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Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	7.5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	256
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	128
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m4a5-256-128-7yc

Table 1. ispMACH 4A Device Features

3.3 V Devices								
Feature	M4A3-32	M4A3-64	M4A3-96	M4A3-128	M4A3-192	M4A3-256	M4A3-384	M4A3-512
Macrocells	32	64	96	128	192	256	384	512
User I/O options	32	32/64	48	64	96	128/160/192	160/192	160/192/256
t_{PD} (ns)	5.0	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.0	5.5	6.5	7.5
f_{CNT} (MHz)	182	167	167	167	160	167	154	125
t_{COS} (ns)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.0	4.5	5.5
t_{SS} (ns)	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	5.0
Static Power (mA)	20	25/52	40	55	85	110/150	149/155	179
JTAG Compliant	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PCI Compliant	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

5 V Devices						
Feature	M4A5-32	M4A5-64	M4A5-96	M4A5-128	M4A5-192	M4A5-256
Macrocells	32	64	96	128	192	256
User I/O options	32	32	48	64	96	128
t_{PD} (ns)	5.0	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.0	6.5
f_{CNT} (MHz)	182	167	167	167	160	154
t_{COS} (ns)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.5	5.0
t_{SS} (ns)	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Static Power (mA)	20	25	40	55	74	110
JTAG Compliant	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PCI Compliant	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ispMACH™ 4A family from Lattice offers an exceptionally flexible architecture and delivers a superior Complex Programmable Logic Device (CPLD) solution of easy-to-use silicon products and software tools. The overall benefits for users are a guaranteed and predictable CPLD solution, faster time-to-market, greater flexibility and lower cost. The ispMACH 4A devices offer densities ranging from 32 to 512 macrocells with 100% utilization and 100% pin-out retention. The ispMACH 4A families offer 5-V (M4A5-xxx) and 3.3-V (M4A3-xxx) operation.

ispMACH 4A products are 5-V or 3.3-V in-system programmable through the JTAG (IEEE Std. 1149.1) interface. JTAG boundary scan testing also allows product testability on automated test equipment for device connectivity.

All ispMACH 4A family members deliver First-Time-Fit and easy system integration with pin-out retention after any design change and refit. For both 3.3-V and 5-V operation, ispMACH 4A products can deliver guaranteed fixed timing as fast as 5.0 ns t_{PD} and 182 MHz f_{CNT} through the SpeedLocking feature when using up to 20 product terms per output (Table 2).

Table 2. ispMACH 4A Speed Grades

Device	Speed Grade							
	-5	-55	-6	-65	-7	-10	-12	-14
M4A3-32 M4A5-32	C				C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-64/32 M4A5-64/32		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-64/64		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-96 M4A5-96		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-128 M4A5-128		C			C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-192 M4A5-192			C		C, I	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/128		C		C	C, I	C, I	I	
M4A5-256/128				C	C	C, I	I	
M4A3-256/192 M4A3-256/160					C	C, I	I	
M4A3-384				C		C, I	C, I	I
M4A3-512					C	C, I	C, I	I

Note:

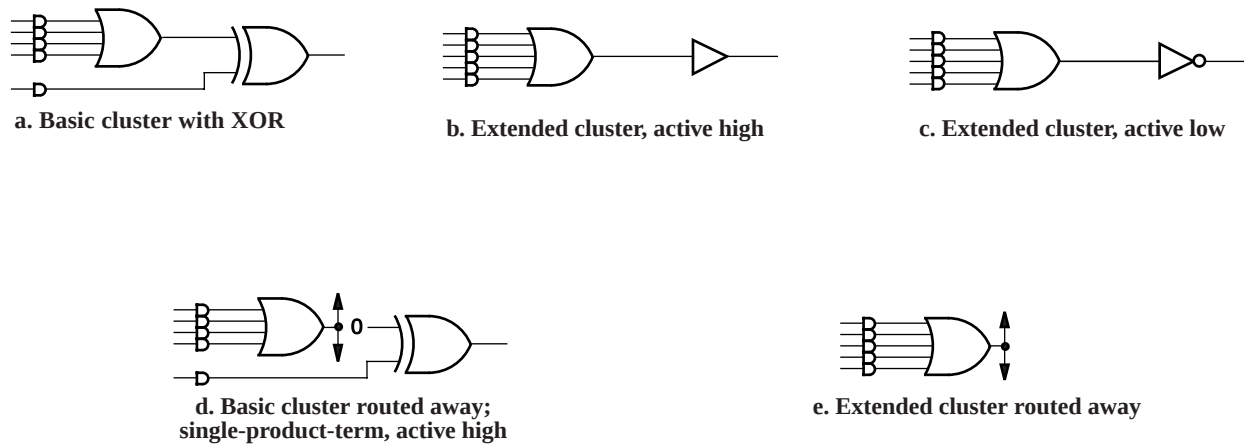
1. C = Commercial, I = Industrial

The ispMACH 4A family offers 20 density-I/O combinations in Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP), Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP), Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC), Ball Grid Array (BGA), fine-pitch BGA (fpBGA), and chip-array BGA (caBGA) packages ranging from 44 to 388 pins (Table 3). It also offers I/O safety features for mixed-voltage designs so that the 3.3-V devices can accept 5-V inputs, and 5-V devices do not overdrive 3.3-V inputs. Additional features include Bus-Friendly inputs and I/Os, a programmable power-down mode for extra power savings and individual output slew rate control for the highest speed transition or for the lowest noise transition.

Table 3. ispMACH 4A Package and I/O Options (Number of I/Os and dedicated inputs in Table)

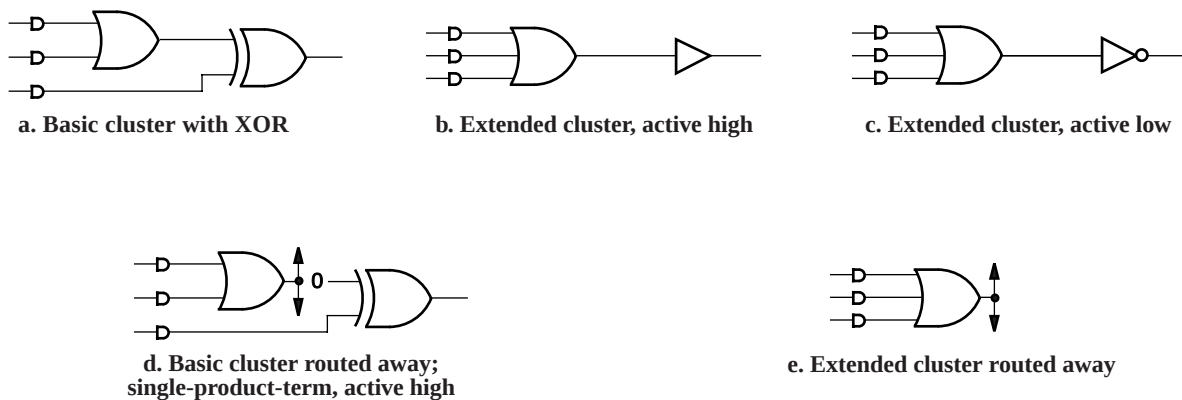
3.3 V Devices								
Package	M4A3-32	M4A3-64	M4A3-96	M4A3-128	M4A3-192	M4A3-256	M4A3-384	M4A3-512
44-pin PLCC	32+2	32+2						
44-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2						
48-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2						
100-pin TQFP		64+6	48+8	64+6				
100-pin PQFP				64+6				
100-ball caBGA				64+6				
144-pin TQFP					96+16			
144-ball fpBGA					96+16			
208-pin PQFP						128+14, 160	160	160
256-ball fpBGA						128+14, 192	192	192
256-ball BGA						128+14	192	
388-ball fpBGA								256

