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Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	5.5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	3V ~ 3.6V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	256
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	128
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-SBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m4a3-256-128-55sac

The ispMACH 4A family offers 20 density-I/O combinations in Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP), Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP), Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC), Ball Grid Array (BGA), fine-pitch BGA (fpBGA), and chip-array BGA (caBGA) packages ranging from 44 to 388 pins (Table 3). It also offers I/O safety features for mixed-voltage designs so that the 3.3-V devices can accept 5-V inputs, and 5-V devices do not overdrive 3.3-V inputs. Additional features include Bus-Friendly inputs and I/Os, a programmable power-down mode for extra power savings and individual output slew rate control for the highest speed transition or for the lowest noise transition.

Table 3. ispMACH 4A Package and I/O Options (Number of I/Os and dedicated inputs in Table)

3.3 V Devices								
Package	M4A3-32	M4A3-64	M4A3-96	M4A3-128	M4A3-192	M4A3-256	M4A3-384	M4A3-512
44-pin PLCC	32+2	32+2						
44-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2						
48-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2						
100-pin TQFP		64+6	48+8	64+6				
100-pin PQFP				64+6				
100-ball caBGA				64+6				
144-pin TQFP					96+16			
144-ball fpBGA					96+16			
208-pin PQFP						128+14, 160	160	160
256-ball fpBGA						128+14, 192	192	192
256-ball BGA						128+14	192	
388-ball fpBGA								256

5 V Devices						
Package	M4A5-32	M4A5-64	M4A5-96	M4A5-128	M4A5-192	M4A5-256
44-pin PLCC	32+2	32+2				
44-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2				
48-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2				
100-pin TQFP			48+8	64+6		
100-pin PQFP				64+6		
144-pin TQFP					96+16	
208-pin PQFP						128+14

Product-Term Array

The product-term array consists of a number of product terms that form the basis of the logic being implemented. The inputs to the AND gates come from the central switch matrix (Table 5), and are provided in both true and complement forms for efficient logic implementation.

Table 5. PAL Block Inputs

Device	Number of Inputs to PAL Block
M4A3-32/32 and M4A5-32/32	33
M4A3-64/32 and M4A5-64/32	33
M4A3-64/64	33
M4A3-96/48 and M4A5-96/48	33
M4A3-128/64 and M4A5-128/64	33
M4A3-192/96 and M4A5-192/96	34
M4A3-256/128 and M4A5-256/128	34
M4A3-256/160 and M4A3-256/192	36
M4A3-384	36
M4A3-512	36

Logic Allocator

Within the logic allocator, product terms are allocated to macrocells in “product term clusters.” The availability and distribution of product term clusters are automatically considered by the software as it fits functions within a PAL block. The size of a product term cluster has been optimized to provide high utilization of product terms, making complex functions using many product terms possible. Yet when few product terms are used, there will be a minimal number of unused—or wasted—product terms left over. The product term clusters available to each macrocell within a PAL block are shown in Tables 6 and 7.

Each product term cluster is associated with a macrocell. The size of a cluster depends on the configuration of the associated macrocell. When the macrocell is used in synchronous mode (Figure 2a), the basic cluster has 4 product terms. When the associated macrocell is used in asynchronous mode (Figure 2b), the cluster has 2 product terms. Note that if the product term cluster is routed to a different macrocell, the allocator configuration is not determined by the mode of the macrocell actually being driven. The configuration is always set by the mode of the macrocell that the cluster will drive if not routed away, regardless of the actual routing.

In addition, there is an extra product term that can either join the basic cluster to give an extended cluster, or drive the second input of an exclusive-OR gate in the signal path. If included with the basic cluster, this provides for up to 20 product terms on a synchronous function that uses four extended 5-product-term clusters. A similar asynchronous function can have up to 18 product terms.

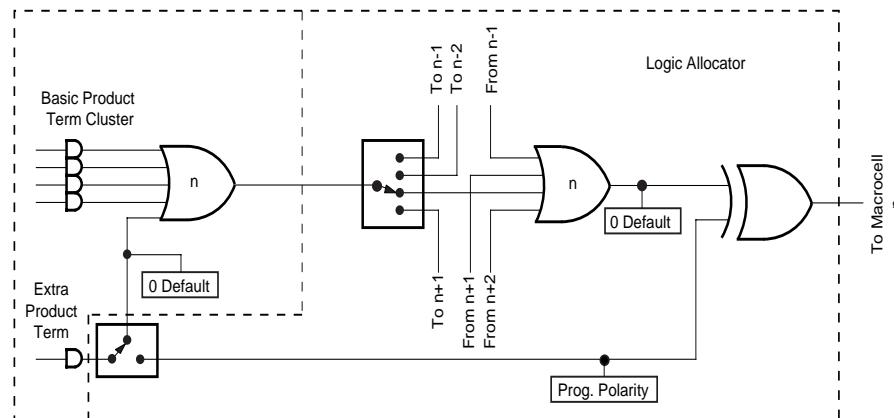
When the extra product term is used to extend the cluster, the value of the second XOR input can be programmed as a 0 or a 1, giving polarity control. The possible configurations of the logic allocator are shown in Figures 3 and 4.

Table 6. Logic Allocator for All ispMACH 4A Devices (except M4A(3,5)-32/32)

Output Macrocell	Available Clusters	Output Macrocell	Available Clusters
M ₀	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂	M ₈	C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀
M ₁	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃	M ₉	C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁
M ₂	C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄	M ₁₀	C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂
M ₃	C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅	M ₁₁	C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃
M ₄	C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆	M ₁₂	C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄
M ₅	C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇	M ₁₃	C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₆	C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈	M ₁₄	C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₇	C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉	M ₁₅	C ₁₄ , C ₁₅

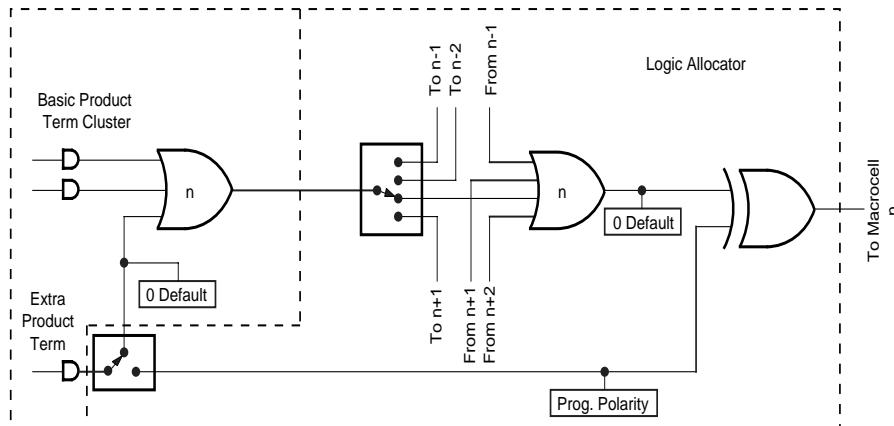
Table 7. Logic Allocator for M4A(3,5)-32/32

Output Macrocell	Available Clusters	Output Macrocell	Available Clusters
M ₀	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂	M ₈	C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀
M ₁	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃	M ₉	C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁
M ₂	C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄	M ₁₀	C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂
M ₃	C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅	M ₁₁	C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃
M ₄	C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆	M ₁₂	C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄
M ₅	C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇	M ₁₃	C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₆	C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇	M ₁₄	C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₇	C ₆ , C ₇	M ₁₅	C ₁₄ , C ₁₅



a. Synchronous Mode

17466G-005



b. Asynchronous Mode

17466G-006

Figure 2. Logic Allocator: Configuration of Cluster “n” Set by Mode of Macrocell “n”

Macrocell

The macrocell consists of a storage element, routing resources, a clock multiplexer, and initialization control. The macrocell has two fundamental modes: synchronous and asynchronous (Figure 5). The mode chosen only affects clocking and initialization in the macrocell.

