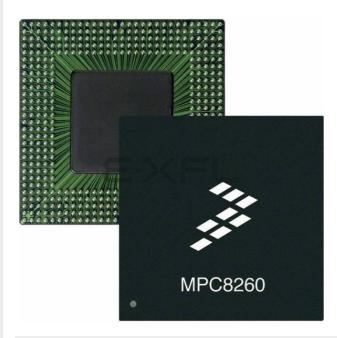
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Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of **Embedded - Microprocessors**

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PowerPC G2
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	300MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; RISC CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100Mbps (3)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	480-LBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	480-TBGA (37.5x37.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/kmpc8255avvpibb

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- Transparent
- UART (low-speed operation)
- One serial peripheral interface identical to the MPC860 SPI
- One inter-integrated circuit (I^2C) controller (identical to the MPC860 I^2C controller)
 - Microwire compatible
 - Multiple-master, single-master, and slave modes
- Up to eight TDM interfaces (four on the MPC8255)
 - Supports two groups of four TDM channels for a total of eight TDMs
 - 2,048 bytes of SI RAM
 - Bit or byte resolution
 - Independent transmit and receive routing, frame synchronization
 - Supports T1, CEPT, T1/E1, T3/E3, pulse code modulation highway, ISDN basic rate, ISDN primary rate, Freescale interchip digital link (IDL), general circuit interface (GCI), and user-defined TDM serial interfaces
- Eight independent baud rate generators and 20 input clock pins for supplying clocks to FCCs, SCCs, SMCs, and serial channels
- Four independent 16-bit timers that can be interconnected as two 32-bit timers

Additional features of the MPC826xA family are as follows:

- CPM
 - 32-Kbyte dual-port RAM
 - Additional MCC host commands
 - Eight transfer transmission convergence (TC) layers between the TDMs and FCC2 to support inverse multiplexing for ATM capabilities (IMA) (MPC8264 and MPC8266 only)
- CPM multiplexing
 - FCC2 can also be connected to the TC layer.
- TC layer (MPC8264 and MPC8266 only)
 - Each of the 8 TDM channels is routed in hardware to a TC layer block
 - Protocol-specific overhead bits may be discarded or routed to other controllers by the SI
 - Performing ATM TC layer functions (according to ITU-T I.432)
 - Transmit (Tx) updates
 - Cell HEC generation
 - Payload scrambling using self synchronizing scrambler (programmable by the user)
 - Coset generation (programmable by the user)
 - Cell rate by inserting idle/unassigned cells
 - Receive (Rx) updates
 - Cell delineation using bit by bit HEC checking and programmable ALPHA and DELTA parameters for the delineation state machine
 - Payload descrambling using self synchronizing scrambler (programmable by the user)



Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
I _{OL} = 7.0 mA	V _{OL}		0.4	V
BR	02			
BG				
ABB/IRQ2				
TS				
A[0-31]				
TT[0-4]				
TBST				
TSIZE[0–3]				
AACK				
ARTRY				
DBG				
DBB/IRQ3				
D[0-63]				
DP(0)/RSRV/EXT_BR2				
DP(1)/IRQ1/EXT_BG2				
DP(2)/TLBISYNC/IRQ2/EXT_DBG2				
DP(3)/IRQ3/EXT_BR3/CKSTP_OUT				
DP(4)/IRQ4/EXT_BG3/CORE_SREST				
DP(5)/TBEN/IRQ5/EXT_DBG3				
DP(6)/CSE(0)/IRQ6				
DP(7)/CSE(1)/IRQ7				
PSDVAL				
TA				
TEA				
GBL/IRQ1				
WT/BADDR30/IRQ3 L2_HIT/IRQ4				
CPU_BG/BADDR31/IRQ5 CPU_DBG				
CPU_DBG				
IRQ0/NMI_OUT				
IRQ7/INT_OUT/APE				
PORESET				
HRESET				
SRESET				
RSTCONF				
QREQ				

Table 3. DC Electrical Characteristics¹ (continued)



Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

- ² The leakage current is measured for nominal VDD, VCCSYN, and VDD.
- ³ MPC8265 and MPC8266 only.

