



Welcome to **E-XFL.COM**

Understanding Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PowerPC G2
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	266MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; RISC CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100Mbps (3)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	480-LBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	480-TBGA (37.5x37.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mpc8264aczumibb

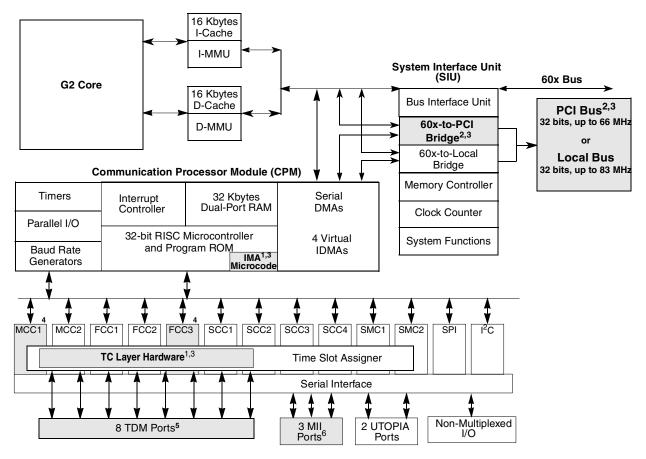
Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



Features

Figure 1 shows the block diagram for the MPC8266, the HiP4 superset device. Shaded portions indicate functionality that is not available on all devices; refer to the notes.



Notes:

- ¹ MPC8264
- ² MPC8265
- ⁵ 4 TDM ports on the MPC8255
- ³ MPC8266 ⁶ 2 MII ports on the MPC8255

⁴ Not on MPC8255

Figure 1. MPC8266 Block Diagram

Features 1

The major features of the MPC826xA family are as follows:

- Dual-issue integer core
 - A core version of the EC603e microprocessor
 - System core microprocessor supporting frequencies of 150–300 MHz
 - Separate 16-Kbyte data and instruction caches:
 - Four-way set associative
 - Physically addressed
 - LRU replacement algorithm

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



- PowerPC architecture-compliant memory management unit (MMU)
- Common on-chip processor (COP) test interface
- High-performance (6.6–7.65 SPEC95 benchmark at 300 MHz; 1.68 MIPs/MHz without inlining and 1.90 Dhrystones MIPS/MHz with
- Supports bus snooping for data cache coherency
- Floating-point unit (FPU)
- Separate power supply for internal logic and for I/O
- Separate PLLs for G2 core and for the CPM
 - G2 core and CPM can run at different frequencies for power/performance optimization
 - Internal core/bus clock multiplier that provides 1.5:1, 2:1, 2:5:1, 3:1, 3:5:1, 4:1, 5:1, 6:1 ratios
 - Internal CPM/bus clock multiplier that provides 2:1, 2.5:1, 3:1, 3:5:1, 4:1, 5:1, 6:1 ratios
- 64-bit data and 32-bit address 60x bus
 - Bus supports multiple master designs
 - Supports single- and four-beat burst transfers
 - 64-, 32-, 16-, and 8-bit port sizes controlled by on-chip memory controller
 - Supports data parity or ECC and address parity
- 32-bit data and 18-bit address local bus
 - Single-master bus, supports external slaves
 - Eight-beat burst transfers
 - 32-, 16-, and 8-bit port sizes controlled by on-chip memory controller
- 60x-to-PCI bridge (MPC8265 and MPC8266 only)
 - Programmable host bridge and agent
 - 32-bit data bus, 66 MHz, 3.3 V
 - Synchronous and asynchronous 60x and PCI clock modes
 - All internal address space available to external PCI host
 - DMA for memory block transfers
 - PCI-to-60x address remapping
- System interface unit (SIU)
 - Clock synthesizer
 - Reset controller
 - Real-time clock (RTC) register
 - Periodic interrupt timer
 - Hardware bus monitor and software watchdog timer
 - IEEE Std. 1149.1TM standard JTAG test access port
- Twelve-bank memory controller
 - Glueless interface to SRAM, page mode SDRAM, DRAM, EPROM, Flash and other userdefinable peripherals
 - Byte write enables and selectable parity generation

