



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	12MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	14
Program Memory Size	1KB (1K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	125 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	18-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/z86e0412sec1903tr

PIN DESCRIPTION

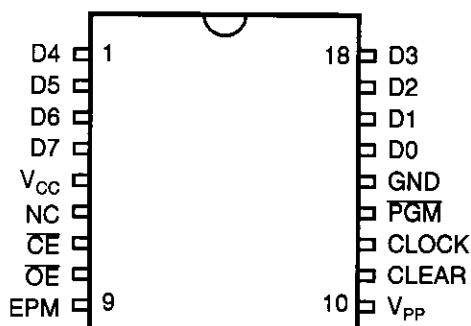


Figure 3. 18-Pin EPROM Mode Configuration

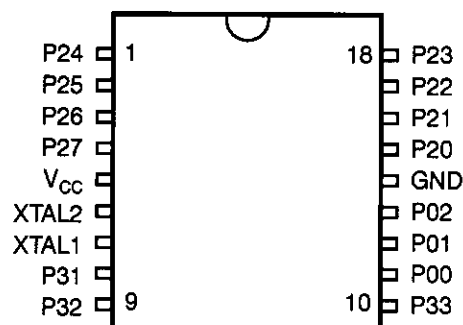


Figure 4. 18-Pin DIP/SOIC Mode Configuration

Table 1. 18-Pin DIP Pin Identification

EPROM Programming Mode			
Pin #	Symbol	Function	Direction
1–4	D4–D7	Data 4, 5, 6, 7	In/Output
5	V _{CC}	Power Supply	
6	NC	No Connection	
7	CE	Chip Enable	Input
8	OE	Output Enable	Input
9	EPM	EPROM Prog Mode	Input
10	V _{PP}	Prog Voltage	Input
11	Clear	Clear Clock	Input
12	Clock	Address	Input
13	PGM	Prog Mode	Input
14	GND	Ground	
15–18	D0–D3	Data 0,1, 2, 3	In/Output

Table 2. 18-Pin DIP/SOIC Pin Identification

Standard Mode			
Pin #	Symbol	Function	Direction
1–4	P24–P27	Port 2, Pins 4,5,6,7	In/Output
5	V _{CC}	Power Supply	
6	XTAL2	Crystal Osc. Clock	Output
7	XTAL1	Crystal Osc. Clock	Input
8	P31	Port 3, Pin 1, AN1	Input
9	P32	Port 3, Pin 2, AN2	Input
10	P33	Port 3, Pin 3, REF	Input
11–13	P00–P02	Port 0, Pins 0,1,2	In/Output
14	GND	Ground	
15–18	P20–P23	Port 2, Pins 0,1,2,3	In/Output

STANDARD TEST CONDITIONS

The characteristics listed below apply for standard test conditions as noted. All voltages are referenced to Ground. Positive current flows into the referenced pin (Figure 5).

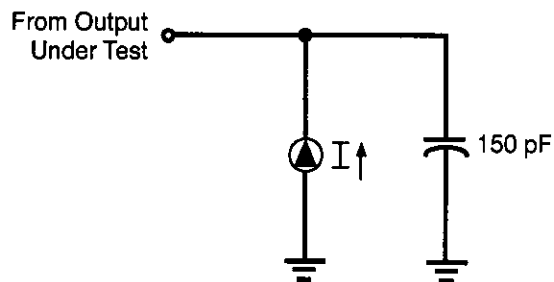


Figure 5. Test Load Diagram

CAPACITANCE

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$, unmeasured pins returned to GND.

Parameter	Min	Max
Input capacitance	0	10 pF
Output capacitance	0	20 pF
I/O capacitance	0	25 pF

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Standard Temperature

Sym	Parameter	V_{CC} [4]	$T_A = 0^\circ\text{C to } +70^\circ\text{C}$		Typical @ 25°C	Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Max				
V_{INMAX}	Max Input Voltage	4.5V		12		V	$I_{in} < 250 \mu\text{A}$	1
		5.5V		12		V	$I_{in} < 250 \mu\text{A}$	1
V_{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	4.5V	$0.8 V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}+0.3$	2.8	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
		5.5V	$0.8 V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}+0.3$	2.8	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	4.5V	$V_{SS}-0.3$	$0.2 V_{CC}$	1.7	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
		5.5V	$V_{SS}-0.3$	$0.2 V_{CC}$	1.7	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	4.5V	$0.7 V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}+0.3$	2.8	V		
		5.5V	$0.7 V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}+0.3$	2.8	V		
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	4.5V	$V_{SS}-0.3$	$0.2 V_{CC}$	1.5	V		
		5.5V	$V_{SS}-0.3$	$0.2 V_{CC}$	1.5	V		
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	4.5V	$V_{CC}-0.4$		4.8	V	$I_{OH} = -2.0 \text{ mA}$	5
		5.5V	$V_{CC}-0.4$		4.8	V	$I_{OH} = -2.0 \text{ mA}$	5
		4.5V	$V_{CC}-0.4$		4.8	V	Low Noise @ $I_{OH} = -0.5 \text{ mA}$	
		5.5V	$V_{CC}-0.4$		4.8	V	Low Noise @ $I_{OH} = -0.5 \text{ mA}$	
V_{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	4.5V		0.8	0.1	V	$I_{OL} = +4.0 \text{ mA}$	5
		5.5V		0.4	0.1	V	$I_{OL} = +4.0 \text{ mA}$	5
		4.5V		0.4	0.1	V	Low Noise @ $I_{OL} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	
		5.5V		0.4	0.1	V	Low Noise @ $I_{OL} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	
V_{OL2}	Output Low Voltage	4.5V		0.8	0.8	V	$I_{OL} = +12 \text{ mA}$,	5
		5.5V		0.8	0.8	V	$I_{OL} = +12 \text{ mA}$,	5
V_{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	4.5V		25.0	10.0	mV		
		5.5V		25.0	10.0	mV		
V_{LV}	V_{CC} Low Voltage Auto Reset		2.2	3.0	2.8	V	@ 6 MHz Max. Int. CLK Freq.	
I_{IL}	Input Leakage (Input Bias Current of Comparator)	4.5V	-1.0	1.0		μA	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}, V_{CC}$	
		5.5V	-1.0	1.0		μA	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}, V_{CC}$	
I_{OL}	Output Leakage	4.5V	-1.0	1.0		μA	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}, V_{CC}$	
		5.5V	-1.0	1.0		μA	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}, V_{CC}$	
V_{ICR}	Comparator Input Common Mode Voltage Range		0	$V_{CC}-1.0$		V		

