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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	715
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	9152
Total RAM Bits	589824
Number of I/O	160
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	225-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	225-CSPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc6slx9-l1csg225i

Table 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾ (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description			Units		
V_{IN} and $V_{TS}^{(3)}$	I/O input voltage or voltage applied to 3-state output, relative to GND ⁽⁴⁾	All user and dedicated I/Os	Commercial	DC	-0.60 to 4.10	V
				20% overshoot duration	-0.75 to 4.25	V
				8% overshoot duration ⁽⁵⁾	-0.75 to 4.40	V
			Industrial	DC	-0.60 to 3.95	V
				20% overshoot duration	-0.75 to 4.15	V
				4% overshoot duration ⁽⁵⁾	-0.75 to 4.40	V
		Restricted to maximum of 100 user I/Os	Expanded (Q)	DC	-0.60 to 3.95	V
				20% overshoot duration	-0.75 to 4.15	V
				4% overshoot duration ⁽⁵⁾	-0.75 to 4.40	V
		Commercial	Commercial	20% overshoot duration	-0.75 to 4.35	V
				15% overshoot duration ⁽⁵⁾	-0.75 to 4.40	V
				10% overshoot duration	-0.75 to 4.45	V
		Industrial	Industrial	20% overshoot duration	-0.75 to 4.25	V
				10% overshoot duration	-0.75 to 4.35	V
				8% overshoot duration ⁽⁵⁾	-0.75 to 4.40	V
		Expanded (Q)	Expanded (Q)	20% overshoot duration	-0.75 to 4.25	V
				10% overshoot duration	-0.75 to 4.35	V
				8% overshoot duration ⁽⁵⁾	-0.75 to 4.40	V
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (ambient)			-65 to 150	°C	
T_{SOL}	Maximum soldering temperature ⁽⁶⁾ (TQG144, CPG196, CSG225, CSG324, CSG484, and FTG256)			+260	°C	
	Maximum soldering temperature ⁽⁶⁾ (Pb-free packages: FGG484, FGG676, and FGG900)			+250	°C	
	Maximum soldering temperature ⁽⁶⁾ (Pb packages: CS484, FT256, FG484, FG676, and FG900)			+220	°C	
T_j	Maximum junction temperature ⁽⁶⁾			+125	°C	

Notes:

- Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.
- When programming eFUSE, $V_{FS} \leq V_{CCAUX}$. Requires up to 40 mA current. For read mode, V_{FS} can be between GND and 3.45 V.
- I/O absolute maximum limit applied to DC and AC signals. Overshoot duration is the percentage of a data period that the I/O is stressed beyond 3.45V.
- For I/O operation, refer to [UG381: Spartan-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide](#).
- Maximum percent overshoot duration to meet 4.40V maximum.
- For soldering guidelines and thermal considerations, see [UG385: Spartan-6 FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification](#).

Table 2: Recommended Operating Conditions⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description			Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND	-3, -3N, -2	Standard performance ⁽²⁾	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
		-3, -2	Extended performance ⁽²⁾	1.2	1.23	1.26	V
		-1L	Standard performance ⁽²⁾	0.95	1.0	1.05	V
$V_{CCAUX}^{(3)(4)}$	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND	$V_{CCAUX} = 2.5V^{(5)}$		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
		$V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V$		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
$V_{CCO}^{(6)(7)(8)}$	Output supply voltage relative to GND			1.1	—	3.45	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage relative to GND	All I/O standards (except PCI)	Commercial temperature (C)	-0.5	—	4.0	V
			Industrial temperature (I)	-0.5	—	3.95	V
			Expanded (Q) temperature	-0.5	—	3.95	V
		PCI I/O standard ⁽⁹⁾	—	-0.5	—	$V_{CCO} + 0.5$	V
$I_{IN}^{(10)}$	Maximum current through pin using PCI I/O standard when forward biasing the clamp diode. ⁽⁹⁾	Commercial (C) and Industrial temperature (I)		—	—	10	mA
		Expanded (Q) temperature		—	—	7	mA
$V_{BATT}^{(11)}$	Battery voltage relative to GND, $T_j = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ (LX75, LX75T, LX100, LX100T, LX150, and LX150T only)			1.0	—	3.6	V
T_j	Junction temperature operating range	Commercial (C) range		0	—	85	$^\circ\text{C}$
		Industrial temperature (I) range		-40	—	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
		Expanded (Q) temperature range		-40	—	125	$^\circ\text{C}$

Notes:

1. All voltages are relative to ground.
2. See *Interface Performances for Memory Interfaces* in Table 25. The extended performance range is specified for designs not using the standard V_{CCINT} voltage range. The standard V_{CCINT} voltage range is used for:
 - Designs that do not use an MCB
 - LX4 devices
 - Devices in the TQG144 or CPG196 packages
 - Devices with the -3N speed grade
3. Recommended maximum voltage droop for V_{CCAUX} is 10 mV/ms.
4. During configuration, if V_{CCO_2} is 1.8V, then V_{CCAUX} must be 2.5V.
5. The -1L devices require $V_{CCAUX} = 2.5V$ when using the LVDS_25, LVDS_33, BLVDS_25, LVPECL_25, RSDS_25, RSDS_33, PPDS_25, and PPDS_33 I/O standards on inputs. LVPECL_33 is not supported in the -1L devices.
6. Configuration data is retained even if V_{CCO} drops to 0V.
7. Includes V_{CCO} of 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V.
8. For PCI systems, the transmitter and receiver should have common supplies for V_{CCO} .
9. Devices with a -1L speed grade do not support Xilinx PCI IP.
10. Do not exceed a total of 100 mA per bank.
11. V_{BATT} is required to maintain the battery backed RAM (BBR) AES key when V_{CCAUX} is not applied. Once V_{CCAUX} is applied, V_{BATT} can be unconnected. When BBR is not used, Xilinx recommends connecting to V_{CCAUX} or GND. However, V_{BATT} can be unconnected.

eFUSE Read Endurance

Table 11 lists the minimum guaranteed number of read cycle operations for Device DNA and for the AES eFUSE key. For more information, see [UG380: Spartan-6 FPGA Configuration User Guide](#).

Table 11: eFUSE Read Endurance

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units (Min)
		-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
DNA_CYCLES	Number of DNA_PORT READ operations or JTAG ISC_DNA read command operations. Unaffected by SHIFT operations.			30,000,000		Read Cycles
AES_CYCLES	Number of JTAG FUSE_KEY or FUSE_CNTL read command operations. Unaffected by SHIFT operations.			30,000,000		Read Cycles

GTP Transceiver Specifications

GTP transceivers are available in the Spartan-6 LXT devices. See [DS160: Spartan-6 Family Overview](#) for more information.

GTP Transceiver DC Characteristics

Table 12: Absolute Maximum Ratings for GTP Transceivers⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
MGTAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver circuits relative to GND	-0.5	1.32	V
MGTAVTTX	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter termination circuit relative to GND	-0.5	1.32	V
MGTAVTTRX	Analog supply voltage for the GTP receiver termination circuit relative to GND	-0.5	1.32	V
MGTAVCCPLL	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver PLL circuits relative to GND	-0.5	1.32	V
MGTAVTTRCAL	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the GTP transceiver bank (top or bottom)	-0.5	1.32	V
V _{IN}	Receiver (RXP/RXN) and Transmitter (TXP/TXN) absolute input voltage	-0.5	1.32	V
V _{MGTREFCLK}	Reference clock absolute input voltage	-0.5	1.32	V

Notes:

- Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.