5 V Devices						
Package	M4A5-32	M4A5-64	M4A5-96	M4A5-128	M4A5-192	M4A5-256
44-pin PLCC	32+2	32+2				
44-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2				
48-pin TQFP	32+2	32+2				
100-pin TQFP			48+8	64+6		
100-pin PQFP				64+6		
144-pin TQFP					96+16	
208-pin PQFP						128+14



17466G-007

Figure 3. Logic Allocator Configurations: Synchronous Mode



17466G-008

Figure 4. Logic Allocator Configurations: Asynchronous Mode

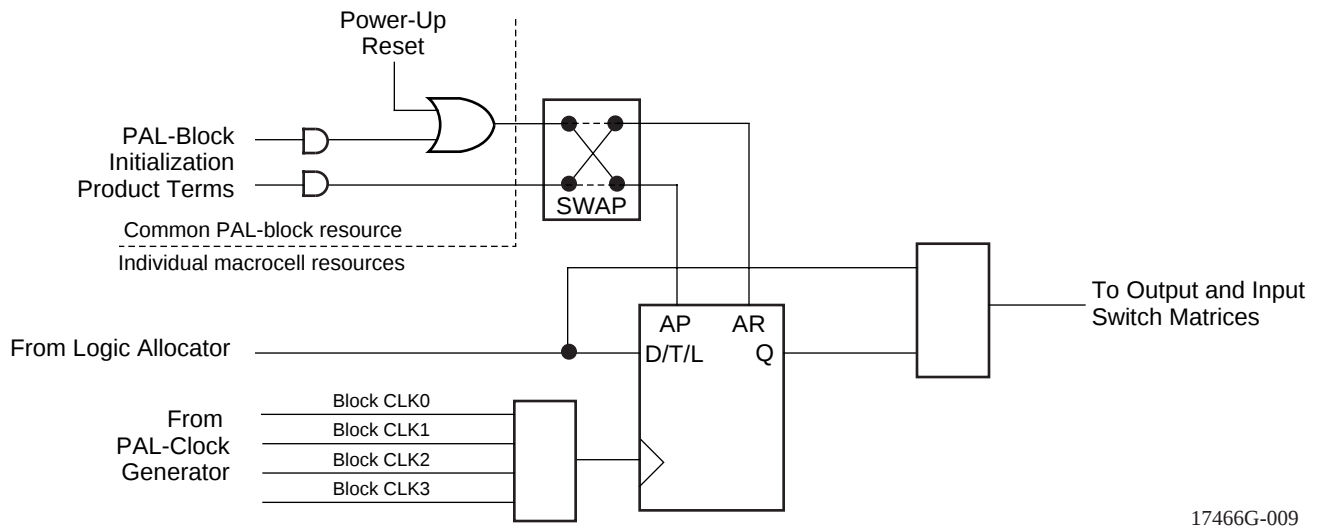
Note that the configuration of the logic allocator has absolutely no impact on the speed of the signal. All configurations have the same delay. This means that designers do not have to decide between optimizing resources or speed; both can be optimized.

If not used in the cluster, the extra product term can act in conjunction with the basic cluster to provide XOR logic for such functions as data comparison, or it can work with the D-,T-type flip-flop to provide for J-K, and S-R register operation. In addition, if the basic cluster is routed to another macrocell, the extra product term is still available for logic. In this case, the first XOR input will be a logic 0. This circuit has the flexibility to route product terms elsewhere without giving up the use of the macrocell.

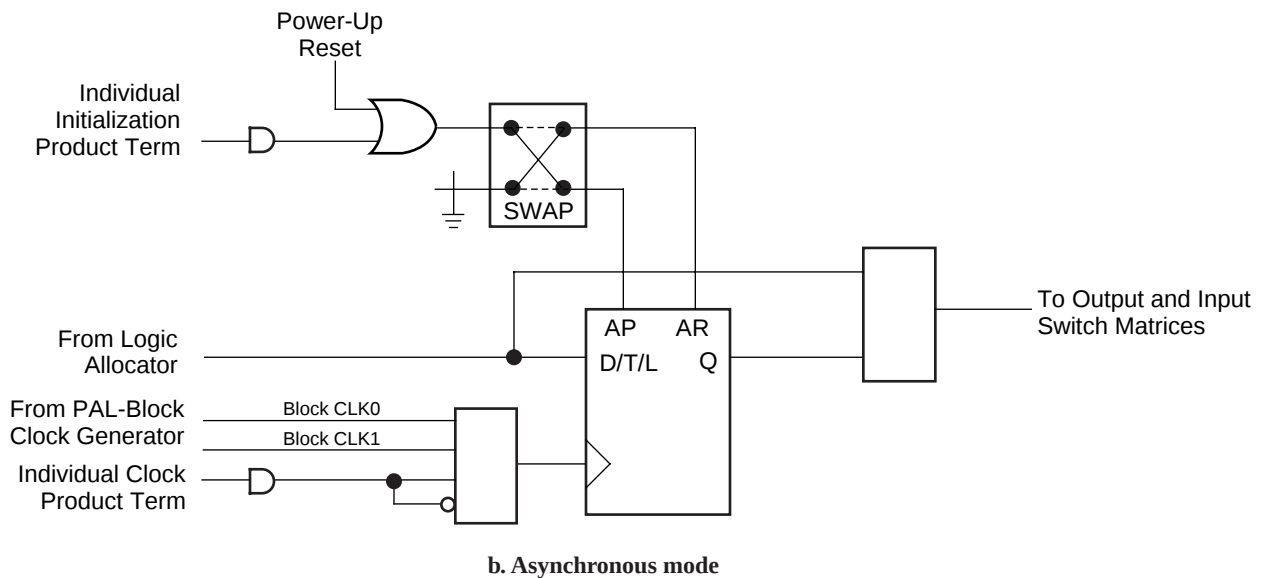
Product term clusters do not “wrap” around a PAL block. This means that the macrocells at the ends of the block have fewer product terms available.

Macrocell

The macrocell consists of a storage element, routing resources, a clock multiplexer, and initialization control. The macrocell has two fundamental modes: synchronous and asynchronous (Figure 5). The mode chosen only affects clocking and initialization in the macrocell.



a. Synchronous mode



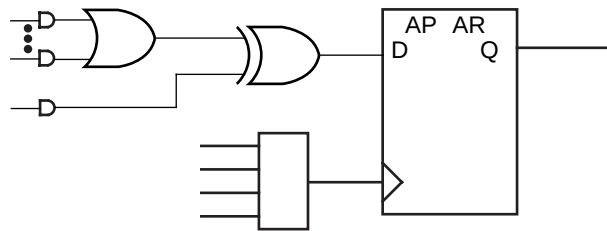
b. Asynchronous mode

17466G-010

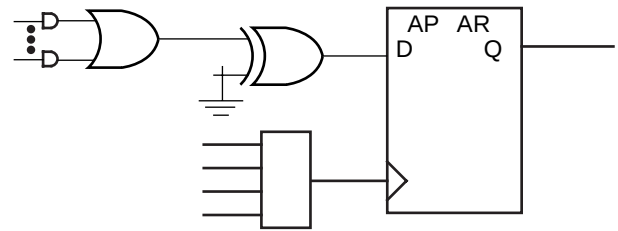
Figure 5. Macrocell

In either mode, a combinatorial path can be used. For combinatorial logic, the synchronous mode will generally be used, since it provides more product terms in the allocator.

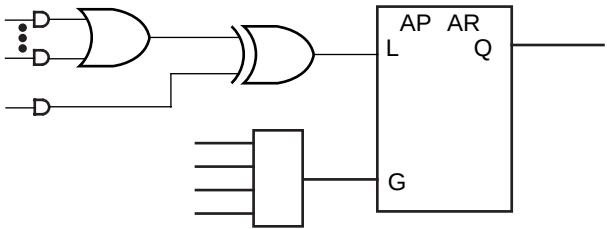
The flip-flop can be configured as a D-type or T-type latch. J-K or S-R registers can be synthesized. The primary flip-flop configurations are shown in Figure 6, although others are possible. Flip-flop functionality is defined in Table 8. Note that a J-K latch is inadvisable as it will cause oscillation if both J and K inputs are HIGH.



