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Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	3V ~ 3.6V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	64
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (14x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m4a3-128-64-10yi

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ispMACH™ 4A family from Lattice offers an exceptionally flexible architecture and delivers a superior Complex Programmable Logic Device (CPLD) solution of easy-to-use silicon products and software tools. The overall benefits for users are a guaranteed and predictable CPLD solution, faster time-to-market, greater flexibility and lower cost. The ispMACH 4A devices offer densities ranging from 32 to 512 macrocells with 100% utilization and 100% pin-out retention. The ispMACH 4A families offer 5-V (M4A5-xxx) and 3.3-V (M4A3-xxx) operation.

ispMACH 4A products are 5-V or 3.3-V in-system programmable through the JTAG (IEEE Std. 1149.1) interface. JTAG boundary scan testing also allows product testability on automated test equipment for device connectivity.

All ispMACH 4A family members deliver First-Time-Fit and easy system integration with pin-out retention after any design change and refit. For both 3.3-V and 5-V operation, ispMACH 4A products can deliver guaranteed fixed timing as fast as 5.0 ns t_{PD} and 182 MHz f_{CNT} through the SpeedLocking feature when using up to 20 product terms per output (Table 2).

Table 2. ispMACH 4A Speed Grades

Device	Speed Grade							
	-5	-55	-6	-65	-7	-10	-12	-14
M4A3-32 M4A5-32	C				C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-64/32 M4A5-64/32		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-64/64		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-96 M4A5-96		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-128 M4A5-128		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-192 M4A5-192			C		C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/128		C		C	C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-256/128				C	C	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/192 M4A3-256/160					C	C, I	I	
M4A3-384				C		C, I	C, I	I
M4A3-512					C	C, I	C, I	I

Note:

1. C = Commercial, I = Industrial

Table 4. Architectural Summary of ispMACH 4A devices

	ispMACH 4A Devices	
	M4A3-64/32, M4A5-64/32 M4A3-96/48, M4A5-96/48 M4A3-128/64, M4A5-128/64 M4A3-192/96, M4A5-192/96 M4A3-256/128, M4A5-256/128 M4A3-384 M4A3-512	M4A3-32/32 M4A5-32/32 M4A3-64/64 M4A3-256/160 M4A3-256/192
Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio	2:1	1:1
Input Switch Matrix	Yes	Yes ¹
Input Registers	Yes	No
Central Switch Matrix	Yes	Yes
Output Switch Matrix	Yes	Yes

The Macrocell-I/O cell ratio is defined as the number of macrocells versus the number of I/O cells internally in a PAL block (Table 4).

The central switch matrix takes all dedicated inputs and signals from the input switch matrices and routes them as needed to the PAL blocks. Feedback signals that return to the same PAL block still must go through the central switch matrix. This mechanism ensures that PAL blocks in ispMACH 4A devices communicate with each other with consistent, predictable delays.

The central switch matrix makes a ispMACH 4A device more advanced than simply several PAL devices on a single chip. It allows the designer to think of the device not as a collection of blocks, but as a single programmable device; the software partitions the design into PAL blocks through the central switch matrix so that the designer does not have to be concerned with the internal architecture of the device.

Each PAL block consists of:

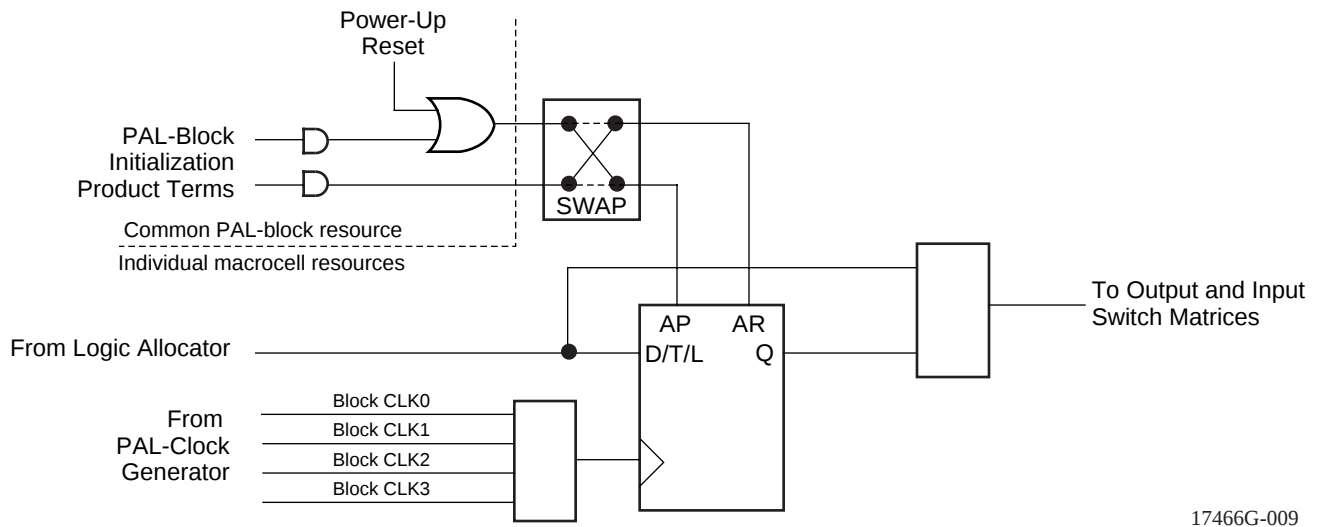
- ◆ Product-term array
- ◆ Logic allocator
- ◆ Macrocells
- ◆ Output switch matrix
- ◆ I/O cells
- ◆ Input switch matrix
- ◆ Clock generator

Notes:

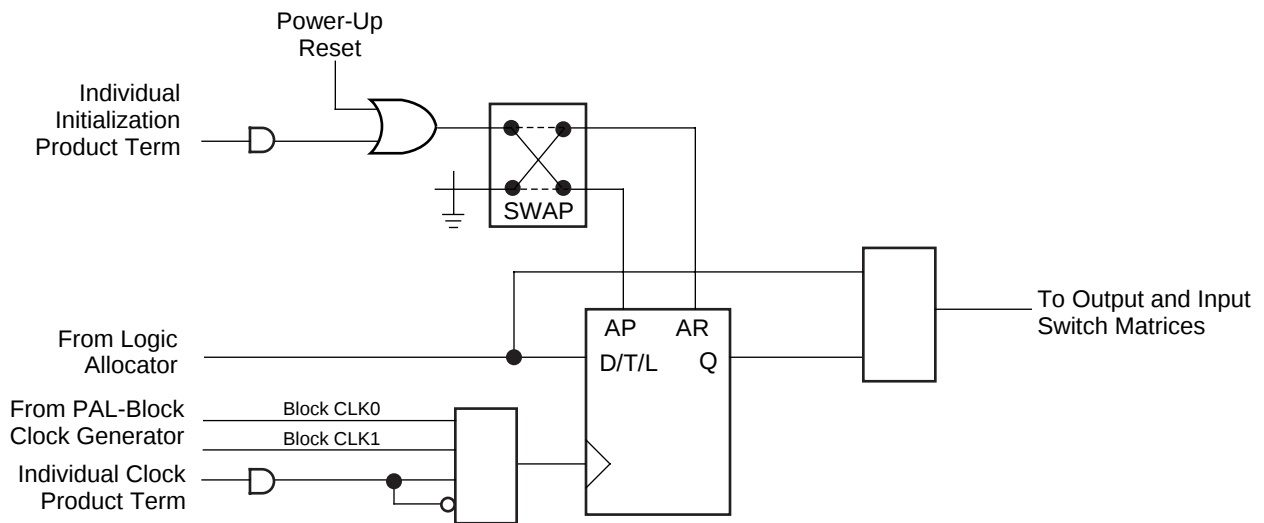
1. M4A3-64/64 internal switch matrix functionality embedded in central switch matrix.

