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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1139
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	14579
Total RAM Bits	589824
Number of I/O	186
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FTBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc6slx16-2ft256c

Table 2: Recommended Operating Conditions⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description			Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND	-3, -3N, -2	Standard performance ⁽²⁾	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
		-3, -2	Extended performance ⁽²⁾	1.2	1.23	1.26	V
		-1L	Standard performance ⁽²⁾	0.95	1.0	1.05	V
$V_{CCAUX}^{(3)(4)}$	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND	$V_{CCAUX} = 2.5V^{(5)}$		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
		$V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V$		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
$V_{CCO}^{(6)(7)(8)}$	Output supply voltage relative to GND			1.1	—	3.45	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage relative to GND	All I/O standards (except PCI)	Commercial temperature (C)	-0.5	—	4.0	V
			Industrial temperature (I)	-0.5	—	3.95	V
			Expanded (Q) temperature	-0.5	—	3.95	V
		PCI I/O standard ⁽⁹⁾	—	-0.5	—	$V_{CCO} + 0.5$	V
$I_{IN}^{(10)}$	Maximum current through pin using PCI I/O standard when forward biasing the clamp diode. ⁽⁹⁾	Commercial (C) and Industrial temperature (I)		—	—	10	mA
		Expanded (Q) temperature		—	—	7	mA
$V_{BATT}^{(11)}$	Battery voltage relative to GND, $T_j = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ (LX75, LX75T, LX100, LX100T, LX150, and LX150T only)			1.0	—	3.6	V
T_j	Junction temperature operating range	Commercial (C) range		0	—	85	$^\circ\text{C}$
		Industrial temperature (I) range		-40	—	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
		Expanded (Q) temperature range		-40	—	125	$^\circ\text{C}$

Notes:

1. All voltages are relative to ground.
2. See *Interface Performances for Memory Interfaces* in Table 25. The extended performance range is specified for designs not using the standard V_{CCINT} voltage range. The standard V_{CCINT} voltage range is used for:
 - Designs that do not use an MCB
 - LX4 devices
 - Devices in the TQG144 or CPG196 packages
 - Devices with the -3N speed grade
3. Recommended maximum voltage droop for V_{CCAUX} is 10 mV/ms.
4. During configuration, if V_{CCO_2} is 1.8V, then V_{CCAUX} must be 2.5V.
5. The -1L devices require $V_{CCAUX} = 2.5V$ when using the LVDS_25, LVDS_33, BLVDS_25, LVPECL_25, RSDS_25, RSDS_33, PPDS_25, and PPDS_33 I/O standards on inputs. LVPECL_33 is not supported in the -1L devices.
6. Configuration data is retained even if V_{CCO} drops to 0V.
7. Includes V_{CCO} of 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V.
8. For PCI systems, the transmitter and receiver should have common supplies for V_{CCO} .
9. Devices with a -1L speed grade do not support Xilinx PCI IP.
10. Do not exceed a total of 100 mA per bank.
11. V_{BATT} is required to maintain the battery backed RAM (BBR) AES key when V_{CCAUX} is not applied. Once V_{CCAUX} is applied, V_{BATT} can be unconnected. When BBR is not used, Xilinx recommends connecting to V_{CCAUX} or GND. However, V_{BATT} can be unconnected.

Table 3: eFUSE Programming Conditions⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{FS} ⁽²⁾	External voltage supply	3.2	3.3	3.4	V
I_{FS}	V_{FS} supply current	–	–	40	mA
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND	3.2	3.3	3.45	V
R_{FUSE} ⁽³⁾	External resistor from R_{FUSE} pin to GND	1129	1140	1151	Ω
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
t_j	Temperature range	15	–	85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Notes:

1. These specifications apply during programming of the eFUSE AES key. Programming is only supported through JTAG. The AES key is only supported in the following devices: LX75, LX75T, LX100, LX100T, LX150, and LX150T.
2. When programming eFUSE, V_{FS} must be less than or equal to V_{CCAUX} . When not programming or when eFUSE is not used, Xilinx recommends connecting V_{FS} to GND. However, V_{FS} can be between GND and 3.45 V.
3. An R_{FUSE} resistor is required when programming the eFUSE AES key. When not programming or when eFUSE is not used, Xilinx recommends connecting the R_{FUSE} pin to V_{CCAUX} or GND. However, R_{FUSE} can be unconnected.

In [Table 9](#) and [Table 10](#), values for V_{IL} and V_{IH} are recommended input voltages. Values for I_{OL} and I_{OH} are guaranteed over the recommended operating conditions at the V_{OL} and V_{OH} test points. Only selected standards are tested. These are chosen to ensure that all standards meet their specifications. The selected standards are tested at a minimum V_{CCO} with the respective V_{OL} and V_{OH} voltage levels shown. Other standards are sample tested.