Table 13: Recommended Operating Conditions for GTP Transceivers⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
MGTAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver circuits relative to GND	1.14	1.20	1.26	V
MGTAVTTX	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter termination circuit relative to GND	1.14	1.20	1.26	V
MGTAVTTRX	Analog supply voltage for the GTP receiver termination circuit relative to GND	1.14	1.20	1.26	V
MGTAVCCPLL	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver PLL circuits relative to GND	1.14	1.20	1.26	V
MGTAVTTRCAL	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the GTP transceiver bank (top or bottom)	1.14	1.20	1.26	V

Notes:

- Each voltage listed requires the filter circuit described in [UG386: Spartan-6 FPGA GTP Transceivers User Guide](#).
- Voltages are specified for the temperature range of $T_j = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- The voltage level of MGTAVCCPLL must not exceed the voltage level of MGTAVCC +10mV. The voltage level of MGTAVCC must not exceed the voltage level of MGTAVCCPLL.

Table 17: GTP Transceiver Clock DC Input Level Specification

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IDIFF}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	200	800	2000	mV
R_{IN}	Differential input resistance	80	100	120	Ω
C_{EXT}	Required external AC coupling capacitor	—	100	—	nF

GTP Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult [UG386: Spartan-6 FPGA GTP Transceivers User Guide](#) for further information.

Table 18: GTP Transceiver Performance

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
F_{GTPMAX}	Maximum GTP transceiver data rate	3.2	3.2	2.7	N/A	Gb/s
$F_{GTPRANGE1}$	GTP transceiver data rate range when $PLL_TXDIVSEL_OUT = 1$	1.88 to 3.2	1.88 to 3.2	1.88 to 2.7	N/A	Gb/s
$F_{GTPRANGE2}$	GTP transceiver data rate range when $PLL_TXDIVSEL_OUT = 2$	0.94 to 1.62	0.94 to 1.62	0.94 to 1.62	N/A	Gb/s
$F_{GTPRANGE3}$	GTP transceiver data rate range when $PLL_TXDIVSEL_OUT = 4$	0.6 to 0.81	0.6 to 0.81	0.6 to 0.81	N/A	Gb/s
$F_{GPLLMAX}$	Maximum PLL frequency	1.62	1.62	1.62	N/A	GHz
$F_{GPLLMIN}$	Minimum PLL frequency	0.94	0.94	0.94	N/A	GHz

Table 19: GTP Transceiver Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
$F_{GTPDRPCLK}$	GTP transceiver DCLK (DRP clock) maximum frequency	125	125	100	N/A	MHz

Table 20: GTP Transceiver Reference Clock Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All LXT Speed Grades			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
F_{GCLK}	Reference clock frequency range		60	—	160	MHz
T_{RCLK}	Reference clock rise time	20% – 80%	—	200	—	ps
T_{FCLK}	Reference clock fall time	80% – 20%	—	200	—	ps
T_{DCREF}	Reference clock duty cycle	Transceiver PLL only	45	50	55	%
T_{LOCK}	Clock recovery frequency acquisition time	Initial PLL lock	—	—	1	ms
T_{PHASE}	Clock recovery phase acquisition time	Lock to data after PLL has locked to the reference clock	—	—	200	μ s

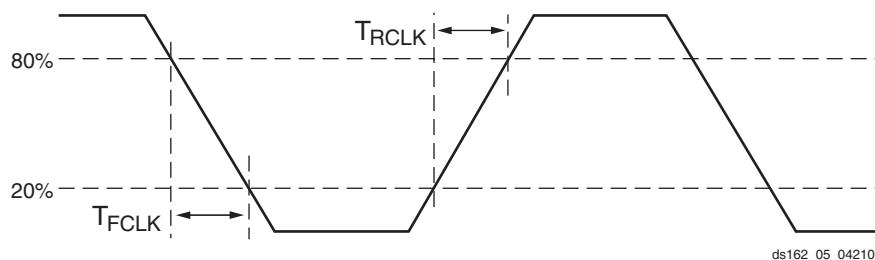


Figure 3: Reference Clock Timing Parameters

Switching Characteristics

All values represented in this data sheet are based on these speed specifications: v1.20 for -3, -3N, and -2; and v1.08 for -1L. Switching characteristics are specified on a per-speed-grade basis and can be designated as Advance, Preliminary, or Production. Each designation is defined as follows:

Advance

These specifications are based on simulations only and are typically available soon after device design specifications are frozen. Although speed grades with this designation are considered relatively stable and conservative, some under-reporting might still occur.

Preliminary

These specifications are based on complete ES (engineering sample) silicon characterization. Devices and speed grades with this designation are intended to give a better indication of the expected performance of production silicon. The probability of under-reporting delays is greatly reduced as compared to Advance data.

Production

These specifications are released once enough production silicon of a particular device family member has been characterized to provide full correlation between specifications and devices over numerous production lots. There is no under-reporting of delays, and customers receive formal notification of any subsequent changes. Typically, the slowest speed grades transition to Production before faster speed grades.

All specifications are always representative of worst-case supply voltage and junction temperature conditions.

Since individual family members are produced at different times, the migration from one category to another depends completely on the status of the fabrication process for each device.

The -1L speed grade refers to the lower-power Spartan-6 devices. The -3N speed grade refers to the Spartan-6 devices that do not support MCB functionality.

Table 26 correlates the current status of each Spartan-6 device on a per speed grade basis.

Testing of Switching Characteristics

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Internal timing parameters are derived from measuring internal test patterns. Listed below are representative values.

For more specific, more precise, and worst-case guaranteed data, use the values reported by the static timing analyzer and back-annotate to the simulation net list. Unless otherwise noted, values apply to all Spartan-6 devices.

Table 26: Spartan-6 Device Speed Grade Designations

Device	Speed Grade Designations		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XC6SLX4 ⁽¹⁾			-3, -2, -1L
XC6SLX9			-3, -3N, -2, -1L
XC6SLX16			-3, -3N, -2, -1L
XC6SLX25			-3, -3N, -2, -1L
XC6SLX25T			-3, -3N, -2
XC6SLX45			-3, -3N, -2, -1L
XC6SLX45T			-3, -3N, -2
XC6SLX75			-3, -3N, -2, -1L
XC6SLX75T			-3, -3N, -2
XC6SLX100			-3, -3N, -2, -1L
XC6SLX100T			-3, -3N, -2
XC6SLX150			-3, -3N, -2, -1L
XC6SLX150T			-3, -3N, -2
XA6SLX4			-3, -2
XA6SLX9			-3, -2
XA6SLX16			-3, -2
XA6SLX25			-3, -2
XA6SLX25T			-3, -2
XA6SLX45			-3, -2
XA6SLX45T			-3, -2
XA6SLX75			-3, -2
XA6SLX75T			-3, -2
XA6SLX100			-2
XQ6SLX75			-2, -1L
XQ6SLX75T			-3, -2
XQ6SLX150			-2, -1L
XQ6SLX150T			-3, -2

Notes:

