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### Understanding [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

### Applications of [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PowerPC G2
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	300MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; RISC CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100Mbps (3)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	480-LBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	480-TBGA (37.5x37.5)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mpc8265avvpjdc">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mpc8265avvpjdc</a>

Figure 1 shows the block diagram for the MPC8266, the HiP4 superset device. Shaded portions indicate functionality that is not available on all devices; refer to the notes.

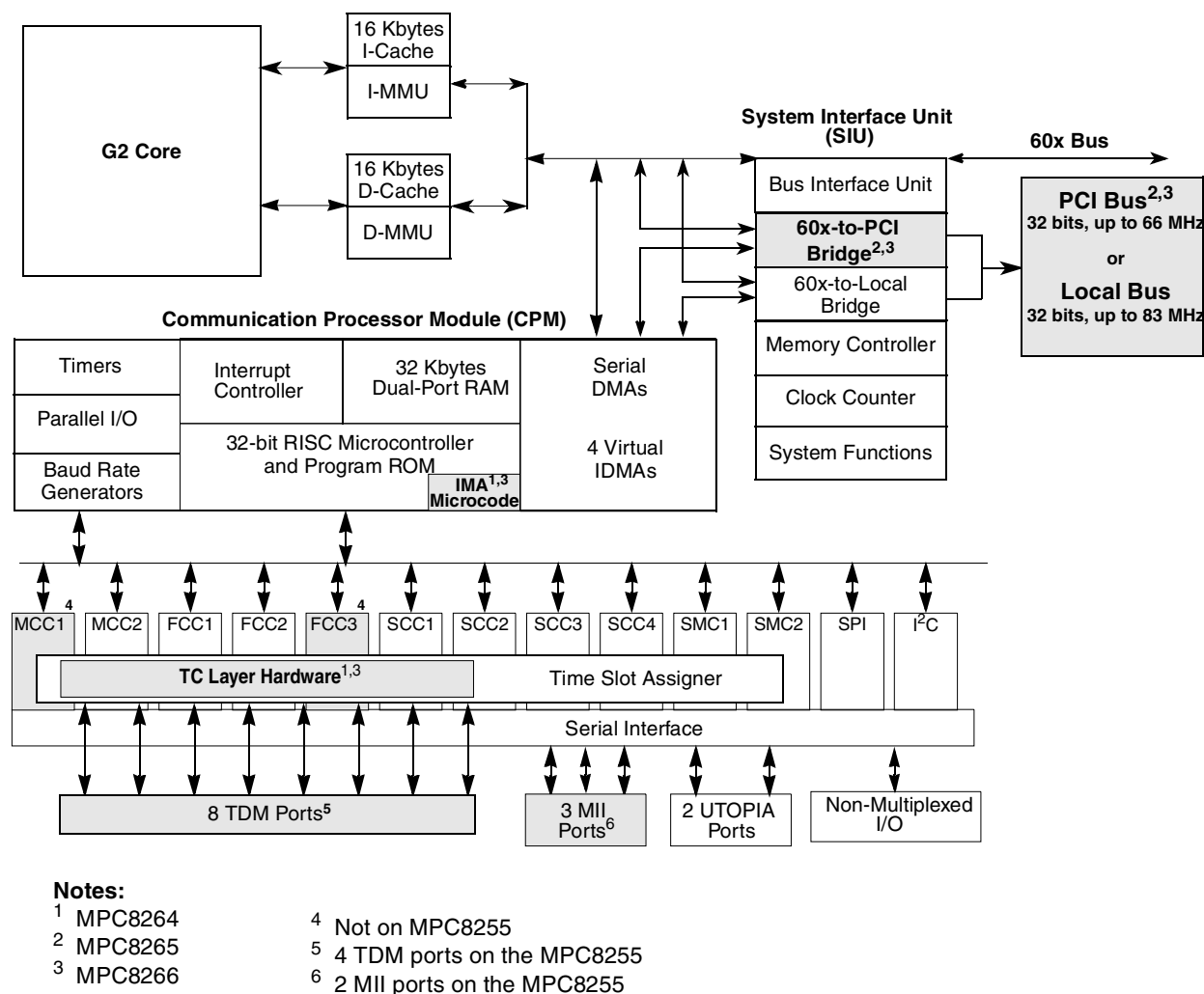


Figure 1. MPC8266 Block Diagram

# 1 Features

The major features of the MPC826xA family are as follows:

- Dual-issue integer core
  - A core version of the EC603e microprocessor
  - System core microprocessor supporting frequencies of 150–300 MHz
  - Separate 16-Kbyte data and instruction caches:
    - Four-way set associative
    - Physically addressed
    - LRU replacement algorithm

- Transparent
- UART (low-speed operation)
- One serial peripheral interface identical to the MPC860 SPI
- One inter-integrated circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) controller (identical to the MPC860 I<sup>2</sup>C controller)
  - Microwire compatible
  - Multiple-master, single-master, and slave modes
- Up to eight TDM interfaces (four on the MPC8255)
  - Supports two groups of four TDM channels for a total of eight TDMs
  - 2,048 bytes of SI RAM
  - Bit or byte resolution
  - Independent transmit and receive routing, frame synchronization
  - Supports T1, CEPT, T1/E1, T3/E3, pulse code modulation highway, ISDN basic rate, ISDN primary rate, Freescale interchip digital link (IDL), general circuit interface (GCI), and user-defined TDM serial interfaces
- Eight independent baud rate generators and 20 input clock pins for supplying clocks to FCCs, SCCs, SMCs, and serial channels
- Four independent 16-bit timers that can be interconnected as two 32-bit timers

Additional features of the MPC826xA family are as follows:

