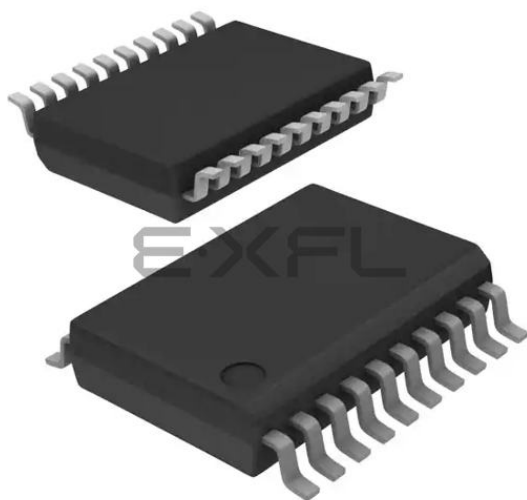




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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	12MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	14
Program Memory Size	2KB (2K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	125 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/z86e0812hec1903tr

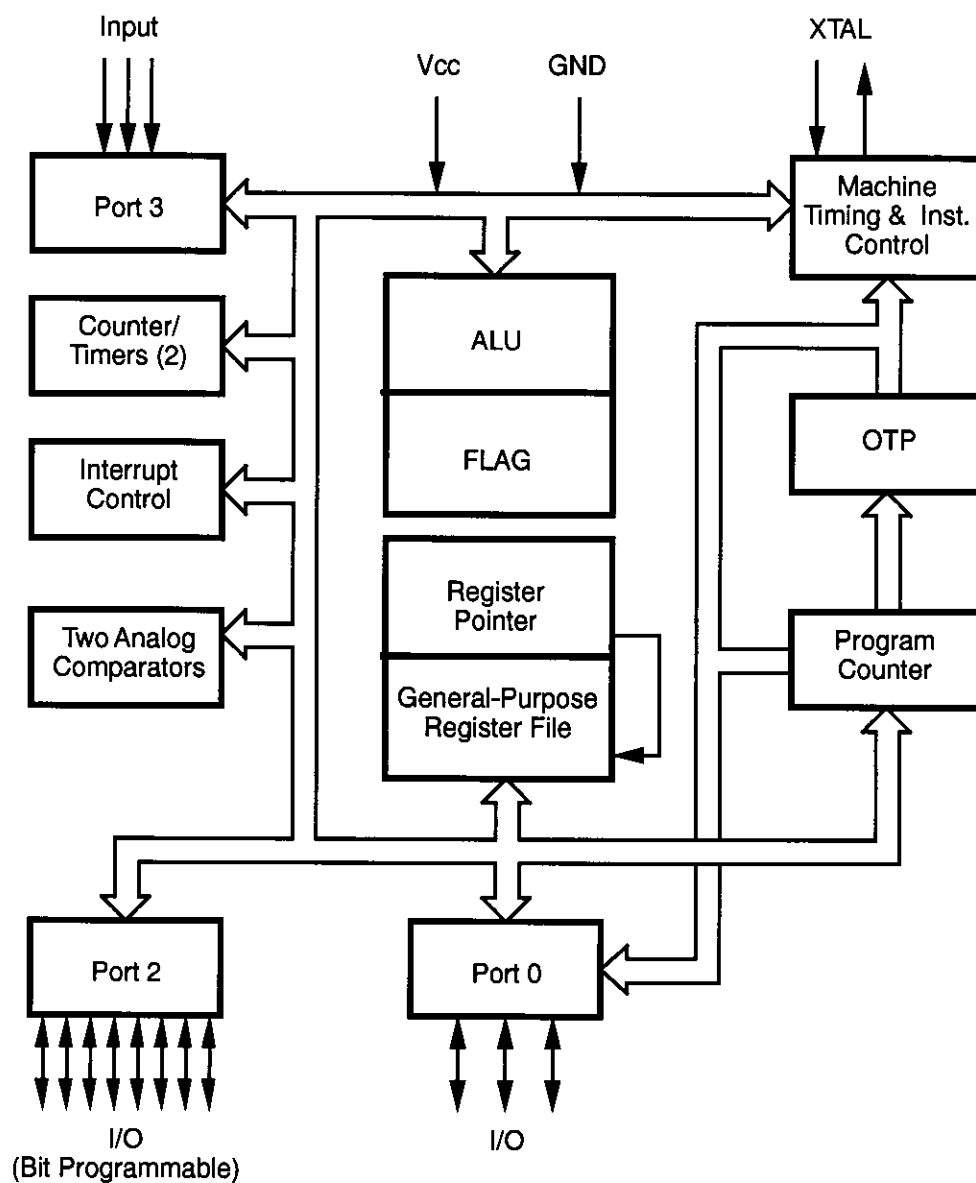


Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

PIN DESCRIPTION

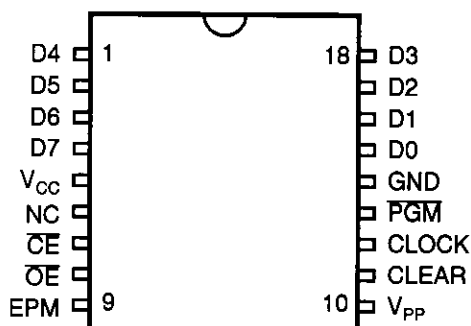


Figure 3. 18-Pin EPROM Mode Configuration

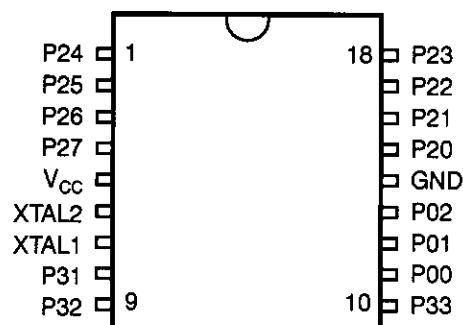


Figure 4. 18-Pin DIP/SOIC Mode Configuration

Table 1. 18-Pin DIP Pin Identification

EPROM Programming Mode			
Pin #	Symbol	Function	Direction
1–4	D4–D7	Data 4, 5, 6, 7	In/Output
5	V _{CC}	Power Supply	
6	NC	No Connection	
7	CE	Chip Enable	Input
8	OE	Output Enable	Input
9	EPM	EPROM Prog Mode	Input
10	V _{PP}	Prog Voltage	Input
11	Clear	Clear Clock	Input
12	Clock	Address	Input
13	PGM	Prog Mode	Input
14	GND	Ground	
15–18	D0–D3	Data 0,1, 2, 3	In/Output

Table 2. 18-Pin DIP/SOIC Pin Identification

Standard Mode			
Pin #	Symbol	Function	Direction
1–4	P24–P27	Port 2, Pins 4,5,6,7	In/Output
5	V _{CC}	Power Supply	
6	XTAL2	Crystal Osc. Clock	Output
7	XTAL1	Crystal Osc. Clock	Input
8	P31	Port 3, Pin 1, AN1	Input
9	P32	Port 3, Pin 2, AN2	Input
10	P33	Port 3, Pin 3, REF	Input
11–13	P00–P02	Port 0, Pins 0,1,2	In/Output
14	GND	Ground	
15–18	P20–P23	Port 2, Pins 0,1,2,3	In/Output

