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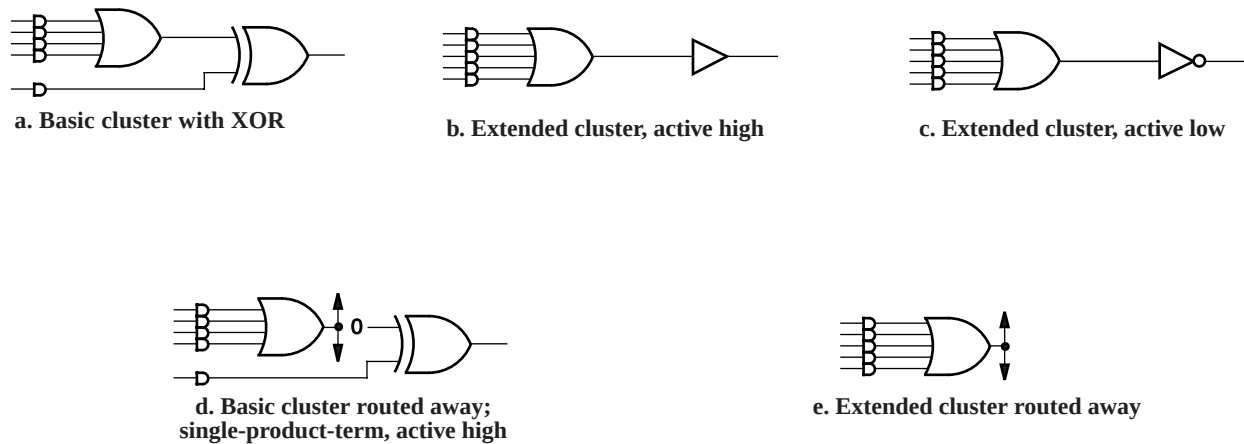
Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

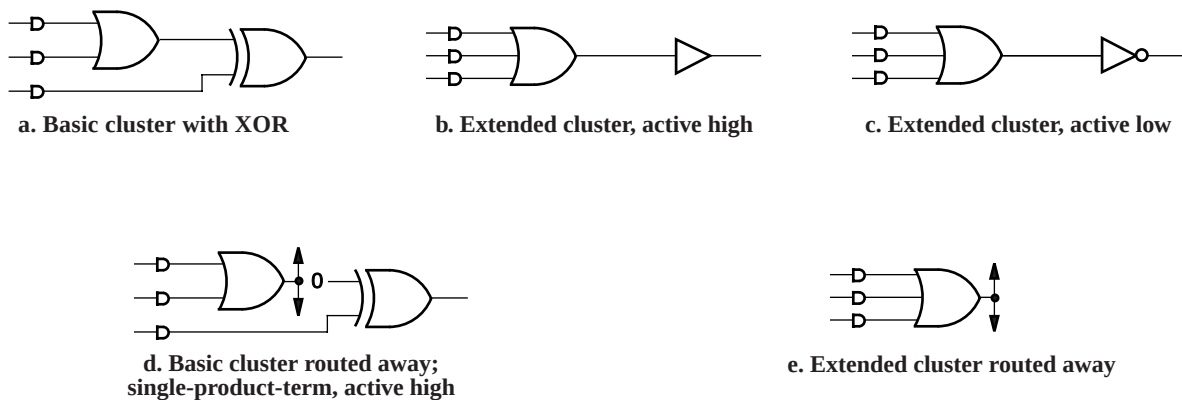
Details

Product Status	Not For New Designs
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	32
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	32
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m4a5-32-32-10vni



17466G-007

Figure 3. Logic Allocator Configurations: Synchronous Mode



17466G-008

Figure 4. Logic Allocator Configurations: Asynchronous Mode

Note that the configuration of the logic allocator has absolutely no impact on the speed of the signal. All configurations have the same delay. This means that designers do not have to decide between optimizing resources or speed; both can be optimized.

If not used in the cluster, the extra product term can act in conjunction with the basic cluster to provide XOR logic for such functions as data comparison, or it can work with the D-,T-type flip-flop to provide for J-K, and S-R register operation. In addition, if the basic cluster is routed to another macrocell, the extra product term is still available for logic. In this case, the first XOR input will be a logic 0. This circuit has the flexibility to route product terms elsewhere without giving up the use of the macrocell.

Product term clusters do not “wrap” around a PAL block. This means that the macrocells at the ends of the block have fewer product terms available.

Output Switch Matrix

The output switch matrix allows macrocells to be connected to any of several I/O cells within a PAL block. This provides high flexibility in determining pinout and allows design changes to occur without effecting pinout.

In ispMACH 4A devices with 2:1 Macrocell-I/O cell ratio, each PAL block has twice as many macrocells as I/O cells. The ispMACH 4A output switch matrix allows for half of the macrocells to drive I/O cells within a PAL block, in combinations according to Figure 9. Each I/O cell can choose from eight macrocells; each macrocell has a choice of four I/O cells. The ispMACH 4A devices with 1:1 Macrocell-I/O cell ratio allow each macrocell to drive one of eight I/O cells (Figure 9).

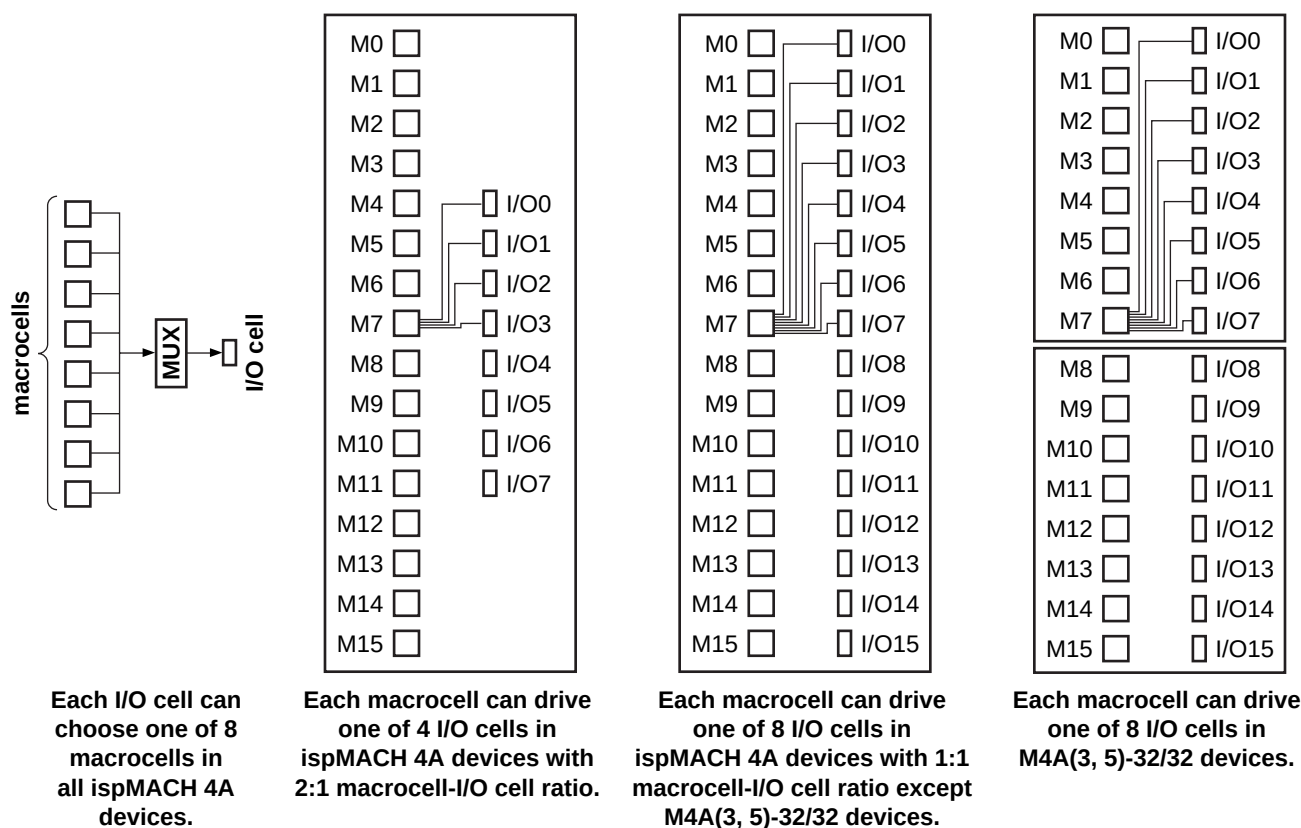


Figure 9. ispMACH 4A Output Switch Matrix

Table 10. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for ispMACH 4A Devices with 2:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio

Macrocell	Routeable to I/O Cells
M0, M1	I/O0, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7
M2, M3	I/O0, I/O1, I/O6, I/O7
M4, M5	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O7
M6, M7	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3
M8, M9	I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4
M10, M11	I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5

Table 11. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A3-256/160 and M4A3-256/192

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells							
I/O8	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O9	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O10	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O11	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O12	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O13	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O14	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15
I/O15	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15

Table 12. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A(3,5)-32/32

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7
M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15	I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15

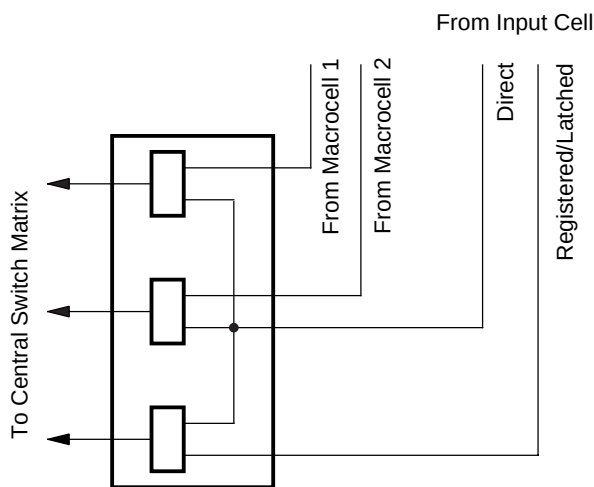
Table 13. Output Switch Matrix Combinations for M4A3-64/64

Macrocell	Routable to I/O Cells
M0, M1	I/O0, I/O1, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15
M2, M3	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15
M4, M5	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O14, I/O15
M6, M7	I/O0, I/O1, I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7
M8, M9	I/O2, I/O3, I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9
M10, M11	I/O4, I/O5, I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11
M12, M13	I/O6, I/O7, I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13
M14, M15	I/O8, I/O9, I/O10, I/O11, I/O12, I/O13, I/O14, I/O15

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O0, I/O1	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O2, I/O3	M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9
I/O4, I/O5	M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11
I/O6, I/O7	M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13
I/O8, I/O9	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O10, I/O11	M0, M1, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O12, I/O13	M0, M1, M2, M3, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O14, I/O15	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M14, M15

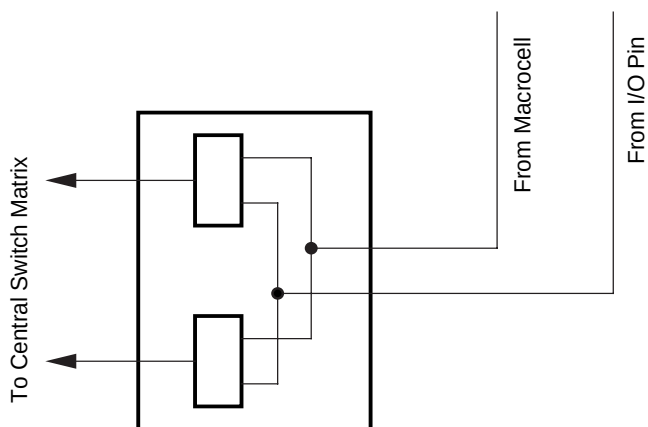
Input Switch Matrix

The input switch matrix (Figures 12 and 13) optimizes routing of inputs to the central switch matrix. Without the input switch matrix, each input and feedback signal has only one way to enter the central switch matrix. The input switch matrix provides additional ways for these signals to enter the central switch matrix.



17466G-002

Figure 12. ispMACH 4A with 2:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio - Input Switch Matrix



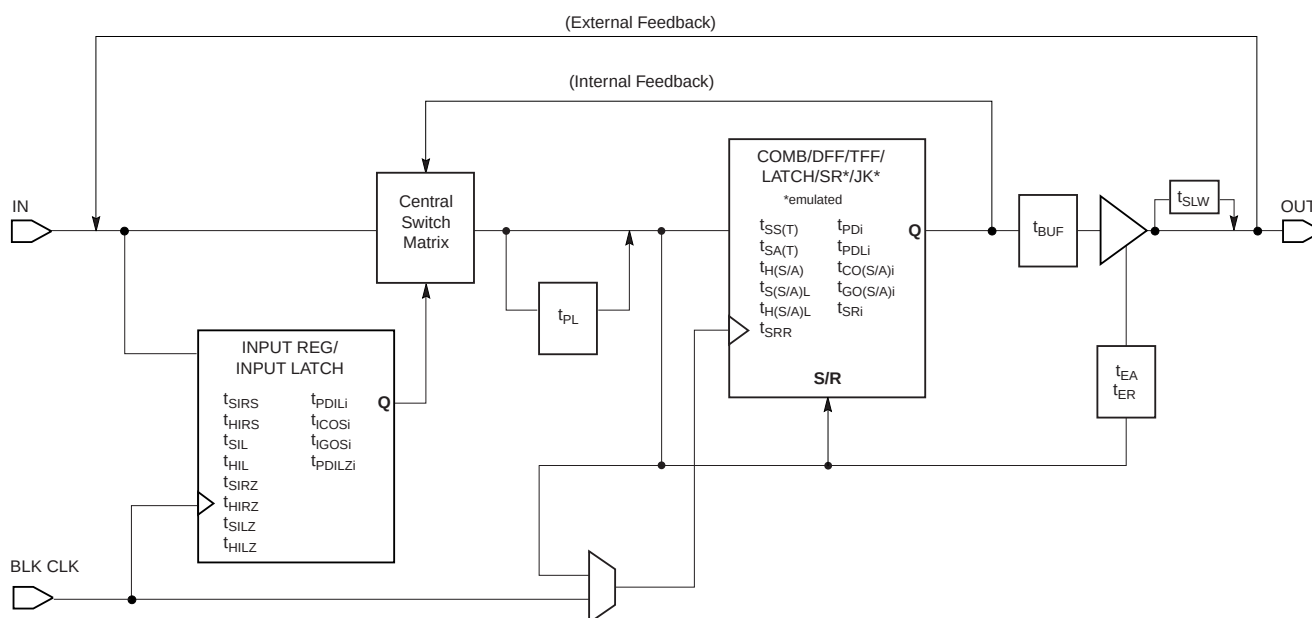
17466G-003

Figure 13. ispMACH 4A with 1:1 Macrocell-I/O Cell Ratio - Input Switch Matrix

ispMACH 4A TIMING MODEL

The primary focus of the ispMACH 4A timing model is to accurately represent the timing in a ispMACH 4A device, and at the same time, be easy to understand. This model accurately describes all combinatorial and registered paths through the device, making a distinction between internal feedback and external feedback. A signal uses internal feedback when it is fed back into the switch matrix or block without having to go through the output buffer. The input register specifications are also reported as internal feedback. When a signal is fed back into the switch matrix after having gone through the output buffer, it is using external feedback.

The parameter, t_{BUF} , is defined as the time it takes to go from feedback through the output buffer to the I/O pad. If a signal goes to the internal feedback rather than to the I/O pad, the parameter designator is followed by an “i”. By adding t_{BUF} to this internal parameter, the external parameter is derived. For example, $t_{PD} = t_{PDi} + t_{BUF}$. A diagram representing the modularized ispMACH 4A timing model is shown in Figure 15. Refer to the application note entitled *MACH 4 Timing and High Speed Design* for a more detailed discussion about the timing parameters.



17466G-025

Figure 15. ispMACH 4A Timing Model

SPEEDLOCKING FOR GUARANTEED FIXED TIMING

The ispMACH 4A architecture allows allocation of up to 20 product terms to an individual macrocell with the assistance of an XOR gate without incurring additional timing delays.

The design of the switch matrix and PAL blocks guarantee a fixed pin-to-pin delay that is independent of the logic required by the design. Other competitive CPLDs incur serious timing delays as product terms expand beyond their typical 4 or 5 product term limits. Speed and SpeedLocking combine to give designs easy access to the performance required in today's designs.

weakly pulled up. For the circuit diagram, please refer to the document entitled *MACH Endurance Characteristics* on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

POWER MANAGEMENT

Each individual PAL block in ispMACH 4A devices features a programmable low-power mode, which results in power savings of up to 50%. The signal speed paths in the low-power PAL block will be slower than those in the non-low-power PAL block. This feature allows speed critical paths to run at maximum frequency while the rest of the signal paths operate in the low-power mode.

