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Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	3V ~ 3.6V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	192
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	96
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m4a3-192-96-10vc

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ispMACH™ 4A family from Lattice offers an exceptionally flexible architecture and delivers a superior Complex Programmable Logic Device (CPLD) solution of easy-to-use silicon products and software tools. The overall benefits for users are a guaranteed and predictable CPLD solution, faster time-to-market, greater flexibility and lower cost. The ispMACH 4A devices offer densities ranging from 32 to 512 macrocells with 100% utilization and 100% pin-out retention. The ispMACH 4A families offer 5-V (M4A5-xxx) and 3.3-V (M4A3-xxx) operation.

ispMACH 4A products are 5-V or 3.3-V in-system programmable through the JTAG (IEEE Std. 1149.1) interface. JTAG boundary scan testing also allows product testability on automated test equipment for device connectivity.

All ispMACH 4A family members deliver First-Time-Fit and easy system integration with pin-out retention after any design change and refit. For both 3.3-V and 5-V operation, ispMACH 4A products can deliver guaranteed fixed timing as fast as 5.0 ns t_{PD} and 182 MHz f_{CNT} through the SpeedLocking feature when using up to 20 product terms per output (Table 2).

Table 2. ispMACH 4A Speed Grades

Device	Speed Grade							
	-5	-55	-6	-65	-7	-10	-12	-14
M4A3-32 M4A5-32	C				C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-64/32 M4A5-64/32		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-64/64		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-96 M4A5-96		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-128 M4A5-128		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-192 M4A5-192			C		C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/128		C		C	C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-256/128				C	C	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/192 M4A3-256/160					C	C, I	I	
M4A3-384				C		C, I	C, I	I
M4A3-512					C	C, I	C, I	I

Note:

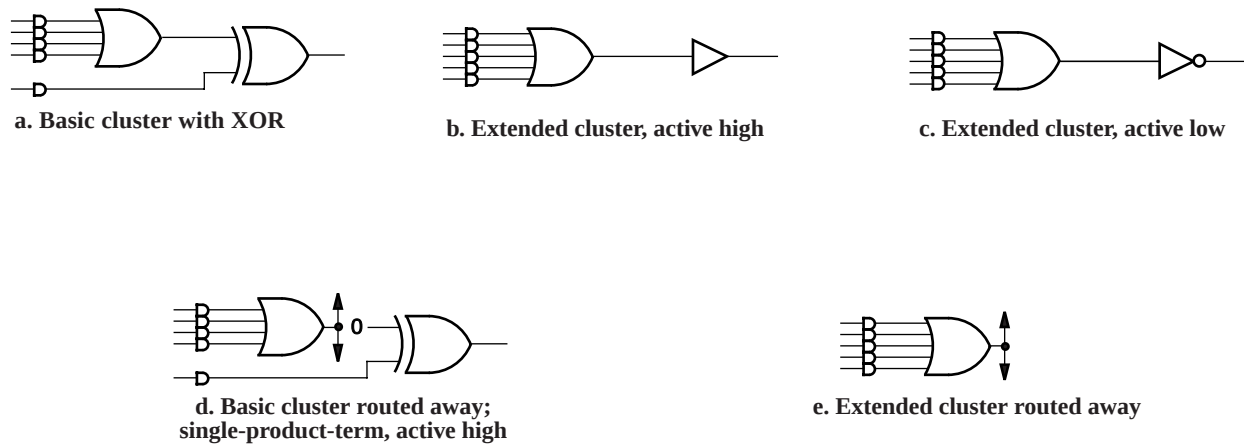
1. C = Commercial, I = Industrial

The ispMACH 4A family offers 20 density-I/O combinations in Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP), Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP), Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC), Ball Grid Array (BGA), fine-pitch BGA (fpBGA), and chip-array BGA (caBGA) packages ranging from 44 to 388 pins (Table 3). It also offers I/O safety features for mixed-voltage designs so that the 3.3-V devices can accept 5-V inputs, and 5-V devices do not overdrive 3.3-V inputs. Additional features include Bus-Friendly inputs and I/Os, a programmable power-down mode for extra power savings and individual output slew rate control for the highest speed transition or for the lowest noise transition.

Table 3. ispMACH 4A Package and I/O Options (Number of I/Os and dedicated inputs in Table)

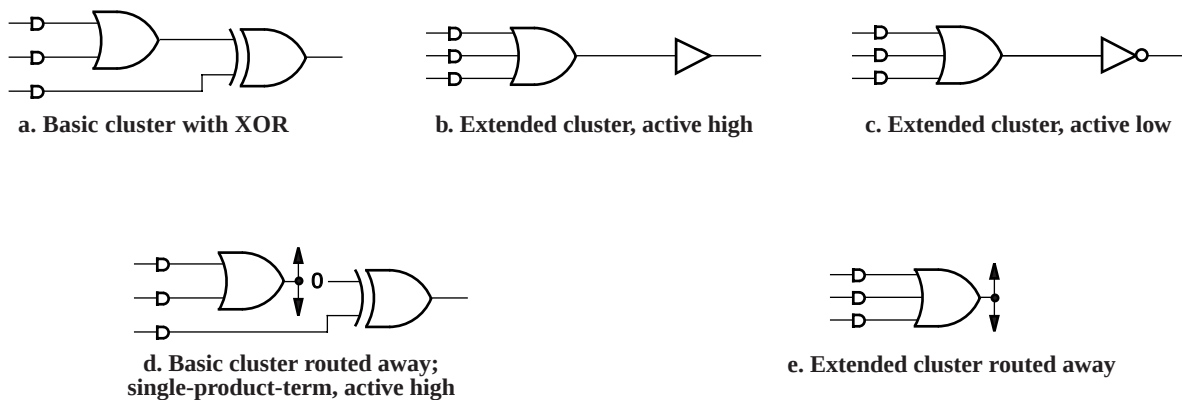
3.3 V Devices								
Package	M4A3-32	M4A3-64	M4A3-96	M4A3-128	M4A3-192	M4A3-256	M4A3-384	M4A3-512
44-pin PLCC	32+2	32+2						
44-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2						
48-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2						
100-pin TQFP		64+6	48+8	64+6				
100-pin PQFP				64+6				
100-ball caBGA				64+6				
144-pin TQFP					96+16			
144-ball fpBGA					96+16			
208-pin PQFP						128+14, 160	160	160
256-ball fpBGA						128+14, 192	192	192
256-ball BGA						128+14	192	
388-ball fpBGA								256

5 V Devices						
Package	M4A5-32	M4A5-64	M4A5-96	M4A5-128	M4A5-192	M4A5-256
44-pin PLCC	32+2	32+2				
44-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2				
48-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2				
100-pin TQFP			48+8	64+6		
100-pin PQFP				64+6		
144-pin TQFP					96+16	
208-pin PQFP						128+14