Macrocell

The macrocell consists of a storage element, routing resources, a clock multiplexer, and initialization control. The macrocell has two fundamental modes: synchronous and asynchronous (Figure 5). The mode chosen only affects clocking and initialization in the macrocell.



a. Synchronous mode

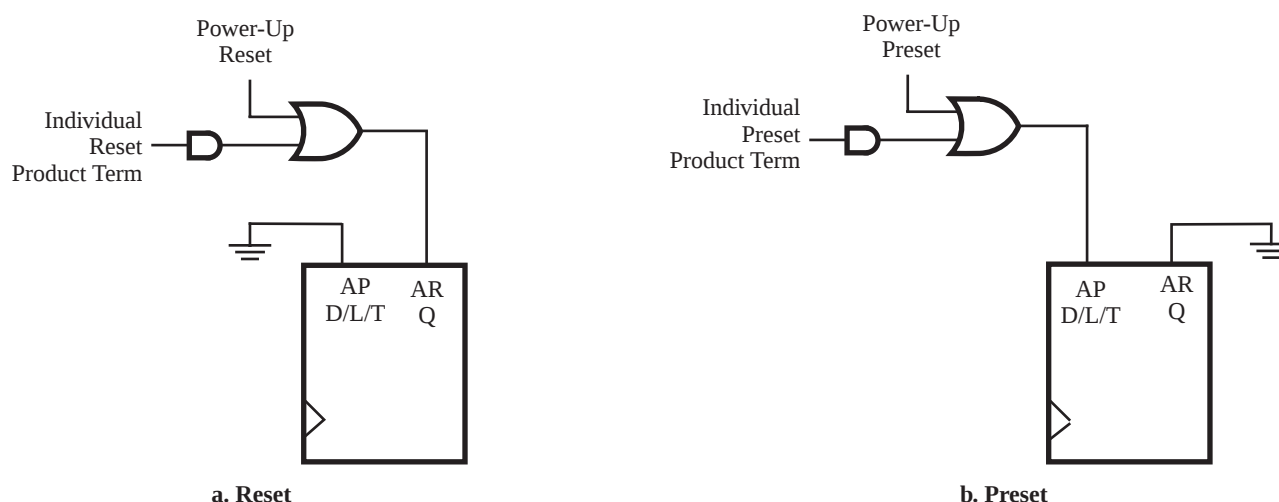


b. Asynchronous mode

Figure 5. Macrocell

In either mode, a combinatorial path can be used. For combinatorial logic, the synchronous mode will generally be used, since it provides more product terms in the allocator.

A reset/preset swapping feature in each macrocell allows for reset and preset to be exchanged, providing flexibility. In asynchronous mode (Figure 8), a single individual product term is provided for initialization. It can be selected to control reset or preset.



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Figure 8. Asynchronous Mode Initialization Configurations

Note that the reset/preset swapping selection feature effects power-up reset as well. The initialization functionality of the flip-flops is illustrated in Table 9. The macrocell sends its data to the output switch matrix and the input switch matrix. The output switch matrix can route this data to an output if so desired. The input switch matrix can send the signal back to the central switch matrix as feedback.

Table 9. Asynchronous Reset/Preset Operation

AR	AP	CLK/LE ¹	Q+
0	0	X	See Table 8
0	1	X	1
1	0	X	0
1	1	X	0

Note:

1. Transparent latch is unaffected by AR, AP

Table 10. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for ispMACH 4A Devices with 2:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
M12, M13	I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6
M14, M15	I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O0	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O1	M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9
I/O2	M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11
I/O3	M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13
I/O4	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O5	M0, M1, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O6	M0, M1, M2, M3, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O7	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M14, M15

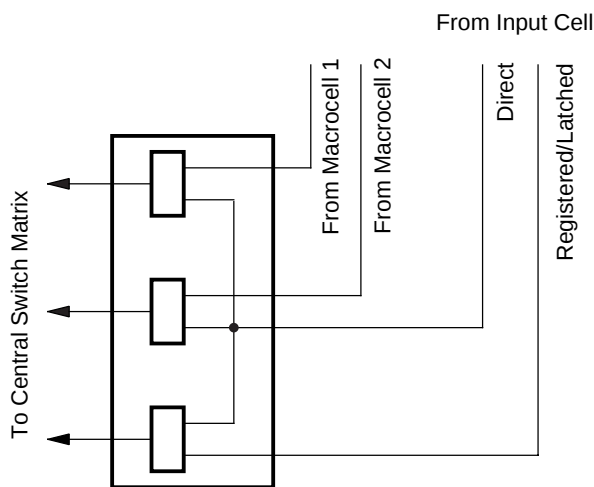
Table 11. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A3-256/160 and M4A3-256/192

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells							
M0	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	I/O6	I/O7
M1	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	I/O6	I/O7
M2	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	I/O6	I/O7
M3	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	I/O6	I/O7
M4	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	I/O6	I/O7
M5	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	I/O6	I/O7
M6	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	I/O6	I/O7
M7	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	I/O6	I/O7
M8	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15
M9	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15
M10	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15
M11	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15
M12	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15
M13	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15
M14	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15
M15	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells							
I/O0	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7
I/O1	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7
I/O2	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7
I/O3	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7
I/O4	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7
I/O5	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7
I/O6	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7
I/O7	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7

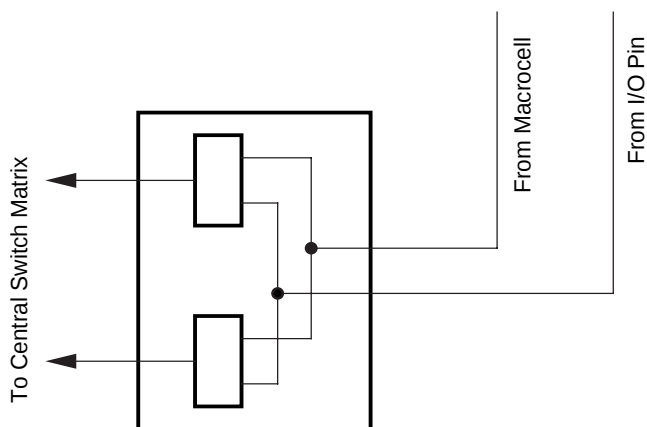
Input Switch Matrix

The input switch matrix (Figures 12 and 13) optimizes routing of inputs to the central switch matrix. Without the input switch matrix, each input and feedback signal has only one way to enter the central switch matrix. The input switch matrix provides additional ways for these signals to enter the central switch matrix.



