Lattice Semiconductor Corporation - M4A3-256/128-55YC Datasheet

Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	5.5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	3V ~ 3.6V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	256
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	128
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m4a3-256-128-55yc

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ispMACH™ 4A family from Lattice offers an exceptionally flexible architecture and delivers a superior Complex Programmable Logic Device (CPLD) solution of easy-to-use silicon products and software tools. The overall benefits for users are a guaranteed and predictable CPLD solution, faster time-to-market, greater flexibility and lower cost. The ispMACH 4A devices offer densities ranging from 32 to 512 macrocells with 100% utilization and 100% pin-out retention. The ispMACH 4A families offer 5-V (M4A5-xxx) and 3.3-V (M4A3-xxx) operation.

ispMACH 4A products are 5-V or 3.3-V in-system programmable through the JTAG (IEEE Std. 1149.1) interface. JTAG boundary scan testing also allows product testability on automated test equipment for device connectivity.

All ispMACH 4A family members deliver First-Time-Fit and easy system integration with pin-out retention after any design change and refit. For both 3.3-V and 5-V operation, ispMACH 4A products can deliver guaranteed fixed timing as fast as 5.0 ns t_{PD} and 182 MHz f_{CNT} through the SpeedLocking feature when using up to 20 product terms per output (Table 2).

Table 2. ispMACH 4A Speed Grades

Device	Speed Grade							
	-5	-55	-6	-65	-7	-10	-12	-14
M4A3-32 M4A5-32	C				C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-64/32 M4A5-64/32		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-64/64		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-96 M4A5-96		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-128 M4A5-128		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-192 M4A5-192			C		C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/128		C		C	C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-256/128				C	C	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/192 M4A3-256/160					C	C, I	I	
M4A3-384				C		C, I	C, I	I
M4A3-512					C	C, I	C, I	I

Note:

1. C = Commercial, I = Industrial

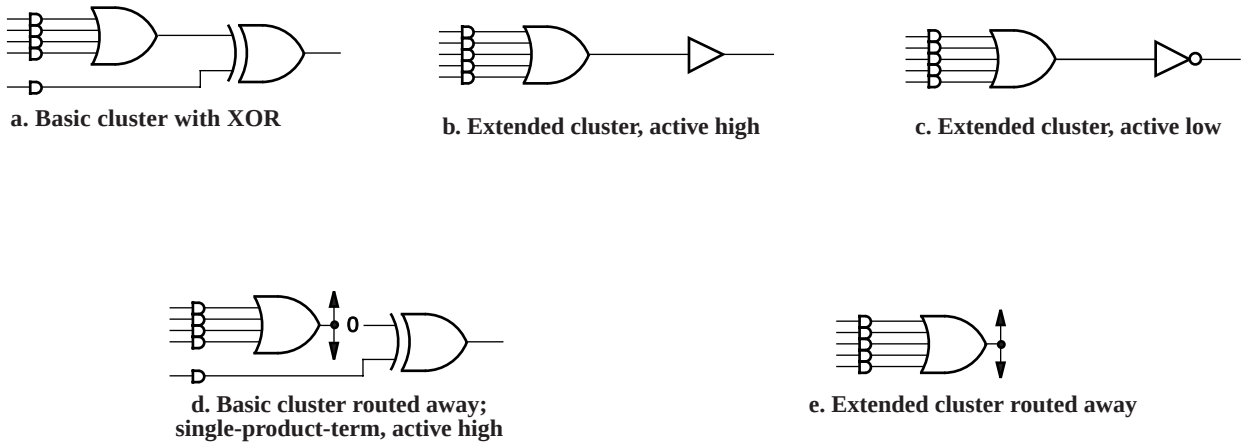


Figure 3. Logic Allocator Configurations: Synchronous Mode

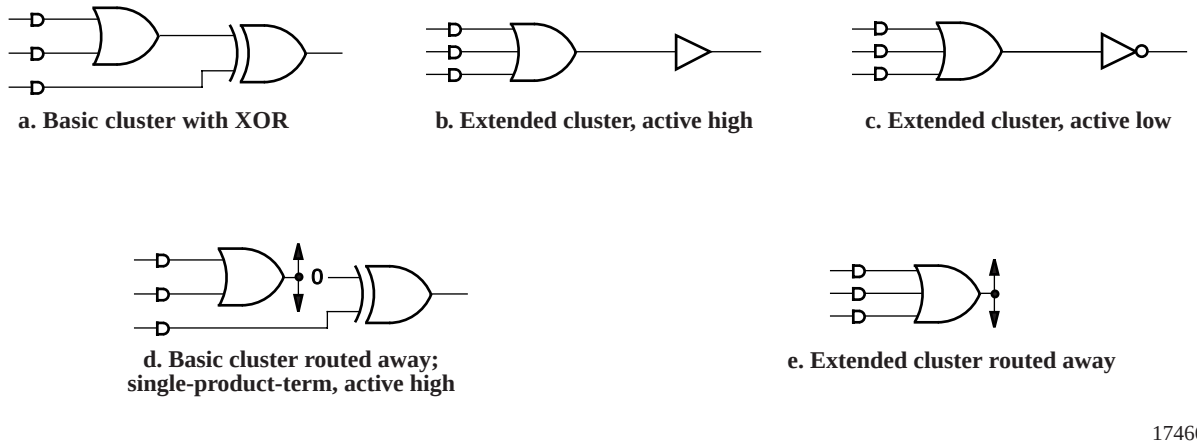


Figure 4. Logic Allocator Configurations: Asynchronous Mode

Note that the configuration of the logic allocator has absolutely no impact on the speed of the signal. All configurations have the same delay. This means that designers do not have to decide between optimizing resources or speed; both can be optimized.

If not used in the cluster, the extra product term can act in conjunction with the basic cluster to provide XOR logic for such functions as data comparison, or it can work with the D-,T-type flip-flop to provide for J-K, and S-R register operation. In addition, if the basic cluster is routed to another macrocell, the extra product term is still available for logic. In this case, the first XOR input will be a logic 0. This circuit has the flexibility to route product terms elsewhere without giving up the use of the macrocell.

Product term clusters do not “wrap” around a PAL block. This means that the macrocells at the ends of the block have fewer product terms available.

A reset/preset swapping feature in each macrocell allows for reset and preset to be exchanged, providing flexibility. In asynchronous mode (Figure 8), a single individual product term is provided for initialization. It can be selected to control reset or preset.