17466G-007

Figure 3. Logic Allocator Configurations: Synchronous Mode



17466G-008

Figure 4. Logic Allocator Configurations: Asynchronous Mode

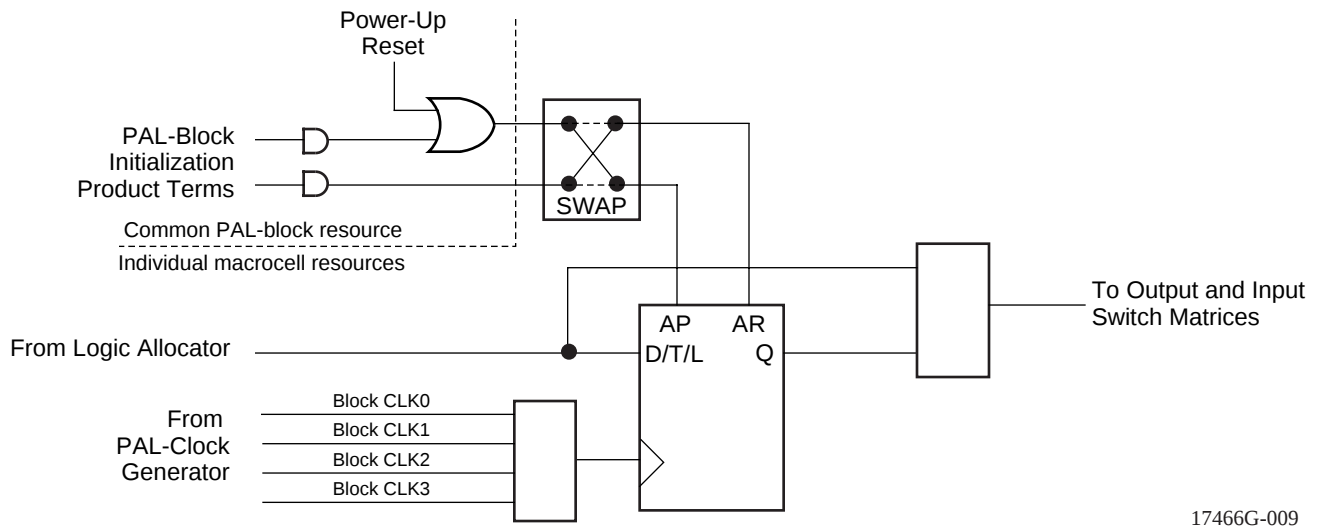
Note that the configuration of the logic allocator has absolutely no impact on the speed of the signal. All configurations have the same delay. This means that designers do not have to decide between optimizing resources or speed; both can be optimized.

If not used in the cluster, the extra product term can act in conjunction with the basic cluster to provide XOR logic for such functions as data comparison, or it can work with the D-,T-type flip-flop to provide for J-K, and S-R register operation. In addition, if the basic cluster is routed to another macrocell, the extra product term is still available for logic. In this case, the first XOR input will be a logic 0. This circuit has the flexibility to route product terms elsewhere without giving up the use of the macrocell.

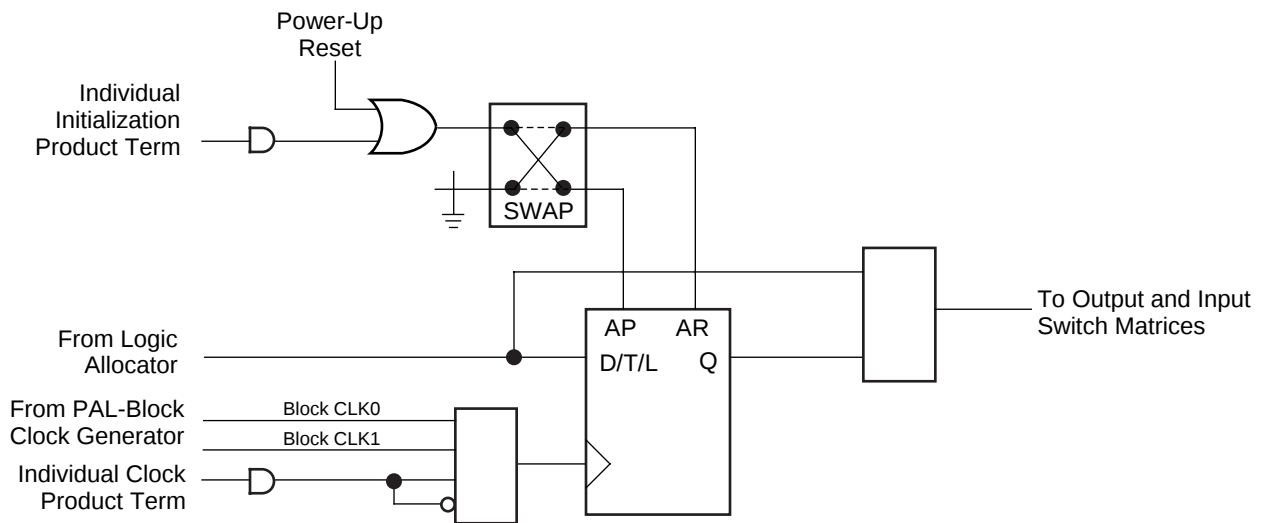
Product term clusters do not “wrap” around a PAL block. This means that the macrocells at the ends of the block have fewer product terms available.

Macrocell

The macrocell consists of a storage element, routing resources, a clock multiplexer, and initialization control. The macrocell has two fundamental modes: synchronous and asynchronous (Figure 5). The mode chosen only affects clocking and initialization in the macrocell.



a. Synchronous mode



b. Asynchronous mode

Figure 5. Macrocell

In either mode, a combinatorial path can be used. For combinatorial logic, the synchronous mode will generally be used, since it provides more product terms in the allocator.

Table 8. Register/Latch Operation

Configuration	Input(s)	CLK/LE ¹	Q+
D-type Register	D=X	0, 1, ↓ (↑)	Q
	D=0	↑ (↓)	0
	D=1	↑ (↓)	1
T-type Register	T=X	0, 1, ↓ (↑)	Q
	T=0	↑ (↓)	Q
	T=1	↑ (↓)	$\overline{Q}$
D-type Latch	D=X	1(0)	Q
	D=0	0(1)	0
	D=1	0(1)	1

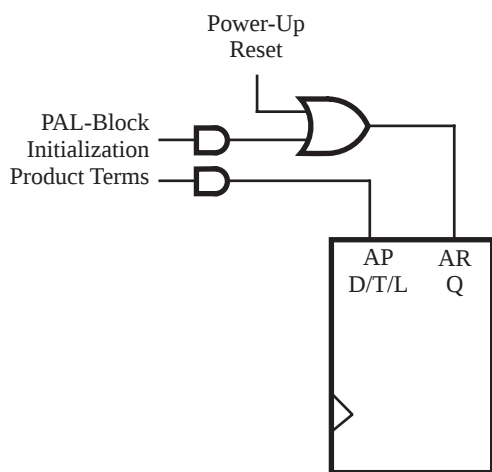
Note:

1. Polarity of CLK/LE can be programmed

Although the macrocell shows only one input to the register, the XOR gate in the logic allocator allows the D-, T-type register to emulate J-K, and S-R behavior. In this case, the available product terms are divided between J and K (or S and R). When configured as J-K, S-R, or T-type, the extra product term must be used on the XOR gate input for flip-flop emulation. In any register type, the polarity of the inputs can be programmed.

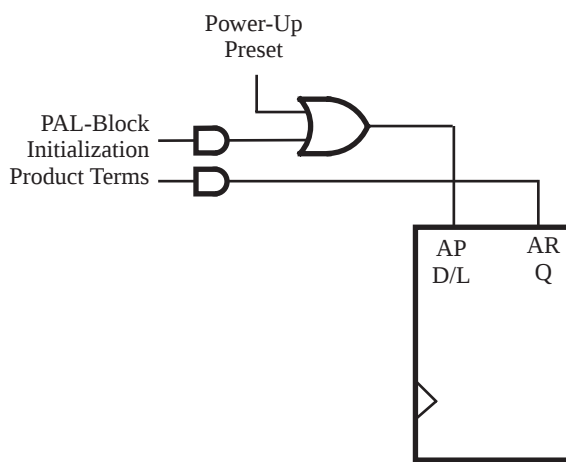
The clock input to the flip-flop can select any of the four PAL block clocks in synchronous mode, with the additional choice of either polarity of an individual product term clock in the asynchronous mode.