PROGRAMMABLE SLEW RATE

Each ispMACH 4A device I/O has an individually programmable output slew rate control bit. Each output can be individually configured for the higher speed transition (3 V/ns) or for the lower noise transition (1 V/ns). For high-speed designs with long, unterminated traces, the slow-slew rate will introduce fewer reflections, less noise, and keep ground bounce to a minimum. For designs with short traces or well terminated lines, the fast slew rate can be used to achieve the highest speed. The slew rate is adjusted independent of power.

POWER-UP RESET/SET

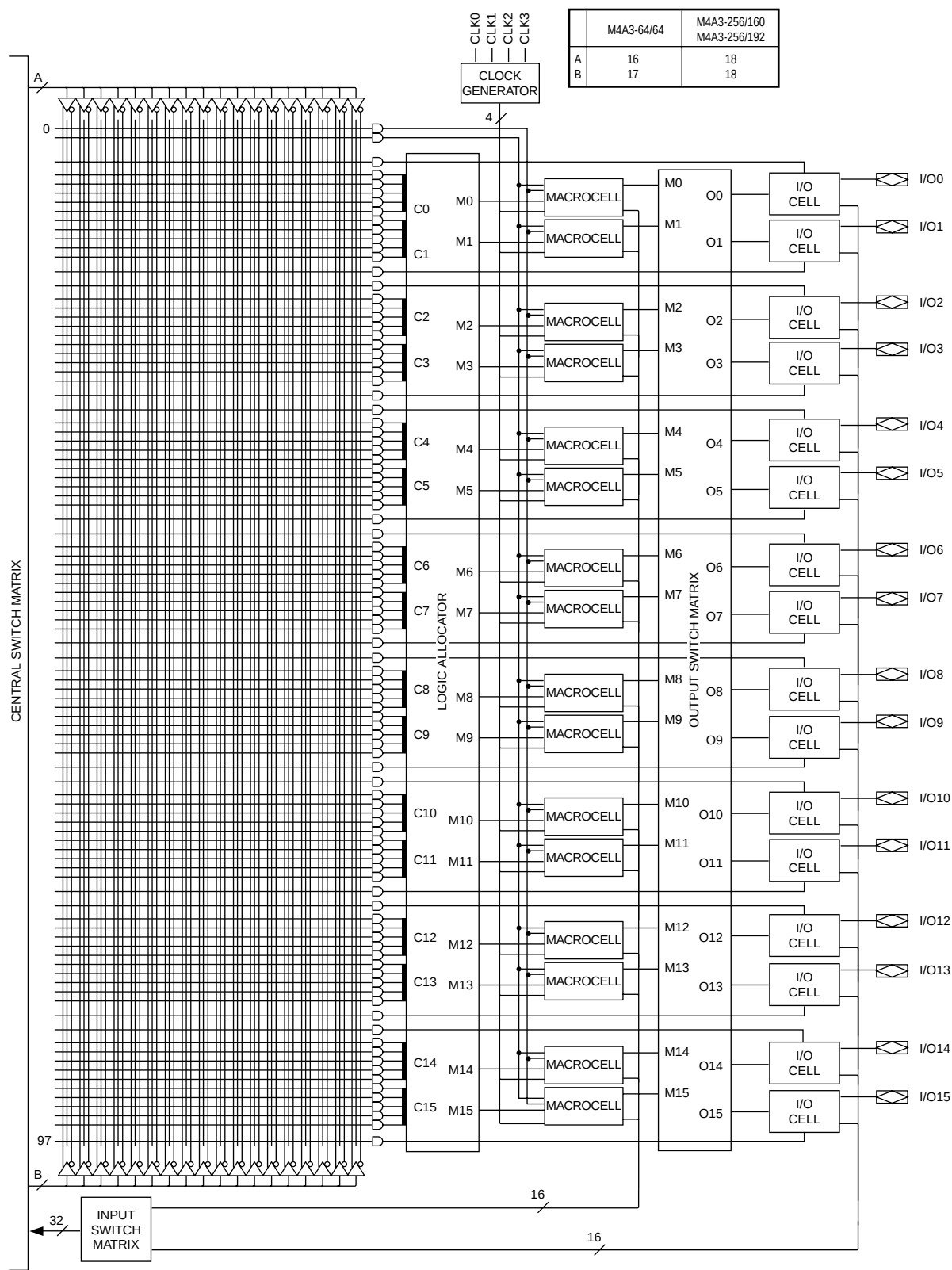
All flip-flops power up to a known state for predictable system initialization. If a macrocell is configured to SET on a signal from the control generator, then that macrocell will be SET during device power-up. If a macrocell is configured to RESET on a signal from the control generator or is not configured for set/reset, then that macrocell will RESET on power-up. To guarantee initialization values, the V_{CC} rise must be monotonic, and the clock must be inactive until the reset delay time has elapsed.

SECURITY BIT

A programmable security bit is provided on the ispMACH 4A devices as a deterrent to unauthorized copying of the array configuration patterns. Once programmed, this bit defeats readback of the programmed pattern by a device programmer, securing proprietary designs from competitors. Programming and verification are also defeated by the security bit. The bit can only be reset by erasing the entire device.

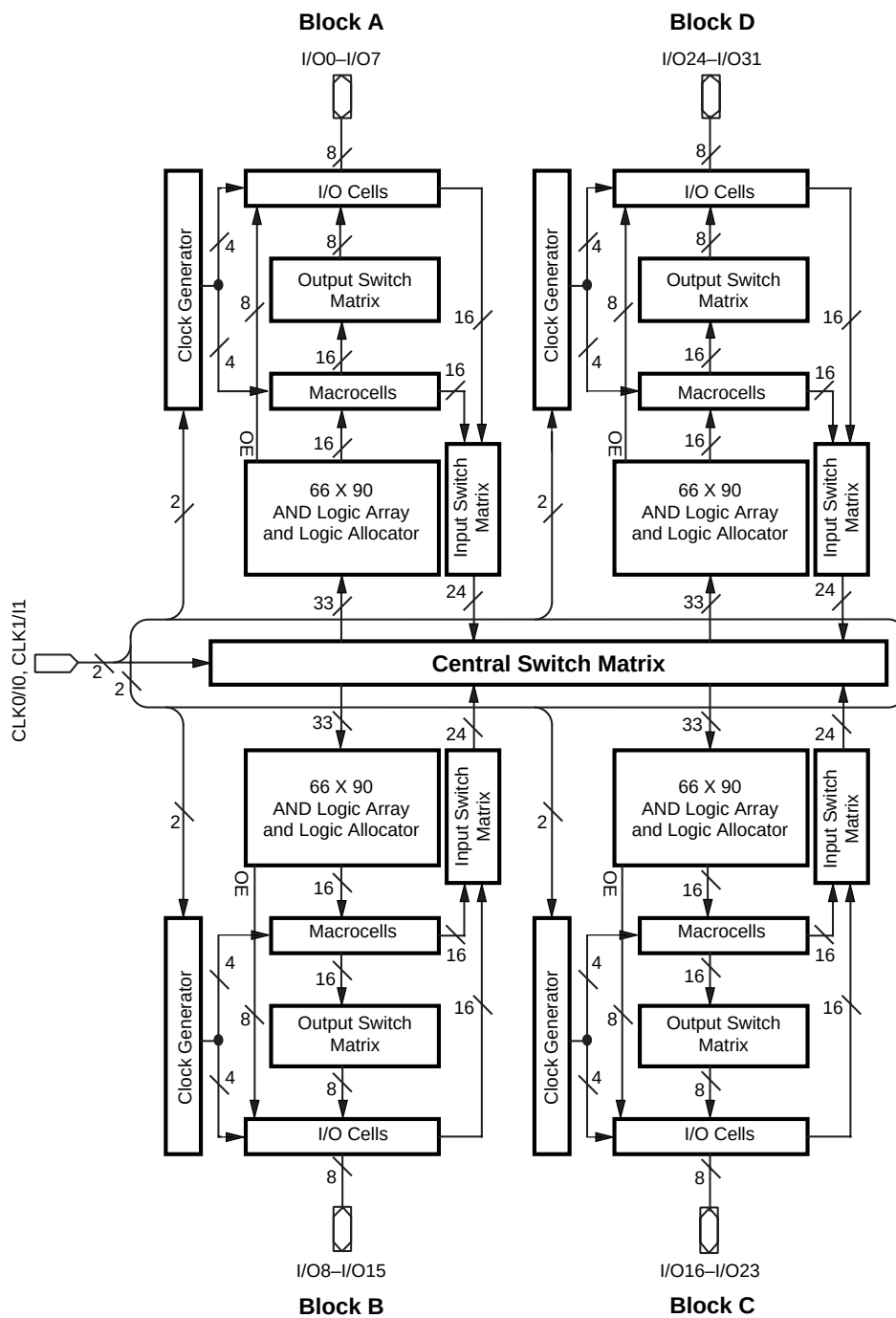
HOT SOCKETING

ispMACH 4A devices are well-suited for those applications that require hot socketing capability. Hot socketing a device requires that the device, when powered down, can tolerate active signals on the I/Os and inputs without being damaged. Additionally, it requires that the effects of the powered-down MACH devices be minimal on active signals.