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Figure 12. ispMACH 4A with 2:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio - Input Switch Matrix



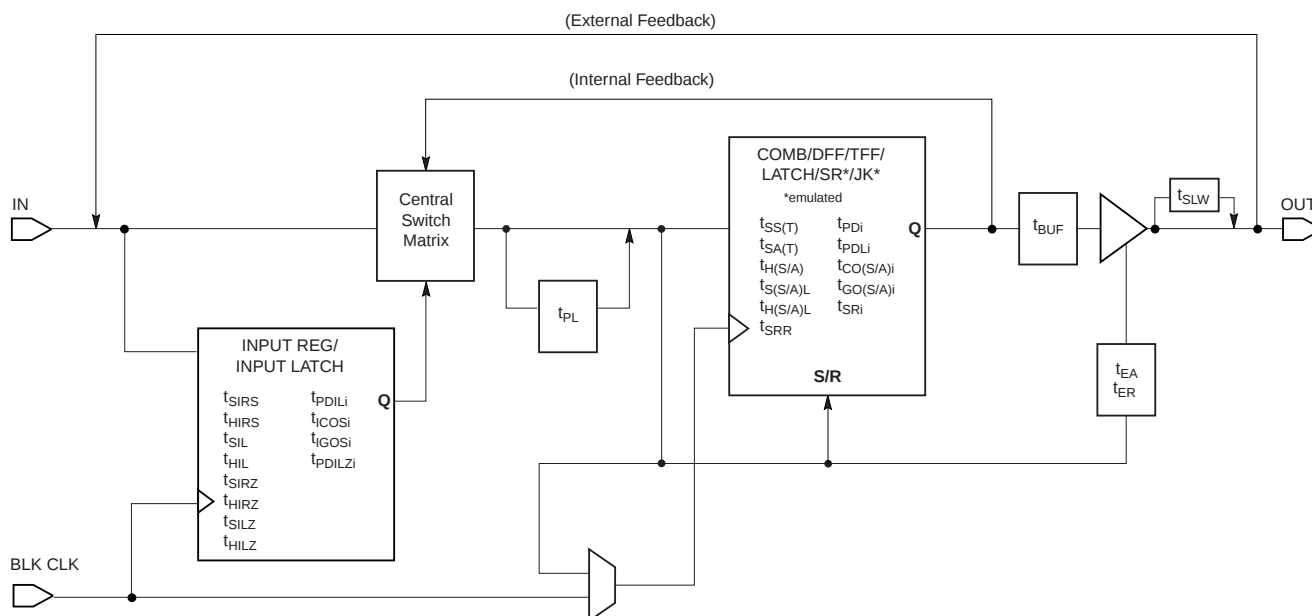
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Figure 13. ispMACH 4A with 1:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio - Input Switch Matrix

ispMACH 4A TIMING MODEL

The primary focus of the ispMACH 4A timing model is to accurately represent the timing in a ispMACH 4A device, and at the same time, be easy to understand. This model accurately describes all combinatorial and registered paths through the device, making a distinction between internal feedback and external feedback. A signal uses internal feedback when it is fed back into the switch matrix or block without having to go through the output buffer. The input register specifications are also reported as internal feedback. When a signal is fed back into the switch matrix after having gone through the output buffer, it is using external feedback.

The parameter, t_{BUF} , is defined as the time it takes to go from feedback through the output buffer to the I/O pad. If a signal goes to the internal feedback rather than to the I/O pad, the parameter designator is followed by an “i”. By adding t_{BUF} to this internal parameter, the external parameter is derived. For example, $t_{PD} = t_{PDi} + t_{BUF}$. A diagram representing the modularized ispMACH 4A timing model is shown in Figure 15. Refer to the application note entitled *MACH 4 Timing and High Speed Design* for a more detailed discussion about the timing parameters.



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Figure 15. ispMACH 4A Timing Model

SPEEDLOCKING FOR GUARANTEED FIXED TIMING

The ispMACH 4A architecture allows allocation of up to 20 product terms to an individual macrocell with the assistance of an XOR gate without incurring additional timing delays.

The design of the switch matrix and PAL blocks guarantee a fixed pin-to-pin delay that is independent of the logic required by the design. Other competitive CPLDs incur serious timing delays as product terms expand beyond their typical 4 or 5 product term limits. Speed and SpeedLocking combine to give designs easy access to the performance required in today's designs.

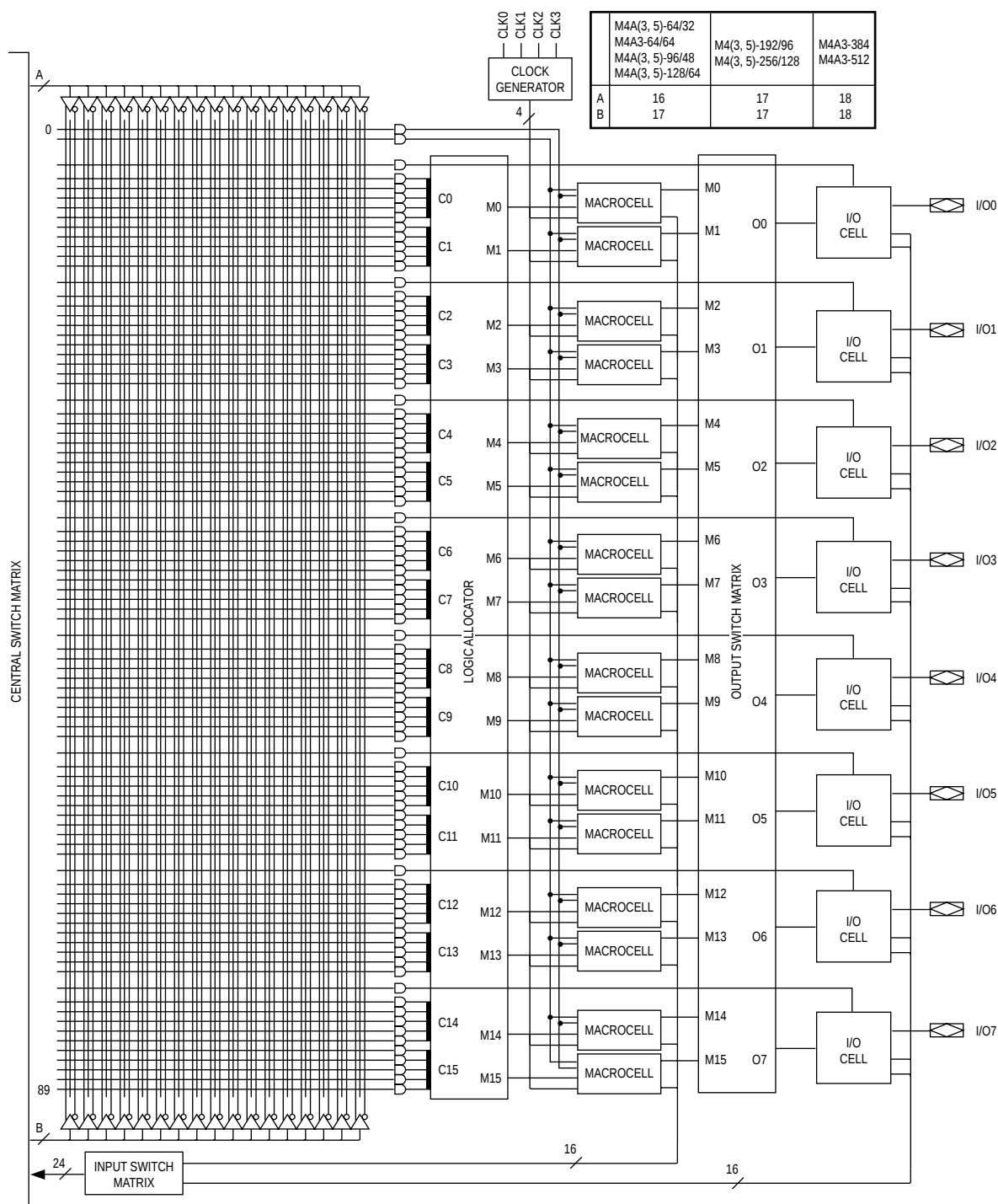
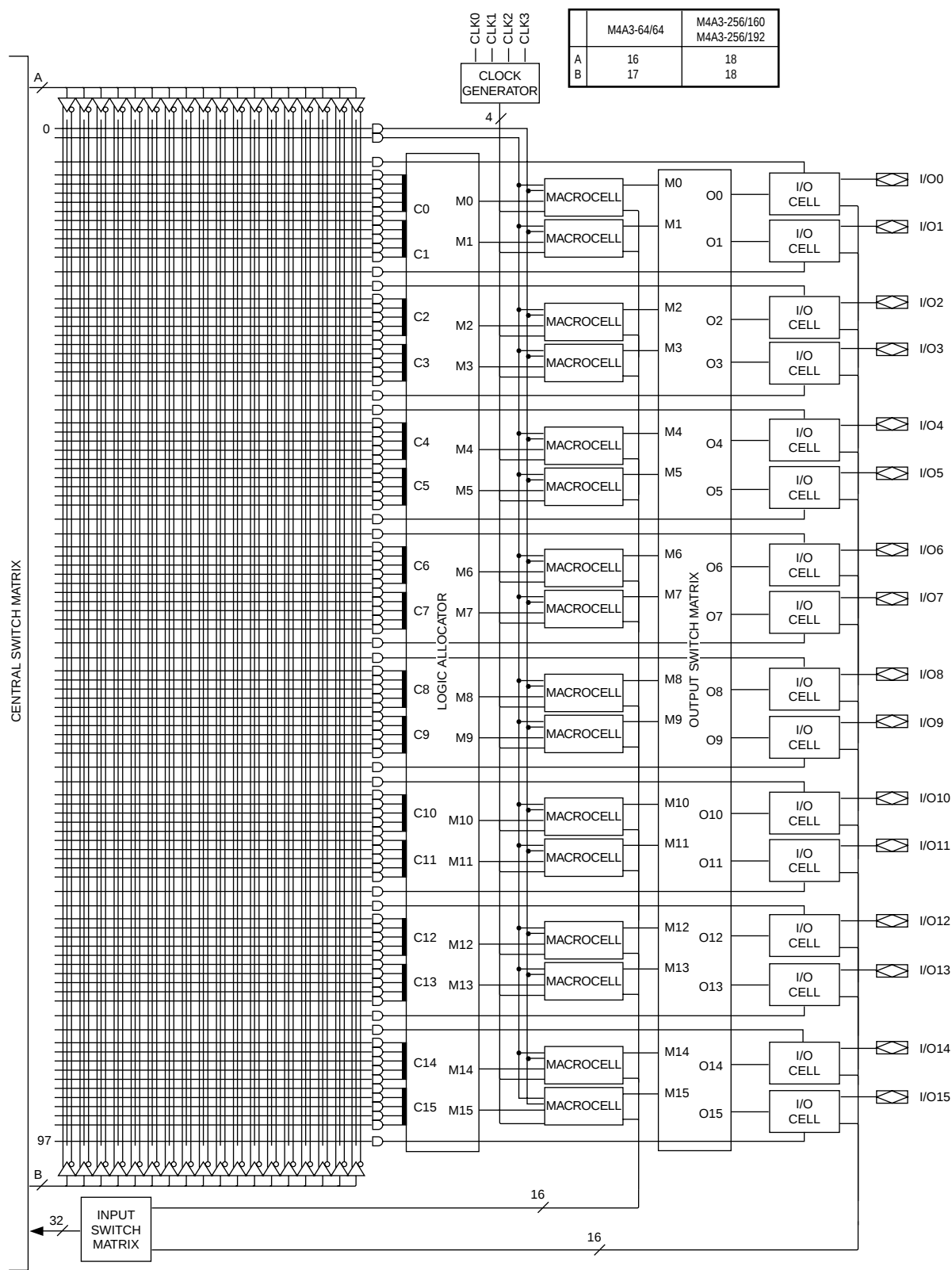