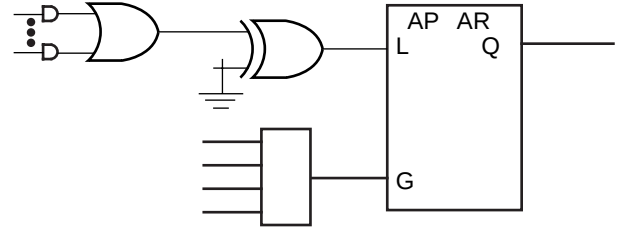
a. D-type with XOR



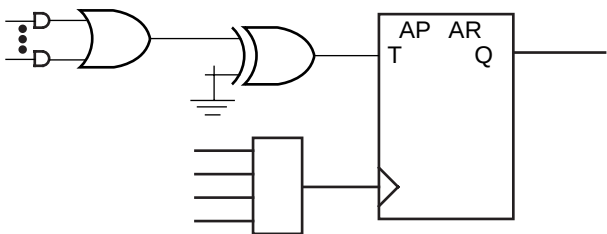
b. D-type with programmable D polarity



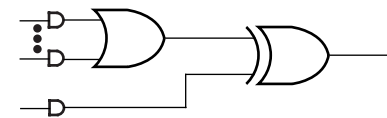
c. Latch with XOR



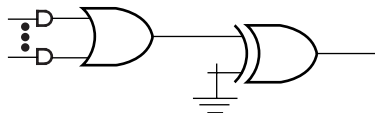
d. Latch with programmable D polarity



e. T-type with programmable T polarity



f. Combinatorial with XOR



g. Combinatorial with programmable polarity

Figure 6. Primary Macrocell Configurations

17466G-011

Table 11. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A3-256/160 and M4A3-256/192

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells							
I/O8	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O9	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O10	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O11	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O12	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O13	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O14	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O15	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15

Table 12. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A(3,5)-32/32

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7
M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15	I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15

Table 13. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A3-64/64

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
M0, M1	I/O0, I/O1, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15
M2, M3	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15
M4, M5	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O14, I/O15
M6, M7	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7
M8, M9	I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9
M10, M11	I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11
M12, M13	I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13
M14, M15	I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O0, I/O1	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O2, I/O3	M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9
I/O4, I/O5	M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11
I/O6, I/O7	M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13
I/O8, I/O9	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O10, I/O11	M0, M1, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O12, I/O13	M0, M1, M2, M3, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O14, I/O15	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M14, M15

IEEE 1149.1-COMPLIANT BOUNDARY SCAN TESTABILITY

All ispMACH 4A devices have boundary scan cells and are compliant to the IEEE 1149.1 standard. This allows functional testing of the circuit board on which the device is mounted through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test node data to be captured and shifted out for verification. In addition, these devices can be linked into a board-level serial scan path for more complete board-level testing.

IEEE 1149.1-COMPLIANT IN-SYSTEM PROGRAMMING

Programming devices in-system provides a number of significant benefits including: rapid prototyping, lower inventory levels, higher quality, and the ability to make in-field modifications. All ispMACH 4A devices provide In-System Programming (ISP) capability through their Boundary ScanTest Access Ports. This capability has been implemented in a manner that ensures that the port remains compliant to the IEEE 1149.1 standard. By using IEEE 1149.1 as the communication interface through which ISP is achieved, customers get the benefit of a standard, well-defined interface.

ispMACH 4A devices can be programmed across the commercial temperature and voltage range. The PC-based ispVM™ software facilitates in-system programming of ispMACH 4A devices. ispVM takes the JEDEC file output produced by the design implementation software, along with information about the JTAG chain, and creates a set of vectors that are used to drive the JTAG chain. ispVM software can use these vectors to drive a JTAG chain via the parallel port of a PC. Alternatively, ispVM software can output files in formats understood by common automated test equipment. This equipment can then be used to program ispMACH 4A devices during the testing of a circuit board.

PCI COMPLIANT

ispMACH 4A devices in the -5/-55/-6/-65/-7/-10/-12 speed grades are compliant with the *PCI Local Bus Specification* version 2.1, published by the PCI Special Interest Group (SIG). The 5-V devices are fully PCI-compliant. The 3.3-V devices are mostly compliant but do not meet the PCI condition to clamp the inputs as they rise above V_{CC} because of their 5-V input tolerant feature.

SAFE FOR MIXED SUPPLY VOLTAGE SYSTEM DESIGNS

Both the 3.3-V and 5-V V_{CC} ispMACH 4A devices are safe for mixed supply voltage system designs. The 5-V devices will not overdrive 3.3-V devices above the output voltage of 3.3 V, while they accept inputs from other 3.3-V devices. The 3.3-V device will accept inputs up to 5.5 V. Both the 5-V and 3.3-V versions have the same high-speed performance and provide easy-to-use mixed-voltage design capability.

PULL UP OR BUS-FRIENDLY INPUTS AND I/Os

All ispMACH 4A devices have inputs and I/Os which feature the Bus-Friendly circuitry incorporating two inverters in series which loop back to the input. This double inversion weakly holds the input at its last driven logic state. While it is good design practice to tie unused pins to a known state, the Bus-Friendly input structure pulls pins away from the input threshold voltage where noise can cause high-frequency switching. At power-up, the Bus-Friendly latches are reset to a logic level “1.” For the circuit diagram, please refer to the document entitled *MACH Endurance Characteristics* on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

All ispMACH 4A devices have a programmable bit that configures all inputs and I/Os with either pull-up or Bus-Friendly characteristics. If the device is configured in pull-up mode, all inputs and I/O pins are

weakly pulled up. For the circuit diagram, please refer to the document entitled *MACH Endurance Characteristics* on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

POWER MANAGEMENT

Each individual PAL block in ispMACH 4A devices features a programmable low-power mode, which results in power savings of up to 50%. The signal speed paths in the low-power PAL block will be slower than those in the non-low-power PAL block. This feature allows speed critical paths to run at maximum frequency while the rest of the signal paths operate in the low-power mode.

PROGRAMMABLE SLEW RATE

Each ispMACH 4A device I/O has an individually programmable output slew rate control bit. Each output can be individually configured for the higher speed transition (3 V/ns) or for the lower noise transition (1 V/ns). For high-speed designs with long, unterminated traces, the slow-slew rate will introduce fewer reflections, less noise, and keep ground bounce to a minimum. For designs with short traces or well terminated lines, the fast slew rate can be used to achieve the highest speed. The slew rate is adjusted independent of power.

POWER-UP RESET/SET

All flip-flops power up to a known state for predictable system initialization. If a macrocell is configured to SET on a signal from the control generator, then that macrocell will be SET during device power-up. If a macrocell is configured to RESET on a signal from the control generator or is not configured for set/reset, then that macrocell will RESET on power-up. To guarantee initialization values, the V_{CC} rise must be monotonic, and the clock must be inactive until the reset delay time has elapsed.