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Standard Temperature

Sym	Parameter	V _{CC} [4]	T _A = 0°C to +70°C		Typical @ 25°C	Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Max				
V _{INMAX}	Max Input Voltage	4.5V		12		V	I _{in} < 250 μA	1
		5.5V		12		V	I _{in} < 250 μA	1
V _{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	4.5V	0.8 V _{CC}	V _{CC} +0.3	2.8	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
		5.5V	0.8 V _{CC}	V _{CC} +0.3	2.8	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V _{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	4.5V	V _{SS} -0.3	0.2 V _{CC}	1.7	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
		5.5V	V _{SS} -0.3	0.2 V _{CC}	1.7	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	4.5V	0.7 V _{CC}	V _{CC} +0.3	2.8	V		
		5.5V	0.7 V _{CC}	V _{CC} +0.3	2.8	V		
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	4.5V	V _{SS} -0.3	0.2 V _{CC}	1.5	V		
		5.5V	V _{SS} -0.3	0.2 V _{CC}	1.5	V		
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	4.5V	V _{CC} -0.4		4.8	V	I _{OH} = -2.0 mA	5
		5.5V	V _{CC} -0.4		4.8	V	I _{OH} = -2.0 mA	5
		4.5V	V _{CC} -0.4		4.8	V	Low Noise @ I _{OH} = -0.5 mA	
		5.5V	V _{CC} -0.4		4.8	V	Low Noise @ I _{OH} = -0.5 mA	
V _{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	4.5V		0.8	0.1	V	I _{OL} = +4.0 mA	5
		5.5V		0.4	0.1	V	I _{OL} = +4.0 mA	5
		4.5V		0.4	0.1	V	Low Noise @ I _{OL} = 1.0 mA	
		5.5V		0.4	0.1	V	Low Noise @ I _{OL} = 1.0 mA	
V _{OL2}	Output Low Voltage	4.5V		0.8	0.8	V	I _{OL} = +12 mA,	5
		5.5V		0.8	0.8	V	I _{OL} = +12 mA,	5
V _{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	4.5V		25.0	10.0	mV		
		5.5V		25.0	10.0	mV		
V _{LV}	V _{CC} Low Voltage Auto Reset		2.2	3.0	2.8	V	@ 6 MHz Max. Int. CLK Freq.	
I _{IL}	Input Leakage (Input Bias Current of Comparator)	4.5V	-1.0	1.0		μA	V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC}	
		5.5V	-1.0	1.0		μA	V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC}	
I _{OL}	Output Leakage	4.5V	-1.0	1.0		μA	V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC}	
		5.5V	-1.0	1.0		μA	V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC}	
V _{ICR}	Comparator Input Common Mode Voltage Range		0	V _{CC} -1.0		V		

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Sym	Parameter	V _{CC} [4]	T _A = 0°C to +70°C		Typical @ 25°C	Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Max				
I _{CC1}	Standby Current (Low Noise Mode)	4.5V		4.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 1 MHz	7
		5.5V		4.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 1 MHz	7
		4.5V		4.5	2.8	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	7
		5.5V		4.5	2.8	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	7
		4.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 4 MHz	7
		5.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 4 MHz	7
I _{CC2}	Standby Current	4.5V		10.0	1.0	μA	STOP Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} WDT is not Running	7,8
		5.5V		10.0	1.0	μA	STOP Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} WDT is not Running	7,8
I _{ALL}	Auto Latch Low Current	4.5V		32.0	16	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	
		5.5V		32.0	16	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	
I _{ALH}	Auto Latch High Current	4.5V		-16.0	-8.0	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	
		5.5V		-16.0	-8.0	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	

Notes:

- Port 2 and Port 0 only
- V_{SS} = 0V = GND
- The device operates down to V_{LV} of the specified frequency for V_{LV}. The minimum operational V_{CC} is determined on the value of the voltage V_{LV} at the ambient temperature. The V_{LV} increases as the temperature decreases.
- V_{CC} = 4.5 to 5.5V, typical values measured at V_{CC} = 5.0V.
The V_{CC} voltage specification of 5.5 V guarantees 5.0 V ± 0.5V with typical values measured at V_{CC} = 5.0V.
- Standard Mode (not Low EMI Mode)
- Z86E08 only
- All outputs unloaded and all inputs are at V_{CC} or V_{SS} level.
- If analog comparator is selected, then the comparator inputs must be at V_{CC} level.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Sym	Parameter	V _{CC} [4]	T _A = -40°C to +105°C		Typical @ 25°C	Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Max				
I _{CC}	Supply Current	4.5V		11.0	6.8	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		11.0	6.8	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		15.0	8.2	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 8 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		15.0	8.2	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 8 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		20.0	12.0	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 12 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		20.0	12.0	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 12 MHz	5,7
I _{CC1}	Standby Current	4.5V		5.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		5.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 8 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 8 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		7.0	4.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 12 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		7.0	4.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 12 MHz	5,7
I _{CC}	Supply Current (Low Noise Mode)	4.5V		11.0	6.8	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 1 MHz	7
		5.5V		11.0	6.8	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 1 MHz	7
		4.5V		13.0	7.5	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	7
		5.5V		13.0	7.5	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	7
		4.5V		15.0	8.2	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 4 MHz	7
		5.5V		15.0	8.2	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 4 MHz	7

