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Understanding Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PowerPC G2
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	300MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; RISC CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100Mbps (3)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	480-LBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	480-TBGA (37.5x37.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=mpc8255azupibb

  - 32-bit address decodes with programmable bank size
  - Three user programmable machines, general-purpose chip-select machine, and page-mode pipeline SDRAM machine
  - Byte selects for 64 bus width (60x) and byte selects for 32 bus width (local)
  - Dedicated interface logic for SDRAM
- CPU core can be disabled and the device can be used in slave mode to an external core
- Communications processor module (CPM)
  - Embedded 32-bit communications processor (CP) uses a RISC architecture for flexible support for communications protocols
  - Interfaces to G2 core through on-chip 32-Kbyte dual-port RAM and DMA controller
  - Serial DMA channels for receive and transmit on all serial channels
  - Parallel I/O registers with open-drain and interrupt capability
  - Virtual DMA functionality executing memory-to-memory and memory-to-I/O transfers
  - Three fast communications controllers supporting the following protocols (only FCC1 and FCC2 on the MPC8255):
    - 10/100-Mbit Ethernet/IEEE Std. 802.3® CDMA/CS interface through media independent interface (MII)
    - ATM—Full-duplex SAR protocols at 155 Mbps, through UTOPIA interface, AAL5, AAL1, AAL0 protocols, TM 4.0 CBR, VBR, UBR, ABR traffic types, up to 16 K external connections
    - Transparent
    - HDLC—Up to T3 rates (clear channel)
  - Two multichannel controllers (MCCs) (only MCC2 on the MPC8255)
    - Each MCC handles 128 serial, full-duplex, 64-Kbps data channels.Each MCC can be split into four subgroups of 32 channels each.
    - Almost any combination of subgroups can be multiplexed to single or multiple TDM interfaces up to four TDM interfaces per MCC
  - Four serial communications controllers (SCCs) identical to those on the MPC860, supporting the digital portions of the following protocols:
    - Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 CDMA/CS
    - HDLC/SDLC and HDLC bus
    - Universal asynchronous receiver transmitter (UART)
    - Synchronous UART
    - Binary synchronous (BISYNC) communications
    - Transparent
  - Two serial management controllers (SMCs), identical to those of the MPC860
    - Provide management for BRI devices as general circuit interface (GCI) controllers in time-division-multiplexed (TDM) channels

- Coset removing (programmable by the user)
- Filtering idle/unassigned cells (programmable by the user)
- Performing HEC error detection and single bit error correction (programmable by user)
- Generating loss of cell delineation status/interrupt (LOC/LCD)

— Operates with FCC2 (UTOPIA 8)
— Provides serial loop back mode
— Cell echo mode is provided
— Supports both FCC transmit modes
  – External rate mode—Idle cells are generated by the FCC (microcode) to control data rate.
  – Internal rate mode (sub-rate)—FCC transfers only the data cells using the required data rate. The TC layer generates idle/unassigned cells to maintain the line bit rate.
— Supports TC-layer and PMD-WIRE interface (according to the ATM-Forum af-phy-0063.000)
— Cell counters for performance monitoring
  – 16-bit counters count
    - HEC error cells
    - HEC single bit error and corrected cells
    - Idle/unassigned cells filtered
    - Idle/unassigned cells transmitted
    - Transmitted ATM cells
    - Received ATM cells
  – Maskable interrupt is sent to the host when a counter expires
— Overrun (Rx cell FIFO) and underrun (Tx cell FIFO) condition produces maskable interrupt
— May be operated at E1 and DS-1 rates. In addition, xDSL applications at bit rates up to 10 Mbps are supported

- PCI bridge (MPC8265 and MPC8266 only)
  — PCI Specification Revision 2.2 compliant and supports frequencies up to 66 MHz
  — On-chip arbitration
  — Support for PCI to 60x memory and 60x memory to PCI streaming
  — PCI Host Bridge or Peripheral capabilities
  — Includes 4 DMA channels for the following transfers:
    – PCI-to-60x to 60x-to-PCI
    – 60x-to-PCI to PCI-to-60x
    – PCI-to-60x to PCI-to-60x
    – 60x-to-PCI to 60x-to-PCI
  — Includes all of the configuration registers (which are automatically loaded from the EPROM and used to configure the MPC8265) required by the PCI standard as well as message and doorbell registers
  — Supports the I_2O standard