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



- Transparent
- UART (low-speed operation)
- One serial peripheral interface identical to the MPC860 SPI
- One inter-integrated circuit (I²C) controller (identical to the MPC860 I²C controller)
 - Microwire compatible
 - Multiple-master, single-master, and slave modes
- Up to eight TDM interfaces (four on the MPC8255)
 - Supports two groups of four TDM channels for a total of eight TDMs
 - 2,048 bytes of SI RAM
 - Bit or byte resolution
 - Independent transmit and receive routing, frame synchronization
 - Supports T1, CEPT, T1/E1, T3/E3, pulse code modulation highway, ISDN basic rate, ISDN primary rate, Freescale interchip digital link (IDL), general circuit interface (GCI), and user-defined TDM serial interfaces
- Eight independent baud rate generators and 20 input clock pins for supplying clocks to FCCs, SCCs, SMCs, and serial channels
- Four independent 16-bit timers that can be interconnected as two 32-bit timers

Additional features of the MPC826xA family are as follows:

CPM

- 32-Kbyte dual-port RAM
- Additional MCC host commands
- Eight transfer transmission convergence (TC) layers between the TDMs and FCC2 to support inverse multiplexing for ATM capabilities (IMA) (MPC8264 and MPC8266 only)
- CPM multiplexing
 - FCC2 can also be connected to the TC layer.
- TC layer (MPC8264 and MPC8266 only)
 - Each of the 8 TDM channels is routed in hardware to a TC layer block
 - Protocol-specific overhead bits may be discarded or routed to other controllers by the SI
 - Performing ATM TC layer functions (according to ITU-T I.432)
 - Transmit (Tx) updates
 - Cell HEC generation
 - Payload scrambling using self synchronizing scrambler (programmable by the user)
 - Coset generation (programmable by the user)
 - Cell rate by inserting idle/unassigned cells
 - Receive (Rx) updates
 - Cell delineation using bit by bit HEC checking and programmable ALPHA and DELTA parameters for the delineation state machine
 - Payload descrambling using self synchronizing scrambler (programmable by the user)

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



Features

- Coset removing (programmable by the user)
- Filtering idle/unassigned cells (programmable by the user)
- Performing HEC error detection and single bit error correction (programmable by user)
- Generating loss of cell delineation status/interrupt (LOC/LCD)
- Operates with FCC2 (UTOPIA 8)
- Provides serial loop back mode
- Cell echo mode is provided
- Supports both FCC transmit modes
 - External rate mode—Idle cells are generated by the FCC (microcode) to control data rate.
 - Internal rate mode (sub-rate)—FCC transfers only the data cells using the required data rate.
 The TC layer generates idle/unassigned cells to maintain the line bit rate.
- Supports TC-layer and PMD-WIRE interface (according to the ATM-Forum af-phy-0063.000)
- Cell counters for performance monitoring
 - 16-bit counters count
 - HEC error cells
 - HEC single bit error and corrected cells
 - Idle/unassigned cells filtered
 - Idle/unassigned cells transmitted
 - Transmitted ATM cells
 - Received ATM cells
 - Maskable interrupt is sent to the host when a counter expires
- Overrun (Rx cell FIFO) and underrun (Tx cell FIFO) condition produces maskable interrupt
- May be operated at E1 and DS-1 rates. In addition, xDSL applications at bit rates up to 10 Mbps are supported
- PCI bridge (MPC8265 and MPC8266 only)
 - PCI Specification Revision 2.2 compliant and supports frequencies up to 66 MHz
 - On-chip arbitration
 - Support for PCI to 60x memory and 60x memory to PCI streaming
 - PCI Host Bridge or Peripheral capabilities
 - Includes 4 DMA channels for the following transfers:
 - PCI-to-60x to 60x-to-PCI
 - 60x-to-PCI to PCI-to-60x
 - PCI-to-60x to PCI-to-60x
 - 60x-to-PCI to 60x-to-PCI
 - Includes all of the configuration registers (which are automatically loaded from the EPROM and used to configure the MPC8265) required by the PCI standard as well as message and doorbell registers
 - Supports the I₂O standard

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



Table 3 shows DC electrical characteristics.