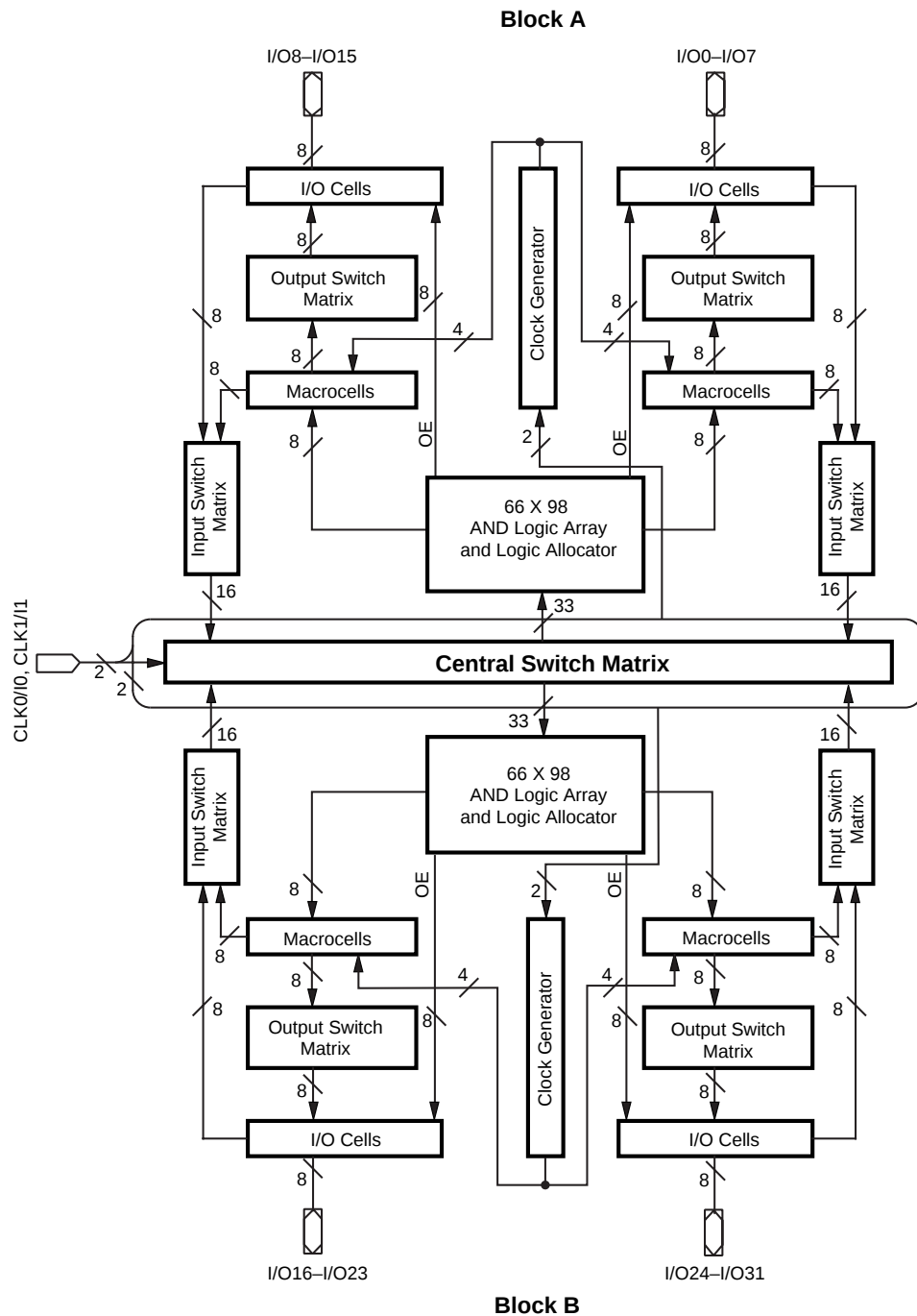
Figure 16. PAL Block for ispMACH 4A with 2:1 Macrocell - I/O Cell Ratio