Table 9: Single-Ended I/O Standard DC Input and Output Levels

I/O Standard	V_{IL}		V_{IH}		V_{OL}	V_{OH}	I_{OL}	I_{OH}
	V , Min	V , Max	V , Min	V , Max	V , Max	V , Min	mA	mA
LVTTL	-0.5	0.8	2.0	4.1	0.4	2.4	Note 2	Note 2
LVCMOS33	-0.5	0.8	2.0	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	Note 2	Note 2
LVCMOS25	-0.5	0.7	1.7	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	Note 2	Note 2
LVCMOS18	-0.5	0.38	0.8	4.1	0.45	$V_{CCO} - 0.45$	Note 2	Note 2
LVCMOS18 (-1L)	-0.5	0.33	0.71	4.1	0.45	$V_{CCO} - 0.45$	Note 2	Note 2
LVCMOS18_JEDEC	-0.5	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	4.1	0.45	$V_{CCO} - 0.45$	Note 2	Note 2
LVCMOS15	-0.5	0.38	0.8	4.1	25% V_{CCO}	75% V_{CCO}	Note 3	Note 3
LVCMOS15 (-1L)	-0.5	0.33	0.71	4.1	25% V_{CCO}	75% V_{CCO}	Note 3	Note 3
LVCMOS15_JEDEC	-0.5	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	4.1	25% V_{CCO}	75% V_{CCO}	Note 3	Note 3
LVCMOS12	-0.5	0.38	0.8	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	Note 4	Note 4
LVCMOS12 (-1L)	-0.5	0.33	0.71	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	Note 4	Note 4
LVCMOS12_JEDEC	-0.5	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	Note 4	Note 4
PCI33_3	-0.5	30% V_{CCO}	50% V_{CCO}	$V_{CCO} + 0.5$	10% V_{CCO}	90% V_{CCO}	1.5	-0.5
PCI66_3	-0.5	30% V_{CCO}	50% V_{CCO}	$V_{CCO} + 0.5$	10% V_{CCO}	90% V_{CCO}	1.5	-0.5
I2C	-0.5	25% V_{CCO}	70% V_{CCO}	4.1	20% V_{CCO}	-	3	-
SMBUS	-0.5	0.8	2.1	4.1	0.4	-	4	-
SDIO	-0.5	12.5% V_{CCO}	75% V_{CCO}	4.1	12.5% V_{CCO}	75% V_{CCO}	0.1	-0.1
MOBILE_DDR	-0.5	20% V_{CCO}	80% V_{CCO}	4.1	10% V_{CCO}	90% V_{CCO}	0.1	-0.1
HSTL_I	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL_II	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL_III	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	24	-8
HSTL_I_18	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	11	-11
HSTL_II_18	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	22	-22
HSTL_III_18	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	4.1	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	30	-11
SSTL3_I	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	4.1	$V_{TT} - 0.6$	$V_{TT} + 0.6$	8	-8
SSTL3_II	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	4.1	$V_{TT} - 0.8$	$V_{TT} + 0.8$	16	-16
SSTL2_I	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	4.1	$V_{TT} - 0.61$	$V_{TT} + 0.61$	8.1	-8.1
SSTL2_II	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	4.1	$V_{TT} - 0.81$	$V_{TT} + 0.81$	16.2	-16.2
SSTL18_I	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	4.1	$V_{TT} - 0.47$	$V_{TT} + 0.47$	6.7	-6.7
SSTL18_II	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	4.1	$V_{TT} - 0.60$	$V_{TT} + 0.60$	13.4	-13.4
SSTL15_II	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	4.1	$V_{TT} - 0.4$	$V_{TT} + 0.4$	13.4	-13.4

Notes:

- Tested according to relevant specifications.
- Using drive strengths of 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, or 24 mA.
- Using drive strengths of 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, or 16 mA.
- Using drive strengths of 2, 4, 6, 8, or 12 mA.
- For more information, refer to [UG381: Spartan-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide](#).

Table 14: GTP Transceiver Current Supply (per Lane)

Symbol	Description	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Units
$I_{MGTAVCC}$	GTP transceiver internal analog supply current	40.4	Note 2	mA
$I_{MGTAVTTX}$	GTP transmitter termination supply current	27.4		mA
$I_{MGTAVTRX}$	GTP receiver termination supply current	13.6		mA
$I_{MGTAVCCPLL}$	GTP transmitter and receiver PLL supply current	28.7		mA
$R_{MGTRREF}$	Precision reference resistor for internal calibration termination	$50.0 \pm 1\%$ tolerance		Ω

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C, with a 2.5 Gb/s line rate, with a shared PLL use mode.
2. Values for currents of other transceiver configurations and conditions can be obtained by using the XPOWER Estimator (XPE) or XPOWER Analyzer (XPA) tools.

Table 15: GTP Transceiver Quiescent Supply Current (per Lane)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Description	Typ ⁽⁵⁾	Max	Units
$I_{MGTAVCCQ}$	Quiescent MGTAVCC supply current	1.7	Note 2	mA
$I_{MGTAVTTXQ}$	Quiescent MGTAVTTX supply current	0.1		mA
$I_{MGTAVTRXQ}$	Quiescent MGTAVTRX supply current	1.2		mA
$I_{MGTAVCCPLQ}$	Quiescent MGTAVCCPLL supply current	1.0		mA

Notes:

1. Device powered and unconfigured.
2. Currents for conditions other than values specified in this table can be obtained by using the XPOWER Estimator (XPE) or XPOWER Analyzer (XPA) tools.
3. GTP transceiver quiescent supply current for an entire device can be calculated by multiplying the values in this table by the number of available GTP transceivers.
4. Does not include power-up MGTAVTTRCAL supply current during device configuration.
5. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.

Performance Characteristics

This section provides the performance characteristics of some common functions and designs implemented in Spartan-6 devices. The numbers reported here are worst-case values; they have all been fully characterized. These values are subject to the same guidelines as the [Switching Characteristics, page 19](#).