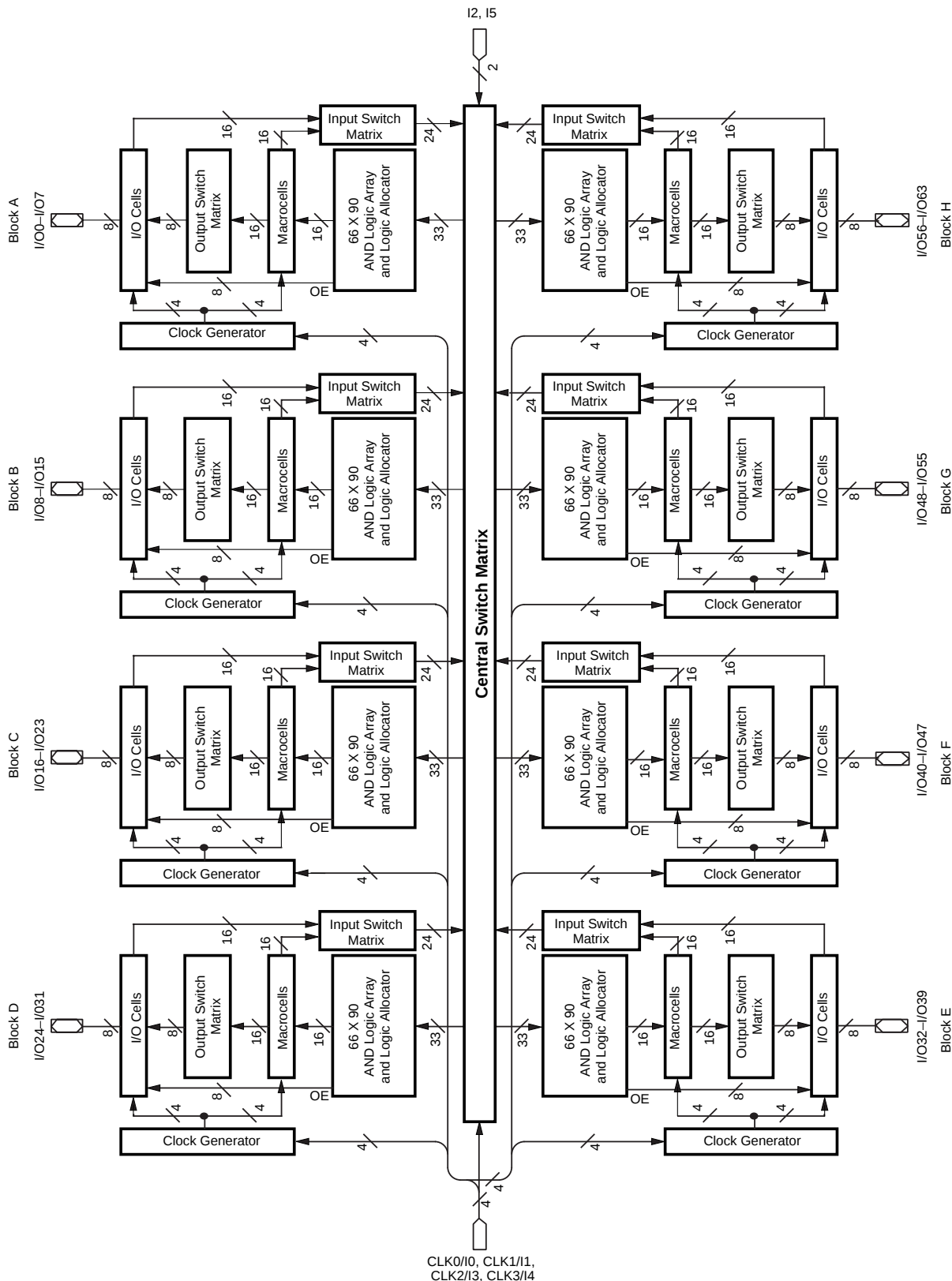
SECURITY BIT

A programmable security bit is provided on the ispMACH 4A devices as a deterrent to unauthorized copying of the array configuration patterns. Once programmed, this bit defeats readback of the programmed pattern by a device programmer, securing proprietary designs from competitors. Programming and verification are also defeated by the security bit. The bit can only be reset by erasing the entire device.

HOT SOCKETING

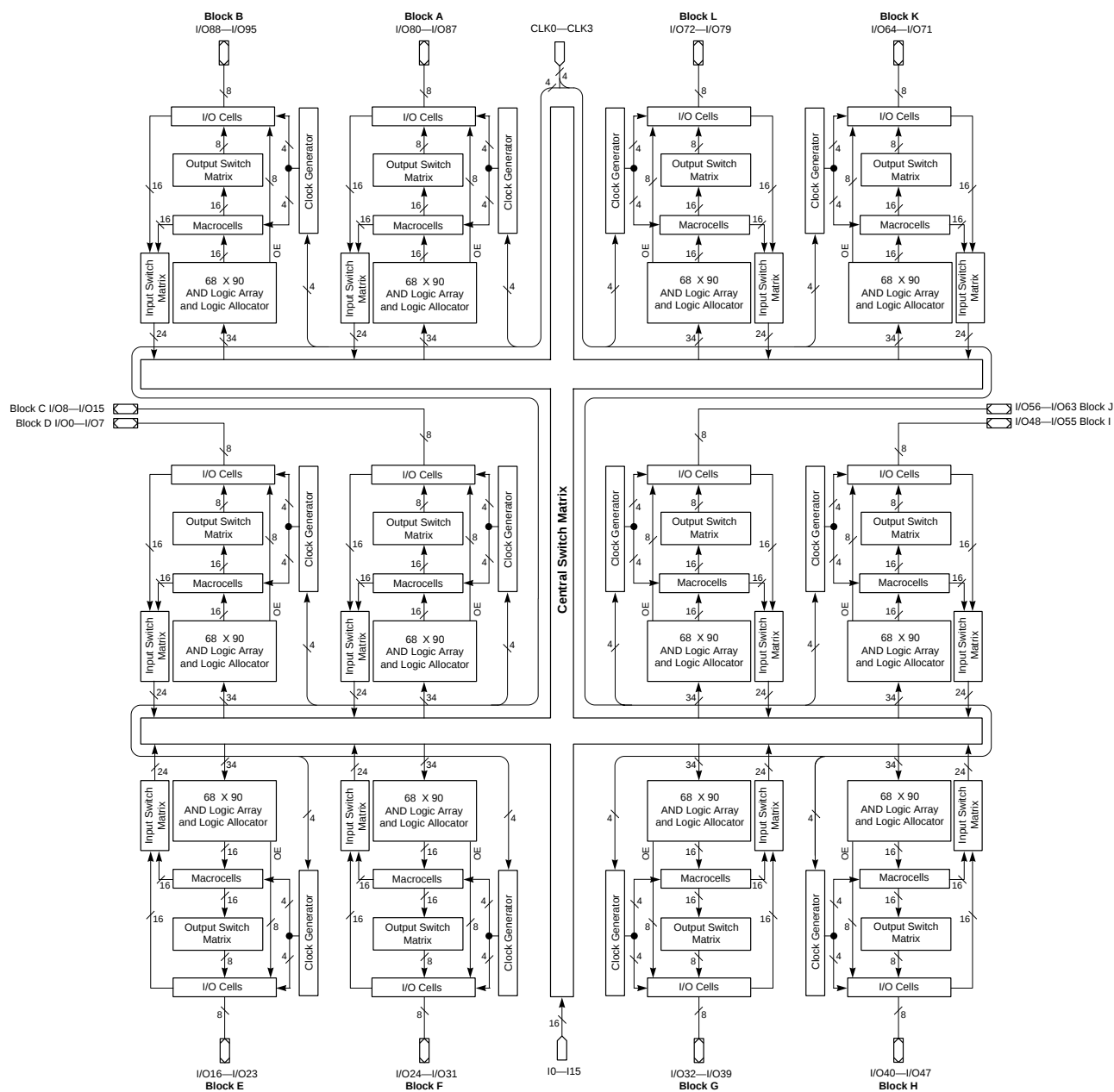
ispMACH 4A devices are well-suited for those applications that require hot socketing capability. Hot socketing a device requires that the device, when powered down, can tolerate active signals on the I/Os and inputs without being damaged. Additionally, it requires that the effects of the powered-down MACH devices be minimal on active signals.