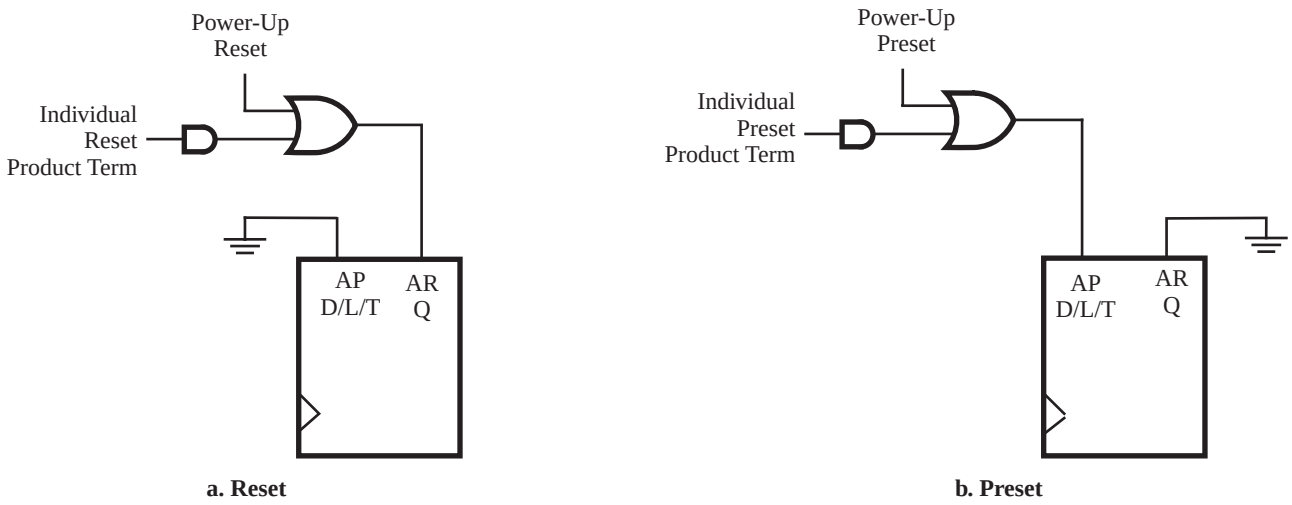


Figure 8. Asynchronous Mode Initialization Configurations

Note that the reset/preset swapping selection feature effects power-up reset as well. The initialization functionality of the flip-flops is illustrated in Table 9. The macrocell sends its data to the output switch matrix and the input switch matrix. The output switch matrix can route this data to an output if so desired. The input switch matrix can send the signal back to the central switch matrix as feedback.

Table 9. Asynchronous Reset/Preset Operation

AR	AP	CLK/LE[1]	Q+
0	0	X	See Table 8
0	1	X	1
1	0	X	0
1	1	X	0

Note:

1. Transparent latch is unaffected by AR, AP

Table 11. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A3-256/160 and M4A3-256/192

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells							
I/O8	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O9	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O10	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O11	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O12	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O13	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O14	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O15	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15

Table 12. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A(3,5)-32/32

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7
M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15	I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15

Table 13. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A3-64/64

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
MO, M1	I/O0, I/O1, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15
M2, M3	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15
M4, M5	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2,I/O3, I/O4,I/O5, I/O14, I/O15
M6, M7	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7
M8, M9	I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9
M10, M11	I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11
M12, M13	I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13
M14, M15	I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O0, I/O1	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O2, I/O3	M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9
I/O4, I/O5	M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11
I/O6, I/O7	M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13
I/O8, I/O9	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O10, I/O11	M0, M1, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O12, I/O13	M0, M1, M2, M3, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O14, I/O15	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M14, M15

IEEE 1149.1-COMPLIANT BOUNDARY SCAN TESTABILITY

All ispMACH 4A devices have boundary scan cells and are compliant to the IEEE 1149.1 standard. This allows functional testing of the circuit board on which the device is mounted through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test node data to be captured and shifted out for verification. In addition, these devices can be linked into a board-level serial scan path for more complete board-level testing.

IEEE 1149.1-COMPLIANT IN-SYSTEM PROGRAMMING

Programming devices in-system provides a number of significant benefits including: rapid prototyping, lower inventory levels, higher quality, and the ability to make in-field modifications. All ispMACH 4A devices provide In-System Programming (ISP) capability through their Boundary ScanTest Access Ports. This capability has been implemented in a manner that ensures that the port remains compliant to the IEEE 1149.1 standard. By using IEEE 1149.1 as the communication interface through which ISP is achieved, customers get the benefit of a standard, well-defined interface.

ispMACH 4A devices can be programmed across the commercial temperature and voltage range. The PC-based ispVM™ software facilitates in-system programming of ispMACH 4A devices. ispVM takes the JEDEC file output produced by the design implementation software, along with information about the JTAG chain, and creates a set of vectors that are used to drive the JTAG chain. ispVM software can use these vectors to drive a JTAG chain via the parallel port of a PC. Alternatively, ispVM software can output files in formats understood by common automated test equipment. This equpment can then be used to program ispMACH 4A devices during the testing of a circuit board.

PCI COMPLIANT

ispMACH 4A devices in the -5/-55/-6/-65/-7/-10/-12 speed grades are compliant with the *PCI Local Bus Specification* version 2.1, published by the PCI Special Interest Group (SIG). The 5-V devices are fully PCI-compliant. The 3.3-V devices are mostly compliant but do not meet the PCI condition to clamp the inputs as they rise above V_{CC} because of their 5-V input tolerant feature.

SAFE FOR MIXED SUPPLY VOLTAGE SYSTEM DESIGNS

Both the 3.3-V and 5-V V_{CC} ispMACH 4A devices are safe for mixed supply voltage system designs. The 5-V devices will not overdrive 3.3-V devices above the output voltage of 3.3 V, while they accept inputs from other 3.3-V devices. The 3.3-V device will accept inputs up to 5.5 V. Both the 5-V and 3.3-V versions have the same high-speed performance and provide easy-to-use mixed-voltage design capability.

PULL UP OR BUS-FRIENDLY INPUTS AND I/Os

All ispMACH 4A devices have inputs and I/Os which feature the Bus-Friendly circuitry incorporating two inverters in series which loop back to the input. This double inversion weakly holds the input at its last driven logic state. While it is good design practice to tie unused pins to a known state, the Bus-Friendly input structure pulls pins away from the input threshold voltage where noise can cause high-frequency switching. At power-up, the Bus-Friendly latches are reset to a logic level “1.” For the circuit diagram, please refer to the document entitled *MACH Endurance Characteristics* on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

All ispMACH 4A devices have a programmable bit that configures all inputs and I/Os with either pull-up or Bus-Friendly characteristics. If the device is configured in pull-up mode, all inputs and I/O pins are

weakly pulled up. For the circuit diagram, please refer to the document entitled *MACH Endurance Characteristics* on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

POWER MANAGEMENT

Each individual PAL block in ispMACH 4A devices features a programmable low-power mode, which results in power savings of up to 50%. The signal speed paths in the low-power PAL block will be slower than those in the non-low-power PAL block. This feature allows speed critical paths to run at maximum frequency while the rest of the signal paths operate in the low-power mode.

PROGRAMMABLE SLEW RATE

Each ispMACH 4A device I/O has an individually programmable output slew rate control bit. Each output can be individually configured for the higher speed transition (3 V/ns) or for the lower noise transition (1 V/ns). For high-speed designs with long, unterminated traces, the slow-slew rate will introduce fewer reflections, less noise, and keep ground bounce to a minimum. For designs with short traces or well terminated lines, the fast slew rate can be used to achieve the highest speed. The slew rate is adjusted independent of power.

POWER-UP RESET/SET

All flip-flops power up to a known state for predictable system initialization. If a macrocell is configured to SET on a signal from the control generator, then that macrocell will be SET during device power-up. If a macrocell is configured to RESET on a signal from the control generator or is not configured for set/reset, then that macrocell will RESET on power-up. To guarantee initialization values, the V_{CC} rise must be monotonic, and the clock must be inactive until the reset delay time has elapsed.