1. The XC6SLX4 is not available in the -3N speed grade.

Table 28: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Commercial (XC) Spartan-6 Devices (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOPI}				T _{IOOP}				T _{IOTP}				Units	
	Speed Grade				Speed Grade				Speed Grade					
	-3	-3N	-2	-1L ⁽¹⁾	-3	-3N	-2	-1L ⁽¹⁾	-3	-3N	-2	-1L ⁽¹⁾		
PPDS_33	1.17	1.29	1.42	1.68	1.57	1.71	1.91	2.43	3000	3000	3000	3000	ns	
PPDS_25	1.01	1.13	1.26	1.56	1.68	1.82	2.02	2.47	3000	3000	3000	3000	ns	
PCI33_3	1.07	1.19	1.32	1.57 ⁽²⁾	3.51	3.65	3.85	4.38 ⁽²⁾	3.51	3.65	3.85	4.38 ⁽¹⁾	ns	
PCI66_3	1.07	1.19	1.32	1.57 ⁽²⁾	3.53	3.67	3.87	4.39 ⁽²⁾	3.53	3.67	3.87	4.39 ⁽¹⁾	ns	
DISPLAY_PORT	1.02	1.14	1.27	1.56	3.15	3.29	3.49	4.08	3.15	3.29	3.49	4.08	ns	
I2C	1.33	1.45	1.58	1.82	11.56	11.70	11.90	12.52	11.56	11.70	11.90	12.52	ns	
SMBUS	1.33	1.45	1.58	1.82	11.56	11.70	11.90	12.52	11.56	11.70	11.90	12.52	ns	
SDIO	1.36	1.48	1.61	1.84	2.64	2.78	2.98	3.60	2.64	2.78	2.98	3.60	ns	
MOBILE_DDR	0.94	1.06	1.19	1.43	2.35	2.49	2.69	3.31	2.35	2.49	2.69	3.31	ns	
HSTL_I	0.90	1.02	1.15	1.39	1.66	1.80	2.00	2.62	1.66	1.80	2.00	2.62	ns	
HSTL_II	0.91	1.03	1.16	1.40	1.72	1.86	2.06	2.68	1.72	1.86	2.06	2.68	ns	
HSTL_III	0.95	1.07	1.20	1.44	1.67	1.81	2.01	2.61	1.67	1.81	2.01	2.61	ns	
HSTL_I_18	0.94	1.06	1.19	1.43	1.77	1.91	2.11	2.73	1.77	1.91	2.11	2.73	ns	
HSTL_II_18	0.94	1.06	1.19	1.43	1.85	1.99	2.19	2.81	1.85	1.99	2.19	2.81	ns	
HSTL_III_18	0.99	1.11	1.24	1.47	1.79	1.93	2.13	2.72	1.79	1.93	2.13	2.72	ns	
SSTL3_I	1.58	1.70	1.83	2.16	1.83	1.97	2.17	2.72	1.83	1.97	2.17	2.72	ns	
SSTL3_II	1.58	1.70	1.83	2.16	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.94	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.94	ns	
SSTL2_I	1.30	1.42	1.55	1.87	1.77	1.91	2.11	2.69	1.77	1.91	2.11	2.69	ns	
SSTL2_II	1.30	1.42	1.55	1.88	1.86	2.00	2.20	2.82	1.86	2.00	2.20	2.82	ns	
SSTL18_I	0.92	1.04	1.17	1.41	1.63	1.77	1.97	2.59	1.63	1.77	1.97	2.59	ns	
SSTL18_II	0.92	1.04	1.17	1.41	1.66	1.80	2.00	2.62	1.66	1.80	2.00	2.62	ns	
SSTL15_II	0.92	1.04	1.17	1.41	1.67	1.81	2.01	2.63	1.67	1.81	2.01	2.63	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_I	0.94	1.06	1.19	1.46	1.77	1.91	2.11	2.62	1.77	1.91	2.11	2.62	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II	0.93	1.05	1.18	1.45	1.72	1.86	2.06	2.54	1.72	1.86	2.06	2.54	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_III	0.93	1.05	1.18	1.46	1.69	1.83	2.03	2.53	1.69	1.83	2.03	2.53	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_I_18	0.97	1.09	1.22	1.50	1.79	1.93	2.13	2.63	1.79	1.93	2.13	2.63	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.97	1.09	1.22	1.49	1.69	1.83	2.03	2.51	1.69	1.83	2.03	2.51	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_III_18	0.97	1.09	1.22	1.50	1.69	1.83	2.03	2.53	1.69	1.83	2.03	2.53	ns	
DIFF_SSTL3_I	1.18	1.30	1.43	1.68	1.81	1.95	2.15	2.64	1.81	1.95	2.15	2.64	ns	
DIFF_SSTL3_II	1.19	1.31	1.44	1.68	1.80	1.94	2.14	2.63	1.80	1.94	2.14	2.63	ns	
DIFF_SSTL2_I	1.02	1.14	1.27	1.57	1.80	1.94	2.14	2.62	1.80	1.94	2.14	2.62	ns	
DIFF_SSTL2_II	1.02	1.14	1.27	1.57	1.76	1.90	2.10	2.57	1.76	1.90	2.10	2.57	ns	
DIFF_SSTL18_I	0.97	1.09	1.22	1.51	1.72	1.86	2.06	2.56	1.72	1.86	2.06	2.56	ns	
DIFF_SSTL18_II	0.98	1.10	1.23	1.50	1.68	1.82	2.02	2.52	1.68	1.82	2.02	2.52	ns	
DIFF_SSTL15_II	0.94	1.06	1.19	1.46	1.67	1.81	2.01	2.50	1.67	1.81	2.01	2.50	ns	
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	0.97	1.09	1.22	1.51	1.75	1.89	2.09	2.57	1.75	1.89	2.09	2.57	ns	