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-128/64



17466H-022

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-192/96



17466G-067

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

M4A5

Storage Temperature. -65°C to +150°C
 Ambient Temperature
 with Power Applied. -55°C to +100°C
 Device Junction Temperature. +130°C
 Supply Voltage
 with Respect to Ground -0.5 V to +7.0 V
 DC Input Voltage -0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V
 Static Discharge Voltage 2000 V
 Latchup Current ($T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) 200 mA

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
 Operating in Free Air. 0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
 Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground. +4.75 V to +5.25 V

Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
 Operating in Free Air. -40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
 Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground. +4.50 V to +5.5 V
Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

5-V DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGES

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$I_{OH} = -3.2$ mA, $V_{CC} = \text{Min}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	2.4			V
		$I_{OH} = -100$ μA , $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}		3.3	3.6	V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$I_{OL} = 24$ mA, $V_{CC} = \text{Min}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 1)			0.5	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical HIGH Voltage for all Inputs (Note 2)	2.0			V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical LOW Voltage for all Inputs (Note 2)			0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 5.25$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 3)			10	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 3)			-10	μA
I_{OZH}	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	$V_{OUT} = 5.25$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 3)			10	μA
I_{OZL}	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	$V_{OUT} = 0$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$, $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 3)			-10	μA
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0.5$ V, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 4)	-30		-160	mA

Notes:

1. Total I_{OL} for one PAL block should not exceed 64 mA.
2. These are absolute values with respect to device ground, and all overshoots due to system or tester noise are included.
3. I/O pin leakage is the worst case of I_{IL} and I_{OZL} (or I_{IH} and I_{OZH}).
4. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.
 $V_{OUT} = 0.5$ V has been chosen to avoid test problems caused by tester ground degradation.

ispMACH 4A TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES¹

		-5		-55		-6		-65		-7		-10		-12		-14		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input Register Delays with ZHT Option:																		
t _{SIRZ}	Input register setup time - ZHT	6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{HIRZ}	Input register hold time - ZHT	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
Input Latch Delays with ZHT Option:																		
t _{SILZ}	Input latch setup time - ZHT	6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{HILZ}	Input latch hold time - ZHT	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{PDIL} Z _i	Transparent input latch to internal feedback - ZHT		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0	ns
Output Delays:																		
t _{BUF}	Output buffer delay		1.5		1.5		1.8		2.0		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0	ns
t _{SLW}	Slow slew rate delay adder		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5	ns
t _{EA}	Output enable time		7.5		7.5		8.5		8.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0	ns
t _{ER}	Output disable time		7.5		7.5		8.5		8.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0	ns
Power Delay:																		
t _{PL}	Power-down mode delay adder		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5	ns
Reset and Preset Delays:																		
t _{SRI}	Asynchronous reset or preset to internal register output		7.5		7.7		8.0		8.0		9.5		11.0		13.0		16.0	ns
t _{SR}	Asynchronous reset or preset to register output		9.0		9.2		10.0		10.0		12.0		14.0		16.0		19.0	ns
t _{SRR}	Asynchronous reset and preset register recovery time	7.0		7.0		7.5		7.5		8.0		8.0		10.0		15.0		ns
t _{SRW}	Asynchronous reset or preset width	7.0		7.0		8.0		8.0		10.0		10.0		12.0		15.0		ns
Clock/LE Width:																		
t _{WLS}	Global clock width low	2.0		2.0		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		ns
t _{WHS}	Global clock width high	2.0		2.0		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		ns
t _{WLA}	Product term clock width low	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		8.0		9.0		ns
t _{WHA}	Product term clock width high	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		8.0		9.0		ns
t _{GWS}	Global gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	4.0		4.0		4.5		4.5		5.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{GWA}	Product term gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	4.0		4.0		4.5		4.5		5.0		5.0		6.0		9.0		ns
t _{WIRL}	Input register clock width low	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{WIRH}	Input register clock width high	3.0		3.0		3.5		3.5		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{WIL}	Input latch gate width	4.0		4.0		4.5		4.5		5.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns

ispMACH 4A TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES¹

		-5		-55		-6		-65		-7		-10		-12		-14		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Frequency:																		
f _{MAXS}	External feedback, D-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SS} + t _{COS})	143		133		125		118		95.2		87.0		74.1		60.6		MHz
	External feedback, T-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SST} + t _{COS})	125		125		118		111		87.0		80.0		69.0		57.1		MHz
	Internal feedback (f _{CNT}), D-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SS} + t _{COSi})	182		167		160		154		125		118		95.0		74.1		MHz
	Internal feedback (f _{CNT}), T-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SST} + t _{COSi})	154		154		148		143		111		105		87.0		69.0		MHz
	No feedback ² , Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}), 1/(t _{SS} + t _{HS}) or 1/(t _{SST} + t _{HS})	250		250		200		200		154		125		100		83.3		MHz
f _{MAXA}	External feedback, D-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SA} + t _{COA})	111		111		108		100		83.3		66.7		55.6		43.5		MHz
	External feedback, T-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SAT} + t _{COA})	105		105		102		95.2		76.9		62.5		52.6		41.7		MHz
	Internal feedback (f _{CNTA}), D-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SA} + t _{COAi})	133		133		125		125		105		83.3		66.7		50.0		MHz
	Internal feedback (f _{CNTA}), T-type, Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SAT} + t _{COAi})	125		125		125		118		95.2		76.9		62.5		47.6		MHz
	No feedback ² , Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}), 1/(t _{SA} + t _{HA}) or 1/(t _{SAT} + t _{HA})	167		167		143		143		125		100		62.5		55.6		MHz
f _{MAXI}	Maximum input register frequency, Min of 1/(t _{WIRH} + t _{WIRL}) or 1/(t _{SIRS} + t _{HIRS})	167		167		143		143		125		100		83.3		83.3		MHz

Notes:

1. See "Switching Test Circuit" document on the Literature Download page of the Lattice web site.
2. This parameter does not apply to flip-flops in the emulated mode since the feedback path is required for emulation.

CAPACITANCE¹

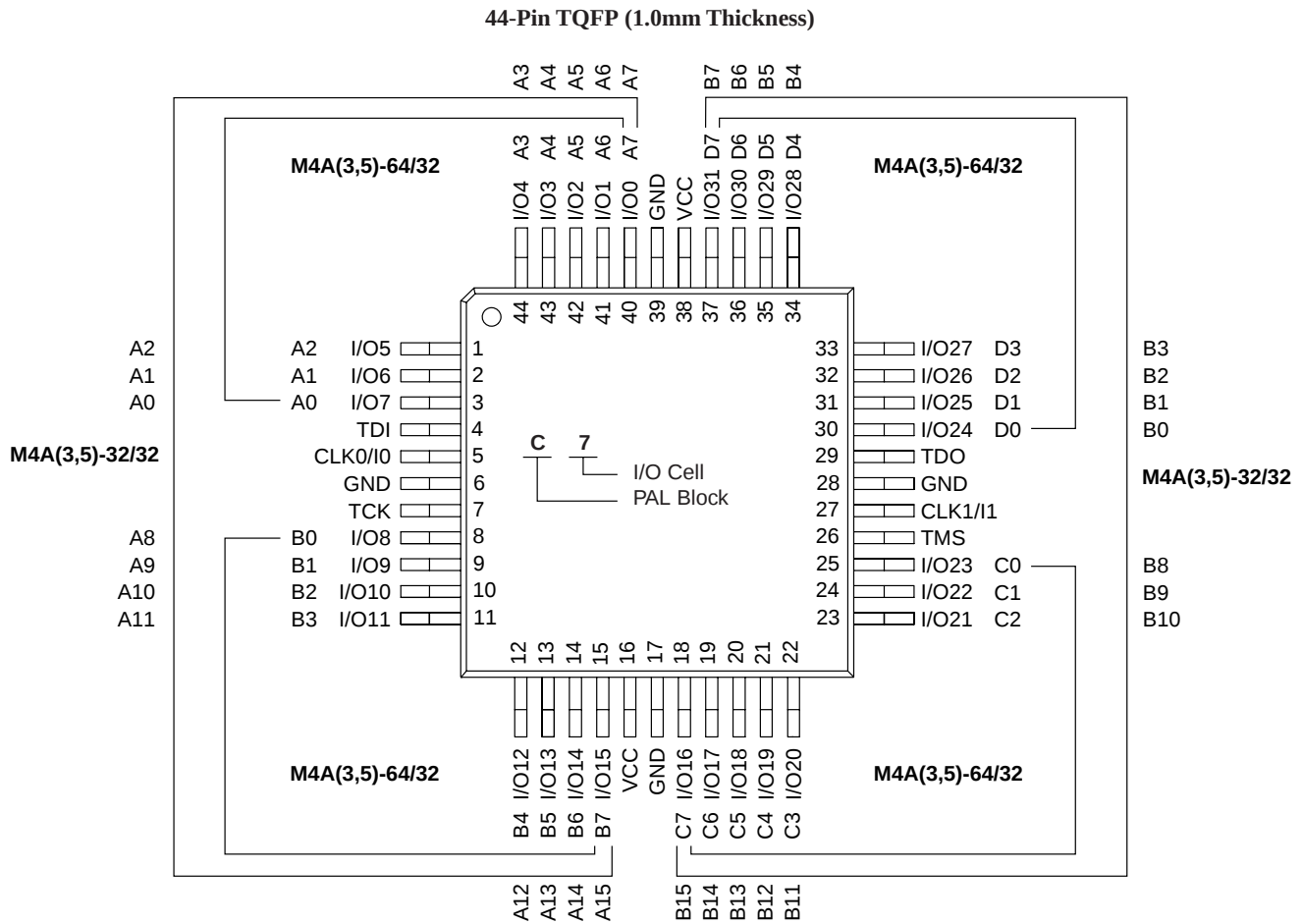
Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions		Typ	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN}=2.0\text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25°C, 1 MHz	6	pF
$C_{I/O}$	Output capacitance	$V_{OUT}=2.0\text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25°C, 1 MHz	8	pF