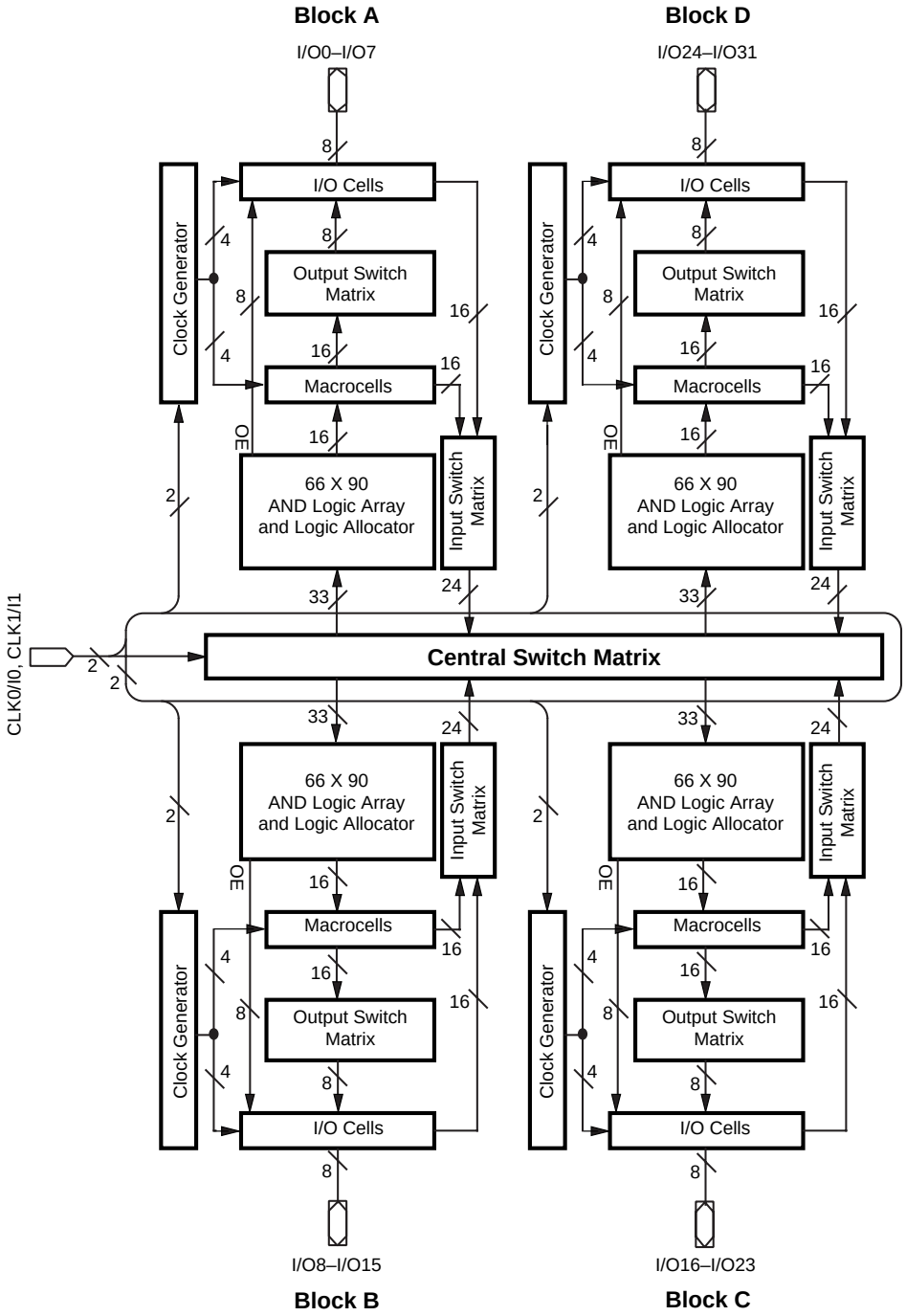
SECURITY BIT

A programmable security bit is provided on the ispMACH 4A devices as a deterrent to unauthorized copying of the array configuration patterns. Once programmed, this bit defeats readback of the programmed pattern by a device programmer, securing proprietary designs from competitors. Programming and verification are also defeated by the security bit. The bit can only be reset by erasing the entire device.

HOT SOCKETING

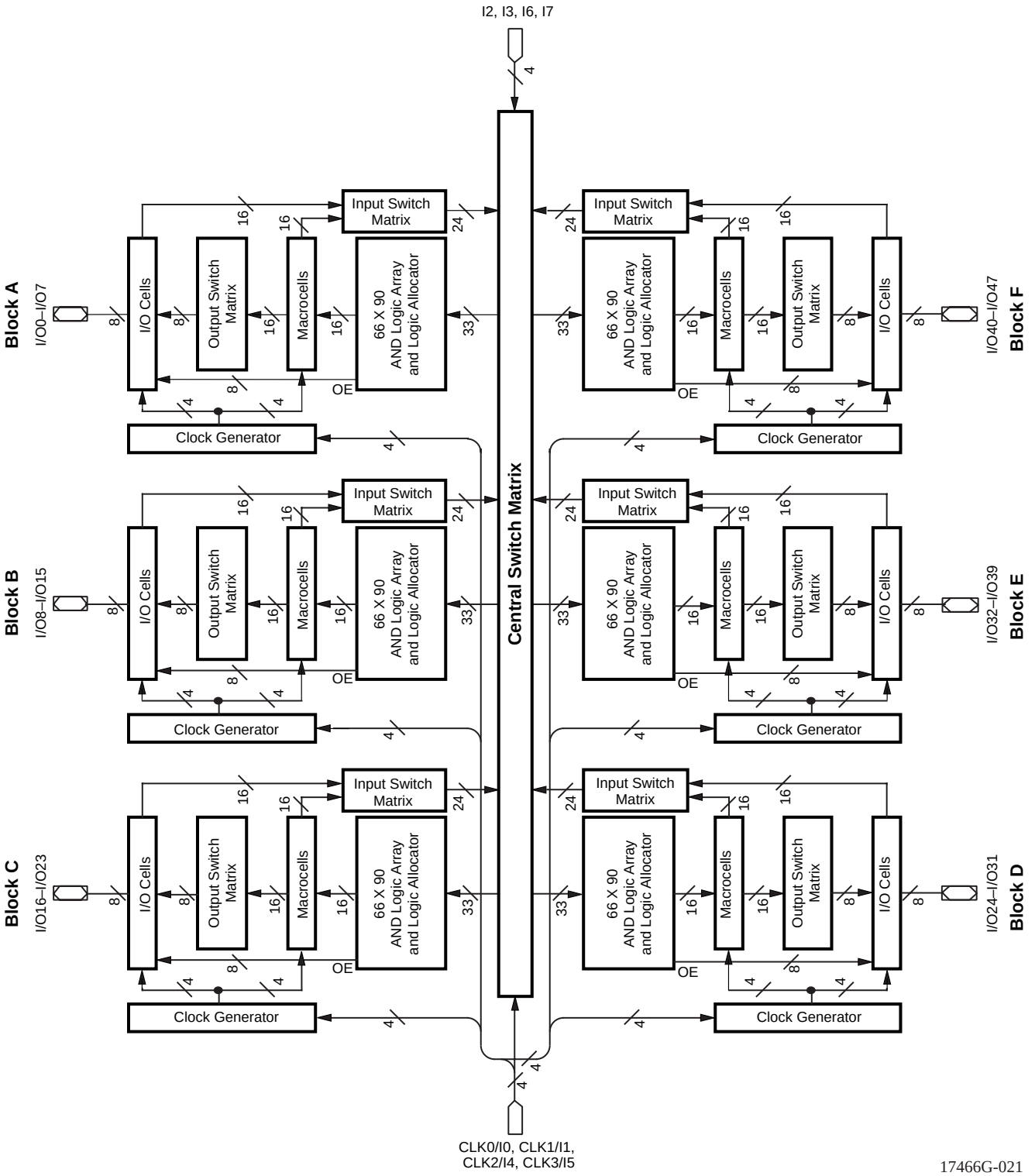
ispMACH 4A devices are well-suited for those applications that require hot socketing capability. Hot socketing a device requires that the device, when powered down, can tolerate active signals on the I/Os and inputs without being damaged. Additionally, it requires that the effects of the powered-down MACH devices be minimal on active signals.

