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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

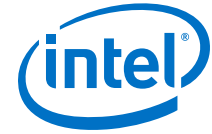
Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1563
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	25000
Total RAM Bits	691200
Number of I/O	178
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.15V ~ 1.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/10m25daf256i6g



- Subscript x refers to both V and T.
- ΔR_V is variation of resistance with voltage.
- ΔR_T is variation of resistance with temperature.
- dR/dT is the change percentage of resistance with temperature after calibration at device power-up.
- dR/dV is the change percentage of resistance with voltage after calibration at device power-up.
- V_1 is the initial voltage.
- V_2 is final voltage.

The following figure shows the example to calculate the change of 50 Ω I/O impedance from 25°C at 3.0 V to 85°C at 3.15 V.

Figure 2. Example for OCT Resistance Calculation after Calibration at Device Power-Up

$$\Delta R_V = (3.15 - 3) \times 1000 \times -0.027 = -4.05$$

$$\Delta R_T = (85 - 25) \times 0.25 = 15$$

Because ΔR_V is negative,

$$MF_V = 1/(4.05/100 + 1) = 0.961$$

Because ΔR_T is positive,

$$MF_T = 15/100 + 1 = 1.15$$

$$MF = 0.961 \times 1.15 = 1.105$$

$$R_{final} = 50 \times 1.105 = 55.25\Omega$$

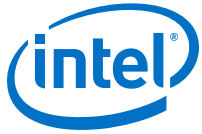


Table 19. Hysteresis Specifications for Schmitt Trigger Input for Intel MAX 10 Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Minimum	Unit
V _{HYS}	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input	V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	180	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	150	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V	120	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.5 V	110	mV