Table 25: Interface Performances

Description	I/O Resource	Clock Buffer	Data Width	Speed Grade				Units		
				-3	-3N	-2	-1L			
Networking Applications⁽¹⁾										
SDR LVDS transmitter or receiver	IOB SDR register	BUFG	—	400	400	375	250	Mb/s		
DDR LVDS transmitter or receiver	ODDR2/IDDR2 register	2 BUFGs	—	800	800	750	500	Mb/s		
SDR LVDS transmitter	OSERDES2	BUFPLL	2	500	500	500	250	Mb/s		
			3	750	750	750	375	Mb/s		
			4-8	1080	1050	950	500	Mb/s		
DDR LVDS transmitter	OSERDES2	2 BUFIO2s	2	500	500	500	250	Mb/s		
			3	750	750	750	375	Mb/s		
			4-8	1080	1050	950	500	Mb/s		
SDR LVDS receiver	ISERDES2 in RETIMED mode	BUFPLL	2	500	500	500	—	Mb/s		
			3	750	750	750	—	Mb/s		
			4-8	1080	1050	950	—	Mb/s		
DDR LVDS receiver	ISERDES2 in RETIMED mode	2 BUFIO2s	2	500	500	500	—	Mb/s		
			3	750	750	750	—	Mb/s		
			4-8	1080	1050	950	—	Mb/s		
Memory Interfaces (Implemented using the Spartan-6 FPGA Memory Controller Block)⁽²⁾										
Standard Performance (Standard V_{CCINT})										
DDR				400	Note 4	400	350	Mb/s		
DDR2				667	Note 4	625	400	Mb/s		
DDR3				800	Note 4	667	—	Mb/s		
LPDDR (Mobile_DDR)				400	Note 4	400	350	Mb/s		
Extended Performance (Requires Extended Performance V_{CCINT})⁽³⁾										
DDR2				800	Note 4	667	—	Mb/s		

Notes:

- Refer to [XAPP1064](#), *Source-Synchronous Serialization and Deserialization (up to 1050 Mb/s)* and [UG381](#), *Spartan-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide*.
- Refer to [UG388](#), *Spartan-6 FPGA Memory Controller User Guide*.
- Extended Memory Controller block performance for DDR2 can be achieved using the extended performance V_{CCINT} range from [Table 2](#).
- The LX4 device, all devices in the TQG144 and CPG196 packages, and the -3N speed grade do not support a Memory Controller Block.

Table 27: Spartan-6 Device Production Software and Speed Specification Release⁽¹⁾ (Cont'd)

Device	Speed Grade Designations ⁽²⁾			
	-3 ⁽³⁾	-3N	-2 ⁽⁴⁾	-1L
XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	ISE 13.2 v1.19	ISE 13.2 v1.07
XQ6SLX75T	ISE 13.2 v1.19	N/A	ISE 13.2 v1.19	N/A
XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	ISE 13.2 v1.19	ISE 13.2 v1.07
XQ6SLX150T	ISE 13.2 v1.19	N/A	ISE 13.2 v1.19	N/A

Notes:

1. ISE 13.3 software with v1.20 for -3, -3N, and -2; and v1.08 for -1L speed specification reflects the changes outlined in [XCN11028: Spartan-6 FPGA Speed File Changes](#).
2. As marked with an N/A, LXT devices and all XA devices are not available with a -1L speed grade; LX4 devices and all XA and XQ devices are not available with a -3N speed grade.
3. Improved -3 specifications reflected in this data sheet require ISE 12.4 software with v1.15 speed specification.
4. Improved -2 specifications reflected in this data sheet require ISE 12.4 software and the *12.4 Speed Files Patch* which contains the v1.17 speed specification available on the [Xilinx Download Center](#).
5. ISE 12.3 software with v1.12 speed specification is available using ISE 12.3 software and the *12.3 Speed Files Patch* available on the [Xilinx Download Center](#).
6. ISE 12.2 software with v1.11 speed specification is available using ISE 12.2 software and the *12.2 Speed Files Patch* available on the [Xilinx Download Center](#).
7. ISE 13.1 software with v1.18 speed specification is available using ISE 13.1 software and the *13.1 Update* available on the [Xilinx Download Center](#). See [XCN11012: Speed File Change for -3N Devices](#).

IOB Pad Input/Output/3-State Switching Characteristics

Table 28 (for commercial (XC) Spartan-6 devices) and **Table 29** (for Automotive XA Spartan-6 and Defense-grade Spartan-6Q devices) summarizes the values of standard-specific data input delays, output delays terminating at pads (based on standard), and 3-state delays.

- T_{IOPI} is described as the delay from IOB pad through the input buffer to the I-pin of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO input buffer.
- T_{IOOP} is described as the delay from the O pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO output buffer.
- T_{IOTP} is described as the delay from the T pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad, when 3-state is disabled. The delay varies depending on the SelectIO capability of the output buffer.

See the TRACE report for further information on delays when using an I/O standard with UNTUNED termination on inputs or outputs.

Table 28: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Commercial (XC) Spartan-6 Devices

I/O Standard	T_{IOPI}				T_{IOOP}				T_{IOTP}				Units	
	Speed Grade				Speed Grade				Speed Grade					
	-3	-3N	-2	-1L ⁽¹⁾	-3	-3N	-2	-1L ⁽¹⁾	-3	-3N	-2	-1L ⁽¹⁾		
LVDS_33	1.17	1.29	1.42	1.68	1.55	1.69	1.89	2.42	3000	3000	3000	3000	ns	
LVDS_25	1.01	1.13	1.26	1.57	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.47	3000	3000	3000	3000	ns	
BLVDS_25	1.02	1.14	1.27	1.57	1.72	1.86	2.06	2.68	1.72	1.86	2.06	2.68	ns	
MINI_LVDS_33	1.17	1.29	1.42	1.68	1.57	1.71	1.91	2.41	3000	3000	3000	3000	ns	
MINI_LVDS_25	1.01	1.13	1.26	1.57	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.47	3000	3000	3000	3000	ns	
LVPECL_33	1.18	1.30	1.43	1.68	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	ns	
LVPECL_25	1.02	1.14	1.27	1.57	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	ns	
RSDS_33 (point to point)	1.17	1.29	1.42	1.68	1.57	1.71	1.91	2.42	3000	3000	3000	3000	ns	
RSDS_25 (point to point)	1.01	1.13	1.26	1.56	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.47	3000	3000	3000	3000	ns	
TMDS_33	1.21	1.33	1.46	1.71	1.54	1.68	1.88	2.50	3000	3000	3000	3000	ns	