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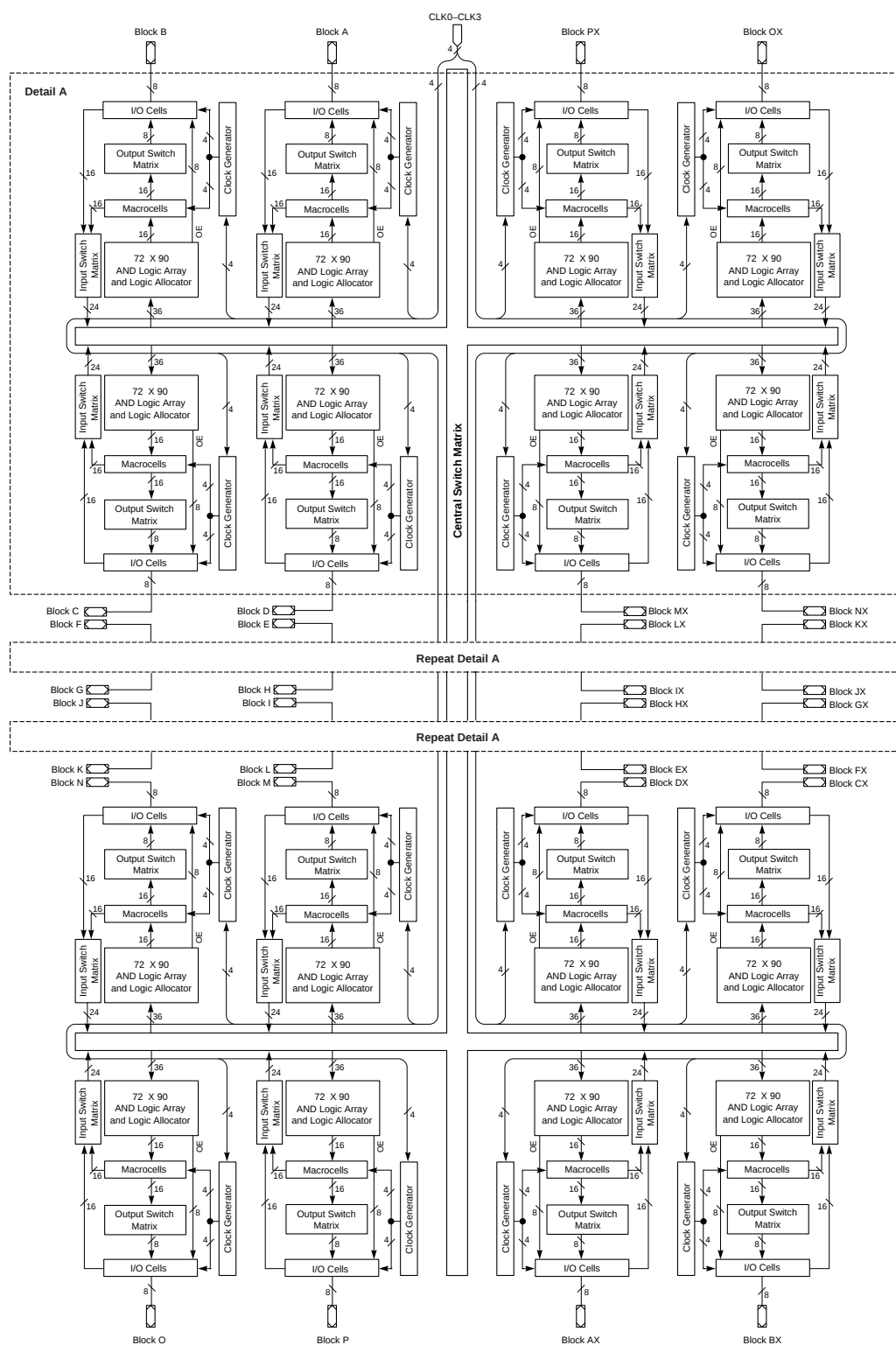
Figure 17. PAL Block for ispMACH 4A Devices with 1:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio (except M4A (3,5)-32/32)

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-32/32



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BLOCK DIAGRAM - M4A3-512/160, M4A3-512/192, M4A3-512/256



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ispMACH 4A TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES¹

		-5		-55		-6		-65		-7		-10		-12		-14		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Frequency:																		
f _{MAXS}	External feedback, D-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SS} + t _{COS})	143		133		125		118		95.2		87.0		74.1		60.6		MHz
	External feedback, T-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SST} + t _{COS})	125		125		118		111		87.0		80.0		69.0		57.1		MHz
	Internal feedback (f _{CNT}), D-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SS} + t _{COSi})	182		167		160		154		125		118		95.0		74.1		MHz
	Internal feedback (f _{CNT}), T-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SST} + t _{COSi})	154		154		148		143		111		105		87.0		69.0		MHz
	No feedback ² , Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}), 1/(t _{SS} + t _{HS}) or 1/(t _{SST} + t _{HS})	250		250		200		200		154		125		100		83.3		MHz
f _{MAXA}	External feedback, D-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SA} + t _{COA})	111		111		108		100		83.3		66.7		55.6		43.5		MHz
	External feedback, T-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SAT} + t _{COA})	105		105		102		95.2		76.9		62.5		52.6		41.7		MHz
	Internal feedback (f _{CNTA}), D-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SA} + t _{COAi})	133		133		125		125		105		83.3		66.7		50.0		MHz
	Internal feedback (f _{CNTA}), T-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SAT} + t _{COAi})	125		125		125		118		95.2		76.9		62.5		47.6		MHz
	No feedback ² , Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}), 1/(t _{SA} + t _{HA}) or 1/(t _{SAT} + t _{HA})	167		167		143		143		125		100		62.5		55.6		MHz
f _{MAXI}	Maximum input register frequency, Min of 1/(t _{WIRH} + t _{WIRL}) or 1/(t _{SIRS} + t _{HIRS})	167		167		143		143		125		100		83.3		83.3		MHz

Notes:

1. See "Switching Test Circuit" document on the Literature Download page of the Lattice web site.
2. This parameter does not apply to flip-flops in the emulated mode since the feedback path is required for emulation.

CAPACITANCE¹

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions		Typ	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN}=2.0\text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25°C, 1 MHz	6	pF
$C_{I/O}$	Output capacitance	$V_{OUT}=2.0\text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25°C, 1 MHz	8	pF

Note:

1. These parameters are not 100% tested, but are calculated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where this parameter may be affected.

I_{CC} vs. FREQUENCY

These curves represent the typical power consumption for a particular device at system frequency. The selected “typical” pattern is a 16-bit up-down counter. This pattern fills the device and exercises every macrocell. Maximum frequency shown uses internal feedback and a D-type register. Power/Speed are optimized to obtain the highest counter frequency and the lowest power. The highest frequency (LSBs) is placed in common PAL blocks, which are set to high power. The lowest frequency signals (MSBs) are placed in a common PAL block and set to lowest power.