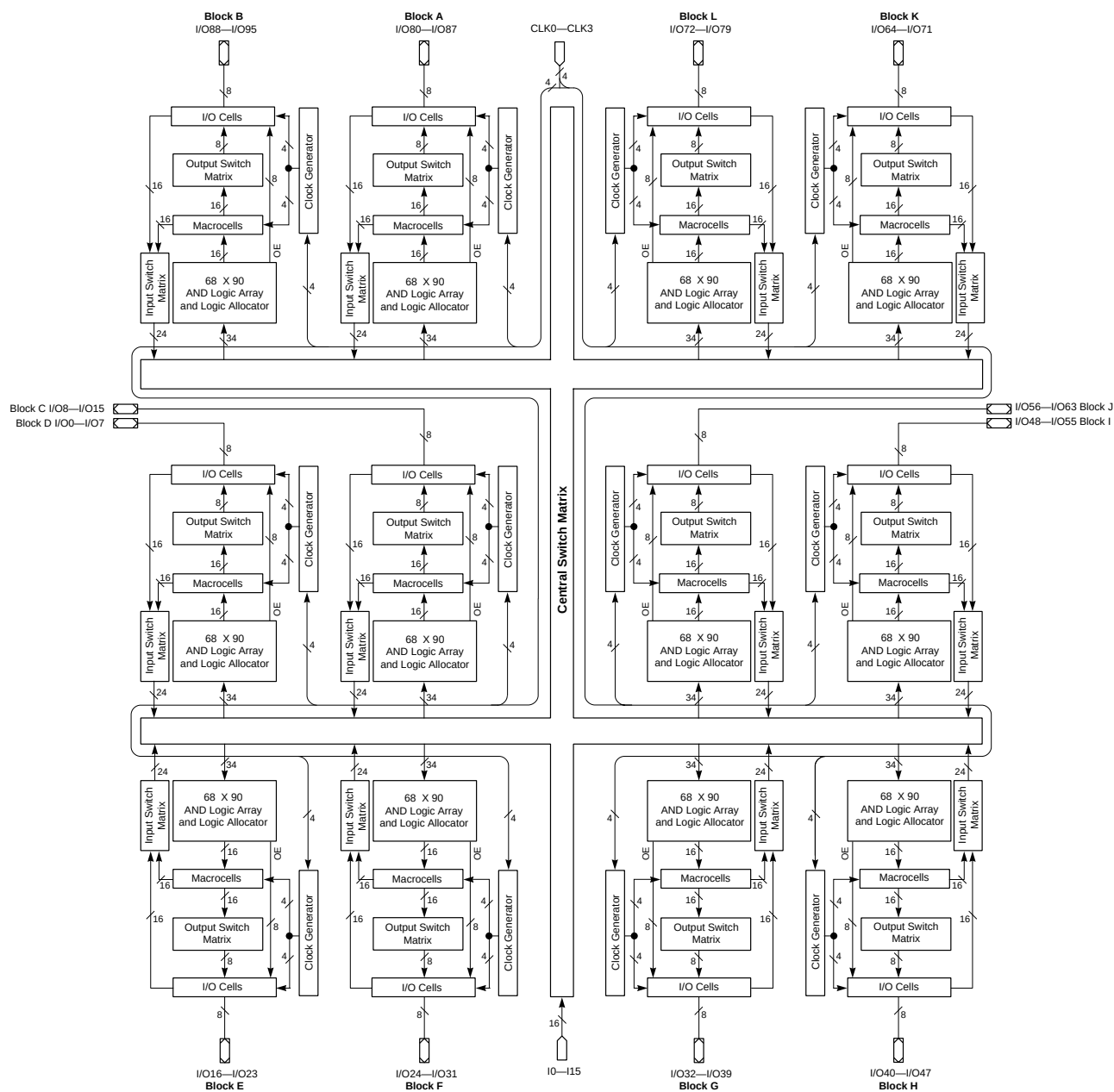
17466H-41

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-64/32



17466H-020

BLOCK DIAGRAM – M4A(3,5)-192/96



17466G-067

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

M4A3

Storage Temperature. -65°C to +150°C
 Ambient Temperature
 with Power Applied. -55°C to +100°C
 Device Junction Temperature. +130°C
 Supply Voltage
 with Respect to Ground. -0.5 V to +4.5 V
 DC Input Voltage. -0.5 V to 6.0 V
 Static Discharge Voltage. 2000 V
 Latchup Current ($T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) 200 mA

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
 Operating in Free Air. 0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
 Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground. +3.0 V to +3.6 V

Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
 Operating in Free Air. -40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
 Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground. +3.0 V to +3.6 V

Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

3.3-V DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGES

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	$I_{OH} = -100\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$			V
			$I_{OH} = -3.2\ \text{mA}$	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 1)	$I_{OL} = 100\ \mu\text{A}$			0.2	V
			$I_{OL} = 24\ \text{mA}$			0.5	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical HIGH Voltage for all Inputs		2.0		5.5	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical LOW Voltage for all Inputs		-0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 3.6\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 2)				5	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 2)				-5	μA
I_{OZH}	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	$V_{OUT} = 3.6\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 2)				5	μA
I_{OZL}	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	$V_{OUT} = 0\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} (Note 2)				-5	μA
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0.5\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 3)		-15		-160	mA

Notes:

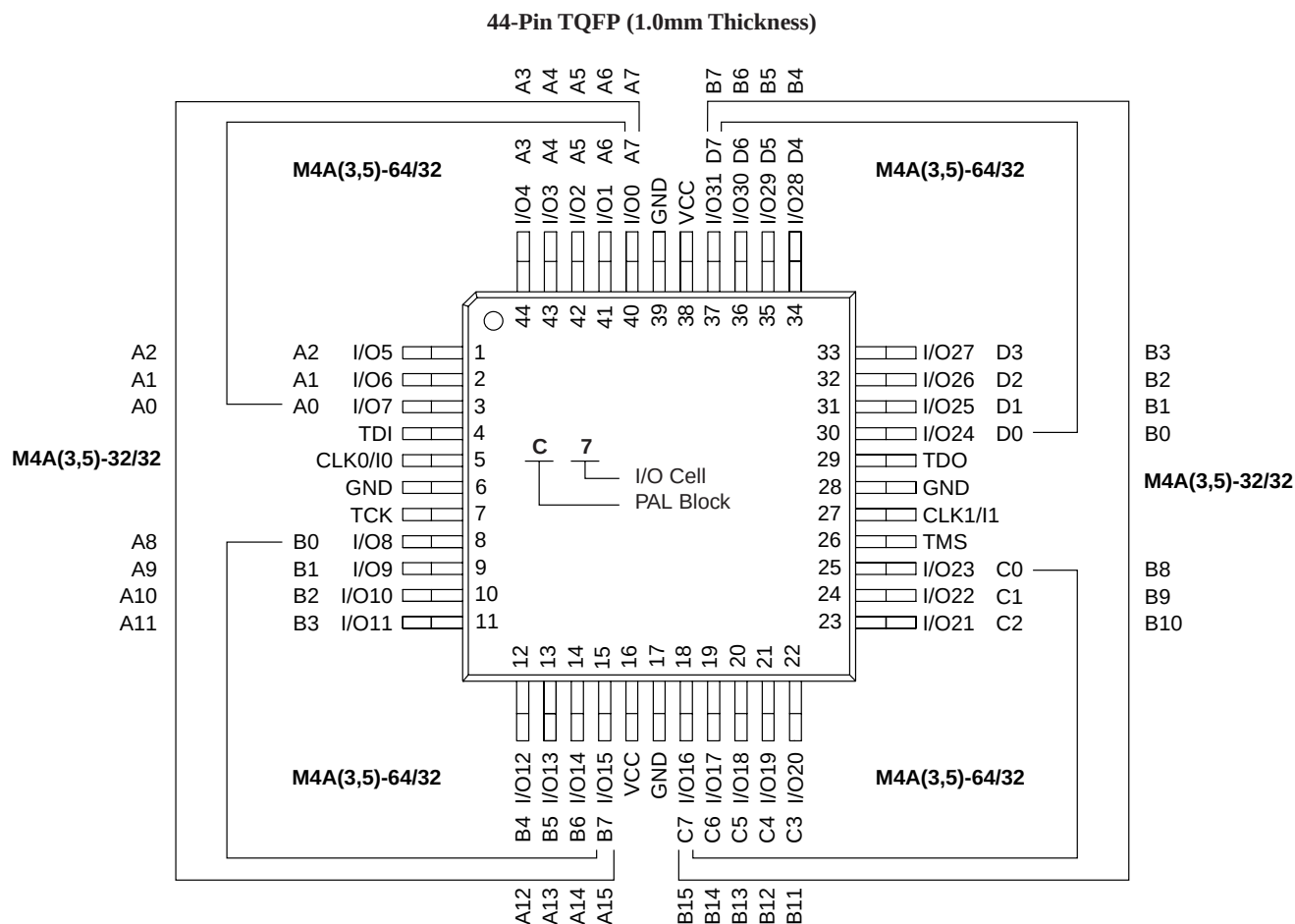
1. Total I_{OL} for one PAL block should not exceed 64 mA.
2. I/O pin leakage is the worst case of I_{IL} and I_{OZL} (or I_{IH} and I_{OZH}).
3. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