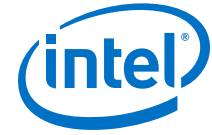


Figure 3. LVTTL/LVCMOS Input Standard Voltage Diagram

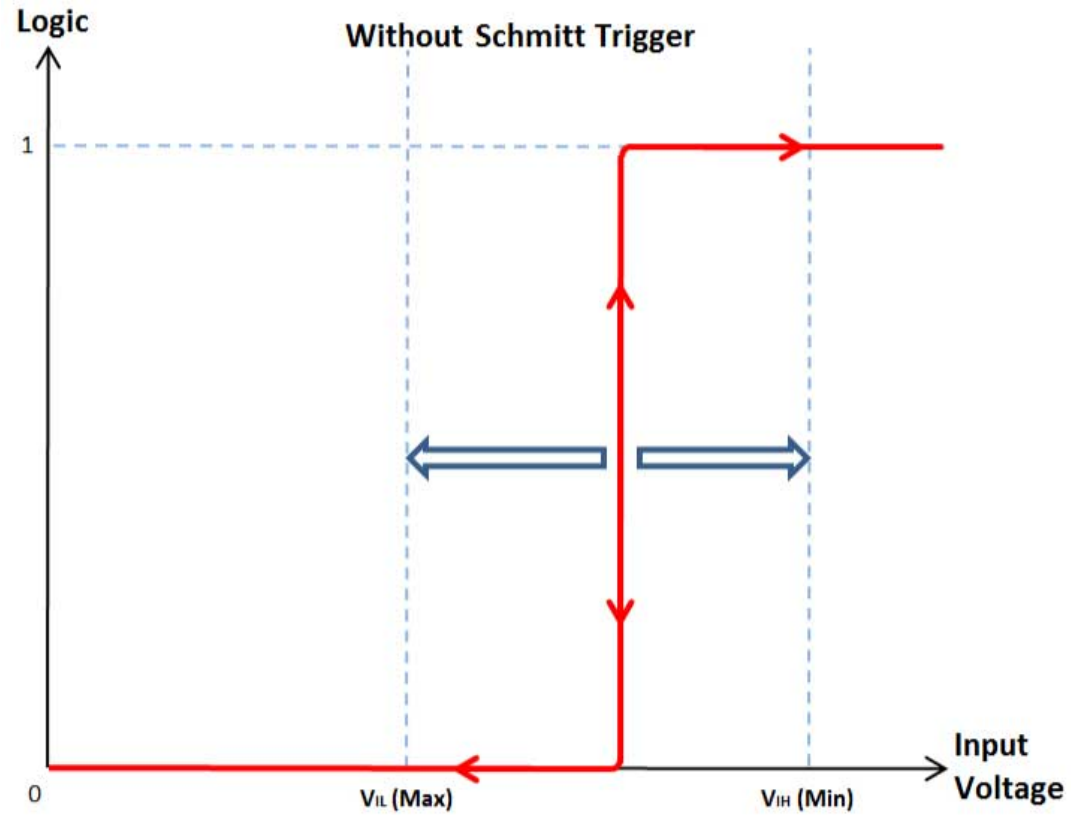
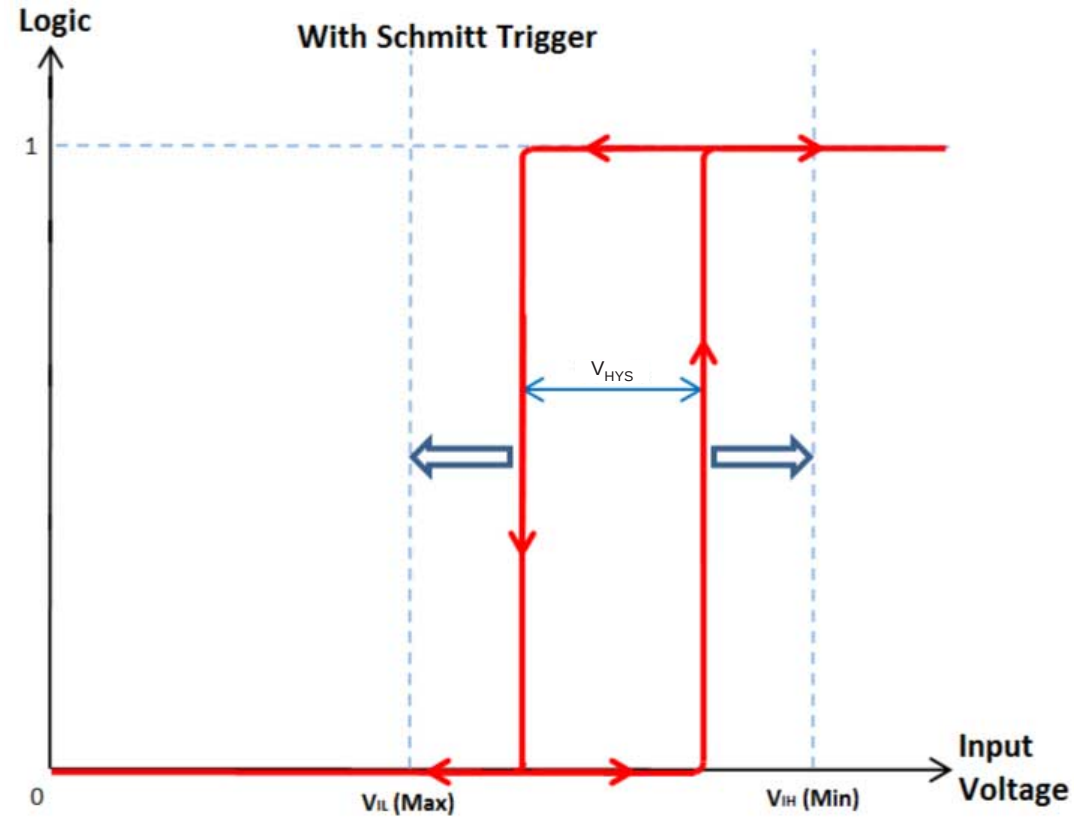


Figure 4. Schmitt Trigger Input Standard Voltage Diagram

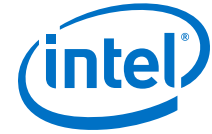


I/O Standards Specifications

Tables in this section list input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Intel MAX 10 devices.