- CPM
  - 32-Kbyte dual-port RAM
  - Additional MCC host commands
  - Eight transfer transmission convergence (TC) layers between the TDMs and FCC2 to support inverse multiplexing for ATM capabilities (IMA) (MPC8264 and MPC8266 only)
- CPM multiplexing
  - FCC2 can also be connected to the TC layer.
- TC layer (MPC8264 and MPC8266 only)
  - Each of the 8 TDM channels is routed in hardware to a TC layer block
    - Protocol-specific overhead bits may be discarded or routed to other controllers by the SI
    - Performing ATM TC layer functions (according to ITU-T I.432)
      - Transmit (Tx) updates
        - Cell HEC generation
        - Payload scrambling using self synchronizing scrambler (programmable by the user)
        - Coset generation (programmable by the user)
        - Cell rate by inserting idle/unassigned cells
      - Receive (Rx) updates
        - Cell delineation using bit by bit HEC checking and programmable ALPHA and DELTA parameters for the delineation state machine
        - Payload descrambling using self synchronizing scrambler (programmable by the user)

- Hot-Swap friendly (supports the Hot Swap Specification as defined by PICMG 2.1 R1.0 August 3, 1998)
- Support for 66 MHz, 3.3 V specification
- 60x-PCI bus core logic which uses a buffer pool to allocate buffers for each port
- Makes use of the local bus signals, so there is no need for additional pins

## 2 Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

This section provides AC and DC electrical specifications and thermal characteristics for the MPC826xA.

### 2.1 DC Electrical Characteristics

This section describes the DC electrical characteristics for the MPC826xA. [Table 1](#) shows the maximum electrical ratings.

**Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1</sup>**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core supply voltage <sup>2</sup>	VDD	−0.3 – 2.5	V
PLL supply voltage <sup>2</sup>	VCCSYN	−0.3 – 2.5	V
I/O supply voltage <sup>3</sup>	VDDH	−0.3 – 4.0	V
Input voltage <sup>4</sup>	VIN	GND(−0.3) – 3.6	V
Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	120	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>STG</sub>	(−55) – (+150)	°C

<sup>1</sup> Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation (see [Table 2](#)) at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stress beyond those listed may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage.

<sup>2</sup> **Caution:** VDD/VCCSYN must not exceed VDDH by more than 0.4 V at any time, including during power-on reset.

<sup>3</sup> **Caution:** VDDH can exceed VDD/VCCSYN by 3.3 V during power on reset by no more than 100 mSec. VDDH should not exceed VDD/VCCSYN by more than 2.5 V during normal operation.

<sup>4</sup> **Caution:** VIN must not exceed VDDH by more than 2.5 V at any time, including during power-on reset.

Table 3 shows DC electrical characteristics.

**Table 3. DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>1</sup>**

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input high voltage, all inputs except CLKIN	$V_{IH}$	2.0	3.465	V
Input low voltage	$V_{IL}$	GND	0.8	V
CLKIN input high voltage	$V_{IHC}$	2.4	3.465	V
CLKIN input low voltage	$V_{ILC}$	GND	0.4	V
Input leakage current, $V_{IN} = V_{DDH}^2$	$I_{IN}$	—	10	$\mu A$
Hi-Z (off state) leakage current, $V_{IN} = V_{DDH}^2$	$I_{OZ}$	—	10	$\mu A$
Signal low input current, $V_{IL} = 0.8$ V	$I_L$	—	1	$\mu A$
Signal high input current, $V_{IH} = 2.0$ V	$I_H$	—	1	$\mu A$
Output high voltage, $I_{OH} = -2$ mA except XFC, UTOPIA mode, and open drain pins  In UTOPIA mode: $I_{OH} = -8.0$ mA PA[0-31] PB[4-31] PC[0-31] PD[4-31]	$V_{OH}$	2.4	—	V
In UTOPIA mode: $I_{OL} = 8.0$ mA PA[0-31] PB[4-31] PC[0-31] PD[4-31]	$V_{OL}$	—	0.5	V

Table 3. DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>1</sup> (continued)

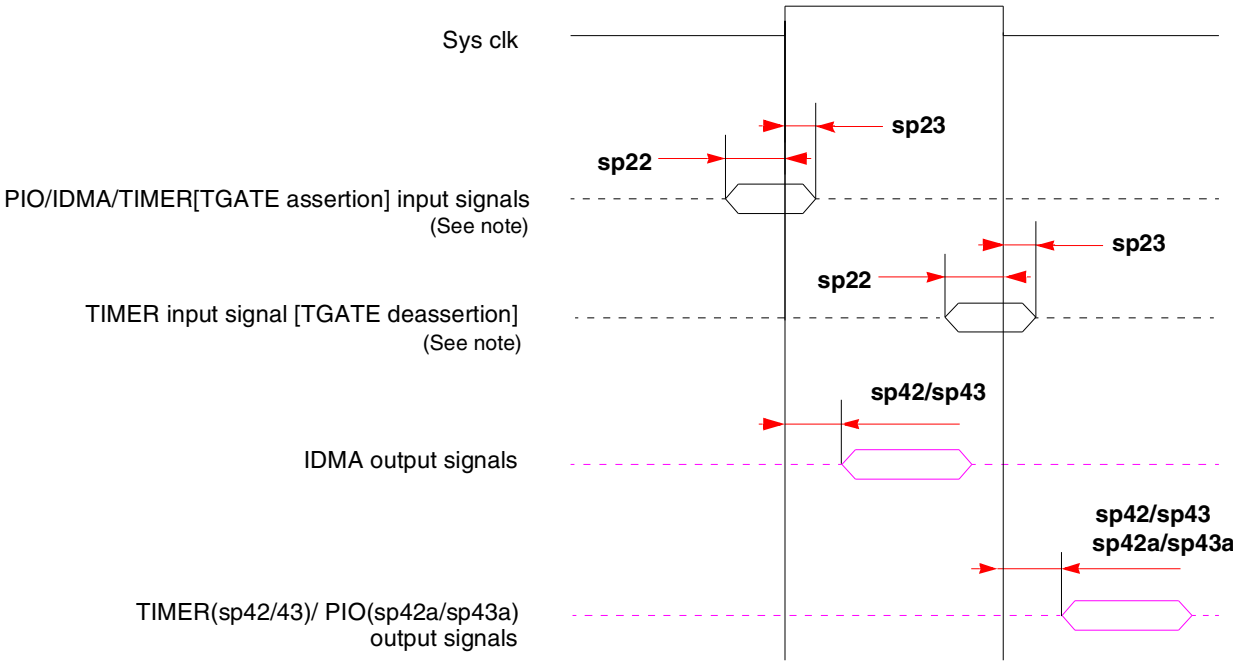
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
$I_{OL} = 7.0 \text{ mA}$ $\overline{BR}$ $\overline{BG}$ $\overline{ABB/IRQ2}$ $\overline{TS}$ $A[0-31]$ $TT[0-4]$ $\overline{TBST}$ $TSIZE[0-3]$ $\overline{AACK}$ $\overline{ARTRY}$ $\overline{DBG}$ $\overline{DBB/IRQ3}$ $D[0-63]$ $DP(0)/\overline{RSRV/EXT\_BR2}$ $DP(1)/\overline{IRQ1/EXT\_BG2}$ $DP(2)/\overline{TLBISYNC/IRQ2/EXT\_DBG2}$ $DP(3)/\overline{IRQ3/EXT\_BR3/CKSTP\_OUT}$ $DP(4)/\overline{IRQ4/EXT\_BG3/CORE\_SREST}$ $DP(5)/\overline{TBEN/IRQ5/EXT\_DBG3}$ $DP(6)/\overline{CSE(0)/IRQ6}$ $DP(7)/\overline{CSE(1)/IRQ7}$ $\overline{PSDVAL}$ $\overline{TA}$ $\overline{TEA}$ $\overline{GBL/IRQ1}$ $\overline{CI/BADDR29/IRQ2}$ $\overline{WT/BADDR30/IRQ3}$ $\overline{L2\_HIT/IRQ4}$ $\overline{CPU\_BG/BADDR31/IRQ5}$ $\overline{CPU\_DBG}$ $\overline{CPU\_BR}$ $\overline{IRQ0/NMI\_OUT}$ $\overline{IRQ7/INT\_OUT/APE}$ $\overline{PORESET}$ $\overline{HRESET}$ $\overline{SRESET}$ $\overline{RSTCONF}$ $\overline{QREQ}$	$V_{OL}$	—	0.4	V