Note:

1. These parameters are not 100% tested, but are calculated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where this parameter may be affected.

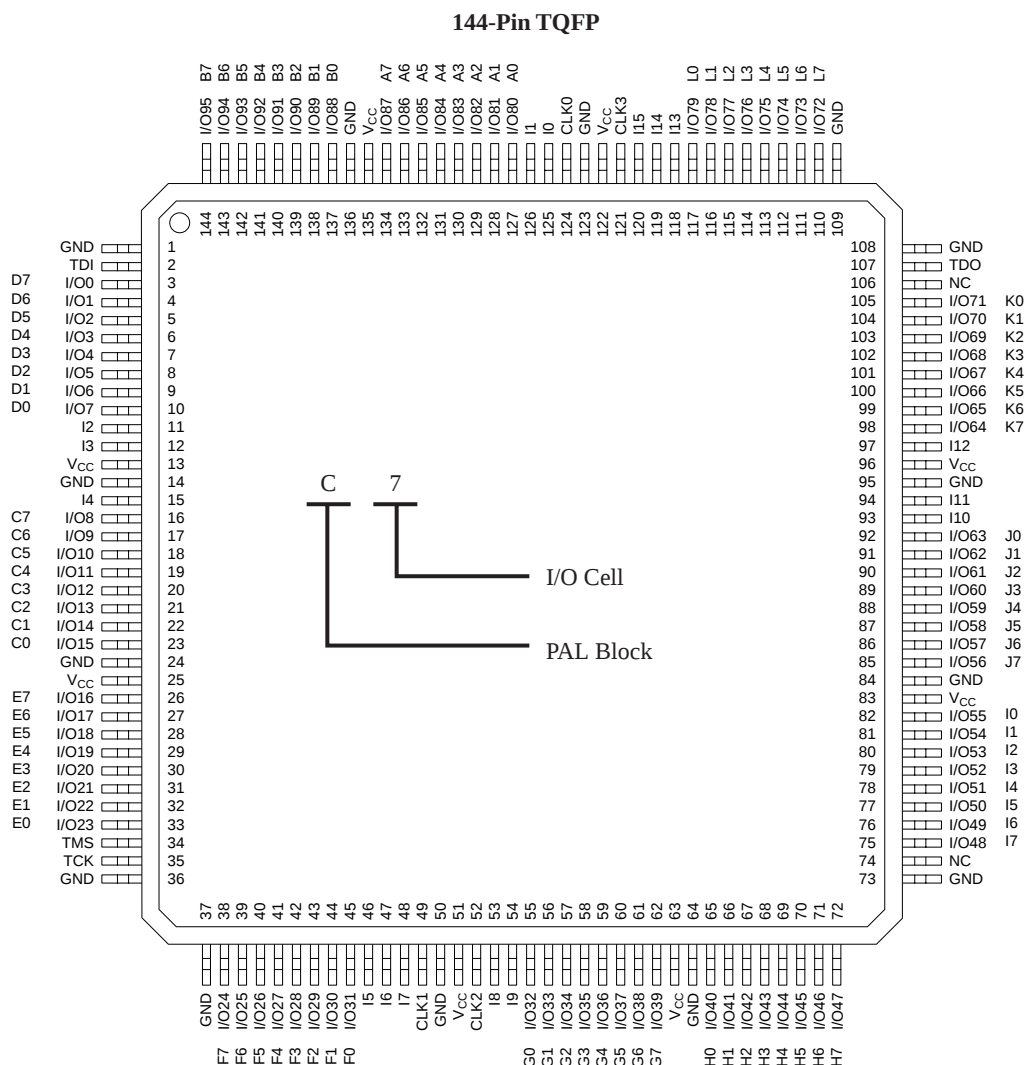
44-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-32/32 AND M4A(3,5)-64/32)

Top View



144-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-192/96)