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Sym	Parameter	V _{CC} [4]	T _A = 0°C to +70°C		Typical @ 25°C	Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Max				
I _{CC1}	Standby Current (Low Noise Mode)	4.5V		4.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 1 MHz	7
		5.5V		4.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 1 MHz	7
		4.5V		4.5	2.8	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	7
		5.5V		4.5	2.8	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	7
		4.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 4 MHz	7
		5.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 4 MHz	7
I _{CC2}	Standby Current	4.5V		10.0	1.0	μA	STOP Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} WDT is not Running	7,8
		5.5V		10.0	1.0	μA	STOP Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} WDT is not Running	7,8
I _{ALL}	Auto Latch Low Current	4.5V		32.0	16	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	
		5.5V		32.0	16	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	
I _{ALH}	Auto Latch High Current	4.5V		-16.0	-8.0	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	
		5.5V		-16.0	-8.0	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	

Notes:

1. Port 2 and Port 0 only
2. V_{SS} = 0V = GND
3. The device operates down to V_{LV} of the specified frequency for V_{LV}. The minimum operational V_{CC} is determined on the value of the voltage V_{LV} at the ambient temperature. The V_{LV} increases as the temperature decreases.
4. V_{CC} = 4.5 to 5.5V, typical values measured at V_{CC} = 5.0V.
The V_{CC} voltage specification of 5.5 V guarantees 5.0 V ± 0.5V with typical values measured at V_{CC} = 5.0V.
5. Standard Mode (not Low EMI Mode)
6. Z86E08 only
7. All outputs unloaded and all inputs are at V_{CC} or V_{SS} level.
8. If analog comparator is selected, then the comparator inputs must be at V_{CC} level.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Timing Table (Standard Mode for SCLK/TCLK = XTAL/2)

Extended Temperature

T _A = -40 °C to +105 °C									
8 MHz									
12 MHz									
No	Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC}	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	Notes
1	TpC	Input Clock Period	4.5V	125	DC	83	DC	ns	1
			5.5V	125	DC	83	DC	ns	1
2	TrC,TfC	Clock Input Rise and Fall Times	4.5V		25		15	ns	1
			5.5V		25		15	ns	1
3	TwC	Input Clock Width	4.5V		62		41	ns	1
			5.5V		62		41	ns	1
4	TwTinL	Timer Input Low Width	4.5V	70		70		ns	1
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1
5	TwTinH	Timer Input High Width	4.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1
			5.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1
6	TpTin	Timer Input Period	4.5V	8TpC		8TpC			1
			5.5V	8TpC		8TpC			1
7	TrTin, TtTin	Timer Input Rise and Fall Time	4.5V		100		100	ns	1
			5.5V		100		100	ns	1
8	TwIL	Int. Request Input Low Time	4.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
9	TwIH	Int. Request Input High Time	4.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1,2
			5.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1,2
10	Twdt	Watch-Dog Timer Delay Time for Timeout	4.5V	10		10		ms	1
			5.5V	10		10		ms	1
11	Tpor	Power-On Reset Time	4.5V	12	100	12	100	ms	1
			5.5V	12	100	12	100	ms	1

Notes:

1. Timing Reference uses 0.7 V_{CC} for a logic 1 and 0.2 V_{CC} for a logic 0.
2. Interrupt request made through Port 3 (P33–P31).

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Low Noise Mode, Standard Temperature

No	Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC}	T _A = 0 °C to +70 °C				Units	Notes
				1 MHz		4 MHz			
				Min	Max	Min	Max		
1	TPC	Input Clock Period	4.5V	1000	DC	250	DC	ns	1
			5.5V	1000	DC	250	DC	ns	1
2	TrC TfC	Clock Input Rise and Fall Times	4.5V		25		25	ns	1
			5.5V		25		25	ns	1
3	TwC	Input Clock Width	4.5V	500		125		ns	1
			5.5V	500		125		ns	1
4.	TwTinL	Timer Input Low Width	4.5V	70		70		ns	1
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1
5	TwTinH	Timer Input High Width	4.5V	2.5TpC		2.5TpC			1
			5.5V	2.5TpC		2.5TpC			1
6	TpTin	Timer Input Period	4.5V	4TpC		4TpC			1
			5.5V	4TpC		4TpC			1
7	TrTin, TtTin	Timer Input Rise and Fall Time	4.5V		100		100	ns	1
			5.5V		100		100	ns	1
8	TwIL Low Time	Int. Request Input	4.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
9	TwIH High Time	Int. Request Input	4.5V	2.5TpC		2.5TpC			1,2
			5.5V	2.5TpC		2.5TpC			1,2
10	Twdt	Watch-Dog Timer Delay Time for Timeout	4.5V	12		12		ms	1
			5.5V	12		12		ms	1

Notes:

1. Timing Reference uses 0.7 V_{CC} for a logic 1 and 0.2 V_{CC} for a logic 0.
2. Interrupt request through Port 3 (P33–P31).

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Low Noise Mode, Extended Temperature

No	Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC}	T _A = −40 °C to +105 °C				Units	Notes
				1 MHz		4 MHz			
				Min	Max	Min	Max		
1	TPC	Input Clock Period	4.5V	1000	DC	250	DC	ns	1
			5.5V	1000	DC	250	DC	ns	1
2	TrC TfC	Clock Input Rise and Fall Times	4.5V	25		25		ns	1
			5.5V	25		25		ns	1
3	TwC	Input Clock Width	4.5V	500		125		ns	1
			5.5V	500		125		ns	1
4.	TwTinL	Timer Input Low Width	4.5V	70		70		ns	1
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1
5	TwTinH	Timer Input High Width	4.5V	2.5TpC		2.5TpC			1
			5.5V	2.5TpC		2.5TpC			1
6	TpTin	Timer Input Period	4.5V	4TpC		4TpC			1
			5.5V	4TpC		4TpC			1
7	TrTin, TtTin	Timer Input Rise and Fall Time	4.5V	100		100		ns	1
			5.5V	100		100		ns	1
8	TwIL	Int. Request Input Low Time	4.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
9	TwIH	Int. Request Input High Time	4.5V	2.5TpC		2.5TpC			1,2
			5.5V	2.5TpC		2.5TpC			1,2
10	Twdt	Watch-Dog Timer Delay Time for Timeout	4.5V	10		10		ms	1
			5.5V	10		10		ms	1

Notes:

1. Timing Reference uses 0.7 V_{CC} for a logic 1 and 0.2 V_{CC} for a logic 0.
2. Interrupt request through Port 3 (P33–P31).