Table 3. DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>1</sup> (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
$I_{OL} = 5.3\text{mA}$ $\overline{CS}[0-9]$ $\overline{CS}(10)/\overline{BCTL1}$ $\overline{CS}(11)/\overline{AP}(0)$ $\overline{BADDR}[27-28]$ $\overline{ALE}$ $\overline{BCTL0}$ $\overline{PWE}(0:7)/\overline{PSDDQM}(0:7)/\overline{PBS}(0:7)$ $\overline{PSDA10}/\overline{PGPL0}$ $\overline{PSDWE}/\overline{PGPL1}$ $\overline{POE}/\overline{PSDRAS}/\overline{PGPL2}$ $\overline{PSDCAS}/\overline{PGPL3}$ $\overline{PGTA}/\overline{PUPMWAIT}/\overline{PGPL4}/\overline{PPBS}$ $\overline{PSDAMUX}/\overline{PGPL5}$ $\overline{LWE}[0-3]/\overline{LSDDQM}[0-3]/\overline{LBS}[0-3]/\overline{PCI\_CFG}[0-3]^3$ $\overline{LSDA10}/\overline{LGPL0}/\overline{PCI\_MODCKH0}^3$ $\overline{LSDWE}/\overline{LGPL1}/\overline{PCI\_MODCKH1}^3$ $\overline{LOE}/\overline{LSDRAS}/\overline{LGPL2}/\overline{PCI\_MODCKH2}^3$ $\overline{LSDCAS}/\overline{LGPL3}/\overline{PCI\_MODCKH3}^3$ $\overline{LGTA}/\overline{LUPMWAIT}/\overline{LGPL4}/\overline{LPBS}$ $\overline{LSDAMUX}/\overline{LGPL5}/\overline{PCI\_MODCK}^3$ $\overline{LWR}$ $\overline{MODCK1}/\overline{AP}(1)/\overline{TC}(0)/\overline{BNKSEL}(0)$ $\overline{MODCK2}/\overline{AP}(2)/\overline{TC}(1)/\overline{BNKSEL}(1)$ $\overline{MODCK3}/\overline{AP}(3)/\overline{TC}(2)/\overline{BNKSEL}(2)$ $I_{OL} = 3.2\text{mA}$ $\overline{L\_A14}/\overline{PAR}^3$ $\overline{L\_A15}/\overline{FRAME}^3/\overline{SMI}$ $\overline{L\_A16}/\overline{TRDY}^3$ $\overline{L\_A17}/\overline{IRDY}^3/\overline{CKSTP\_OUT}$ $\overline{L\_A18}/\overline{STOP}^3$ $\overline{L\_A19}/\overline{DEVSEL}^3$ $\overline{L\_A20}/\overline{IDSEL}^3$ $\overline{L\_A21}/\overline{PERR}^3$ $\overline{L\_A22}/\overline{SERR}^3$ $\overline{L\_A23}/\overline{REQ0}^3$ $\overline{L\_A24}/\overline{REQ1}^3/\overline{HSEJSW}^3$ $\overline{L\_A25}/\overline{GNT0}^3$ $\overline{L\_A26}/\overline{GNT1}^3/\overline{HSLED}^3$ $\overline{L\_A27}/\overline{GNT2}^3/\overline{HSENUM}^3$ $\overline{L\_A28}/\overline{RST}^3/\overline{CORE\_SRESET}$ $\overline{L\_A29}/\overline{INTA}^3$ $\overline{L\_A30}/\overline{REQ2}^3$ $\overline{L\_A31}$ $\overline{LCL\_D}(0-31)/\overline{AD}(0-31)^3$ $\overline{LCL\_DP}(0-3)/\overline{C}/\overline{BE}(0-3)^3$ $\overline{PA}[0-31]$ $\overline{PB}[4-31]$ $\overline{PC}[0-31]$ $\overline{PD}[4-31]$ $\overline{TDO}$	$V_{OL}$	—	0.4	V

<sup>1</sup> The default configuration of the CPM pins ( $\overline{PA}[0-31]$ ,  $\overline{PB}[4-31]$ ,  $\overline{PC}[0-31]$ ,  $\overline{PD}[4-31]$ ) is input. To prevent excessive DC current, it is recommended to either pull unused pins to GND or VDDH, or to configure them as outputs.