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-64/32



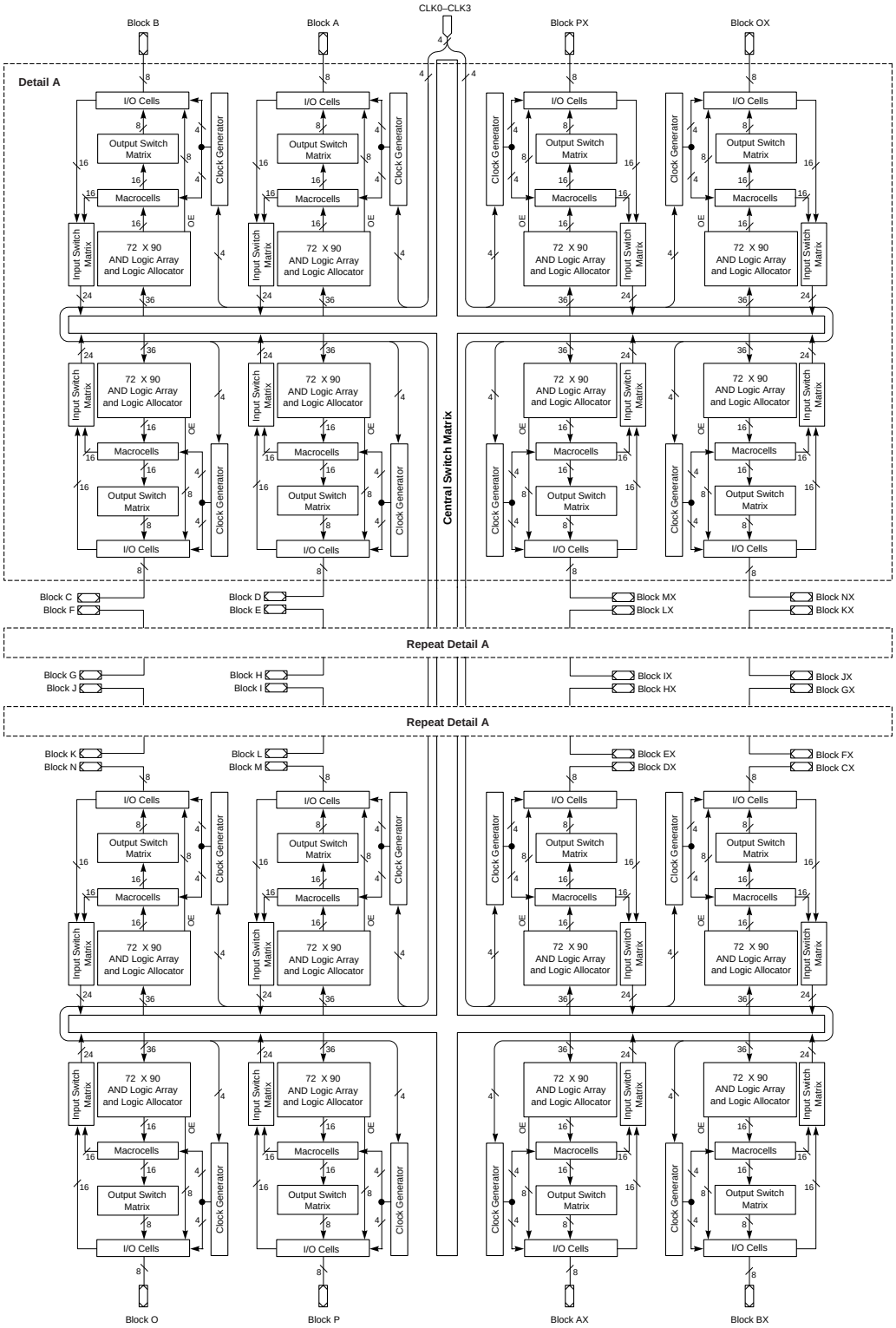
17466H-020

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-96/48



17466G-021

BLOCK DIAGRAM - M4A3-512/160, M4A3-512/192, M4A3-512/256



17466G-068

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

M4A3

Storage Temperature . . . . . -65°C to +150°C

Ambient Temperature
with Power Applied. . . . . -55°C to +100°C

Device Junction Temperature. . . . . +130°C

Supply Voltage
with Respect to Ground . . . . . -0.5 V to +4.5 V

DC Input Voltage . . . . . -0.5 V to 6.0 V

Static Discharge Voltage . . . . . 2000 V

Latchup Current (T_A = -40°C to +85°C) . . . . . 200 mA

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
Operating in Free Air . . . . . 0°C to +70°C

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
with Respect to Ground. . . . . +3.0 V to +3.6 V

Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
Operating in Free Air . . . . . -40°C to +85°C

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
with Respect to Ground. . . . . +3.0 V to +3.6 V

Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

3.3-V DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGES

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	V_{CC} = Min, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OH} = –100 µA	V_{CC} – 0.2			V
			I_{OH} = –3.2 mA	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	V_{CC} = Min, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} (Note 1)	I_{OL} = 100 µA			0.2	V
			I_{OL} = 24 mA			0.5	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical HIGH Voltage for all Inputs		2.0		5.5	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical LOW Voltage for all Inputs		–0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Leakage Current	V_{IN} = 3.6 V, V_{CC} = Max (Note 2)				5	µA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Leakage Current	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} = Max (Note 2)				–5	µA
I_{OZH}	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	V_{OUT} = 3.6 V, V_{CC} = Max, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} (Note 2)				5	µA
I_{OZL}	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	V_{OUT} = 0 V, V_{CC} = Max, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} (Note 2)				–5	µA
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	V_{OUT} = 0.5 V, V_{CC} = Max (Note 3)		–15		–160	mA

Notes:

1. *Total I_{OL} for one PAL block should not exceed 64 mA.*
2. *I/O pin leakage is the worst case of I_{IL} and I_{OZL} (or I_{IH} and I_{OZH}).*
3. *Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.*

Notes:

1. *See "MACH Switching Test Circuit" document on the Literature Download page of the Lattice web site.*
2. *This parameter does not apply to flip-flops in the emulated mode since the feedback path is required for emulation.*

ispMACH 4A TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES[1]

		-5		-55		-6		-65		-7		-10		-12		-14		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Input Register Delays with ZHT Option:																		
t_{SIRZ}	Input register setup time - ZHT	6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t_{HIRZ}	Input register hold time - ZHT	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
Input Latch Delays with ZHT Option:																		
t_{SILZ}	Input latch setup time - ZHT	6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t_{HILZ}	Input latch hold time - ZHT	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{PDILZi}	Transparent input latch to internal feedback - ZHT		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0	ns
Output Delays:																		
t_{BUF}	Output buffer delay		1.5		1.5		1.8		2.0		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0	ns
t_{SLW}	Slow slew rate delay adder		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5	ns
t_{EA}	Output enable time		7.5		7.5		8.5		8.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0	ns
t_{ER}	Output disable time		7.5		7.5		8.5		8.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0	ns
Power Delay:																		
t_{PL}	Power-down mode delay adder		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5	ns
Reset and Preset Delays:																		
t_{SRi}	Asynchronous reset or preset to internal register output		7.5		7.7		8.0		8.0		9.5		11.0		13.0		16.0	ns
t_{SR}	Asynchronous reset or preset to register output		9.0		9.2		10.0		10.0		12.0		14.0		16.0		19.0	ns
t_{SRR}	Asynchronous reset and preset register recovery time	7.0		7.0		7.5		7.5		8.0		8.0		10.0		15.0		ns
t_{SRW}	Asynchronous reset or preset width	7.0		7.0		8.0		8.0		10.0		10.0		12.0		15.0		ns
Clock/LE Width:																		
t_{WLS}	Global clock width low	2.0		2.0		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		ns
t_{WHS}	Global clock width high	2.0		2.0		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		ns
t_{WLA}	Product term clock width low	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		8.0		9.0		ns
t_{WHA}	Product term clock width high	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		8.0		9.0		ns
t_{GWS}	Global gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	4.0		4.0		4.5		4.5		5.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t_{GWA}	Product term gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	4.0		4.0		4.5		4.5		5.0		5.0		6.0		9.0		ns
t_{WIRL}	Input register clock width low	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t_{WIRH}	Input register clock width high	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t_{WIL}	Input latch gate width	4.0		4.0		4.5		4.5		5.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns

100-BALL caBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-128/64)

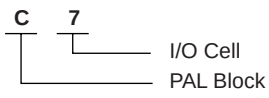
Bottom View

100-Ball caBGA

	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	I/O63 H7	I/O60 H4	I/O57 H1	GND	GND	I/O1 A1	I/O4 A4	I/O7 A7	GND	**A**
B	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	GND	I/O61 H5	I5	VCC	I/O0 A0	I/O6 A6	GND	TDI	I/O15 B7	**B**
C	I/O53 G5	TDO	I/O62 H6	I/O58 H2	I/O56 H0	I/O2 A2	GND	I/O14 B6	I/O13 B5	I/O12 B4	**C**
D	I/O50 G2	I/O55 G7	GND	I/O59 H3	I/O3 A3	I/O5 A5	I/O11 B3	I/O10 B2	CLK0/I0	I/O9 B1	**D**
E	CLK3/I4	I/O49 G1	I/O51 G3	I/O54 G6	VCC	I/O16 C0	I/O20 C4	I/O8 B0	VCC	GND	**E**
F	GND	VCC	I/O40 F0	I/O52 G4	I/O48 G0	VCC	I/O22 C6	I/O19 C3	I/O17 C1	CLK1/I1	**F**
G	I/O41 F1	CLK2/I3	I/O42 F2	I/O43 F3	I/O37 E5	I/O35 E3	I/O27 D3	GND	I/O23 C7	I/O18 C2	**G**
H	I/O44 F4	I/O45 F5	I/O46 F6	GND	I/O34 E2	I/O24 D0	I/O26 D2	I/O30 D6	TCK	I/O21 C5	**H**
J	I/O47 F7	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$	GND	I/O38 E6	I/O32 E0	VCC	I2	I/O29 D5	GND	TMS	**J**
K	GND	I/O39 E7	I/O36 E4	I/O33 E1	GND	GND	I/O25 D1	I/O28 D4	I/O31 D7	GND	**K**
	10	**9**	**8**	**7**	**6**	**5**	**4**	**3**	**2**	**1**	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
N/C	=	No Connect
VCC	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out
$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	=	Test Reset
$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$	=	Program

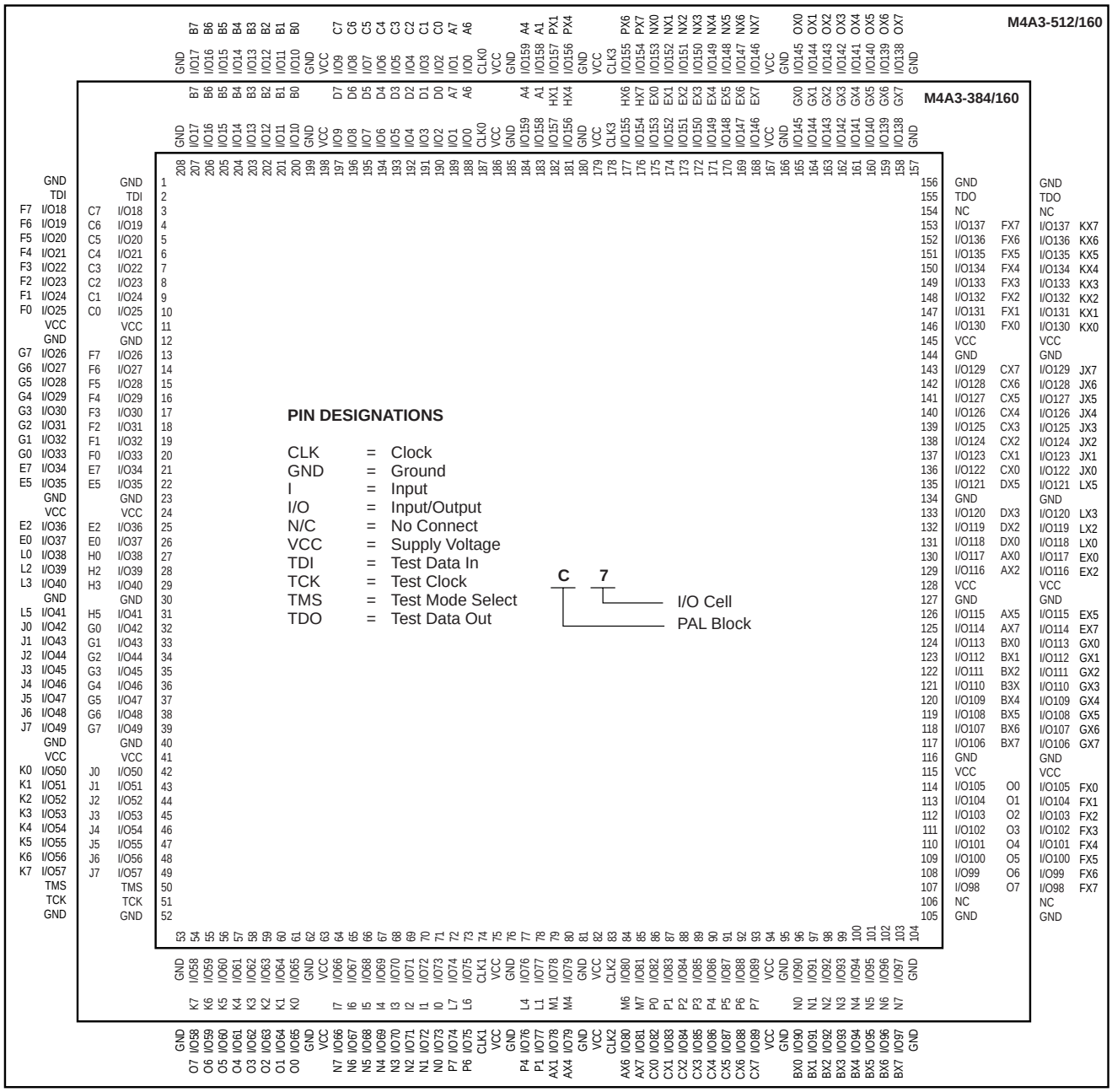


17466G-100cabga

208-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-384/160 AND M4A3-512/160)

Top View

208-Pin PQFP



17466Ga-044

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/128)