Table 28: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Commercial (XC) Spartan-6 Devices (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOPI}				T _{IOOP}				T _{IOTP}				Units	
	Speed Grade				Speed Grade				Speed Grade					
	-3	-3N	-2	-1L ⁽¹⁾	-3	-3N	-2	-1L ⁽¹⁾	-3	-3N	-2	-1L ⁽¹⁾		
LVCMOS33, Fast, 8 mA	1.34	1.46	1.59	1.82	2.07	2.21	2.41	3.03	2.07	2.21	2.41	3.03	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 12 mA	1.34	1.46	1.59	1.82	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 16 mA	1.34	1.46	1.59	1.82	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	ns	
LVCMOS33, Fast, 24 mA	1.34	1.46	1.59	1.82	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	1.65	1.79	1.99	2.62	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 2 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	4.81	4.95	5.15	5.79	4.81	4.95	5.15	5.79	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 4 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.70	3.84	4.04	4.66	3.70	3.84	4.04	4.66	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 6 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.46	3.60	3.80	4.38	3.46	3.60	3.80	4.38	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 8 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.20	3.34	3.54	4.12	3.20	3.34	3.54	4.12	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 12 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.83	2.97	3.17	3.75	2.83	2.97	3.17	3.75	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 16 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.64	2.78	2.98	3.64	2.64	2.78	2.98	3.64	ns	
LVCMOS25, QUIETIO, 24 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.45	2.59	2.79	3.42	2.45	2.59	2.79	3.42	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 2 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.78	3.92	4.12	4.76	3.78	3.92	4.12	4.76	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 4 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.79	2.93	3.13	3.73	2.79	2.93	3.13	3.73	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 6 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.73	2.87	3.07	3.66	2.73	2.87	3.07	3.66	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 8 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.48	2.62	2.82	3.42	2.48	2.62	2.82	3.42	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 12 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.95	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.95	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 16 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.95	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.95	ns	
LVCMOS25, Slow, 24 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.94	2.01	2.15	2.35	2.94	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 2 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	3.35	3.49	3.69	4.31	3.35	3.49	3.69	4.31	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 4 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.25	2.39	2.59	3.22	2.25	2.39	2.59	3.22	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 6 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.09	2.23	2.43	3.05	2.09	2.23	2.43	3.05	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 8 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	2.02	2.16	2.36	2.98	2.02	2.16	2.36	2.98	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 12 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 16 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	ns	
LVCMOS25, Fast, 24 mA	0.82	0.94	1.07	1.31	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	1.56	1.70	1.90	2.52	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 2 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	5.92	6.06	6.26	6.80	5.92	6.06	6.26	6.80	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 4 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	4.74	4.88	5.08	5.63	4.74	4.88	5.08	5.63	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 6 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	4.05	4.19	4.39	4.96	4.05	4.19	4.39	4.96	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 8 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.71	3.85	4.05	4.63	3.71	3.85	4.05	4.63	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 12 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.35	3.49	3.69	4.27	3.35	3.49	3.69	4.27	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 16 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.20	3.34	3.54	4.14	3.20	3.34	3.54	4.14	ns	
LVCMOS18, QUIETIO, 24 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	2.96	3.10	3.30	3.98	2.96	3.10	3.30	3.98	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 2 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	4.62	4.76	4.96	5.54	4.62	4.76	4.96	5.54	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 4 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.69	3.83	4.03	4.60	3.69	3.83	4.03	4.60	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 6 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	3.00	3.14	3.34	3.94	3.00	3.14	3.34	3.94	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 8 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	2.19	2.33	2.53	3.17	2.19	2.33	2.53	3.17	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 12 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	1.99	2.13	2.33	2.95	1.99	2.13	2.33	2.95	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 16 mA	1.18	1.30	1.43	2.04	1.99	2.13	2.33	2.95	1.99	2.13	2.33	2.95	ns	

Table 29: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Automotive XA Spartan-6 and the Spartan-6Q Devices⁽¹⁾ (Cont'd)

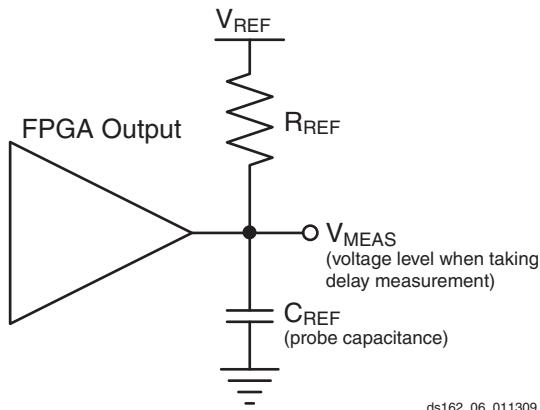
I/O Standard	T _{IOP1}		T _{IOOP}		T _{IOTP}		Units	
	Speed Grade		Speed Grade		Speed Grade			
	-3	-2	-3	-2	-3	-2		
DIFF_SSTL3_I	1.26	1.44	1.95	2.15	1.95	2.15	ns	
DIFF_SSTL3_II	1.26	1.44	1.94	2.14	1.94	2.14	ns	
DIFF_SSTL2_I	1.09	1.27	1.94	2.14	1.94	2.14	ns	
DIFF_SSTL2_II	1.09	1.27	1.90	2.10	1.90	2.10	ns	
DIFF_SSTL18_I	1.04	1.22	1.86	2.06	1.86	2.06	ns	
DIFF_SSTL18_II	1.05	1.23	1.82	2.02	1.82	2.02	ns	
DIFF_SSTL15_II	1.01	1.19	1.81	2.01	1.81	2.01	ns	
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	1.04	1.22	1.89	2.09	1.89	2.09	ns	
LVTTL, QUIETIO, 2 mA	1.42	1.60	5.64	5.84	5.64	5.84	ns	
LVTTL, QUIETIO, 4 mA	1.42	1.60	4.46	4.66	4.46	4.66	ns	
LVTTL, QUIETIO, 6 mA	1.42	1.60	3.92	4.12	3.92	4.12	ns	
LVTTL, QUIETIO, 8 mA	1.42	1.60	3.37	3.57	3.37	3.57	ns	
LVTTL, QUIETIO, 12 mA	1.42	1.60	3.42	3.62	3.42	3.62	ns	
LVTTL, QUIETIO, 16 mA	1.42	1.60	3.09	3.29	3.09	3.29	ns	
LVTTL, QUIETIO, 24 mA	1.42	1.60	2.83	3.03	2.83	3.03	ns	
LVTTL, Slow, 2 mA	1.42	1.60	4.58	4.78	4.58	4.78	ns	
LVTTL, Slow, 4 mA	1.42	1.60	3.38	3.58	3.38	3.58	ns	
LVTTL, Slow, 6 mA	1.42	1.60	2.95	3.15	2.95	3.15	ns	
LVTTL, Slow, 8 mA	1.42	1.60	2.73	2.93	2.73	2.93	ns	
LVTTL, Slow, 12 mA	1.42	1.60	2.72	2.92	2.72	2.92	ns	
LVTTL, Slow, 16 mA	1.42	1.60	2.53	2.73	2.53	2.73	ns	
LVTTL, Slow, 24 mA	1.42	1.60	2.42	2.62	2.42	2.62	ns	
LVTTL, Fast, 2 mA	1.42	1.60	4.04	4.24	4.04	4.24	ns	
LVTTL, Fast, 4 mA	1.42	1.60	2.66	2.86	2.66	2.86	ns	
LVTTL, Fast, 6 mA	1.42	1.60	2.58	2.78	2.58	2.78	ns	
LVTTL, Fast, 8 mA	1.42	1.60	2.46	2.66	2.46	2.66	ns	
LVTTL, Fast, 12 mA	1.42	1.60	1.97	2.17	1.97	2.17	ns	
LVTTL, Fast, 16 mA	1.42	1.60	1.97	2.17	1.97	2.17	ns	
LVTTL, Fast, 24 mA	1.42	1.60	1.97	2.17	1.97	2.17	ns	
LVCMOS33, QUIETIO, 2 mA	1.41	1.59	5.65	5.85	5.65	5.85	ns	
LVCMOS33, QUIETIO, 4 mA	1.41	1.59	4.20	4.40	4.20	4.40	ns	
LVCMOS33, QUIETIO, 6 mA	1.41	1.59	3.65	3.85	3.65	3.85	ns	
LVCMOS33, QUIETIO, 8 mA	1.41	1.59	3.51	3.71	3.51	3.71	ns	
LVCMOS33, QUIETIO, 12 mA	1.41	1.59	3.09	3.29	3.09	3.29	ns	
LVCMOS33, QUIETIO, 16 mA	1.41	1.59	2.91	3.11	2.91	3.11	ns	
LVCMOS33, QUIETIO, 24 mA	1.41	1.59	2.73	2.93	2.73	2.93	ns	
LVCMOS33, Slow, 2 mA	1.41	1.59	4.59	4.79	4.59	4.79	ns	
LVCMOS33, Slow, 4 mA	1.41	1.59	3.14	3.34	3.14	3.34	ns	