Table 3. DC Electrical Characteristics[1] (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
I_{OL} = 7.0 mA BR BG ABB/IRQ2 TS A[0-31] TT[0-4] TBST TSIZE[0–3] AACK ARTRY DBG DBB/IRQ3 D[0-63] DP(0)/RSRV/EXT_BR2 DP(1)/IRQ1/EXT_BG2 DP(2)/TLBISYNC/IRQ2/EXT_DBG2 DP(3)/IRQ3/EXT_BR3/CKSTP_OUT DP(4)/IRQ4/EXT_BG3/CORE_SREST DP(5)/TBEN/IRQ5/EXT_DBG3 DP(6)/CSE(0)/IRQ6 DP(7)/CSE(1)/IRQ7 PSDVAL TA TEA GBL/IRQ1 CI/BADDR29/IRQ2 WT/BADDR30/IRQ3 L2_HIT/IRQ4 CPU_BG/BADDR31/IRQ5 CPU_DBG CPU_BR IRQ0/NMI_OUT IRQ7/INT_OUT/APE PORESET HRESET SRESET RSTCONF QREQ	V_{OL}	—	0.4	V

Table 8 lists CPM input characteristics.

Table 8. AC Characteristics for CPM Inputs[1]

Spec Number		Characteristic	Setup (ns)		Hold (ns)	
Max	Min		66 MHz	83 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz
sp16a	sp17a	FCC inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	10	8	0	0
sp16b	sp17b	FCC inputs—external clock (NMSI)	3	2.5	3	2
sp20	sp21	TDM inputs/SI	15	12	12	10
sp18a	sp19a	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	20	16	0	0
sp18b	sp19b	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—external clock (NMSI)	5	4	5	4
sp22	sp23	PIO/TIMER/IDMA inputs	10	8	3	3

1 Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

Note that although the specifications generally reference the rising edge of the clock, the following AC timing diagrams also apply when the falling edge is the active edge.

Figure 3 shows the FCC external clock.

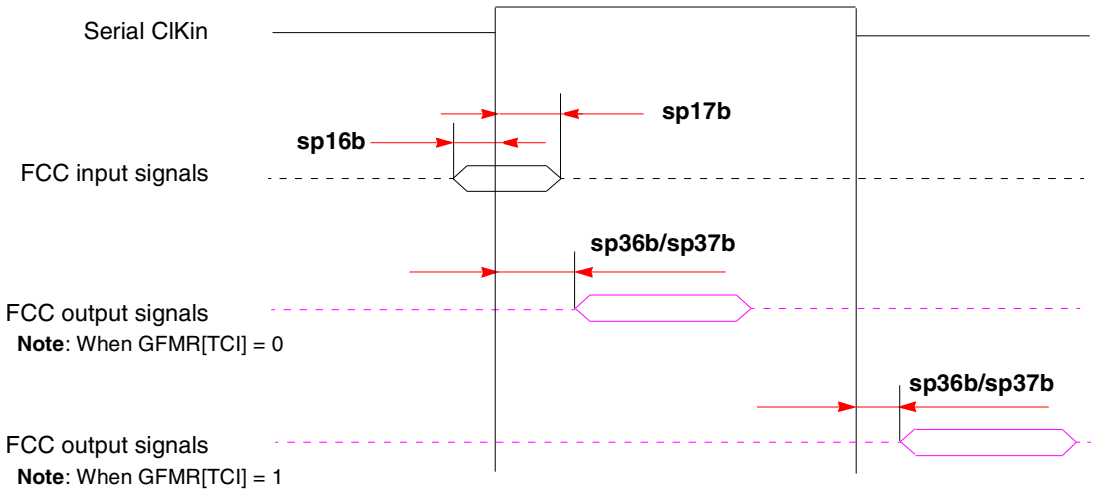
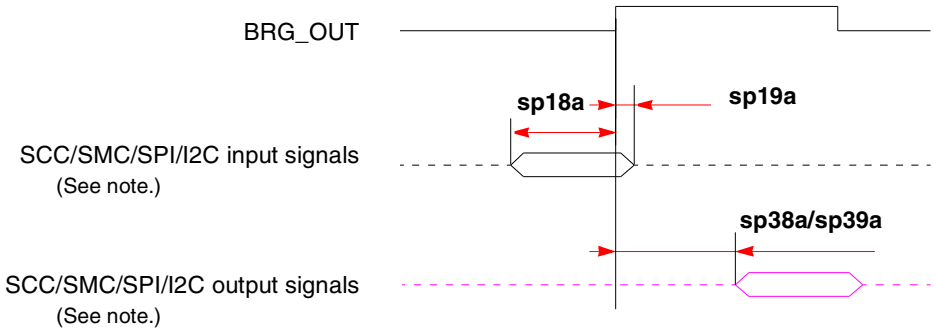


