLK270, CLK2X, CLK2X180, or CLKDV.
2. When operating independently of the DLL, the DFS supports lower CLKIN_FREQ_DLL frequencies. See Table 55.
3. The CLKIN_DIVIDE_BY_2 attribute increases the effective input frequency range. When set to TRUE, the input clock frequency is divided by two as it enters the DCM. Input clock frequencies for the clock buffer being used can be increased up to the F_{MAX} (see Table 48 and Table 49 for BUFG and BUFIO2 limits). When used with CLK_FEEDBACK=2X, the input clock frequency matches the frequency for CLK2X, and is limited to CLKOUT_FREQ_2X.
4. CLKIN_FREQ_DLL input jitter beyond these limits can cause the DCM to lose LOCK, indicated by the LOCKED output deasserting. The user must then reset the DCM.
5. When using both DCMs in a CMT, both DCMs must be LOCKED.

Table 56: **Switching Characteristics for the Digital Frequency Synthesizer (DFS) for DCM_SP[1]**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade								Units
		-3		-3N		-2		-1L		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Frequency Ranges										
CLKOUT_FREQ_FX	Frequency for the CLKFX and CLKFX180 outputs	5	375	5	375	5	333	5	200	MHz
Output Clock Jitter[2][3]										
CLKOUT_PER_JITT_FX	Period jitter at the CLKFX and CLKFX180 outputs. When CLKIN < 20 MHz	Use the Clocking Wizard								ps
	Period jitter at the CLKFX and CLKFX180 outputs. When CLKIN > 20 MHz	Typical = ±(1% of CLKFX period + 100)								ps
Duty Cycle[4][5]										
CLKOUT_DUTY_CYCLE_FX	Duty cycle precision for the CLKFX and CLKFX180 outputs including the BUFGMUX and clock tree duty-cycle distortion	Maximum = ±(1% of CLKFX period + 350)								ps
Phase Alignment[5]										
CLKOUT_PHASE_FX	Phase offset between the DFS CLKFX output and the DLL CLK0 output when both the DFS and DLL are used	–	±200	–	±200	–	±200	–	±250	ps
CLKOUT_PHASE_FX180	Phase offset between the DFS CLKFX180 output and the DLL CLK0 output when both the DFS and DLL are used	Maximum = ±(1% of CLKFX period + 200)								ps
LOCKED Time										
LOCK_FX[2]	When FCLKIN < 50 MHz, the time from deassertion at the DCM's reset input to the rising transition at its LOCKED output. The DFS asserts LOCKED when the CLKFX and CLKFX180 signals are valid. When using both the DLL and the DFS, use the longer locking time.	–	5	–	5	–	5	–	5	ms
	When FCLKIN > 50 MHz, the time from deassertion at the DCM's reset input to the rising transition at its LOCKED output. The DFS asserts LOCKED when the CLKFX and CLKFX180 signals are valid. When using both the DLL and the DFS, use the longer locking time.	–	0.45	–	0.45	–	0.45	–	0.60	ms

Notes:
1. The values in this table are based on the operating conditions described in Table 2 and Table 55.
2. For optimal jitter tolerance and a faster LOCK time, use the CLKIN_PERIOD attribute.
3. Output jitter is characterized with no input jitter. Output jitter strongly depends on the environment, including the number of SSOs, the output drive strength, CLB utilization, CLB switching activities, switching frequency, power supply, and PCB design. The actual maximum output jitter depends on the system application.
4. The CLKFX, CLKFXDV, and CLKFX180 outputs have a duty cycle of approximately 50%.
5. Some duty cycle and alignment specifications include a percentage of the CLKFX output period. For example, this data sheet specifies a maximum CLKFX jitter of ±(1% of CLKFX period + 200 ps). Assuming that the CLKFX output frequency is 100 MHz, the equivalent CLKFX period is 10 ns, and 1% of 10 ns is 0.1 ns or 100 ps. Accordingly, the maximum jitter is ±(100 ps + 200 ps) = ±300 ps.

