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### [Understanding Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - CPLDs**

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	3V ~ 3.6V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	64
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	32
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	44-PLCC (16.59x16.59)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m4a3-64-32-10ji">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m4a3-64-32-10ji</a>

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ispMACH™ 4A family from Lattice offers an exceptionally flexible architecture and delivers a superior Complex Programmable Logic Device (CPLD) solution of easy-to-use silicon products and software tools. The overall benefits for users are a guaranteed and predictable CPLD solution, faster time-to-market, greater flexibility and lower cost. The ispMACH 4A devices offer densities ranging from 32 to 512 macrocells with 100% utilization and 100% pin-out retention. The ispMACH 4A families offer 5-V (M4A5-xxx) and 3.3-V (M4A3-xxx) operation.

ispMACH 4A products are 5-V or 3.3-V in-system programmable through the JTAG (IEEE Std. 1149.1) interface. JTAG boundary scan testing also allows product testability on automated test equipment for device connectivity.

All ispMACH 4A family members deliver First-Time-Fit and easy system integration with pin-out retention after any design change and refit. For both 3.3-V and 5-V operation, ispMACH 4A products can deliver guaranteed fixed timing as fast as 5.0 ns  $t_{PD}$  and 182 MHz  $f_{CNT}$  through the SpeedLocking feature when using up to 20 product terms per output (Table 2).

**Table 2. ispMACH 4A Speed Grades**

Device	Speed Grade							
	-5	-55	-6	-65	-7	-10	-12	-14
M4A3-32	C				C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-32								
M4A3-64/32		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-64/32								
M4A3-64/64		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-96		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-96								
M4A3-128		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-128								
M4A3-192			C		C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-192								
M4A3-256/128		C		C	C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-256/128				C	C	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/192					C	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/160								
M4A3-384				C		C, I	C, I	I
M4A3-512					C	C, I	C, I	I

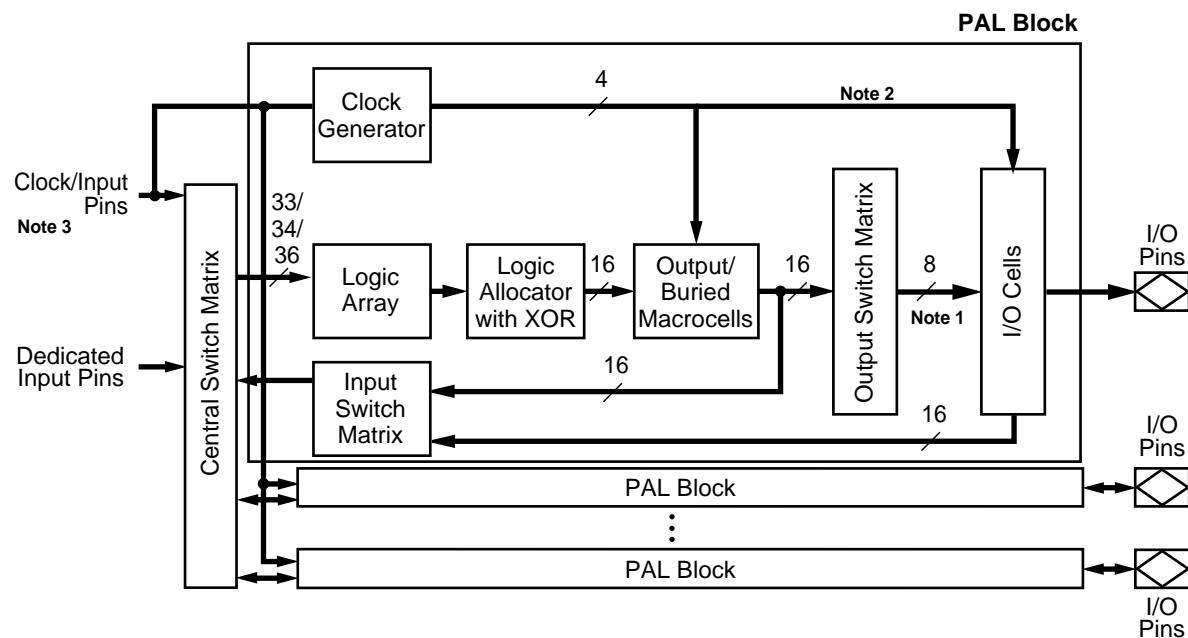
**Note:**

1. C = Commercial    I = Industrial

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The fundamental architecture of ispMACH 4A devices (Figure 1) consists of multiple, optimized PAL® blocks interconnected by a central switch matrix. The central switch matrix allows communication between PAL blocks and routes inputs to the PAL blocks. Together, the PAL blocks and central switch matrix allow the logic designer to create large designs in a single device instead of having to use multiple devices.

The key to being able to make effective use of these devices lies in the interconnect schemes. In the ispMACH 4A architecture, the macrocells are flexibly coupled to the product terms through the logic allocator, and the I/O pins are flexibly coupled to the macrocells due to the output switch matrix. In addition, more input routing options are provided by the input switch matrix. These resources provide the flexibility needed to fit designs efficiently.



17466G-001

**Figure 1. ispMACH 4A Block Diagram and PAL Block Structure**

### Notes:

1. 16 for ispMACH 4A devices with 1:1 macrocell-I/O cell ratio (see next page).
2. Block clocks do not go to I/O cells in M4A(3,5)-32/32.
3. M4A(3,5)-192, M4A(3,5)-256, M4A3-384, and M4A3-512 have dedicated clock pins which cannot be used as inputs and do not connect to the central switch matrix.

## Product-Term Array

The product-term array consists of a number of product terms that form the basis of the logic being implemented. The inputs to the AND gates come from the central switch matrix (Table 5), and are provided in both true and complement forms for efficient logic implementation.

**Table 5. PAL Block Inputs**

Device	Number of Inputs to PAL Block
M4A3-32/32 and M4A5-32/32	33
M4A3-64/32 and M4A5-64/32	33
M4A3-64/64	33
M4A3-96/48 and M4A5-96/48	33
M4A3-128/64 and M4A5-128/64	33
M4A3-192/96 and M4A5-192/96	34
M4A3-256/128 and M4A5-256/128	34
M4A3-256/160 and M4A3-256/192	36
M4A3-384	36
M4A3-512	36

## Logic Allocator

Within the logic allocator, product terms are allocated to macrocells in “product term clusters.” The availability and distribution of product term clusters are automatically considered by the software as it fits functions within a PAL block. The size of a product term cluster has been optimized to provide high utilization of product terms, making complex functions using many product terms possible. Yet when few product terms are used, there will be a minimal number of unused—or wasted—product terms left over. The product term clusters available to each macrocell within a PAL block are shown in Tables 6 and 7.

Each product term cluster is associated with a macrocell. The size of a cluster depends on the configuration of the associated macrocell. When the macrocell is used in synchronous mode (Figure 2a), the basic cluster has 4 product terms. When the associated macrocell is used in asynchronous mode (Figure 2b), the cluster has 2 product terms. Note that if the product term cluster is routed to a different macrocell, the allocator configuration is not determined by the mode of the macrocell actually being driven. The configuration is always set by the mode of the macrocell that the cluster will drive if not routed away, regardless of the actual routing.

In addition, there is an extra product term that can either join the basic cluster to give an extended cluster, or drive the second input of an exclusive-OR gate in the signal path. If included with the basic cluster, this provides for up to 20 product terms on a synchronous function that uses four extended 5-product-term clusters. A similar asynchronous function can have up to 18 product terms.

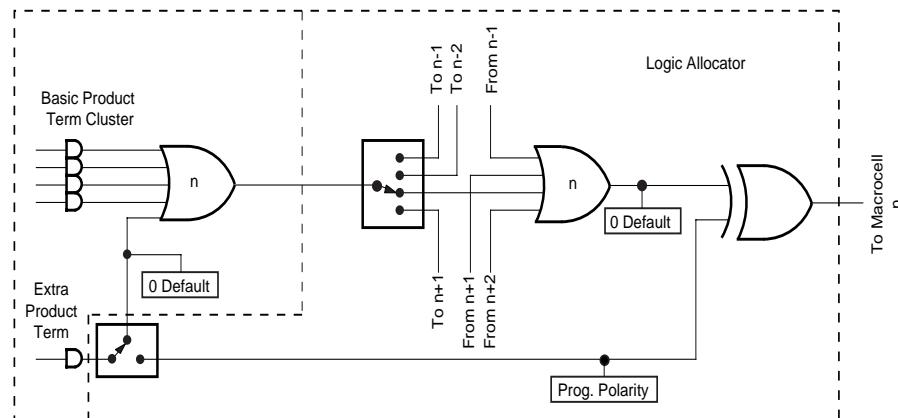
When the extra product term is used to extend the cluster, the value of the second XOR input can be programmed as a 0 or a 1, giving polarity control. The possible configurations of the logic allocator are shown in Figures 3 and 4.