Bottom View

256-Ball BGA

	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	N/C	GND	I/O108 N4	I/O105 N1	GND	I/O100 M4	I/O96 M0	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O95 L0	I/O91 L4	GND	I/O87 K0	N/C	GND	GND	GND	A
B	GND	I/O113 O6	N/C	I/O109 N5	I/O106 N2	I/O103 M7	I/O102 M6	I/O98 M2	N/C	I11	N/C	N/C	I/O93 L2	I/O89 L6	I/O88 L7	I/O85 K2	I/O83 K4	I/O82 K5	N/C	GND	B
C	I/O116 O3	N/C	VCC	$\overline{TRST}$	I/O111 N7	I/O107 N3	I/O104 N0	I/O101 M5	I/O97 M1	N/C	I10	I/O94 L1	I/O90 L5	I/O86 K1	I/O84 K3	I/O80 K7	$\overline{ENABLE}$	VCC	I/O78 J6	I/O74 J2	C
D	I/O120 P7	I/O117 O2	I/O112 O7	VCC	VCC	I/O110 N6	VCC	N/C	I/O99 M3	N/C	I9	I/O92 L3	N/C	VCC	I/O81 K6	VCC	VCC	I/O79 J7	I/O75 J3	I/O71 I7	D
E	I/O123 P4	I/O119 O0	I/O114 O5	TDI													TDO	I/O77 J5	I/O72 J0	I/O68 I4	E
F	GND	I/O122 P5	I/O118 O1	I/O115 O4													I/O76 J4	I/O73 J1	I/O69 I5	GND	F
G	I12	I/O125 P2	I/O121 P6	VCC													VCC	I/O70 I6	I/O65 I1	I8	G
H	GND	I/O127 P0	I/O126 P1	I/O124 P3													I/O67 I3	I/O66 I2	I/O64 I0	GND	H
J	N/C	N/C	N/C	I13													I7	N/C	N/C	N/C	J
K	GND	CLK3	N/C	N/C													N/C	N/C	CLK2	N/C	K
L	N/C	CLK0	N/C	N/C													N/C	N/C	CLK1	GND	L
M	N/C	N/C	N/C	I0													I6	N/C	I/O63 H0	I/O62 H1	M
N	GND	I/O0 A0	I/O2 A2	I/O3 A3													I/O60 H3	I/O61 H2	I/O59 H4	GND	N
P	I1	I/O1 A1	I/O6 A6	VCC													VCC	I/O57 H6	I/O58 H5	I5	P
R	GND	I/O5 A5	I/O9 B1	N/C													I/O51 G4	I/O54 G1	I/O56 H7	GND	R
T	I/O4 A4	I/O8 B0	I/O12 B4	TCK													TMS	I/O50 G5	I/O55 G0	N/C	T
U	I/O7 A7	I/O11 B3	I/O15 B7	VCC	VCC	I/O18 C5	VCC	I/O24 D7	I/O29 D2	I2	N/C	I/O35 E3	N/C	VCC	N/C	VCC	VCC	I/O48 G7	I/O53 G2	N/C	U
V	I/O10 B2	I/O13 B5	VCC	I/O16 C7	I/O17 C6	I/O21 C2	I/O23 C0	I/O27 D4	I/O31 D0	I3	N/C	I/O33 E1	I/O37 E5	I/O41 F1	I/O43 F3	I/O46 F6	I/O47 F7	VCC	I/O52 G3	N/C	V
W	GND	I/O14 B6	N/C	N/C	I/O19 C4	I/O22 C1	I/O25 D6	I/O28 D3	N/C	N/C	I4	N/C	I/O34 E2	I/O38 E6	I/O39 E7	I/O42 F2	I/O45 F5	N/C	I/O49 G6	GND	W
Y	GND	GND	GND	N/C	I/O20 C3	GND	I/O26 D5	I/O30 D1	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O32 E0	I/O36 E4	GND	I/O40 F0	I/O44 F4	GND	N/C	GND	Y
	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
N/C	=	No Connect
VCC	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out
$\overline{TRST}$	=	Test Reset
$\overline{ENABLE}$	=	Program

C 7

I/O Cell

PAL Block

17466G-045

256-BALL fpBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/192)

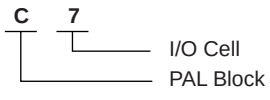
Bottom View

256-Ball fpBGA

	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	I/O167 N15	I/O181 O13	I/O180 O12	I/O177 O9	I/O174 O6	I/O172 O4	I/O191 P14	I/O186 P4	I/O1 A2	I/O3 A6	GCLK0	I/O9 B1	I/O13 B5	I/O15 B7	I/O18 B10	I/O20 B12	A
B	I/O165 N13	I/O166 N14	I/O182 O14	I/O179 O11	I/O175 O7	I/O173 O5	I/O168 O0	I/O187 P6	I/O0 A0	I/O5 A10	I/O7 A14	I/O10 B2	I/O16 B8	I/O19 B11	I/O21 B13	NC	B
C	I/O163 N11	I/O164 N12	NC	I/O183 O15	I/O178 O10	I/O170 O2	I/O171 O3	I/O189 P10	I/O184 P0	I/O6 A12	I/O12 B4	I/O14 B6	I/O23 B15	I/O22 B14	TDI	I/O39 C15	C
D	I/O158 N6	I/O159 N7	TDO	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O17 B9	I/O38 C14	I/O37 C13	D
E	I/O156 N4	NC	I/O162 N10	VCC	I/O160 N8	I/O161 N9	I/O190 P12	GCLK3	I/O188 P8	I/O2 A4	I/O8 B0	NC	GND	I/O36 C12	I/O35 C11	I/O31 C7	E
F	I/O152 N0	I/O157 N5	I/O155 N3	GND	I/O154 N2	I/O153 N1	I/O176 O8	I/O169 O1	I/O185 P2	I/O4 A8	I/O11 B3	I/O34 C10	VCC	I/O32 C8	I/O30 C6	I/O29 C5	F
G	I/O147 M6	I/O150 M12	I/O149 M10	VCC	I/O148 M8	I/O151 M14	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	I/O33 C9	I/O28 C4	GND	I/O26 C2	I/O25 C1	I/O47 D14	G
H	I/O144 M0	I/O146 M4	I/145 OM2	GND	I/O136 L0	I/O137 L2	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O27 C3	I/O24 C0	VCC	I/O44 D8	I/O43 D6	I/O42 D4	H
J	I/O138 L4	I/O139 L6	I/O140 L8	GND	I/O142 L12	I/O141 L10	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O46 D12	I/O45 D10	GND	I/O49 E2	I/O48 E0	I/O50 E4	J
K	I/O143 L14	I/O120 K0	I/O121 K1	VCC	I/O123 K3	I/O122 K2	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	I/O41 D2	I/O40 D0	VCC	I/O55 E14	I/O54 E12	I/O56 F0	K
L	I/O124 K4	I/O125 K5	I/O127 K7	GND	I/O130 K10	I/O126 K6	I/O98 I4	I/O91 H6	I/O75 G3	I/O77 G5	I/O52 E8	I/O51 E6	GND	I/O59 F3	I/O60 F4	I/O57 F1	L
M	I/O128 K8	I/O129 K9	I/O131 K11	GND	I/O107 J3	I/O105 J1	I/O100 I8	I/O90 H4	I/O74 G2	I/O80 G8	I/O83 G11	I/O53 E10	VCC	I/O68 F12	I/O63 F7	I/O58 F2	M
N	I/O132 K12	I/O133 K13	I/O135 K15	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	GND	TCK	I/O64 F8	I/O61 F5	N
P	I/O134 K14	I/O117 J13	I/O118 J14	I/O119 J15	I/O108 J4	I/O106 J2	I/O101 I10	I/O89 H2	I/O93 H10	I/O94 H12	I/O79 G7	I/O84 G12	I/O87 G15	TMS	I/O65 F9	I/O62 F6	P
R	I/O116 J12	I/O115 J11	I/O112 J8	I/O111 J7	I/O104 J0	I/O102 I12	I/O99 I6	I/O96 I0	I/O92 H8	I/O72 G0	I/O76 G4	I/O81 G9	I/O85 G13	I/O71 F15	I/O67 F11	I/O66 F10	R
T	I/O114 J10	I/O113 J9	I/O110 J6	I/O109 J5	I/O103 I14	GCLK2	I/O97 I2	I/O88 H0	GCLK1	I/O95 H14	I/O73 G1	I/O78 G6	I/O82 G10	I/O86 G14	I/O70 F14	I/O69 F13	T
	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock
GND = Ground
I = Input
I/O = Input/Output
N/C = No Connect
VCC = Supply Voltage
TDI = Test Data In
TCK = Test Clock
TMS = Test Mode Select
TDO = Test Data Out