The initialization circuit depends on the mode. In synchronous mode (Figure 7), asynchronous reset and preset are provided, each driven by a product term common to the entire PAL block.



a. Power-up reset

17466G-012



b. Power-up preset

17466G-013

Figure 7. Synchronous Mode Initialization Configurations

Table 11. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A3-256/160 and M4A3-256/192

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells							
I/O8	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O9	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O10	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O11	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O12	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O13	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O14	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O15	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15

Table 12. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A(3,5)-32/32

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7
M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15	I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15

Table 13. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A3-64/64

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
M0, M1	I/O0, I/O1, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15
M2, M3	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15
M4, M5	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O14, I/O15
M6, M7	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7
M8, M9	I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9
M10, M11	I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11
M12, M13	I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13
M14, M15	I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O0, I/O1	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O2, I/O3	M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9
I/O4, I/O5	M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11
I/O6, I/O7	M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13
I/O8, I/O9	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O10, I/O11	M0, M1, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O12, I/O13	M0, M1, M2, M3, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O14, I/O15	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M14, M15

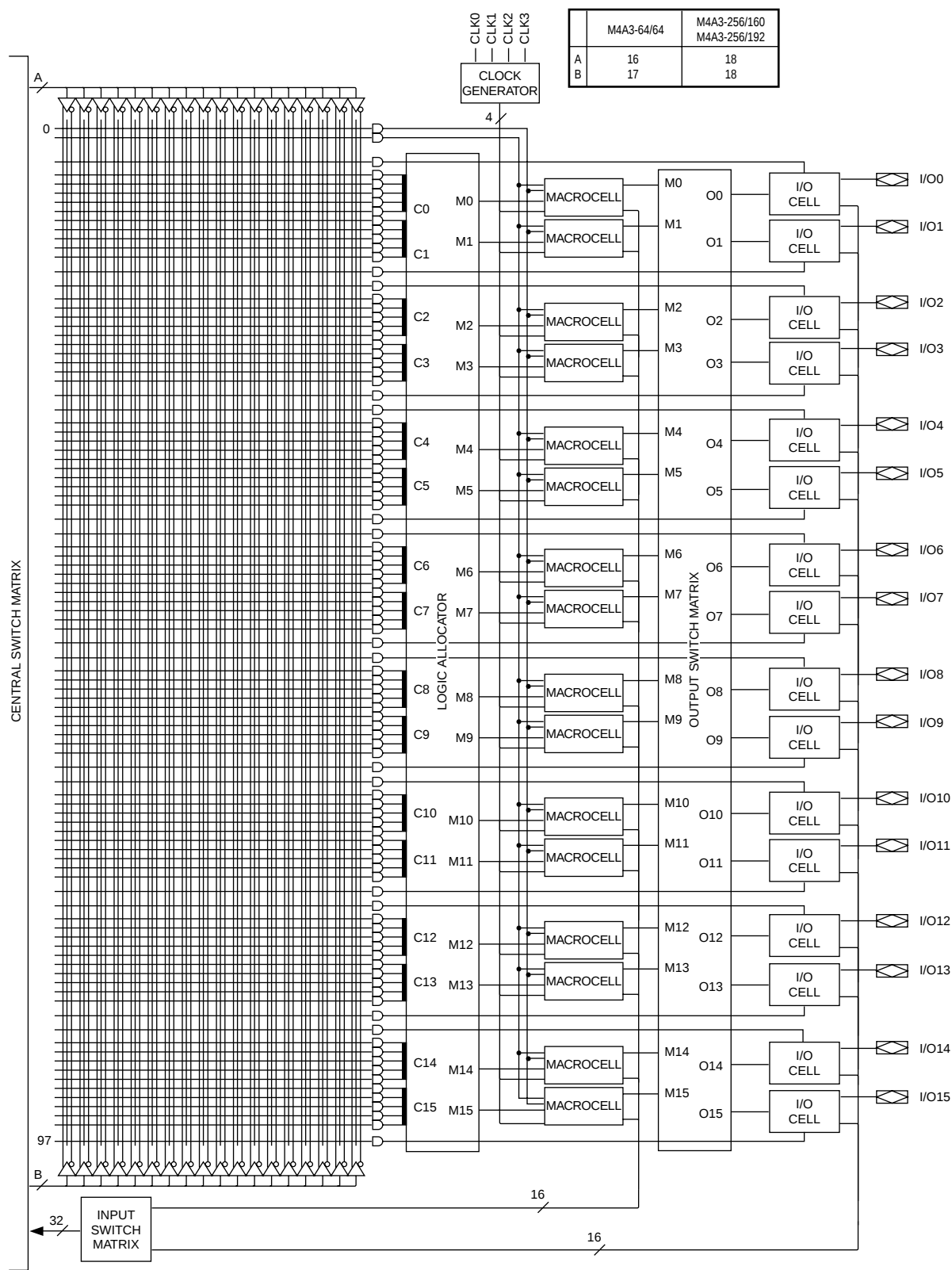


Figure 17. PAL Block for ispMACH 4A Devices with 1:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio (except M4A (3,5)-32/32)