Table 29: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Automotive XA Spartan-6 and the Spartan-6Q Devices⁽¹⁾ (Cont'd)

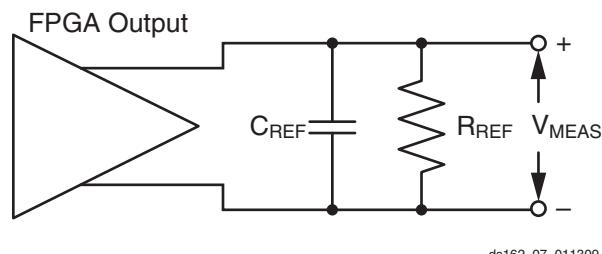
I/O Standard	T _{IOP1}		T _{IOP0}		T _{IOTP}		Units	
	Speed Grade		Speed Grade		Speed Grade			
	-3	-2	-3	-2	-3	-2		
LVCMOS15, QUIETIO, 2 mA	1.05	1.23	5.63	5.83	5.63	5.83	ns	
LVCMOS15, QUIETIO, 4 mA	1.05	1.23	4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95	ns	
LVCMOS15, QUIETIO, 6 mA	1.05	1.23	4.21	4.41	4.21	4.41	ns	
LVCMOS15, QUIETIO, 8 mA	1.05	1.23	4.05	4.25	4.05	4.25	ns	
LVCMOS15, QUIETIO, 12 mA	1.05	1.23	3.74	3.94	3.74	3.94	ns	
LVCMOS15, QUIETIO, 16 mA	1.05	1.23	3.52	3.72	3.52	3.72	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 2 mA	1.05	1.23	4.32	4.52	4.32	4.52	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 4 mA	1.05	1.23	3.58	3.78	3.58	3.78	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 6 mA	1.05	1.23	2.45	2.65	2.45	2.65	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 8 mA	1.05	1.23	2.46	2.66	2.46	2.66	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 12 mA	1.05	1.23	2.17	2.37	2.17	2.37	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 16 mA	1.05	1.23	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.35	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 2 mA	1.05	1.23	3.43	3.63	3.43	3.63	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 4 mA	1.05	1.23	2.42	2.62	2.42	2.62	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 6 mA	1.05	1.23	1.92	2.12	1.92	2.12	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 8 mA	1.05	1.23	1.87	2.07	1.87	2.07	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 12 mA	1.05	1.23	1.87	2.07	1.87	2.07	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 16 mA	1.05	1.23	1.87	2.07	1.87	2.07	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, QUIETIO, 2 mA	1.10	1.28	5.64	5.84	5.64	5.84	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, QUIETIO, 4 mA	1.10	1.28	4.75	4.95	4.75	4.95	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, QUIETIO, 6 mA	1.10	1.28	4.21	4.41	4.21	4.41	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, QUIETIO, 8 mA	1.10	1.28	4.06	4.26	4.06	4.26	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, QUIETIO, 12 mA	1.10	1.28	3.75	3.95	3.75	3.95	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, QUIETIO, 16 mA	1.10	1.28	3.53	3.73	3.53	3.73	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Slow, 2 mA	1.10	1.28	4.32	4.52	4.32	4.52	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Slow, 4 mA	1.10	1.28	3.56	3.76	3.56	3.76	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Slow, 6 mA	1.10	1.28	2.44	2.64	2.44	2.64	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Slow, 8 mA	1.10	1.28	2.47	2.67	2.47	2.67	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Slow, 12 mA	1.10	1.28	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.35	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Slow, 16 mA	1.10	1.28	2.15	2.35	2.15	2.35	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Fast, 2 mA	1.10	1.28	3.43	3.63	3.43	3.63	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Fast, 4 mA	1.10	1.28	2.42	2.62	2.42	2.62	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Fast, 6 mA	1.10	1.28	1.92	2.12	1.92	2.12	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Fast, 8 mA	1.10	1.28	1.87	2.07	1.87	2.07	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Fast, 12 mA	1.10	1.28	1.87	2.07	1.87	2.07	ns	
LVCMOS15_JEDEC, Fast, 16 mA	1.10	1.28	1.87	2.07	1.87	2.07	ns	
LVCMOS12, QUIETIO, 2 mA	0.98	1.16	6.54	6.74	6.54	6.74	ns	
LVCMOS12, QUIETIO, 4 mA	0.98	1.16	5.12	5.32	5.12	5.32	ns	

Output Delay Measurements

Output delays are measured using a Tektronix P6245 TDS500/600 probe (<1 pF) across approximately 4" of FR4 microstrip trace. Standard termination was used for all testing. The propagation delay of the 4" trace is characterized separately and subtracted from the final measurement, and is therefore not included in the generalized test setups shown in [Figure 4](#) and [Figure 5](#).



[Figure 4: Single-Ended Test Setup](#)



[Figure 5: Differential Test Setup](#)

Measurements and test conditions are reflected in the IBIS models except where the IBIS format precludes it. Parameters V_{REF} , R_{REF} , C_{REF} , and V_{MEAS} fully describe the test conditions for each I/O standard. The most accurate prediction of propagation delay in any given application can be obtained through IBIS simulation, using the following method:

1. Simulate the output driver of choice into the generalized test setup, using values from [Table 32](#).
2. Record the time to V_{MEAS} .
3. Simulate the output driver of choice into the actual PCB trace and load, using the appropriate IBIS model or capacitance value to represent the load.
4. Record the time to V_{MEAS} .
5. Compare the results of steps 2 and 4. The increase or decrease in delay yields the actual propagation delay of the PCB trace.

[Table 32: Output Delay Measurement Methodology](#)

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	R_{REF} (Ω)	C_{REF} ⁽¹⁾ (pF)	V_{MEAS} (V)	V_{REF} (V)
LVTTL (Low-Voltage Transistor-Transistor Logic)	LVTTL (all)	1M	0	1.4	0
LVCMOS (Low-Voltage CMOS), 3.3V	LVCMOS33	1M	0	1.65	0
LVCMOS, 2.5V	LVCMOS25	1M	0	1.25	0
LVCMOS, 1.8V	LVCMOS18	1M	0	0.9	0
LVCMOS, 1.5V	LVCMOS15	1M	0	0.75	0
LVCMOS, 1.2V	LVCMOS12	1M	0	0.6	0
PCI (Peripheral Component Interface) 33 MHz and 66 MHz, 3.3V	PCI33_3, PCI66_3 (rising edge)	25	10 ⁽²⁾	0.94	0
	PCI33_3, PCI66_3 (falling edge)	25	10 ⁽²⁾	2.03	3.3
HSTL (High-Speed Transceiver Logic), Class I	HSTL_I	50	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class II	HSTL_II	25	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class III	HSTL_III	50	0	0.9	1.5
HSTL, Class I, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class II, 1.8V	HSTL_II_18	25	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class III, 1.8V	HSTL_III_18	50	0	1.1	1.8
SSTL (Stub Series Terminated Logic), Class I, 1.8V	SSTL18_I	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
SSTL, Class II, 1.8V	SSTL18_II	25	0	V_{REF}	0.9
SSTL, Class I, 2.5V	SSTL2_I	50	0	V_{REF}	1.25