Table 29: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Automotive XA Spartan-6 and the Spartan-6Q Devices⁽¹⁾ (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOP1}		T _{IOOP}		T _{IOTP}		Units	
	Speed Grade		Speed Grade		Speed Grade			
	-3	-2	-3	-2	-3	-2		
LVCMOS33, Slow, 6 mA	1.41	1.59	2.79	2.99	2.79	2.99	ns	
LVCMOS33, Slow, 8 mA	1.41	1.59	2.79	2.99	2.79	2.99	ns	
LVCMOS33, Slow, 12 mA	1.41	1.59	2.53	2.73	2.53	2.73	ns	
LVCMOS33, Slow, 16 mA	1.41	1.59	2.45	2.65	2.45	2.65	ns	
LVCMOS33, Slow, 24 mA	1.41	1.59	2.42	2.62	2.42	2.62	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 2 mA	1.41	1.59	4.05	4.25	4.05	4.25	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 4 mA	1.41	1.59	2.66	2.86	2.66	2.86	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 6 mA	1.41	1.59	2.46	2.66	2.46	2.66	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 8 mA	1.41	1.59	2.21	2.41	2.21	2.41	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 12 mA	1.41	1.59	1.80	2.00	1.80	2.00	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 16 mA	1.41	1.59	1.80	2.00	1.80	2.00	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 24 mA	1.41	1.59	1.80	2.00	1.80	2.00	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 2 mA	0.89	1.07	5.00	5.20	5.00	5.20	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 4 mA	0.89	1.07	3.85	4.05	3.85	4.05	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 6 mA	0.89	1.07	3.60	3.80	3.60	3.80	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 8 mA	0.89	1.07	3.34	3.54	3.34	3.54	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 12 mA	0.89	1.07	2.98	3.18	2.98	3.18	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 16 mA	0.89	1.07	2.79	2.99	2.79	2.99	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 24 mA	0.89	1.07	2.64	2.84	2.64	2.84	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 2 mA	0.89	1.07	3.96	4.16	3.96	4.16	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 4 mA	0.89	1.07	2.96	3.16	2.96	3.16	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 6 mA	0.89	1.07	2.88	3.08	2.88	3.08	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 8 mA	0.89	1.07	2.63	2.83	2.63	2.83	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 12 mA	0.89	1.07	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.35	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 16 mA	0.89	1.07	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.35	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 24 mA	0.89	1.07	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.35	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 2 mA	0.89	1.07	3.52	3.72	3.52	3.72	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 4 mA	0.89	1.07	2.43	2.63	2.43	2.63	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 6 mA	0.89	1.07	2.23	2.43	2.23	2.43	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 8 mA	0.89	1.07	2.16	2.36	2.16	2.36	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 12 mA	0.89	1.07	1.70	1.90	1.70	1.90	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 16 mA	0.89	1.07	1.70	1.90	1.70	1.90	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 24 mA	0.89	1.07	1.70	1.90	1.70	1.90	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 2 mA	1.25	1.43	6.11	6.31	6.11	6.31	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 4 mA	1.25	1.43	4.88	5.08	4.88	5.08	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 6 mA	1.25	1.43	4.20	4.40	4.20	4.40	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 8 mA	1.25	1.43	3.86	4.06	3.86	4.06	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 12 mA	1.25	1.43	3.49	3.69	3.49	3.69	ns	

Input/Output Logic Switching Characteristics

Table 35: ILOGIC2 Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Setup/Hold						
T _{ICE0CK} /T _{ICKCE0}	CE0 pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.56/ -0.30	0.56/ -0.25	0.79/ -0.22	1.21/ -0.52	ns
T _{ISRCK} /T _{ICKSR}	SR pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.74/ -0.23	0.74/ -0.22	0.98/ -0.20	1.31/ -0.45	ns
T _{IDOCK} /T _{IOCKD}	D pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK without Delay	1.19/ -0.83	1.36/ -0.83	1.73/ -0.83	2.18/ -1.77	ns
T _{IDOCKD} /T _{IOCKDD}	DDLY pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK (using IODELAY2)	0.31/ 0.00	0.47/ 0.00	0.54/ 0.00	0.63/ -0.39	ns
Combinatorial						
T _{IDI}	D pin to O pin propagation delay, no Delay	0.95	1.28	1.53	2.25	ns
T _{IDID}	DDLY pin to O pin propagation delay (using IODELAY2)	0.23	0.39	0.44	0.74	ns
Sequential Delays						
T _{IDLO}	D pin to Q pin using flip-flop as a latch without Delay	1.56	1.86	2.39	3.49	ns
T _{IDLOD}	DDLY pin to Q1 pin using flip-flop as a latch (using IODELAY2)	0.68	0.97	1.20	1.94	ns
T _{ICKQ}	CLK to Q outputs for XC devices	1.03	1.24	1.43	2.11	ns
	CLK to Q outputs for XA and XQ devices	1.38	N/A	1.78	2.11	ns
T _{RQ_ILOGIC2}	SR pin to Q outputs	1.81	1.81	2.50	3.05	ns

Table 36: OLOGIC2 Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Setup/Hold						
T _{ODCK} /T _{OCKD}	D1/D2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.81/ -0.05	0.86/ -0.05	1.18/ 0.00	1.73/ -0.27	ns
T _{OOC ECK} /T _{OCKOCE}	OCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.75/ -0.10	0.75/ -0.10	1.01/ -0.05	1.66/ -0.23	ns
T _{OSRCK} /T _{OCKSR}	SR pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.70/ -0.28	0.79/ -0.28	1.03/ -0.23	1.39/ -0.47	ns
T _{OTCK} /T _{OCKT}	T1/T2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.24/ -0.08	0.56/ -0.06	0.83/ -0.01	0.99/ -0.19	ns
T _{OTCECK} /T _{OCKTCE}	TCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.58/ -0.06	0.72/ -0.06	1.18/ -0.01	1.51/ -0.13	ns
Sequential Delays						
T _{OCKQ}	CLK to OQ/TQ out for XC devices	0.48	0.51	0.74	0.74	ns
	CLK to OQ/TQ out for XA and XQ devices	0.85	N/A	1.16	0.74	ns
T _{RQ_OLOGIC2}	SR pin to OQ/TQ out	1.81	1.81	2.50	3.05	ns

CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Table 41: CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Sequential Delays						
T _{SHCKO}	Clock to A – D outputs	1.26	1.55	1.55	2.35	ns, Max
	Clock to A – D outputs (direct output path)	0.96	1.20	1.20	1.87	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK						
T _{DS} /T _{DH}	AX – DX or AI – DI inputs to CLK	0.59/ 0.17	0.73/ 0.22	0.73/ 0.22	1.17/ 0.33	ns, Min
T _{AS} /T _{AH}	Address An inputs to clock for XC devices	0.28/ 0.35	0.32/ 0.42	0.32/ 0.42	0.26/ 0.71	ns, Min
	Address An inputs to clock for XA and XQ devices	0.28/ 0.51	N/A	0.32/ 0.51	0.26/ 0.71	ns, Min
T _{WS} /T _{WH}	WE input to clock	0.31/ –0.08	0.37/ –0.08	0.37/ –0.08	0.59/ –0.27	ns, Min
T _{CECK} /T _{CKCE}	CE input to CLK	0.31/ –0.08	0.37/ –0.08	0.37/ –0.08	0.59/ –0.27	ns, Min

CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Table 42: CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Sequential Delays						
T _{REG}	Clock to A – D outputs	1.35	1.78	1.78	2.74	ns, Max
	Clock to A – D outputs (direct output path)	1.24	1.65	1.65	2.48	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK						
T _{WS} /T _{WH}	WE input to CLK	0.20/ –0.07	0.24/ –0.07	0.24/ –0.07	0.29/ –0.27	ns, Min
T _{CECK} /T _{CKCE}	CE input to CLK for XC devices	0.30/ 0.30	0.30/ 0.38	0.30/ 0.38	0.82/ –0.41	ns, Min
	CE input to CLK for XA and XQ devices	0.32/ 0.30	N/A	0.40/ 0.38	0.82/ –0.41	ns, Min
T _{DS} /T _{DH}	AX – DX or AI – DI inputs to CLK	0.07/ 0.11	0.09/ 0.14	0.09/ 0.14	0.11/ 0.23	ns, Min

Table 45: Device DNA Interface Port Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
T _{DNASSU}	Setup time on SHIFT before the rising edge of CLK		7			ns, Min
T _{DNASH}	Hold time on SHIFT after the rising edge of CLK		1			ns, Min
T _{DNADSU}	Setup time on DIN before the rising edge of CLK		7			ns, Min
T _{DNADH}	Hold time on DIN after the rising edge of CLK		1			ns, Min
T _{DNARSU}	Setup time on READ before the rising edge of CLK		7			ns, Min
			1,000			ns, Max
T _{DNARH}	Hold time on READ after the rising edge of CLK		1			ns, Min
T _{DNADCKO}	Clock-to-output delay on DOUT after rising edge of CLK		0.5			ns, Min
			6			ns, Max
T _{DNACLKF} ⁽²⁾	CLK frequency		2			MHz, Max
T _{DNACLKL}	CLK Low time		50			ns, Min
T _{DNACLKH}	CLK High time		50			ns, Min

Notes:

1. The minimum READ pulse width is 8 ns, the maximum READ pulse width is 1 μ s.
2. Also applies to TCK when reading DNA through the boundary-scan port.

Table 46: Suspend Mode Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
Entering Suspend Mode				
T _{SUSPENDHIGH_AWAKE}	Rising edge of SUSPEND pin to falling edge of AWAKE pin without glitch filter	2.5	14	ns
T _{SUSPENDFILTER}	Adjustment to SUSPEND pin rising edge parameters when glitch filter enabled	31	430	ns
T _{SUSPEND_GWE}	Rising edge of SUSPEND pin until FPGA output pins drive their defined SUSPEND constraint behavior (without glitch filter)	–	15	ns
T _{SUSPEND_GTS}	Rising edge of SUSPEND pin to write-protect lock on all writable clocked elements (without glitch filter)	–	15	ns
T _{SUSPEND_DISABLE}	Rising edge of the SUSPEND pin to FPGA input pins and interconnect disabled (without glitch filter)	–	1500	ns
Exiting Suspend Mode				
T _{SUSPENDLOW_AWAKE}	Falling edge of the SUSPEND pin to rising edge of the AWAKE pin. Does not include DCM or PLL lock time.	7	75	μ s
T _{SUSPEND_ENABLE}	Falling edge of the SUSPEND pin to FPGA input pins and interconnect re-enabled	7	41	μ s
T _{AWAKE_GWE1}	Rising edge of the AWAKE pin until write-protect lock released on all writable clocked elements, using sw_clk:InternalClock and sw_gwe_cycle:1 .	–	80	ns
T _{AWAKE_GWE512}	Rising edge of the AWAKE pin until write-protect lock released on all writable clocked elements, using sw_clk:InternalClock and sw_gwe_cycle:512 .	–	20.5	μ s
T _{AWAKE_GTS1}	Rising edge of the AWAKE pin until outputs return to the behavior described in the FPGA application, using sw_clk:InternalClock and sw_gts_cycle:1 .	–	80	ns
T _{AWAKE_GTS512}	Rising edge of the AWAKE pin until outputs return to the behavior described in the FPGA application, using sw_clk:InternalClock and sw_gts_cycle:512 .	–	20.5	μ s
T _{SCP_AWAKE}	Rising edge of SCP pins to rising edge of AWAKE pin	7	75	μ s