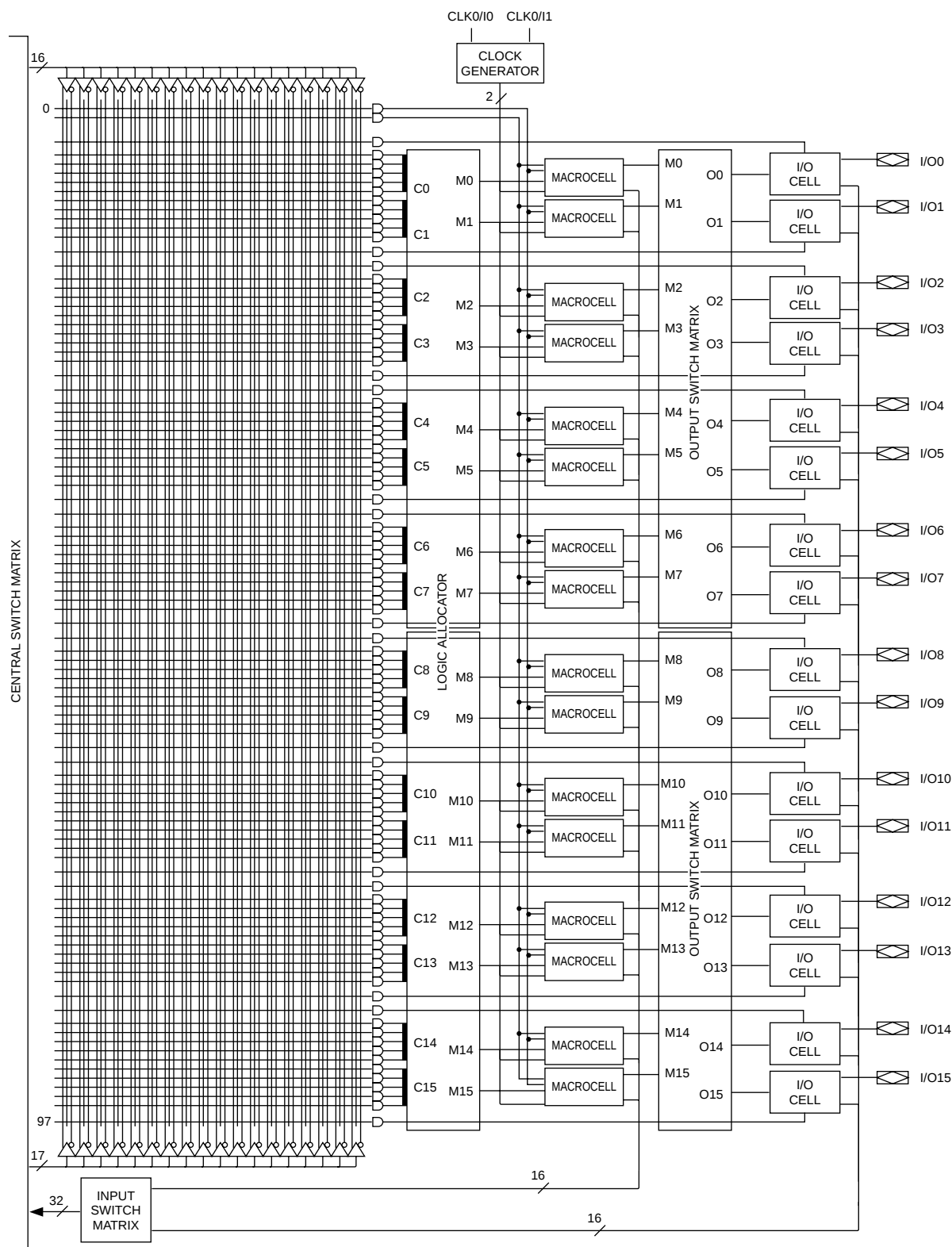
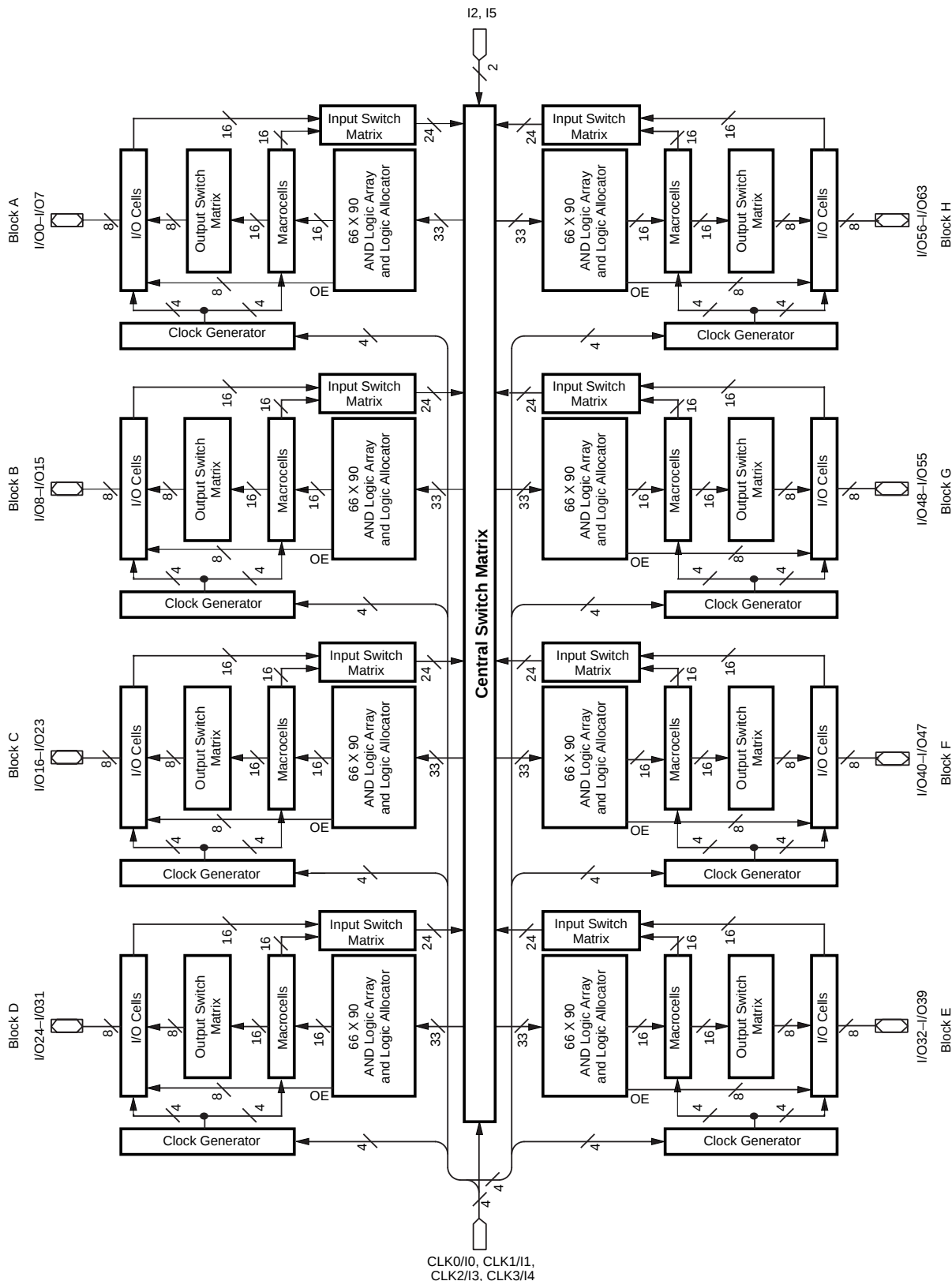