Table 34: SSO Limit per V_{CCO}/GND Pair

V _{CCO}	I/O Standard	Drive	Slew	SSO Limit per V _{CCO} /GND Pair			
				All TQG144, CPG196, CSG225, FT(G)256, and LX devices in CSG324		All CS(G)484, FG(G)484, FG(G)676, FG(G)900, and LXT devices in CSG324	
				Bank 0/2	Bank 1/3	Bank 0/2	Bank 1/3/4/5
1.2V	LVCMOS12, LVCMOS12_JEDEC	2	Fast	30 ⁽¹⁾	35	30	35
			Slow	51	55	51	52
			QuietIO	71	58	71	70
		4	Fast	17	17	17	19
			Slow	23	25	23	22
			QuietIO	35	32	35	32
		6	Fast	13	15	13	14
			Slow	19	20	19	17
			QuietIO	26	24	26	24
		8	Fast	N/A	12	N/A	12
			Slow	N/A	15	N/A	13
			QuietIO	N/A	20	N/A	19
		12	Fast	N/A	5	N/A	4
			Slow	N/A	8	N/A	5
			QuietIO	N/A	11	N/A	10

Table 34: SSO Limit per V_{CCO}/GND Pair (Cont'd)

V _{CCO}	I/O Standard	Drive	Slew	SSO Limit per V _{CCO} /GND Pair					
				All TQG144, CPG196, CSG225, FT(G)256, and LX devices in CSG324		All CS(G)484, FG(G)484, FG(G)676, FG(G)900, and LXT devices in CSG324			
				Bank 0/2	Bank 1/3	Bank 0/2	Bank 1/3/4/5		
1.8V	LVCMOS18, LVCMOS18_JEDEC	2	Fast	39	46	39	47		
			Slow	65	75	65	74		
			QuietIO	80	80	80	85		
		4	Fast	22	25	22	25		
			Slow	38	36	38	29		
			QuietIO	45	40	45	35		
		6	Fast	16	18	16	17		
			Slow	27	25	27	19		
			QuietIO	30	28	30	23		
		8	Fast	13	15	13	14		
			Slow	16	18	16	16		
			QuietIO	25	22	25	18		
		12	Fast	5	7	5	5		
			Slow	7	8	7	6		
			QuietIO	11	10	11	8		
		16	Fast	4	5	4	4		
			Slow	7	8	7	5		
			QuietIO	11	10	11	8		
		24	Fast	N/A	5	N/A	3		
			Slow	N/A	8	N/A	8		
			QuietIO	N/A	10	N/A	8		
HSTL_I_18				9	10	9	9		
HSTL_II_18				N/A	5	N/A	6		
HSTL_III_18				9	10	9	11		
DIFF_HSTL_I_18				27	30	27	27		
DIFF_HSTL_II_18				N/A	15	N/A	18		
DIFF_HSTL_III_18				27	30	27	33		
MOBILE_DDR (3)				12	14	12	14		
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR (3)				36	42	36	42		
SSTL_18_I (3)				9	10	9	10		
SSTL_18_II (3)				N/A	5	N/A	4		
DIFF_SSTL_18_I (3)				27	30	27	30		
DIFF_SSTL_18_II (3)				N/A	15	N/A	12		

Table 44: DSP48A1 Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Pre-adder	Multiplier	Post-adder	Speed Grade				Units
					-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
$T_{DSPDCK_OPMODE_PREG}$ / $T_{DSPCKD_OPMODE_PREG}$	OPMODE input to P register CLK	Yes	Yes	Yes	6.21/ -0.84	7.27/ -0.84	7.27/ -0.84	10.43/ -0.84	ns
		No	Yes	Yes	1.69/ -0.87	1.98/ -0.87	1.98/ -0.87	3.62/ -0.87	ns
		No	No	Yes	2.09/ -0.22	2.30/ -0.22	2.30/ -0.22	3.79/ -0.22	ns
Clock to Out from Output Register Clock to Output Pin									
$T_{DSPCKO_P_PREG}$	CLK (PREG) to P output	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.20	1.34	1.34	1.90	ns
Clock to Out from Pipeline Register Clock to Output Pins									
$T_{DSPCKO_P_MREG}$	CLK (MREG) to P output	N/A	N/A	Yes	3.38	3.95	3.95	5.83	ns
Clock to Out from Input Register Clock to Output Pins									
$T_{DSPCKO_P_A1REG}$	CLK (A1REG) to P output	N/A	Yes	Yes	5.02	5.87	5.87	9.65	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_P_B1REG}$	CLK (B1REG) to P output	N/A	Yes	Yes	5.02	5.87	5.87	9.63	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_P_CREG}$	CLK (CREG) to P output	N/A	N/A	Yes	3.12	3.64	3.64	5.24	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_P_DREG}$	CLK (DREG) to P output	Yes	Yes	Yes	6.77	7.92	7.92	12.53	ns
Combinatorial Delays from Input Pins to Output Pins									
$T_{DSPDO_A_P}$	A input to P output	N/A	No	Yes	2.85	3.33	3.33	4.73	ns
		N/A	Yes	No ⁽²⁾	3.35	3.93	3.93	6.74	ns
		N/A	Yes	Yes	4.56	5.22	5.22	8.94	ns
$T_{DSPDO_B_P}$	B input to P output	Yes	No	No ⁽²⁾	3.22	3.76	3.76	5.55	ns
		Yes	Yes	No ⁽²⁾	6.01	6.54	6.54	9.76	ns
		Yes	Yes	Yes	6.27	7.34	7.34	11.96	ns
$T_{DSPDO_C_P}$	C input to P output	N/A	N/A	Yes	2.69	3.15	3.15	4.68	ns
$T_{DSPDO_D_P}$	D input to P output	Yes	Yes	Yes	6.31	7.38	7.38	11.81	ns
$T_{DSPDO_OPMODE_P}$	OPMODE input to P output	Yes	Yes	Yes	6.43	7.52	7.52	11.84	ns
		No	Yes	Yes	4.84	5.66	5.66	9.25	ns
		No	No	Yes	3.11	3.49	3.49	5.03	ns
Maximum Frequency									
F_{MAX}	All registers used	Yes	Yes	Yes	390	333	333	213	MHz

Notes:

1. A Yes signifies that the component is in the path. A No signifies that the component is being bypassed. N/A signifies not applicable because no path exists.
2. Implemented in the post-adder by adding to zero.