17466G-047

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM - (M4A3-384/192)

Bottom View

256-Ball BGA

	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	I/O11 FX7	GND	I/O44 FX6	I/O58 CX6	GND	I/O70 CX2	I/O76 DX6	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O108 AX5	I/O116 BX0	GND	I/O128 BX7	I/O134 O3	GND	GND	GND	A
B	GND	I/O12 GX7	I/O28 FX5	I/O45 FX3	I/O59 CX7	I/O64 CX5	I/O71 CX3	I/O77 DX7	I/O84 DX5	I/O90 DX2	I/O96 AX0	I/O102 AX3	I/O109 AX6	I/O117 BX1	I/O122 BX4	I/O129 BX6	I/O135 O4	I/O148 O6	I/O164 O7	GND	B
C	I/O0 GX6	I/O13 GX5	VCC	I/O46 FX4	I/O60 FX2	I/O65 FX1	I/O72 CX4	I/O78 CX0	I/O85 DX4	I/O91 DX1	I/O97 AX1	I/O103 AX4	I/O110 BX2	I/O118 BX5	I/O123 O0	I/O130 O1	I/O136 O5	VCC	I/O165 N7	I/O181 N6	C
D	I/O1 EX7	I/O14 GX3	I/O29 GX4	VCC	VCC	I/O66 FX0	VCC	I/O79 CX1	I/O86 DX3	I/O92 DX0	I/O98 AX2	I/O104 AX7	I/O111 B3X	VCC	I/O124 O2	VCC	VCC	I/O149 N4	I/O166 N5	I/O182 P7	D
E	I/O2 EX0	I/O15 GX0	I/O30 GX1	TDI													TDO	I/O150 N2	I/O167 N3	I/O183 P6	E
F	GND	I/O16 EX1	I/O31 EX6	I/O47 GX2													I/O137 N1	I/O151 N0	I/O168 P5	GND	F
G	I/O3 HX6	I/O17 EX4	I/O32 EX5	VCC													VCC	I/O152 P4	I/O169 P3	I/O184 M7	G
H	GND	I/O18 HX5	I/O33 EX2	I/O48 EX3													I/O138 P2	I/O153 P1	I/O170 P0	GND	H
J	I/O4 HX0	I/O19 HX1	I/O34 HX4	I/O49 HX7													I/O139 M6	I/O154 M5	I/O171 M4	I/O185 M3	J
K	GND	CLK3	I/O35 HX2	I/O50 HX3													I/O140 M0	I/O155 M1	CLK2	I/O186 M2	K
L	I/O5 A2	CLK0	I/O36 A0	I/O51 A1													I/O141 L3	I/O156 L4	CLK1	GND	L
M	I/O6 A4	I/O20 A3	I/O37 A5	I/O52 A6													I/O142 L6	I/O157 L5	I/O172 L0	I/O187 L1	M
N	GND	I/O21 A7	I/O38 D0	I/O53 D1													I/O143 I5	I/O158 I0	I/O173 L7	GND	N
P	I/O7 D2	I/O22 D3	I/O39 D4	VCC													VCC	I/O159 I4	I/O174 I1	I/O188 L2	P
R	GND	I/O23 D5	I/O40 D6	I/O54 D7													I/O144 K5	I/O160 K0	I/O175 I3	GND	R
T	I/O8 B3	I/O24 B0	I/O41 B7	TCK													TMS	I/O161 K4	I/O176 K1	I/O189 I2	T
U	I/O9 B4	I/O25 B1	I/O42 B6	VCC	VCC	I/O67 C0	VCC	I/O80 F0	I/O87 E5	I/O93 E2	I/O99 H2	I/O105 H5	I/O112 G0	VCC	I/O125 J1	VCC	VCC	I/O162 K7	I/O177 K2	I/O190 I6	U
V	I/O10 B5	I/O26 B2	VCC	I/O55 C5	I/O61 C2	I/O68 C1	I/O73 F4	I/O81 F1	I/O88 E4	I/O94 E1	I/O100 H1	I/O106 H4	I/O113 G1	I/O119 G4	I/O126 J0	I/O131 J2	I/O145 J5	VCC	I/O178 K3	I/O191 I7	V
W	GND	I/O27 C7	I/O43 C6	I/O56 C3	I/O62 F7	I/O69 F5	I/O74 F3	I/O82 E7	I/O89 E3	I/O95 E0	I/O101 H0	I/O107 H3	I/O114 H7	I/O120 G3	I/O127 G5	I/O132 G7	I/O146 J4	I/O163 J6	I/O179 J7	GND	W
Y	GND	GND	GND	I/O57 C4	I/O63 F6	GND	I/O75 F2	I/O83 E6	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O115 H6	I/O121 G2	GND	I/O133 G6	I/O147 J3	GND	I/O180 K6	GND	Y
	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
N/C	=	No Connect
VCC	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out

C 7
I/O Cell
PAL Block

17466G-046

256-BALL fpBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/128)