Figure 8 shows PIO, timer, and DMA signals.



**Note:** TGATE is asserted on the rising edge of the clock; it is deasserted on the falling edge.

**Figure 8. PIO, Timer, and DMA Signal Diagram**

Table 10 lists SIU input characteristics.

**Table 9. AC Characteristics for SIU Inputs<sup>1</sup>**

Spec Number		Characteristic	Setup (ns)		Hold (ns)	
Max	Min		66 MHz	83 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz
sp11	sp10	AACK/ARTRY/T $\bar{A}$ /TS/TEA/DBG/BG/BR	6	5	0.5	0.5
sp12	sp10	Data bus in normal mode	5	4	0.5	0.5
sp13	sp10	Data bus in ECC and PARITY modes	8	6	0.5	0.5
sp14	sp10	DP pins	7	6	0.5	0.5
sp15	sp10	All other pins	5	4	0.5	0.5

<sup>1</sup> Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.



Table 14. Clock Configuration Modes<sup>1</sup> (continued)

MODCK_H–MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency <sup>2,3</sup>	CPM Multiplication Factor <sup>2</sup>	CPM Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Core Multiplication Factor <sup>2</sup>	Core Frequency <sup>2</sup>
1000_001	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3	200 MHz
1000_010	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3.5	233 MHz
1000_011	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4	266 MHz
1000_100	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4.5	300 MHz

<sup>1</sup> Because of speed dependencies, not all of the possible configurations in Table 14 are applicable.

<sup>2</sup> The user should choose the input clock frequency and the multiplication factors such that the frequency of the CPU is equal to or greater than 150 MHz and the CPM ranges between 66–233 MHz.

<sup>3</sup> Input clock frequency is given only for the purpose of reference. The user should set MODCK\_H–MODCK\_L so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's part.

## 3.2 PCI Mode

The MPC8265 and the MPC8266 have three clocking modes: local, PCI host, and PCI agent. The clocking mode is set according to three input pins—PCI\_MODE, PCI\_CFG[0], PCI\_MODCK—as shown in Table 15.

Table 15. MPC8265 and MPC8266 Clocking Modes

Pins			Clocking Mode	PCI Clock Frequency Range (MHZ)
PCI_MODE	PCI_CFG[0]	PCI_MODCK		
1	—	—	Local bus	—
0	0	0	PCI host	50–66
0	0	1		25–50
0	1	0	PCI agent	50–66
0	1	1		25–50

In addition, note the following:

### NOTE: PCI\_MODCK

In PCI mode only, PCI\_MODCK comes from the LGPL5 pin and MODCK\_H[0–3] comes from {LGPL0, LGPL1, LGPL2, LGPL3}.

### NOTE: Tval (Output Hold)

The minimum Tval = 2 when PCI\_MODCK = 1, and the minimum Tval = 1 when PCI\_MODCK = 0. Therefore, designers should use clock configurations that fit this condition to achieve PCI-compliant AC timing.

### NOTE

Clock configurations change only after  $\overline{\text{POR}}$  is asserted.

### 3.2.1 PCI Host Mode

The frequencies listed in [Table 16](#) and [Table 17](#) are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device.

**Table 16. Clock Default Configurations in PCI Host Mode (MODCK\_HI = 0000)**

MODCK[1–3] <sup>1</sup>	Input Clock Frequency (Bus)	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency	PCI Division Factor <sup>2</sup>	PCI Frequency <sup>2</sup>
000	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2/4	66/33 MHz
001	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3	200 MHz	2/4	66/33 MHz
010	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3	200 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
011	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
100	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4	266 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
101	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
110	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
111	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz

<sup>1</sup> Assumes MODCK\_HI = 0000.

<sup>2</sup> The frequency depends on the value of PCI\_MODCK. If PCI\_MODCK is high (logic '1'), the PCI frequency is divided by 2 (33 instead of 66 MHz, etc.) Refer to [Table 15](#).

[Table 17](#) describes all possible clock configurations when using the MPC8265's or the MPC8266's internal PCI bridge in host mode.

**Table 17. Clock Configuration Modes in PCI Host Mode**

MODCK_H – MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency <sup>1</sup> (Bus)	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency	PCI Division Factor <sup>2</sup>	PCI Frequency <sup>2</sup>
0001_000	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	5	166 MHz	3/6	33/16 MHz
0001_001	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	6	200 MHz	3/6	33/16 MHz
0001_010	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	7	233 MHz	3/6	33/16 MHz
0001_011	33 MHz	3	100 MHz	8	266 MHz	3/6	33/16 MHz
0010_000	<b>33 MHz</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>133 MHz</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>166 MHz</b>	<b>4/8</b>	<b>33/16 MHz</b>
0010_001	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	6	200 MHz	4/8	33/16 MHz
0010_010	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	7	233 MHz	4/8	33/16 MHz
0010_011	33 MHz	4	133 MHz	8	266 MHz	4/8	33/16 MHz
0011_000 <sup>3</sup>	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	5	166 MHz	5	<b>33 MHz</b>
0011_001 <sup>3</sup>	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	6	200 MHz	5	33 MHz
0011_010 <sup>3</sup>	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	7	233 MHz	5	33 MHz

Table 17. Clock Configuration Modes in PCI Host Mode (continued)