**Table 6. Logic Allocator for All ispMACH 4A Devices (except M4A(3,5)-32/32)**

Output Macrocell	Available Clusters	Output Macrocell	Available Clusters
M <sub>0</sub>	C <sub>0</sub> , C <sub>1</sub> , C <sub>2</sub>	M <sub>8</sub>	C <sub>7</sub> , C <sub>8</sub> , C <sub>9</sub> , C <sub>10</sub>
M <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>0</sub> , C <sub>1</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> , C <sub>3</sub>	M <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>8</sub> , C <sub>9</sub> , C <sub>10</sub> , C <sub>11</sub>
M <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>1</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> , C <sub>4</sub>	M <sub>10</sub>	C <sub>9</sub> , C <sub>10</sub> , C <sub>11</sub> , C <sub>12</sub>
M <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> , C <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>5</sub>	M <sub>11</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> , C <sub>11</sub> , C <sub>12</sub> , C <sub>13</sub>
M <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub> , C <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>5</sub> , C <sub>6</sub>	M <sub>12</sub>	C <sub>11</sub> , C <sub>12</sub> , C <sub>13</sub> , C <sub>14</sub>
M <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>5</sub> , C <sub>6</sub> , C <sub>7</sub>	M <sub>13</sub>	C <sub>12</sub> , C <sub>13</sub> , C <sub>14</sub> , C <sub>15</sub>
M <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub> , C <sub>6</sub> , C <sub>7</sub> , C <sub>8</sub>	M <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>13</sub> , C <sub>14</sub> , C <sub>15</sub>
M <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>6</sub> , C <sub>7</sub> , C <sub>8</sub> , C <sub>9</sub>	M <sub>15</sub>	C <sub>14</sub> , C <sub>15</sub>

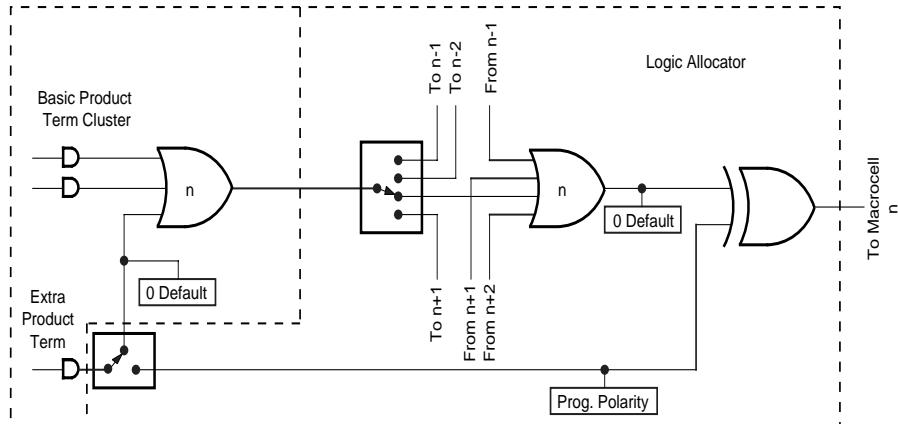
**Table 7. Logic Allocator for M4A(3,5)-32/32**

Output Macrocell	Available Clusters	Output Macrocell	Available Clusters
M <sub>0</sub>	C <sub>0</sub> , C <sub>1</sub> , C <sub>2</sub>	M <sub>8</sub>	C <sub>8</sub> , C <sub>9</sub> , C <sub>10</sub>
M <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>0</sub> , C <sub>1</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> , C <sub>3</sub>	M <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>8</sub> , C <sub>9</sub> , C <sub>10</sub> , C <sub>11</sub>
M <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>1</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> , C <sub>4</sub>	M <sub>10</sub>	C <sub>9</sub> , C <sub>10</sub> , C <sub>11</sub> , C <sub>12</sub>
M <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> , C <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>5</sub>	M <sub>11</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> , C <sub>11</sub> , C <sub>12</sub> , C <sub>13</sub>
M <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub> , C <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>5</sub> , C <sub>6</sub>	M <sub>12</sub>	C <sub>11</sub> , C <sub>12</sub> , C <sub>13</sub> , C <sub>14</sub>
M <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>5</sub> , C <sub>6</sub> , C <sub>7</sub>	M <sub>13</sub>	C <sub>12</sub> , C <sub>13</sub> , C <sub>14</sub> , C <sub>15</sub>
M <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub> , C <sub>6</sub> , C <sub>7</sub>	M <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>13</sub> , C <sub>14</sub> , C <sub>15</sub>
M <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>6</sub> , C <sub>7</sub>	M <sub>15</sub>	C <sub>14</sub> , C <sub>15</sub>



a. Synchronous Mode

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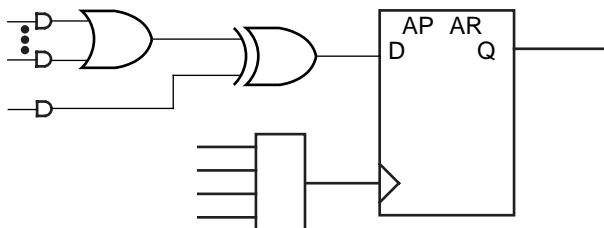


b. Asynchronous Mode

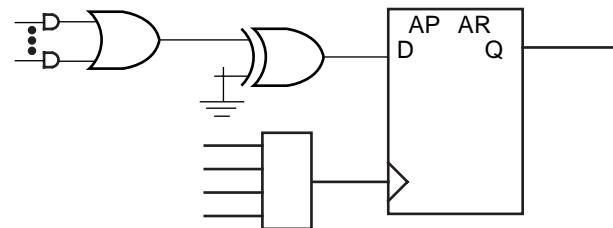
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**Figure 2. Logic Allocator: Configuration of Cluster “n” Set by Mode of Macrocell “n”**

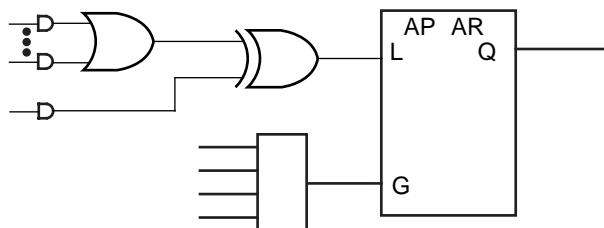
The flip-flop can be configured as a D-type or T-type latch. J-K or S-R registers can be synthesized. The primary flip-flop configurations are shown in Figure 6, although others are possible. Flip-flop functionality is defined in Table 8. Note that a J-K latch is inadvisable as it will cause oscillation if both J and K inputs are HIGH.