Sym	Parameter	V _{CC} [4]	T _A = -40°C to +105°C		Typical @ 25°C	Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Max				
I _{CC1}	Standby Current (Low Noise Mode)	4.5V		4.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 1 MHz	7
		5.5V		4.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 1 MHz	7
		4.5V		4.5	2.8	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	7
		5.5V		4.5	2.8	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	7
		4.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 4 MHz	7
		5.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 4 MHz	7
I _{CC2}	Standby Current	4.5V		20	1.0	μA	STOP Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} WDT is not Running	7,8
		5.5V		20	1.0	μA	STOP Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} WDT is not Running	7,8
I _{ALL}	Auto Latch Low Current	4.5V		40	16	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	
		5.5V		40	16	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	
I _{ALH}	Auto Latch High Current	4.5V		-20.0	-8.0	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	
		5.5V		-20.0	-8.0	μA	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CC}	

Notes:

1. Port 2 and Port 0 only
2. V_{SS} = 0V = GND
3. The device operates down to V_{LV} of the specified frequency for V_{LV}. The minimum operational V_{CC} is determined on the value of the voltage V_{LV} at the ambient temperature. The V_{LV} increases as the temperature decreases.
4. V_{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V, typical values measured at V_{CC} = 5.0V
5. Standard Mode (not Low EMI Mode)
6. Z86E08 only
7. All outputs unloaded and all inputs are at V_{CC} or V_{SS} level.
8. If analog comparator is selected, then the comparator inputs must be at V_{CC} level.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Timing Table (Standard Mode for SCLK/TCLK = XTAL/2)

Extended Temperature

T_A= −40 °C to +105 °C 8 MHz12 MHz									
No	Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC}	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	Notes
1	TpC	Input Clock Period	4.5V	125	DC	83	DC	ns	1
			5.5V	125	DC	83	DC	ns	1
2	TrC,TfC	Clock Input Rise and Fall Times	4.5V		25		15	ns	1
			5.5V		25		15	ns	1
3	TwC	Input Clock Width	4.5V		62		41	ns	1
			5.5V		62		41	ns	1
4	TwTinL	Timer Input Low Width	4.5V	70		70		ns	1
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1
5	TwTinH	Timer Input High Width	4.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1
			5.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1
6	TpTin	Timer Input Period	4.5V	8TpC		8TpC			1
			5.5V	8TpC		8TpC			1
7	TrTin, TtTin	Timer Input Rise and Fall Time	4.5V		100		100	ns	1
			5.5V		100		100	ns	1
8	TwIL	Int. Request Input Low Time	4.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
9	TwIH	Int. Request Input High Time	4.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1,2
			5.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1,2
10	Twdt	Watch-Dog Timer Delay Time for Timeout	4.5V	10		10		ms	1
			5.5V	10		10		ms	1
11	Tpor	Power-On Reset Time	4.5V	12	100	12	100	ms	1
			5.5V	12	100	12	100	ms	1

Notes:

1. Timing Reference uses 0.7 V_{CC} for a logic 1 and 0.2 V_{CC} for a logic 0.
2. Interrupt request made through Port 3 (P33–P31).

LOW NOISE VERSION

Low EMI Emission

The Z86E04/E08 can be programmed to operate in a Low EMI Emission Mode by means of a mask ROM bit option. Use of this feature results in:

- All pre-driver slew rates reduced to 10 ns typical.
- Internal SCLK/TCLK operation limited to a maximum of 4 MHz–250 ns cycle time.

- Output drivers have resistances of 500 Ohms (typical).
- Oscillator divide-by-two circuitry eliminated.

The Low EMI Mode is mask-programmable to be selected by the customer at the time the ROM code is submitted.

PIN FUNCTIONS

OTP Programming Mode

D7–D0 Data Bus. Data can be read from, or written to, the EPROM through this data bus.

V_{CC} Power Supply. It is typically 5V during EPROM Read Mode and 6.4V during the other modes (Program, Program Verify, and so on).