2.2 Thermal Characteristics

Table 4 describes thermal characteristics.

Table 4. Thermal Characteristics for 480 TBGA Package

Characteristics	Symbol	Value	Unit	Air Flow
Junction to ambient		13 ¹		NC ²
	θ_{JA}	10 ¹	°C/W	1 m/s
		11 ³		NC
		8 ³		1 m/s
Junction to board ⁴	θ_{JB}	4	°C/W	—
Junction to case ⁵	θ _{JC}	1.1	°C/W	_

¹ Assumes a single layer board with no thermal vias

² Natural convection

³ Assumes a four layer board

⁴ Thermal resistance between the die and the printed circuit board per JEDEC JESD51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.

⁵ Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).

2.3 Power Considerations

The average chip-junction temperature, T_I, in °C can be obtained from the following:

$$T_J = T_A + (P_D \times \theta_{JA})$$

where

 $T_A = ambient temperature \ ^{\circ}C$

 θ_{JA} = package thermal resistance, junction to ambient, °C/W

 $P_{D} = P_{INT} + P_{I/O}$

 $P_{INT} = I_{DD} \times V_{DD}$ Watts (chip internal power)

 $P_{I/O}$ = power dissipation on input and output pins (determined by user)

For most applications $P_{I/O} < 0.3 \times P_{INT}$. If $P_{I/O}$ is neglected, an approximate relationship between P_D and T_J is the following:

$$P_{\rm D} = K/(T_{\rm J} + 273^{\circ} \,\rm C) \tag{2}$$

Solving equations (1) and (2) for K gives:

$$\mathbf{K} = \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{D}} \mathbf{x} \left(\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{A}} + 273^{\circ} \,\mathrm{C} \right) + \mathbf{\theta}_{\mathrm{JA}} \,\mathbf{x} \,\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{D}}^{2} \tag{3}$$

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0

(1)



Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

2.4 AC Electrical Characteristics

The following sections include illustrations and tables of clock diagrams, signals, and CPM outputs and inputs for the 66 MHz MPC826xA device. Note that AC timings are based on a 50-pf load. Typical output buffer impedances are shown in Table 6.

Output Buffers	Typical Impedance (Ω)
60x bus	40
Local bus	40
Memory controller	40
Parallel I/O	46
PCI	25

Table 6. Output Buffer	Impedances ¹
------------------------	-------------------------

¹ These are typical values at 65° C. The impedance may vary by $\pm 25\%$ with process and temperature.

Table 7 lists CPM output characteristics.

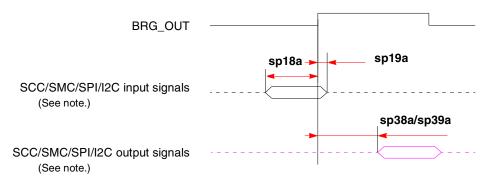
Table 7.	AC	Characteristics	for CPI	M Outputs ¹
----------	----	-----------------	---------	------------------------

Spec N	lumber	Characteristic	Max De	elay (ns)	Min Delay (ns)	
Max	Min	Characteristic	66 MHz	83 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz
sp36a	sp37a	FCC outputs—internal clock (NMSI)	6	5.5	1	1
sp36b	sp37b	FCC outputs—external clock (NMSI)	14	12	2	1
sp40	sp41	TDM outputs/SI	25	16	5	4
sp38a	sp39a	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C outputs—internal clock (NMSI)	19	16	1	0.5
sp38b	sp39b	Ex_SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C outputs—external clock (NMSI)	19	16	2	1
sp42	sp43	TIMER/IDMA outputs	14	11	1	0.5
sp42a	sp43a	PIO outputs	14	11	0.5	0.5

¹ Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.



Figure 6 shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C internal clock.

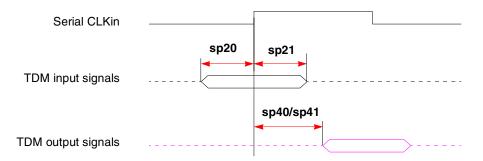


Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:

- 1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
- 2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 6. SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C Internal Clock Diagram

Figure 7 shows TDM input and output signals.