Table 3. DC Electrical Characteristics¹

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input high voltage, all inputs except CLKIN	V _{IH}	2.0	3.465	V
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	GND	0.8	V
CLKIN input high voltage	V _{IHC}	2.4	3.465	V
CLKIN input low voltage	V _{ILC}	GND	0.4	V
Input leakage current, V _{IN} = VDDH ²	I _{IN}	_	10	μΑ
Hi-Z (off state) leakage current, V _{IN} = VDDH ²	I _{OZ}	_	10	μΑ
Signal low input current, V _{IL} = 0.8 V	ΙL	_	1	μΑ
Signal high input current, V _{IH} = 2.0 V	I _H	_	1	μΑ
Output high voltage, I _{OH} = -2 mA except XFC, UTOPIA mode, and open drain pins In UTOPIA mode: I _{OH} = -8.0 mA PA[0-31] PB[4-31] PC[0-31] PD[4-31]	V _{OH}	2.4	_	V
In UTOPIA mode: I _{OL} = 8.0 mA PA[0-31] PB[4-31] PC[0-31] PD[4-31]	V _{OL}	_	0.5	V



where K is a constant pertaining to the particular part. K can be determined from equation (3) by measuring P_D (at equilibrium) for a known T_A . Using this value of K, the values of P_D and P_D and P_D can be obtained by solving equations (1) and (2) iteratively for any value of P_D .

2.3.1 Layout Practices

Each V_{CC} pin should be provided with a low-impedance path to the board's power supply. Each ground pin should likewise be provided with a low-impedance path to ground. The power supply pins drive distinct groups of logic on chip. The V_{CC} power supply should be bypassed to ground using at least four 0.1 μF by-pass capacitors located as close as possible to the four sides of the package. The capacitor leads and associated printed circuit traces connecting to chip V_{CC} and ground should be kept to less than half an inch per capacitor lead. A four-layer board is recommended, employing two inner layers as V_{CC} and GND planes.

All output pins on the MPC826xA have fast rise and fall times. Printed circuit (PC) trace interconnection length should be minimized in order to minimize overdamped conditions and reflections caused by these fast output switching times. This recommendation particularly applies to the address and data buses. Maximum PC trace lengths of six inches are recommended. Capacitance calculations should consider all device loads as well as parasitic capacitances due to the PC traces. Attention to proper PCB layout and bypassing becomes especially critical in systems with higher capacitive loads because these loads create higher transient currents in the V_{CC} and GND circuits. Pull up all unused inputs or signals that will be inputs during reset. Special care should be taken to minimize the noise levels on the PLL supply pins.

Table 5 provides preliminary, estimated power dissipation for various configurations. Note that suitable thermal management is required for conditions above $P_D = 3$ W (when the ambient temperature is 70 °C or greater) to ensure the junction temperature does not exceed the maximum specified value. Also note that the I/O power should be included when determining whether to use a heat sink.

						P _{INT}	(W) ²	
Bus (MHz)	CPM Multiplier	Core CPU Multiplier	CPM CPU (MHz) Vddl 1.8 Volts Vddl 2.0		Vddl 1.8 Volts		.0 Volts	
					Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
66.66	2	3	133	200	1.2	2	1.8	2.3
66.66	2.5	3	166	200	1.3	2.1	1.9	2.3
66.66	3	4	200	266	_	_	2.3	2.9
66.66	3	4.5	200	300	_	_	2.4	3.1
83.33	2	3	166	250	_	_	2.2	2.8
83.33	2	3	166	250	_	_	2.2	2.8
83.33	2.5	3.5	208	291	_	_	2.4	3.1

Table 5. Estimated Power Dissipation for Various Configurations¹

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0

¹ Test temperature = room temperature (25° C)

 $^{^{2}}$ P_{INT} = I_{DD} x V_{DD} Watts



Table 8 lists CPM input characteristics.