Figure 18. PAL Block for M4A (3,5)-32/32

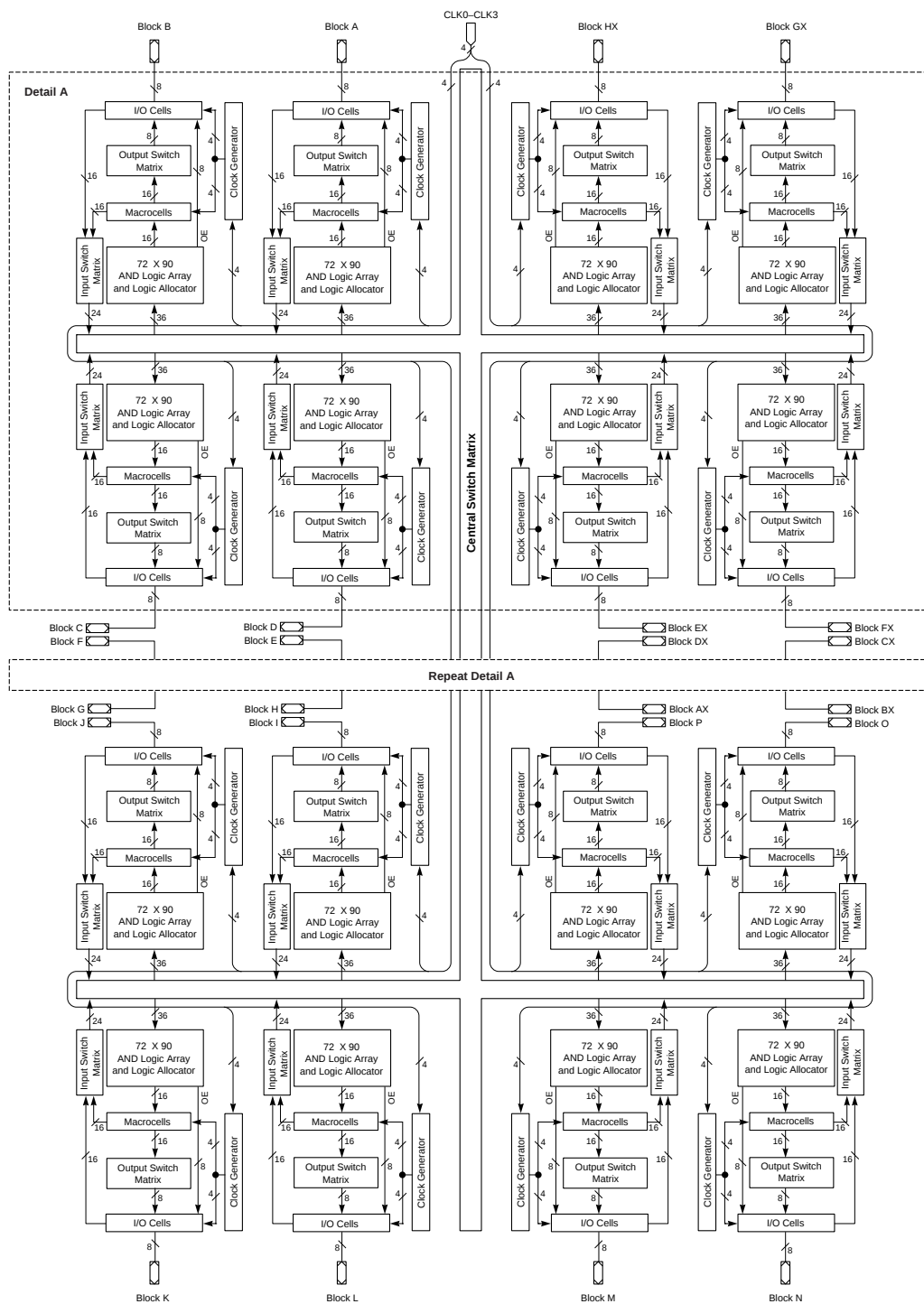
17466H-042

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-128/64



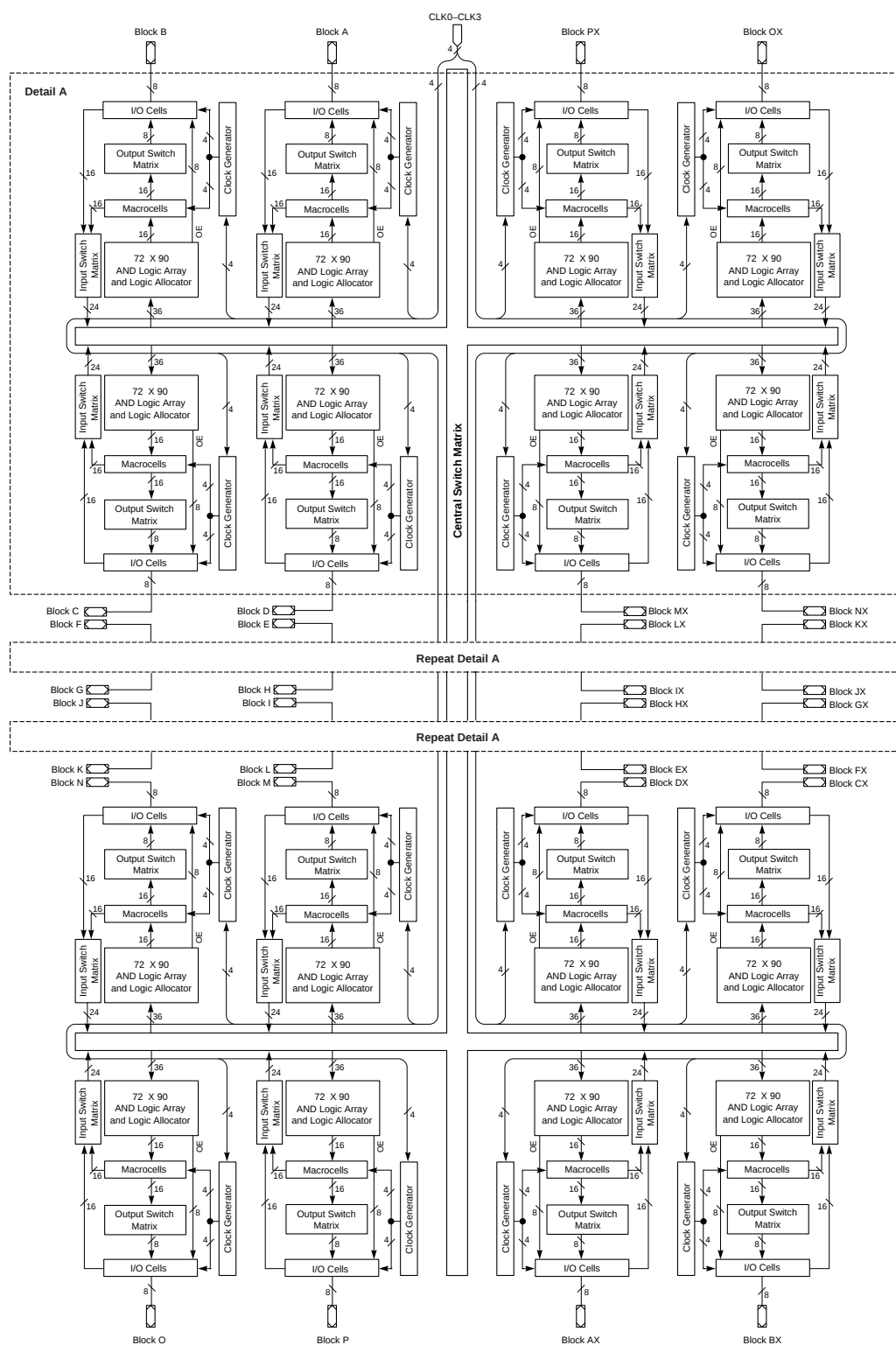
17466H-022

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A3-384/160, M4A3-384/192



17466G-067

BLOCK DIAGRAM - M4A3-512/160, M4A3-512/192, M4A3-512/256



17466G-068

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

M4A5

Storage Temperature. -65°C to +150°C
 Ambient Temperature
 with Power Applied. -55°C to +100°C
 Device Junction Temperature. +130°C
 Supply Voltage
 with Respect to Ground -0.5 V to +7.0 V
 DC Input Voltage -0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V
 Static Discharge Voltage 2000 V
 Latchup Current ($T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) 200 mA

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
 Operating in Free Air. 0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
 Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground. +4.75 V to +5.25 V

Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
 Operating in Free Air. -40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
 Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground. +4.50 V to +5.5 V
Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

5-V DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGES

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$I_{OH} = -3.2$ mA, $V_{CC} = \text{Min}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	2.4			V
		$I_{OH} = -100$ μA , $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}		3.3	3.6	V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$I_{OL} = 24$ mA, $V_{CC} = \text{Min}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 1)			0.5	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical HIGH Voltage for all Inputs (Note 2)	2.0			V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical LOW Voltage for all Inputs (Note 2)			0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 5.25$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 3)			10	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 3)			-10	μA
I_{OZH}	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	$V_{OUT} = 5.25$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 3)			10	μA
I_{OZL}	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	$V_{OUT} = 0$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 3)			-10	μA
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0.5$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 4)	-30		-160	mA

Notes:

1. Total I_{OL} for one PAL block should not exceed 64 mA.
2. These are absolute values with respect to device ground, and all overshoots due to system or tester noise are included.
3. I/O pin leakage is the worst case of I_{IL} and I_{OZL} (or I_{IH} and I_{OZH}).
4. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.
 $V_{OUT} = 0.5$ V has been chosen to avoid test problems caused by tester ground degradation.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

M4A3

Storage Temperature. -65°C to +150°C
 Ambient Temperature
 with Power Applied. -55°C to +100°C
 Device Junction Temperature. +130°C
 Supply Voltage
 with Respect to Ground. -0.5 V to +4.5 V
 DC Input Voltage. -0.5 V to 6.0 V
 Static Discharge Voltage. 2000 V
 Latchup Current ($T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) 200 mA

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
 Operating in Free Air. 0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
 Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground. +3.0 V to +3.6 V

Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
 Operating in Free Air. -40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
 Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground. +3.0 V to +3.6 V

Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

3.3-V DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGES

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	$I_{OH} = -100\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$			V
			$I_{OH} = -3.2\ \text{mA}$	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 1)	$I_{OL} = 100\ \mu\text{A}$			0.2	V
			$I_{OL} = 24\ \text{mA}$			0.5	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical HIGH Voltage for all Inputs		2.0		5.5	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical LOW Voltage for all Inputs		-0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 3.6\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 2)				5	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 2)				-5	μA
I_{OZH}	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	$V_{OUT} = 3.6\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 2)				5	μA
I_{OZL}	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	$V_{OUT} = 0\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 2)				-5	μA
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0.5\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 3)		-15		-160	mA

Notes:

1. Total I_{OL} for one PAL block should not exceed 64 mA.
2. I/O pin leakage is the worst case of I_{IL} and I_{OZL} (or I_{IH} and I_{OZH}).
3. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

Notes:

1. See "MACH Switching Test Circuit" document on the Literature Download page of the Lattice web site.
2. This parameter does not apply to flip-flops in the emulated mode since the feedback path is required for emulation.