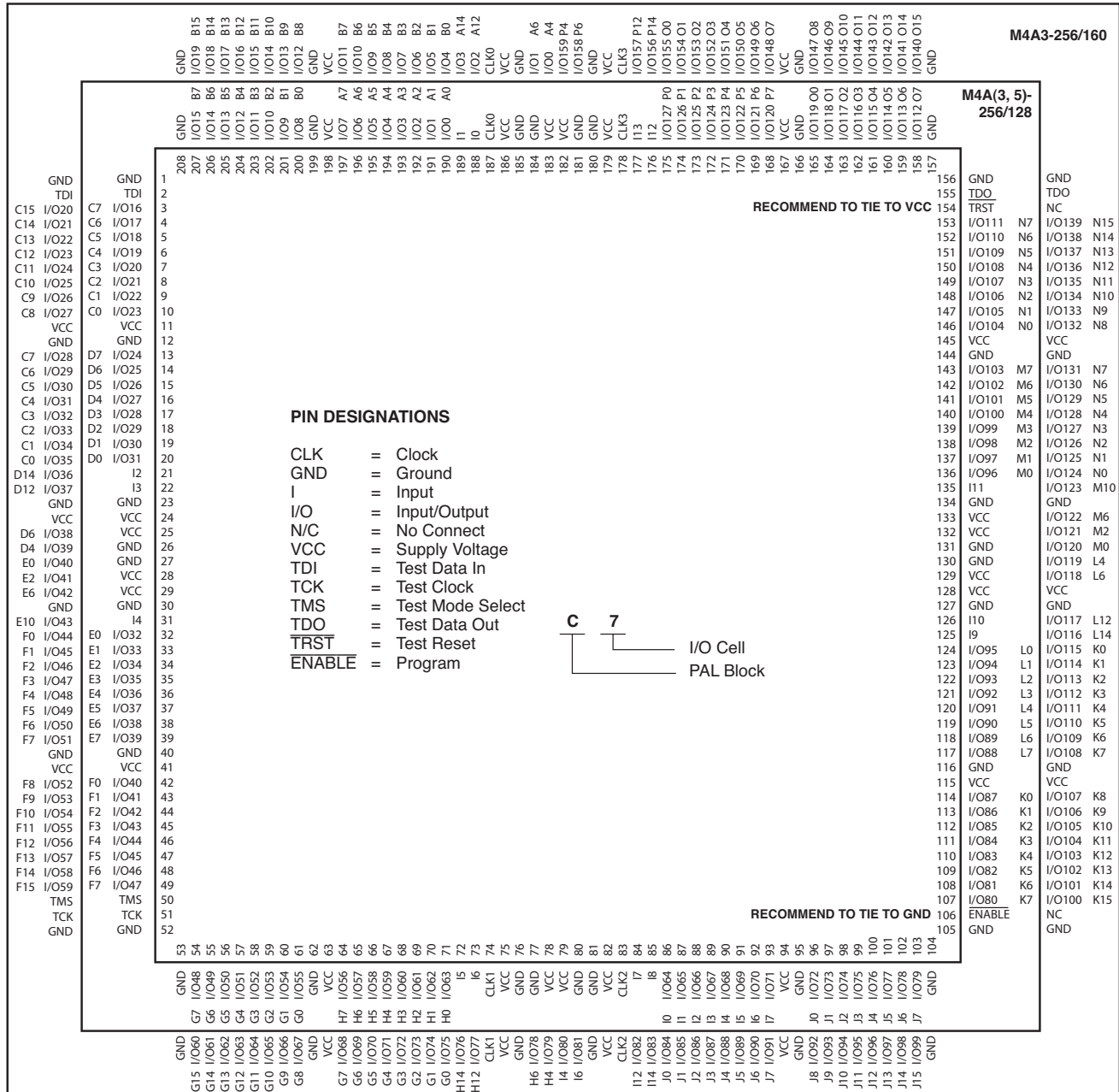
Top View



208-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-256/128 AND M4A3-256/160)

Top View

208-Pin PQFP



17466G-044

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/128)

Bottom View

256-Ball BGA

	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	N/C	GND	I/O108 N4	I/O105 N1	GND	I/O100 M4	I/O96 M0	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O95 L0	I/O91 L4	GND	I/O87 K0	N/C	GND	GND	GND	A
B	GND	I/O113 O6	N/C	I/O109 N5	I/O106 N2	I/O103 M7	I/O102 M6	I/O98 M2	N/C	I11	N/C	N/C	I/O93 L2	I/O89 L6	I/O88 L7	I/O85 K2	I/O83 K4	I/O82 K5	N/C	GND	B
C	I/O116 O3	N/C	VCC	TRST	I/O111 N7	I/O107 N3	I/O104 N0	I/O101 M5	I/O97 M1	N/C	I10	I/O94 L1	I/O90 L5	I/O86 K1	I/O84 K3	I/O80 K7	ENABLE	VCC	I/O78 J6	I/O74 J2	C
D	I/O120 P7	I/O117 O2	I/O112 O7	VCC	VCC	I/O110 N6	VCC	N/C	I/O99 M3	N/C	I9	I/O92 L3	N/C	VCC	I/O81 K6	VCC	VCC	I/O79 J7	I/O75 J3	I/O71 I7	D
E	I/O123 P4	I/O119 O0	I/O114 O5	TDI	PIN DESIGNATIONS CLK = Clock GND = Ground I = Input I/O = Input/Output N/C = No Connect VCC = Supply Voltage TDI = Test Data In TCK = Test Clock TMS = Test Mode Select TDO = Test Data Out TRST = Test Reset ENABLE = Program C7 I/O Cell PAL Block												TDO	I/O77 J5	I/O72 J0	I/O68 I4	E
F	GND	I/O122 P5	I/O118 O1	I/O115 O4													I/O76 J4	I/O73 J1	I/O69 I5	GND	F
G	I12	I/O125 P2	I/O121 P6	VCC													VCC	I/O70 I6	I/O65 I1	I8	G
H	GND	I/O127 P0	I/O126 P1	I/O124 P3													I/O67 I3	I/O66 I2	I/O64 I0	GND	H
J	N/C	N/C	N/C	I13													I7	N/C	N/C	N/C	J
K	GND	CLK3	N/C	N/C													N/C	N/C	CLK2	N/C	K
L	N/C	CLK0	N/C	N/C													N/C	N/C	CLK1	GND	L
M	N/C	N/C	N/C	I0													I6	N/C	I/O63 H0	I/O62 H1	M
N	GND	I/O0 A0	I/O2 A2	I/O3 A3													I/O60 H3	I/O61 H2	I/O59 H4	GND	N
P	I1	I/O1 A1	I/O6 A6	VCC	VCC	I/O57 H6	I/O58 H5	I5	P												
R	GND	I/O5 A5	I/O9 B1	N/C	I/O51 G4	I/O54 G1	I/O56 H7	GND	R												
T	I/O4 A4	I/O8 B0	I/O12 B4	TCK	TMS	I/O50 G5	I/O55 G0	N/C	T												
U	I/O7 A7	I/O11 B3	I/O15 B7	VCC	VCC	I/O18 C5	VCC	I/O24 D7	I/O29 D2	I2	N/C	I/O35 E3	N/C	VCC	N/C	VCC	VCC	I/O48 G7	I/O53 G2	N/C	U
V	I/O10 B2	I/O13 B5	VCC	I/O16 C7	I/O17 C6	I/O21 C2	I/O23 C0	I/O27 D4	I/O31 D0	I3	N/C	I/O33 E1	I/O37 E5	I/O41 F1	I/O43 F3	I/O46 F6	I/O47 F7	VCC	I/O52 G3	N/C	V
W	GND	I/O14 B6	N/C	N/C	I/O19 C4	I/O22 C1	I/O25 D6	I/O28 D3	N/C	N/C	I4	N/C	I/O34 E2	I/O38 E6	I/O39 E7	I/O42 F2	I/O45 F5	N/C	I/O49 G6	GND	W
Y	GND	GND	GND	N/C	I/O20 C3	GND	I/O26 D5	I/O30 D1	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O32 E0	I/O36 E4	GND	I/O40 F0	I/O44 F4	GND	N/C	GND	Y
	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

17466G-045

388-BALL fpBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-512/256)