Figure 3. FCC External Clock Diagram

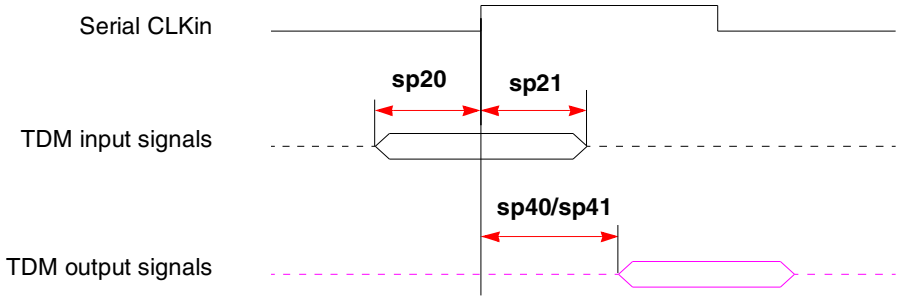
Figure 6 shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I^{2}C internal clock.



Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:
1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 6. SCC/SMC/SPI/I^{2}C Internal Clock Diagram

Figure 7 shows TDM input and output signals.



Note: There are four possible TDM timing conditions:
1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 7. TDM Signal Diagram

Table 10 lists SIU output characteristics.

Table 10. AC Characteristics for SIU Outputs[1]

Spec Number		Characteristic	Max Delay (ns)		Min Delay (ns)	
Max	Min		66 MHz	83 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz
sp31	sp30	$\overline{\text{PSDVAL}}/\overline{\text{TEA}}/\overline{\text{TA}}$	7	6	0.5	0.5
sp32	sp30	ADD/ADD_atr./BADDR/CI/GBL/WT	8	6.5	0.5	0.5
sp33a	sp30	Data bus	6.5	6.5	0.5	0.5
sp33b	sp30	DP	8	7	0.5	0.5
sp34	sp30	Memory controller signals/ALE	6	5	0.5	0.5
sp35	sp30	All other signals	6	5.5	0.5	0.5

1 Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.

NOTE

Activating data pipelining (setting BR*x*[DR] in the memory controller) improves the AC timing. When data pipelining is activated, sp12 can be used for data bus setup even when ECC or PARITY are used. Also, sp33a can be used as the AC specification for DP signals.

3 Clock Configuration Modes

To configure the main PLL multiplication factor and the core, CPM, and 60x bus frequencies, the MODCK[1–3] pins are sampled while $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ is asserted. Table 13 lists the eight basic configuration modes. Table 14 lists the other modes that are available by using the configuration pin ($\overline{\text{RSTCONF}}$) and driving four bits from hardware configuration word on the data bus.

Note that the MPC8265 and the MPC8266 have two additional clocking modes—PCI agent and PCI host. Refer to Section 3.2, “PCI Mode” on page 26 for information.

NOTE

Clock configurations change only after $\overline{\text{POR}}$ is asserted.

3.1 Local Bus Mode

Table 13 describes default clock modes for the MPC826xA.

Table 13. Clock Default Modes

MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency
000	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	4	133 MHz
001	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	5	166 MHz
010	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	4	133 MHz
011	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	5	166 MHz
100	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
101	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3	200 MHz
110	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
111	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3	200 MHz

Table 14 describes all possible clock configurations when using the hard reset configuration sequence. Note that basic modes are shown in boldface type. The frequencies listed are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user’s device.

Table 14. Clock Configuration Modes[1]

MODCK_H–MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency[2,3]	CPM Multiplication Factor[2]	CPM Frequency[2]	Core Multiplication Factor[2]	Core Frequency[2]
0001_000	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	4	133 MHz
0001_001	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	5	166 MHz
0001_010	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	6	200 MHz
0001_011	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	7	233 MHz
0001_100	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	8	266 MHz

Table 14. Clock Configuration Modes[1] (continued)

MODCK_H–MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency[2,3]	CPM Multiplication Factor[2]	CPM Frequency[2]	Core Multiplication Factor[2]	Core Frequency[2]
0100_111	Reserved				
0101_000					
0101_001					
0101_010					
0101_011					
0101_100					
0101_101	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	2	133 MHz
0101_110	**66 MHz**	**2**	**133 MHz**	**2.5**	**166 MHz**
0101_111	**66 MHz**	**2**	**133 MHz**	**3**	**200 MHz**
0110_000	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3.5	233 MHz
0110_001	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	4	266 MHz
0110_010	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	4.5	300 MHz
0110_011	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2	133 MHz
0110_100	**66 MHz**	**2.5**	**166 MHz**	**2.5**	**166 MHz**
0110_101	**66 MHz**	**2.5**	**166 MHz**	**3**	**200 MHz**
0110_110	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3.5	233 MHz
0110_111	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4	266 MHz
0111_000	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4.5	300 MHz
0111_001	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	2	133 MHz
0111_010	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
0111_011	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	200 MHz
0111_100	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3.5	233 MHz
0111_101	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	266 MHz
0111_110	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz
0111_111	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2	133 MHz
1000_000	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2.5	166 MHz