For minimum voltage values, use the minimum V_{CCIO} values. For maximum voltage values, use the maximum V_{CCIO} values.

You must perform timing closure analysis to determine the maximum achievable frequency for general purpose I/O standards.

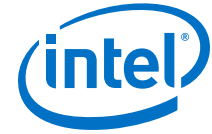


Single-Ended I/O Standards Specifications

Table 20. Single-Ended I/O Standards Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices

To meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications, you must set the current strength settings accordingly. For example, to meet the 3.3-V LVTTTL specification (4 mA), you should set the current strength settings to 4 mA. Setting at lower current strength may not meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications in the datasheet.

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
3.3 V LVTTTL	3.135	3.3	3.465	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.45	2.4	4	-4
3.3 V LVCMOS	3.135	3.3	3.465	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	2	-2
3.0 V LVTTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	0.45	2.4	4	-4
3.0 V LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V LVTTTL and LVCMOS	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V LVTTTL and LVCMOS	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	2.25	0.45	$V_{CCIO} - 0.45$	2	-2
1.5 V LVCMOS	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	2	-2
1.2 V LVCMOS	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	2	-2
3.3 V Schmitt Trigger	3.135	3.3	3.465	-0.3	0.8	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	—	—	—	—
2.5 V Schmitt Trigger	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	—	—	—	—
1.8 V Schmitt Trigger	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	—	—	—	—
1.5 V Schmitt Trigger	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	$0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	—	—	—	—
3.0 V PCI	2.85	3	3.15	—	$0.3 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$0.1 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.9 \times V_{CCIO}$	1.5	-0.5



I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{ID} (mV)		V _{ICM} (V) ⁽¹⁸⁾			V _{OD} (mV) ⁽¹⁹⁾⁽²⁰⁾			V _{OS} (V) ⁽¹⁹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
HiSpi	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 500 Mbps	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
						0.55	500 Mbps ≤ D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8						
						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						

Related Information

[Intel MAX 10 LVDS SERDES I/O Standards Support, Intel MAX 10 High-Speed LVDS I/O User Guide](#)
Provides the list of I/O standards supported in single supply and dual supply devices.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides the performance characteristics of Intel MAX 10 core and periphery blocks.

⁽¹⁸⁾ V_{IN} range: 0 V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 1.85 V.

⁽¹⁹⁾ R_L range: 90 ≤ R_L ≤ 110 Ω.

⁽²⁰⁾ Low V_{OD} setting is only supported for RSDS standard.

⁽²²⁾ No fixed V_{IN}, V_{OD}, and V_{OS} specifications for Bus LVDS (BLVDS). They are dependent on the system topology.

⁽²³⁾ Mini-LVDS, RSDS, and Point-to-Point Differential Signaling (PPDS) standards are only supported at the output pins for Intel MAX 10 devices.

⁽²⁴⁾ Supported with requirement of an external level shift

⁽²⁵⁾ Sub-LVDS input buffer is using 2.5 V differential buffer.

⁽²⁶⁾ Differential output depends on the values of the external termination resistors.

⁽²⁷⁾ Differential output offset voltage depends on the values of the external termination resistors.



Core Performance Specifications

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 26. Clock Tree Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices

Device	Performance					Unit
	-I6	-A6, -C7	-I7	-A7	-C8	
10M02	450	416	416	382	402	MHz
10M04	450	416	416	382	402	MHz
10M08	450	416	416	382	402	MHz
10M16	450	416	416	382	402	MHz
10M25	450	416	416	382	402	MHz
10M40	450	416	416	382	402	MHz
10M50	450	416	416	382	402	MHz

PLL Specifications

Table 27. PLL Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices

V_{CCD_PLL} should always be connected to V_{CCINT} through decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$f_{IN}^{(28)}$	Input clock frequency	—	5	—	472.5	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Phase frequency detector (PFD) input frequency	—	5	—	325	MHz
continued...						