LOW NOISE VERSION

Low EMI Emission

The Z86E04/E08 can be programmed to operate in a Low EMI Emission Mode by means of a mask ROM bit option. Use of this feature results in:

- All pre-driver slew rates reduced to 10 ns typical.
- Internal SCLK/TCLK operation limited to a maximum of 4 MHz–250 ns cycle time.

- Output drivers have resistances of 500 Ohms (typical).
- Oscillator divide-by-two circuitry eliminated.

The Low EMI Mode is mask-programmable to be selected by the customer at the time the ROM code is submitted.

PIN FUNCTIONS

OTP Programming Mode

D7–D0 Data Bus. Data can be read from, or written to, the EPROM through this data bus.

V_{CC} Power Supply. It is typically 5V during EPROM Read Mode and 6.4V during the other modes (Program, Program Verify, and so on).

\overline{CE} Chip Enable (active Low). This pin is active during EPROM Read Mode, Program Mode, and Program Verify Mode.

\overline{OE} Output Enable (active Low). This pin drives the Data Bus direction. When this pin is Low, the Data Bus is output. When High, the Data Bus is input.

EPM EPROM Program Mode. This pin controls the different EPROM Program Modes by applying different voltages.

V_{PP} Program Voltage. This pin supplies the program voltage.

Clear Clear (active High). This pin resets the internal address counter at the High Level.

Clock Address Clock. This pin is a clock input. The internal address counter increases by one with one clock cycle.

PGM Program Mode (active Low). A Low level at this pin programs the data to the EPROM through the Data Bus.

Application Precaution

The production test-mode environment may be enabled accidentally during normal operation if **excessive noise** surges above V_{CC} occur on the XTAL1 pin.

In addition, processor operation of Z8 OTP devices may be affected by **excessive noise** surges on the V_{PP}, \overline{CE} , EPM, \overline{OE} pins while the microcontroller is in Standard Mode.

Recommendations for dampening voltage surges in both test and OTP Mode include the following:

- Using a clamping diode to V_{CC}.
- Adding a capacitor to the affected pin.

Note: Programming the EPROM/Test Mode Disable option will prevent accidental entry into EPROM Mode or Test Mode.

PIN FUNCTIONS (Continued)

XTAL1, XTAL2 *Crystal In, Crystal Out* (time-based input and output, respectively). These pins connect a parallel-resonant crystal, LC, or an external single-phase clock (8 MHz or 12 MHz max) to the on-chip clock oscillator and buffer.

Port 0, P02–P00. Port 0 is a 3-bit bidirectional, Schmitt-triggered CMOS-compatible I/O port. These three I/O lines can be globally configured under software control to be inputs or outputs (Figure 7).

Auto Latch. The Auto Latch puts valid CMOS levels on all CMOS inputs (except P33, P32, P31) that are not externally driven. A valid CMOS level, rather than a floating node, reduces excessive supply current flow in the input buffer. On Power-up and Reset, the Auto Latch will set the ports to an undetermined state of 0 or 1. Default condition is Auto Latches enabled.

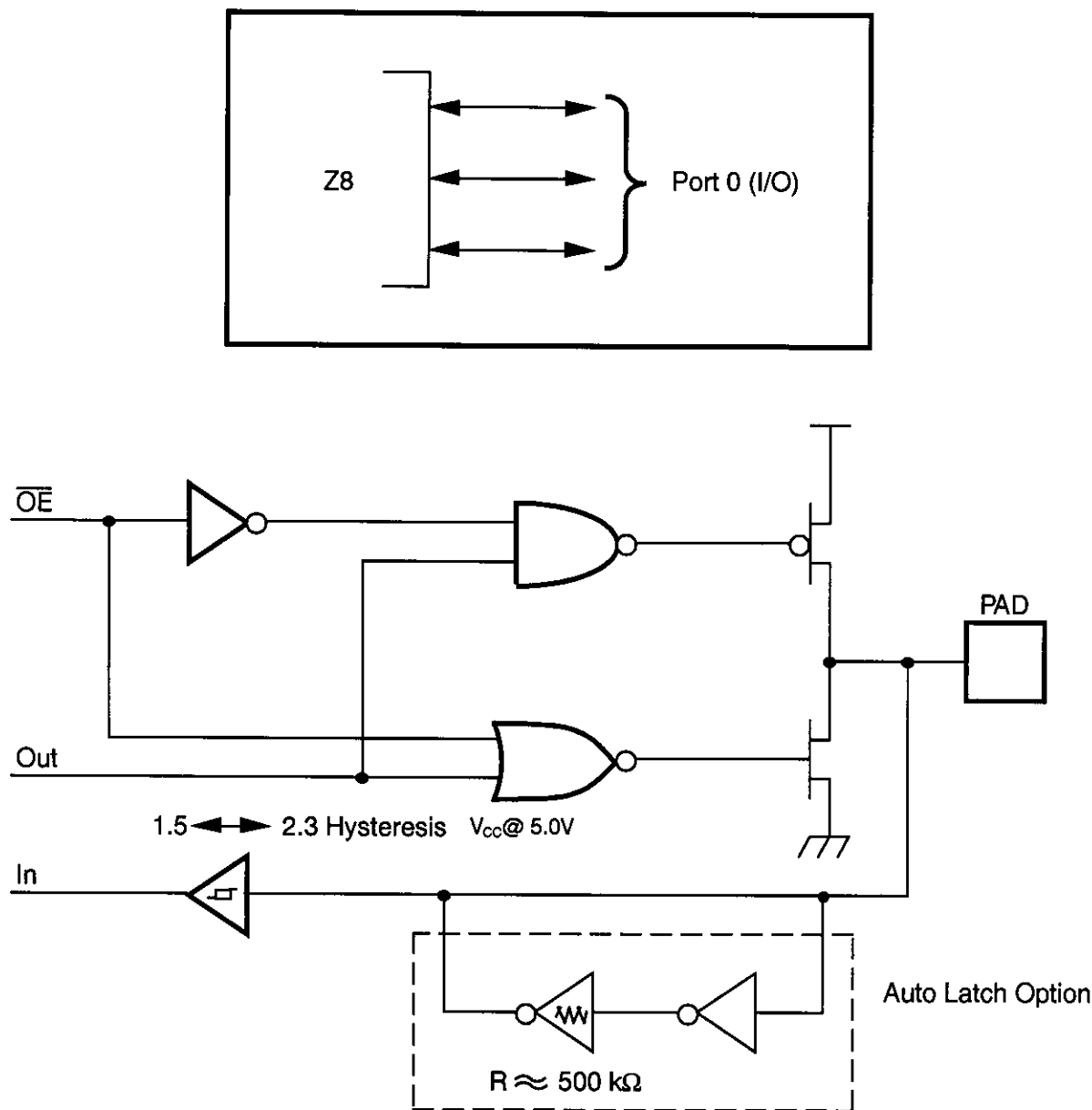


Figure 7. Port 0 Configuration

PIN FUNCTIONS (Continued)

Port 3, P33–P31. Port 3 is a 3-bit, CMOS-compatible port with three fixed input (P33–P31) lines. These three input lines can be configured under software control as digital Schmitt-trigger inputs or analog inputs.