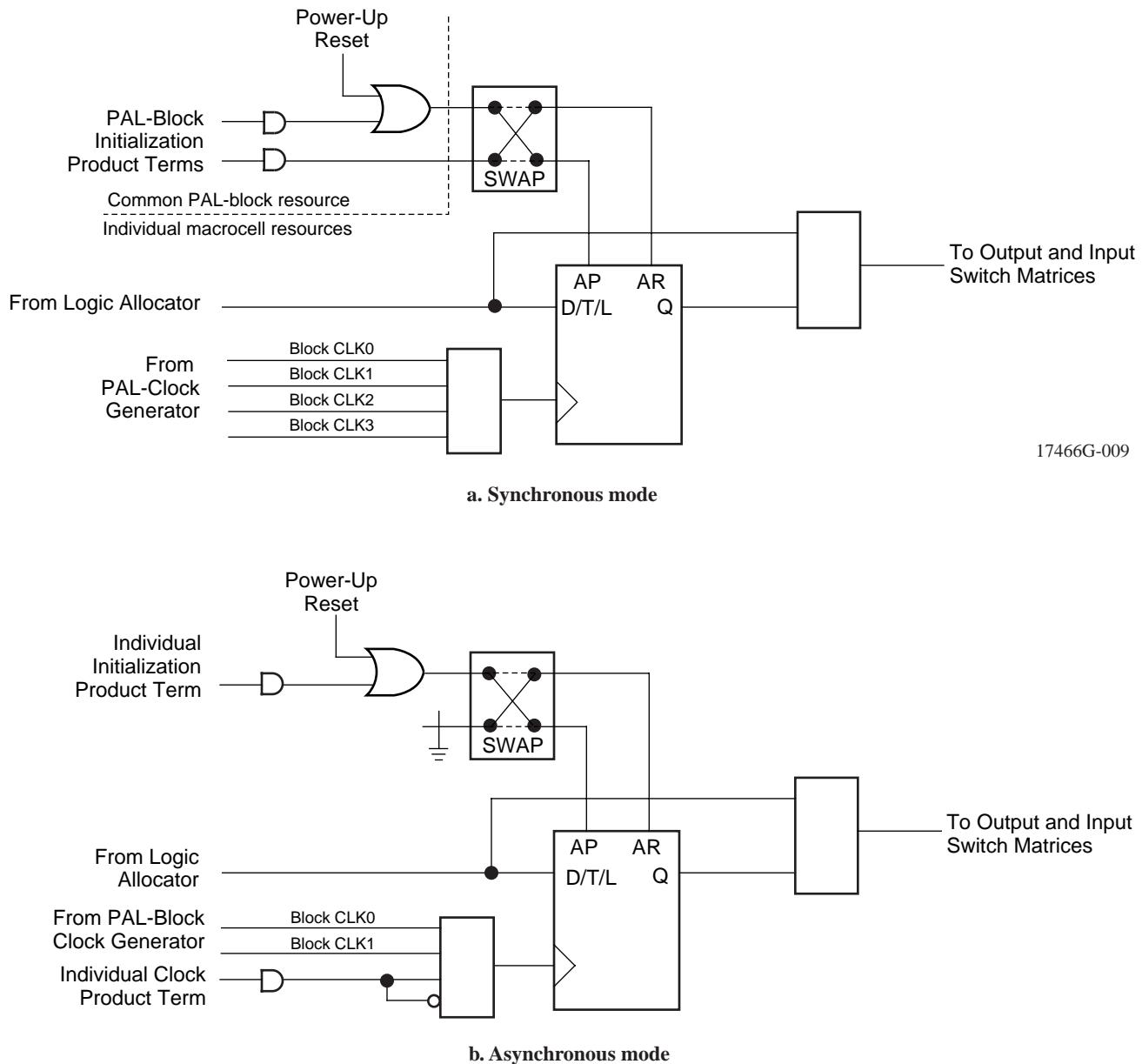


Figure 5. Macrocell

In either mode, a combinatorial path can be used. For combinatorial logic, the synchronous mode will generally be used, since it provides more product terms in the allocator.

Table 8. Register/Latch Operation

Configuration	Input(s)	CLK/LE ¹	Q+
D-type Register	D=X	0, 1, ↓ (↑)	Q
	D=0	↑ (↓)	0
	D=1	↑ (↓)	1
T-type Register	T=X	0, 1, ↓ (↑)	Q
	T=0	↑ (↓)	Q
	T=1	↑ (↓)	Q̄
D-type Latch	D=X	1(0)	Q
	D=0	0(1)	0
	D=1	0(1)	1

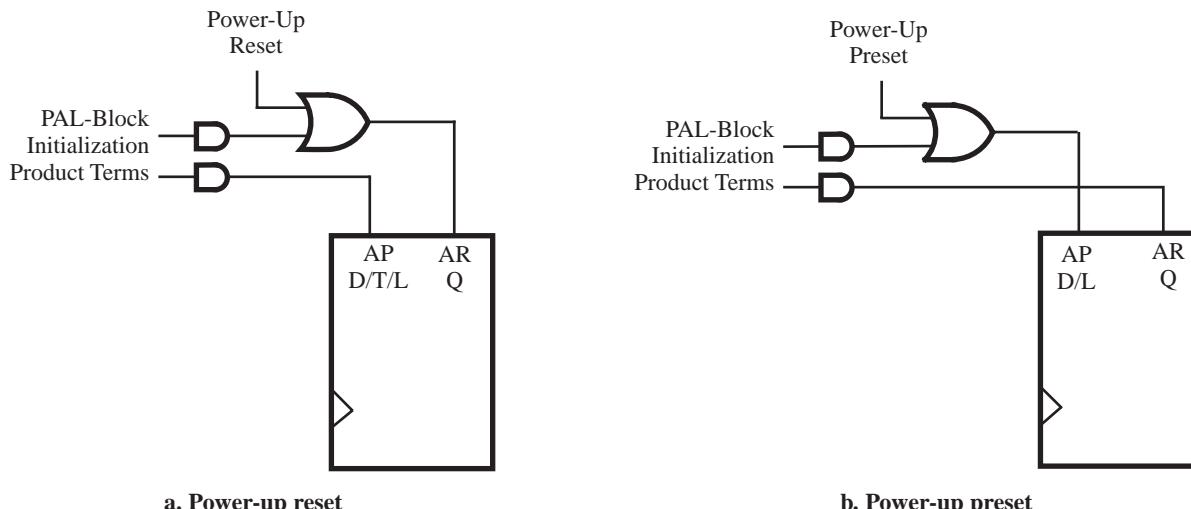
Note:

1. Polarity of CLK/LE can be programmed

Although the macrocell shows only one input to the register, the XOR gate in the logic allocator allows the D-, T-type register to emulate J-K, and S-R behavior. In this case, the available product terms are divided between J and K (or S and R). When configured as J-K, S-R, or T-type, the extra product term must be used on the XOR gate input for flip-flop emulation. In any register type, the polarity of the inputs can be programmed.

The clock input to the flip-flop can select any of the four PAL block clocks in synchronous mode, with the additional choice of either polarity of an individual product term clock in the asynchronous mode.

The initialization circuit depends on the mode. In synchronous mode (Figure 7), asynchronous reset and preset are provided, each driven by a product term common to the entire PAL block.



17466G-012

17466G-013

Figure 7. Synchronous Mode Initialization Configurations

Output Switch Matrix

The output switch matrix allows macrocells to be connected to any of several I/O cells within a PAL block. This provides high flexibility in determining pinout and allows design changes to occur without effecting pinout.

In ispMACH 4A devices with 2:1 Macrocell-I/O cell ratio, each PAL block has twice as many macrocells as I/O cells. The ispMACH 4A output switch matrix allows for half of the macrocells to drive I/O cells within a PAL block, in combinations according to Figure 9. Each I/O cell can choose from eight macrocells; each macrocell has a choice of four I/O cells. The ispMACH 4A devices with 1:1 Macrocell-I/O cell ratio allow each macrocell to drive one of eight I/O cells (Figure 9).