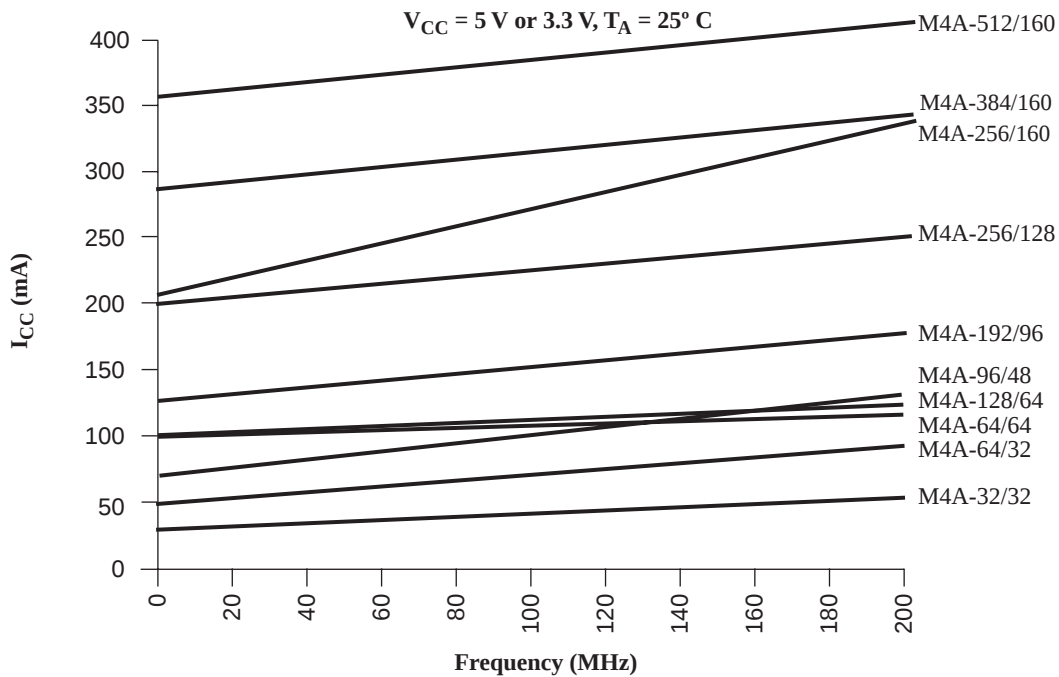


Figure 19. ispMACH 4A I_{CC} Curves at High Speed Mode

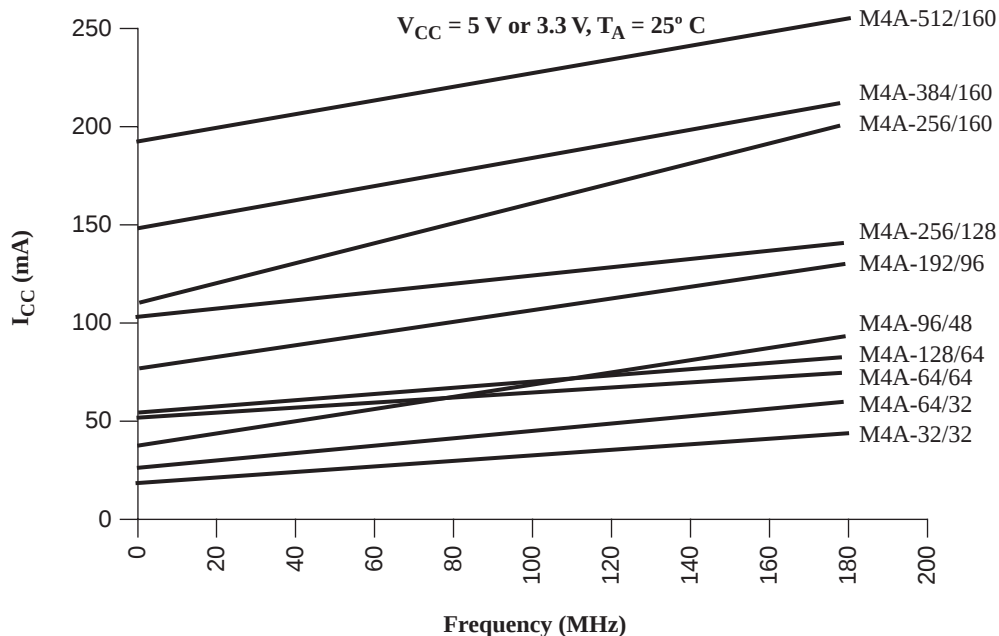
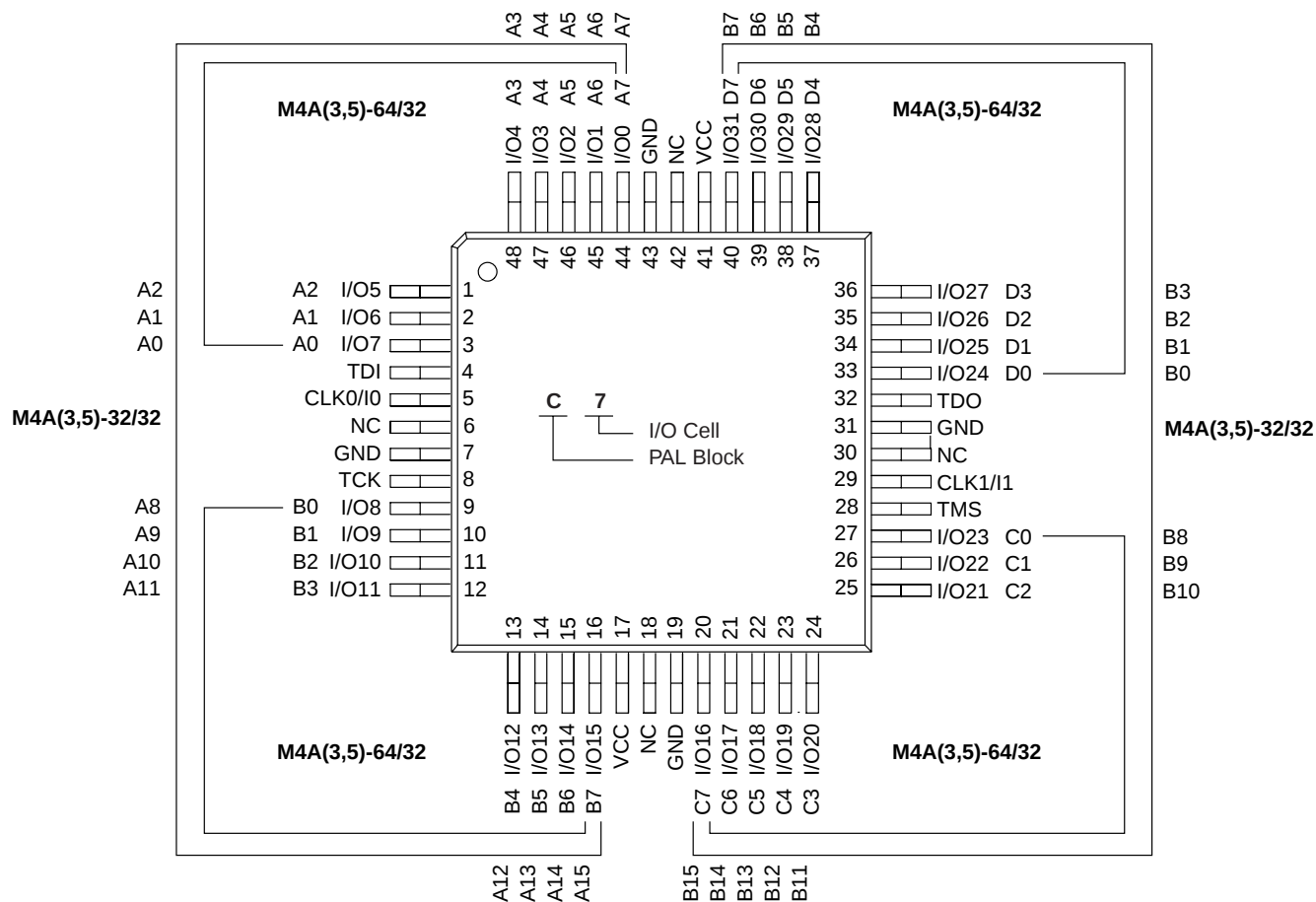


Figure 20. ispMACH 4A I_{CC} Curves at Low Power Mode

48-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-32/32 AND M4A(3,5)-64/32)

Top View

48-Pin TQFP (1.4mm Thickness)



17466G-028

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

I/O = Input/Output

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage

NC = No Connect

TDI = Test Data In

TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode Select

TDO = Test Data Out

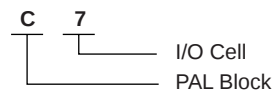
144-BALL FPBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-192/96)