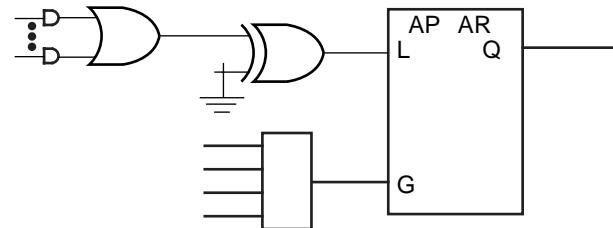
a. D-type with XOR



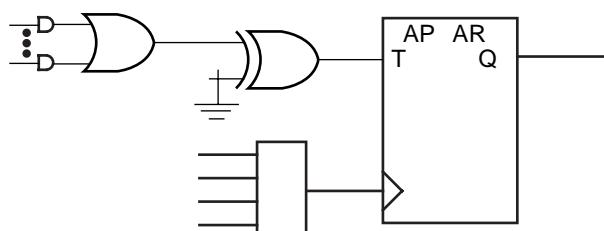
b. D-type with programmable D polarity



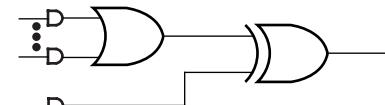
c. Latch with XOR



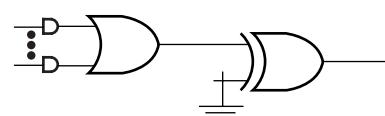
d. Latch with programmable D polarity



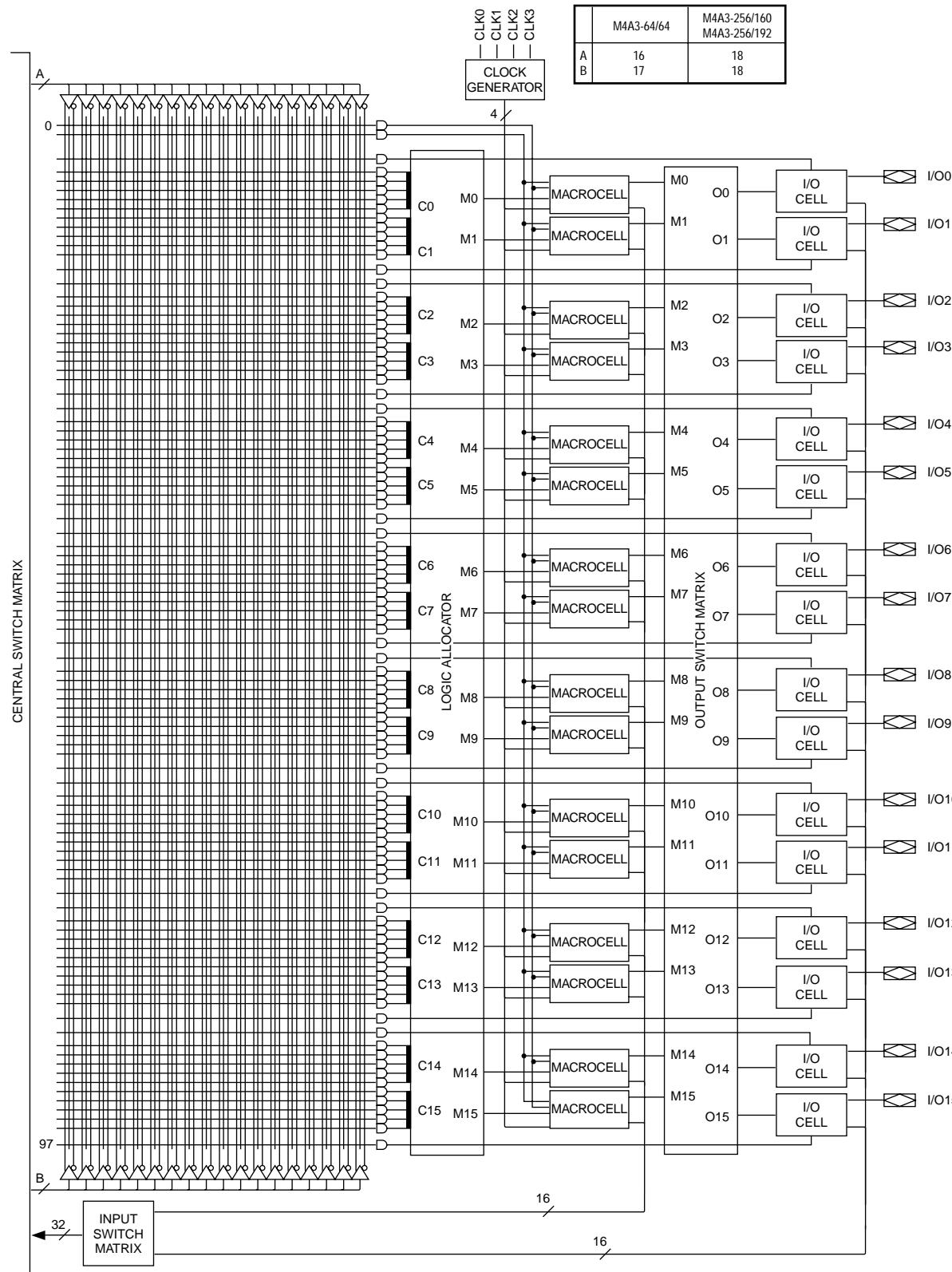
e. T-type with programmable T polarity



f. Combinatorial with XOR



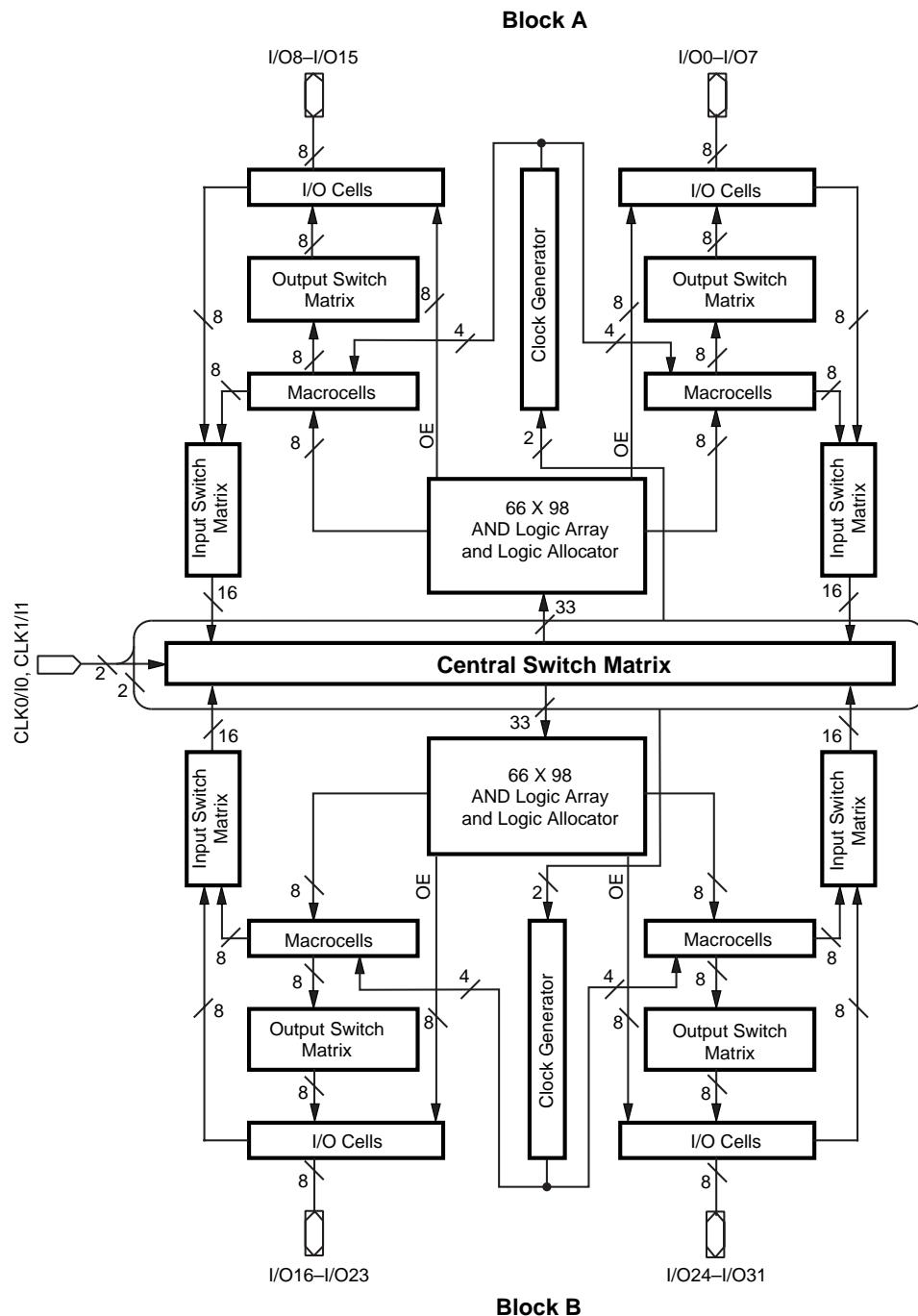
g. Combinatorial with programmable polarity