Notes:

1. See "MACH Switching Test Circuit" document on the Literature Download page of the Lattice web site.
2. This parameter does not apply to flip-flops in the emulated mode since the feedback path is required for emulation.

44-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-32/32 AND M4A(3,5)-64/32)

Top View



PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

I/O = Input/Output

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage

TDI = Test Data In

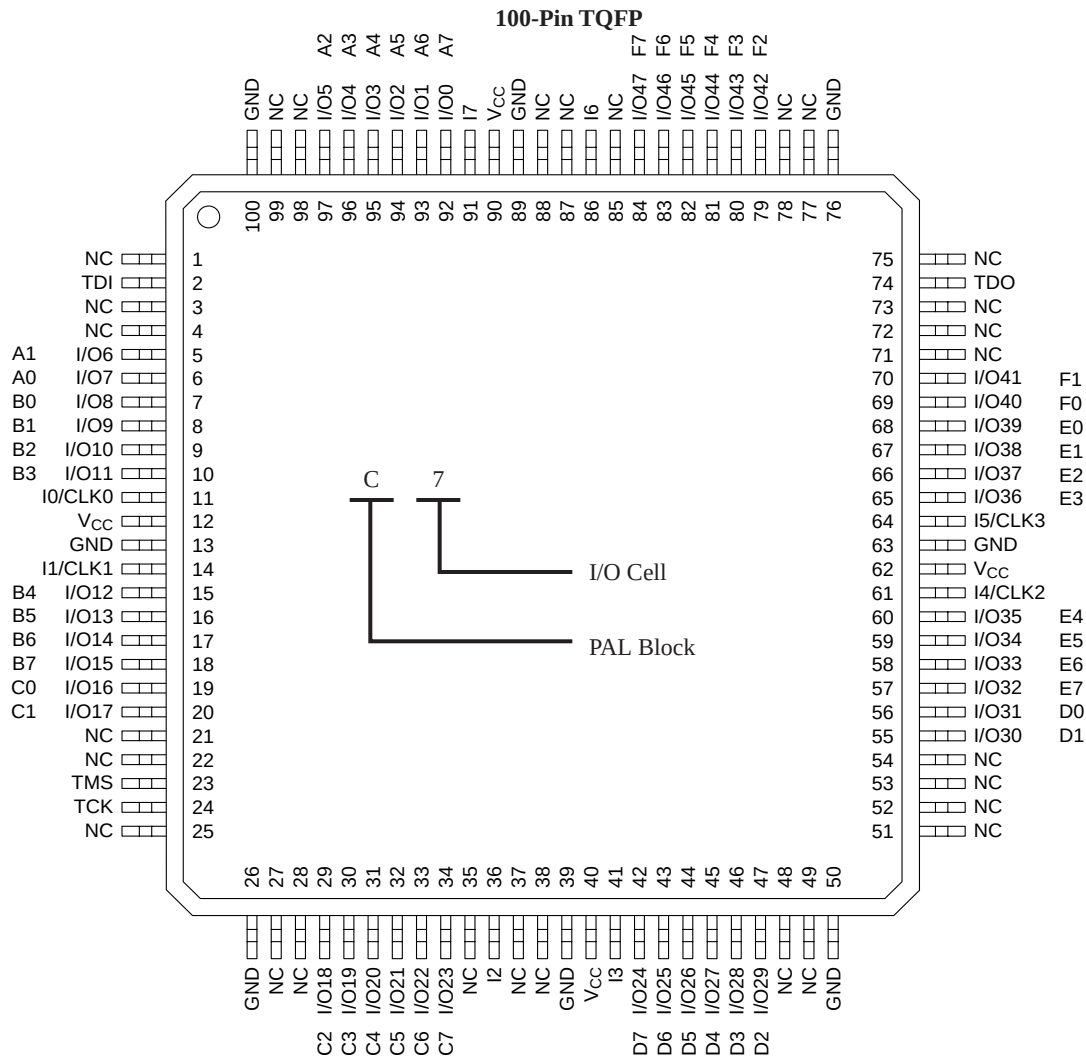
TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode Select

TDO = Test Data Out

100-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-96/48)

Top View



PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

I = Input

I/O = Input/Output

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage

NC = No Connect

TDI = Test Data In

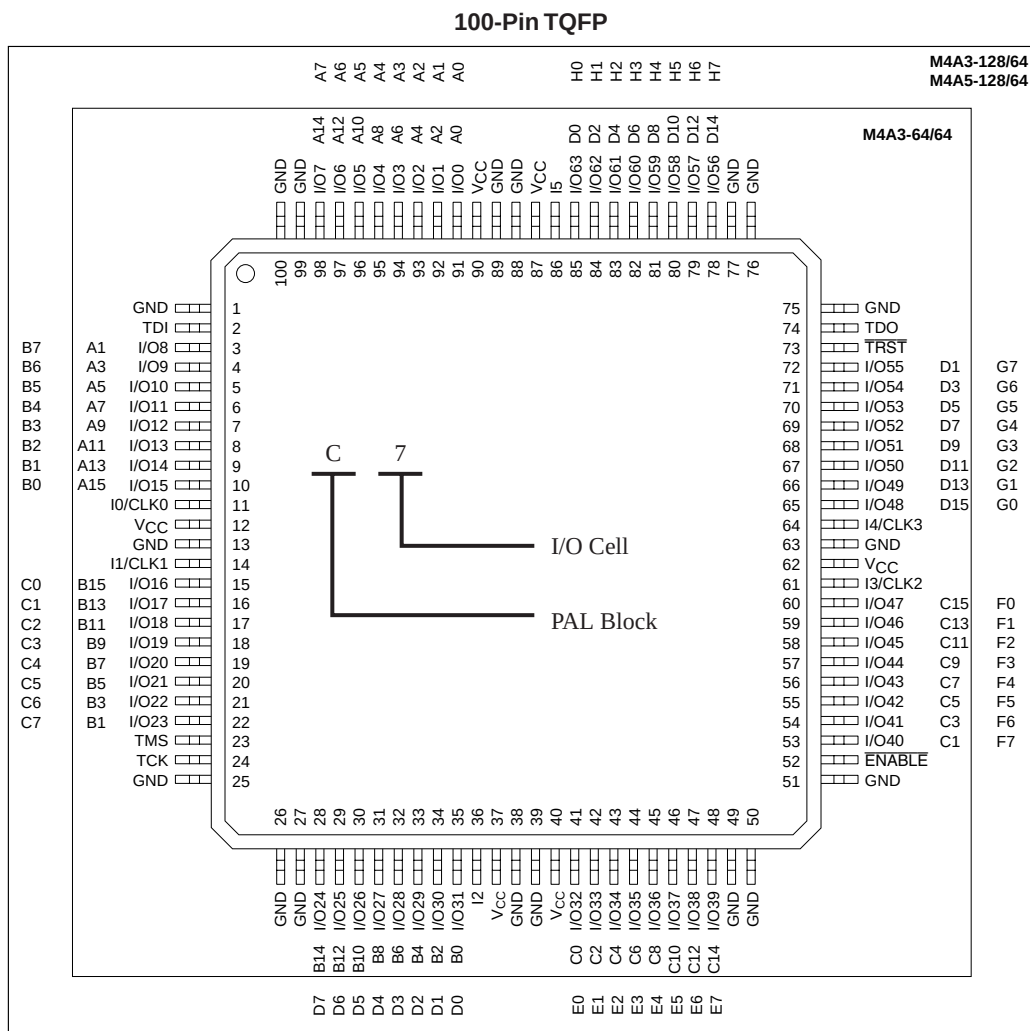
TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode Select