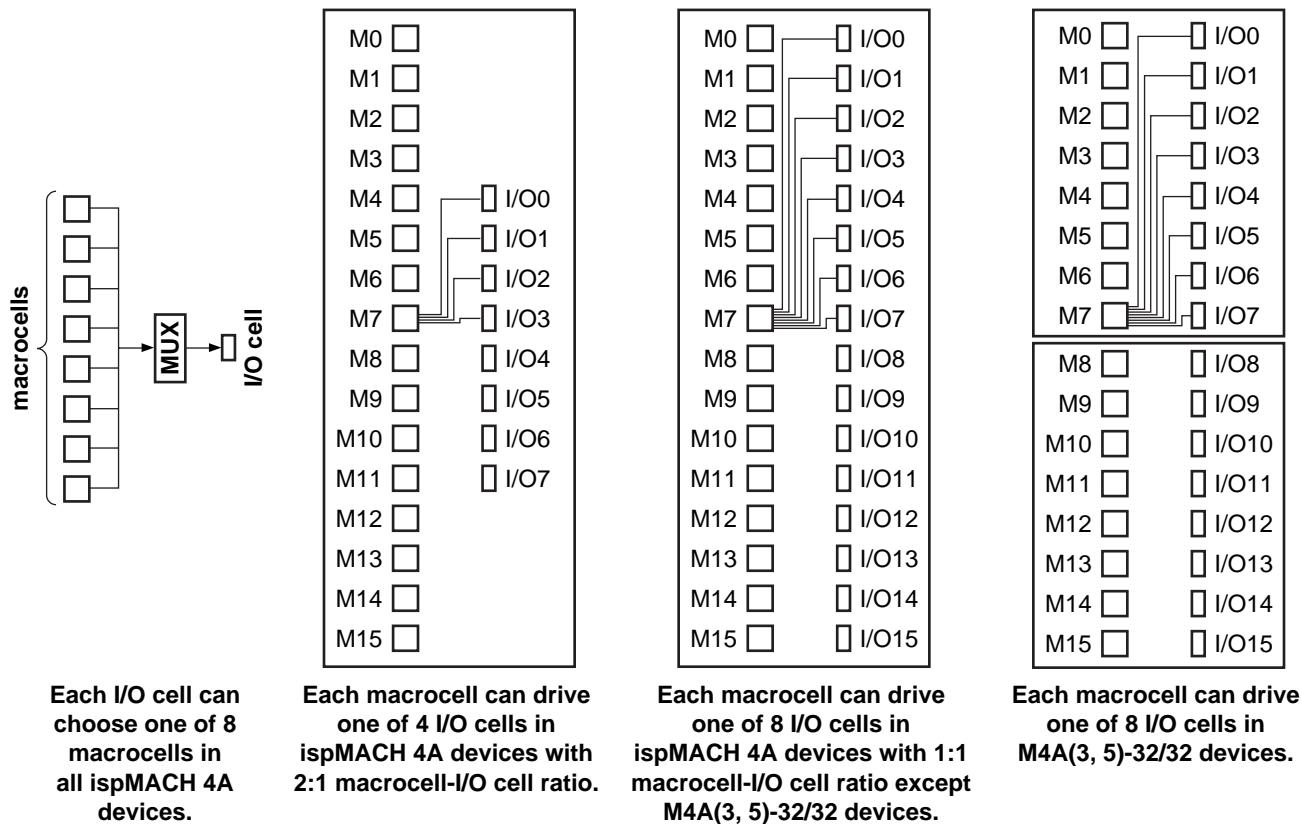
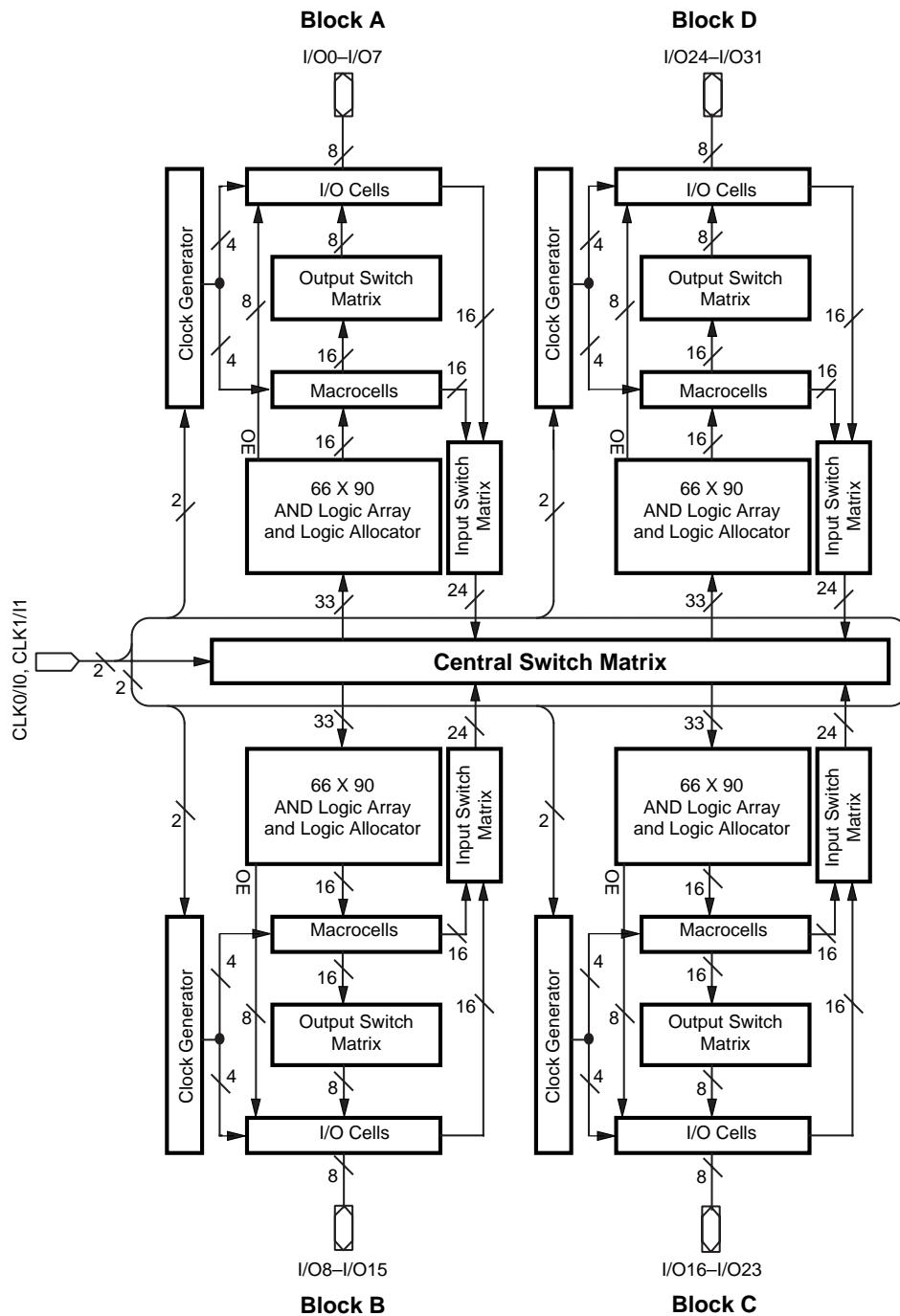