Table 8. AC Characteristics for CPM Inputs¹

Spec N	lumber	Characteristic	Setu	Setup (ns)		(ns)
Max	Min	Gilaracteristic	66 MHz	83 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz
sp16a	sp17a	FCC inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	10	8	0	0
sp16b	sp17b	FCC inputs—external clock (NMSI)		2.5	3	2
sp20	sp21	TDM inputs/SI	15	12	12	10
sp18a	sp19a	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	20	16	0	0
sp18b	sp19b	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—external clock (NMSI)	5	4	5	4
sp22	sp23	PIO/TIMER/IDMA inputs	10	8	3	3

Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

Note that although the specifications generally reference the rising edge of the clock, the following AC timing diagrams also apply when the falling edge is the active edge.

Figure 3 shows the FCC external clock.

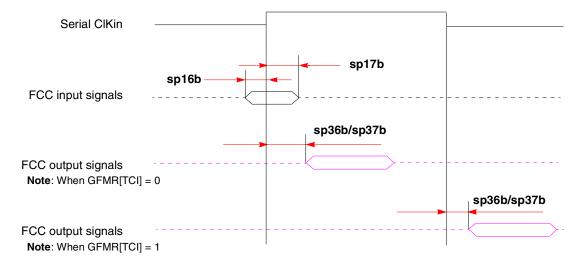
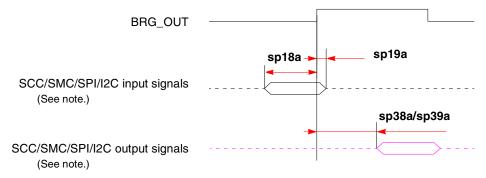


Figure 3. FCC External Clock Diagram



Figure 6 shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C internal clock.

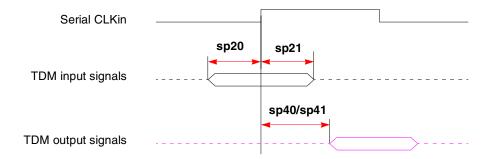


Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:

- 1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
- 2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 6. SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C Internal Clock Diagram

Figure 7 shows TDM input and output signals.



Note: There are four possible TDM timing conditions:

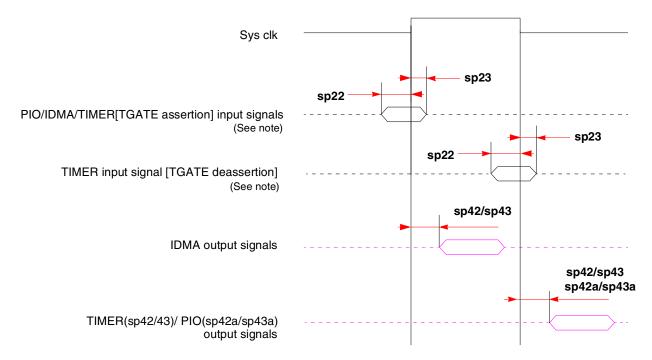
- 1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
- 2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 7. TDM Signal Diagram



Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

Figure 8 shows PIO, timer, and DMA signals.



Note: TGATE is asserted on the rising edge of the clock; it is deasserted on the falling edge.

Figure 8. PIO, Timer, and DMA Signal Diagram

Table 10 lists SIU input characteristics.

Table 9. AC Characteristics for SIU Inputs¹

Spec N	Number	ber Characteristic		p (ns)	Hold (ns)	
Max	Min	Characteristic	66 MHz	83 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz
sp11	sp10	AACK/ARTRY/TA/TS/TEA/DBG/BG/BR	6	5	0.5	0.5
sp12	sp10	Data bus in normal mode	5	4	0.5	0.5
sp13	sp10	Data bus in ECC and PARITY modes	8	6	0.5	0.5
sp14	sp10	DP pins	7	6	0.5	0.5
sp15	sp10	All other pins	5	4	0.5	0.5

Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



Table 10 lists SIU output characteristics.

