

Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	125
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	2000
Total RAM Bits	110592
Number of I/O	130
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	2.85V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	169-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	169-UBGA (11x11)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/10m02scu169a7g



Contents

Intel® MAX® 10 FPGA Device Datasheet.....	3
Electrical Characteristics.....	3
Operating Conditions.....	4
Switching Characteristics.....	25
Core Performance Specifications.....	26
Periphery Performance Specifications.....	35
Configuration Specifications.....	57
JTAG Timing Parameters.....	58
Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications.....	59
User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specifications.....	59
Uncompressed Raw Binary File (.rbf) Sizes.....	59
Internal Configuration Time.....	60
Internal Configuration Timing Parameter.....	61
I/O Timing.....	61
Programmable IOE Delay.....	62
Programmable IOE Delay On Row Pins.....	62
Programmable IOE Delay for Column Pins.....	63
Glossary.....	64
Document Revision History for the Intel MAX 10 FPGA Device Datasheet.....	66



Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % of High Time	Unit
4.32	2.6	%
4.37	1.6	%
4.42	1.0	%
4.47	0.6	%
4.52	0.3	%
4.57	0.2	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for the AC and DC parameters for Intel MAX 10 devices. The tables list the steady-state voltage values expected from Intel MAX 10 devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Single Supply Devices Power Supplies Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 6. Power Supplies Recommended Operating Conditions for Intel MAX 10 Single Supply Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CC_ONE}^{(1)}$	Supply voltage for core and periphery through on-die voltage regulator	—	2.85/3.135	3.0/3.3	3.15/3.465	V
$V_{CCIO}^{(2)}$	Supply voltage for input and output buffers	3.3 V	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
		3.0 V	2.85	3	3.15	V
		2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
		1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
		1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

continued...

(1) V_{CCA} must be connected to V_{CC_ONE} through a filter.

(2) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during user mode because V_{CCIO} I/O banks are used for the ADC and I/O functionalities.



Table 11. ADC_VREF Pin Leakage Current for Intel MAX 10 Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
I _{adc_vref}	ADC_VREF pin leakage current	Single supply mode	—	10	μA
		Dual supply mode	—	20	μA

Bus Hold Parameters

Bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 12. Bus Hold Parameters for Intel MAX 10 Devices

Parameter	Condition	V _{CCIO} (V)												Unit
		1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus-hold low, sustaining current	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	μA
Bus-hold high, sustaining current	V _{IN} < V _{IH} (minimum)	-8	—	-12	—	-30	—	-50	—	-70	—	-70	—	μA
Bus-hold low, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	μA
Bus-hold high, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	-125	—	-175	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	—	-500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	—	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V



Series OCT without Calibration Specifications

Table 13. Series OCT without Calibration Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices

This table shows the variation of on-chip termination (OCT) without calibration across process, voltage, and temperature (PVT).

Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Resistance Tolerance		Unit
		-C7, -I6, -I7, -A6, -A7	-C8	
Series OCT without calibration	3.00	±35	±30	%
	2.50	±35	±30	%
	1.80	±40	±35	%
	1.50	±40	±40	%
	1.35	±40	±50	%
	1.20	±45	±60	%

Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up Specifications

Table 14. Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices

OCT calibration is automatically performed at device power-up for OCT enabled I/Os.