Note: There are four possible TDM timing conditions:

- 1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
- 2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 7. TDM Signal Diagram



Table 10 lists SIU output characteristics.

Spec N	lumber	Characteristic	Max De	lay (ns)	Min Delay (ns)	
Max	Min		66 MHz	83 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz
sp31	sp30	PSDVAL/TEA/TA	7	6	0.5	0.5
sp32	sp30	ADD/ADD_atr./BADDR/CI/GBL/WT	8	6.5	0.5	0.5
sp33a	sp30	Data bus	6.5	6.5	0.5	0.5
sp33b	sp30	DP	8	7	0.5	0.5
sp34	sp30	Memory controller signals/ALE	6	5	0.5	0.5
sp35	sp30	All other signals	6	5.5	0.5	0.5

Table 10. AC Characteristics for SIU Outputs¹

¹ Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.

NOTE

Activating data pipelining (setting BRx[DR] in the memory controller) improves the AC timing. When data pipelining is activated, sp12 can be used for data bus setup even when ECC or PARITY are used. Also, sp33a can be used as the AC specification for DP signals.



Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

Figure 9 shows the interaction of several bus signals.

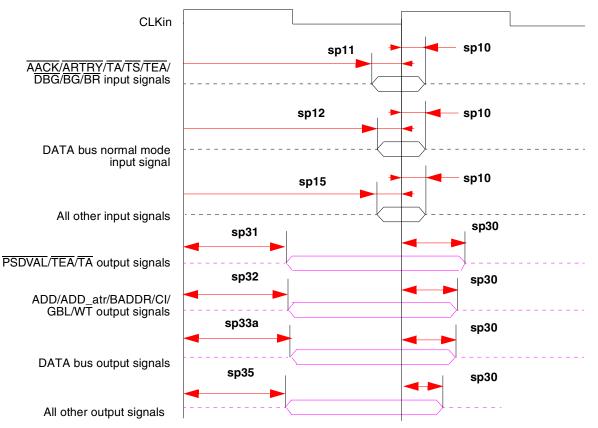
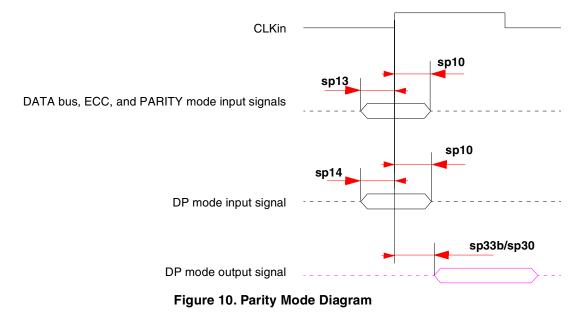


Figure 9. Bus Signals

Figure 10 shows signal behavior for all parity modes (including ECC, RMW parity, and standard parity).





3 Clock Configuration Modes

To configure the main PLL multiplication factor and the core, CPM, and 60x bus frequencies, the MODCK[1–3] pins are sampled while HRESET is asserted. Table 13 lists the eight basic configuration modes. Table 14 lists the other modes that are available by using the configuration pin (RSTCONF) and driving four bits from hardware configuration word on the data bus.

Note that the MPC8265 and the MPC8266 have two additional clocking modes—PCI agent and PCI host. Refer to Section 3.2, "PCI Mode" on page 26 for information.

NOTE

Clock configurations change only after \overline{POR} is asserted.

3.1 Local Bus Mode

Table 13 describes default clock modes for the MPC826xA.

MODCK[1-3]	Input Clock Frequency	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency
000	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	4	133 MHz
001	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	5	166 MHz
010	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	4	133 MHz
011	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	5	166 MHz
100	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
101	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3	200 MHz
110	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
111	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3	200 MHz

Table 13. Clock Default Modes

Table 14 describes all possible clock configurations when using the hard reset configuration sequence. Note that basic modes are shown in boldface type. The frequencies listed are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device.