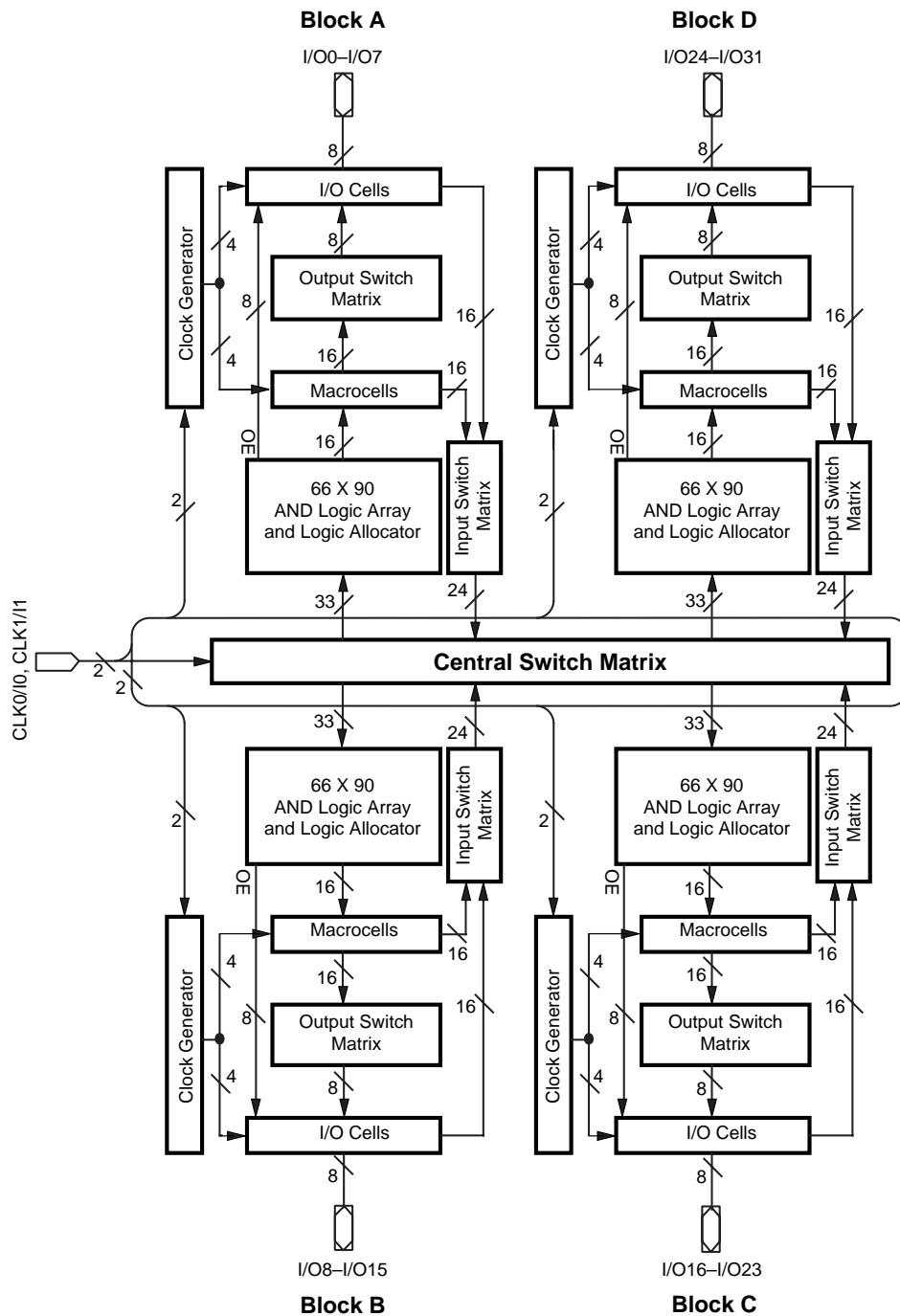
17466H-41

Figure 17. PAL Block for ispMACH 4A Devices with 1:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio (except M4A (3,5)-32/32)

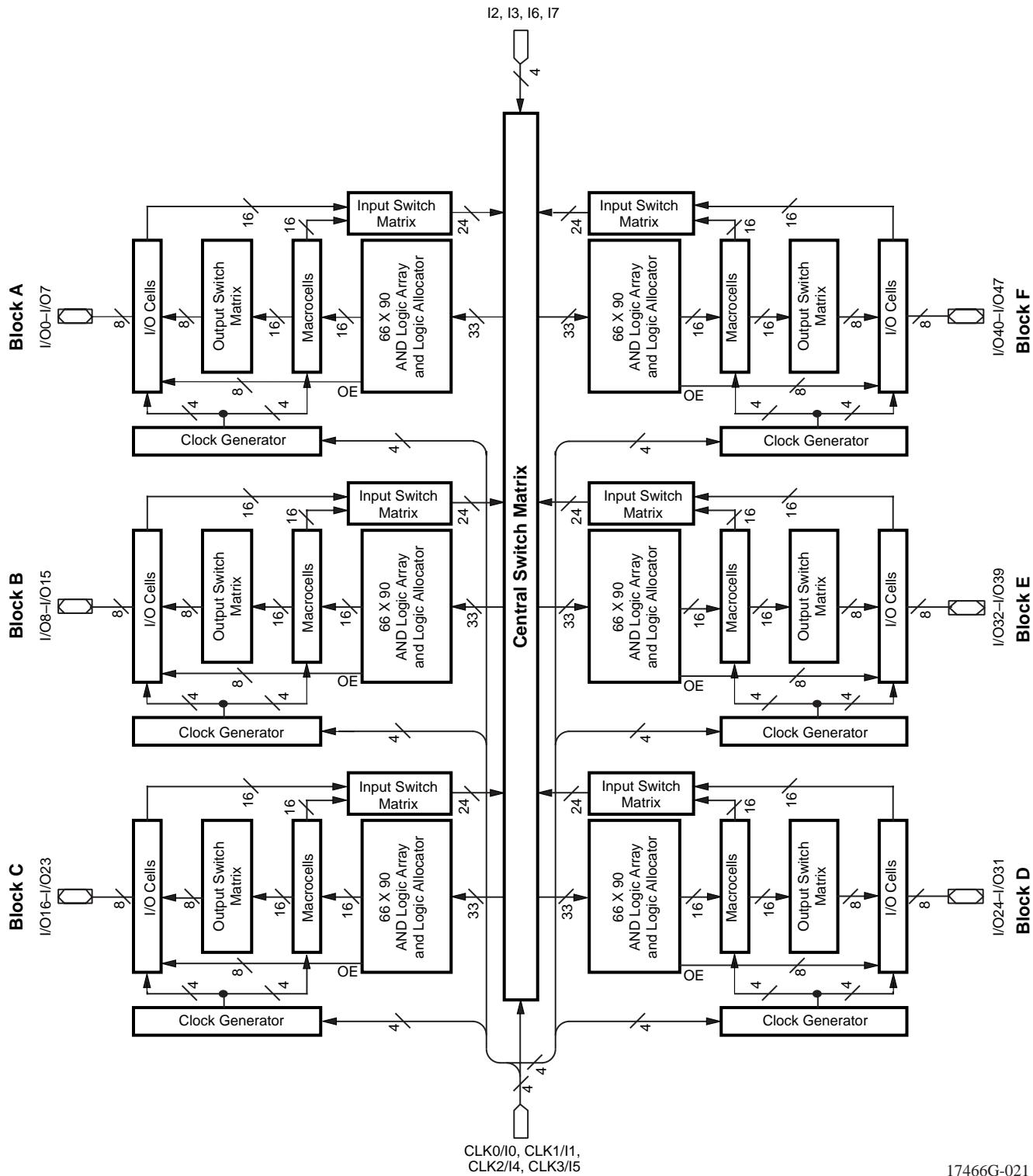
## BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-32/32