$\overline{CE}$ Chip Enable (active Low). This pin is active during EPROM Read Mode, Program Mode, and Program Verify Mode.

$\overline{OE}$ Output Enable (active Low). This pin drives the Data Bus direction. When this pin is Low, the Data Bus is output. When High, the Data Bus is input.

EPM EPROM Program Mode. This pin controls the different EPROM Program Modes by applying different voltages.

V_{PP} Program Voltage. This pin supplies the program voltage.

Clear Clear (active High). This pin resets the internal address counter at the High Level.

Clock Address Clock. This pin is a clock input. The internal address counter increases by one with one clock cycle.

PGM Program Mode (active Low). A Low level at this pin programs the data to the EPROM through the Data Bus.

Application Precaution

The production test-mode environment may be enabled accidentally during normal operation if **excessive noise** surges above V_{CC} occur on the XTAL1 pin.

In addition, processor operation of Z8 OTP devices may be affected by **excessive noise** surges on the V_{PP}, $\overline{CE}$, EPM, $\overline{OE}$ pins while the microcontroller is in Standard Mode.

Recommendations for dampening voltage surges in both test and OTP Mode include the following:

- Using a clamping diode to V_{CC}.
- Adding a capacitor to the affected pin.

Note: Programming the EPROM/Test Mode Disable option will prevent accidental entry into EPROM Mode or Test Mode.

PIN FUNCTIONS (Continued)

Port 3, P33–P31. Port 3 is a 3-bit, CMOS-compatible port with three fixed input (P33–P31) lines. These three input lines can be configured under software control as digital Schmitt-trigger inputs or analog inputs.

These three input lines are also used as the interrupt sources IRQ0–IRQ3, and as the timer input signal T_{IN} (Figure 9).