TDO = Test Data Out

100-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-64/64 AND M4A(3,5)-128/64)

Top View



PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

I = Input

I/O = Input/Output

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage

TDI = Test Data In

TCK = Test Clock

TMS = Test Mode Select

TDO = Test Data Out

TRST = Test Reset

ENABLE = Program

100-BALL caBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-128/64)

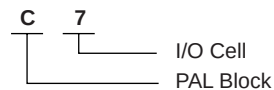
Bottom View

100-Ball caBGA

	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	I/O63 H7	I/O60 H4	I/O57 H1	GND	GND	I/O1 A1	I/O4 A4	I/O7 A7	GND	A
B	TRST	GND	I/O61 H5	I5	VCC	I/O0 A0	I/O6 A6	GND	TDI	I/O15 B7	B
C	I/O53 G5	TDO	I/O62 H6	I/O58 H2	I/O56 H0	I/O2 A2	GND	I/O14 B6	I/O13 B5	I/O12 B4	C
D	I/O50 G2	I/O55 G7	GND	I/O59 H3	I/O3 A3	I/O5 A5	I/O11 B3	I/O10 B2	CLK0/I0	I/O9 B1	D
E	CLK3/I4	I/O49 G1	I/O51 G3	I/O54 G6	VCC	I/O16 C0	I/O20 C4	I/O8 B0	VCC	GND	E
F	GND	VCC	I/O40 F0	I/O52 G4	I/O48 G0	VCC	I/O22 C6	I/O19 C3	I/O17 C1	CLK1/I1	F
G	I/O41 F1	CLK2/I3	I/O42 F2	I/O43 F3	I/O37 E5	I/O35 E3	I/O27 D3	GND	I/O23 C7	I/O18 C2	G
H	I/O44 F4	I/O45 F5	I/O46 F6	GND	I/O34 E2	I/O24 D0	I/O26 D2	I/O30 D6	TCK	I/O21 C5	H
J	I/O47 F7	ENABLE	GND	I/O38 E6	I/O32 E0	VCC	I2	I/O29 D5	GND	TMS	J
K	GND	I/O39 E7	I/O36 E4	I/O33 E1	GND	GND	I/O25 D1	I/O28 D4	I/O31 D7	GND	K
	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

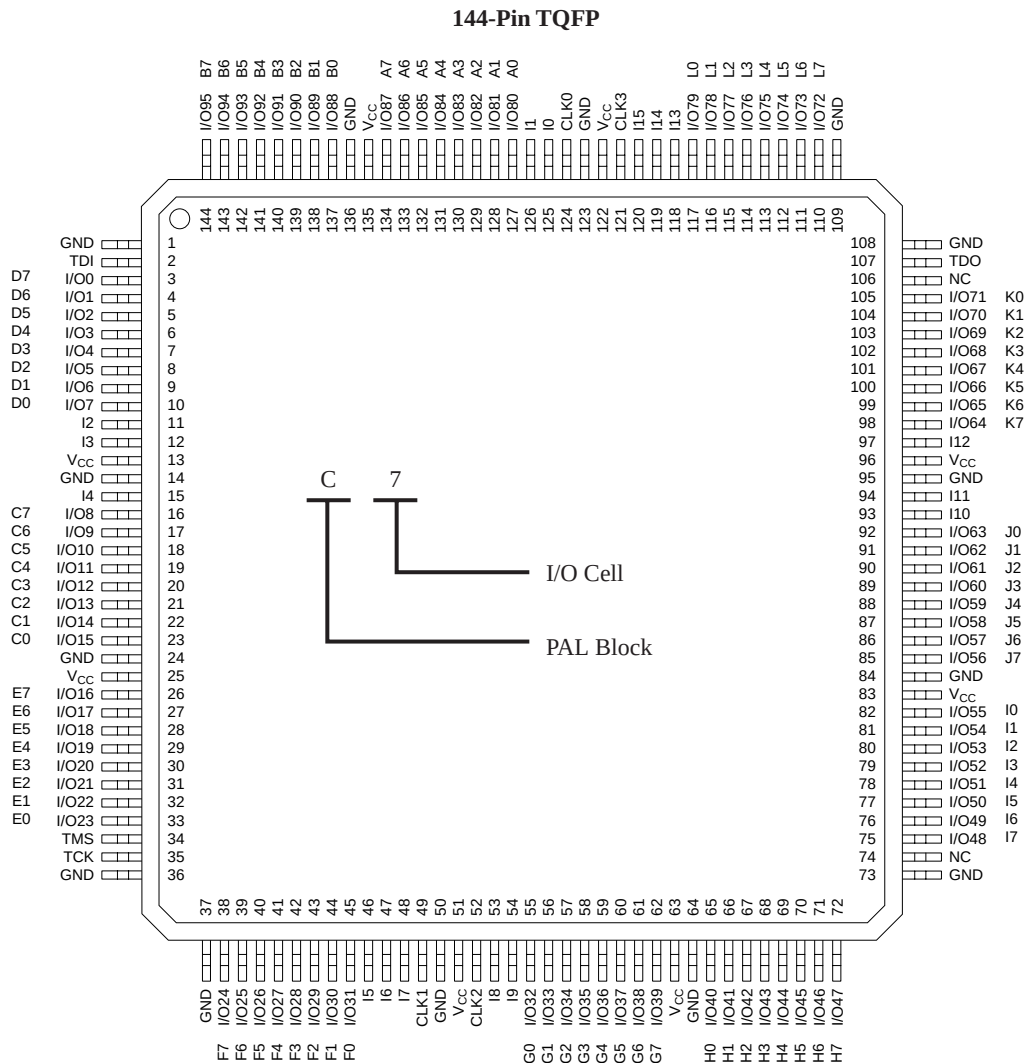
CLK = Clock
 GND = Ground
 I = Input
 I/O = Input/Output
 N/C = No Connect
 VCC = Supply Voltage
 TDI = Test Data In
 TCK = Test Clock
 TMS = Test Mode Select
 TDO = Test Data Out
 TRST = Test Reset
 ENABLE = Program



17466G-100cabga

144-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-192/96)