I_{CC} vs. FREQUENCY

These curves represent the typical power consumption for a particular device at system frequency. The selected “typical” pattern is a 16-bit up-down counter. This pattern fills the device and exercises every macrocell. Maximum frequency shown uses internal feedback and a D-type register. Power/Speed are optimized to obtain the highest counter frequency and the lowest power. The highest frequency (LSBs) is placed in common PAL blocks, which are set to high power. The lowest frequency signals (MSBs) are placed in a common PAL block and set to lowest power.

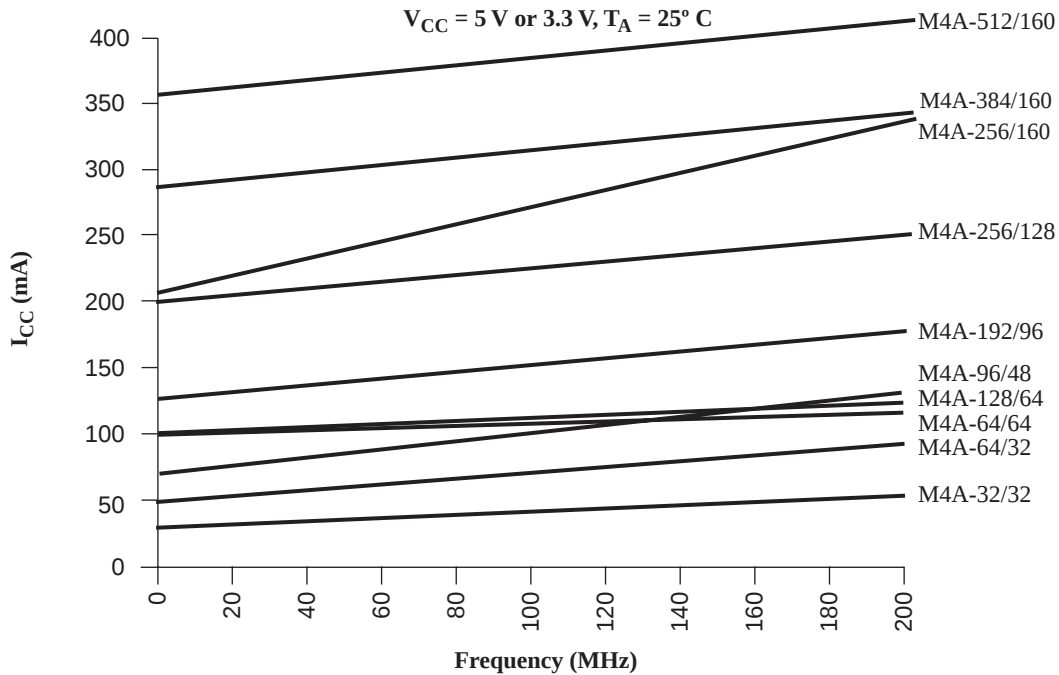


Figure 19. ispMACH 4A I_{CC} Curves at High Speed Mode

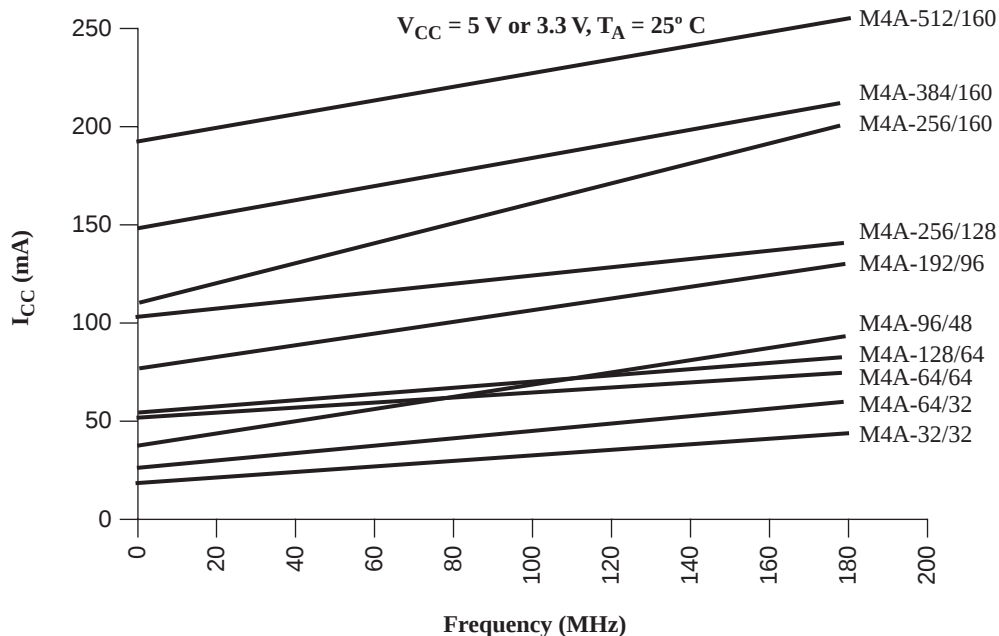
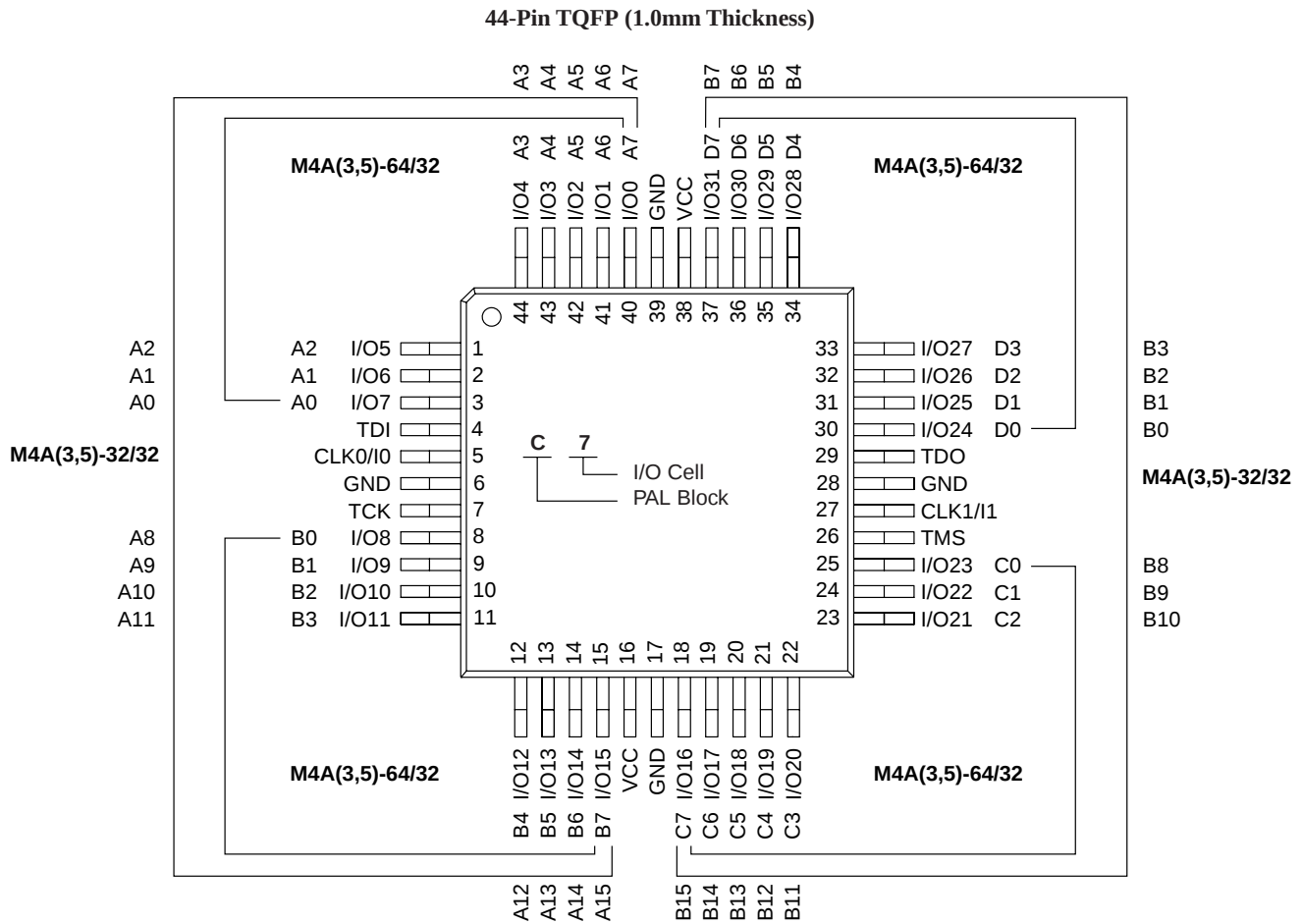