Table 19. Clock Configuration Modes in PCI Agent Mode (continued)

MODCK_H – MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency (PCI)[1,2]	CPM Multiplication Factor[1]	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency[3]	Bus Division Factor	60x Bus Frequency[4]
0100_100	66/33 MHz	3/6	**200 MHz**	4.5	300 MHz	**3**	**66 MHz**
0101_000[5]	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2.5	**66 MHz**
0101_001[5]	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	3	200 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_010[5]	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_011[5]	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	4	266 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_100[5]	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0110_000	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_001	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_010	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_011	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_100	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	3	66 MHz
0111_000	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2	200 MHz	2	100 MHz
0111_001	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	2	100 MHz
0111_010	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3	300 MHz	2	100 MHz
0111_011	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3.5	350 MHz	2	100 MHz
1000_000	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2	160 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_001	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2.5	200 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_010	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3	240 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_011	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3.5	280 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_100	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	4	320 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_101	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	4.5	360 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1001_000	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_001	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_010	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_011	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	4	266 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_100	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	4	66 MHz
1010_000	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	2.5	222 MHz	3	88 MHz

4 Pinout

This section provides the pin assignments and pinout list for the MPC826xA.

4.1 Pin Assignments

Figure 13 shows the pinout of the MPC826xA's 480 TBGA package as viewed from the top surface.