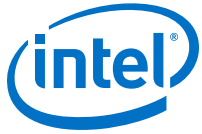
(28) This parameter is limited in the Intel Quartus Prime software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.



Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{VCO} ⁽²⁹⁾	PLL internal voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) operating range	—	600	—	1300	MHz
f_{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	—	40	—	60	%
$t_{INJITTER_CCJ}$ ⁽³⁰⁾	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter	$F_{INPFD} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	0.15	UI
		$F_{INPFD} < 100$ MHz	—	—	±750	ps
f_{OUT_EXT} ⁽²⁸⁾	PLL output frequency for external clock output	—	—	—	472.5	MHz
f_{OUT}	PLL output frequency to global clock	–6 speed grade	—	—	472.5	MHz
		–7 speed grade	—	—	450	MHz
		–8 speed grade	—	—	402.5	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output	Duty cycle set to 50%	45	50	55	%
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	—	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically	After switchover, reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters or delays, or when areset is deasserted	—	—	1	ms
$t_{OUTJITTER_PERIOD_IO}$ ⁽³¹⁾	Regular I/O period jitter	$F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	650	ps
		$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	75	mUI
$t_{OUTJITTER_CCJ_IO}$ ⁽³¹⁾	Regular I/O cycle-to-cycle jitter	$F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	650	ps
		$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	75	mUI

continued...

- ⁽²⁹⁾ The VCO frequency reported by the Intel Quartus Prime software in the PLL summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- ⁽³⁰⁾ A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source, which is less than 200 ps.
- ⁽³¹⁾ Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.



True RSDS and Emulated RSDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications

Single Supply Devices True RSDS and Emulated RSDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications

Table 37. True RSDS and Emulated RSDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Single Supply Devices

True **RSDS** transmitter is only supported at bottom I/O banks. Emulated **RSDS** transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.

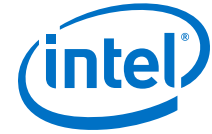
Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6, -A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f _{HSCLK}	Input clock frequency (high-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×8	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×7	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×4	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×2	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×1	5	—	100	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate (high-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	100	—	100	100	—	100	100	—	100	Mbps
		×8	80	—	100	80	—	100	80	—	100	Mbps
		×7	70	—	100	70	—	100	70	—	100	Mbps
		×4	40	—	100	40	—	100	40	—	100	Mbps
		×2	20	—	100	20	—	100	20	—	100	Mbps
		×1	10	—	100	10	—	100	10	—	100	Mbps
f _{HSCLK}	Input clock frequency (low-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×8	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×7	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×4	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×2	5	—	50	5	—	50	5	—	50	MHz
		×1	5	—	100	5	—	100	5	—	100	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate (low-speed I/O performance pin)	×10	100	—	100	100	—	100	100	—	100	Mbps
continued...												



Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6, -A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
		×4	40	—	300	40	—	300	40	—	300	Mbps
		×2	20	—	300	20	—	300	20	—	300	Mbps
		×1	10	—	300	10	—	300	10	—	300	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	Duty cycle on transmitter output clock	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS ⁽⁵⁷⁾	Transmitter channel-to-channel skew	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
t _{x Jitter} ⁽⁵⁸⁾	Output jitter (high-speed I/O performance pin)	—	—	—	425	—	—	425	—	—	425	ps
	Output jitter (low-speed I/O performance pin)	—	—	—	470	—	—	470	—	—	470	ps
t _{RISE}	Rise time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{FALL}	Fall time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{LOCK}	Time required for the PLL to lock, after CONF_DONE signal goes high, indicating the completion of device configuration	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

⁽⁵⁷⁾ TCCS specifications apply to I/O banks from the same side only.

⁽⁵⁸⁾ TX jitter is the jitter induced from core noise and I/O switching noise.



Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6, -A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
		×4	40	—	170	40	—	170	40	—	170	Mbps
		×2	20	—	170	20	—	170	20	—	170	Mbps
		×1	10	—	170	10	—	170	10	—	170	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	Duty cycle on transmitter output clock	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS ⁽⁵⁹⁾	Transmitter channel-to-channel skew	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
t _{x jitter} ⁽⁶⁰⁾	Output jitter (high-speed I/O performance pin)	—	—	—	425	—	—	425	—	—	425	ps
	Output jitter (low-speed I/O performance pin)	—	—	—	470	—	—	470	—	—	470	ps
t _{RISE}	Rise time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{FALL}	Fall time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{LOCK}	Time required for the PLL to lock, after CONF_DONE signal goes high, indicating the completion of device configuration	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

⁽⁵⁹⁾ TCCS specifications apply to I/O banks from the same side only.

⁽⁶⁰⁾ TX jitter is the jitter induced from core noise and I/O switching noise.



Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t _{RISE}	Rise time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{FALL}	Fall time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{LOCK}	Time required for the PLL to lock, after CONF_DONE signal goes high, indicating the completion of device configuration	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Dual Supply Devices True LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications

Table 42. True LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices

True LVDS transmitter is only supported at the bottom I/O banks.

Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6			-A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f _{HSCLK}	Input clock frequency	×10	5	—	360	5	—	340	5	—	310	5	—	300	MHz
		×8	5	—	360	5	—	360	5	—	320	5	—	320	MHz
		×7	5	—	360	5	—	340	5	—	310	5	—	300	MHz
		×4	5	—	360	5	—	350	5	—	320	5	—	320	MHz
		×2	5	—	360	5	—	350	5	—	320	5	—	320	MHz
		×1	5	—	360	5	—	350	5	—	320	5	—	320	MHz
HSIODR	Data rate	×10	100	—	720	100	—	680	100	—	620	100	—	600	Mbps
		×8	80	—	720	80	—	720	80	—	640	80	—	640	Mbps
		×7	70	—	720	70	—	680	70	—	620	70	—	600	Mbps
		×4	40	—	720	40	—	700	40	—	640	40	—	640	Mbps
		×2	20	—	720	20	—	700	20	—	640	20	—	640	Mbps

continued...



Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6			-A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
		×1	10	—	360	10	—	350	10	—	320	10	—	320	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	Duty cycle on transmitter output clock	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS ⁽⁶⁵⁾	Transmitter channel-to-channel skew	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
t _x Jitter ⁽⁶⁶⁾	Output jitter	—	—	—	380	—	—	380	—	—	380	—	—	380	ps
t _{RISE}	Rise time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{FALL}	Fall time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{LOCK}	Time required for the PLL to lock, after CONF_DONE signal goes high, indicating the completion of device configuration	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

⁽⁶⁵⁾ TCCS specifications apply to I/O banks from the same side only.

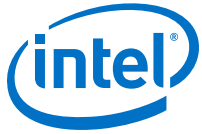
⁽⁶⁶⁾ TX jitter is the jitter induced from core noise and I/O switching noise.



Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
		×8	80	—	200	80	—	200	80	—	200	Mbps
		×7	70	—	200	70	—	200	70	—	200	Mbps
		×4	40	—	200	40	—	200	40	—	200	Mbps
		×2	20	—	200	20	—	200	20	—	200	Mbps
		×1	10	—	200	10	—	200	10	—	200	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	Duty cycle on transmitter output clock	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS ⁽⁶⁷⁾	Transmitter channel-to-channel skew	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
t _{x jitter} ⁽⁶⁸⁾	Output jitter	—	—	—	1,000	—	—	1,000	—	—	1,000	ps
t _{RISE}	Rise time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{FALL}	Fall time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{LOCK}	Time required for the PLL to lock, after CONF_DONE signal goes high, indicating the completion of device configuration	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

⁽⁶⁷⁾ TCCS specifications apply to I/O banks from the same side only.

⁽⁶⁸⁾ TX jitter is the jitter induced from core noise and I/O switching noise.