These three input lines are also used as the interrupt sources IRQ0–IRQ3, and as the timer input signal T_{IN} (Figure 9).

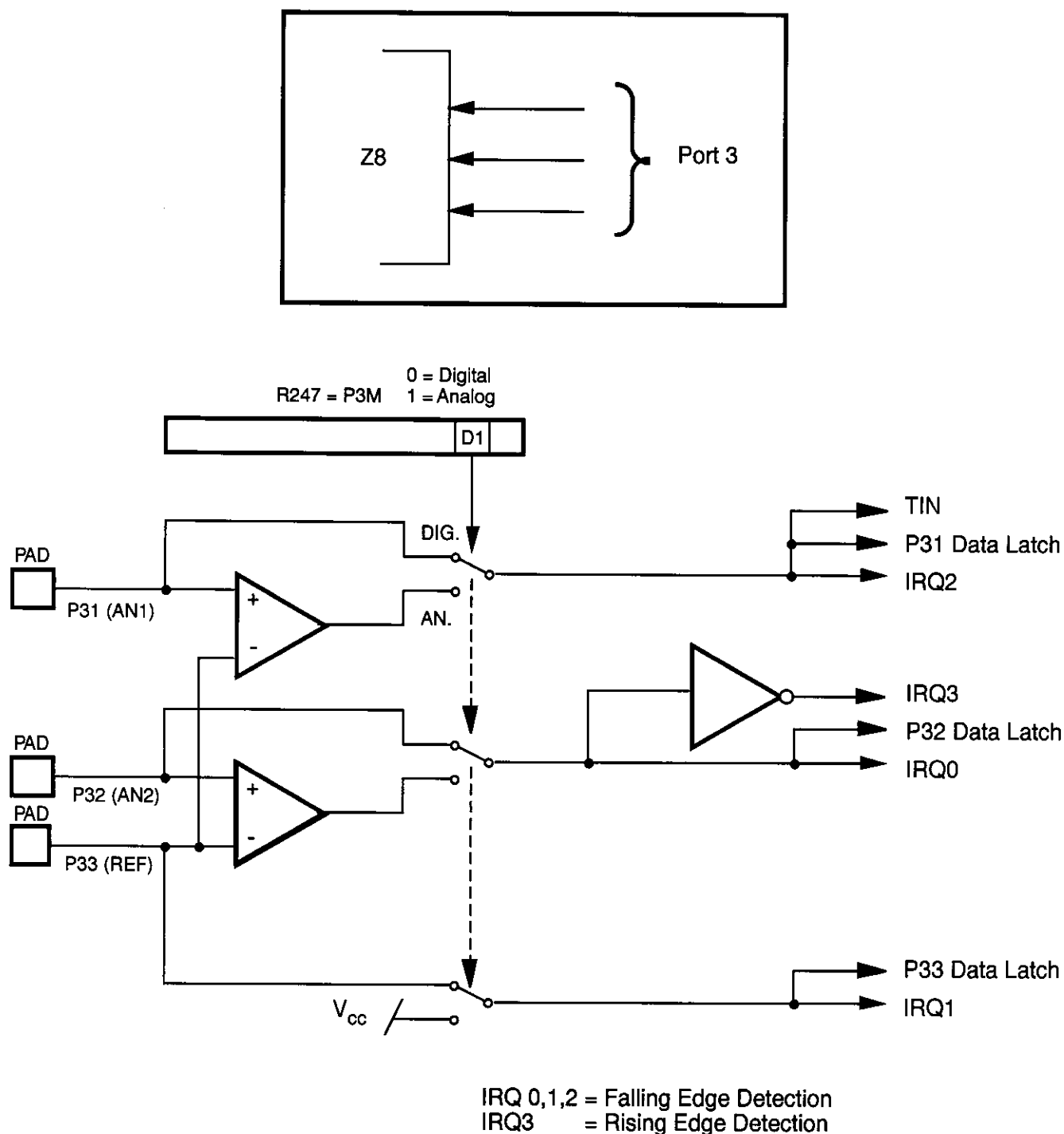


Figure 9. Port 3 Configuration

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Table 3. Control Registers

Addr.	Reg.	Reset Condition								Comments
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
FF	SPL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
FD	RP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
FC	FLAGS	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
FB	IMR	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
FA	IRQ	U	U	0	0	0	0	0	0	IRQ3 is used for positive edge detection
F9	IPR	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
F8*	P01M	U	U	U	0	U	U	0	1	
F7*	P3M	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	0	
F6*	P2M	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Inputs after reset
F5	PRE0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	
F4	T0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
F3	PRE1	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	0	
F2	T1	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
F1	TMR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Note: *Registers are not reset after a STOP-Mode Recovery using P27 pin. A subsequent reset will cause these control registers to be reconfigured as shown in Table 4 and the user must avoid bus contention on the port pins or it may affect device reliability.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

The Z8 instructions can access registers directly or indirectly through an 8-bit address field. This allows short 4-bit register addressing using the Register Pointer.

In the 4-bit mode, the register file is divided into eight working register groups, each occupying 16 continuous locations. The Register Pointer (Figure 13) addresses the starting location of the active working-register group.