Bottom View

144-Ball fpBGA													
	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	I/O72 L7	I/O76 L3	I13	GBCLK3	I0	I/O82 A2	I/O86 A6	I/O88 B0	I/O93 B5	I/O95 B7	GND	A
B	GND	I/O73 L6	I/O77 L2	I/O79 L0	VCC	I1	I/O83 A3	I/O87 A7	I/O90 B2	I/O94 B6	I/O0 D7	TDI	B
C	GND	TD0	I/O74 L5	I14	GND	I/O80 A0	I/O84 A4	GND	I/O92 B4	I/O1 D6	I/O4 D3	I/O3 D4	C
D	I/O67 K4	I/O69 K2	I/O71 K0	I/O75 L4	GBCLK0	I/O81 A1	VCC	I/O91 B3	I/O2 D5	I2	I/O6 D1	I/O7 D0	D
E	I12	I/O64 K7	I/O66 K5	I/O70 K1	I/O78 L1	I/O85 A5	I/O89 B1	I/O5 D2	I/O8 C7	I4	GND	VCC	E
F	I10	I11	GND	I/O65 K6	I/O68 K3	I15	I3	GND	I/O12 C3	I/O11 C4	I/O10 C5	I/O9 C6	F
G	I/O60 J3	I/O61 J2	I/O62 J1	I/O63 J0	VCC	GND	I7	I/O20 E3	I/O17 E6	I/O15 C0	I/O14 C1	I/O13 C2	G
H	I/O56 J7	I/O57 J6	I/O58 J5	I/O59 J4	I/O53 I2	I/O41 H1	I/O37 G5	I/O30 F1	I/O22 E1	I/O18 E5	I/O16 E7	VCC	H
J	I/O55 I0	I/O54 I1	VCC	I/O50 I5	I/O43 H3	VCC	I/O33 G1	GBCLK2	I/O27 F4	I/O23 E0	I/O21 E2	I/O19 E4	J
K	I/O51 I4	I/O52 I3	I/O49 I6	I/O44 H4	GND	I/O36 G4	I/O32 G0	VCC	I6	I/O26 F5	TCK	TMS	K
L	GND	I/O48 I7	I/O46 H6	I/O42 H2	I/O39 G7	I/O35 G3	I9	GND	I/O31 F0	I/O29 F2	I/O25 F6	GND	L
M	GND	I/O47 H7	I/O45 H5	I/O40 H0	I/O38 G6	I/O34 G2	I8	GBCLK1	I5	I/O28 F3	I/O24 F7	GND	M
	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock
 GND = Ground
 I = Input
 I/O = Input/Output
 N/C = No Connect
 VCC = Supply Voltage
 TDI = Test Data In
 TCK = Test Clock
 TMS = Test Mode Select
 TD0 = Test Data Out

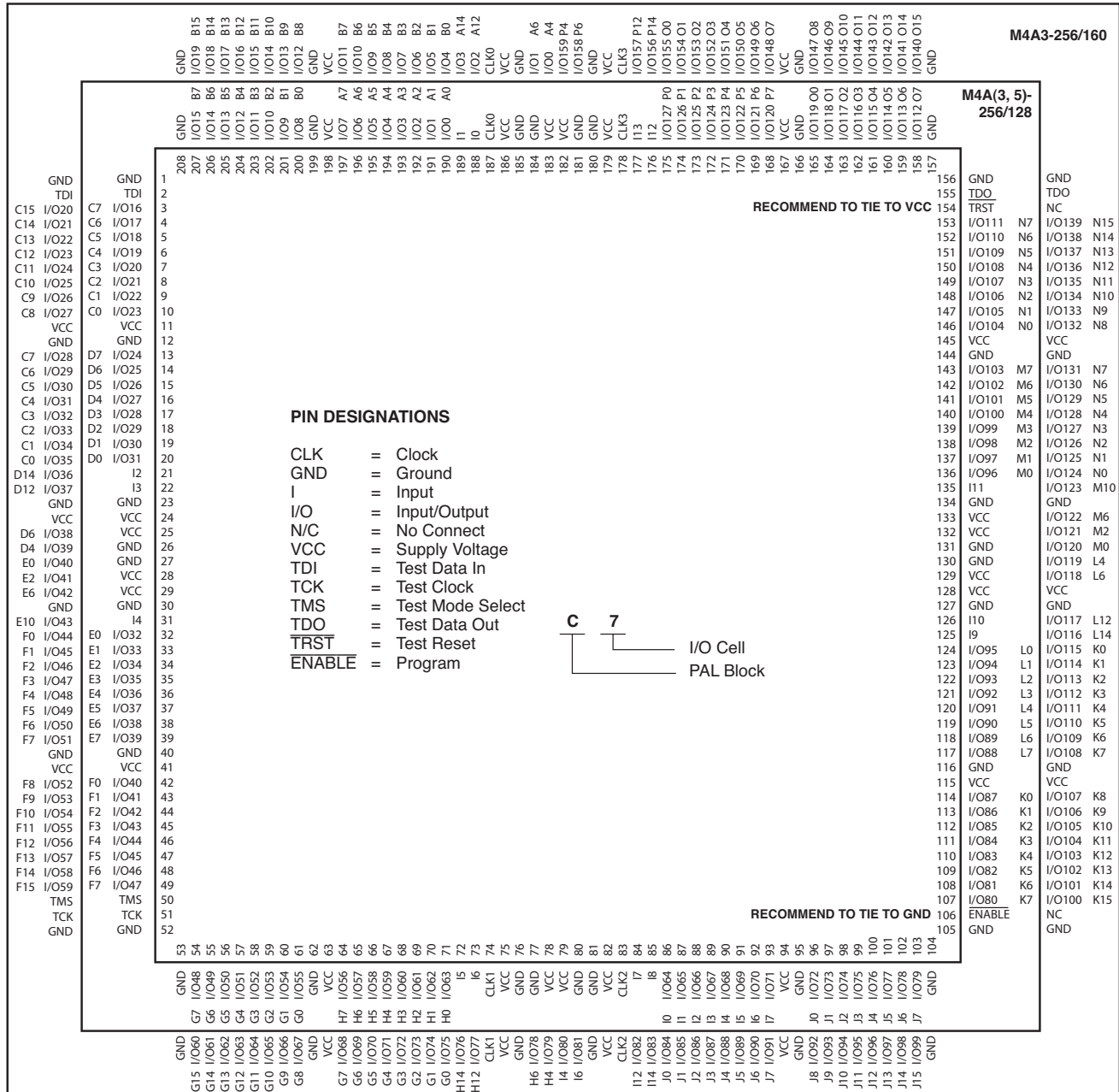


m4a3.192.96_144bga

208-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-256/128 AND M4A3-256/160)

Top View

208-Pin PQFP



17466G-044

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM - (M4A3-384/192)