MODCK_H – MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency <sup>1</sup> (Bus)	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency	PCI Division Factor <sup>2</sup>	PCI Frequency <sup>2</sup>
0011_011 <sup>3</sup>	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	8	266 MHz	5	33 MHz
0100_000 <sup>3</sup>	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	5	166 MHz	6	33 MHz
0100_001 <sup>3</sup>	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	6	200 MHz	6	33 MHz
0100_010 <sup>3</sup>	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	7	233 MHz	6	33 MHz
0100_011 <sup>3</sup>	33 MHz	6	200 MHz	8	266 MHz	6	33 MHz
0101_000	<b>66 MHz</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>133 MHz</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>166 MHz</b>	<b>2/4</b>	<b>66/33 MHz</b>
0101_001	<b>66 MHz</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>133 MHz</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>200 MHz</b>	<b>2/4</b>	<b>66/33 MHz</b>
0101_010	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2/4	66/33 MHz
0101_011	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	4	266 MHz	2/4	66/33 MHz
0101_100	66 MHz	2	133 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	2/4	66/33 MHz
0110_000	<b>66 MHz</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>166 MHz</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>166 MHz</b>	<b>3/6</b>	<b>55/28 MHz</b>
0110_001	<b>66 MHz</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>166 MHz</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>200 MHz</b>	<b>3/6</b>	<b>55/28 MHz</b>
0110_010	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
0110_011	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4	266 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
0110_100	66 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	3/6	55/28 MHz
0111_000	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
0111_001	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
0111_010	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
0111_011	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
0111_100	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1000_000	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1000_001	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1000_010	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1000_011	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1000_100	66 MHz	3	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	4/8	50/25 MHz
1001_000	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz
1001_001	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3	200 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz

Table 17. Clock Configuration Modes in PCI Host Mode (continued)

MODCK_H – MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency <sup>1</sup> (Bus)	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency	PCI Division Factor <sup>2</sup>	PCI Frequency <sup>2</sup>
1001_010	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz
1001_011	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4	266 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz
1001_100	66 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	4/8	58/29 MHz
1010_000	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	2	200 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1010_001	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1010_010	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	3	300 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1010_011	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	3.5	350 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1010_100	100 MHz	2	200 MHz	4	400 MHz	3/6	66/33 MHz
1011_000	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	2	200 MHz	4/8	62/31 MHz
1011_001	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	4/8	62/31MHz
1011_010	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	3	300 MHz	4/8	62/31 MHz
1011_011	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	3.5	350 MHz	4/8	62/31 MHz
1011_100	100 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	4	400 MHz	4/8	62/31 MHz

<sup>1</sup> Input clock frequency is given only for the purpose of reference. User should set MODCK\_H–MODCK\_L so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's part.

<sup>2</sup> The frequency depends on the value of PCI\_MODCK. If PCI\_MODCK is high (logic '1'), the PCI frequency is divided by 2 (33 instead of 66 MHz, etc.). Refer to [Table 15](#).

<sup>3</sup> In this mode, PCI\_MODCK must be "0".

### 3.2.2 PCI Agent Mode

The frequencies listed in [Table 18](#) and [Table 19](#) are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device.

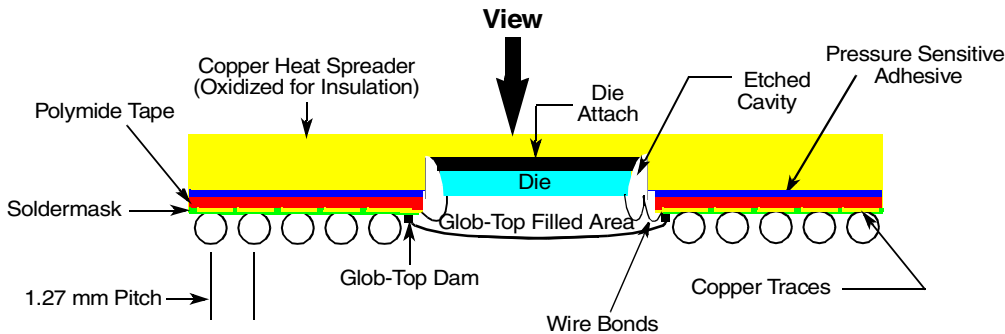
Table 18. Clock Default Configurations in PCI Agent Mode (MODCK\_HI = 0000)

MODCK[1–3] <sup>1</sup>	Input Clock Frequency (PCI) <sup>2</sup>	CPM Multiplication Factor <sup>2</sup>	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency <sup>3</sup>	Bus Division Factor	60x Bus Frequency <sup>4</sup>
000	66/33 MHz	2/4	133 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2	66 MHz
001	66/33 MHz	2/4	133 MHz	3	200 MHz	2	66 MHz
010	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	66 MHz
011	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	3	66 MHz

Table 19. Clock Configuration Modes in PCI Agent Mode (continued)

MODCK_H – MODCK[1–3]	Input Clock Frequency (PCI) <sup>1,2</sup>	CPM Multiplication Factor <sup>1</sup>	CPM Frequency	Core Multiplication Factor	Core Frequency <sup>3</sup>	Bus Division Factor	60x Bus Frequency <sup>4</sup>
0100_100	66/33 MHz	3/6	<b>200 MHz</b>	4.5	300 MHz	<b>3</b>	<b>66 MHz</b>
0101_000 <sup>5</sup>	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	2.5	<b>66 MHz</b>
0101_001 <sup>5</sup>	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	3	200 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_010 <sup>5</sup>	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_011 <sup>5</sup>	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	4	266 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0101_100 <sup>5</sup>	33 MHz	5	166 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	2.5	66 MHz
0110_000	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_001	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	3	200 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_010	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_011	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	4	266 MHz	3	66 MHz
0110_100	50/25 MHz	4/8	200 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	3	66 MHz
0111_000	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2	200 MHz	2	100 MHz
0111_001	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2.5	250 MHz	2	100 MHz
0111_010	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3	300 MHz	2	100 MHz
0111_011	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3.5	350 MHz	2	100 MHz
1000_000	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2	160 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_001	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	2.5	200 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_010	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3	240 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_011	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	3.5	280 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_100	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	4	320 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1000_101	66/33 MHz	3/6	200 MHz	4.5	360 MHz	2.5	80 MHz
1001_000	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	2.5	166 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_001	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	3	200 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_010	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	3.5	233 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_011	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	4	266 MHz	4	66 MHz
1001_100	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	4.5	300 MHz	4	66 MHz
1010_000	66/33 MHz	4/8	266 MHz	2.5	222 MHz	3	88 MHz

Figure 14 shows the side profile of the TBGA package to indicate the direction of the top surface view.