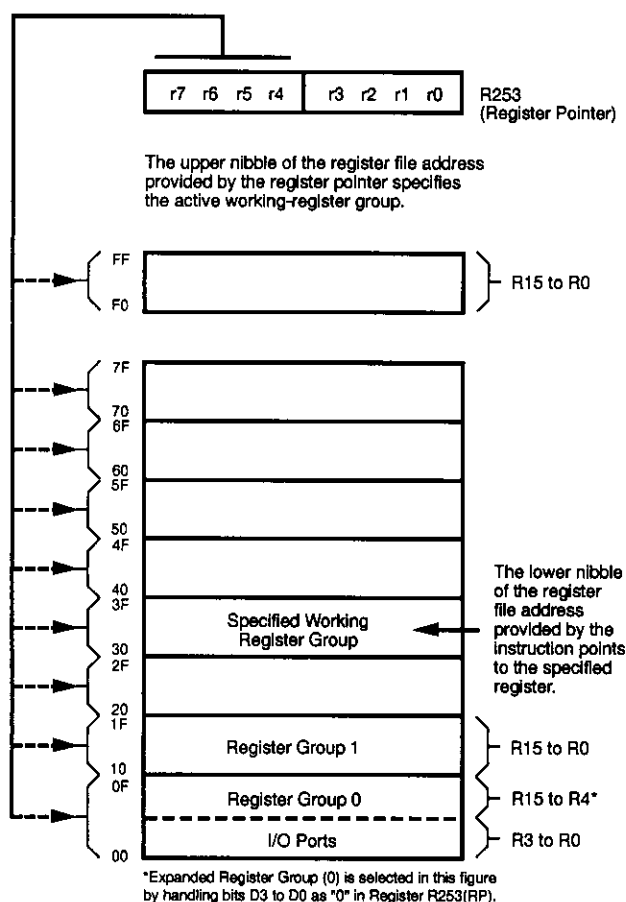


Figure 13. Register Pointer

Stack Pointer. The Z8 has an 8-bit Stack Pointer (R255) used for the internal stack that resides within the 124 general-purpose registers.

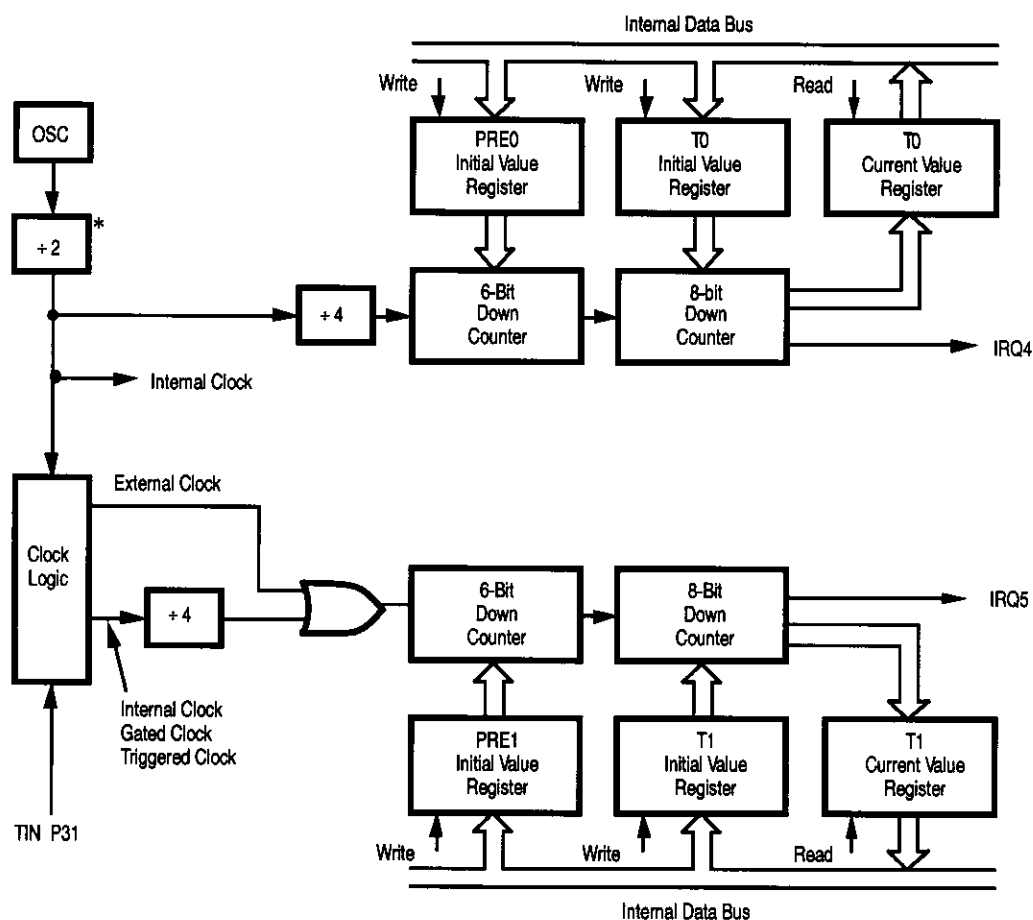
General-Purpose Registers (GPR). These registers are undefined after the device is powered up. The registers keep their last value after any reset, as long as the reset occurs in the V_{CC} voltage-specified operating range. **Note:** Register R254 has been designated as a general-purpose register and is set to 00 Hex after any reset or Stop-Mode Recovery.

Counter/Timer. There are two 8-bit programmable counter/timers (T0 and T1), each driven by its own 6-bit programmable prescaler. The T1 prescaler is driven by internal or external clock sources; however, the T0 can be driven by the internal clock source only (Figure 14).

The 6-bit prescalers divide the input frequency of the clock source by any integer number from 1 to 64. Each prescaler drives its counter, which decrements the value (1 to 256) that has been loaded into the counter. When both counter and prescaler reach the end of count, a timer interrupt request IRQ4 (T0) or IRQ5 (T1) is generated.

The counter can be programmed to start, stop, restart to continue, or restart from the initial value. The counters are also programmed to stop upon reaching zero (Single-Pass Mode) or to automatically reload the initial value and continue counting (Modulo-N Continuous Mode).

The counters, but not the prescalers, are read at any time without disturbing their value or count mode. The clock source for T1 is user-definable and is either the internal microprocessor clock divided by four, or an external signal input through Port 3. The Timer Mode register configures the external timer input (P31) as an external clock, a trigger input that is retriggerable or non-retriggerable, or used as a gate input for the internal clock.



* Note: By passed, if Low EMI Mode is selected.

Figure 14. Counter/Timers Block Diagram

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Table 5. Typical Frequency vs. RC Values
 $V_{CC} = 5.0V @ 25^{\circ}C$

Resistor (R)	Load Capacitor							
	33 pFd		56 pFd		100 pFd		0.00 1 μ Fd	
	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)
1.0M	33K	31K	20K	20K	12K	11K	1.4K	1.4K
560K	56K	52K	34K	32K	20K	19K	2.5K	2.4K
220K	144K	130K	84K	78K	48K	45K	6K	6K
100K	315K	270K	182K	164K	100K	95K	12K	12K
56K	552K	480K	330K	300K	185K	170K	23K	22K
20K	1.4M	1M	884K	740K	500K	450K	65K	61K
10K	2.6M	2M	1.6M	1.3M	980K	820K	130K	123K
5K	4.4M	3M	2.8M	2M	1.7K	1.3M	245K	225K
2K	8M	5M	6M	4M	3.8K	2.7M	600K	536K
1K	12M	7M	8.8M	6M	6.3K	4.2M	1.0M	950K

Notes:

A = STD Mode Frequency.