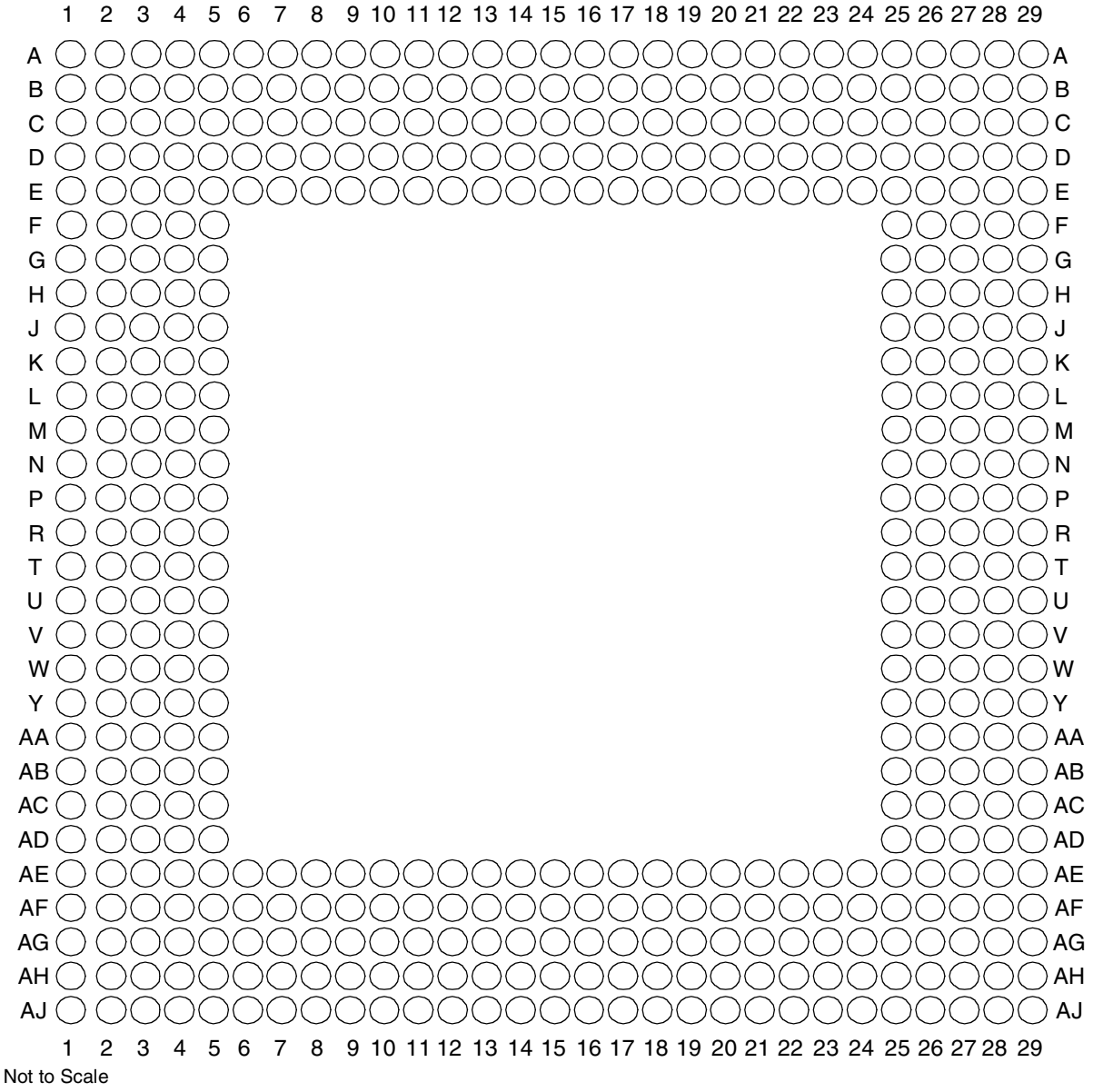


Figure 13. Pinout of the 480 TBGA Package as Viewed from the Top Surface

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
A8	J1
A9	K4
A10	K3
A11	K2
A12	K1
A13	L5
A14	L4
A15	L3
A16	L2
A17	L1
A18	M5
A19	N5
A20	N4
A21	N3
A22	N2
A23	N1
A24	P4
A25	P3
A26	P2
A27	P1
A28	R1
A29	R3
A30	R5
A31	R4
TT0	F1
TT1	G4
TT2	G3
TT3	G2
TT4	F2
TBST	D3
TSIZ0	C1
TSIZ1	E4
TSIZ2	D2
TSIZ3	F5
AACK	F3

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
ARTRY	E1
DBG	V1
DBB/IRQ3	V2
D0	B20
D1	A18
D2	A16
D3	A13
D4	E12
D5	D9
D6	A6
D7	B5
D8	A20
D9	E17
D10	B15
D11	B13
D12	A11
D13	E9
D14	B7
D15	B4
D16	D19
D17	D17
D18	D15
D19	C13
D20	B11
D21	A8
D22	A5
D23	C5
D24	C19
D25	C17
D26	C15
D27	D13
D28	C11
D29	B8
D30	A4
D31	E6

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
IRQ3/DP3/CKSTP_OUT/EXT_BR3	D21
IRQ4/DP4/CORE_SRESET/EXT_BG3	C21
IRQ5/DP5/TBEN/EXT_DBG3	B21
IRQ6/DP6/CSE0	A21
IRQ7/DP7/CSE1	E20
PSDVAL	V3
TA	C22
TEA	V5
GBL/IRQ1	W1
CI/BADDR29/IRQ2	U2
WT/BADDR30/IRQ3	U3
L2_HIT/IRQ4	Y4
CPU_BG/BADDR31/IRQ5	U4
CPU_DBG	R2
CPU_BR	Y3
CS0	F25
CS1	C29
CS2	E27
CS3	E28
CS4	F26
CS5	F27
CS6	F28
CS7	G25
CS8	D29
CS9	E29
CS10/BCTL1	F29
CS11/AP0	G28
BADDR27	T5
BADDR28	U1
ALE	T2
BCTL0	A27
PWE0/PSDDQM0/PBS0	C25
PWE1/PSDDQM1/PBS1	E24
PWE2/PSDDQM2/PBS2	D24
PWE3/PSDDQM3/PBS3	C24