Symbol	Parameter	Mode	-I6, -A6, -C7, -I7			-A7			-C8			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
		×7	70	—	300	70	—	300	70	—	300	Mbps
		×4	40	—	300	40	—	300	40	—	300	Mbps
		×2	20	—	300	20	—	300	20	—	300	Mbps
		×1	10	—	300	10	—	300	10	—	300	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	Duty cycle on transmitter output clock	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS ⁽⁶⁹⁾	Transmitter channel-to-channel skew	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
t _{x jitter} ⁽⁷⁰⁾	Output jitter (high-speed I/O performance pin)	—	—	—	425	—	—	425	—	—	425	ps
	Output jitter (low-speed I/O performance pin)	—	—	—	470	—	—	470	—	—	470	ps
t _{RISE}	Rise time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{FALL}	Fall time	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{LOCK}	Time required for the PLL to lock, after CONF_DONE signal goes high, indicating the completion of device configuration	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

⁽⁶⁹⁾ TCCS specifications apply to I/O banks from the same side only.

⁽⁷⁰⁾ TX jitter is the jitter induced from core noise and I/O switching noise.



Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Intel MAX 10 devices support external memory interfaces up to 303 MHz. The external memory interfaces for Intel MAX 10 devices calibrate automatically.

The memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles.

The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY clock network.

DDR3 and LPDDR2 SDRAM memory interfaces are only supported on the fast speed grade device.

Table 48. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices

Parameter	Symbol	–6 Speed Grade		–7 Speed Grade		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–127	127	–215	215	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	—	242	—	360	ps

Related Information

[Literature: External Memory Interfaces](#)

Provides more information about external memory system performance specifications, board design guidelines, timing analysis, simulation, and debugging information.

Configuration Specifications

This section provides configuration specifications and timing for Intel MAX 10 devices.



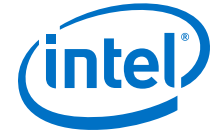
JTAG Timing Parameters

Table 49. JTAG Timing Parameters for Intel MAX 10 Devices

The values are based on $C_L = 10$ pF of TD0.

The affected Boundary Scan Test (BST) instructions are SAMPLE/PRELOAD, EXTEST, INTEST, and CHECK_STATUS.

Symbol	Parameter	Non-BST and non-CONFIG_IO Operation		BST and CONFIG_IO Operation		Unit
		Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
t_{JCP}	TCK clock period	40	—	50	—	ns
t_{JCH}	TCK clock high time	20	—	25	—	ns
t_{JCL}	TCK clock low time	20	—	25	—	ns
t_{JPSU_TDI}	JTAG port setup time	2	—	2	—	ns
t_{JPSU_TMS}	JTAG port setup time	3	—	3	—	ns
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	10	—	10	—	ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	15 (for $V_{CCIO} = 3.3, 3.0,$ and 2.5 V) 17 (for $V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V)	—	18 (for $V_{CCIO} = 3.3, 3.0,$ and 2.5 V) 20 (for $V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V)	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	15 (for $V_{CCIO} = 3.3, 3.0,$ and 2.5 V) 17 (for $V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V)	—	15 (for $V_{CCIO} = 3.3, 3.0,$ and 2.5 V) 17 (for $V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V)	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	15 (for $V_{CCIO} = 3.3, 3.0,$ and 2.5 V) 17 (for $V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V)	—	15 (for $V_{CCIO} = 3.3, 3.0,$ and 2.5 V) 17 (for $V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V)	ns



Programmable IOE Delay for Column Pins

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Intel MAX 10 Devices

The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, refer to the **Assignment Name** column in the latest version of the Intel Quartus Prime software.

The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting '0' as available in the Intel Quartus Prime software.