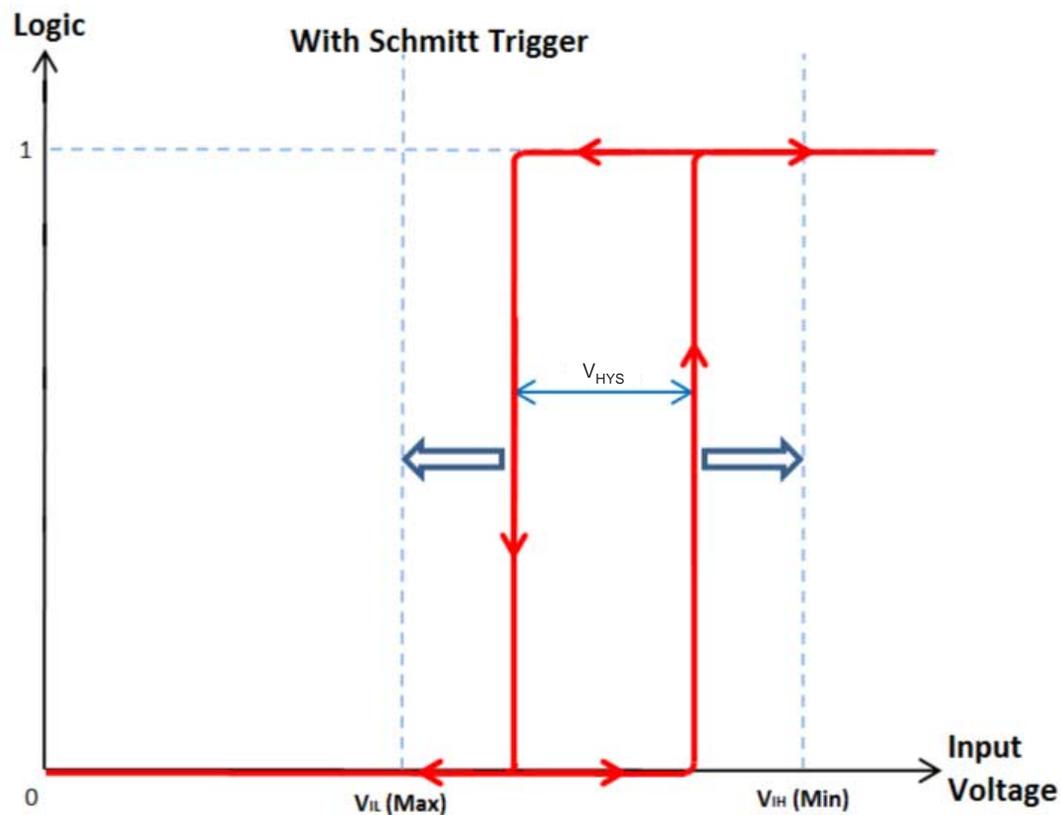
Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Calibration Accuracy	Unit
Series OCT with calibration at device power-up	3.00	±12	%
	2.50	±12	%
	1.80	±12	%
	1.50	±12	%
	1.35	±12	%
	1.20	±12	%

OCT Variation after Calibration at Device Power-Up

The OCT resistance may vary with the variation of temperature and voltage after calibration at device power-up.

Use the following table and equation to determine the final OCT resistance considering the variations after calibration at device power-up.

Figure 4. Schmitt Trigger Input Standard Voltage Diagram



I/O Standards Specifications

Tables in this section list input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Intel MAX 10 devices.

For minimum voltage values, use the minimum V_{CCIO} values. For maximum voltage values, use the maximum V_{CCIO} values.

You must perform timing closure analysis to determine the maximum achievable frequency for general purpose I/O standards.



Single-Ended I/O Standards Specifications

Table 20. Single-Ended I/O Standards Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices

To meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications, you must set the current strength settings accordingly. For example, to meet the 3.3-V LVTTTL specification (4 mA), you should set the current strength settings to 4 mA. Setting at lower current strength may not meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications in the datasheet.

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
3.3 V LVTTTL	3.135	3.3	3.465	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.45	2.4	4	-4
3.3 V LVCMOS	3.135	3.3	3.465	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	2	-2
3.0 V LVTTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	0.45	2.4	4	-4
3.0 V LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V LVTTTL and LVCMOS	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V LVTTTL and LVCMOS	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	2.25	0.45	$V_{CCIO} - 0.45$	2	-2
1.5 V LVCMOS	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	2	-2
1.2 V LVCMOS	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	2	-2
3.3 V Schmitt Trigger	3.135	3.3	3.465	-0.3	0.8	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	—	—	—	—
2.5 V Schmitt Trigger	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	—	—	—	—
1.8 V Schmitt Trigger	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	—	—	—	—
1.5 V Schmitt Trigger	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	—	—	—	—
3.0 V PCI	2.85	3	3.15	—	$0.3 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$0.1 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.9 \times V_{CCIO}$	1.5	-0.5



Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications

Table 21. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V) ⁽¹⁴⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.19	1.25	1.31	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.51 × V _{CCIO}	0.49 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.51 × V _{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.49 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.51 × V _{CCIO}	0.49 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.51 × V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 × V _{CCIO} ⁽¹⁵⁾	0.5 × V _{CCIO} ⁽¹⁵⁾	0.52 × V _{CCIO} ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	—
				0.47 × V _{CCIO} ⁽¹⁶⁾	0.5 × V _{CCIO} ⁽¹⁶⁾	0.53 × V _{CCIO} ⁽¹⁶⁾			
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.51 × V _{CCIO}	—	—	—

⁽¹⁴⁾ V_{TT} of transmitting device must track V_{REF} of the receiving device.

⁽¹⁵⁾ Value shown refers to DC input reference voltage, V_{REF(DC)}.

⁽¹⁶⁾ Value shown refers to AC input reference voltage, V_{REF(AC)}.



ADC Performance Specifications

Single Supply Devices ADC Performance Specifications

Table 34. ADC Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Single Supply Devices

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
ADC resolution		—	—	—	—	12	bits
ADC supply voltage		V_{CC_ONE}	—	2.85	3.0/3.3	3.465	V
External reference voltage		V_{REF}	—	$V_{CC_ONE} - 0.5$	—	V_{CC_ONE}	V
Sampling rate		F_S	Accumulative sampling rate	—	—	1	MSPS
Operating junction temperature range		T_J	—	-40	25	125	°C
Analog input voltage		V_{IN}	Prescaler disabled	0	—	V_{REF}	V
			Prescaler enabled ⁽³⁵⁾	0	—	3.6	V
Input resistance		R_{IN}	—	—	⁽³⁶⁾	—	—
Input capacitance		C_{IN}	—	—	⁽³⁶⁾	—	—
DC Accuracy	Offset error and drift	E_{offset}	Prescaler disabled	-0.2	—	0.2	%FS
			Prescaler enabled	-0.5	—	0.5	%FS
	Gain error and drift	E_{gain}	Prescaler disabled	-0.5	—	0.5	%FS
			Prescaler enabled	-0.75	—	0.75	%FS
	Differential non linearity	DNL	External V_{REF} , no missing code	-0.9	—	0.9	LSB
			Internal V_{REF} , no missing code	-1	—	1.7	LSB

continued...

⁽³⁵⁾ Prescaler function divides the analog input voltage by half. The analog input handles up to 3.6 V for the Intel MAX 10 single supply devices.

⁽³⁶⁾ Download the SPICE models for simulation.



Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	Integral non linearity	INL	—	-2	—	2	LSB
AC Accuracy	Total harmonic distortion	THD	$F_{IN} = 50 \text{ kHz}$, $F_S = 1 \text{ MHz}$, PLL	-65 ⁽³⁷⁾	—	—	dB
	Signal-to-noise ratio	SNR	$F_{IN} = 50 \text{ kHz}$, $F_S = 1 \text{ MHz}$, PLL	54 ⁽³⁸⁾	—	—	dB
	Signal-to-noise and distortion	SINAD	$F_{IN} = 50 \text{ kHz}$, $F_S = 1 \text{ MHz}$, PLL	53 ⁽³⁹⁾	—	—	dB
On-Chip Temperature Sensor	Temperature sampling rate	T_S	—	—	—	50	kSPS
	Absolute accuracy	—	-40 to 125°C, with 64 samples averaging ⁽⁴⁰⁾	—	—	±10	°C
Conversion Rate ⁽⁴¹⁾	Conversion time	—	Single measurement	—	—	1	Cycle
			Continuous measurement	—	—	1	Cycle
			Temperature measurement	—	—	1	Cycle

Related Information

[SPICE Models for Intel FPGAs](#)

⁽³⁷⁾ THD with prescaler enabled is 6dB less than the specification.