Table 14. C	lock Configuration Modes ¹
-------------	---------------------------------------

MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Input Clock Frequency ^{2,3}	CPM Multiplication Factor ²	CPM Frequency ²	Core Multiplication Factor ²	Core Frequency ²
0001_000	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	4	133 MHz
0001_001	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	5	166 MHz
0001_010	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	6	200 MHz
0001_011	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	7	233 MHz
0001_100	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	8	266 MHz



Clock Configuration Modes

					`	•	
MODCK_H – MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency ¹ (Bus)	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency	PCI Division Factor ²	PCI Frequency ²
0011_011 ³	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	8	266 MHz	5	33 MHz
0100_000 ³	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	5	166 MHz	6	33 MHz
0100_001 ³	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	6	200 MHz	6	33 MHz
0100_010 ³	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	7	233 MHz	6	33 MHz
0100_011 ³	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	8	266 MHz	6	33 MHz
0101_000	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2/4	66/33 MHz
0101_000	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3	200 MHz	2/4 2/4	66/33 MHz
0101_001	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2/4	66/33 MHz
0101_011	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	4	266 MHz	2/4	66/33 MHz
0101_100	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	2/4	66/33 MHz
0110_000	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
0110_001	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3	200 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
0110_010	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
0110_011	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4	266 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
0110_100	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
0111_000	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
0111_001	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
0111_010	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
0111_011	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
0111_100	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1000_000	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1000_001	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1000_010	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1000_011	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1000_100	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1001_000	66 MHz	2.5	233 MHz	25	166 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz
		3.5		2.5			-
1001_001	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3	200 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz

Table 17. Clock Configuration Modes in PCI Host Mode (continued)

MODCK_H – MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency ¹ (Bus)	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency	PCI Division Factor ²	PCI Frequency ²
1001_010	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz
1001_011	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4	266 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz
1001_100	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz
1010_000	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	2	200 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1010_001	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1010_010	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	3	300 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1010_011	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	3.5	350 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1010_100	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	4	400 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1011_000	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	2	200 MHz	4/8	62/31 MHz
1011_001	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	4/8	62/31MHz
1011_010	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	3	300 MHz	4/8	62/31 MHz
1011_011	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	3.5	350 MHz	4/8	62/31 MHz
1011_100	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	4	400 MHz	4/8	62/31 MHz

Table 17. Clock Configuration Modes in PCI Host Mode (continued)

¹ Input clock frequency is given only for the purpose of reference. User should set MODCK_H–MODCK_L so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's part.

² The frequency depends on the value of PCI_MODCK. If PCI_MODCK is high (logic '1'), the PCI frequency is divided by 2 (33 instead of 66 MHz, etc.). Refer to Table 15.

³ In this mode, PCI_MODCK must be "0".

3.2.2 PCI Agent Mode

The frequencies listed in Table 18 and Table 19 are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device.

MODCK[1-3] ¹	Input Clock Frequency (PCI) ²	CPM Multiplication Factor ²	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency ³	Bus Division Factor	60x Bus Frequency ⁴
000	66/33 MHz	2/4	133 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2	66 MHz
001	66/33 MHz	2/4	133 MHz	3	200 MHz	2	66 MHz
010	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	66 MHz
011	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	3	66 MHz

Table 18. Clock Default Configurations in PCI Agent Mode (MODCK_HI = 0000)



MODCK_H – MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency (PCI) ^{1,2}	CPM Multiplication Factor ¹	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency ³	Bus Division Factor	60x Bus Frequency ⁴
0100_100	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	3	66 MHz
0101_000 ⁵	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_001 ⁵	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	3	200 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_010 ⁵	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_011 ⁵	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	4	266 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_100 ⁵	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0110_000	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_000	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_001	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	3.5	200 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_011	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_100	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	3	66 MHz
0111_000	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2	200 MHz	2	100 MHz
0111_001	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	2	100 MHz
0111_010	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3	300 MHz	2	100 MHz
0111_011	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3.5	350 MHz	2	100 MHz
1000_000	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2	160 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_001	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2.5	200 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_010	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3	240 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_011	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3.5	280 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_100	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	4	320 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_101	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	4.5	360 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1001_000	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_000	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_001	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_010	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	4	266 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_011	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	4	66 MHz
	1	1	L	1	1	1	1
1010_000	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	2.5	222 MHz	3	88 MHz



Figure 14 shows the side profile of the TBGA package to indicate the direction of the top surface view.