**Figure 14. Side View of the TBGA Package**

Table 21 shows the pinout list of the MPC826xA. Table 20 defines conventions and acronyms used in Table 21.

Symbols used in Table 21 are described in Table 20.

**Table 20. Symbol Legend**

Symbol	Meaning
OVERBAR	Signals with overbars, such as $\overline{TA}$ , are active low.
UTM	Indicates that a signal is part of the UTOPIA master interface.
UTS	Indicates that a signal is part of the UTOPIA slave interface.
UT8	Indicates that a signal is part of the 8-bit UTOPIA interface.
UT16	Indicates that a signal is part of the 16-bit UTOPIA interface.
MII	Indicates that a signal is part of the media independent interface.

**Table 21. Pinout List**

Pin Name	Ball
BR	W5
BG	F4
ABB/IRQ2	E2
TS	E3
A0	G1
A1	H5
A2	H2
A3	H1
A4	J5
A5	J4
A6	J3
A7	J2

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
A8	J1
A9	K4
A10	K3
A11	K2
A12	K1
A13	L5
A14	L4
A15	L3
A16	L2
A17	L1
A18	M5
A19	N5
A20	N4
A21	N3
A22	N2
A23	N1
A24	P4
A25	P3
A26	P2
A27	P1
A28	R1
A29	R3
A30	R5
A31	R4
TT0	F1
TT1	G4
TT2	G3
TT3	G2
TT4	F2
TBST	D3
TSIZ0	C1
TSIZ1	E4
TSIZ2	D2
TSIZ3	F5
AACK	F3

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
D32	E18
D33	B17
D34	A15
D35	A12
D36	D11
D37	C8
D38	E7
D39	A3
D40	D18
D41	A17
D42	A14
D43	B12
D44	A10
D45	D8
D46	B6
D47	C4
D48	C18
D49	E16
D50	B14
D51	C12
D52	B10
D53	A7
D54	C6
D55	D5
D56	B18
D57	B16
D58	E14
D59	D12
D60	C10
D61	E8
D62	D6
D63	C2
DP0/ $\overline{\text{RSRV}}/\text{EXT\_BR2}$	B22
IRQ1/DP1/ $\overline{\text{EXT\_BG2}}$	A22
IRQ2/DP2/ $\overline{\text{TLBISYNC}}/\text{EXT\_DBG2}$	E21



Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
IRQ3/DP3/CKSTP_OUT/EXT_BR3	D21
IRQ4/DP4/CORE_SRESET/EXT_BG3	C21
IRQ5/DP5/TBEN/EXT_DBG3	B21
IRQ6/DP6/CSE0	A21
IRQ7/DP7/CSE1	E20
PSDVAL	V3
TA	C22
TEA	V5
GBL/IRQ1	W1
C1/BADDR29/IRQ2	U2
WT/BADDR30/IRQ3	U3
L2_HIT/IRQ4	Y4
CPU_BG/BADDR31/IRQ5	U4
CPU_DBG	R2
CPU_BR	Y3
CS0	F25
CS1	C29
CS2	E27
CS3	E28
CS4	F26
CS5	F27
CS6	F28
CS7	G25
CS8	D29
CS9	E29
CS10/BCTL1	F29
CS11/AP0	G28
BADDR27	T5
BADDR28	U1
ALE	T2
BCTL0	A27
PWE0/PSDDQM0/PBS0	C25
PWE1/PSDDQM1/PBS1	E24
PWE2/PSDDQM2/PBS2	D24
PWE3/PSDDQM3/PBS3	C24