Figure 9. ispMACH 4A Output Switch Matrix

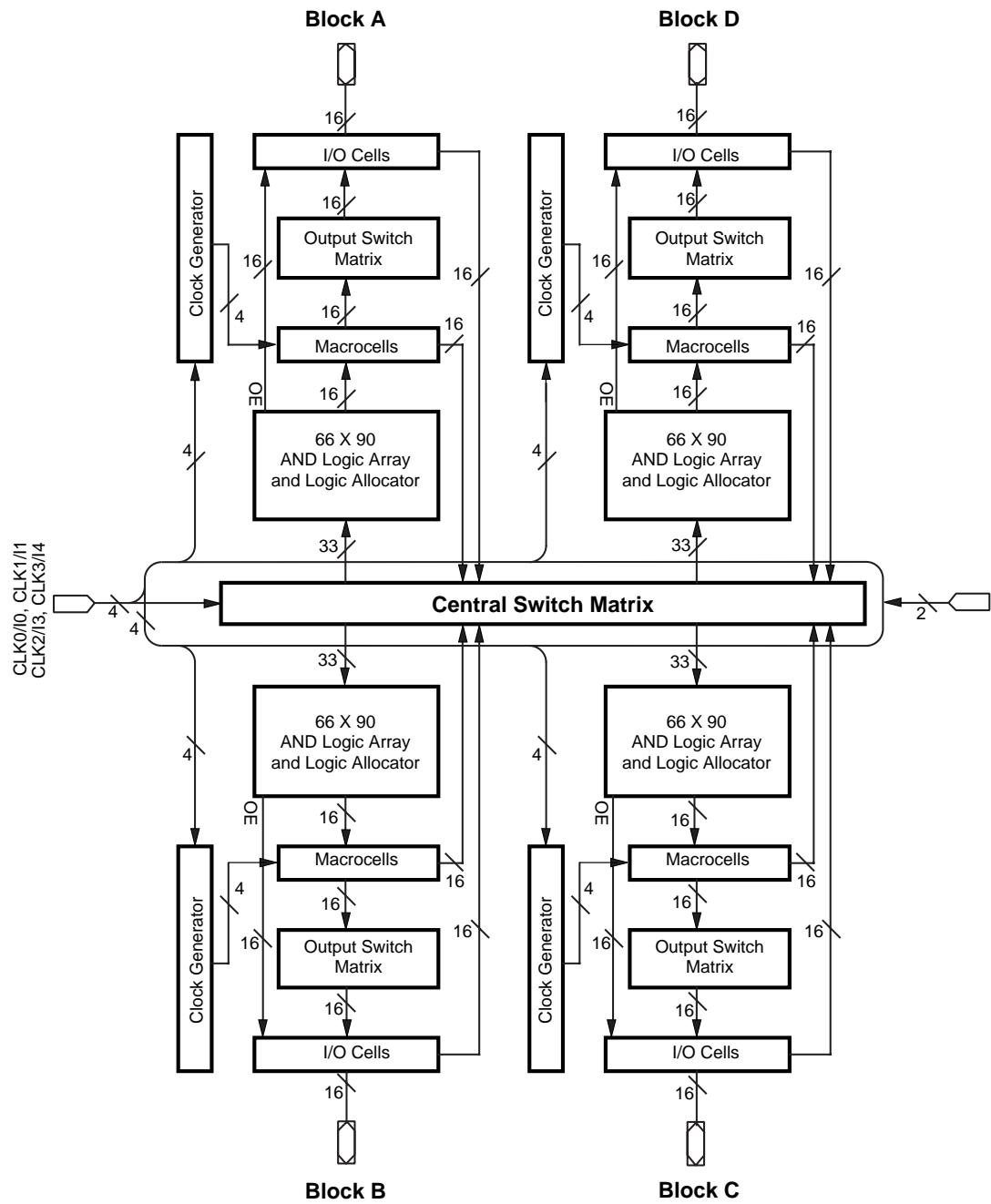
Table 10. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for ispMACH 4A Devices with 2:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
M0, M1	I/00, I/05, I/06, I/07
M2, M3	I/00, I/01, I/06, I/07
M4, M5	I/00, I/01, I/02, I/07
M6, M7	I/00, I/01, I/02, I/03
M8, M9	I/01, I/02, I/03, I/04
M10, M11	I/02, I/03, I/04, I/05

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-64/32



BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A3-64/64



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

M4A3

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Ambient Temperature with Power Applied	-55°C to +100°C
Device Junction Temperature	+130°C
Supply Voltage with Respect to Ground	-0.5 V to +4.5 V
DC Input Voltage	-0.5 V to 6.0 V
Static Discharge Voltage	2000 V
Latchup Current ($T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)	200 mA
<i>Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.</i>	

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)	
Operating in Free Air	0°C to +70°C
Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) with Respect to Ground	+3.0 V to +3.6 V

Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)	
Operating in Free Air	-40°C to +85°C
Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) with Respect to Ground	+3.0 V to +3.6 V
<i>Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.</i>	

3.3-V DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGES

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	$I_{OH} = -3.2 \text{ mA}$	2.4		V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$		0.2	V
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 1)	$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$		0.5	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical HIGH Voltage for all Inputs	2.0		5.5	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical LOW Voltage for all Inputs	-0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 2)			5	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 2)			-5	μA
I_{OZH}	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	$V_{OUT} = 3.6 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 2)			5	μA
I_{OZL}	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	$V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 2)			-5	μA
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 3)	-15		-160	mA

Notes:

1. Total I_{OL} for one PAL block should not exceed 64 mA.
2. I/O pin leakage is the worst case of I_{IL} and I_{OZL} (or I_{IH} and I_{OZH}).
3. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

Notes:

1. See "MACH Switching Test Circuit" document on the Literature Download page of the Lattice web site.
2. This parameter does not apply to flip-flops in the emulated mode since the feedback path is required for emulation.

ispMACH 4A TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES¹

		-5		-55		-6		-65		-7		-10		-12		-14		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Frequency:																		
f_{MAXS}	External feedback, D-type, Min of $1/(t_{WLS} + t_{WHS})$ or $1/(t_{SS} + t_{COS})$	143		133		125		118		95.2		87.0		74.1		60.6		MHz
	External feedback, T-type, Min of $1/(t_{WLS} + t_{WHS})$ or $1/(t_{SS} + t_{COS})$	125		125		118		111		87.0		80.0		69.0		57.1		MHz
	Internal feedback (f_{CNT}), D-type, Min of $1/(t_{WLS} + t_{WHS})$ or $1/(t_{SS} + t_{COS})$	182		167		160		154		125		118		95.0		74.1		MHz
	Internal feedback (f_{CNT}), T-type, Min of $1/(t_{WLS} + t_{WHS})$ or $1/(t_{SS} + t_{COS})$	154		154		148		143		111		105		87.0		69.0		MHz
	No feedback ² , Min of $1/(t_{WLS} + t_{WHS})$, $1/(t_{SS} + t_{HS})$ or $1/(t_{SST} + t_{HS})$	250		250		200		200		154		125		100		83.3		MHz
f_{MAXA}	External feedback, D-type, Min of $1/(t_{WLA} + t_{WHA})$ or $1/(t_{SA} + t_{COA})$	111		111		108		100		83.3		66.7		55.6		43.5		MHz
	External feedback, T-type, Min of $1/(t_{WLA} + t_{WHA})$ or $1/(t_{SAT} + t_{COA})$	105		105		102		95.2		76.9		62.5		52.6		41.7		MHz
	Internal feedback (f_{CNTA}), D-type, Min of $1/(t_{WLA} + t_{WHA})$ or $1/(t_{SA} + t_{COA})$	133		133		125		125		105		83.3		66.7		50.0		MHz
	Internal feedback (f_{CNTA}), T-type, Min of $1/(t_{WLA} + t_{WHA})$ or $1/(t_{SAT} + t_{COA})$	125		125		125		118		95.2		76.9		62.5		47.6		MHz
	No feedback ² , Min of $1/(t_{WLA} + t_{WHA})$, $1/(t_{SA} + t_{HA})$ or $1/(t_{SAT} + t_{HA})$	167		167		143		143		125		100		62.5		55.6		MHz
f_{MAXI}	Maximum input register frequency, Min of $1/(t_{WIRH} + t_{WIRL})$ or $1/(t_{SIRS} + t_{HIRS})$	167		167		143		143		125		100		83.3		83.3		MHz

Notes:

- See "Switching Test Circuit" document on the Literature Download page of the Lattice web site.
- This parameter does not apply to flip-flops in the emulated mode since the feedback path is required for emulation.

CAPACITANCE¹

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions		Typ	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN}=2.0\text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25°C, 1 MHz	6	pF
$C_{I/O}$	Output capacitance	$V_{OUT}=2.0\text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25°C, 1 MHz	8	pF

Note:

- These parameters are not 100% tested, but are calculated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where this parameter may be affected.

I_{CC} vs. FREQUENCY

These curves represent the typical power consumption for a particular device at system frequency. The selected “typical” pattern is a 16-bit up-down counter. This pattern fills the device and exercises every macrocell. Maximum frequency shown uses internal feedback and a D-type register. Power-Speed are optimized to obtain the highest counter frequency and the lowest power. The highest frequency (LSBs) is placed in common PAL blocks, which are set to high power. The lowest frequency signals (MSBs) are placed in a common PAL block and set to lowest power.