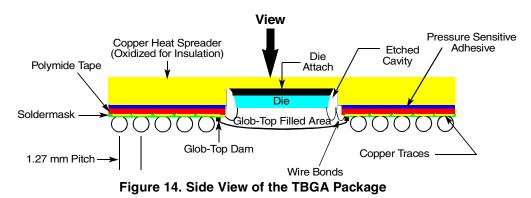


Table 21 shows the pinout list of the MPC826xA. Table 20 defines conventions and acronyms used in Table 21.

Symbols used in Table 21 are described in Table 20.

Symbol	Meaning
OVERBAR	Signals with overbars, such as \overline{TA} , are active low.
UTM	Indicates that a signal is part of the UTOPIA master interface.
UTS	Indicates that a signal is part of the UTOPIA slave interface.
UT8	Indicates that a signal is part of the 8-bit UTOPIA interface.
UT16	Indicates that a signal is part of the 16-bit UTOPIA interface.
MII	Indicates that a signal is part of the media independent interface.

Table 20. Symbol Legend

Table 21. Pinout List

Pin Name	Ball
BR	W5
BG	F4
ABB/IRQ2	E2
TS	E3
A0	G1
A1	H5
A2	H2
A3	H1
A4	J5
A5	J4
A6	J3
A7	J2



Pin Name	Ball
A8	J1
A9	К4
A10	КЗ
A11	К2
A12	К1
A13	L5
A14	L4
A15	L3
A16	L2
A17	L1
A18	M5
A19	N5
A20	N4
A21	N3
A22	N2
A23	N1
A24	P4
A25	Р3
A26	P2
A27	P1
A28	R1
A29	R3
A30	R5
A31	R4
ТТО	F1
TT1	G4
TT2	G3
ТТЗ	G2
TT4	F2
TBST	D3
TSIZ0	C1
TSIZ1	E4
TSIZ2	D2
TSIZ3	F5
ААСК	F3



Pin Name	Ball
D32	E18
D33	B17
D34	A15
D35	A12
D36	D11
D37	C8
D38	E7
D39	A3
D40	D18
D41	A17
D42	A14
D43	B12
D44	A10
D45	D8
D46	B6
D47	C4
D48	C18
D49	E16
D50	B14
D51	C12
D52	B10
D53	A7
D54	C6
D55	D5
D56	B18
D57	B16
D58	E14
D59	D12
D60	C10
D61	E8
D62	D6
D63	C2
DP0/RSRV/EXT_BR2	B22
IRQ1/DP1/EXT_BG2	A22
IRQ2/DP2/TLBISYNC/EXT_DBG2	E21



Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
IRQ3/DP3/CKSTP_OUT/EXT_BR3	D21
IRQ4/DP4/CORE_SRESET/EXT_BG3	C21
IRQ5/DP5/TBEN/EXT_DBG3	B21
IRQ6/DP6/CSE0	A21
IRQ7/DP7/CSE1	E20
PSDVAL	V3
ТА	C22
TEA	V5
GBL/IRQ1	W1
CI/BADDR29/IRQ2	U2
WT/BADDR30/IRQ3	U3
L2_HIT/IRQ4	Y4
CPU_BG/BADDR31/IRQ5	U4
CPU_DBG	R2
CPU_BR	Y3
CS0	F25
CS1	C29
CS2	E27
CS3	E28
CS4	F26
CS5	F27
CS6	F28
CS7	G25
CS8	D29
CS9	E29
CS10/BCTL1	F29
CS11/AP0	G28
BADDR27	T5
BADDR28	U1
ALE	T2
BCTL0	A27
PWE0/PSDDQM0/PBS0	C25
PWE1/PSDDQM1/PBS1	E24
PWE2/PSDDQM2/PBS2	D24
PWE3/PSDDQM3/PBS3	C24



Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
PWE4/PSDDQM4/PBS4	B26
PWE5/PSDDQM5/PBS5	A26
PWE6/PSDDQM6/PBS6	B25
PWE7/PSDDQM7/PBS7	A25
PSDA10/PGPL0	E23
PSDWE/PGPL1	B24
POE/PSDRAS/PGPL2	A24
PSDCAS/PGPL3	B23
PGTA/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4/PPBS	A23
PSDAMUX/PGPL5	D22
LWE0/LSDDQM0/LBS0/PCI_CFG01	H28
LWE1/LSDDQM1/LBS1/PCI_CFG1 ¹	H27
LWE2/LSDDQM2/LBS2/PCI_CFG2 ¹	H26
LWE3/LSDDQM3/LBS3/PCI_CFG3 ¹	G29
LSDA10/LGPL0/PCI_MODCKH0 ¹	D27
LSDWE/LGPL1/PCI_MODCKH1 ¹	C28
LOE/LSDRAS/LGPL2/PCI_MODCKH2 ¹	E26
LSDCAS/LGPL3/PCI_MODCKH3 ¹	D25
LGTA/LUPMWAIT/LGPL4/LPBS	C26
LGPL5/LSDAMUX/PCI_MODCK ¹	B27
LWR	D28
L_A14/PAR ¹	N27
L_A15/FRAME ¹ /SMI	T29
L_A16/TRDY ¹	R27
L_A17/IRDY ¹ /CKSTP_OUT	R26
L_A18/STOP ¹	R29
L_A19/DEVSEL ¹	R28
L_A20/IDSEL ¹	W29
L_A21/PERR ¹	P28
L_A22/SERR ¹	N26
L_A23/REQ0 ¹	AA27
L_A24/REQ1 ¹ /HSEJSW ¹	P29
L_A25/GNT0 ¹	AA26
L_A26/GNT1 ¹ /HSLED ¹	N25
L_A27/GNT2 ¹ /HSENUM ¹	AA25



Package Description

- ³ On PCI devices (MPC8265 and MPC8266) this pin should be used as CLKIN2. On non-PCI devices (MPC8260A and MPC8264) this is a spare pin that must be pulled down or left floating.
- ⁴ Must be pulled down or left floating.
- ⁵ On PCI devices (MPC8265 and MPC8266) this pin should be asserted if the PCI function is desired or pulled up or left floating if PCI is not desired. On non-PCI devices (MPC8260A and MPC8264) this is a spare pin that must be pulled up or left floating.
- ⁶ For information on how to use this pin, refer to *MPC8260 PowerQUICC II Thermal Resistor Guide* available at www.freescale.com.

5 Package Description

The following sections provide the package parameters and mechanical dimensions for the MPC826xA.

5.1 Package Parameters

Package parameters are provided in Table 22. The package type is a 37.5×37.5 mm, 480-lead TBGA.

Parameter	Value
Package Outline	$37.5 \times 37.5 \text{ mm}$
Interconnects 480 (29 × 29 ball array)	
Pitch	1.27 mm
Nominal unmounted package height	1.55 mm

Table 22. Package Parameters



5.2 Mechanical Dimensions

Figure 15 provides the mechanical dimensions and bottom surface nomenclature of the 480 TBGA package.