Top View



17466G-033

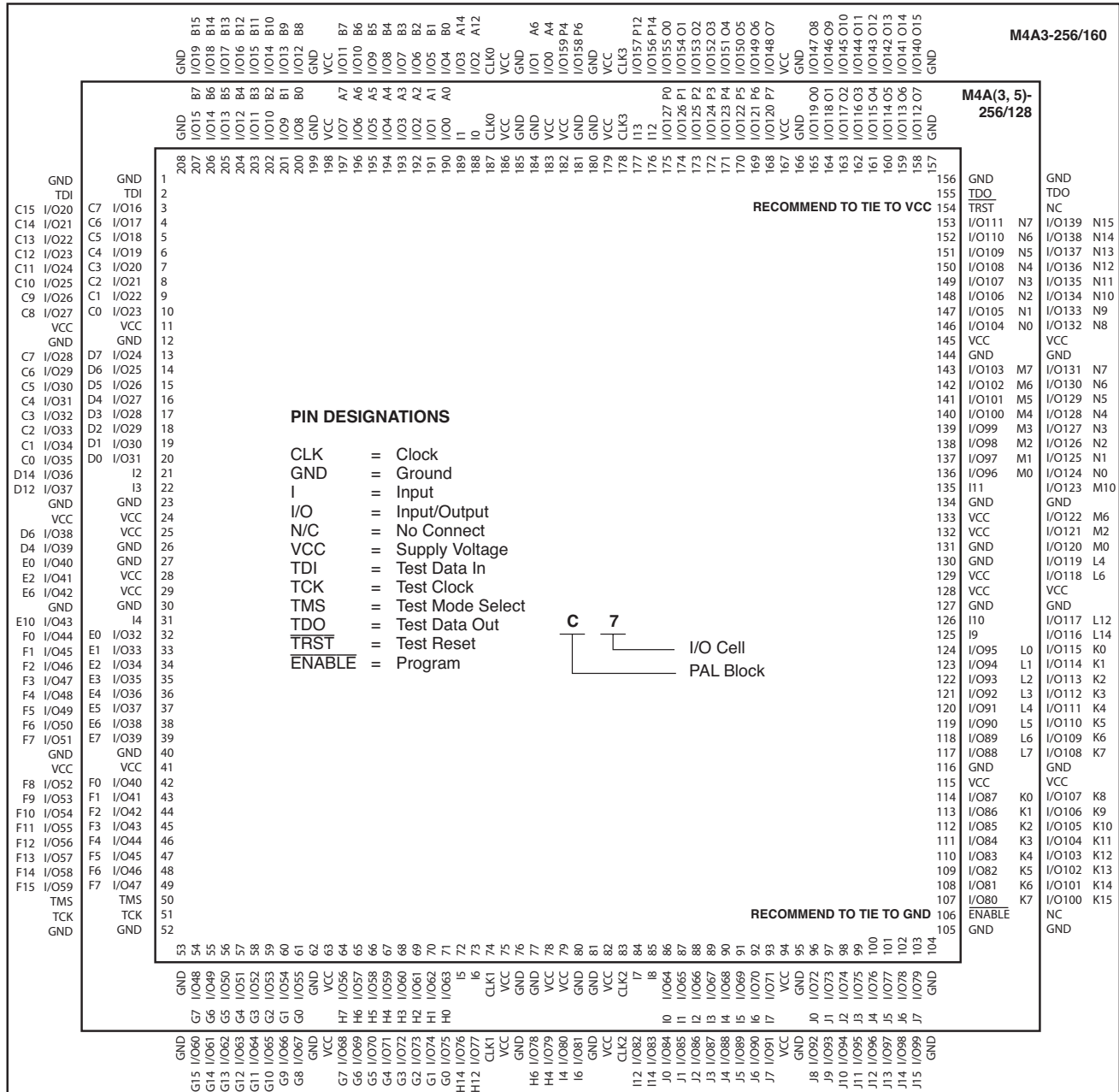
PIN DESIGNATIONS

- CLK = Clock
- GND = Ground
- I = Input
- I/O = Input/Output
- V_{CC} = Supply Voltage
- TDI = Test Data In
- TCK = Test Clock
- TMS = Test Mode Select
- TDO = Test Data Out

208-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A(3,5)-256/128 AND M4A3-256/160)

Top View

208-Pin PQFP



17466G-044

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM - (M4A3-384/192)

Bottom View

256-Ball BGA

	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
A	GND	I/O11 FX7	GND	I/O44 FX6	I/O58 CX6	GND	I/O70 CX2	I/O76 DX6	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O108 AX5	I/O116 BX0	GND	I/O128 BX7	I/O134 O3	GND	GND	GND	A		
B	GND	I/O12 GX7	I/O28 FX5	I/O45 FX3	I/O59 CX7	I/O64 CX5	I/O71 CX3	I/O77 DX7	I/O84 DX5	I/O90 DX2	I/O96 AX0	I/O102 AX3	I/O109 AX6	I/O117 BX1	I/O122 BX4	I/O129 BX6	I/O135 O4	I/O148 O6	I/O164 O7	GND	B		
C	I/O0 GX6	I/O13 GX5	VCC	I/O46 FX4	I/O60 FX2	I/O65 FX1	I/O72 CX4	I/O78 CX0	I/O85 DX4	I/O91 DX1	I/O97 AX1	I/O103 AX4	I/O110 BX2	I/O118 BX5	I/O123 O0	I/O130 O1	I/O136 O5	VCC	I/O165 N7	I/O181 N6	C		
D	I/O1 EX7	I/O14 GX3	I/O29 GX4	VCC	VCC	I/O66 FX0	VCC	I/O79 CX1	I/O86 DX3	I/O92 DX0	I/O98 AX2	I/O104 AX7	I/O111 B3X	VCC	I/O124 O2	VCC	VCC	I/O149 N4	I/O166 N5	I/O182 P7	D		
E	I/O2 EX0	I/O15 GX0	I/O30 GX1	TDI	PIN DESIGNATIONS CLK = Clock GND = Ground I = Input I/O = Input/Output N/C = No Connect VCC = Supply Voltage TDI = Test Data In TCK = Test Clock TMS = Test Mode Select TDO = Test Data Out C7 I/O Cell PAL Block														TDO	I/O150 N2	I/O167 N3	I/O183 P6	E
F	GND	I/O16 EX1	I/O31 EX6	I/O47 GX2															I/O137 N1	I/O151 N0	I/O168 P5	GND	F
G	I/O3 HX6	I/O17 EX4	I/O32 EX5	VCC															VCC	I/O152 P4	I/O169 P3	I/O184 M7	G
H	GND	I/O18 HX5	I/O33 EX2	I/O48 EX3															I/O138 P2	I/O153 P1	I/O170 P0	GND	H
J	I/O4 HX0	I/O19 HX1	I/O34 HX4	I/O49 HX7															I/O139 M6	I/O154 M5	I/O171 M4	I/O185 M3	J
K	GND	CLK3	I/O35 HX2	I/O50 HX3															I/O140 M0	I/O155 M1	CLK2	I/O186 M2	K
L	I/O5 A2	CLK0	I/O36 A0	I/O51 A1															I/O141 L3	I/O156 L4	CLK1	GND	L
M	I/O6 A4	I/O20 A3	I/O37 A5	I/O52 A6															I/O142 L6	I/O157 L5	I/O172 L0	I/O187 L1	M
N	GND	I/O21 A7	I/O38 D0	I/O53 D1															I/O143 I5	I/O158 I0	I/O173 L7	GND	N
P	I/O7 D2	I/O22 D3	I/O39 D4	VCC															VCC	I/O159 I4	I/O174 I1	I/O188 L2	P
R	GND	I/O23 D5	I/O40 D6	I/O54 D7	I/O144 K5	I/O160 K0	I/O175 I3	GND	R														
T	I/O8 B3	I/O24 B0	I/O41 B7	TCK	TMS	I/O161 K4	I/O176 K1	I/O189 I2	T														
U	I/O9 B4	I/O25 B1	I/O42 B6	VCC	VCC	I/O67 C0	VCC	I/O80 F0	I/O87 E5	I/O93 E2	I/O99 H2	I/O105 H5	I/O112 G0	VCC	I/O125 J1	VCC	VCC	I/O162 K7	I/O177 K2	I/O190 I6	U		
V	I/O10 B5	I/O26 B2	VCC	I/O55 C5	I/O61 C2	I/O68 C1	I/O73 F4	I/O81 F1	I/O88 E4	I/O94 E1	I/O100 H1	I/O106 H4	I/O113 G1	I/O119 G4	I/O126 J0	I/O131 J2	I/O145 J5	VCC	I/O178 K3	I/O191 I7	V		
W	GND	I/O27 C7	I/O43 C6	I/O56 C3	I/O62 F7	I/O69 F5	I/O74 F3	I/O82 E7	I/O89 E3	I/O95 E0	I/O101 H0	I/O107 H3	I/O114 H7	I/O120 G3	I/O127 G5	I/O132 G7	I/O146 J4	I/O163 J6	I/O179 J7	GND	W		
Y	GND	GND	GND	I/O57 C4	I/O63 F6	GND	I/O75 F2	I/O83 E6	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O115 H6	I/O121 G2	GND	I/O133 G6	I/O147 J3	GND	I/O180 K6	GND	Y		
	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			

17466G-046

256-BALL fpBGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM (M4A3-256/128)