Table 57: **Switching Characteristics for the Digital Frequency Synthesizer DFS (DCM_CLKGEN)[1] *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade								Units
		-3		-3N		-2		-1L		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Spread Spectrum										
$F_{CLKIN_FIXED_SPREAD_SPECTRUM}$	Frequency of the CLKIN input for fixed spread spectrum (SPREAD_SPECTRUM = CENTER_LOW_SPREAD/ CENTER_HIGH_SPREAD)	30	200	30	200	30	200	30	200	MHz
$T_{CENTER_LOW_SPREAD}$[6]	Spread at the CLKFX output for fixed spread spectrum (SPREAD_SPECTRUM = CENTER_LOW_SPREAD)	Typical = $\frac{100}{CLKFX_DIVIDE}$ Maximum = 250								ps
$T_{CENTER_HIGH_SPREAD}$[6]	Spread at the CLKFX output for fixed spread spectrum (SPREAD_SPECTRUM= CENTER_HIGH_SPREAD)	Typical = $\frac{240}{CLKFX_DIVIDE}$ Maximum = 400								ps
$F_{MOD_FIXED_SPREAD_SPECTRUM}$[6]	Average modulation frequency when using fixed spread spectrum (SPREAD_SPECTRUM = CENTER_LOW_SPREAD / CENTER_HIGH_SPREAD)	Typical = $F_{IN}/1024$								MHz

Notes:
1. The values in this table are based on the operating conditions described in Table 2 and Table 55.
2. For optimal jitter tolerance and a faster LOCK time, use the CLKIN_PERIOD attribute.
3. Output jitter is characterized with no input jitter. Output jitter strongly depends on the environment, including the number of SSOs, the output drive strength, CLB utilization, CLB switching activities, switching frequency, power supply, and PCB design. The actual maximum output jitter depends on the system application.
4. The CLKFX, CLKFXDV, and CLKFX180 outputs have a duty cycle of approximately 50%.
5. Some duty-cycle and alignment specifications include a percentage of the CLKFX output period. For example, this data sheet specifies a maximum CLKFX jitter of ±(1% of CLKFX period + 200 ps). Assuming that the CLKFX output frequency is 100 MHz, the equivalent CLKFX period is 10 ns, and 1% of 10 ns is 0.1 ns or 100 ps. Accordingly, the maximum jitter is ±(100 ps + 200 ps) = ±300 ps.
6. When using CENTER_LOW_SPREAD, CENTER_HIGH_SPREAD, the valid values for CLKFX_MULTIPLY are limited to 2 through 32, and the valid values for CLKFX_DIVIDE are limited to 1 through 4.

Table 58: **Recommended Operating Conditions for the Phase-Shift Clock in Variable Phase Mode (DCM_SP) or Dynamic Frequency Synthesis (DCM_CLKGEN)**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade								Units
		-3		-3N		-2		-1L		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Operating Frequency Ranges										
PSCLK_FREQ	Frequency for the PSCLK (DCM_SP) or PROGCLK (DCM_CLKGEN) input.	1	167	1	167	1	167	1	100	MHz
Input Pulse Requirements										
PSCLK_PULSE	PSCLK (DCM_SP) or PROGCLK (DCM_CLKGEN) pulse width as a percentage of the clock period.	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	%

Table 64: **Global Clock Input to Output Delay With DCM in System-Synchronous Mode**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
LVCMOS25 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, 12mA, Fast Slew Rate, *with* DCM in System-Synchronous Mode.							
$T_{ICKOFDCM}$	Global Clock and OUTFF *with* DCM	XC6SLX4	4.23	N/A	6.11	6.60	ns
		XC6SLX9	4.23	5.17	6.11	6.60	ns
		XC6SLX16	4.28	4.57	5.34	6.36	ns
		XC6SLX25	3.95	4.18	4.59	6.91	ns
		XC6SLX25T	3.95	4.18	4.59	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	4.37	4.70	5.50	6.85	ns
		XC6SLX45T	4.37	4.70	5.50	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	3.90	4.23	4.77	6.31	ns
		XC6SLX75T	3.90	4.23	4.77	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	3.86	4.16	4.66	7.25	ns
		XC6SLX100T	3.90	4.16	4.66	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	4.03	4.33	4.83	6.63	ns
		XC6SLX150T	4.03	4.33	4.83	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	4.55	N/A	6.11	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	4.55	N/A	6.11	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	4.62	N/A	5.33	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	4.27	N/A	4.59	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	4.27	N/A	4.69	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	4.69	N/A	5.50	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	4.69	N/A	5.50	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	4.22	N/A	4.77	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	4.22	N/A	4.77	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	5.34	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	4.77	6.31	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	4.22	N/A	4.77	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	4.96	6.63	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	4.62	N/A	4.96	N/A	ns