Figure 20. ispMACH 4A I_{CC} Curves at Low Power Mode

44-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-32/32 AND M4A(3,5)-64/32)

Top View



PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

I/O = Input/Output

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage

TDI = Test Data In

TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode Select

TDO = Test Data Out

100-BALL caBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-128/64)

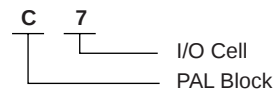
Bottom View

100-Ball caBGA

	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	I/O63 H7	I/O60 H4	I/O57 H1	GND	GND	I/O1 A1	I/O4 A4	I/O7 A7	GND	A
B	TRST	GND	I/O61 H5	I5	VCC	I/O0 A0	I/O6 A6	GND	TDI	I/O15 B7	B
C	I/O53 G5	TDO	I/O62 H6	I/O58 H2	I/O56 H0	I/O2 A2	GND	I/O14 B6	I/O13 B5	I/O12 B4	C
D	I/O50 G2	I/O55 G7	GND	I/O59 H3	I/O3 A3	I/O5 A5	I/O11 B3	I/O10 B2	CLK0/I0	I/O9 B1	D
E	CLK3/I4	I/O49 G1	I/O51 G3	I/O54 G6	VCC	I/O16 C0	I/O20 C4	I/O8 B0	VCC	GND	E
F	GND	VCC	I/O40 F0	I/O52 G4	I/O48 G0	VCC	I/O22 C6	I/O19 C3	I/O17 C1	CLK1/I1	F
G	I/O41 F1	CLK2/I3	I/O42 F2	I/O43 F3	I/O37 E5	I/O35 E3	I/O27 D3	GND	I/O23 C7	I/O18 C2	G
H	I/O44 F4	I/O45 F5	I/O46 F6	GND	I/O34 E2	I/O24 D0	I/O26 D2	I/O30 D6	TCK	I/O21 C5	H
J	I/O47 F7	ENABLE	GND	I/O38 E6	I/O32 E0	VCC	I2	I/O29 D5	GND	TMS	J
K	GND	I/O39 E7	I/O36 E4	I/O33 E1	GND	GND	I/O25 D1	I/O28 D4	I/O31 D7	GND	K
	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock
 GND = Ground
 I = Input
 I/O = Input/Output
 N/C = No Connect
 VCC = Supply Voltage
 TDI = Test Data In
 TCK = Test Clock
 TMS = Test Mode Select
 TDO = Test Data Out
 TRST = Test Reset
 ENABLE = Program



17466G-100cabga

256-BALL fpBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/128)

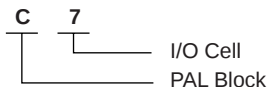
Bottom View

256-Ball fpBGA

	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	TRST	I/O117 O5	I/O116 O4	I/O113 O1	I/O126 P6	I/O124 P4	I12	NC	NC	NC	CLK0	I/O1 A1	I/O5 A5	I/O7 A7	I/O10 B2	I/O12 B4	A
B	I/O110 N6	I/O111 N7	I/O118 O6	I/O115 O3	I/O127 P7	I/O125 P5	I/O120 P0	NC	NC	NC	I1	I/O2 A2	I/O8 B0	I/O11 B3	I/O13 B5	NC	B
C	I/O108 N4	I/O109 N5	NC	I/O119 O7	I/O114 O2	I/O122 P2	I/O123 P3	NC	NC	I0	I/O4 A4	I/O6 A6	I/O15 B7	I/O14 B6	TDI	I/O23 C7	C
D	NC	I/O104 N0	TDO	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O9 B1	I/O22 C6	I/O21 C5	D
E	I/O102 M6	NC	I/O107 N3	VCC	I/O105 N1	I/O106 N2	I13	CLK3	NC	NC	I/O0 A0	NC	GND	I/O20 C4	I/O19 C3	I/O31 D7	E
F	I/O98 M2	I/O103 M7	I/O101 M5	GND	I/O100 M4	I/O99 M3	I/O112 O0	I/O121 P1	NC	NC	I/O3 A3	I/O18 C2	VCC	I/O16 C0	I/O30 D6	I/O29 D5	F
G	NC	I/O96 M0	I11	VCC	NC	I/O97 M1	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	I/O17 C1	I/O28 D4	GND	I/O26 D2	I/O25 D1	I2	G
H	I/O88 L0	I10	I9	GND	I/O89 L1	I/O90 L2	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O27 D3	I/O24 D0	VCC	NC	NC	NC	H
J	I/O91 L3	I/O92 L4	I/O93 L5	GND	I/O95 L7	I/O94 L6	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I3	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	J
K	NC	NC	NC	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	I4	NC	I/O32 E0	K
L	NC	NC	I/O80 K0	GND	I/O83 K3	NC	NC	NC	I/O59 H3	I/O61 H5	NC	NC	GND	I/O35 E3	I/O36 E4	I/O33 E1	L
M	I/O81 K1	I/O82 K2	I/O84 K4	GND	I/O67 I3	I/O65 I1	NC	NC	I/O58 H2	I/O48 G0	I/O51 G3	NC	VCC	I/O44 F4	I/O39 E7	I/O34 E2	M
N	I/O85 K5	I/O86 K6	ENABLE	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	GND	TCK	I/O40 F0	I/O37 E5	N
P	I/O87 K7	I/O77 J5	I/O78 J6	I/O79 J7	I/O68 I4	I/O66 I2	NC	NC	NC	I6	I/O63 H7	I/O52 G4	I/O55 G7	TMS	I/O41 F1	I/O38 E6	P
R	I/O76 J4	I/O75 J3	I/O72 J0	I/O71 I7	I/O64 I0	I7	NC	NC	NC	I/O56 H0	I/O60 H4	I/O49 G1	I/O53 G5	I/O47 F7	I/O43 F3	I/O42 F2	R
T	I/O74 J2	I/O73 J1	I/O70 I6	I/O69 I5	I8	CLK2	NC	NC	CLK1	I5	I/O57 H1	I/O62 H6	I/O50 G2	I/O54 G6	I/O46 F6	I/O45 F5	T
	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock
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 TRST = Test Reset
 ENABLE = Program



m4a3.256.128_256bga

256-BALL fpBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-512/192)