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
PWE4/PSDDQM4/PBS4	B26
PWE5/PSDDQM5/PBS5	A26
PWE6/PSDDQM6/PBS6	B25
PWE7/PSDDQM7/PBS7	A25
PSDA10/PGPL0	E23
$\overline{\text{PSDWE}}$/PGPL1	B24
$\overline{\text{POE}}$/$\overline{\text{PSDRAS}}$/PGPL2	A24
$\overline{\text{PSDCAS}}$/PGPL3	B23
$\overline{\text{PGTA}}$/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4/$\overline{\text{PPBS}}$	A23
PSDAMUX/PGPL5	D22
LWE0/LSDDQM0/$\overline{\text{LBS0}}$/PCI_CFG0[1]	H28
LWE1/LSDDQM1/LBS1/PCI_CFG1[1]	H27
LWE2/LSDDQM2/LBS2/PCI_CFG2[1]	H26
LWE3/LSDDQM3/LBS3/PCI_CFG3[1]	G29
LSDA10/LGPL0/PCI_MODCKH0[1]	D27
$\overline{\text{LSDWE}}$/LGPL1/PCI_MODCKH1[1]	C28
$\overline{\text{LOE}}$/$\overline{\text{LSDRAS}}$/LGPL2/PCI_MODCKH2[1]	E26
$\overline{\text{LSDCAS}}$/LGPL3/PCI_MODCKH3[1]	D25
$\overline{\text{LGTA}}$/LUPMWAIT/LGPL4/$\overline{\text{LPBS}}$	C26
LGPL5/LSDAMUX/PCI_MODCK[1]	B27
LWR	D28
L_A14/PAR[1]	N27
L_A15/$\overline{\text{FRAME}}$[1]/$\overline{\text{SMI}}$	T29
L_A16/$\overline{\text{TRDY}}$[1]	R27
L_A17/$\overline{\text{IRDY}}$[1]/$\overline{\text{CKSTP\_OUT}}$	R26
L_A18/$\overline{\text{STOP}}$[1]	R29
L_A19/$\overline{\text{DEVSEL}}$[1]	R28
L_A20/IDSEL[1]	W29
L_A21/$\overline{\text{PERR}}$[1]	P28
L_A22/$\overline{\text{SERR}}$[1]	N26
L_A23/$\overline{\text{REQ0}}$[1]	AA27
L_A24/$\overline{\text{REQ1}}$[1]/HSEJSW[1]	P29
L_A25/$\overline{\text{GNT0}}$[1]	AA26
L_A26/$\overline{\text{GNT1}}$[1]/HSLED[1]	N25
L_A27/$\overline{\text{GNT2}}$[1]/$\overline{\text{HSENUM}}$[1]	AA25

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
L_A28/$\overline{\text{RST}}$[1]/$\overline{\text{CORE\_SRESET}}$	AB29
L_A29/$\overline{\text{INTA}}$[1]	AB28
L_A30/$\overline{\text{REQ2}}$[1]	P25
L_A31/DLLOUT[1]	AB27
LCL_D0/AD0[1]	H29
LCL_D1/AD1[1]	J29
LCL_D2/AD2[1]	J28
LCL_D3/AD3[1]	J27
LCL_D4/AD4[1]	J26
LCL_D5/AD5[1]	J25
LCL_D6/AD6[1]	K25
LCL_D7/AD7[1]	L29
LCL_D8/AD8[1]	L27
LCL_D9/AD9[1]	L26
LCL_D10/AD10[1]	L25
LCL_D11/AD11[1]	M29
LCL_D12/AD12[1]	M28
LCL_D13/AD13[1]	M27
LCL_D14/AD14[1]	M26
LCL_D15/AD15[1]	N29
LCL_D16/AD16[1]	T25
LCL_D17/AD17[1]	U27
LCL_D18/AD18[1]	U26
LCL_D19/AD19[1]	U25
LCL_D20/AD20[1]	V29
LCL_D21/AD21[1]	V28
LCL_D22/AD22[1]	V27
LCL_D23/AD23[1]	V26
LCL_D24/AD24[1]	W27
LCL_D25/AD25[1]	W26
LCL_D26/AD26[1]	W25
LCL_D27/AD27[1]	Y29
LCL_D28/AD28[1]	Y28
LCL_D29/AD29[1]	Y25
LCL_D30/AD30[1]	AA29

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
LCL_D31/AD31[1]	AA28
LCL_DP0/C0[1]/$\overline{\text{BE0}}$[1]	L28
LCL_DP1/C1[1]/$\overline{\text{BE1}}$[1]	N28
LCL_DP2/C2[1]/$\overline{\text{BE2}}$[1]	T28
LCL_DP3/C3[1]/$\overline{\text{BE3}}$[1]	W28
IRQ0/NMI_OUT	T1
IRQ7/INT_OUT/APE	D1
TRST	AH3
TCK	AG5
TMS	AJ3
TDI	AE6
TDO	AF5
TRIS	AB4
PORESET	AG6
HRESET	AH5
SRESET	AF6
QREQ	AA3
RSTCONF	AJ4
MODCK1/AP1/TC0/BNKSEL0	W2
MODCK2/AP2/TC1/BNKSEL1	W3
MODCK3/AP3/TC2/BNKSEL2	W4
XFC	AB2
CLKIN1	AH4
PA0/$\overline{\text{RESTART1}}$/DREQ3/FCC2_UTM_TXADDR2	AC29[2]
PA1/$\overline{\text{REJECT1}}$/FCC2_UTM_TXADDR1/$\overline{\text{DONE3}}$	AC25[2]
PA2/CLK20/FCC2_UTM_TXADDR0/$\overline{\text{DACK3}}$	AE28[2]
PA3/CLK19/FCC2_UTM_RXADDR0/$\overline{\text{DACK4}}$/L1RXD1A2	AG29[2]
PA4/$\overline{\text{REJECT2}}$/FCC2_UTM_RXADDR1/$\overline{\text{DONE4}}$	AG28[2]
PA5/$\overline{\text{RESTART2}}$/DREQ4/FCC2_UTM_RXADDR2	AG26[2]
PA6/L1RSYNCA1	AE24[2]
PA7/SMSYN2/L1TSYNCA1/L1GNTA1	AH25[2]
PA8/SMRXD2/L1RXD0A1/L1RXDA1	AF23[2]
PA9/SMTXD2/L1TXD0A1	AH23[2]
PA10/FCC1_UT8_RXD0/FCC1_UT16_RXD8/MSNUM5	AE22[2]
PA11/FCC1_UT8_RXD1/FCC1_UT16_RXD9/MSNUM4	AH22[2]