⁽³⁸⁾ SNR with prescaler enabled is 6dB less than the specification.

⁽³⁹⁾ SINAD with prescaler enabled is 6dB less than the specification.

⁽⁴⁰⁾ For the Intel Quartus Prime software version 15.0 and later, Modular ADC Core Intel FPGA IP and Modular Dual ADC Core Intel FPGA IP cores handle the 64 samples averaging. For the Intel Quartus Prime software versions prior to 14.1, you need to implement your own averaging calculation.

⁽⁴¹⁾ For more detailed description, refer to the Timing section in the *Intel MAX 10 Analog-to-Digital Converter User Guide*.



Dual Supply Devices ADC Performance Specifications

Table 35. ADC Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
ADC resolution		—	—	—	—	12	bits
Analog supply voltage		V_{CCA_ADC}	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
Digital supply voltage		V_{CCINT}	—	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
External reference voltage		V_{REF}	—	$V_{CCA_ADC} - 0.5$	—	V_{CCA_ADC}	V
Sampling rate		F_S	Accumulative sampling rate	—	—	1	MSPS
Operating junction temperature range		T_J	—	-40	25	125	°C
Analog input voltage		V_{IN}	Prescaler disabled	0	—	V_{REF}	V
			Prescaler enabled ⁽⁴²⁾	0	—	3	V
Analog supply current (DC)		I_{ACC_ADC}	Average current	—	275	450	µA
Digital supply current (DC)		I_{CCINT}	Average current	—	65	150	µA
Input resistance		R_{IN}	—	—	⁽⁴³⁾	—	—
Input capacitance		C_{IN}	—	—	⁽⁴³⁾	—	—
DC Accuracy	Offset error and drift	E_{offset}	Prescaler disabled	-0.2	—	0.2	%FS
			Prescaler enabled	-0.5	—	0.5	%FS
	Gain error and drift	E_{gain}	Prescaler disabled	-0.5	—	0.5	%FS
			Prescaler enabled	-0.75	—	0.75	%FS
	Differential non linearity	DNL	External V_{REF} , no missing code	-0.9	—	0.9	LSB

continued...

⁽⁴²⁾ Prescaler function divides the analog input voltage by half. The analog input handles up to 3 V input for the Intel MAX 10 dual supply devices.

⁽⁴³⁾ Download the SPICE models for simulation.



Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
		Internal V_{REF} , no missing code	-1	—	1.7	LSB	
	Integral non linearity	INL	—	—	2	LSB	
AC Accuracy	Total harmonic distortion	THD	$F_{IN} = 50 \text{ kHz}$, $F_S = 1 \text{ MHz}$, PLL	-70 ⁽⁴⁴⁾⁽⁴⁵⁾ ₍₄₆₎	—	—	dB
	Signal-to-noise ratio	SNR	$F_{IN} = 50 \text{ kHz}$, $F_S = 1 \text{ MHz}$, PLL	62 ⁽⁴⁷⁾⁽⁴⁸⁾⁽⁴⁶⁾	—	—	dB
	Signal-to-noise and distortion	SINAD	$F_{IN} = 50 \text{ kHz}$, $F_S = 1 \text{ MHz}$, PLL	61.5 ⁽⁴⁹⁾ ₍₅₀₎₍₄₆₎	—	—	dB
On-Chip Temperature Sensor	Temperature sampling rate	T_S	—	—	50	kSPS	
	Absolute accuracy	—	-40 to 125°C, with 64 samples averaging ₍₅₁₎	—	—	±5	°C

continued...

(44) Total harmonic distortion is -65 dB for dual function pin.

(45) THD with prescaler enabled is 6dB less than the specification.

(46) When using internal V_{REF} , THD = 66 dB, SNR = 58 dB and SINAD = 57.5 dB for dedicated ADC input channels.

(47) Signal-to-noise ratio is 54 dB for dual function pin.