Bottom View

388-Ball fpBGA

	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	I/O243 OX3	I/O240 OX0	I/O241 OX1	I/O236 NX4	I/O231 MX7	I/O228 MX4	I/O226 MX2	I/O255 PX7	I/O251 PX3	I/O248 PX0	I/O0 A0	I/O5 A5	I/O6 A6	I/O27 D3	I/O30 D6	I/O17 C1	I/O22 C6	I/O8 B0	I/O10 B2	N/C	GND	A
B	N/C	GND	I/O245 OX5	I/O242 OX2	I/O238 NX6	I/O234 NX2	I/O232 NX0	I/O229 MX5	I/O224 MX0	I/O253 PX5	I/O249 PX1	I/O2 A2	CLK0	I/O26 D2	I/O29 D5	I/O31 D7	I/O20 C4	I/O9 B1	I/O12 B4	I/O13 B5	GND	TDI	B
C	I/O213 KX5	TD0	GND	I/O247 OX7	I/O244 OX4	I/O239 NX7	I/O235 NX3	I/O230 MX6	I/O227 MX3	CLK3	I/O250 PX2	I/O1 A1	I/O7 A7	I/O25 D1	I/O16 C0	I/O18 C2	I/O23 C7	I/O11 B3	I/O15 B7	GND	I/O47 F7	I/O44 F4	C
D	I/O210 KX2	I/O212 KX4	I/O215 KX7	GND	I/O246 OX6	VCC	I/O237 NX5	I/O233 NX1	VCC	I/O254 PX6	VCC	I/O3 A3	I/O24 D0	VCC	I/O19 C3	I/O21 C5	VCC	I/O14 B6	GND	I/O46 F6	I/O43 F3	I/O41 F1	D
E	I/O207 JX7	I/O209 KX1	I/O211 KX3	I/O214 KX6															I/O45 F5	I/O42 F2	I/O40 F0	I/O54 G6	E
F	I/O203 JX3	I/O205 JX5	I/O208 KX0	VCC															VCC	I/O55 G7	I/O52 G4	I/O50 G2	F
G	I/O200 JX0	I/O202 JX2	I/O204 JX4	I/O206 JX6			VCC	VCC	N/C	I/O225 MX1	I/O252 PX4	I/O4 A4	I/O28 D4	N/C	VCC	VCC			I/O53 G5	I/O51 G3	I/O49 G1	I/O39 E7	G
H	I/O221 LX5	I/O222 LX6	I/O223 LX7	I/O201 JX1			VCC	N/C	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	N/C	VCC			I/O48 G0	I/O38 E6	I/O37 E5	I/O36 E4	H
J	I/O218 LX2	I/O219 LX3	I/O220 LX4	VCC			N/C	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	N/C			VCC	I/O35 E3	I/O34 E2	I/O32 E0	J
K	I/O197 IX5	I/O198 IX6	I/O199 IX7	I/O216 LX0			I/O217 LX1	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O33 E1			I/O63 H7	I/O62 H6	I/O61 H5	I/O60 H4	K
L	I/O192 IX0	I/O194 IX2	I/O195 IX3	I/O196 IX4			I/O193 IX1	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O58 H2			VCC	I/O59 H3	I/O57 H1	I/O56 H0	L
M	I/O184 HX0	I/O185 HX1	I/O187 HX3	VCC			I/O186 HX2	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O69 I5			I/O67 I3	I/O65 I1	I/O66 I2	I/O64 I0	M
N	I/O188 HX4	I/O189 HX5	I/O191 HX7	I/O190 HX6			I/O162 EX2	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O89 L1			I/O88 L0	I/O71 I7	I/O70 I6	I/O68 I4	N
P	I/O160 EX0	I/O161 EX1	I/O163 EX3	VCC			N/C	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	N/C			VCC	I/O92 L4	I/O91 L3	I/O90 L2	P
R	I/O164 EX4	I/O165 EX5	I/O166 EX6	I/O177 GX1			VCC	N/C	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	N/C	VCC			I/O74 J2	I/O95 L7	I/O94 L6	I/O93 L5	R
T	I/O167 EX7	I/O176 GX0	I/O179 GX3	I/O181 GX5			VCC	VCC	N/C	I/O152 DX0	I/O131 AX3	I/O122 P2	I/O98 M2	N/C	VCC	VCC			I/O78 J6	I/O76 J4	I/O73 J1	I/O72 J0	T
U	I/O178 GX2	I/O180 GX4	I/O183 GX7	VCC															VCC	I/O80 K0	I/O77 J5	I/O75 J3	U
V	I/O182 GX6	N/C	I/O169 FX1	I/O172 FX4															I/O86 K6	I/O83 K3	I/O81 K1	I/O79 J7	V
W	I/O168 FX0	I/O170 FX2	I/O173 FX5	GND	I/O143 BX7	VCC	I/O150 CX6	I/O145 CX1	VCC	I/O153 DX1	I/O123 P3	VCC	I/O96 M0	VCC	I/O104 N0	I/O111 N7	VCC	I/O119 O7	GND	I/O87 K7	I/O84 K4	I/O82 K2	W
Y	I/O171 FX3	I/O174 FX6	GND	I/O141 BX5	I/O138 BX2	I/O136 BX0	I/O147 CX3	I/O158 DX6	I/O156 DX4	CLK2	I/O132 AX4	I/O121 P1	I/O125 P5	I/O99 M3	I/O101 M5	I/O106 N2	I/O110 N6	I/O115 O3	I/O118 O6	GND	TMS	I/O85 K5	Y
AA	I/O175 FX7	GND	I/O142 BX6	I/O140 BX4	I/O151 CX7	I/O149 CX5	I/O144 CX0	I/O157 DX5	I/O154 DX2	I/O134 AX6	I/O130 AX2	I/O128 AX0	CLK1	I/O127 P7	I/O100 M4	I/O103 M7	I/O108 N4	I/O109 N5	I/O113 O1	I/O116 O4	GND	TCK	AA
AB	GND	N/C	I/O139 BX3	I/O137 BX1	I/O148 CX4	I/O146 CX2	I/O159 DX7	I/O155 DX3	I/O135 AX7	I/O133 AX5	I/O129 AX1	I/O120 P0	I/O124 P4	I/O126 P6	I/O97 M1	I/O102 M6	I/O105 N1	I/O107 N3	I/O112 O0	I/O114 O2	I/O117 O5	GND	AB

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock
 GND = Ground
 I = Input
 I/O = Input/Output
 N/C = No Connect
 VCC = Supply Voltage
 TDI = Test Data In
 TCK = Test Clock
 TMS = Test Mode Select
 TDO = Test Data Out



m4a3.512.256_388bga

ispMACH 4A PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION

ispMACH 4A Devices Commercial and Industrial - 3.3V and 5V

Lattice programmable logic products are available with several ordering options. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:

M4A3- 256 / 128 -7 Y C		L48	
FAMILY TYPE		= 48-pin TQFP for M4A3-32/32 or M4A3-64/32 M4A5-32/32 or M4A5-64/32	
M4A3- = ispMACH 4A Family Low Voltage Advanced Feature (3.3-V V_{CC})		OPERATING CONDITIONS	
M4A5- = ispMACH 4A Family Advanced Feature (5-V V_{CC})		C = Commercial (0°C to +70°C)	
MACROCELL DENSITY		I = Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)	
32 = 32 Macrocells 192 = 192 Macrocells		PACKAGE TYPE	
64 = 64 Macrocells 256 = 256 Macrocells		SA = Ball Grid Array (BGA)	
96 = 96 Macrocells 384 = 384 Macrocells		J = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	
128 = 128 Macrocells 512 = 512 Macrocells		JN = Lead-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	
I/Os		V = Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	
/32 = 32 I/Os in 44-pin PLCC, 44-pin TQFP or 48-pin TQFP		VN = Lead-free Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	
/48 = 48 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP		Y = Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)	
/64 = 64 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP, 100-pin PQFP, or 100-ball caBGA		YN = Lead-free Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)	
/96 = 96 I/Os in 144-pin TQFP or 144-ball fpBGA		FA = Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)	
/128 = 128 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP, 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA		FAN = Lead-free Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)	
/160 = 160 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP		CA = Chip-array Ball Grid Array (caBGA)	
/192 = 192 I/Os in 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA		SPEED	
/256 = 256 I/Os in 388-ball fpBGA		-5 = 5.0 ns t_{PD}	
		-55 = 5.5 ns t_{PD}	
		-6 = 6.0 ns t_{PD}	
		-65 = 6.5 ns t_{PD}	
		-7 = 7.5 ns t_{PD}	
		-10 = 10 ns t_{PD}	
		-12 = 12 ns t_{PD}	
		-14 = 14 ns t_{PD}	

*Package obsolete, contact factory.

Conventional Packaging

3.3V Commercial Combinations			3.3V Industrial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-5, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48	M4A3-32/32	-7, -10, -12	JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/32	-55, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48	M4A3-64/32		JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/64		VC	M4A3-64/64		VI
M4A3-96/48		VC	M4A3-96/48		VI
M4A3-128/64		YC, VC, CAC	M4A3-128/64		YI, VI, CAI
M4A3-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VC, FAC	M4A3-192/96		VI, FAI
M4A3-256/128	-55, -65 ¹ , -7, -10	YC, FAC, SAC	M4A3-256/128	-10, -12	YI, FAI, SAI
M4A3-256/160	-7, -10	YC	M4A3-256/160		YI
M4A3-256/192		FAC	M4A3-256/192	-10, -12, -14	FAI
M4A3-384/160	-65, -10, -12	YC	M4A3-384/160		YI
M4A3-384/192		SAC, FAC	M4A3-384/192		FAI
M4A3-512/160	-7, -10, -12	YC	M4A3-512/160		YI
M4A3-512/192		FAC	M4A3-512/192		FAI
M4A3-512/256		FAC	M4A3-512/256		FAI

1. Use 5.5ns for new designs.