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
PC16/CLK16/TIN4	AF15[2]
PC17/CLK15/TIN3/BRGO8	AJ15[2]
PC18/CLK14/$\overline{\text{TGATE2}}$	AH14[2]
PC19/CLK13/BRGO7/SPICLK	AG13[2]
PC20/CLK12/$\overline{\text{TGATE1}}$	AH12[2]
PC21/CLK11/BRGO6	AJ11[2]
PC22/CLK10/$\overline{\text{DONE1}}$	AG10[2]
PC23/CLK9/BRGO5/$\overline{\text{DACK1}}$	AE10[2]
PC24/FCC2_UT8_TXD3/CLK8/$\overline{\text{TOUT4}}$	AF9[2]
PC25/FCC2_UT8_TXD2/CLK7/BRGO4	AE8[2]
PC26/CLK6/$\overline{\text{TOUT3}}$/TMCLK	AJ6[2]
PC27/FCC3_TXD/FCC3_TXD0/CLK5/BRGO3	AG2[2]
PC28/CLK4/TIN1/$\overline{\text{TOUT2}}$/$\overline{\text{CTS2}}$/CLSN2	AF3[2]
PC29/CLK3/TIN2/BRGO2/$\overline{\text{CTS1}}$/CLSN1	AF2[2]
PC30/FCC2_UT8_TXD3/CLK2/$\overline{\text{TOUT1}}$	AE1[2]
PC31/CLK1/BRGO1	AD1[2]
PD4/BRGO8/L1TSYNCD1/L1GNTD1/$\overline{\text{FCC3\_RTS}}$/SMRXD2	AC28[2]
PD5/FCC1_UT16_TXD3/$\overline{\text{DONE1}}$	AD27[2]
PD6/FCC1_UT16_TXD4/$\overline{\text{DACK1}}$	AF29[2]
PD7/SMSYN1/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR3/FCC1_UTS_TXADDR3/ FCC2_UTM_TXADDR4/FCC1_TXCLAV2	AF28[2]
PD8/SMRXD1/FCC2_UT_TXPRTY/BRGO5	AG25[2]
PD9/SMTXD1/FCC2_UT_RXPRTY/BRGO3	AH26[2]
PD10/L1CLKOB2/FCC2_UT8_RXD1/L1RSYNCB1/BRGO4	AJ27[2]
PD11/$\overline{\text{L1RQB2}}$/FCC2_UT8_RXD0/L1TSYNCB1/L1GNTB1	AJ23[2]
PD12/SI1_L1ST2/L1RXDB1	AG23[2]
PD13/SI1_L1ST1/L1TXDB1	AJ22[2]
PD14/FCC1_UT16_RXD0/L1CLKOC2/I2CSCL	AE20[2]
PD15/FCC1_UT16_RXD1/$\overline{\text{L1RQC2}}$/I2CSDA	AJ20[2]
PD16/FCC1_UT_TXPRTY/L1TSYNCC1/L1GNTC1/SPIMISO	AG18[2]
PD17/FCC1_UT_RXPRTY/BRGO2/SPIMOSI	AG17[2]
PD18/FCC1_UTM_RXADDR4/FCC1_UTS_RXADDR4/ FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV3/FCC2_UTM_RXADDR3/SPICLK	AF16[2]
PD19/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR4/FCC1_UTS_TXADDR4/ FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV3/FCC2_UTM_TXADDR3/SPISEL/BRGO1	AH15[2]
PD20/$\overline{\text{RTS4}}$/TENA4/FCC1_UT16_RXD2/L1RSYNCA2	AJ14[2]