Clock Buffers and Networks

Table 48: Global Clock Switching Characteristics (BUFGMUX)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
T_{GSI}	S pin Setup to I0/I1 inputs	LX devices	0.25	0.31	0.48	0.48	ns
		LXT devices	0.25	0.31	0.48	N/A	ns
T_{GIO}	BUFGMUX delay from I0/I1 to O	LX devices	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	ns
		LXT devices	0.21	0.21	0.21	N/A	ns
Maximum Frequency							
F_{MAX}	Global clock tree (BUFGMUX)	LX devices	400	400	375	250	MHz
		LXT devices	400	400	375	N/A	MHz

Table 49: Input/Output Clock Switching Characteristics (BUFIO2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
T_{BUFCKO_O}	Clock to out delay from I to O	LX devices	0.67	0.82	1.09	1.50	ns
		LXT devices	0.67	0.82	1.09	N/A	ns
Maximum Frequency							
F_{MAX}	I/O clock tree (BUFIO2)	LX devices	540	525	500	300	MHz
		LXT devices	540	525	500	N/A	MHz

Table 50: Input/Output Clock Switching Characteristics (BUFIO2FB)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Maximum Frequency							
F_{MAX}	I/O clock tree (BUFIO2FB)	LX devices	1080	1050	950	500	MHz
		LXT devices	1080	1050	950	N/A	MHz

Table 51: Input/Output Clock Switching Characteristics (BUFPLL)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Maximum Frequency							
F_{MAX}	BUFPLL clock tree (BUFPLL)	LX devices	1080	1050	950	500	MHz
		LXT devices	1080	1050	950	N/A	MHz

PLL Switching Characteristics

Table 52: PLL Specification

Symbol	Description	Device(1)	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
F_{INMAX}	Maximum Input Clock Frequency from I/O Clock	LX devices	540	525	450	300	MHz
		LXT devices	540	525	450	N/A	MHz
	Maximum Input Clock Frequency from Global Clock	LX devices	400	400	375	250	MHz
		LXT devices	400	400	375	N/A	MHz

Table 54: Switching Characteristics for the Delay-Locked Loop (DLL)⁽¹⁾ (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade								Units	
		-3		-3N		-2		-1L			
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
LOCK_DLL ⁽³⁾	When using the DLL alone: The time from deassertion at the DCM's reset input to the rising transition at its LOCKED output. When the DCM is locked, the CLKIN and CLKFB signals are in phase. CLKIN_FREQ_DLL < 50 MHz.	—	5	—	5	—	5	—	5	ms	
	When using the DLL alone: The time from deassertion at the DCM's reset input to the rising transition at its LOCKED output. When the DCM is locked, the CLKIN and CLKFB signals are in phase. CLKIN_FREQ_DLL > 50 MHz.	—	0.60	—	0.60	—	0.60	—	0.60	ms	
Delay Lines											
DCM_DELAY_STEP ⁽⁵⁾	Finest delay resolution, averaged over all steps.	10	40	10	40	10	40	10	40	ps	

Notes:

- The values in this table are based on the operating conditions described in Table 2 and Table 53.
- Indicates the maximum amount of output jitter that the DCM adds to the jitter on the CLKIN input.
- For optimal jitter tolerance and faster LOCK time, use the CLKIN_PERIOD attribute.
- Some jitter and duty-cycle specifications include 1% of input clock period or 0.01 UI. For example, this data sheet specifies a maximum jitter of $\pm(1\% \text{ of CLKIN period} + 150 \text{ ps})$. Assuming that the CLKIN frequency is 100 MHz, the equivalent CLKIN period is 10 ns. Since 1% of 10 ns is 0.1 ns or 100 ps, the maximum jitter is $\pm(100 \text{ ps} + 150 \text{ ps}) = \pm250 \text{ ps}$.
- A typical delay step size is 23 ps.
- The timing analysis tools use the CLK_FEEDBACK = 1X condition for the CLKIN_CLKFB_PHASE value (reported as phase error). When using CLK_FEEDBACK = 2X, add 100 ps to the phase error for the CLKIN_CLKFB_PHASE value (as shown in this table).

Table 55: Recommended Operating Conditions for the Digital Frequency Synthesizer (DFS)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade								Units	
		-3		-3N		-2		-1L			
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Input Frequency Ranges⁽²⁾											
CLKIN_FREQ_FX	Frequency for the CLKIN input. Also described as F _{CLKIN} .	0.5	375 ⁽³⁾	0.5	375 ⁽³⁾	0.5	333 ⁽³⁾	0.5	200 ⁽³⁾	MHz	
Input Clock Jitter Tolerance⁽⁴⁾											
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_FX_LF	Cycle-to-cycle jitter at the CLKIN input, based on CLKFX output frequency: F _{CLKFX} < 150 MHz.	—	± 300	—	± 300	—	± 300	—	± 300	ps	
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_FX_HF	Cycle-to-cycle jitter at the CLKIN input, based on CLKFX output frequency: F _{CLKFX} > 150 MHz.	—	± 150	—	± 150	—	± 150	—	± 150	ps	
CLKIN_PER_JITT_FX	Period jitter at the CLKIN input.	—	± 1	—	± 1	—	± 1	—	± 1	ns	

Notes:

- DFS specifications apply when using either of the DFS outputs (CLKFX or CLKFX180).
- When using both DFS and DLL outputs on the same DCM, follow the more restrictive CLKIN_FREQ_DLL specifications in Table 53.
- The CLKIN_DIVIDE_BY_2 attribute increases the effective input frequency range. When set to TRUE, the input clock frequency is divided by two as it enters the DCM. Input clock frequencies for the clock buffer being used can be increased up to the F_{MAX} (see Table 48 and Table 49 for BUFG and BUFI02 limits).
- CLKIN input jitter beyond these limits can cause the DCM to lose LOCK.