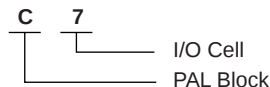
Bottom View

256-Ball fpBGA

	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	I/O159 KX7	I/O181 OX5	I/O180 OX4	I/O177 OX1	I/O174 NX6	I/O172 NX4	I/O191 PX7	I/O186 PX2	I/O1 A1	I/O3 A3	CLK0	I/O17 C1	I/O21 C5	I/O23 C7	I/O10 B2	I/O12 B4	A
B	I/O157 KX5	I/O158 KX6	I/O182 OX6	I/O179 OX3	I/O175 NX7	I/O173 NX5	I/O168 NX0	I/O187 PX3	I/O0 A0	I/O5 A5	I/O7 A7	I/O18 C2	I/O8 B0	I/O11 B3	I/O13 B5	N/C	B
C	I/O155 KX3	I/O156 KX4	N/C	I/O183 OX7	I/O178 OX2	I/O170 NX2	I/O171 NX3	I/O189 PX5	I/O184 PX0	I/O6 A6	I/O20 C4	I/O22 C6	I/O15 B7	I/O14 B6	TDI	I/O39 F7	C
D	I/O150 JX6	I/O151 JX7	TDO	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O9 B1	I/O38 F6	I/O37 F5	D
E	I/O148 JX4	N/C	I/O154 KX2	VCC	I/O152 KX0	I/O153 KX1	I/O190 PX6	CLK3	I/O188 PX4	I/O2 A2	I/O16 C0	N/C	GND	I/O36 F4	I/O35 F3	I/O47 G7	E
F	I/O144 JX0	I/O149 JX5	I/O147 JX3	GND	I/O146 JX2	I/O145 JX1	I/O176 OX0	I/O169 NX1	I/O185 PX1	I/O4 A4	I/O19 C3	I/O34 F2	VCC	I/O32 F0	I/O46 G6	I/O45 G5	F
G	I/O163 LX3	I/O166 LX6	I/O165 LX5	VCC	I/O164 LX4	I/O167 LX7	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	I/O33 F1	I/O44 G4	GND	I/O42 G2	I/O41 G1	I/O31 E7	G
H	I/O160 LX0	I/O162 LX2	I/O161 LX1	GND	I/O120 EX0	I/O121 EX1	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O43 G3	I/O40 G0	VCC	I/O28 E4	I/O27 E3	I/O26 E2	H
J	I/O122 EX2	I/O123 EX3	I/O124 EX4	GND	I/O126 EX6	I/O125 EX5	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O30 E6	I/O29 E5	GND	I/O65 L1	I/O64 L0	I/O66 L2	J
K	I/O127 EX7	I/O136 GX0	I/O137 GX1	VCC	I/O139 GX3	I/O138 GX2	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	I/O25 E1	I/O24 E0	VCC	I/O71 L7	I/O70 L6	I/O48 J0	K
L	I/O140 GX4	I/O141 GX5	I/O143 GX7	GND	I/O130 FX2	I/O142 GX6	I/O98 AX2	I/O91 P3	I/O75 N3	I/O77 N5	I/O68 L4	I/O67 L3	GND	I/O51 J3	I/O52 J4	I/O49 J1	L
M	I/O128 FX0	I/O129 FX1	I/O131 FX3	GND	I/O115 CX3	I/O113 CX1	I/O100 AX4	I/O90 P2	I/O74 N2	I/O80 O0	I/O83 O3	I/O69 L5	VCC	I/O60 K4	I/O55 J7	I/O50 J2	M
N	I/O132 FX4	I/O133 FX5	I/O135 FX7	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	GND	TCK	I/O56 K0	I/O53 J5	N
P	I/O134 FX6	I/O109 BX5	I/O110 BX6	I/O111 BX7	I/O116 CX4	I/O114 CX2	I/O101 AX5	I/O89 P1	I/O93 P5	I/O94 P6	I/O79 N7	I/O84 O4	I/O87 O7	TMS	I/O57 K1	I/O54 J6	P
R	I/O108 BX4	I/O107 BX3	I/O104 BX0	I/O119 CX7	I/O112 CX0	I/O102 AX6	I/O99 AX3	I/O96 AX0	I/O92 P4	I/O72 N0	I/O76 N4	I/O81 O1	I/O85 O5	I/O63 K7	I/O59 K3	I/O58 K2	R
T	I/O106 BX2	I/O105 BX1	I/O118 CX6	I/O117 CX5	I/O103 AX7	CLK2	I/O97 AX1	I/O88 P0	CLK1	I/O95 P7	I/O73 N1	I/O78 N6	I/O82 O2	I/O86 O6	I/O62 K6	I/O61 K5	T
	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

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CLK = Clock
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m4a3.512.192_256bga

5V Commercial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-5, -7, -10,	JC, VC, VC48
M4A5-64/32	-55, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48
M4A5-96/48		VC
M4A5-128/64		YC, VC
M4A5-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VC
M4A5-256/128	-65, -7, -10	YC

5V Industrial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-7, -10, -12	JJ, VI, VI48
M4A5-64/32	-7, -10, -12	JJ, VI, VI48
M4A5-96/48		VI
M4A5-128/64		YI, VI
M4A5-192/96	-7, -10, -12	VI
M4A5-256/128	-10, -12	YI

Lead-free Packaging

3.3V Commercial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-5, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A3-64/32	-55, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A3-64/64		VNC
M4A3-128/64		VNC
M4A3-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VNC
M4A3-256/128	-55, -7, -10	FANC, YNC
M4A3-256/160	-7, -10	YNC
M4A3-256/192		FANC
M4A3-384/192	-65, -10, -12	FANC
M4A3-512/192	-7, -10, -12	FANC

3.3V Industrial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-7, -10, -12	VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A3-64/32		VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A3-64/64		VNI
M4A3-128/64		VNI
M4A3-192/96	-10, -12	VNI
M4A3-256/128		FANI, YNI
M4A3-256/160		YNI
M4A3-256/192	-10, -12, -14	FANI
M4A3-384/192		FANI
M4A3-512/192		FANI

5V Commercial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-5, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A5-64/32	-55, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A5-96/48		VNC
M4A5-128/64		VNC, YNC
M4A5-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VNC
M4A5-256/128	-65, -7, -10	YNC

5V Industrial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-7, -10, -12	VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A5-64/32		VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A5-96/48		VNI
M4A5-128/64		VNI, YNI
M4A5-192/96		VNI
M4A5-256/128		YNI

Most ispMACH devices are dual-marked with both Commercial and Industrial grades. The Industrial speed grade is slower, i.e., M4A3-256/128-7YC-10YI

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local Lattice sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

Revision History

Date	Version	Change Summary
-	K	Previous Lattice release.
August 2006	L	Updated for lead-free package options.
September 2006	M	Revised M4A3-256/160 208-pin PQFP connection diagram.