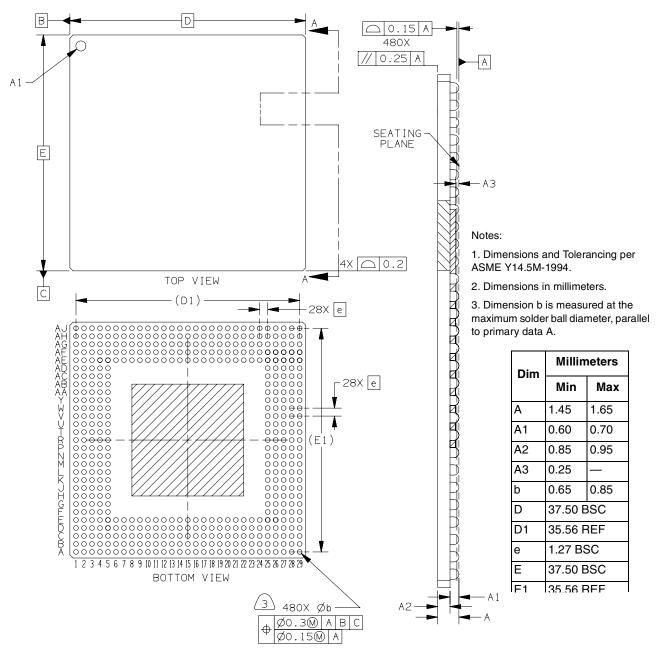


Figure 15. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature





Revision	Date	Substantive Changes
0.9	8/2003	 Note: In revision 0.3, sp30 (Table 10) was changed. This change was not previously recorded in this "Document Revision History" Table. Removal of "HiP4 PowerQUICC II Documentation" table. These supplemental specifications have been replaced by revision 1 of the <i>MPC8260 PowerQUICC II™ Family Reference Manual</i>. Figure 1 and Section 1, "Features": Addition of MPC8255 notes Addition of Figure 2 Addition of VCCSYN to "Note: Core, PLL, and I/O Supply Voltages" following Table 2 Addition of note 1 to Table 3 Table 4: Changes to θ_{JA} and θ_{JB} and θ_{JC}. Addition of notes or modifications to Figure 6, Figure 7, and Figure 8 Table 9: Change of sp10. Addition of note 2 to Table 21 Table 21: Addition of FCC2 Rx and Tx [3,4] to CPM pins PD7, PD18, PD19, and PD29. Also, the addition of SPICLK to PC19. They are documented correctly in the parallel I/O ports chapter in the <i>MPC8260 PowerQUICC II™ Family Reference Manual</i> but had previously been omitted from Table 21.
0.8	1/2003	• Table 2: Modification to supply voltage ranges reflected in notes 2, 3, and 4. • Table 4: Addition of θ_{JB} and θ_{JC} . • Table 7, Figure 8: Addition of sp42a/sp43a. • Figure 3, Figure 4: Addition of note for FCC output. • Figure 5, Figure 6, Figure 7: Addition of notes. • Table 14, Table 17, and Table 19: Removal of PLL bypass mode from clock tables.
0.7	5/2002	 Section 1, "Features": minimum supported core frequency of 150 MHz Section 1, "Features": updated performance values (under "Dual-issue integer core") Table 2: Note 2 (changes in italics): "less than or equal to 233 MHz, 166 MHz CPM" Table 2: Addition of note 3.
0.6	3/2002	Table 21: Modified notes to pins AE11 and AF25.
0.5	3/2002	 Table 21: Modified notes to pins AE11 and AF25. Table 21: Addition of note to pins AA1 and AG4 (Therm0 and Therm1).
0.4	2/2002	 Note 2 for Table 2 (changes in italics): "greater than <i>or equal to 266</i> MHz, <i>200</i> MHz CPM" Table 19: Core and bus frequency values for the following ranges of MODCK_HMODCK: 0011_000 to 0011_100 and 1011_000 to 1011_1000 Table 21: Notes added to pins at AE11, AF25, U5, and V4.
0.3	11/2001	 Table 1: note 3 Section 2.1: Removal of "Warning" recommending use of bootstrap diodes. They are not needed. Table 9: Change to sp12. Table 10: Change to sp32. Note 2 for Table 16 and Table 17 Addition of note at beginning of Section 3.2 Note 1 for Table 18 and Table 19 Table 21: Additions to B27, C28, D25, D27, E26, G29, H26–28, N25, P29, AF25, AA25, AB27
0.2	11/2001	 Revision of Table 5, "Power Dissipation" Modifications to Figure 9, Table 2, Table 10, Table 11, and Table 18 Modification to pinout diagram, Figure 13 Additional revisions to text and figures throughout
0.1	8/2001	Table 8: Change to sp20/sp21.
0	—	Initial version

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