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
PA12/FCC1_UT8_RXD2/FCC1_UT16_RXD10/MSNUM3	AJ21 <sup>2</sup>
PA13/FCC1_UT8_RXD3/FCC1_UT16_RXD11/MSNUM2	AH20 <sup>2</sup>
PA14/FCC1_UT8_RXD4/FCC1_UT16_RXD12/FCC1_RXD3	AG19 <sup>2</sup>
PA15/FCC1_UT8_RXD5/FCC1_UT16_RXD13/FCC1_RXD2	AF18 <sup>2</sup>
PA16/FCC1_UT8_RXD6/FCC1_UT16_RXD14/FCC1_RXD1	AF17 <sup>2</sup>
PA17/FCC1_UT8_RXD7/FCC1_UT16_RXD15/FCC1_RXD0/FCC1_RXD	AE16 <sup>2</sup>
PA18/FCC1_UT8_TXD7/FCC1_UT16_TXD15/FCC1_TXD0/FCC1_TXD	AJ16 <sup>2</sup>
PA19/FCC1_UT8_TXD6/FCC1_UT16_TXD14/FCC1_TXD1	AG15 <sup>2</sup>
PA20/FCC1_UT8_TXD5/FCC1_UT16_TXD13/FCC1_TXD2	AJ13 <sup>2</sup>
PA21/FCC1_UT8_TXD4/FCC1_UT16_TXD12/FCC1_TXD3	AE13 <sup>2</sup>
PA22/FCC1_UT8_TXD3/FCC1_UT16_TXD11	AF12 <sup>2</sup>
PA23/FCC1_UT8_TXD2/FCC1_UT16_TXD10	AG11 <sup>2</sup>
PA24/FCC1_UT8_TXD1/FCC1_UT16_TXD9/MSNUM1	AH9 <sup>2</sup>
PA25/FCC1_UT8_TXD0/FCC1_UT16_TXD8/MSNUM0	AJ8 <sup>2</sup>
PA26/FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV/FCC1_UTS_RXCLAV/FCC1_MII_RX_ER	AH7 <sup>2</sup>
PA27/FCC1_UT_RXSOC/FCC1_MII_RX_DV	AF7 <sup>2</sup>
PA28/FCC1_UTM_RXENB/FCC1_UTS_RXENB/FCC1_MII_TX_EN	AD5 <sup>2</sup>
PA29/FCC1_UT_TXSOC/FCC1_MII_TX_ER	AF1 <sup>2</sup>
PA30/FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV/FCC1_UTS_TXCLAV/FCC1_MII_CRS/ FCC1_RTS	AD3 <sup>2</sup>
PA31/FCC1_UTM_TXENB/FCC1_UTS_TXENB/FCC1_MII_COL	AB5 <sup>2</sup>
PB4/FCC3_TXD3/FCC2_UT8_RXD0/L1RSYNCA2/FCC3_RTS	AD28 <sup>2</sup>
PB5/FCC3_TXD2/FCC2_UT8_RXD1/L1TSYNCA2/L1GNTA2	AD26 <sup>2</sup>
PB6/FCC3_TXD1/FCC2_UT8_RXD2/L1RXDA2/L1RXD0A2	AD25 <sup>2</sup>
PB7/FCC3_TXD0/FCC3_TXD/FCC2_UT8_RXD3/L1TXDA2/L1TXD0A2	AE26 <sup>2</sup>
PB8/FCC2_UT8_TXD3/FCC3_RXD0/FCC3_RXD/TXD3/L1RSYNCD1	AH27 <sup>2</sup>
PB9/FCC2_UT8_TXD2/FCC3_RXD1/L1TXD2A2/L1TSYNCD1/L1GNTD1	AG24 <sup>2</sup>
PB10/FCC2_UT8_TXD1/FCC3_RXD2/L1RXDD1	AH24 <sup>2</sup>
PB11/FCC3_RXD3/FCC2_UT8_TXD0/L1TXDD1	AJ24 <sup>2</sup>
PB12/FCC3_MII_CRS/L1CLKOB1/L1RSYNCC1/TXD2	AG22 <sup>2</sup>
PB13/FCC3_MII_COL/L1RQB1/L1TSYNCC1/L1GNTC1/L1TXD1A2	AH21 <sup>2</sup>
PB14/FCC3_MII_TX_EN/RXD3/L1RXDC1	AG20 <sup>2</sup>
PB15/FCC3_MII_TX_ER/RXD2/L1TXDC1	AF19 <sup>2</sup>
PB16/FCC3_MII_RX_ER/L1CLKOA1/CLK18	AJ18 <sup>2</sup>
PB17/FCC3_MII_RX_DV/L1RQA1/CLK17	AJ17 <sup>2</sup>

Table 21. Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name	Ball
PB18/FCC2_UT8_RXD4/FCC2_RXD3/L1CLKOD2/L1RXD2A2	AE14 <sup>2</sup>
PB19/FCC2_UT8_RXD5/FCC2_RXD2/L1RQD2/L1RXD3A2	AF13 <sup>2</sup>
PB20/FCC2_UT8_RXD6/FCC2_RXD1/L1RSYNCD2/L1TXD1A1	AG12 <sup>2</sup>
PB21/FCC2_UT8_RXD7/FCC2_RXD0/FCC2_RXD/L1TSYNCD2/L1GNTD2/L1TXD2A1	AH11 <sup>2</sup>
PB22/FCC2_UT8_TXD7/FCC2_TXD0/FCC2_TXD/L1RXD1A1/L1RXDD2	AH16 <sup>2</sup>
PB23/FCC2_UT8_TXD6/FCC2_TXD1/L1RXD2A1/L1TXDD2	AE15 <sup>2</sup>
PB24/FCC2_UT8_TXD5/FCC2_TXD2/L1RXD3A1/L1RSYNCC2	AJ9 <sup>2</sup>
PB25/FCC2_UT8_TXD4/FCC2_TXD3/L1TSYNCC2/L1GNTC2/L1TXD3A1	AE9 <sup>2</sup>
PB26/FCC2_MII_CRS/FCC2_UT8_TXD1/L1RXDC2	AJ7 <sup>2</sup>
PB27/FCC2_MII_COL/FCC2_UT8_TXD0/L1TXDC2	AH6 <sup>2</sup>
PB28/FCC2_MII_RX_ER/FCC2_RTS/L1TSYNCB2/L1GNTB2/TXD1	AE3 <sup>2</sup>
PB29/FCC2_UTM_RXCLAV/FCC2_UTS_RXCLAV/L1RSYNCB2/FCC2_MII_TX_EN	AE2 <sup>2</sup>
PB30/FCC2_MII_RX_DV/FCC2_UT_TXSOC/L1RXDB2	AC5 <sup>2</sup>
PB31/FCC2_MII_TX_ER/FCC2_UT_RXSOC/L1TXDB2	AC4 <sup>2</sup>
PC0/DREQ1/BRGO7/SMSYN2/L1CLKOA2	AB26 <sup>2</sup>
PC1/DREQ2/BRGO6/L1RQA2	AD29 <sup>2</sup>
PC2/FCC3_CD/FCC2_UT8_TXD3/DONE2	AE29 <sup>2</sup>
PC3/FCC3_CTS/FCC2_UT8_TXD2/DACK2/CTS4	AE27 <sup>2</sup>
PC4/FCC2_UTM_RXENB/FCC2_UTS_RXENB/SI2_L1ST4/FCC2_CD	AF27 <sup>2</sup>
PC5/FCC2_UTM_TXCLAV/FCC2_UTS_TXCLAV/SI2_L1ST3/FCC2_CTS	AF24 <sup>2</sup>
PC6/FCC1_CD/L1CLKOC1/FCC1_UTM_RXADDR2/FCC1_UTS_RXADDR/FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV1	AJ26 <sup>2</sup>
PC7/FCC1_CTS/L1RQC1/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR2/FCC1_UTS_TXADDR2/FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV1	AJ25 <sup>2</sup>
PC8/CD4/RENA4/FCC1_UT16_TXD0/SI2_L1ST2/CTS3	AF22 <sup>2</sup>
PC9/CTS4/CLSN4/FCC1_UT16_TXD1/SI2_L1ST1/L1TSYNCA2/L1GNTA2	AE21 <sup>2</sup>
PC10/CD3/RENA3/FCC1_UT16_TXD2/SI1_L1ST4/FCC2_UT8_RXD3	AF20 <sup>2</sup>
PC11/CTS3/CLSN3/L1CLKOD1/L1TXD3A2/FCC2_UT8_RXD2	AE19 <sup>2</sup>
PC12/CD2/RENA2/SI1_L1ST3/FCC1_UTM_RXADDR1/FCC1_UTS_RXADDR1	AE18 <sup>2</sup>
PC13/CTS2/CLSN2/L1RQD1/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR1/FCC1_UTS_TXADDR1	AH18 <sup>2</sup>
PC14/CD1/RENA1/FCC1_UTM_RXADDR0/FCC1_UTS_RXADDR0	AH17 <sup>2</sup>
PC15/CTS1/CLSN1/SMTXD2/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR0/FCC1_UTS_TXADDR0	AG16 <sup>2</sup>