Table 54: Switching Characteristics for the Delay-Locked Loop (DLL)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade								Units	
		-3		-3N		-2		-1L			
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Output Frequency Ranges											
CLKOUT_FREQ_CLK0	Frequency for the CLK0 and CLK180 outputs.	5	280	5	280	5	250	5	175	MHz	
CLKOUT_FREQ_CLK90	Frequency for the CLK90 and CLK270 outputs.	5	200	5	200	5	200	5	175	MHz	
CLKOUT_FREQ_2X	Frequency for the CLK2X and CLK2X180 outputs.	10	375	10	375	10	334	10	250	MHz	
CLKOUT_FREQ_DV	Frequency for the CLKDV output.	0.3125	186	0.3125	186	0.3125	166	0.3125	88.6	MHz	
Output Clock Jitter⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾											
CLKOUT_PER_JITT_0	Period jitter at the CLK0 output.	–	±100	–	±100	–	±100	–	±100	ps	
CLKOUT_PER_JITT_90	Period jitter at the CLK90 output.	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	ps	
CLKOUT_PER_JITT_180	Period jitter at the CLK180 output.	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	ps	
CLKOUT_PER_JITT_270	Period jitter at the CLK270 output.	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	ps	
CLKOUT_PER_JITT_2X	Period jitter at the CLK2X and CLK2X180 outputs.	Maximum = ±[0.5% of CLKIN period + 100]							ps		
CLKOUT_PER_JITT_DV1	Period jitter at the CLKDV output when performing integer division.	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	ps	
CLKOUT_PER_JITT_DV2	Period jitter at the CLKDV output when performing non-integer division.	Maximum = ±[0.5% of CLKIN period + 100]							ps		
Duty Cycle⁽⁴⁾											
CLKOUT_DUTY_CYCLE_DLL	Duty cycle variation for the CLK0, CLK90, CLK180, CLK270, CLK2X, CLK2X180, and CLKDV outputs, including the BUFGMUX and clock tree duty-cycle distortion.	Typical = ±[1% of CLKIN period + 350]							ps		
Phase Alignment⁽⁴⁾											
CLKIN_CLKFB_PHASE	Phase offset between the CLKIN and CLKFB inputs (CLK_FEEDBACK = 1X).	–	±150	–	±150	–	±150	–	±250	ps	
	Phase offset between the CLKIN and CLKFB inputs (CLK_FEEDBACK = 2X). ⁽⁶⁾	–	±250	–	±250	–	±250	–	±350		
CLKOUT_PHASE_DLL	Phase offset between DLL outputs for CLK0 to CLK2X (not CLK2X180).	Maximum = ±[1% of CLKIN period + 100]							ps		
	Phase offset between DLL outputs for all others.	Maximum = ±[1% of CLKIN period + 150]						Maximum = ±[1% of CLKIN period + 200]		ps	

Table 54: Switching Characteristics for the Delay-Locked Loop (DLL)⁽¹⁾ (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade								Units	
		-3		-3N		-2		-1L			
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
LOCK_DLL ⁽³⁾	When using the DLL alone: The time from deassertion at the DCM's reset input to the rising transition at its LOCKED output. When the DCM is locked, the CLKIN and CLKFB signals are in phase. CLKIN_FREQ_DLL < 50 MHz.	—	5	—	5	—	5	—	5	ms	
	When using the DLL alone: The time from deassertion at the DCM's reset input to the rising transition at its LOCKED output. When the DCM is locked, the CLKIN and CLKFB signals are in phase. CLKIN_FREQ_DLL > 50 MHz.	—	0.60	—	0.60	—	0.60	—	0.60	ms	
Delay Lines											
DCM_DELAY_STEP ⁽⁵⁾	Finest delay resolution, averaged over all steps.	10	40	10	40	10	40	10	40	ps	

Notes:

- The values in this table are based on the operating conditions described in Table 2 and Table 53.
- Indicates the maximum amount of output jitter that the DCM adds to the jitter on the CLKIN input.
- For optimal jitter tolerance and faster LOCK time, use the CLKIN_PERIOD attribute.
- Some jitter and duty-cycle specifications include 1% of input clock period or 0.01 UI. For example, this data sheet specifies a maximum jitter of $\pm(1\% \text{ of CLKIN period} + 150 \text{ ps})$. Assuming that the CLKIN frequency is 100 MHz, the equivalent CLKIN period is 10 ns. Since 1% of 10 ns is 0.1 ns or 100 ps, the maximum jitter is $\pm(100 \text{ ps} + 150 \text{ ps}) = \pm250 \text{ ps}$.
- A typical delay step size is 23 ps.
- The timing analysis tools use the CLK_FEEDBACK = 1X condition for the CLKIN_CLKFB_PHASE value (reported as phase error). When using CLK_FEEDBACK = 2X, add 100 ps to the phase error for the CLKIN_CLKFB_PHASE value (as shown in this table).

Table 55: Recommended Operating Conditions for the Digital Frequency Synthesizer (DFS)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade								Units	
		-3		-3N		-2		-1L			
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Input Frequency Ranges⁽²⁾											
CLKIN_FREQ_FX	Frequency for the CLKIN input. Also described as F _{CLKIN} .	0.5	375 ⁽³⁾	0.5	375 ⁽³⁾	0.5	333 ⁽³⁾	0.5	200 ⁽³⁾	MHz	
Input Clock Jitter Tolerance⁽⁴⁾											
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_FX_LF	Cycle-to-cycle jitter at the CLKIN input, based on CLKFX output frequency: F _{CLKFX} < 150 MHz.	—	± 300	—	± 300	—	± 300	—	± 300	ps	
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_FX_HF	Cycle-to-cycle jitter at the CLKIN input, based on CLKFX output frequency: F _{CLKFX} > 150 MHz.	—	± 150	—	± 150	—	± 150	—	± 150	ps	
CLKIN_PER_JITT_FX	Period jitter at the CLKIN input.	—	± 1	—	± 1	—	± 1	—	± 1	ns	

Notes:

- DFS specifications apply when using either of the DFS outputs (CLKFX or CLKFX180).
- When using both DFS and DLL outputs on the same DCM, follow the more restrictive CLKIN_FREQ_DLL specifications in Table 53.
- The CLKIN_DIVIDE_BY_2 attribute increases the effective input frequency range. When set to TRUE, the input clock frequency is divided by two as it enters the DCM. Input clock frequencies for the clock buffer being used can be increased up to the F_{MAX} (see Table 48 and Table 49 for BUFG and BUFI02 limits).
- CLKIN input jitter beyond these limits can cause the DCM to lose LOCK.

Spartan-6 Device Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. The representative values for typical pin locations and normal clock loading are listed in [Table 63](#) through [Table 69](#). Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 63: Global Clock Input to Output Delay Without DCM or PLL

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
LVCMOS25 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, 12mA, Fast Slew Rate, <i>without</i> DCM or PLL							
TICKOF	Global Clock and OUTFF <i>without</i> DCM or PLL	XC6SLX4	6.12	N/A	7.68	9.41	ns
		XC6SLX9	6.12	6.51	7.68	9.41	ns
		XC6SLX16	5.98	6.42	7.48	9.10	ns
		XC6SLX25	6.20	6.69	7.84	9.44	ns
		XC6SLX25T	6.20	6.69	7.84	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	6.37	6.88	8.10	9.61	ns
		XC6SLX45T	6.37	6.88	8.10	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	6.39	6.99	8.16	10.18	ns
		XC6SLX75T	6.39	6.99	8.16	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	6.59	7.18	8.41	10.31	ns
		XC6SLX100T	6.59	7.18	8.41	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	6.98	7.68	8.80	10.62	ns
		XC6SLX150T	6.98	7.68	8.80	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	6.44	N/A	7.68	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	6.44	N/A	7.68	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	6.30	N/A	7.48	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	6.52	N/A	7.84	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	6.52	N/A	7.84	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	6.69	N/A	8.12	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	6.69	N/A	8.12	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	6.89	N/A	8.16	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	6.89	N/A	8.16	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	8.36	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	8.16	10.18	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	6.89	N/A	8.16	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	8.80	10.62	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	7.61	N/A	8.80	N/A	ns

Notes:

- Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.