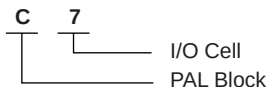
Bottom View

256-Ball fpBGA

	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	TRST	I/O117 O5	I/O116 O4	I/O113 O1	I/O126 P6	I/O124 P4	I12	NC	NC	NC	CLK0	I/O1 A1	I/O5 A5	I/O7 A7	I/O10 B2	I/O12 B4	A
B	I/O110 N6	I/O111 N7	I/O118 O6	I/O115 O3	I/O127 P7	I/O125 P5	I/O120 P0	NC	NC	NC	I1	I/O2 A2	I/O8 B0	I/O11 B3	I/O13 B5	NC	B
C	I/O108 N4	I/O109 N5	NC	I/O119 O7	I/O114 O2	I/O122 P2	I/O123 P3	NC	NC	I0	I/O4 A4	I/O6 A6	I/O15 B7	I/O14 B6	TDI	I/O23 C7	C
D	NC	I/O104 N0	TDO	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	I/O9 B1	I/O22 C6	I/O21 C5	D
E	I/O102 M6	NC	I/O107 N3	VCC	I/O105 N1	I/O106 N2	I13	CLK3	NC	NC	I/O0 A0	NC	GND	I/O20 C4	I/O19 C3	I/O31 D7	E
F	I/O98 M2	I/O103 M7	I/O101 M5	GND	I/O100 M4	I/O99 M3	I/O112 O0	I/O121 P1	NC	NC	I/O3 A3	I/O18 C2	VCC	I/O16 C0	I/O30 D6	I/O29 D5	F
G	NC	I/O96 M0	I11	VCC	NC	I/O97 M1	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	I/O17 C1	I/O28 D4	GND	I/O26 D2	I/O25 D1	I2	G
H	I/O88 L0	I10	I9	GND	I/O89 L1	I/O90 L2	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I/O27 D3	I/O24 D0	VCC	NC	NC	NC	H
J	I/O91 L3	I/O92 L4	I/O93 L5	GND	I/O95 L7	I/O94 L6	GND	VCC	VCC	GND	I3	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	J
K	NC	NC	NC	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	NC	NC	VCC	I4	NC	I/O32 E0	K
L	NC	NC	I/O80 K0	GND	I/O83 K3	NC	NC	NC	I/O59 H3	I/O61 H5	NC	NC	GND	I/O35 E3	I/O36 E4	I/O33 E1	L
M	I/O81 K1	I/O82 K2	I/O84 K4	GND	I/O67 I3	I/O65 I1	NC	NC	I/O58 H2	I/O48 G0	I/O51 G3	NC	VCC	I/O44 F4	I/O39 E7	I/O34 E2	M
N	I/O85 K5	I/O86 K6	ENABLE	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	VCC	GND	GND	VCC	GND	GND	TCK	I/O40 F0	I/O37 E5	N
P	I/O87 K7	I/O77 J5	I/O78 J6	I/O79 J7	I/O68 I4	I/O66 I2	NC	NC	NC	I6	I/O63 H7	I/O52 G4	I/O55 G7	TMS	I/O41 F1	I/O38 E6	P
R	I/O76 J4	I/O75 J3	I/O72 J0	I/O71 I7	I/O64 I0	I7	NC	NC	NC	I/O56 H0	I/O60 H4	I/O49 G1	I/O53 G5	I/O47 F7	I/O43 F3	I/O42 F2	R
T	I/O74 J2	I/O73 J1	I/O70 I6	I/O69 I5	I8	CLK2	NC	NC	CLK1	I5	I/O57 H1	I/O62 H6	I/O50 G2	I/O54 G6	I/O46 F6	I/O45 F5	T
	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK = Clock
 GND = Ground
 I = Input
 I/O = Input/Output
 N/C = No Connect
 VCC = Supply Voltage
 TDI = Test Data In
 TCK = Test Clock
 TMS = Test Mode Select
 TDO = Test Data Out
 TRST = Test Reset
 ENABLE = Program



m4a3.256.128_256bga

ispMACH 4A PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION

ispMACH 4A Devices Commercial and Industrial - 3.3V and 5V

Lattice programmable logic products are available with several ordering options. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:

M4A3- 256 / 128 -7 Y C		48	
FAMILY TYPE		= 48-pin TQFP for M4A3-32/32 or M4A3-64/32 M4A5-32/32 or M4A5-64/32	
M4A3- = ispMACH 4A Family Low Voltage Advanced Feature (3.3-V V_{CC})		OPERATING CONDITIONS	
M4A5- = ispMACH 4A Family Advanced Feature (5-V V_{CC})		C = Commercial (0°C to +70°C)	
MACROCELL DENSITY		I = Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)	
32 = 32 Macrocells 192 = 192 Macrocells		PACKAGE TYPE	
64 = 64 Macrocells 256 = 256 Macrocells		SA = Ball Grid Array (BGA)	
96 = 96 Macrocells 384 = 384 Macrocells		J = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	
128 = 128 Macrocells 512 = 512 Macrocells		JN = Lead-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	
I/Os		V = Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	
/32 = 32 I/Os in 44-pin PLCC, 44-pin TQFP or 48-pin TQFP		VN = Lead-free Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	
/48 = 48 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP		Y = Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)	
/64 = 64 I/Os in 100-pin TQFP, 100-pin PQFP, or 100-ball caBGA		YN = Lead-free Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)	
/96 = 96 I/Os in 144-pin TQFP or 144-ball fpBGA		FA = Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)	
/128 = 128 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP, 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA		FAN = Lead-free Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (fpBGA)	
/160 = 160 I/Os in 208-pin PQFP		CA = Chip-array Ball Grid Array (caBGA)	
/192 = 192 I/Os in 256-ball BGA or 256-ball fpBGA		SPEED	
/256 = 256 I/Os in 388-ball fpBGA		-5 = 5.0 ns t_{PD}	
		-55 = 5.5 ns t_{PD}	
		-6 = 6.0 ns t_{PD}	
		-65 = 6.5 ns t_{PD}	
		-7 = 7.5 ns t_{PD}	
		-10 = 10 ns t_{PD}	
		-12 = 12 ns t_{PD}	
		-14 = 14 ns t_{PD}	

*Package obsolete, contact factory.

Conventional Packaging

3.3V Commercial Combinations			3.3V Industrial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-5, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48	M4A3-32/32	-7, -10, -12	JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/32	-55, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48	M4A3-64/32		JI, VI, VI48
M4A3-64/64		VC	M4A3-64/64		VI
M4A3-96/48		VC	M4A3-96/48		VI
M4A3-128/64		YC, VC, CAC	M4A3-128/64		YI, VI, CAI
M4A3-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VC, FAC	M4A3-192/96		VI, FAI
M4A3-256/128	-55, -65 ¹ , -7, -10	YC, FAC, SAC	M4A3-256/128	-10, -12	YI, FAI, SAI
M4A3-256/160	-7, -10	YC	M4A3-256/160		YI
M4A3-256/192		FAC	M4A3-256/192	-10, -12, -14	FAI
M4A3-384/160	-65, -10, -12	YC	M4A3-384/160		YI
M4A3-384/192		SAC, FAC	M4A3-384/192		FAI
M4A3-512/160	-7, -10, -12	YC	M4A3-512/160		YI
M4A3-512/192		FAC	M4A3-512/192		FAI
M4A3-512/256		FAC	M4A3-512/256		FAI

1. Use 5.5ns for new designs.

5V Commercial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-5, -7, -10,	JC, VC, VC48
M4A5-64/32	-55, -7, -10	JC, VC, VC48
M4A5-96/48		VC
M4A5-128/64		YC, VC
M4A5-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VC
M4A5-256/128	-65, -7, -10	YC

5V Industrial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-7, -10, -12	JJ, VI, VI48
M4A5-64/32	-7, -10, -12	JJ, VI, VI48
M4A5-96/48		VI
M4A5-128/64		YI, VI
M4A5-192/96	-7, -10, -12	VI
M4A5-256/128	-10, -12	YI

Lead-free Packaging

3.3V Commercial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-5, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A3-64/32	-55, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A3-64/64		VNC
M4A3-128/64		VNC
M4A3-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VNC
M4A3-256/128	-55, -7, -10	FANC, YNC
M4A3-256/160	-7, -10	YNC
M4A3-256/192		FANC
M4A3-384/192	-65, -10, -12	FANC
M4A3-512/192	-7, -10, -12	FANC

3.3V Industrial Combinations		
M4A3-32/32	-7, -10, -12	VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A3-64/32		VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A3-64/64		VNI
M4A3-128/64		VNI
M4A3-192/96	-10, -12	VNI
M4A3-256/128		FANI, YNI
M4A3-256/160		YNI
M4A3-256/192	-10, -12, -14	FANI
M4A3-384/192		FANI
M4A3-512/192		FANI

5V Commercial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-5, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A5-64/32	-55, -7, -10	VNC, VNC48, JNC
M4A5-96/48		VNC
M4A5-128/64		VNC, YNC
M4A5-192/96	-6, -7, -10	VNC
M4A5-256/128	-65, -7, -10	YNC

5V Industrial Combinations		
M4A5-32/32	-7, -10, -12	VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A5-64/32		VNI, VNI48, JNI
M4A5-96/48		VNI
M4A5-128/64		VNI, YNI
M4A5-192/96		VNI
M4A5-256/128		YNI

Most ispMACH devices are dual-marked with both Commercial and Industrial grades. The Industrial speed grade is slower, i.e., M4A3-256/128-7YC-10YI

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local Lattice sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.