(48) SNR with prescaler enabled is 6dB less than the specification.

(49) Signal-to-noise and distortion is 53 dB for dual function pin.

(50) SINAD with prescaler enabled is 6dB less than the specification.

(51) For the Intel Quartus Prime software version 15.0 and later, Modular ADC Core and Modular Dual ADC Core IP cores handle the 64 samples averaging. For the Intel Quartus Prime software versions prior to 14.1, you need to implement your own averaging calculation.



True PPDS and Emulated PPDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications

Table 36. True PPDS and Emulated PPDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices

True PPDS transmitter is only supported at bottom I/O banks. Emulated PPDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.

Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6, -A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f _{HCLK}	Input clock frequency (high-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	5	—	155	5	—	155	5	—	155	MHz
		×8	5	—	155	5	—	155	5	—	155	MHz
		×7	5	—	155	5	—	155	5	—	155	MHz
		×4	5	—	155	5	—	155	5	—	155	MHz
		×2	5	—	155	5	—	155	5	—	155	MHz
		×1	5	—	310	5	—	310	5	—	310	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate (high-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	100	—	310	100	—	310	100	—	310	Mbps
		×8	80	—	310	80	—	310	80	—	310	Mbps
		×7	70	—	310	70	—	310	70	—	310	Mbps
		×4	40	—	310	40	—	310	40	—	310	Mbps
		×2	20	—	310	20	—	310	20	—	310	Mbps
		×1	10	—	310	10	—	310	10	—	310	Mbps
f _{HCLK}	Input clock frequency (low-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	5	—	150	5	—	150	5	—	150	MHz
		×8	5	—	150	5	—	150	5	—	150	MHz
		×7	5	—	150	5	—	150	5	—	150	MHz
		×4	5	—	150	5	—	150	5	—	150	MHz
		×2	5	—	150	5	—	150	5	—	150	MHz
		×1	5	—	300	5	—	300	5	—	300	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate (low-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	100	—	300	100	—	300	100	—	300	Mbps
		×8	80	—	300	80	—	300	80	—	300	Mbps
		×7	70	—	300	70	—	300	70	—	300	Mbps

continued...



True RSDS and Emulated RSDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications

Single Supply Devices True RSDS and Emulated RSDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications

Table 37. True RSDS and Emulated RSDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Single Supply Devices

True **RSDS** transmitter is only supported at bottom I/O banks. Emulated **RSDS** transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.

Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6, -A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f _{HSCLK}	Input clock frequency (high-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×8	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×7	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×4	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×2	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×1	5	—	100	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate (high-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	100	—	100	100	—	100	100	—	100	Mbps
		×8	80	—	100	80	—	100	80	—	100	Mbps
		×7	70	—	100	70	—	100	70	—	100	Mbps
		×4	40	—	100	40	—	100	40	—	100	Mbps
		×2	20	—	100	20	—	100	20	—	100	Mbps
		×1	10	—	100	10	—	100	10	—	100	Mbps
f _{HSCLK}	Input clock frequency (low-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×8	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×7	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×4	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×2	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×1	5	—	100	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate (low-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	100	—	100	100	—	100	100	—	100	Mbps

continued...



Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t _{RISE}	Rise time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	–	500	–	–	500	–	–	500	–	ps
t _{FALL}	Fall time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	–	500	–	–	500	–	–	500	–	ps
t _{LOCK}	Time required for the PLL to lock, after CONF_DONE signal goes high, indicating the completion of device configuration	–	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	1	ms

Dual Supply Devices True LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications

Table 42. True LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices

True LVDS transmitter is only supported at the bottom I/O banks.

Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6			-A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f _{HCLK}	Input clock frequency	×10	5	–	360	5	–	340	5	–	310	5	–	300	MHz
		×8	5	–	360	5	–	360	5	–	320	5	–	320	MHz
		×7	5	–	360	5	–	340	5	–	310	5	–	300	MHz
		×4	5	–	360	5	–	350	5	–	320	5	–	320	MHz
		×2	5	–	360	5	–	350	5	–	320	5	–	320	MHz
		×1	5	–	360	5	–	350	5	–	320	5	–	320	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate	×10	100	–	720	100	–	680	100	–	620	100	–	600	Mbps
		×8	80	–	720	80	–	720	80	–	640	80	–	640	Mbps
		×7	70	–	720	70	–	680	70	–	620	70	–	600	Mbps
		×4	40	–	720	40	–	700	40	–	640	40	–	640	Mbps
		×2	20	–	720	20	–	700	20	–	640	20	–	640	Mbps

continued...



Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6			-A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
		×1	10	—	360	10	—	350	10	—	320	10	—	320	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	Duty cycle on transmitter output clock	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS ⁽⁶⁵⁾	Transmitter channel-to-channel skew	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
t _x Jitter ⁽⁶⁶⁾	Output jitter	—	—	—	380	—	—	380	—	—	380	—	—	380	ps
t _{RISE}	Rise time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{FALL}	Fall time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{LOCK}	Time required for the PLL to lock, after CONF_DONE signal goes high, indicating the completion of device configuration	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

⁽⁶⁵⁾ TCCS specifications apply to I/O banks from the same side only.

⁽⁶⁶⁾ TX jitter is the jitter induced from core noise and I/O switching noise.



Emulated LVDS_E_3R, SLVS, and Sub-LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications

Single Supply Devices Emulated LVDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications

Table 43. Emulated LVDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Single Supply Devices

Emulated LVDS_E_3R transmitters are supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.

Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f _{HCLK}	Input clock frequency (high-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	5	—	142.5	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×8	5	—	142.5	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×7	5	—	142.5	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×4	5	—	142.5	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×2	5	—	142.5	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×1	5	—	285	5	—	200	5	—	200	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate (high-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	100	—	285	100	—	200	100	—	200	Mbps
		×8	80	—	285	80	—	200	80	—	200	Mbps
		×7	70	—	285	70	—	200	70	—	200	Mbps
		×4	40	—	285	40	—	200	40	—	200	Mbps
		×2	20	—	285	20	—	200	20	—	200	Mbps
		×1	10	—	285	10	—	200	10	—	200	Mbps
f _{HCLK}	Input clock frequency (low-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	5	—	100	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×8	5	—	100	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×7	5	—	100	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×4	5	—	100	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×2	5	—	100	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
		×1	5	—	200	5	—	200	5	—	200	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate (low-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	100	—	200	100	—	200	100	—	200	Mbps

continued...



Device	CFM Data Size (bits)	
	Without Memory Initialization	With Memory Initialization
10M25	4,140,000	4,780,000
10M40	7,840,000	9,670,000
10M50	7,840,000	9,670,000

Internal Configuration Time

The internal configuration time measurement is from the rising edge of nSTATUS signal to the rising edge of CONF_DONE signal.

Table 53. Internal Configuration Time for Intel MAX 10 Devices (Uncompressed .rbf)

Device	Internal Configuration Time (ms)							
	Unencrypted				Encrypted			
	Without Memory Initialization		With Memory Initialization		Without Memory Initialization		With Memory Initialization	
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
10M02	0.3	1.7	—	—	1.7	5.4	—	—
10M04	0.6	2.7	1.0	3.4	5.0	15.0	6.8	19.6
10M08	0.6	2.7	1.0	3.4	5.0	15.0	6.8	19.6
10M16	1.1	3.7	1.4	4.5	9.3	25.3	11.7	31.5
10M25	1.0	3.7	1.3	4.4	14.0	38.1	16.9	45.7
10M40	2.6	6.9	3.2	9.8	41.5	112.1	51.7	139.6
10M50	2.6	6.9	3.2	9.8	41.5	112.1	51.7	139.6



Table 56. I/O Timing for Intel MAX 10 Devices

These I/O timing parameters are for the 3.3-V LVTTTL I/O standard with the maximum drive strength and fast slew rate for 10M08DAF484 device.