Table 10. AC Characteristics for SIU Outputs¹

Spec N	lumber	Characteristic	Max De	lay (ns)	Min Delay (ns)	
Max	Min	Characteristic	66 MHz	83 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz
sp31	sp30	PSDVAL/TEA/TA	7	6	0.5	0.5
sp32	sp30	ADD/ADD_atr./BADDR/CI/GBL/WT	8	6.5	0.5	0.5
sp33a	sp30	Data bus	6.5	6.5	0.5	0.5
sp33b	sp30	DP	8	7	0.5	0.5
sp34	sp30	Memory controller signals/ALE	6	5	0.5	0.5
sp35	sp30	All other signals	6	5.5	0.5	0.5

Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.

NOTE

Activating data pipelining (setting BRx[DR] in the memory controller) improves the AC timing. When data pipelining is activated, sp12 can be used for data bus setup even when ECC or PARITY are used. Also, sp33a can be used as the AC specification for DP signals.



Figure 11 shows signal behavior in MEMC mode.

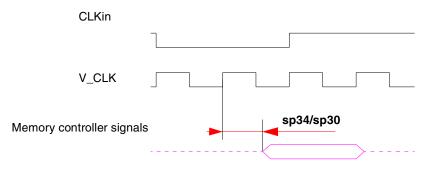


Figure 11. MEMC Mode Diagram

NOTE

Generally, all MPC826xA bus and system output signals are driven from the rising edge of the input clock (CLKin). Memory controller signals, however, trigger on four points within a CLKin cycle. Each cycle is divided by four internal ticks: T1, T2, T3, and T4. T1 always occurs at the rising edge, and T3 at the falling edge, of CLKin. However, the spacing of T2 and T4 depends on the PLL clock ratio selected, as shown in Table 11.

Table 11. Tick Spacing for Memory Controller Signals

PLL Clock Ratio	Tick Spacing (T1 Occurs at the Rising Edge of CLKin)					
PLE CIOCK NATIO	T2	Т3	Т4			
1:2, 1:3, 1:4, 1:5, 1:6	1/4 CLKin	1/2 CLKin	3/4 CLKin			
1:2.5	3/10 CLKin	1/2 CLKin	8/10 CLKin			
1:3.5	4/14 CLKin	1/2 CLKin	11/14 CLKin			

Figure 12 is a graphical representation of Table 11.

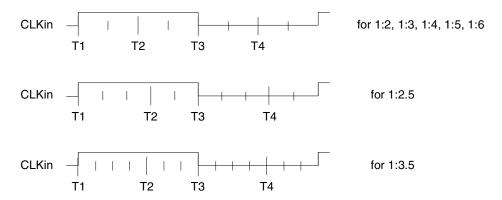


Figure 12. Internal Tick Spacing for Memory Controller Signals

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



3 Clock Configuration Modes

To configure the main PLL multiplication factor and the core, CPM, and 60x bus frequencies, the MODCK[1–3] pins are sampled while HRESET is asserted. Table 13 lists the eight basic configuration modes. Table 14 lists the other modes that are available by using the configuration pin (RSTCONF) and driving four bits from hardware configuration word on the data bus.

Note that the MPC8265 and the MPC8266 have two additional clocking modes—PCI agent and PCI host. Refer to Section 3.2, "PCI Mode" on page 26 for information.

NOTE

Clock configurations change only after POR is asserted.

3.1 Local Bus Mode

Table 13 describes default clock modes for the MPC826xA.

MODCK[1-3]	Input Clock Frequency	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency
000	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	4	133 MHz
001	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	5	166 MHz
010	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	4	133 MHz
011	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	5	166 MHz
100	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
101	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3	200 MHz
110	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
111	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3	200 MHz

Table 13. Clock Default Modes

Table 14 describes all possible clock configurations when using the hard reset configuration sequence. Note that basic modes are shown in boldface type. The frequencies listed are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device.

MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Input Clock Frequency ^{2,3}	CPM Multiplication Factor ²	CPM Frequency ²	Core Multiplication Factor ²	Core Frequency ²
0001_000	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	4	133 MHz
0001_001	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	5	166 MHz
0001_010	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	6	200 MHz
0001_011	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	7	233 MHz
0001_100	33 MHz	2	66 MHz	8	266 MHz

Table 14. Clock Configuration Modes¹

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



Clock Configuration Modes

Table 14. Clock Configuration Modes¹ (continued)

MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Input Clock Frequency ^{2,3}	CPM Multiplication Factor ²	CPM Frequency ²	Core Multiplication Factor ²	Core Frequency ²
0001_101	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	4	133 MHz
0001_110	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	5	166 MHz
0001_111	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	6	200 MHz
0010_000	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	7	233 MHz
0010_001	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	8	266 MHz
0010_010	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	4	133 MHz
0010_011	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	5	166 MHz
0010_100	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	6	200 MHz
0010_101	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	7	233 MHz
0010_110	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	8	266 MHz
			l		
0010_111	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	4	133 MHz
0011_000	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	5	166 MHz
0011_001	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	6	200 MHz
0011_010	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	7	233 MHz
0011_011	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	8	266 MHz
0011_100	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	4	133 MHz
0011_101	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	5	166 MHz
0011_110	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	6	200 MHz
0011_111	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	7	233 MHz
0100_000	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	8	266 MHz
	1				
0100_001			Reserved		
0100_010					
0100_011					
0100_100					
0100_101					
0100_110					



Table 14. Clock Configuration Modes¹ (continued)

MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Input Clock Frequency ^{2,3}	CPM Multiplication Factor ²	CPM Frequency ²	Core Multiplication Factor ²	Core Frequency ²
0100_111			Reserved		
0101_000	-				
0101_001	-				
0101_010	-				
0101_011	-				
0101_100					
0101_101	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	2	133 MHz
0101_110	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
0101_111	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3	200 MHz
0110_000	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3.5	233 MHz
0110_001	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	4	266 MHz
0110_010	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	4.5	300 MHz
0110_011	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2	133 MHz
0110_100	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
0110_101	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3	200 MHz
0110_110	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3.5	233 MHz
0110_111	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4	266 MHz
0111_000	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4.5	300 MHz
					<u> </u>
0111_001	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	2	133 MHz
0111_010	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	2.5	166 MHz
0111_011	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	200 MHz
0111_100	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3.5	233 MHz
0111_101	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	266 MHz
0111_110	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz
	•		•		
0111_111	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2	133 MHz
1000_000	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2.5	166 MHz

Clock Configuration Modes

Table 14. Clock Configuration Modes¹ (continued)

MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Input Clock Frequency ^{2,3}	CPM Multiplication Factor ²	CPM Frequency ²	Core Multiplication Factor ²	Core Frequency ²
1000_001	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3	200 MHz
1000_010	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3.5	233 MHz
1000_011	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4	266 MHz
1000_100	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4.5	300 MHz

¹ Because of speed dependencies, not all of the possible configurations in Table 14 are applicable.

3.2 PCI Mode

The MPC8265 and the MPC8266 have three clocking modes: local, PCI host, and PCI agent. The clocking mode is set according to three input pins—PCI_MODE, PCI_CFG[0], PCI_MODCK—as shown in Table 15.

Table 15. MPC8265 and MPC8266 Clocking Modes

Pins			Clocking Mode	PCI Clock Frequency Range
PCI_MODE	PCI_CFG[0]	PCI_MODCK	Clocking Mode	(MHZ)
1	_	_	Local bus	_
0	0	0	PCI host	50–66
0	0	1		25–50
0	1	0	PCI agent	50–66
0	1	1		25–50

In addition, note the following:

NOTE: PCI MODCK

In PCI mode only, PCI_MODCK comes from the LGPL5 pin and MODCK_H[0-3] comes from {LGPL0, LGPL1, LGPL2, LGPL3}.

NOTE: Tval (Output Hold)

The minimum Tval = 2 when PCI_MODCK = 1, and the minimum Tval = 1 when PCI_MODCK = 0. Therefore, designers should use clock configurations that fit this condition to achieve PCI-compliant AC timing.

NOTE

Clock configurations change only after \overline{POR} is asserted.