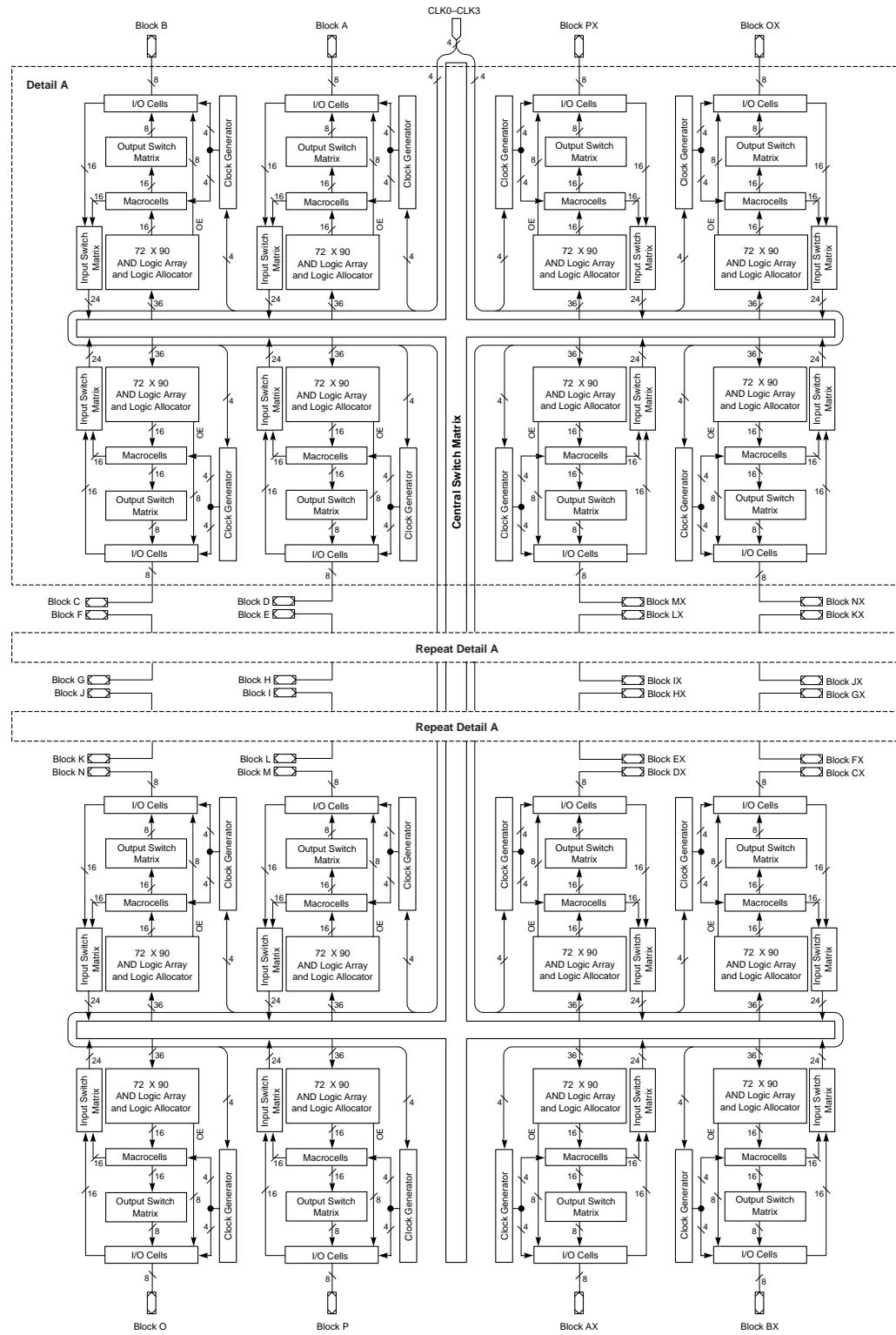
## BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-64/32



## BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-96/48



## BLOCK DIAGRAM - M4A3-512/160, M4A3-512/192, M4A3-512/256



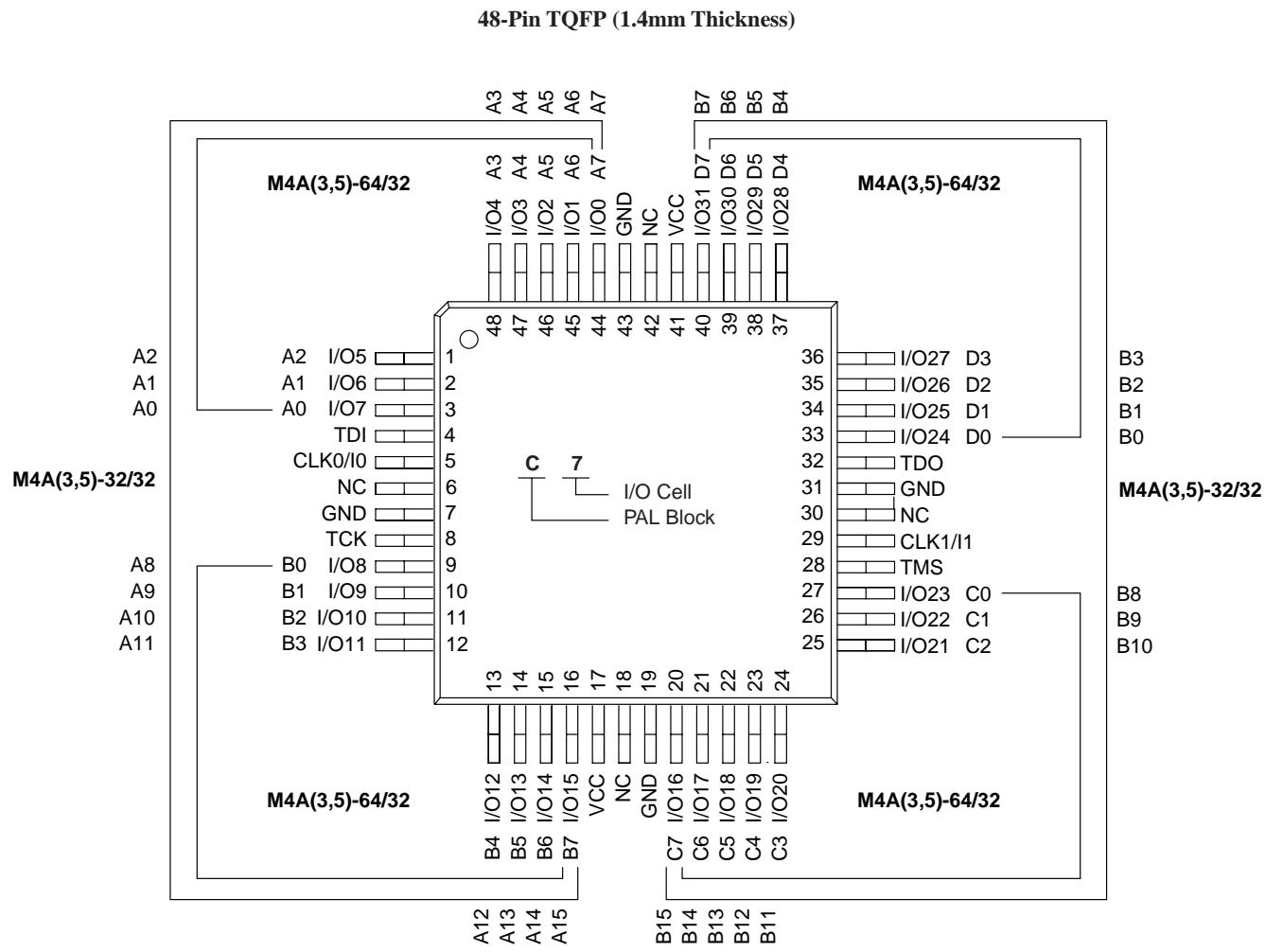
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## ispMACH 4A TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES<sup>1</sup>

		-5		-55		-6		-65		-7		-10		-12		-14		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
<b>Input Register Delays with ZHT Option:</b>																		
t <sub>SIRZ</sub>	Input register setup time - ZHT	6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>HIRZ</sub>	Input register hold time - ZHT	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
<b>Input Latch Delays with ZHT Option:</b>																		
t <sub>SILZ</sub>	Input latch setup time - ZHT	6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>HILZ</sub>	Input latch hold time - ZHT	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>PDIL</sub> Z <sub>i</sub>	Transparent input latch to internal feedback - ZHT		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0	ns
<b>Output Delays:</b>																		
t <sub>BUF</sub>	Output buffer delay		1.5		1.5		1.8		2.0		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0	ns
t <sub>SLW</sub>	Slow slew rate delay adder		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5	ns
t <sub>EA</sub>	Output enable time		7.5		7.5		8.5		8.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>ER</sub>	Output disable time		7.5		7.5		8.5		8.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0	ns
<b>Power Delay:</b>																		
t <sub>PL</sub>	Power-down mode delay adder		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5	ns
<b>Reset and Preset Delays:</b>																		
t <sub>SRI</sub>	Asynchronous reset or preset to internal register output		7.5		7.7		8.0		8.0		9.5		11.0		13.0		16.0	ns
t <sub>SR</sub>	Asynchronous reset or preset to register output		9.0		9.2		10.0		10.0		12.0		14.0		16.0		19.0	ns
t <sub>SRR</sub>	Asynchronous reset and preset register recovery time	7.0		7.0		7.5		7.5		8.0		8.0		10.0		15.0		ns
t <sub>SRW</sub>	Asynchronous reset or preset width	7.0		7.0		8.0		8.0		10.0		10.0		12.0		15.0		ns
<b>Clock/LE Width:</b>																		
t <sub>WLS</sub>	Global clock width low	2.0		2.0		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>WHS</sub>	Global clock width high	2.0		2.0		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>WIA</sub>	Product term clock width low	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		8.0		9.0		ns
t <sub>WHA</sub>	Product term clock width high	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		8.0		9.0		ns
t <sub>GWS</sub>	Global gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	4.0		4.0		4.5		4.5		5.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>GWA</sub>	Product term gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	4.0		4.0		4.5		4.5		5.0		5.0		6.0		9.0		ns
t <sub>WIRL</sub>	Input register clock width low	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>WIRH</sub>	Input register clock width high	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>WIL</sub>	Input latch gate width	4.0		4.0		4.5		4.5		5.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns

## 48-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-32/32 AND M4A(3,5)-64/32)

### Top View



17466G-028

### PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

I/O = Input/Output

V<sub>CC</sub> = Supply Voltage

NC = No Connect

TDI = Test Data In

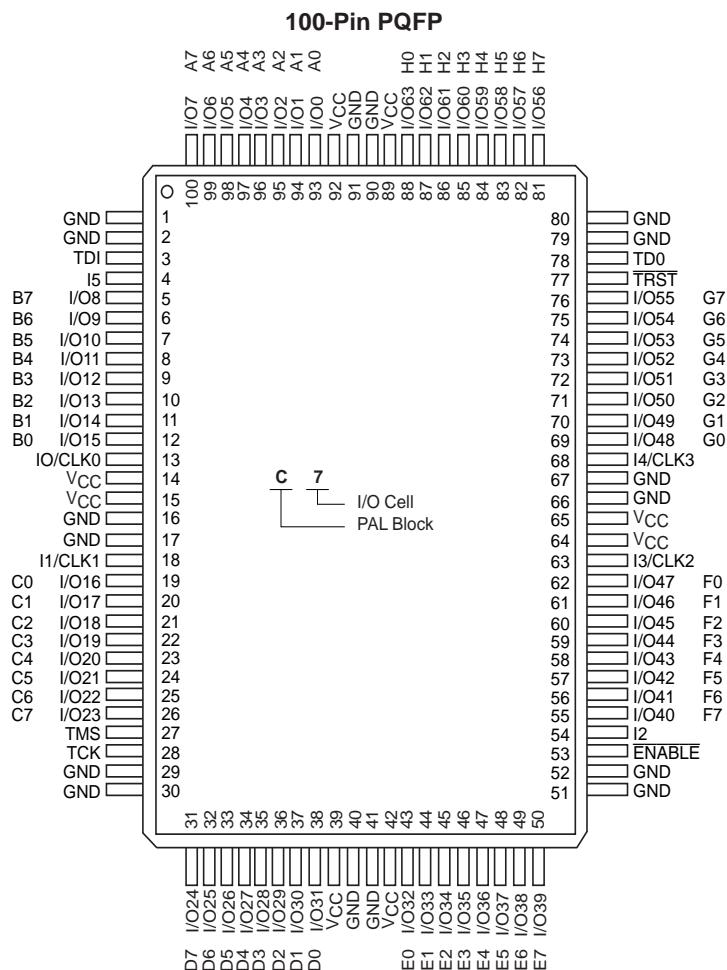
TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode Select

TDO = Test Data Out

## 100-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-128/64)

### Top View



17466G-031

### PIN DESIGNATIONS

I/CLK = Input or Clock

GND = Ground

I = Input

I/O = Input/Output

V<sub>CC</sub> = Supply Voltage

TDI = Test Data In

TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode Select

TDO = Test Data Out

TRST = Test Reset

ENABLE = Program

## 100-BALL caBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-128/64)

### Bottom View

100-Ball caBGA

	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	I/O63 H7	I/O60 H4	I/O57 H1	GND	GND	I/O1 A1	I/O4 A4	I/O7 A7	GND	A
B	TRST	GND	I/O61 H5	I5	VCC	I/O0 A0	I/O6 A6	GND	TDI	I/O15 B7	B
C	I/O53 G5	TDO	I/O62 H6	I/O58 H2	I/O56 H0	I/O2 A2	GND	I/O14 B6	I/O13 B5	I/O12 B4	C
D	I/O50 G2	I/O55 G7	GND	I/O59 H3	I/O3 A3	I/O5 A5	I/O11 B3	I/O10 B2	CLK0/I0	I/O9 B1	D
E	CLK3/I4	I/O49 G1	I/O51 G3	I/O54 G6	VCC	I/O16 C0	I/O20 C4	I/O8 B0	VCC	GND	E
F	GND	VCC	I/O40 F0	I/O52 G4	I/O48 G0	VCC	I/O22 C6	I/O19 C3	I/O17 C1	CLK1/I1	F
G	I/O41 F1	CLK2/I3	I/O42 F2	I/O43 F3	I/O37 E5	I/O35 E3	I/O27 D3	GND	I/O23 C7	I/O18 C2	G
H	I/O44 F4	I/O45 F5	I/O46 F6	GND	I/O34 E2	I/O24 D0	I/O26 D2	I/O30 D6	TCK	I/O21 C5	H
J	I/O47 F7	ENABLE	GND	I/O38 E6	I/O32 E0	VCC	I2	I/O29 D5	GND	TMS	J
K	GND	I/O39 E7	I/O36 E4	I/O33 E1	GND	GND	I/O25 D1	I/O28 D4	I/O31 D7	GND	K

10      9      8      7      6      5      4      3      2      1

### PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK	= Clock
GND	= Ground
I	= Input
I/O	= Input/Output
N/C	= No Connect
VCC	= Supply Voltage
TDI	= Test Data In
TCK	= Test Clock
TMS	= Test Mode Select
TDO	= Test Data Out
TRST	= Test Reset
ENABLE	= Program