B = Low EMI Mode Frequency.

Table 6. Typical Frequency vs. RC Values
 $V_{CC} = 3.3V @ 25^{\circ}C$

Resistor (R)	Load Capacitor							
	33 pFd		56 pFd		100 pFd		0.00 1 μ Fd	
	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)
1.0M	18K	18K	12K	12K	7.4K	7.7K	1K	1K
560K	30K	30K	20K	20K	12K	12K	1.6K	1.6K
220K	70K	70K	47K	47K	30K	30K	4K	4K
100K	150K	148K	97K	96K	60K	60K	8K	8K
56K	268K	250K	176K	170K	100K	100K	15K	15K
20K	690M	600K	463K	416K	286K	266K	40K	40K
10K	1.2M	1M	860K	730K	540K	480K	80K	76K
5K	2M	1.7M	1.5M	1.2M	950K	820K	151K	138K
2K	4.6M	3M	3.3M	2.4M	2.2M	1.6M	360K	316K
1K	7M	4.6M	5M	3.6M	3.6K	2.6M	660K	565K

Notes:

A = STD Mode Frequency.

B = Low EMI Mode Frequency.

Low EMI Emission

The Z8 can be programmed to operate in a low EMI Emission (Low Noise) Mode by means of an EPROM programmable bit option. Use of this feature results in:

- Less than 1 mA consumed during HALT Mode.
- All drivers slew rates reduced to 10 ns (typical).
- Internal SCLK/TCLK = XTAL operation limited to a maximum of 4 MHz–250 ns cycle time.
- Output drivers have resistances of 500 ohms (typical).
- Oscillator divide-by-two circuitry eliminated.

In addition to V_{DD} and GND (V_{SS}), the Z8 changes all its pin functions in the EPROM Mode. XTAL2 has no function, XTAL1 functions as \overline{CE} , P31 functions as \overline{OE} , P32 functions as EPM, P33 functions as V_{PP} , and P02 functions as PGM.

ROM Protect. ROM Protect fully protects the Z8 ROM code from being read externally. When ROM Protect is selected, the instructions LDC and LDCI are supported (Z86E04/E08 and Z86C04/C08 do not support the instructions of LDE and LDEI). When the device is programmed for ROM Protect, the Low Noise feature will not automatically be enabled.

Please note that when using the device in a noisy environment, it is suggested that the voltages on the EPM and \overline{CE} pins be clamped to V_{CC} through a diode to V_{CC} to prevent accidentally entering the OTP Mode. The V_{PP} requires both a diode and a 100 pF capacitor.

Auto Latch Disable. Auto Latch Disable option bit when programmed will globally disable all Auto Latches.

WDT Enable. The WDT Enable option bit, when programmed, will have the hardware enabled Permanent WDT enabled after exiting reset and can not be stopped in Halt or Stop Mode.

EPROM/Test Mode Disable. The EPROM/Test Mode Disable option bit, when programmed, will disable the EPROM Mode and the Factory Test Mode. Reading, verifying, and programming the Z8 will be disabled. To fully verify that this mode is disabled, the device must be power cycled.

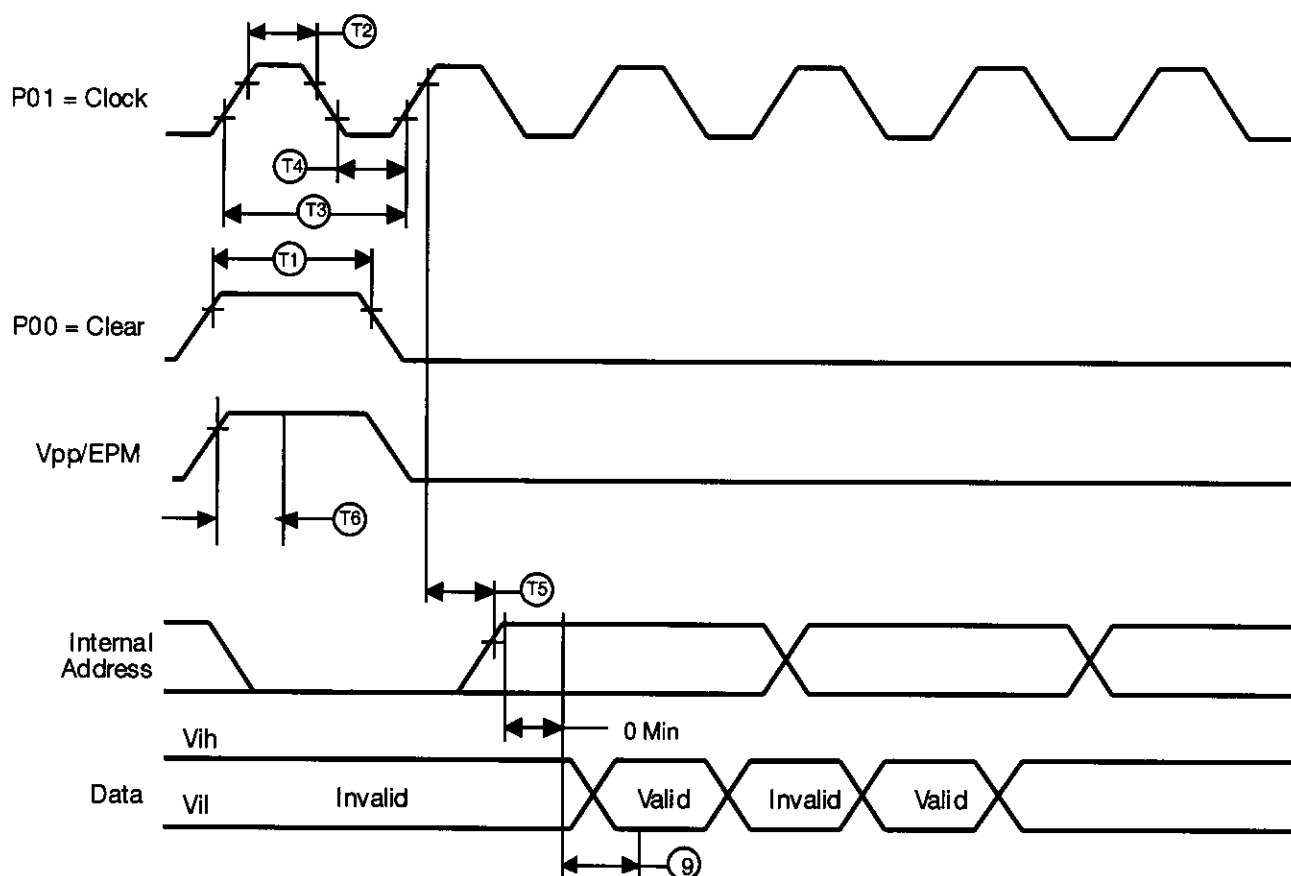
User Modes. Table 7 shows the programming voltage of each mode.