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0

The user should choose the input clock frequency and the multiplication factors such that the frequency of the CPU is equal to or greater than 150 MHz and the CPM ranges between 66–233 MHz.

³ Input clock frequency is given only for the purpose of reference. The user should set MODCK_H-MODCK_L so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's part.



Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
A8	J1
A9	К4
A10	КЗ
A11	K2
A12	K1
A13	L5
A14	L4
A15	L3
A16	L2
A17	L1
A18	M5
A19	N5
A20	N4
A21	N3
A22	N2
A23	N1
A24	P4
A25	P3
A26	P2
A27	P1
A28	R1
A29	R3
A30	R5
A31	R4
ТТО	F1
TT1	G4
TT2	G3
ТТ3	G2
TT4	F2
TBST	D3
TSIZ0	C1
TSIZ1	E4
TSIZ2	D2
TSIZ3	F5
AACK	F3

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



Pinout

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

ARTRY DBG DBG V1 DBB/IRO3 V2 D0 D0 B20 D1 A18 D2 A16 D3 A13 D4 E12 D5 D9 D6 A6 D7 B5 B5 D8 A20 D9 D9 D1 D1 D1 B13 D11 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 D12 A11 D13 D12 A11 D13 D19 D14 B7 D15 D16 D17 D17 D17 D17 D17 D17 D18 D19 D17 D18 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 D24 C19 D25 D24 C19 D25 D27 D28 C11 D29 D29 D88 C11 D29 D29 D88 C11 D20 D81 D80	Pin Name	Ball
DBB/IRQ3 V2 D0 B20 D1 A18 D2 A16 D3 A13 D4 E12 D5 D9 D6 A6 D7 B5 D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D29 B8 D30 A4	ARTRY	E1
D0 B20 D1 A18 D2 A16 D3 A13 D4 E12 D5 D9 D6 A6 D7 B5 D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A6 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D29 B8 D30 A4	DBG	V1
D1 A18 D2 A16 D3 A13 D4 E12 D5 D9 D6 A6 D7 B5 D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A6 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D29 B8 D30 A4	DBB/IRQ3	V2
D2 A16 D3 A13 D4 E12 D5 D9 D6 A6 D7 B5 D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D0	B20
D3 A13 D4 E12 D5 D9 D6 A6 D7 B5 D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D1	A18
D4 E12 D5 D9 D6 A6 D7 B5 D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D2	A16
D5 D9 D6 A6 D7 B5 D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D3	A13
D6 A6 D7 B5 D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D4	E12
D7 B5 D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D5	D9
D8 A20 D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D6	A6
D9 E17 D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D7	B5
D10 B15 D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D8	A20
D11 B13 D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D9	E17
D12 A11 D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D10	B15
D13 E9 D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D11	B13
D14 B7 D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D12	A11
D15 B4 D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D13	E9
D16 D19 D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D14	B7
D17 D17 D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D15	B4
D18 D15 D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D16	D19
D19 C13 D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D17	D17
D20 B11 D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D18	D15
D21 A8 D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D19	C13
D22 A5 D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D20	B11
D23 C5 D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D21	A8
D24 C19 D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D22	A5
D25 C17 D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D23	C5
D26 C15 D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D24	C19
D27 D13 D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D25	C17
D28 C11 D29 B8 D30 A4	D26	C15
D29 B8 D30 A4	D27	D13
D30 A4	D28	C11
	D29	B8
D31 E6	D30	A4
	D31	E6

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
D32	E18
D33	B17
D34	A15
D35	A12
D36	D11
D37	C8
D38	E7
D39	A3
D40	D18
D41	A17
D42	A14
D43	B12
D44	A10
D45	D8
D46	B6
D47	C4
D48	C18
D49	E16
D50	B14
D51	C12
D52	B10
D53	A7
D54	C6
D55	D5
D56	B18
D57	B16
D58	E14
D59	D12
D60	C10
D61	E8
D62	D6
D63	C2
DP0/RSRV/EXT_BR2	B22
IRQ1/DP1/EXT_BG2	A22
IRQ2/DP2/TLBISYNC/EXT_DBG2	E21