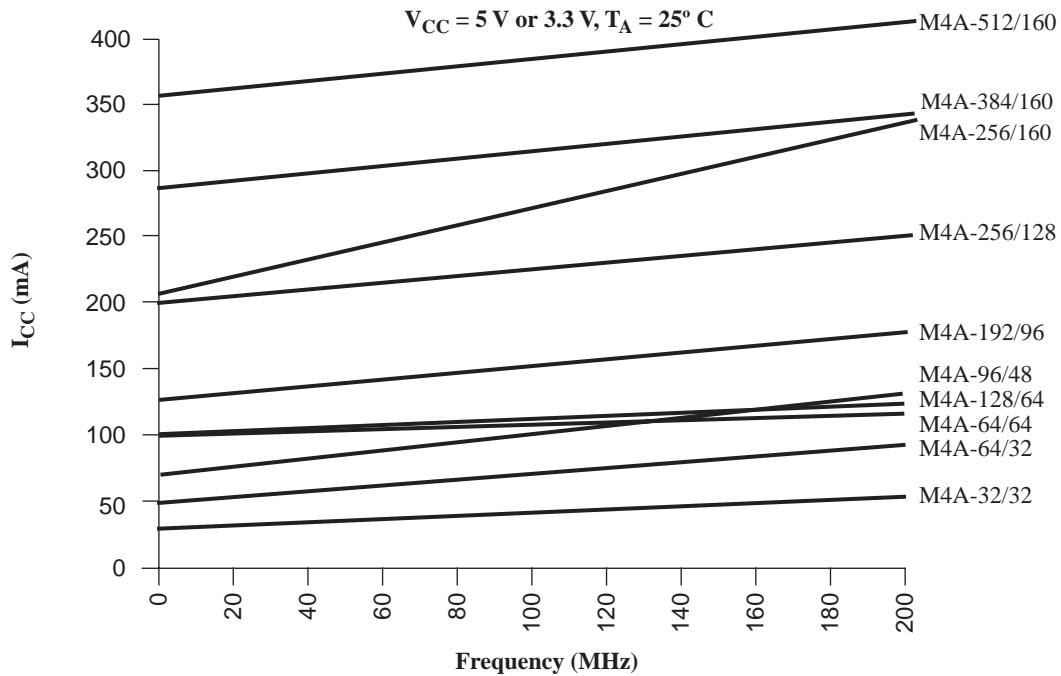


Figure 19. ispMACH 4A I_{CC} Curves at High Speed Mode

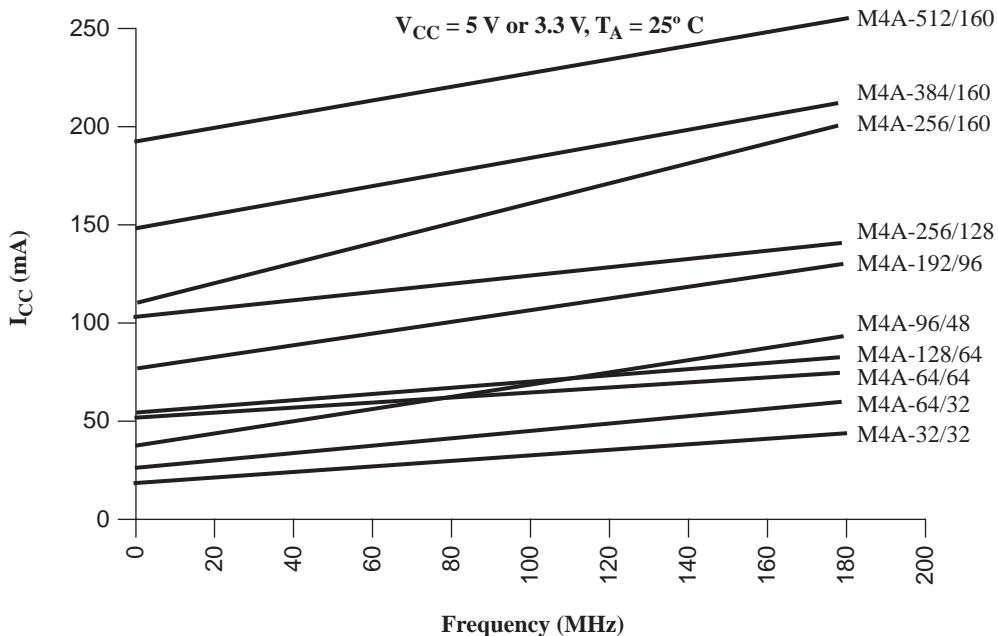
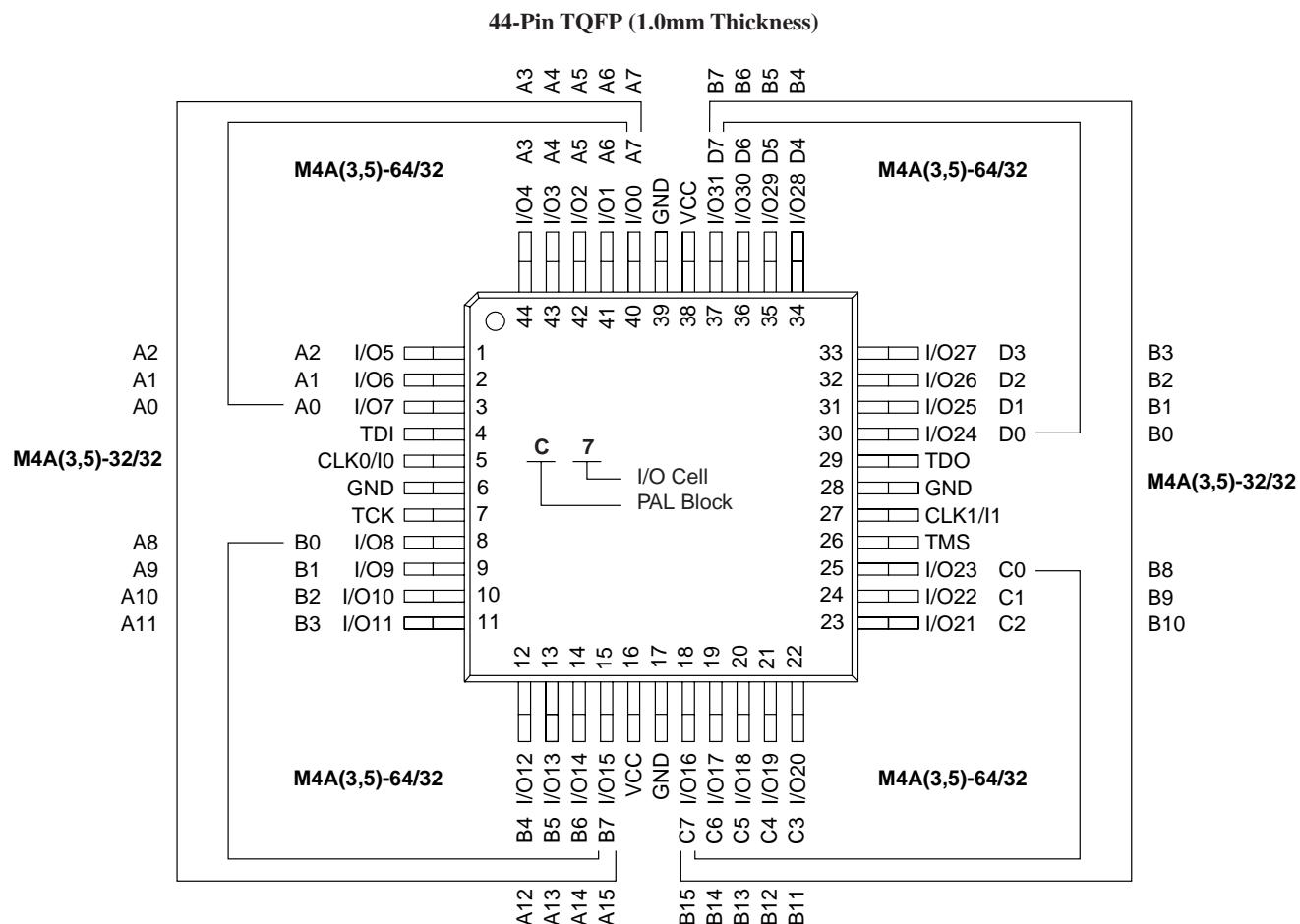


Figure 20. ispMACH 4A I_{CC} Curves at Low Power Mode

44-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-32/32 AND M4A(3,5)-64/32)