**Table 23. Document Revision History (continued)**

Revision	Date	Substantive Changes
0.9	8/2003	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Note: In revision 0.3, sp30 (<a href="#">Table 10</a>) was changed. This change was not previously recorded in this “Document Revision History” Table.</li> <li>Removal of “HiP4 PowerQUICC II Documentation” table. These supplemental specifications have been replaced by revision 1 of the <i>MPC8260 PowerQUICC II™ Family Reference Manual</i>.</li> <li><a href="#">Figure 1</a> and <a href="#">Section 1, “Features”</a>: Addition of MPC8255 notes</li> <li>Addition of <a href="#">Figure 2</a></li> <li>Addition of VCCSYN to “Note: Core, PLL, and I/O Supply Voltages” following <a href="#">Table 2</a></li> <li>Addition of note 1 to <a href="#">Table 3</a></li> <li><a href="#">Table 4</a>: Changes to <math>\theta_{JA}</math> and <math>\theta_{JB}</math> and <math>\theta_{JC}</math>.</li> <li>Addition of notes or modifications to <a href="#">Figure 6</a>, <a href="#">Figure 7</a>, and <a href="#">Figure 8</a></li> <li><a href="#">Table 9</a>: Change of sp10.</li> <li>Addition of <a href="#">Table 15</a>.</li> <li>Addition of note 2 to <a href="#">Table 21</a></li> <li><a href="#">Table 21</a>: Addition of FCC2 Rx and Tx [3,4] to CPM pins PD7, PD18, PD19, and PD29. Also, the addition of SPICLK to PC19. They are documented correctly in the parallel I/O ports chapter in the <i>MPC8260 PowerQUICC II™ Family Reference Manual</i> but had previously been omitted from <a href="#">Table 21</a>.</li> </ul>
0.8	1/2003	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Table 2</a>: Modification to supply voltage ranges reflected in notes 2, 3, and 4.</li> <li><a href="#">Table 4</a>: Addition of <math>\theta_{JB}</math> and <math>\theta_{JC}</math>.</li> <li><a href="#">Table 7</a>, <a href="#">Figure 8</a>: Addition of sp42a/sp43a.</li> <li><a href="#">Figure 3</a>, <a href="#">Figure 4</a>: Addition of note for FCC output.</li> <li><a href="#">Figure 5</a>, <a href="#">Figure 6</a>, <a href="#">Figure 7</a>: Addition of notes.</li> <li><a href="#">Table 14</a>, <a href="#">Table 17</a>, and <a href="#">Table 19</a>: Removal of PLL bypass mode from clock tables.</li> </ul>
0.7	5/2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Section 1, “Features”</a>: minimum supported core frequency of 150 MHz</li> <li><a href="#">Section 1, “Features”</a>: updated performance values (under “Dual-issue integer core”)</li> <li><a href="#">Table 2</a>: Note 2 (changes in italics): “...less than or equal to 233 MHz, 166 MHz CPM...”</li> <li><a href="#">Table 2</a>: Addition of note 3.</li> </ul>
0.6	3/2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Table 21</a>: Modified notes to pins AE11 and AF25.</li> </ul>
0.5	3/2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Table 21</a>: Modified notes to pins AE11 and AF25.</li> <li><a href="#">Table 21</a>: Addition of note to pins AA1 and AG4 (Therm0 and Therm1).</li> </ul>
0.4	2/2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Note 2 for <a href="#">Table 2</a> (changes in italics): “...greater than <i>or equal to</i> 266 MHz, 200 MHz CPM...”</li> <li><a href="#">Table 19</a>: Core and bus frequency values for the following ranges of MODCK_HMODCK: 0011_000 to 0011_100 and 1011_000 to 1011_1000</li> <li><a href="#">Table 21</a>: Notes added to pins at AE11, AF25, U5, and V4.</li> </ul>
0.3	11/2001	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Table 1</a>: note 3</li> <li>Section 2.1: Removal of “Warning” recommending use of bootstrap diodes. They are not needed.</li> <li><a href="#">Table 9</a>: Change to sp12.</li> <li><a href="#">Table 10</a>: Change to sp32.</li> <li>Note 2 for <a href="#">Table 16</a> and <a href="#">Table 17</a></li> <li>Addition of note at beginning of Section 3.2</li> <li>Note 1 for <a href="#">Table 18</a> and <a href="#">Table 19</a></li> <li><a href="#">Table 21</a>: Additions to B27, C28, D25, D27, E26, G29, H26–28, N25, P29, AF25, AA25, AB27</li> </ul>
0.2	11/2001	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Revision of <a href="#">Table 5</a>, “Power Dissipation”</li> <li>Modifications to <a href="#">Figure 9</a>, <a href="#">Table 2</a>, <a href="#">Table 10</a>, <a href="#">Table 11</a>, and <a href="#">Table 18</a></li> <li>Modification to pinout diagram, <a href="#">Figure 13</a></li> <li>Additional revisions to text and figures throughout</li> </ul>
0.1	8/2001	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Table 8</a>: Change to sp20/sp21.</li> </ul>
0	—	Initial version

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