Table 7. OTP Programming Table

Programming Modes	V_{PP}	EPM	\overline{CE}	\overline{OE}	PGM	ADDR	DATA	V_{CC}^*
EPROM READ	NU	V_H	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	ADDR	Out	5.0V
PROGRAM	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	ADDR	In	6.4V
PROGRAM VERIFY	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	ADDR	Out	6.4V
EPROM PROTECT	V_H	V_H	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V
LOW NOISE SELECT	V_H	V_{IH}	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V
AUTO LATCH DISABLE	V_H	V_{IH}	V_H	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V
WDT ENABLE	V_H	V_{IL}	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V
EPROM/TEST MODE	V_H	V_{IL}	V_H	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V

Notes:

1. $V_H = 12.75V \pm 0.25 V_{DC}$.
2. V_{IH} = As per specific Z8 DC specification.
3. V_{IL} = As per specific Z8 DC specification.
4. X = Not used, but must be set to V_H or V_{IH} level.
5. NU = Not used, but must be set to either V_{IH} or V_{IL} level.
6. I_{PP} during programming = 40 mA maximum.
7. I_{CC} during programming, verify, or read = 40 mA maximum.
8. * V_{CC} has a tolerance of $\pm 0.25V$.



Legend:	
T1 Reset Clock Width	30 ns Min
T2 Input Clock High	100 ns Min
T3 Input Clock Period	200 ns Min
T4 Input Clock Low	100 ns Min
T5 Clock to Address Counter Out Delay	15 ns Max
T6 Epm/Vpp Set up Time	40 μ s Min

Figure 18. Z86E04/E08 Address Counter Waveform

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

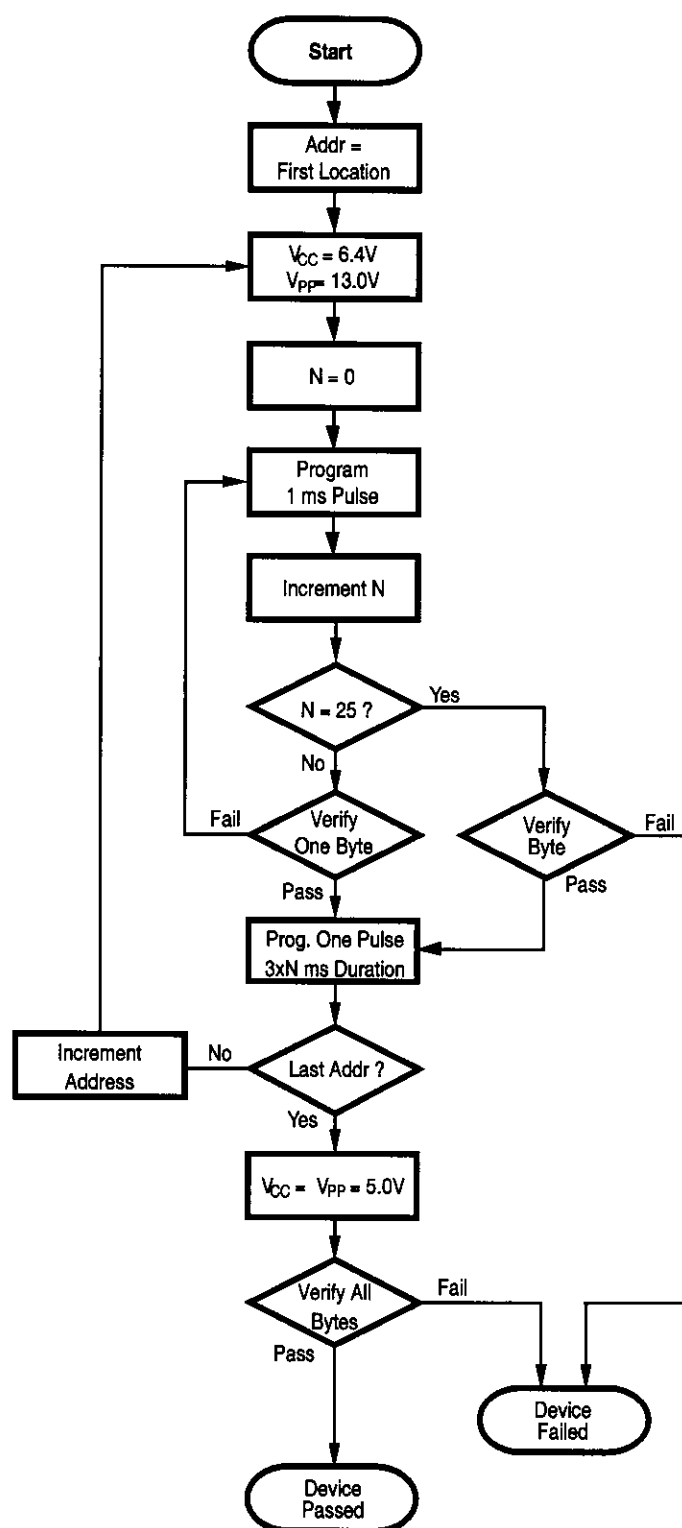
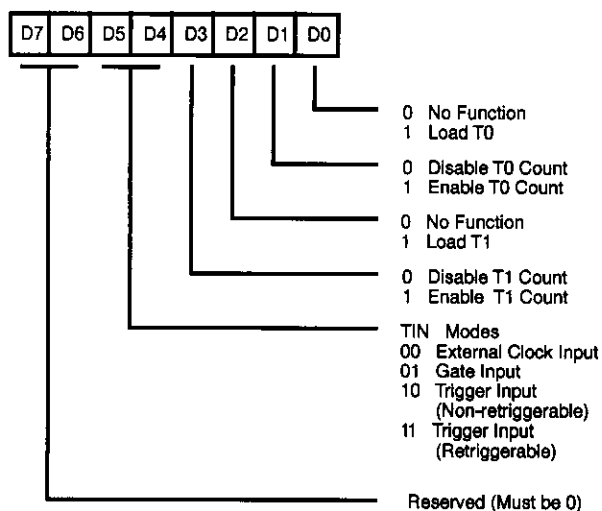