Spartan-6 Device Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. The representative values for typical pin locations and normal clock loading are listed in [Table 63](#) through [Table 69](#). Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 63: Global Clock Input to Output Delay Without DCM or PLL

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
LVCMOS25 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, 12mA, Fast Slew Rate, <i>without</i> DCM or PLL							
TICKOF	Global Clock and OUTFF <i>without</i> DCM or PLL	XC6SLX4	6.12	N/A	7.68	9.41	ns
		XC6SLX9	6.12	6.51	7.68	9.41	ns
		XC6SLX16	5.98	6.42	7.48	9.10	ns
		XC6SLX25	6.20	6.69	7.84	9.44	ns
		XC6SLX25T	6.20	6.69	7.84	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	6.37	6.88	8.10	9.61	ns
		XC6SLX45T	6.37	6.88	8.10	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	6.39	6.99	8.16	10.18	ns
		XC6SLX75T	6.39	6.99	8.16	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	6.59	7.18	8.41	10.31	ns
		XC6SLX100T	6.59	7.18	8.41	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	6.98	7.68	8.80	10.62	ns
		XC6SLX150T	6.98	7.68	8.80	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	6.44	N/A	7.68	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	6.44	N/A	7.68	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	6.30	N/A	7.48	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	6.52	N/A	7.84	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	6.52	N/A	7.84	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	6.69	N/A	8.12	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	6.69	N/A	8.12	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	6.89	N/A	8.16	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	6.89	N/A	8.16	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	8.36	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	8.16	10.18	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	6.89	N/A	8.16	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	8.80	10.62	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	7.61	N/A	8.80	N/A	ns

Notes:

- Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.

Table 75: Global Clock Setup and Hold With PLL in Source-Synchronous Mode

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for LVCMOS25 Standard.⁽¹⁾							
T _{PSPLL0} / T _{PHPPLL0}	No Delay Global Clock and IFF ⁽²⁾ with PLL in Source-Synchronous Mode	XC6SLX4	0.47/1.08	N/A	0.47/1.60	1.15/1.68	ns
		XC6SLX9	0.47/1.08	0.47/1.35	0.47/1.60	1.15/1.68	ns
		XC6SLX16	0.37/0.75	0.37/0.82	0.51/0.94	0.57/1.31	ns
		XC6SLX25	0.69/1.06	0.69/1.06	0.69/1.06	1.86/1.67	ns
		XC6SLX25T	0.69/1.06	0.69/1.06	0.69/1.06	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	0.57/1.05	0.65/1.10	0.65/1.18	1.02/1.65	ns
		XC6SLX45T	0.57/1.06	0.65/1.10	0.65/1.18	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	0.86/1.04	0.87/1.04	0.90/1.04	1.34/1.55	ns
		XC6SLX75T	0.86/1.04	0.87/1.04	0.90/1.04	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	0.53/1.13	0.54/1.13	0.55/1.13	0.89/2.39	ns
		XC6SLX100T	0.53/1.13	0.54/1.13	0.55/1.13	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	0.50/1.31	0.51/1.31	0.52/1.31	1.02/1.72	ns
		XC6SLX150T	0.50/1.31	0.51/1.31	0.52/1.31	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	0.71/0.93	N/A	0.62/1.47	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	0.71/0.93	N/A	0.62/1.47	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	0.92/0.69	N/A	0.63/0.82	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	0.99/0.94	N/A	0.96/0.94	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	0.99/0.94	N/A	1.04/0.94	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	0.63/1.02	N/A	0.72/1.05	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	0.63/1.02	N/A	0.72/1.05	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	0.88/0.89	N/A	1.02/0.89	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	0.88/0.89	N/A	1.02/0.89	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	1.25/0.96	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	1.02/0.89	1.34/1.55	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	0.88/0.89	N/A	1.02/0.89	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	0.63/1.19	1.02/1.72	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	0.60/1.19	N/A	0.63/1.19	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage. These measurements include PLL CLKOUT0 jitter.
2. IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 77: Global Clock Setup and Hold With DCM and PLL in Source-Synchronous Mode

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Example Data Input Set-Up and Hold Times Relative to a Forwarded Clock Input Pin, ⁽¹⁾ Using DCM, PLL, and Global Clock Buffer for the LVCMS25 standard.							
$T_{PSDCMPLL_0'}$ $T_{PHDCMPLL_0}$	No Delay Global Clock and IFF ⁽²⁾ with DCM in Source-Synchronous Mode and PLL in DCM2PLL Mode.	XC6SLX4	0.43/1.07	N/A	0.43/1.43	1.10/1.67	ns
		XC6SLX9	0.43/1.03	0.45/1.14	0.45/1.43	1.10/1.67	ns
		XC6SLX16	0.74/0.93	0.74/1.12	0.74/1.21	0.77/1.35	ns
		XC6SLX25	0.67/1.02	0.76/1.11	0.84/1.18	1.23/1.46	ns
		XC6SLX25T	0.67/1.02	0.76/1.11	0.84/1.18	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	0.65/0.99	0.65/1.04	0.71/1.12	1.18/1.58	ns
		XC6SLX45T	0.65/1.00	0.65/1.04	0.71/1.12	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	0.86/1.01	0.88/1.06	0.94/1.14	1.29/1.67	ns
		XC6SLX75T	0.86/1.01	0.88/1.06	0.94/1.14	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	0.50/1.10	0.56/1.10	0.61/1.17	0.84/2.24	ns
		XC6SLX100T	0.50/1.10	0.56/1.10	0.61/1.17	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	0.45/1.28	0.47/1.28	0.52/1.28	1.27/1.56	ns
		XC6SLX150T	0.45/1.28	0.47/1.28	0.52/1.28	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	0.74/1.00	N/A	0.74/1.43	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	0.74/1.00	N/A	0.74/1.43	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	1.81/1.15	N/A	1.81/1.03	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	0.89/1.01	N/A	0.96/1.05	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	0.89/1.01	N/A	1.04/1.15	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	0.69/0.95	N/A	0.83/0.96	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	0.69/0.95	N/A	0.83/0.96	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	0.88/0.94	N/A	1.06/0.96	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	0.88/0.94	N/A	1.06/0.96	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	1.55/1.33	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	1.06/0.96	1.29/1.67	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	0.88/0.94	N/A	1.06/0.96	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	0.64/1.30	1.27/1.56	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	0.58/1.30	N/A	0.64/1.30	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage. The timing values were measured using the fine-phase adjustment feature of the DCM. These measurements include CMT jitter; DCM CLK0 driving PLL, PLL CLKOUT0 driving BUFG. Package skew is not included in these measurements.
2. IFF = Input Flip-Flop