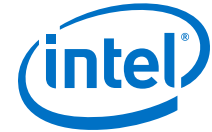
Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Settings	Minimum Offset	Maximum Offset							Unit
				Fast Corner		Slow Corner					
				−I7	−C8	−A6	−C7	−C8	−I7	−A7	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	0.81	0.868	1.823	1.802	1.864	1.862	1.912	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	0.914	0.981	2.06	2.032	2.101	2.102	2.161	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.435	0.466	0.971	0.97	1.013	1.001	1.028	ns



Term	Definition
V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission line at the transmitter. $V_{OD} = V_{OH} - V_{OL}$.
V _{OH}	Voltage output high: The maximum positive voltage from an output which the device considers is accepted as the minimum positive high level.
V _{OL}	Voltage output low: The maximum positive voltage from an output which the device considers is accepted as the maximum positive low level.
V _{OS}	Output offset voltage: $V_{OS} = (V_{OH} + V_{OL}) / 2$.
V _{OX (AC)}	AC differential Output cross point voltage: The voltage at which the differential output signals must cross.
V _{REF}	Reference voltage for SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards.
V _{REF(AC)}	AC input reference voltage for SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards. $V_{REF(AC)} = V_{REF(DC)} + \text{noise}$. The peak-to-peak AC noise on V _{REF} should not exceed 2% of V _{REF(DC)} .
V _{REF(DC)}	DC input reference voltage for SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards.
V _{SWING (AC)}	AC differential input voltage: AC Input differential voltage required for switching.
V _{SWING (DC)}	DC differential input voltage: DC Input differential voltage required for switching.
V _{TT}	Termination voltage for SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards.
V _{X (AC)}	AC differential Input cross point voltage: The voltage at which the differential input signals must cross.

Document Revision History for the Intel MAX 10 FPGA Device Datasheet

Document Version	Changes
2018.06.29	- Removed links on instant-on feature. - Added JTAG timing specifications term in <i>Glossary</i>. - Renamed the following IP cores as per Intel rebranding: - Renamed Altera Modular ADC IP core to Modular ADC core Intel FPGA IP core. - Renamed Altera Modular Dual ADC IP core to Modular Dual ADC core Intel FPGA IP core.



Date	Version	Changes
		- Added –A6 speed grade in the following tables: - Intel MAX 10 Device Grades and Speed Grades Supported - Series OCT without Calibration Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices - Clock Tree Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices - Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices - Memory Block Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices - True PPDS and Emulated PPDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices - True RSDS and Emulated RSDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices - Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices - True Mini-LVDS and Emulated Mini-LVDS_E_3R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices - True LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices - Emulated LVDS_E_3R, SLVS, and Sub-LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices - LVDS, TMDS, HiSpi, SLVS, and Sub-LVDS Receiver Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices - IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Intel MAX 10 Devices - IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Intel MAX 10 Devices - Updated the maximum value for input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter ($t_{INJITTER_CCJ}$) with $F_{INPFD} < 100$ MHz condition from 750 ps to ± 750 ps in PLL Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. - Updated the dual supply mode performance in Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. - Updated the dual supply mode performance in Memory Block Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. - Added typical specifications in Internal Oscillator Frequencies for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. - Updated specifications in UFM Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. - Updated sampling window specifications in LVDS, TMDS, HiSpi, SLVS, and Sub-LVDS Receiver Timing Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices table. - Updated IOE programmable delay for row and column pins. - Changed instances of <i>Quartus II</i> to <i>Quartus Prime</i>.
June 2015	2015.06.12	- Updated the maximum values in Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Intel MAX 10 Devices table. - Removed Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor equation. - Updated the note for input resistance and input capacitance parameters in the ADC Performance Specifications table for both single supply and dual supply devices. Note: Download the SPICE models for simulation. - Added a note to AC Accuracy - THD, SNR, and SINAD parameters in the ADC Performance Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Dual Supply Devices table. Note: When using internal V_{REF}, THD = 66 dB, SNR = 58 dB and SINAD = 57.5 dB for dedicated ADC input channels. - Updated clock period jitter and cycle-to-cycle period jitter parameters in the Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications for Intel MAX 10 Devices table.
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