Notes:
1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. DCM output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Table 65: **Global Clock Input to Output Delay With DCM in Source-Synchronous Mode**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
LVCMOS25 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, 12mA, Fast Slew Rate, *with* DCM in Source-Synchronous Mode.							
$T_{ICKOFDCM_0}$	Global Clock and OUTFF *with* DCM	XC6SLX4	5.03	N/A	7.21	8.05	ns
		XC6SLX9	5.03	6.13	7.21	8.05	ns
		XC6SLX16	5.08	5.51	6.44	7.96	ns
		XC6SLX25	4.81	5.13	5.69	7.94	ns
		XC6SLX25T	4.81	5.13	5.69	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	5.26	5.69	6.63	7.92	ns
		XC6SLX45T	5.26	5.69	6.63	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	4.77	5.18	5.88	7.95	ns
		XC6SLX75T	4.77	5.18	5.88	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	4.72	5.11	5.76	8.59	ns
		XC6SLX100T	4.76	5.11	5.76	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	4.90	5.30	5.93	7.93	ns
		XC6SLX150T	4.90	5.30	5.93	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	5.35	N/A	7.21	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	5.35	N/A	7.21	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	5.42	N/A	6.44	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	5.13	N/A	5.69	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	5.13	N/A	5.79	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	5.58	N/A	6.63	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	5.58	N/A	6.63	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	5.09	N/A	5.87	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	5.09	N/A	5.87	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	6.44	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	5.87	7.95	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	5.09	N/A	5.87	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	6.06	7.93	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	5.50	N/A	6.06	N/A	ns

Notes:
1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. DCM output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Table 68: **Global Clock Input to Output Delay With DCM and PLL in System-Synchronous Mode**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
LVCMOS25 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, 12mA, Fast Slew Rate, *with* DCM in System-Synchronous Mode and PLL in DCM2PLL Mode.							
$T_{ICKOFDCM_PLL}$	Global Clock and OUTFF with DCM and PLL	XC6SLX4	4.78	N/A	6.32	7.09	ns
		XC6SLX9	4.78	5.24	6.32	7.09	ns
		XC6SLX16	4.70	5.12	5.94	6.63	ns
		XC6SLX25	4.70	5.09	5.92	7.30	ns
		XC6SLX25T	4.70	5.09	5.92	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	4.63	4.98	5.83	7.26	ns
		XC6SLX45T	4.63	4.98	5.83	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	4.68	5.04	5.88	6.90	ns
		XC6SLX75T	4.68	5.04	5.88	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	4.72	5.07	5.92	7.77	ns
		XC6SLX100T	4.76	5.07	5.92	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	4.44	4.73	5.31	6.96	ns
		XC6SLX150T	4.44	4.73	5.31	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	5.07	N/A	6.18	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	5.07	N/A	6.18	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	5.22	N/A	5.77	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	5.01	N/A	5.80	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	5.01	N/A	5.90	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	4.93	N/A	5.67	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	4.93	N/A	5.67	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	4.94	N/A	5.70	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	4.94	N/A	5.70	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	5.77	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	5.70	6.90	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	4.94	N/A	5.70	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	5.31	6.96	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	5.02	N/A	5.31	N/A	ns

Notes:
1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. DCM and PLL output jitter are already included in the timing calculation.