Top View



PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

I/O = Input/Output

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage

TDI = Test Data In

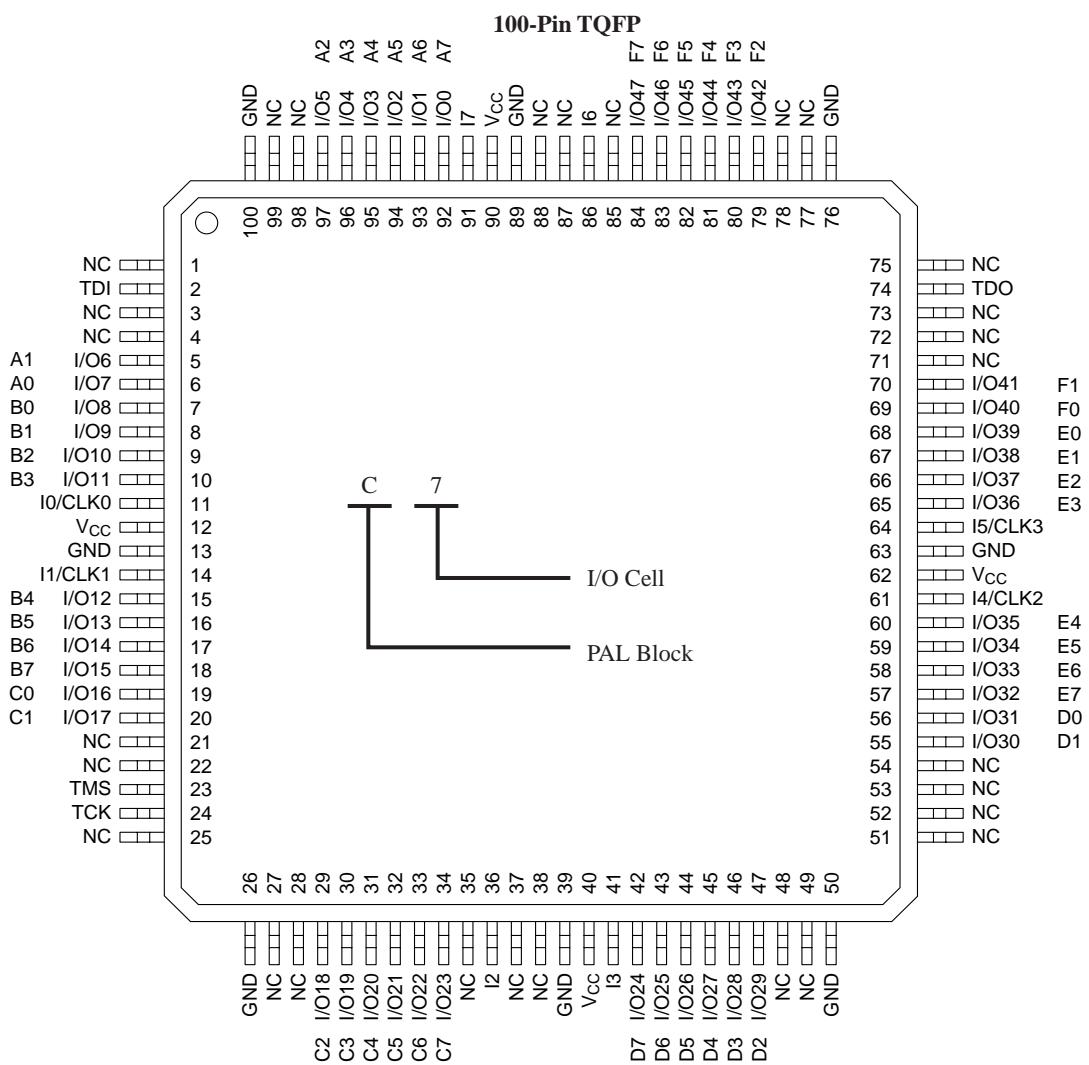
TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode Select

TDO = Test Data Out

100-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-96/48)

Top View



17466G-029

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

I = Input

I/O = Input/Output

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage

NC = No Connect

TDI = Test Data In

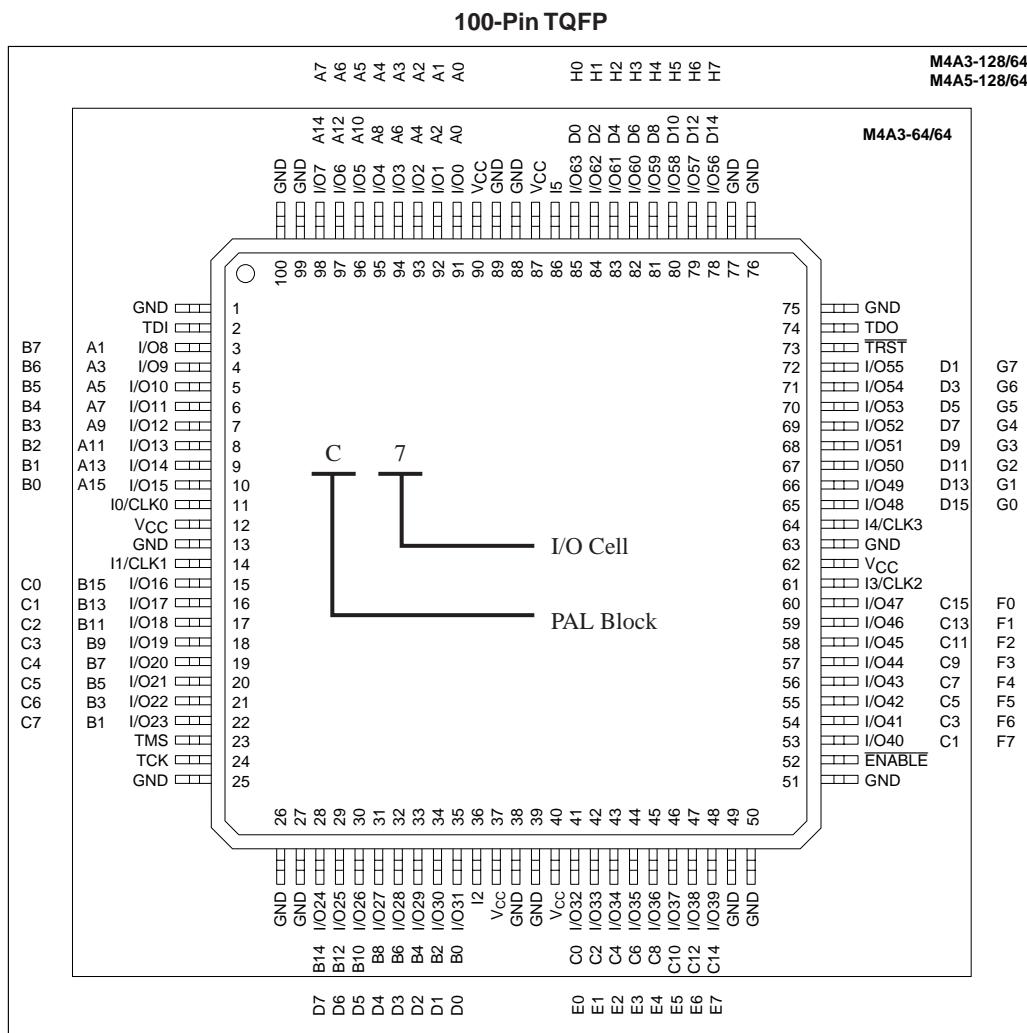
TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode

TDO = Test Data Out

100-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-64/64 AND M4A(3,5)-128/64)