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
PWE4/PSDDQM4/PBS4	B26
PWE5/PSDDQM5/PBS5	A26
PWE6/PSDDQM6/PBS6	B25
PWE7/PSDDQM7/PBS7	A25
PSDA10/PGPL0	E23
PSDWE/PGPL1	B24
POE/PSDRAS/PGPL2	A24
PSDCAS/PGPL3	B23
PGTA/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4/PPBS	A23
PSDAMUX/PGPL5	D22
LWE0/LSDDQM0/LBS0/PCI_CFG0 ¹	H28
LWE1/LSDDQM1/LBS1/PCI_CFG1 ¹	H27
LWE2/LSDDQM2/LBS2/PCI_CFG2 ¹	H26
LWE3/LSDDQM3/LBS3/PCI_CFG3 ¹	G29
LSDA10/LGPL0/PCI_MODCKH0 ¹	D27
LSDWE/LGPL1/PCI_MODCKH1 ¹	C28
LOE/LSDRAS/LGPL2/PCI_MODCKH2 ¹	E26
LSDCAS/LGPL3/PCI_MODCKH3 ¹	D25
LGTA/LUPMWAIT/LGPL4/LPBS	C26
LGPL5/LSDAMUX/PCI_MODCK ¹	B27
LWR	D28
L_A14/PAR ¹	N27
L_A15/FRAME ¹ /SMI	T29
L_A16/TRDY ¹	R27
L_A17/IRDY ¹ /CKSTP_OUT	R26
L_A18/STOP ¹	R29
L_A19/DEVSEL ¹	R28
L_A20/IDSEL ¹	W29
L_A21/PERR ¹	P28
L_A22/SERR ¹	N26
L_A23/REQ0 ¹	AA27
L_A24/REQ1 ¹ /HSEJSW ¹	P29
L_A25/GNT0 ¹	AA26
L_A26/GNT1 ¹ /HSLED ¹	N25
L_A27/GNT2 ¹ /HSENUM ¹	AA25

MPC8260A PowerQUICC™ II Integrated Communications Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 2.0



How to Reach Us:

Home Page:

www.freescale.com

Web Support:

http://www.freescale.com/support

USA/Europe or Locations Not Listed:

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.
Technical Information Center, EL516
2100 East Elliot Road
Tempe, Arizona 85284
1-800-521-6274 or
+1-480-768-2130
www.freescale.com/support

Europe, Middle East, and Africa:

Freescale Halbleiter Deutschland GmbH Technical Information Center Schatzbogen 7 81829 Muenchen, Germany +44 1296 380 456 (English) +46 8 52200080 (English) +49 89 92103 559 (German) +33 1 69 35 48 48 (French) www.freescale.com/support

Japan:

Freescale Semiconductor Japan Ltd. Headquarters ARCO Tower 15F 1-8-1, Shimo-Meguro, Meguro-ku Tokyo 153-0064 Japan 0120 191014 or +81 3 5437 9125 support.japan@freescale.com

Asia/Pacific:

Freescale Semiconductor China Ltd. Exchange Building 23F No. 118 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District Beijing 100022 China +86 10 5879 8000 support.asia@freescale.com

For Literature Requests Only:

Freescale Semiconductor
Literature Distribution Center
1-800 441-2447 or
+1-303-675-2140
Fax: +1-303-675-2150
LDCForFreescaleSemiconductor
@ hibbertgroup.com

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Freescale Semiconductor products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits or integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Freescale Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Freescale Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Freescale Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in Freescale Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Freescale Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Freescale Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Freescale Semiconductor product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Freescale Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Freescale Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Freescale Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.

Freescale, the Freescale logo, and StarCore are trademarks or registered trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. in the U.S. and other countries. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners. The Power Architecture and Power.org word marks and the Power and Power.org logos and related marks are trademarks and service marks licensed by Power.org. IEEE 802.3 and 1149.1 are registered trademarks of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE). This product is not endorsed or approved by the IEEE.

© Freescale Semiconductor, Inc., 2005–2009. All rights reserved.

Document Number: MPC8260AEC

Rev. 2.0 06/2009