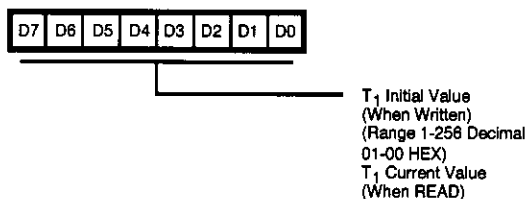
Figure 23. Z86E04/E08 Programming Algorithm

Z8 CONTROL REGISTERS

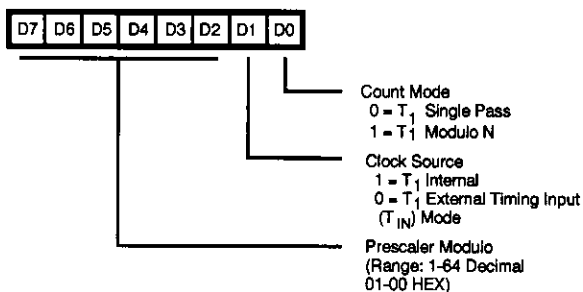
R241 TMR

Figure 24. Timer Mode Register (F1_H: Read/Write)

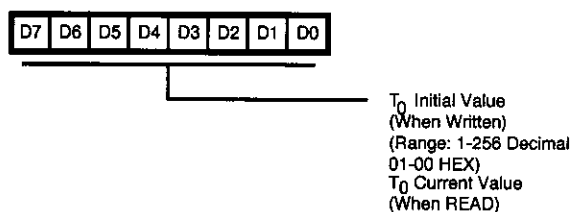
R242 T1

Figure 25. Counter Timer 1 Register (F2_H: Read/Write)

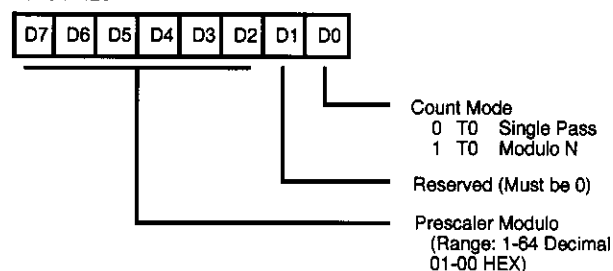
R243 PRE1

Figure 26. Prescaler 1 Register (F3_H: Write Only)

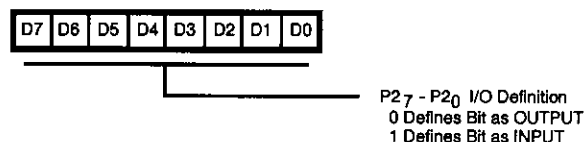
R244 T0

Figure 27. Counter/Timer 0 Register (F4_H: Read/Write)

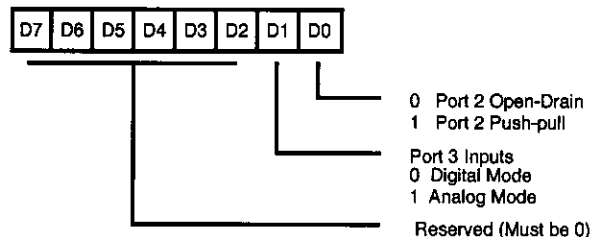
R245 PRE0

Figure 28. Prescaler 0 Register (F5_H: Write Only)

R246 P2M

Figure 29. Port 2 Mode Register (F6_H: Write Only)

R247 P3M

Figure 30. Port 3 Mode Register (F7_H: Write Only)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Z86E04

Standard Temperature

18-Pin DIP	18-Pin SOIC
Z86E0412PSC	Z86E0412SSC
Z86E0412PEC	Z86E0412SEC

Z86E08

Standard Temperature

18-Pin DIP	18-Pin SOIC
Z86E0812PSC	Z86E0812SSC
Z86E0812PEC	Z86E0812SEC

For fast results, contact your local Zilog sales office for assistance in ordering the part(s) desired.

Codes

Preferred Package

P = Plastic DIP

Speeds

12 = 12 MHz

Longer Lead Time

S = SOIC

Environmental

C = Plastic Standard

Preferred Temperature

S = 0°C to +70°C

E = -40°C to +105°C

Example:

Z 86E04 12 P S C is a Z86E04, 12 MHz, DIP, 0°C to +70°C, Plastic Standard Flow

The diagram illustrates the structure of the part number **Z 86E04 12 P S C** with lines connecting each segment to its description:

- Z**: Zilog Prefix
- 86E04**: Product Number
- 12**: Speed
- P**: Package
- S**: Temperature
- C**: Environmental Flow

Pre-Characterization Product:

The product represented by this CPS is newly introduced and Zilog has not completed the full characterization of the product. The CPS states what Zilog knows about this product at this time, but additional features or nonconformance with some aspects of the CPS may be

found, either by Zilog or its customers in the course of further application and characterization work. In addition, Zilog cautions that delivery may be uncertain at times, due to start-up yield issues.

© 1998 by Zilog, Inc. All rights reserved. No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without the prior written consent of Zilog, Inc. The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Devices sold by Zilog, Inc. are covered by warranty and patent indemnification provisions appearing in Zilog, Inc. Terms and Conditions of Sale only.

ZILOG, INC. MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS, STATUTORY, IMPLIED OR BY DESCRIPTION, REGARDING THE INFORMATION SET FORTH HEREIN OR REGARDING THE FREEDOM OF THE DESCRIBED DEVICES FROM INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY INFRINGEMENT. ZILOG, INC. MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PURPOSE.

Zilog, Inc. shall not be responsible for any errors that may appear in this document. Zilog, Inc. makes no commitment to update or keep current the information contained in this document.

Zilog's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems unless a specific written agreement pertaining to such intended use is executed between the customer and Zilog prior to use. Life support devices or systems are those which are intended for surgical implantation into the body, or which sustains life whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.

Zilog, Inc. 210 East Hacienda Ave.
Campbell, CA 95008-6600
Telephone (408) 370-8000
FAX 408 370-8056
Internet: <http://www.zilog.com>