Top View



PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

I = Input

I/O = Input/Output

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage

TDI = Test Data In

TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode Select

TDO = Test Data Out

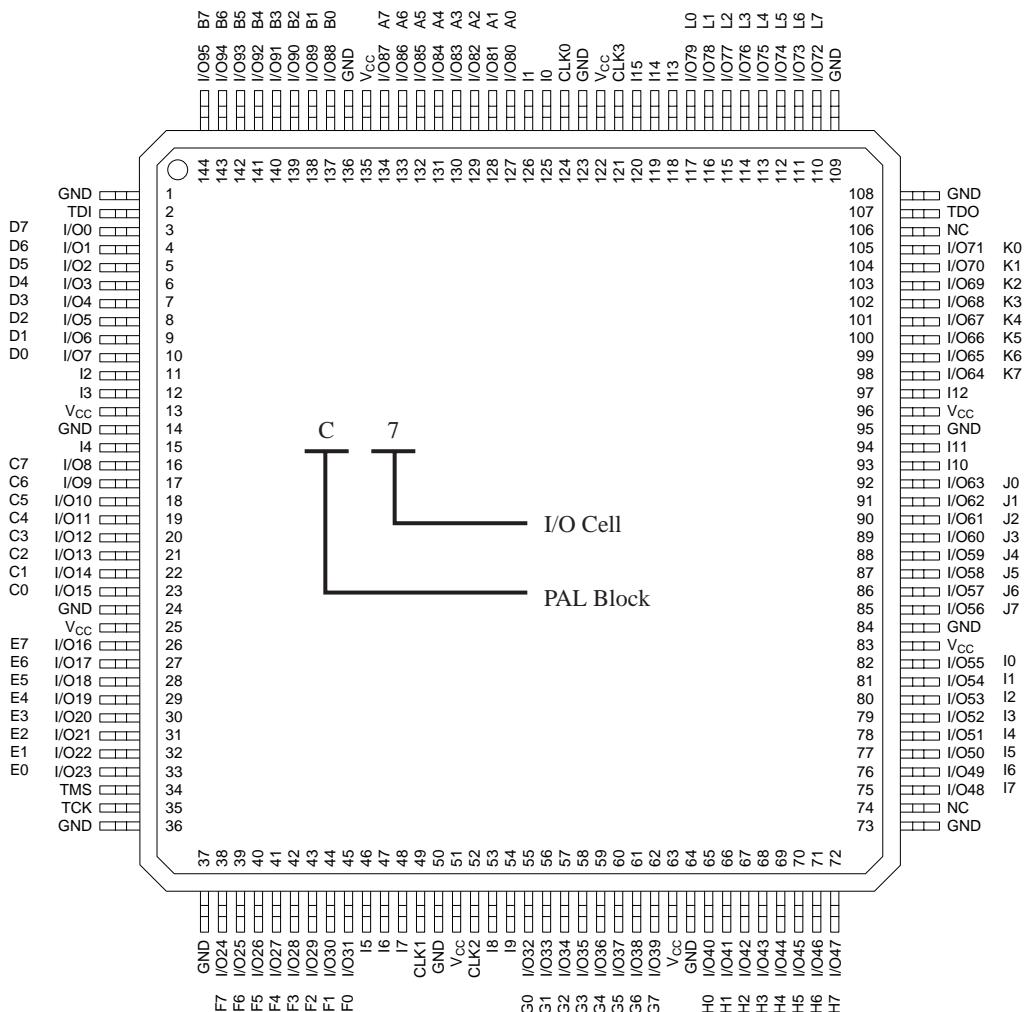
TRST = Test Reset

ENABLE = Program

144-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-192/96)

Top View

144-Pin TQFP



17466G-033

PIN DESIGNATIONS

- CLK = Clock
- GND = Ground
- I = Input
- I/O = Input/Output
- V_{CC} = Supply Voltage
- TDI = Test Data In
- TCK = Test Clock
- TMS = Test Mode Select
- TDO = Test Data Out

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/128)

Bottom View

256-Ball BGA

	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
A	GND	N/C	GND	I/O108 N4	I/O105 N1	GND	I/O100 M4	I/O96 M0	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O95 L0	I/O91 L4	GND	I/O87 K0	N/C	GND	GND	GND
B	GND	I/O113 O6	N/C	I/O109 N5	I/O106 N2	I/O103 M7	I/O102 M6	I/O98 M2	N/C	I11	N/C	N/C	I/O93 L2	I/O89 L6	I/O88 L7	I/O85 K2	I/O83 K4	I/O82 K5	N/C	GND
C	I/O116 O3	N/C	VCC	TRST	I/O111 N7	I/O107 N3	I/O104 N0	I/O101 M5	I/O97 M1	N/C	I10	I94	I/O90 L5	I/O86 K1	I/O84 K3	I/O80 K7	ENABLE	VCC	I/O78 J6	I/O74 J2
D	I/O120 P7	I/O117 O2	I/O112 O7	VCC	VCC	I/O110 N6	VCC	N/C	I/O99 M3	N/C	I9	I/O92 L3	N/C	VCC	I/O81 K6	VCC	VCC	I/O79 J7	I/O75 J3	I/O71 I7
E	I/O123 P4	I/O119 O0	I/O114 O5	TDI	PIN DESIGNATIONS												TDO	I/O77 J5	I/O72 J0	I/O68 I4
F	GND	I/O122 P5	I/O118 O1	I/O115 O4													I/O76 J4	I/O73 J1	I/O69 I5	GND
G	I12	I/O125 P2	I/O121 P6	VCC													VCC	I/O70 I6	I/O65 I1	I8
H	GND	I/O127 P0	I/O126 P1	I/O124 P3													I/O67 I3	I/O66 I2	I/O64 I0	GND
J	N/C	N/C	N/C	I13													I7	N/C	N/C	N/C
K	GND	CLK3	N/C	N/C													N/C	N/C	CLK2	N/C
L	N/C	CLK0	N/C	N/C													N/C	N/C	CLK1	GND
M	N/C	N/C	N/C	I0													I6	N/C	I/O63 H0	I/O62 H1
N	GND	I/O0 A0	I/O2 A2	I/O3 A3													I/O60 H3	I/O61 H2	I/O59 H4	GND
P	I1	I/O1 A1	I/O6 A6	VCC													VCC	I/O57 H6	I/O58 H5	I5
R	GND	I/O5 A5	I/O9 B1	N/C													I/O51 G4	I/O54 G1	I/O56 H7	GND
T	I/O4 A4	I/O8 B0	I/O12 B4	TCK													TMS	I/O50 G5	I/O55 G0	N/C
U	I/O7 A7	I/O11 B3	I/O15 B7	VCC	VCC	I/O18 C5	VCC	I/O24 D7	I/O29 D2	I2	N/C	I/O35 E3	N/C	VCC	N/C	VCC	I/O48 G7	I/O53 G2	N/C	
V	I/O10 B2	I/O13 B5	VCC	I/O16 C7	I/O17 C6	I/O21 C2	I/O23 C0	I/O27 D4	I/O31 D0	I3	N/C	I/O33 E1	I/O37 E5	I/O41 F1	I/O43 F3	I/O46 F6	I/O47 F7	VCC	I/O52 G3	N/C
W	GND	I/O14 B6	N/C	N/C	I/O19 C4	I/O22 C1	I/O25 D6	I/O28 D3	N/C	N/C	I4	N/C	I/O34 E2	I/O38 E6	I/O39 E7	I/O42 F2	I/O45 F5	N/C	I/O49 G6	GND
Y	GND	GND	GND	N/C	I/O20 C3	GND	I/O26 D5	I/O30 D1	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O32 E0	I/O36 E4	GND	I/O40 F0	I/O44 F4	GND	N/C	GND



17466G-045

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM - (M4A3-384/192)