Table 69: Global Clock Input to Output Delay With DCM and PLL in Source-Synchronous Mode

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
LVCMOS25 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, 12mA, Fast Slew Rate, <i>with</i> DCM in Source-Synchronous Mode and PLL in DCM2PLL Mode.							
TICKOFDCM0_PLL	Global Clock and OUTFF with DCM and PLL	XC6SLX4	5.58	N/A	7.42	8.54	ns
		XC6SLX9	5.58	6.19	7.42	8.54	ns
		XC6SLX16	5.50	6.06	7.05	8.24	ns
		XC6SLX25	5.57	6.04	7.02	8.33	ns
		XC6SLX25T	5.57	6.04	7.02	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	5.53	5.97	6.96	8.32	ns
		XC6SLX45T	5.53	5.97	6.96	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	5.55	6.00	6.99	8.54	ns
		XC6SLX75T	5.55	6.00	6.99	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	5.58	6.03	7.02	9.11	ns
		XC6SLX100T	5.62	6.03	7.02	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	5.32	5.70	6.41	8.26	ns
		XC6SLX150T	5.32	5.70	6.41	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	5.87	N/A	7.28	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	5.87	N/A	7.28	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	6.02	N/A	6.87	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	5.88	N/A	6.90	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	5.88	N/A	7.00	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	5.82	N/A	6.81	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	5.82	N/A	6.81	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	5.81	N/A	6.80	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	5.81	N/A	6.80	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	6.88	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	6.80	8.54	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	5.81	N/A	6.80	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	6.41	8.26	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	5.90	N/A	6.41	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. DCM and PLL output jitter are already included in the timing calculation.

Table 72: Global Clock Setup and Hold With DCM in System-Synchronous Mode

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for LVCMOS25 Standard.⁽¹⁾							
T _{PSDCM} / T _{PHDCM}	No Delay Global Clock and IFF ⁽²⁾ with DCM in System-Synchronous Mode	XC6SLX4	1.54/0.06	N/A	1.75/0.12	2.84/0.27	ns
		XC6SLX9	1.54/0.06	1.63/0.12	1.75/0.12	2.84/0.27	ns
		XC6SLX16	1.72/-0.18	1.87/-0.17	2.13/-0.17	2.31/0.26	ns
		XC6SLX25	1.70/-0.03	1.78/-0.02	2.00/-0.02	2.88/0.20	ns
		XC6SLX25T	1.70/0.07	1.78/0.08	2.00/0.08	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX45	1.74/-0.03	1.84/-0.02	2.02/-0.02	2.64/0.52	ns
		XC6SLX45T	1.74/-0.01	1.84/0.00	2.02/0.00	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX75	1.86/0.11	1.98/0.12	2.20/0.12	2.96/0.58	ns
		XC6SLX75T	1.86/0.11	1.98/0.12	2.20/0.12	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100	1.64/0.07	1.72/0.08	1.97/0.08	2.70/0.99	ns
		XC6SLX100T	1.64/0.09	1.72/0.10	1.97/0.10	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX150	1.53/0.39	1.62/0.40	1.82/0.40	2.75/1.00	ns
		XC6SLX150T	1.53/0.39	1.62/0.40	1.82/0.40	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX4	1.65/0.16	N/A	1.75/0.26	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX9	1.65/0.16	N/A	1.75/0.26	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX16	1.88/0.02	N/A	2.13/0.03	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25	1.80/0.16	N/A	2.05/0.17	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX25T	1.80/0.16	N/A	2.13/0.17	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45	1.75/0.12	N/A	2.02/0.13	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX45T	1.75/0.12	N/A	2.02/0.13	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75	1.87/0.11	N/A	2.20/0.12	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX75T	1.87/0.11	N/A	2.20/0.12	N/A	ns
		XA6SLX100	N/A	N/A	2.46/0.24	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX75	N/A	N/A	2.20/0.12	2.96/0.58	ns
		XQ6SLX75T	1.87/0.11	N/A	2.20/0.12	N/A	ns
		XQ6SLX150	N/A	N/A	1.82/0.56	2.75/1.00	ns
		XQ6SLX150T	1.65/0.55	N/A	1.82/0.56	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage. These measurements include DCM CLK0 jitter.
2. IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Source-Synchronous Switching Characteristics

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for Spartan-6 FPGA source-synchronous transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 78: Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew

Symbol	Description	Device ⁽¹⁾	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
T_{DCD_CLK}	Global Clock Tree Duty Cycle Distortion ⁽²⁾	LX4	0.20	N/A	0.20	0.35	ns
		LX9	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.35	ns
		LX16	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.35	ns
		LX25	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.35	ns
		LX25T	0.20	0.20	0.20	N/A	ns
		LX45	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.35	ns
		LX45T	0.20	0.20	0.20	N/A	ns
		LX75	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.35	ns
		LX75T	0.20	0.20	0.20	N/A	ns
		LX100	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.35	ns
		LX100T	0.20	0.20	0.20	N/A	ns
		LX150	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	ns
		LX150T	0.35	0.35	0.35	N/A	ns
T_{CKSKEW}	Global Clock Tree Skew ⁽³⁾	LX4	0.25	N/A	0.25	0.29	ns
		LX9	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.29	ns
		LX16	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.22	ns
		LX25	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.41	ns
		LX25T	0.26	0.26	0.26	N/A	ns
		LX45	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.28	ns
		LX45T	0.20	0.20	0.20	N/A	ns
		LX75	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.50	ns
		LX75T	0.56	0.56	0.56	N/A	ns
		XC6SLX100 ⁽⁴⁾	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.21	ns
		XA6SLX100 ⁽⁴⁾	N/A	N/A	0.43	N/A	ns
		LX100T	0.22	0.22	0.22	N/A	ns
		LX150	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.35	ns
		LX150T	0.48	0.48	0.48	N/A	ns
T_{DCD_BUFIO2}	I/O clock tree duty cycle distortion	LX devices	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.50	ns
		LXT devices	0.25	0.25	0.25	N/A	ns

Table 78: Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Device ⁽¹⁾	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-3N	-2	-1L	
$T_{BUFIOSKEW}$	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region	LX4	0.06	N/A	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX9	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX16	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX25	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX25T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns
		LX45	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX45T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns
		LX75	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX75T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns
		LX100	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX100T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns
		LX150	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	ns
		LX150T	0.06	0.06	0.06	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. LXT devices are not available with a -1L speed grade. The LX4 is not available in -3N speed grade.
2. These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the pins of the device using LVDS output buffers. For cases where other I/O standards are used, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
3. The T_{CKSKEW} value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx FPGA Editor and Timing Analyzer tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.
4. The T_{CKSKEW} is 0.43 ns for the XA6SLX100 device using a -2 speed grade and 0.22 ns for the XC6SLX100 devices using the -2 speed grade.

Table 79: Package Skew

Symbol	Description	Device	Package ⁽²⁾	Value	Units
$T_{PKGSKEW}$	Package Skew ⁽¹⁾	LX4	TQG144	N/A	ps
			CPG196	23	ps
			CSG225	58	ps
		LX9	TQG144	N/A	ps
			CPG196	23	ps
			CSG225	58	ps
			FT(G)256	88	ps
			CSG324	64	ps
		LX16	CPG196	19	ps
			CSG225	70	ps
			FT(G)256	71	ps
			CSG324	54	ps
		LX25	FT(G)256	90	ps
			CSG324	61	ps
			FG(G)484	84	ps
		LX25T	CSG324	48	ps
			FG(G)484	112	ps