Table 78: Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Device ⁽¹⁾	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
$T_{BUFIOSKEW}$	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region	LX4	0.06	N/A	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX9	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX16	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX25	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX25T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns
		LX45	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX45T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns
		LX75	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX75T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns
		LX100	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX100T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns
		LX150	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX150T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. LXT devices are not available with a -1L speed grade. The LX4 is not available in -3N speed grade.
2. These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the pins of the device using LVDS output buffers. For cases where other I/O standards are used, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
3. The T_{CKSKEW} value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx FPGA Editor and Timing Analyzer tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.
4. The T_{CKSKEW} is 0.43 ns for the XA6SLX100 device using a -2 speed grade and 0.22 ns for the XC6SLX100 devices using the -2 speed grade.

Table 79: Package Skew

Symbol	Description	Device	Package ⁽²⁾	Value	Units
$T_{PKGSKEW}$	Package Skew ⁽¹⁾	LX4	TQG144	N/A	ps
			CPG196	23	ps
			CSG225	58	ps
		LX9	TQG144	N/A	ps
			CPG196	23	ps
			CSG225	58	ps
			FT(G)256	88	ps
			CSG324	64	ps
		LX16	CPG196	19	ps
			CSG225	70	ps
			FT(G)256	71	ps
			CSG324	54	ps
		LX25	FT(G)256	90	ps
			CSG324	61	ps
			FG(G)484	84	ps
		LX25T	CSG324	48	ps
			FG(G)484	112	ps

Table 81: Source-Synchronous Pin-to-Pin Setup/Hold and Clock-to-Out Using BUFI02

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Data Input Setup and Hold Times Relative to a Forwarded Clock Input Pin Using BUFI02							
T _{PSCS} /T _{PHCS}	IFF setup/hold using BUFI02 clock	XC6SLX4	0.57/0.94	N/A	0.95/1.12	0.27/1.56	ns
		XC6SLX9	0.40/0.95	0.50/0.96	0.60/1.12	0.27/1.56	ns
		XC6SLX16	0.48/0.74	0.55/0.75	0.69/0.83	1.27/1.31	ns
		XC6SLX25	0.28/1.02	0.28/1.12	0.28/1.24	0.15/1.78	ns
		XC6SLX25T	0.28/1.02	0.28/1.12	0.28/1.24	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	0.42/1.19	0.44/1.29	0.50/1.40	0.12/1.83	ns
		XC6SLX45T	0.42/1.19	0.44/1.29	0.50/1.40	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	0.38/1.48	0.38/1.63	0.38/1.84	0.05/2.78	ns
		XC6SLX75T	0.38/1.48	0.38/1.63	0.38/1.84	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	0.06/1.48	0.06/1.63	0.06/1.87	-0.03/2.72	ns
		XC6SLX100T	0.06/1.48	0.06/1.63	0.06/1.87	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	0.04/1.73	0.04/1.75	0.04/1.98	-0.08/3.07	ns
		XC6SLX150T	0.04/1.73	0.04/1.75	0.04/1.98	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	0.64/0.96	N/A	0.97/1.12	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	0.44/0.99	N/A	0.62/1.16	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	0.50/0.78	N/A	0.69/0.83	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	0.28/1.04	N/A	0.28/1.25	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	0.28/1.04	N/A	0.28/1.25	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	0.43/1.21	N/A	0.50/1.40	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	0.43/1.21	N/A	0.50/1.40	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	0.38/1.49	N/A	0.38/1.84	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	0.38/1.49	N/A	0.38/1.84	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	1.01/1.63	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	0.38/1.84	0.05/2.78	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	0.38/1.49	N/A	0.38/1.84	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	0.04/1.98	-0.08/3.07	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	0.04/1.75	N/A	0.04/1.98	N/A	ns

Date	Version	Description of Revisions
09/14/11	2.4	<p>Production release of the XA6SLX4 and XA6SLX9 devices in Table 26 and Table 27 using ISE v13.2 software with -2 and -3 speed specification v1.19. Added production released version of the XA6SLX100 to Table 26 and Table 27 using ISE v13.3 software with -2 speed specification v1.20.</p> <p>Updated R_{OUT_TERM} description in Table 4. Fixed the LVPECL V_H error in Table 31. Updated introduction in Simultaneously Switching Outputs. Added the XA6SLX100 to Table 63 through Table 78, and Table 81. Added Note 4 to Table 78 because the T_{CKSKEW} for the XC6SLX100 is not the same as the T_{CKSKEW} for the XA6SLX100.</p> <p>Revised the revision history for version 1.6 dated 06/24/10. Removed the parenthetical statement about the -3N speed grade: (specifications are identical to the -3 speed grade).</p>
10/17/11	3.0	<p>Changed the data sheet from Preliminary Product Specification to Product Specification.</p> <p>Updated the Switching Characteristics, page 19 speed specification version ISE v13.3 software to -2 and -3 speed specification v1.20 and -1L speed specification of v1.08. Also updated Note 1 in Table 27.</p> <p>In Table 43, Block RAM Switching Characteristics, the F_{MAX} value for the -2 speed grade has been changed from 260 MHz to 280 MHz.</p> <p>In Table 54, Switching Characteristics for the DLL, a Note 6 was added and linked to CLKIN_CLKFB_PHASE.</p>

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