3 On PCI devices (MPC8265 and MPC8266) this pin should be used as CLKIN2. On non-PCI devices (MPC8260A and MPC8264) this is a spare pin that must be pulled down or left floating.
4 Must be pulled down or left floating.
5 On PCI devices (MPC8265 and MPC8266) this pin should be asserted if the PCI function is desired or pulled up or left floating if PCI is not desired. On non-PCI devices (MPC8260A and MPC8264) this is a spare pin that must be pulled up or left floating.
6 For information on how to use this pin, refer to *MPC8260 PowerQUICC II Thermal Resistor Guide* available at www.freescale.com.

5 Package Description

The following sections provide the package parameters and mechanical dimensions for the MPC826xA.

5.1 Package Parameters

Package parameters are provided in Table 22. The package type is a 37.5 × 37.5 mm, 480-lead TBGA.

Table 22. Package Parameters

Parameter	Value
Package Outline	37.5 × 37.5 mm
Interconnects	480 (29 × 29 ball array)
Pitch	1.27 mm
Nominal unmounted package height	1.55 mm

Table 23. Document Revision History (continued)

Revision	Date	Substantive Changes
0.9	8/2003	• Note: In revision 0.3, sp30 (Table 10) was changed. This change was not previously recorded in this "Document Revision History" Table. • Removal of "HiP4 PowerQUICC II Documentation" table. These supplemental specifications have been replaced by revision 1 of the *MPC8260 PowerQUICC II™ Family Reference Manual*. • Figure 1 and Section 1, "Features": Addition of MPC8255 notes • Addition of Figure 2 • Addition of VCCSYN to "Note: Core, PLL, and I/O Supply Voltages" following Table 2 • Addition of note 1 to Table 3 • Table 4: Changes to θ_{JA} and θ_{JB} and θ_{JC}. • Addition of notes or modifications to Figure 6, Figure 7, and Figure 8 • Table 9: Change of sp10. • Addition of Table 15. • Addition of note 2 to Table 21 • Table 21: Addition of FCC2 Rx and Tx [3,4] to CPM pins PD7, PD18, PD19, and PD29. Also, the addition of SPICLK to PC19. They are documented correctly in the parallel I/O ports chapter in the *MPC8260 PowerQUICC II™ Family Reference Manual* but had previously been omitted from Table 21.
0.8	1/2003	• Table 2: Modification to supply voltage ranges reflected in notes 2, 3, and 4. • Table 4: Addition of θ_{JB} and θ_{JC}. • Table 7, Figure 8: Addition of sp42a/sp43a. • Figure 3, Figure 4: Addition of note for FCC output. • Figure 5, Figure 6, Figure 7: Addition of notes. • Table 14, Table 17, and Table 19: Removal of PLL bypass mode from clock tables.
0.7	5/2002	• Section 1, "Features": minimum supported core frequency of 150 MHz • Section 1, "Features": updated performance values (under "Dual-issue integer core") • Table 2: Note 2 (changes in italics): "...*less* than or equal to *233* MHz, *166* MHz CPM..." • Table 2: Addition of note 3.
0.6	3/2002	• Table 21: Modified notes to pins AE11 and AF25.
0.5	3/2002	• Table 21: Modified notes to pins AE11 and AF25. • Table 21: Addition of note to pins AA1 and AG4 (Therm0 and Therm1).
0.4	2/2002	• Note 2 for Table 2 (changes in italics): "...greater than *or equal to 266* MHz, *200* MHz CPM..." • Table 19: Core and bus frequency values for the following ranges of MODCK_HMODCK: 0011_000 to 0011_100 and 1011_000 to 1011_1000 • Table 21: Notes added to pins at AE11, AF25, U5, and V4.
0.3	11/2001	• Table 1: note 3 • Section 2.1: Removal of "Warning" recommending use of bootstrap diodes. They are not needed. • Table 9: Change to sp12. • Table 10: Change to sp32. • Note 2 for Table 16 and Table 17 • Addition of note at beginning of Section 3.2 • Note 1 for Table 18 and Table 19 • Table 21: Additions to B27, C28, D25, D27, E26, G29, H26–28, N25, P29, AF25, AA25, AB27
0.2	11/2001	• Revision of Table 5, "Power Dissipation" • Modifications to Figure 9, Table 2,Table 10, Table 11, and Table 18 • Modification to pinout diagram, Figure 13 • Additional revisions to text and figures throughout
0.1	8/2001	• Table 8: Change to sp20/sp21.
0	—	Initial version

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