Bottom View

256-Ball BGA

	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
A	GND	I/O11 FX7	GND	I/O44 FX6	I/O58 CX6	GND	I/O70 CX2	I/O76 DX6	GND	GND	GND	I/O108 AX5	I/O116 BX0	GND	I/O128 BX7	I/O134 O3	GND	GND	GND	A				
B	GND	I/O12 GX7	I/O28 FX5	I/O45 FX3	I/O59 CX7	I/O64 CX5	I/O71 CX3	I/O77 DX7	I/O84 DX5	I/O90 DX2	I/O96 AX0	I/O102 AX3	I/O109 AX6	I/O117 BX1	I/O122 BX4	I/O129 BX6	I/O135 O4	I/O148 O6	I/O164 O7	GND	B			
C	I/O0 GX6	I/O13 GX5	VCC	I/O46 FX4	I/O60 FX2	I/O65 FX1	I/O72 CX4	I/O78 CX0	I/O85 DX4	I/O91 DX1	I/O97 AX1	I/O103 AX4	I/O110 BX2	I/O118 BX5	I/O123 O0	I/O130 O1	I/O136 O5	VCC	I/O165 N7	I/O181 N6	C			
D	I/O1 EX7	I/O14 GX3	I/O29 GX4	VCC	VCC	I/O66 FX0	VCC	I/O79 CX1	I/O86 DX3	I/O92 DX0	I/O98 AX2	I/O104 AX7	I/O111 B3X	VCC	I/O124 O2	VCC	VCC	I/O149 N4	I/O166 N5	I/O182 P7	D			
E	I/O2 EX0	I/O15 GX0	I/O30 GX1	TDI	PIN DESIGNATIONS															TDO	I/O150 N2	I/O167 N3	I/O183 P6	E
F	GND	I/O16 EX1	I/O31 EX6	I/O47 GX2																I/O137 N1	I/O151 N0	I/O168 P5	GND	F
G	I/O3 HX6	I/O17 EX4	I/O32 EX5	VCC																VCC	I/O152 P4	I/O169 P3	I/O184 M7	G
H	GND	I/O18 HX5	I/O33 EX2	I/O48 EX3																I/O138 P2	I/O153 P1	I/O170 P0	GND	H
J	I/O4 HX0	I/O19 HX1	I/O34 HX4	I/O49 HX7																I/O139 M6	I/O154 M5	I/O171 M4	I/O185 M3	J
K	GND	CLK3	I/O35 HX2	I/O50 HX3																I/O140 M0	I/O155 M1	CLK2	I/O186 M2	K
L	I/O5 A2	CLK0	I/O36 A0	I/O51 A1																I/O141 L3	I/O156 L4	CLK1	GND	L
M	I/O6 A4	I/O20 A3	I/O37 A5	I/O52 A6																I/O142 L6	I/O157 L5	I/O172 L0	I/O187 L1	M
N	GND	I/O21 A7	I/O38 D0	I/O53 D1																I/O143 I5	I/O158 I0	I/O173 L7	GND	N
P	I/O7 D2	I/O22 D3	I/O39 D4	VCC																VCC	I/O159 I4	I/O174 I1	I/O188 L2	P
R	GND	I/O23 D5	I/O40 D6	I/O54 D7																I/O144 K5	I/O160 K0	I/O175 I3	GND	R
T	I/O8 B3	I/O24 B0	I/O41 B7	TCK																TMS	I/O161 K4	I/O176 K1	I/O189 I2	T
U	I/O9 B4	I/O25 B1	I/O42 B6	VCC	VCC	I/O67 C0	VCC	I/O80 F0	I/O87 E5	I/O93 E2	I/O99 H2	I/O105 H5	I/O112 G0	VCC	I/O125 J1	VCC	VCC	I/O162 K7	I/O177 K2	I/O190 I6		U		
V	I/O10 B5	I/O26 B2	VCC	I/O55 C5	I/O61 C2	I/O68 C1	I/O73 F4	I/O81 F1	I/O88 E4	I/O94 E1	I/O100 H1	I/O106 H4	I/O113 G1	I/O119 G4	I/O126 J0	I/O131 J2	I/O145 J5	VCC	I/O178 K3	I/O191 I7		V		
W	GND	I/O27 C7	I/O43 C6	I/O56 C3	I/O62 F7	I/O69 F5	I/O74 F3	I/O82 E7	I/O89 E3	I/O95 E0	I/O101 H0	I/O107 H3	I/O114 H7	I/O120 G3	I/O127 G5	I/O132 G7	I/O146 J4	I/O163 J6	I/O179 J7	GND	W			
Y	GND	GND	GND	I/O57 C4	I/O63 F6	GND	I/O75 F2	I/O83 E6	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O115 H6	I/O121 G2	GND	I/O133 G6	I/O147 J3	GND	I/O180 K6	GND		Y		

20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

17466G-046

256-BALL fpBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/128)

Bottom View

256-Ball fpBGA

	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	TRST	I/O117 O5	I/O116 O4	I/O113 O1	I/O126 P6	I/O124 P4	I12	NC	NC	NC	CLK0	I/O1 A1	I/O5 A5	I/O7 A7	I/O10 B2	I/O12 B4 <th>A</th>	A
B	I/O110 N6	I/O111 N7	I/O118 O6	I/O115 O3	I/O127 P7	I/O125 P5	I/O120 P0	NC	NC	NC	I1	I/O2 A2	I/O8 B0	I/O11 B3	I/O13 B5	NC	B
C	I/O108 N4	I/O109 N5	NC	I/O119 O7	I/O114 O2	I/O122 P2	I/O123 P3	NC	NC	I0	I/O4 A4	I/O6 A6	I/O15 B7	I/O14 B6	TDI	I/O23 C7	C
D	NC	I/O104 N0	TDO	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O9 B1	I/O22 C6	I/O21 C5	D
E	I/O102 M6	NC	I/O107 N3	VCC	I/O105 N1	I/O106 N2	I13	CLK3	NC	NC	I/O0 A0	NC	GND	I/O20 C4	I/O19 C3	I/O31 D7	E
F	I/O98 M2	I/O103 M7	I/O101 M5	GND	I/O100 M4	I/O99 M3	I/O112 O0	I/O121 P1	NC	NC	I/O3 A3	I/O18 C2	VCC	I/O16 C0	I/O30 D6	I/O29 D5	F
G	NC	I/O96 M0	I11	VCC	NC	I/O97 M1	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O17 C1	I/O28 D4	GND	I/O26 D2	I/O25 D1	I2	G	
H	I/O88 L0	I10	I9	GND	I/O89 L1	I/O90 L2	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O27 D3	I/O24 D0	VCC	NC	NC	NC	H
J	I/O91 L3	I/O92 L4	I/O93 L5	GND	I/O95 L7	I/O94 L6	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I3	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	J
K	NC	NC	NC	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	I4	NC	I/O32 E0	K
L	NC	NC	I/O80 K0	GND	I/O83 K3	NC	NC	NC	I/O59 H3	I/O61 H5	NC	NC	GND	I/O35 E3	I/O36 E4	I/O33 E1	L
M	I/O81 K1	I/O82 K2	I/O84 K4	GND	I/O67 I3	I/O65 I1	NC	NC	I/O58 H2	I/O48 G0	I/O51 G3	NC	VCC	I/O44 F4	I/O39 E7	I/O34 E2	M
N	I/O85 K5	I/O86 K6	ENABLE	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	GND	TCK	I/O40 F0	I/O37 E5	N
P	I/O87 K7	I/O77 J5	I/O78 J6	I/O79 J7	I/O68 I4	I/O66 I2	NC	NC	NC	I6	I/O63 H7	I/O52 G4	I/O55 G7	TMS	I/O41 F1	I/O38 E6	P
R	I/O76 J4	I/O75 J3	I/O72 J0	I/O71 I7	I/O64 I0	I7	NC	NC	NC	I/O56 H0	I/O60 H4	I/O49 G1	I/O53 G5	I/O47 F7	I/O43 F3	I/O42 F2	R
T	I/O74 J2	I/O73 J1	I/O70 I6	I/O69 I5	I8	CLK2	NC	NC	CLK1	I5	I/O57 H1	I/O62 H6	I/O50 G2	I/O54 G6	I/O46 F6	I/O45 F5	T
	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock
 GND = Ground
 I = Input
 I/O = Input/Output
 N/C = No Connect
 VCC = Supply Voltage
 TDI = Test Data In
 TCK = Test Clock
 TMS = Test Mode Select
 TDO = Test Data Out
 TRST = Test Reset
 ENABLE = Program



m4a3.256.128_256bga

5V Commercial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-5, -7, -10,	JC, VC, VC48
M4A5-64/32		JC, VC, VC48
M4A5-96/48	-55, -7, -10	VC
M4A5-128/64		YC, VC
M4A5-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VC
M4A5-256/128	-65, -7, -10	YC

5V Industrial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-7, -10, -12	JI, VI, VI48
M4A5-64/32		JI, VI, VI48
M4A5-96/48	-7, -10, -12	VI
M4A5-128/64		YI, VI
M4A5-192/96	-7, -10, -12	VI
M4A5-256/128	-10, -12	YI

Lead-free Packaging

3.3V Commercial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-5, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A3-64/32		VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A3-64/64	-55, -7, -10	VNC
M4A3-128/64		VNC
M4A3-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VNC
M4A3-256/128	-55, -7, -10	FANC, YNC
M4A3-256/160		YNC
M4A3-256/192	-7, -10	FANC
M4A3-384/192	-65, -10, -12	FANC
M4A3-512/192	-7, -10, -12	FANC

3.3V Industrial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32		VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A3-64/32	-7, -10, -12	VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A3-64/64		VNI
M4A3-128/64		VNI
M4A3-192/96		VNI
M4A3-256/128	-10, -12	FANI, YNI
M4A3-256/160		YNI
M4A3-256/192		FANI
M4A3-384/192	-10, -12, -14	FANI
M4A3-512/192		FANI

5V Commercial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-5, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A5-64/32		VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A5-96/48	-55, -7, -10	VNC
M4A5-128/64		VNC, YNC
M4A5-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VNC
M4A5-256/128	-65, -7, -10	YNC

5V Industrial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32		VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A5-64/32	-7, -10, -12	VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A5-96/48		VNI
M4A5-128/64		VNI, YNI
M4A5-192/96		VNI
M4A5-256/128		YNI

Most ispMACH devices are dual-marked with both Commercial and Industrial grades. The Industrial speed grade is slower, i.e., M4A3-256/128-7YC-10YI

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local Lattice sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

Revision History

Date	Version	Change Summary
-	K	Previous Lattice release.
August 2006	L	Updated for lead-free package options.
September 2006	M	Revised M4A3-256/160 208-pin PQFP connection diagram.