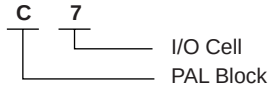
Bottom View

256-Ball fpBGA

	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	I/O117 O5	I/O116 O4	I/O113 O1	I/O126 P6	I/O124 P4	I12	NC	NC	NC	CLK0	I/O1 A1	I/O5 A5	I/O7 A7	I/O10 B2	I/O12 B4	**A**
B	I/O110 N6	I/O111 N7	I/O118 O6	I/O115 O3	I/O127 P7	I/O125 P5	I/O120 P0	NC	NC	NC	I1	I/O2 A2	I/O8 B0	I/O11 B3	I/O13 B5	NC	**B**
C	I/O108 N4	I/O109 N5	NC	I/O119 O7	I/O114 O2	I/O122 P2	I/O123 P3	NC	NC	I0	I/O4 A4	I/O6 A6	I/O15 B7	I/O14 B6	TDI	I/O23 C7	**C**
D	NC	I/O104 N0	TDO	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O9 B1	I/O22 C6	I/O21 C5	**D**
E	I/O102 M6	NC	I/O107 N3	VCC	I/O105 N1	I/O106 N2	I13	CLK3	NC	NC	I/O0 A0	NC	GND	I/O20 C4	I/O19 C3	I/O31 D7	**E**
F	I/O98 M2	I/O103 M7	I/O101 M5	GND	I/O100 M4	I/O99 M3	I/O112 O0	I/O121 P1	NC	NC	I/O3 A3	I/O18 C2	VCC	I/O16 C0	I/O30 D6	I/O29 D5	**F**
G	NC	I/O96 M0	I11	VCC	NC	I/O97 M1	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	I/O17 C1	I/O28 D4	GND	I/O26 D2	I/O25 D1	I2	**G**
H	I/O88 L0	I10	I9	GND	I/O89 L1	I/O90 L2	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O27 D3	I/O24 D0	VCC	NC	NC	NC	**H**
J	I/O91 L3	I/O92 L4	I/O93 L5	GND	I/O95 L7	I/O94 L6	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I3	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	**J**
K	NC	NC	NC	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	I4	NC	I/O32 E0	**K**
L	NC	NC	I/O80 K0	GND	I/O83 K3	NC	NC	NC	I/O59 H3	I/O61 H5	NC	NC	GND	I/O35 E3	I/O36 E4	I/O33 E1	**L**
M	I/O81 K1	I/O82 K2	I/O84 K4	GND	I/O67 I3	I/O65 I1	NC	NC	I/O58 H2	I/O48 G0	I/O51 G3	NC	VCC	I/O44 F4	I/O39 E7	I/O34 E2	**M**
N	I/O85 K5	I/O86 K6	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	GND	TCK	I/O40 F0	I/O37 E5	**N**
P	I/O87 K7	I/O77 J5	I/O78 J6	I/O79 J7	I/O68 I4	I/O66 I2	NC	NC	NC	I6	I/O63 H7	I/O52 G4	I/O55 G7	TMS	I/O41 F1	I/O38 E6	**P**
R	I/O76 J4	I/O75 J3	I/O72 J0	I/O71 I7	I/O64 I0	I7	NC	NC	NC	I/O56 H0	I/O60 H4	I/O49 G1	I/O53 G5	I/O47 F7	I/O43 F3	I/O42 F2	**R**
T	I/O74 J2	I/O73 J1	I/O70 I6	I/O69 I5	I8	CLK2	NC	NC	CLK1	I5	I/O57 H1	I/O62 H6	I/O50 G2	I/O54 G6	I/O46 F6	I/O45 F5	**T**
	16	**15**	**14**	**13**	**12**	**11**	**10**	**9**	**8**	**7**	**6**	**5**	**4**	**3**	**2**	**1**	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock
GND = Ground
I = Input
I/O = Input/Output
N/C = No Connect
VCC = Supply Voltage
TDI = Test Data In
TCK = Test Clock
TMS = Test Mode Select
$\overline{\text{TDO}}$ = Test Data Out
$\overline{\text{TRST}}$ = Test Reset
$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ = Program



m4a3.256.128_256bga

ispMACH 4A PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION

ispMACH 4A Devices Commercial and Industrial - 3.3V and 5V

Lattice programmable logic products are available with several ordering options. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:

M4A3- 256 / 128 -7 Y C

FAMILY TYPE

M4A3- = ispMACH 4A Family Low Voltage Advanced Feature (3.3-V V_{CC})
M4A5- = ispMACH 4A Family Advanced Feature (5-V V_{CC})

MACROCELL DENSITY

32	= 32 Macrocells	192	= 192 Macrocells
64	= 64 Macrocells	256	= 256 Macrocells
96	= 96 Macrocells	384	= 384 Macrocells
128	= 128 Macrocells	512	= 512 Macrocells

I/Os

/32 = 32 I/Os in 44-pin PLCC, 44-pin TQFP or 48-pin TQFP
/48 = 48 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP
/64 = 64 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP, 100-pin PQFP, or 100-ball caBGA
/96 = 96 I/Os in 144-pin TQFP or 144-ball fpBGA
/128 = 128 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP, 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA
/160 = 160 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP
/192 = 192 I/Os in 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA
/256 = 256 I/Os in 388-ball fpBGA

*Package obsolete, contact factory.

SPEED

-5 = 5.0 ns t_{PD}
-55 = 5.5 ns t_{PD}
-6 = 6.0 ns t_{PD}
-65 = 6.5 ns t_{PD}
-7 = 7.5 ns t_{PD}
-10 = 10 ns t_{PD}
-12 = 12 ns t_{PD}
-14 = 14 ns t_{PD}

PACKAGE TYPE

SA = Ball Grid Array (BGA)
J = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)
JN = Lead-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)
V = Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)
VN = Lead-free Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)
Y = Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)
YN = Lead-fee Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)
FA = Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)
FAN = Lead-free Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)
CA = Chip-array Ball Grid Array (caBGA)

OPERATING CONDITIONS

C = Commercial (0°C to +70°C)
I = Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)

48 = 48-pin TQFP for M4A3-32/32 or M4A3-64/32 M4A5-32/32 or M4A5-64/32

Conventional Packaging

3.3V Commercial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-5, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48
M4A3-64/32	-55, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48
M4A3-64/64		VC
M4A3-96/48		VC
M4A3-128/64		YC, VC, CAC
M4A3-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VC, FAC
M4A3-256/128	-55, -65[1], -7, -10	YC, FAC, SAC
M4A3-256/160	-7, -10	YC
M4A3-256/192		FAC
M4A3-384/160	-65, -10, -12	YC
M4A3-384/192		SAC, FAC
M4A3-512/160	-7, -10, -12	YC
M4A3-512/192		FAC
M4A3-512/256		FAC

3.3V Industrial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-7, -10, -12	JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/32		JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/64		VI
M4A3-96/48		VI
M4A3-128/64		YI, VI, CAI
M4A3-192/96		VI, FAI
M4A3-256/128		YI, FAI, SAI
M4A3-256/160	-10, -12	YI
M4A3-256/192		FAI
M4A3-384/160	-10, -12, -14	YI
M4A3-384/192		FAI
M4A3-512/160		YI
M4A3-512/192		FAI
M4A3-512/256		FAI

1. Use 5.5ns for new designs.

5V Commercial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-5, -7, -10,	JC, VC, VC48
M4A5-64/32	-55, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48
M4A5-96/48		VC
M4A5-128/64		YC, VC
M4A5-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VC
M4A5-256/128	-65, -7, -10	YC

5V Industrial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-7, -10, -12	JI, VI, VI48
M4A5-64/32	-7, -10, -12	JI, VI, VI48
M4A5-96/48		VI
M4A5-128/64		YI, VI
M4A5-192/96	-7, -10, -12	VI
M4A5-256/128	-10, -12	YI

Lead-free Packaging

3.3V Commercial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-5, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A3-64/32	-55, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A3-64/64		VNC
M4A3-128/64		VNC
M4A3-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VNC
M4A3-256/128	-55, -7, -10	FANC, YNC
M4A3-256/160	-7, -10	YNC
M4A3-256/192		FANC
M4A3-384/192	-65, -10, -12	FANC
M4A3-512/192	-7, -10, -12	FANC

3.3V Industrial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-7, -10, -12	VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A3-64/32		VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A3-64/64		VNI
M4A3-128/64		VNI
M4A3-192/96	-10, -12	VNI
M4A3-256/128		FANI, YNI
M4A3-256/160		YNI
M4A3-256/192	-10, -12, -14	FANI
M4A3-384/192		FANI
M4A3-512/192		FANI

5V Commercial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-5, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A5-64/32	-55, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A5-96/48		VNC
M4A5-128/64		VNC, YNC
M4A5-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VNC
M4A5-256/128	-65, -7, -10	YNC

5V Industrial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-7, -10, -12	VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A5-64/32		VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A5-96/48		VNI
M4A5-128/64		VNI, YNI
M4A5-192/96		VNI
M4A5-256/128		YNI

Most ispMACH devices are dual-marked with both Commercial and Industrial grades. The Industrial speed grade is slower, i.e., M4A3-256/128-7YC-10YI

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local Lattice sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

Revision History

Date	Version	Change Summary
-	K	Previous Lattice release.
August 2006	L	Updated for lead-free package options.
September 2006	M	Revised M4A3-256/160 208-pin PQFP connection diagram.