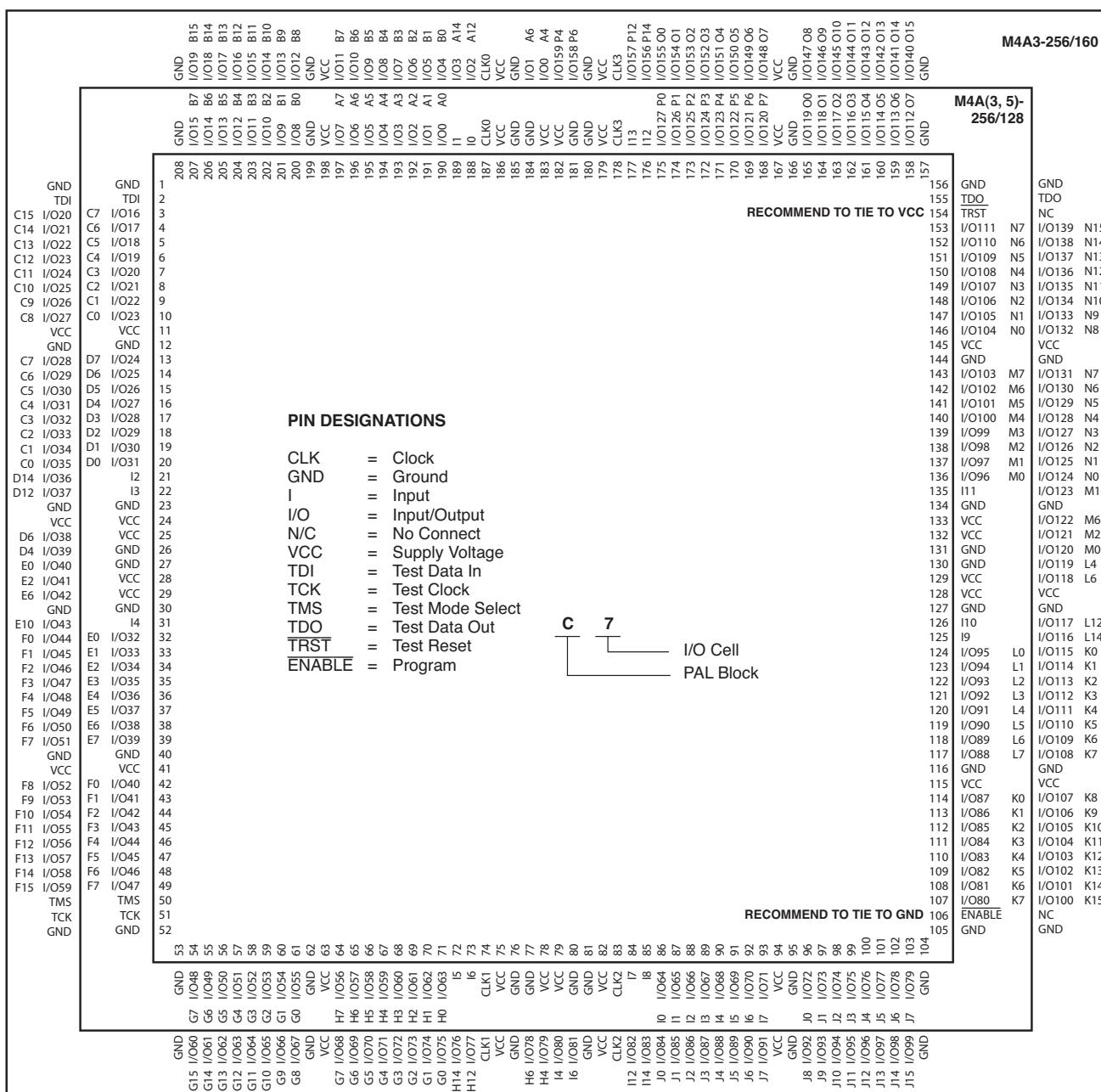


17466G-100cabga

## **208-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-256/128 AND M4A3-256/160)**

## Top View

208-Pin PQFP

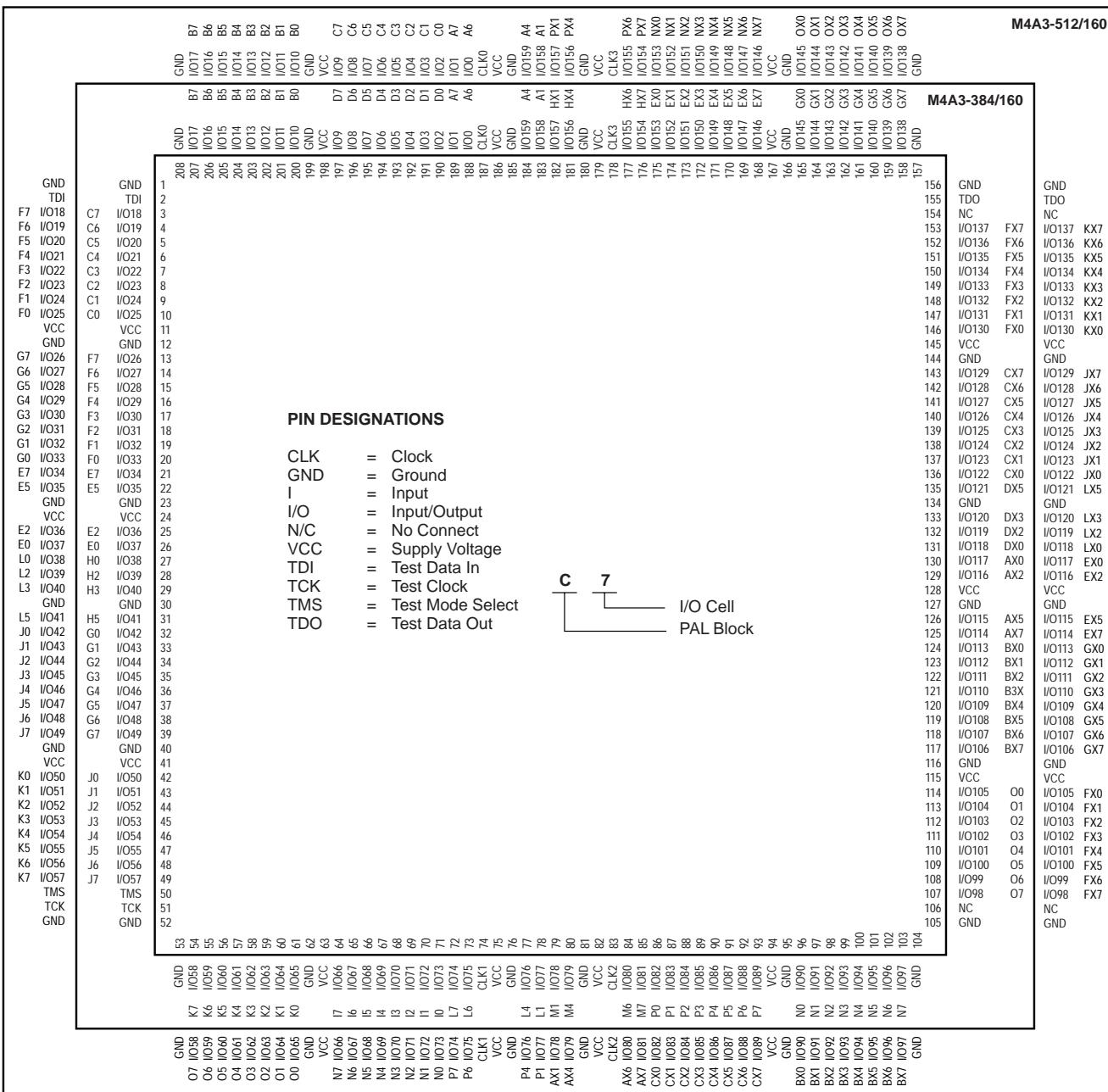


17466G-044

## 208-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-384/160 AND M4A3-512/160)

### Top View

208-Pin PQFP



17466Ga-044

## 256-BALL fpBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/192)

### Bottom View

256-Ball fpBGA

	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	I/O167 N15	I/O181 O13	I/O180 O12	I/O177 O9	I/O174 O6	I/O172 O4	I/O191 P14	I/O186 P4	I/O1 A2	I/O3 A6	GCLK0	I/O9 B1	I/O13 B5	I/O15 B7	I/O18 B10	I/O20 B12 <th>A</th>	A
B	I/O165 N13	I/O166 N14	I/O182 O14	I/O179 O11	I/O175 O7	I/O173 O5	I/O168 O0	I/O187 P6	I/O0 A0	I/O5 A10	I/O7 A14	I/O10 B2	I/O16 B8	I/O19 B11	I/O21 B13	NC	B
C	I/O163 N11	I/O164 N12	NC	I/O183 O15	I/O178 O10	I/O170 O2	I/O171 O3	I/O189 P10	I/O184 P0	I/O6 A12	I/O12 B4	I/O14 B6	I/O23 B15	I/O22 B14	TDI	I/O39 C15	C
D	I/O158 N6	I/O159 N7	TDO	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O17 B9	I/O38 C14	I/O37 C13	D
E	I/O156 N4	NC	I/O162 N10	VCC	I/O160 N8	I/O161 N9	I/O190 P12	GCLK3	I/O188 P8	I/O2 A4	I/O8 B0	NC	GND	I/O36 C12	I/O35 C11	I/O31 C7	E
F	I/O152 N0	I/O157 N5	I/O155 N3	GND	I/O154 N2	I/O153 N1	I/O176 O8	I/O169 O1	I/O185 P2	I/O4 A8	I/O11 B3	I/O34 C10	VCC	I/O32 C8	I/O30 C6	I/O29 C5	F
G	I/O147 M6	I/O150 M12	I/O149 M10	VCC	I/O148 M8	I/O151 M14	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	I/O33 C9	I/O28 C4	GND	I/O26 C2	I/O25 C1	I/O47 D14	G
H	I/O144 M0	I/O146 M4	I/O145 OM2	GND	I/O136 L0	I/O137 L2	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O27 C3	I/O24 C0	VCC	I/O44 D8	I/O43 D6	I/O42 D4	H
J	I/O138 L4	I/O139 L6	I/O140 L8	GND	I/O142 L12	I/O141 L10	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O46 D12	I/O45 D10	GND	I/O49 E2	I/O48 E0	I/O50 E4	J
K	I/O143 L14	I/O120 K0	I/O121 K1	VCC	I/O123 K3	I/O122 K2	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	I/O41 D2	I/O40 D0	VCC	I/O55 E14	I/O54 E12	I/O56 F0	K
L	I/O124 K4	I/O125 K5	I/O127 K7	GND	I/O130 K10	I/O126 K6	I/O98 I4	I/O91 H6	I/O75 G3	I/O77 G5	I/O52 E8	I/O51 E6	GND	I/O59 F3	I/O60 F4	I/O57 F1	L
M	I/O128 K8	I/O129 K9	I/O131 K11	GND	I/O107 J3	I/O105 J1	I/O100 I8	I/O90 H4	I/O74 G2	I/O80 G8	I/O83 G11	I/O53 E10	VCC	I/O68 F12	I/O63 F7	I/O58 F2	M
N	I/O132 K12	I/O133 K13	I/O135 K15	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	TCK	I/O64 F8	I/O61 F5	N	
P	I/O134 K14	I/O117 J13	I/O118 J14	I/O119 J15	I/O108 J4	I/O106 J2	I/O101 I10	I/O89 H2	I/O93 H10	I/O94 H12	I/O79 G7	I/O84 G12	I/O87 G15	TMS	I/O65 F9	I/O62 F6	P
R	I/O116 J12	I/O115 J11	I/O112 J8	I/O111 J7	I/O104 J0	I/O102 I12	I/O99 I6	I/O96 I0	I/O92 H8	I/O72 G0	I/O76 G4	I/O81 G9	I/O85 G13	I/O71 F15	I/O67 F11	I/O66 F10	R
T	I/O114 J10	I/O113 J9	I/O110 J6	I/O109 J5	I/O103 I14	GCLK2	I/O97 I2	I/O88 H0	GCLK1	I/O95 H14	I/O73 G1	I/O78 G6	I/O82 G10	I/O86 G14	I/O70 F14	I/O69 F13	T

### PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock  
 GND = Ground  
 I = Input  
 I/O = Input/Output  
 N/C = No Connect  
 VCC = Supply Voltage  
 TDI = Test Data In  
 TCK = Test Clock  
 TMS = Test Mode Select  
 TDO = Test Data Out



## 256-BALL fpBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/128)

### Bottom View

256-Ball fpBGA

	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	TRST	I/O117 O5	I/O116 O4	I/O113 O1	I/O126 P6	I/O124 P4	I12	NC	NC	NC	CLK0	I/O1 A1	I/O5 A5	I/O7 A7	I/O10 B2	I/O12 B4 <th>A</th>	A
B	I/O110 N6	I/O111 N7	I/O118 O6	I/O115 O3	I/O127 P7	I/O125 P5	I/O120 P0	NC	NC	NC	I1	I/O2 A2	I/O8 B0	I/O11 B3	I/O13 B5	NC	B
C	I/O108 N4	I/O109 N5	NC	I/O119 O7	I/O114 O2	I/O122 P2	I/O123 P3	NC	NC	I0	I/O4 A4	I/O6 A6	I/O15 B7	I/O14 B6	TDI	I/O23 C7	C
D	NC	I/O104 N0	TDO	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O9 B1	I/O22 C6	I/O21 C5	D
E	I/O102 M6	NC	I/O107 N3	VCC	I/O105 N1	I/O106 N2	I13	CLK3	NC	NC	I/O0 A0	NC	GND	I/O20 C4	I/O19 C3	I/O31 D7	E
F	I/O98 M2	I/O103 M7	I/O101 M5	GND	I/O100 M4	I/O99 M3	I/O112 O0	I/O121 P1	NC	NC	I/O3 A3	I/O18 C2	VCC	I/O16 C0	I/O30 D6	I/O29 D5	F
G	NC	I/O96 M0	I11	VCC	NC	I/O97 M1	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O17 C1	I/O28 D4	GND	I/O26 D2	I/O25 D1	I2	G	
H	I/O88 L0	I10	I9	GND	I/O89 L1	I/O90 L2	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O27 D3	I/O24 D0	VCC	NC	NC	NC	H
J	I/O91 L3	I/O92 L4	I/O93 L5	GND	I/O95 L7	I/O94 L6	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I3	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	J
K	NC	NC	NC	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	I4	NC	I/O32 E0	K
L	NC	NC	I/O80 K0	GND	I/O83 K3	NC	NC	NC	I/O59 H3	I/O61 H5	NC	NC	GND	I/O35 E3	I/O36 E4	I/O33 E1	L
M	I/O81 K1	I/O82 K2	I/O84 K4	GND	I/O67 I3	I/O65 I1	NC	NC	I/O58 H2	I/O48 G0	I/O51 G3	NC	VCC	I/O44 F4	I/O39 E7	I/O34 E2	M
N	I/O85 K5	I/O86 K6	ENABLE	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	GND	TCK	I/O40 F0	I/O37 E5	N
P	I/O87 K7	I/O77 J5	I/O78 J6	I/O79 J7	I/O68 I4	I/O66 I2	NC	NC	NC	I6	I/O63 H7	I/O52 G4	I/O55 G7	TMS	I/O41 F1	I/O38 E6	P
R	I/O76 J4	I/O75 J3	I/O72 J0	I/O71 I7	I/O64 I0	I7	NC	NC	NC	I/O56 H0	I/O60 H4	I/O49 G1	I/O53 G5	I/O47 F7	I/O43 F3	I/O42 F2	R
T	I/O74 J2	I/O73 J1	I/O70 I6	I/O69 I5	I8	CLK2	NC	NC	CLK1	I5	I/O57 H1	I/O62 H6	I/O50 G2	I/O54 G6	I/O46 F6	I/O45 F5	T
	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

### PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock  
 GND = Ground  
 I = Input  
 I/O = Input/Output  
 N/C = No Connect  
 VCC = Supply Voltage  
 TDI = Test Data In  
 TCK = Test Clock  
 TMS = Test Mode Select  
 TDO = Test Data Out  
 TRST = Test Reset  
 ENABLE = Program



m4a3.256.128\_256bga

## ispMACH 4A PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION

### ispMACH 4A Devices Commercial and Industrial - 3.3V and 5V

Lattice programmable logic products are available with several ordering options. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:

M4A3-	256 / 128	-7	Y	C	T <sub>48</sub>	= 48-pin TQFP for M4A3-32/32 or M4A3-64/32 M4A5-32/32 or M4A5-64/32
<b>FAMILY TYPE</b>						<b>OPERATING CONDITIONS</b>
M4A3- = ispMACH 4A Family Low Voltage Advanced Feature (3.3-V V <sub>CC</sub> )						C = Commercial (0°C to +70°C)
M4A5- = ispMACH 4A Family Advanced Feature (5-V V <sub>CC</sub> )						I = Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)
<b>MACROCELL DENSITY</b>						<b>PACKAGE TYPE</b>
32 = 32 Macrocells	192 = 192 Macrocells					SA = Ball Grid Array (BGA)
64 = 64 Macrocells	256 = 256 Macrocells					J = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)
96 = 96 Macrocells	384 = 384 Macrocells					JN = Lead-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)
128 = 128 Macrocells	512 = 512 Macrocells					V = Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)
<b>I/Os</b>						VN = Lead-free Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)
/32 = 32 I/Os in 44-pin PLCC, 44-pin TQFP or 48-pin TQFP						Y = Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)
/48 = 48 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP						YN = Lead-free Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)
/64 = 64 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP, 100-pin PQFP, or 100-ball caBGA						FA = Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)
/96 = 96 I/Os in 144-pin TQFP or 144-ball fpBGA						FAN = Lead-free Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)
/128 = 128 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP, 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA						CA = Chip-array Ball Grid Array (caBGA)
/160 = 160 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP						
/192 = 192 I/Os in 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA						
/256 = 256 I/Os in 388-ball fpBGA						
<b>SPEED</b>						
						-5 = 5.0 ns t <sub>PD</sub>
						-55 = 5.5 ns t <sub>PD</sub>
						-6 = 6.0 ns t <sub>PD</sub>
						-65 = 6.5 ns t <sub>PD</sub>
						-7 = 7.5 ns t <sub>PD</sub>
						-10 = 10 ns t <sub>PD</sub>
						-12 = 12 ns t <sub>PD</sub>
						-14 = 14 ns t <sub>PD</sub>

\*Package obsolete, contact factory.

### Conventional Packaging

3.3V Commercial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-5, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48
M4A3-64/32		JC, VC, VC48
M4A3-64/64		VC
M4A3-96/48		VC
M4A3-128/64		YC, VC, CAC
M4A3-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VC, FAC
M4A3-256/128	-55, -65 <sup>1</sup> , -7, -10	YC, FAC, SAC
M4A3-256/160		YC
M4A3-256/192	-7, -10	FAC
M4A3-384/160		YC
M4A3-384/192	-65, -10, -12	SAC, FAC
M4A3-512/160		YC
M4A3-512/192	-7, -10, -12	FAC
M4A3-512/256		FAC

3.3V Industrial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32		JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/32		JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/64		VI
M4A3-96/48		VI
M4A3-128/64		YI, VI, CAI
M4A3-192/96		VI, FAI
M4A3-256/128		YI, FAI, SAI
M4A3-256/160		YI
M4A3-256/192	-10, -12	FAI
M4A3-384/160		YI
M4A3-384/192		FAI
M4A3-512/160		YI
M4A3-512/192	-10, -12, -14	FAI
M4A3-512/256		FAI

1. Use 5.5ns for new designs.

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## Revision History

Date	Version	Change Summary
-	K	Previous Lattice release.
August 2006	L	Updated for lead-free package options.
September 2006	M	Revised M4A3-256/160 208-pin PQFP connection diagram.