Bottom View

256-Ball BGA

	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	I/O11 FX7	GND	I/O44 FX6	I/O58 CX6	GND	I/O70 CX2	I/O76 DX6	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O108 AX5	I/O116 BX0	GND	I/O128 BX7	I/O134 O3	GND	GND	GND	A
B	GND	I/O12 GX7	I/O28 FX5	I/O45 FX3	I/O59 CX7	I/O64 CX5	I/O71 CX3	I/O77 DX7	I/O84 DX5	I/O90 DX2	I/O96 AX0	I/O102 AX3	I/O109 AX6	I/O117 BX1	I/O122 BX4	I/O129 BX6	I/O135 O4	I/O148 O6	I/O164 O7	GND	B
C	I/O0 GX6	I/O13 GX5	VCC	I/O46 FX4	I/O60 FX2	I/O65 FX1	I/O72 CX4	I/O78 CX0	I/O85 DX4	I/O91 DX1	I/O97 AX1	I/O103 AX4	I/O110 BX2	I/O118 BX5	I/O123 O0	I/O130 O1	I/O136 O5	VCC	I/O165 N7	I/O181 N6	C
D	I/O1 EX7	I/O14 GX3	I/O29 GX4	VCC	VCC	I/O66 FX0	VCC	I/O79 CX1	I/O86 DX3	I/O92 DX0	I/O98 AX2	I/O104 AX7	I/O111 B3X	VCC	I/O124 O2	VCC	VCC	I/O149 N4	I/O166 N5	I/O182 P7	D
E	I/O2 EX0	I/O15 GX0	I/O30 GX1	TDI	PIN DESIGNATIONS CLK = Clock GND = Ground I = Input I/O = Input/Output N/C = No Connect VCC = Supply Voltage TDI = Test Data In TCK = Test Clock TMS = Test Mode Select TDO = Test Data Out C7 I/O Cell PAL Block												TDO	I/O150 N2	I/O167 N3	I/O183 P6	E
F	GND	I/O16 EX1	I/O31 EX6	I/O47 GX2													I/O137 N1	I/O151 N0	I/O168 P5	GND	F
G	I/O3 HX6	I/O17 EX4	I/O32 EX5	VCC													VCC	I/O152 P4	I/O169 P3	I/O184 M7	G
H	GND	I/O18 HX5	I/O33 EX2	I/O48 EX3													I/O138 P2	I/O153 P1	I/O170 P0	GND	H
J	I/O4 HX0	I/O19 HX1	I/O34 HX4	I/O49 HX7													I/O139 M6	I/O154 M5	I/O171 M4	I/O185 M3	J
K	GND	CLK3	I/O35 HX2	I/O50 HX3													I/O140 M0	I/O155 M1	CLK2	I/O186 M2	K
L	I/O5 A2	CLK0	I/O36 A0	I/O51 A1													I/O141 L3	I/O156 L4	CLK1	GND	L
M	I/O6 A4	I/O20 A3	I/O37 A5	I/O52 A6													I/O142 L6	I/O157 L5	I/O172 L0	I/O187 L1	M
N	GND	I/O21 A7	I/O38 D0	I/O53 D1	I/O143 I5	I/O158 I0	I/O173 L7	GND	N												
P	I/O7 D2	I/O22 D3	I/O39 D4	VCC	VCC	I/O159 I4	I/O174 I1	I/O188 L2	P												
R	GND	I/O23 D5	I/O40 D6	I/O54 D7	I/O144 K5	I/O160 K0	I/O175 I3	GND	R												
T	I/O8 B3	I/O24 B0	I/O41 B7	TCK	TMS	I/O161 K4	I/O176 K1	I/O189 I2	T												
U	I/O9 B4	I/O25 B1	I/O42 B6	VCC	VCC	I/O67 C0	VCC	I/O80 F0	I/O87 E5	I/O93 E2	I/O99 H2	I/O105 H5	I/O112 G0	VCC	I/O125 J1	VCC	VCC	I/O162 K7	I/O177 K2	I/O190 I6	U
V	I/O10 B5	I/O26 B2	VCC	I/O55 C5	I/O61 C2	I/O68 C1	I/O73 F4	I/O81 F1	I/O88 E4	I/O94 E1	I/O100 H1	I/O106 H4	I/O113 G1	I/O119 G4	I/O126 J0	I/O131 J2	I/O145 J5	VCC	I/O178 K3	I/O191 I7	V
W	GND	I/O27 C7	I/O43 C6	I/O56 C3	I/O62 F7	I/O69 F5	I/O74 F3	I/O82 E7	I/O89 E3	I/O95 E0	I/O101 H0	I/O107 H3	I/O114 H7	I/O120 G3	I/O127 G5	I/O132 G7	I/O146 J4	I/O163 J6	I/O179 J7	GND	W
Y	GND	GND	GND	I/O57 C4	I/O63 F6	GND	I/O75 F2	I/O83 E6	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O115 H6	I/O121 G2	GND	I/O133 G6	I/O147 J3	GND	I/O180 K6	GND	Y
	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

17466G-046

ispMACH 4A PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION

ispMACH 4A Devices Commercial and Industrial - 3.3V and 5V

Lattice programmable logic products are available with several ordering options. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:

		M4A3-	256	/	128	-7	Y	C	
									48 = 48-pin TQFP for M4A3-32/32 or M4A3-64/32 M4A5-32/32 or M4A5-64/32
FAMILY TYPE									
M4A3- = ispMACH 4A Family Low Voltage Advanced Feature (3.3-V V _{CC})									
M4A5- = ispMACH 4A Family Advanced Feature (5-V V _{CC})									
MACROCELL DENSITY									
32	= 32 Macrocells	192	= 192 Macrocells						
64	= 64 Macrocells	256	= 256 Macrocells						
96	= 96 Macrocells	384	= 384 Macrocells						
128	= 128 Macrocells	512	= 512 Macrocells						
I/Os									
/32	= 32 I/Os in 44-pin PLCC, 44-pin TQFP or 48-pin TQFP								
/48	= 48 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP								
/64	= 64 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP, 100-pin PQFP, or 100-ball caBGA								
/96	= 96 I/Os in 144-pin TQFP or 144-ball fpBGA								
/128	= 128 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP, 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA								
/160	= 160 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP								
/192	= 192 I/Os in 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA								
/256	= 256 I/Os in 388-ball fpBGA								
		OPERATING CONDITIONS							
		C = Commercial (0°C to +70°C)							
		I = Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)							
		PACKAGE TYPE							
		SA = Ball Grid Array (BGA)							
		J = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)							
		JN = Lead-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)							
		V = Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)							
		VN = Lead-free Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)							
		Y = Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)							
		YN = Lead-free Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)							
		FA = Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)							
		FAN = Lead-free Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)							
		CA = Chip-array Ball Grid Array (caBGA)							
		SPEED							
		-5 = 5.0 ns t _{PD}							
		-55 = 5.5 ns t _{PD}							
		-6 = 6.0 ns t _{PD}							
		-65 = 6.5 ns t _{PD}							
		-7 = 7.5 ns t _{PD}							
		-10 = 10 ns t _{PD}							
		-12 = 12 ns t _{PD}							
		-14 = 14 ns t _{PD}							

*Package obsolete, contact factory.

*Package obsolete, contact factory.

Conventional Packaging

3.3V Commercial Combinations			3.3V Industrial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-5, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48	M4A3-32/32	-7, -10, -12	JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/32	-55, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48	M4A3-64/32		JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/64		VC	M4A3-64/64		VI
M4A3-96/48		VC	M4A3-96/48		VI
M4A3-128/64		YC, VC, CAC	M4A3-128/64		YI, VI, CAI
M4A3-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VC, FAC	M4A3-192/96		VI, FAI
M4A3-256/128	-55, -65 ¹ , -7, -10	YC, FAC, SAC	M4A3-256/128	-10, -12	YI, FAI, SAI
M4A3-256/160	-7, -10	YC	M4A3-256/160		YI
M4A3-256/192		FAC	M4A3-256/192	-10, -12, -14	FAI
M4A3-384/160	-65, -10, -12	YC	M4A3-384/160		YI
M4A3-384/192		SAC, FAC	M4A3-384/192		FAI
M4A3-512/160	-7, -10, -12	YC	M4A3-512/160		YI
M4A3-512/192		FAC	M4A3-512/192		FAI
M4A3-512/256		FAC	M4A3-512/256		FAI

1. Use 5.5ns for new designs.

Revision History

Date	Version	Change Summary
-	K	Previous Lattice release.
August 2006	L	Updated for lead-free package options.
September 2006	M	Revised M4A3-256/160 208-pin PQFP connection diagram.