Symbol	Parameter	-C7, -I7	-C8	Unit
T _{su}	Global clock setup time	-0.750	-0.808	ns
T _h	Global clock hold time	1.180	1.215	ns
T _{co}	Global clock to output delay	5.131	5.575	ns
T _{pd}	Best case pin-to-pin propagation delay through one LUT	4.907	5.467	ns

Programmable IOE Delay

Programmable IOE Delay On Row Pins

Table 57. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Intel MAX 10 Devices

The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, refer to the **Assignment Name** column in the latest version of the Intel Quartus Prime software.

The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting '0' as available in the Intel Quartus Prime software.

Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Settings	Minimum Offset	Maximum Offset							Unit
				Fast Corner		Slow Corner					
				-I7	-C8	-A6	-C7	-C8	-I7	-A7	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	0.815	0.873	1.831	1.811	1.874	1.871	1.922	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	0.924	0.992	2.081	2.055	2.125	2.127	2.185	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.479	0.514	1.069	1.070	1.117	1.105	1.134	ns



Term	Definition
t _{DUTY}	HIGH-SPEED I/O Block: Duty cycle on high-speed transmitter output clock.
t _{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80–20%).
t _H	Input register hold time.
Timing Unit Interval (TUI)	HIGH-SPEED I/O block: The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and data sampling window. (TUI = 1/(Receiver Input Clock Frequency Multiplication Factor) = t _C /w).
t _{INJITTER}	Period jitter on PLL clock input.
t _{OUTJITTER_DEDCLK}	Period jitter on dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.
t _{OUTJITTER_IO}	Period jitter on general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.
t _{pllcin}	Delay from PLL inclk pad to I/O input register.
t _{pllcout}	Delay from PLL inclk pad to I/O output register.
t _{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20–80%).
t _{SU}	Input register setup time.
V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage: The minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage: The minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
V _{HYS}	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input.
V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
V _{ID}	Input differential Voltage Swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
V _{IH}	Voltage input high: The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage.
V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage.
V _{IL}	Voltage input low: The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
V _{IL (AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage.
V _{IL (DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage.
V _{IN}	DC input voltage.

continued...



Date	Version	Changes
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added –A6 speed grade in the following tables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Intel MAX 10 Device Grades and Speed Grades Supported – Series OCT without Calibration Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices – Clock Tree Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices – Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices – Memory Block Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices – True PPDS and Emulated PPDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices – True RSDS and Emulated RSDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices – Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices – True Mini-LVDS and Emulated Mini-LVDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices – True LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices – Emulated LVDS_E_3R, SLVS, and Sub-LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices – LVDS, TMDS, HiSpi, SLVS, and Sub-LVDS Receiver Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices – IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Intel MAX 10 Devices – IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Intel MAX 10 Devices • Updated the maximum value for input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter ($t_{INJITTER_CCJ}$) with $F_{INPFD} < 100$ MHz condition from 750 ps to ± 750 ps in PLL Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. • Updated the dual supply mode performance in Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. • Updated the dual supply mode performance in Memory Block Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. • Added typical specifications in Internal Oscillator Frequencies for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. • Updated specifications in UFM Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. • Updated sampling window specifications in LVDS, TMDS, HiSpi, SLVS, and Sub-LVDS Receiver Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices table. • Updated IOE programmable delay for row and column pins. • Changed instances of <i>Quartus II</i> to <i>Quartus Prime</i>.
June 2015	2015.06.12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated the maximum values in Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. • Removed Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor equation. • Updated the note for input resistance and input capacitance parameters in the ADC Performance Specifications table for both single supply and dual supply devices. Note: Download the SPICE models for simulation. • Added a note to AC Accuracy - THD, SNR, and SINAD parameters in the ADC Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices table. Note: When using internal V_{REF}, THD = 66 dB, SNR = 58 dB and SINAD = 57.5 dB for dedicated ADC input channels. • Updated clock period jitter and cycle-to-cycle period jitter parameters in the Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table.

continued...