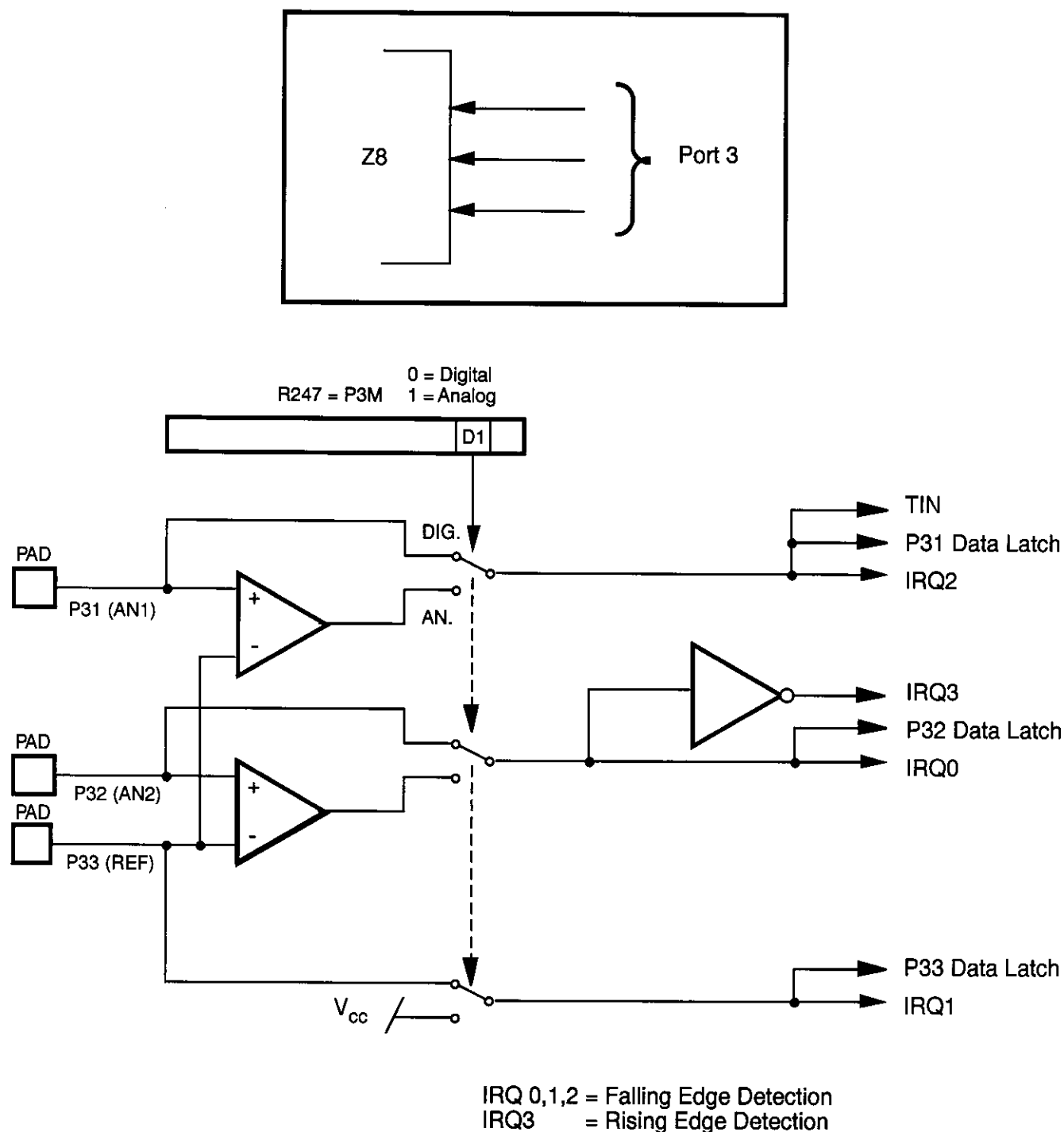


Figure 9. Port 3 Configuration

Comparator Inputs. Two analog comparators are added to input of Port 3, P31, and P32, for interface flexibility. The comparators reference voltage P33 (REF) is common to both comparators.

Typical applications for the on-board comparators; Zero crossing detection, A/D conversion, voltage scaling, and threshold detection. In Analog Mode, P33 input functions serve as a reference voltage to the comparators.

The dual comparator (common inverting terminal) features a single power supply which discontinues power in STOP

Mode. The common voltage range is 0–4 V when the V_{CC} is 5.0V; the power supply and common mode rejection ratios are 90 dB and 60 dB, respectively.

Interrupts are generated on either edge of Comparator 2's output, or on the falling edge of Comparator 1's output. The comparator output is used for interrupt generation, Port 3 data inputs, or T_{IN} through P31. Alternatively, the comparators can be disabled, freeing the reference input (P33) for use as IRQ1 and/or P33 input.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The following special functions have been incorporated into the Z8 devices to enhance the standard Z8 core architecture to provide the user with increased design flexibility.

RESET. This function is accomplished by means of a Power-On Reset or a Watch-Dog Timer Reset. Upon power-up, the Power-On Reset circuit waits for T_{POR} ms, plus 18 clock cycles, then starts program execution at address 000C (Hex) (Figure 10). The Z8 control registers' reset value is shown in Table 3.

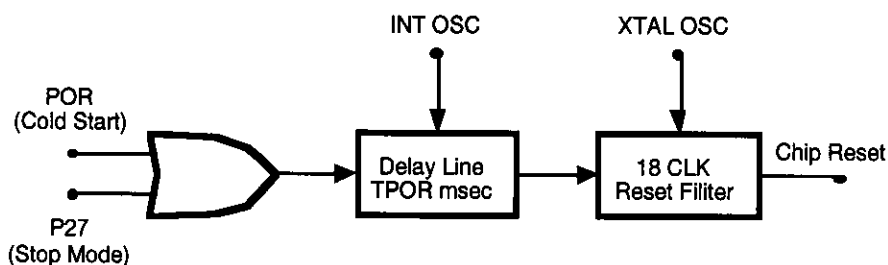


Figure 10. Internal Reset Configuration

Power-On Reset (POR). A timer circuit clocked by a dedicated on-board RC oscillator is used for a POR timer function. The POR time allows V_{CC} and the oscillator circuit to stabilize before instruction execution begins. The POR timer circuit is a one-shot timer triggered by one of the four following conditions:

- Power-bad to power-good status
- Stop-Mode Recovery
- WDT time-out
- WDH time-out

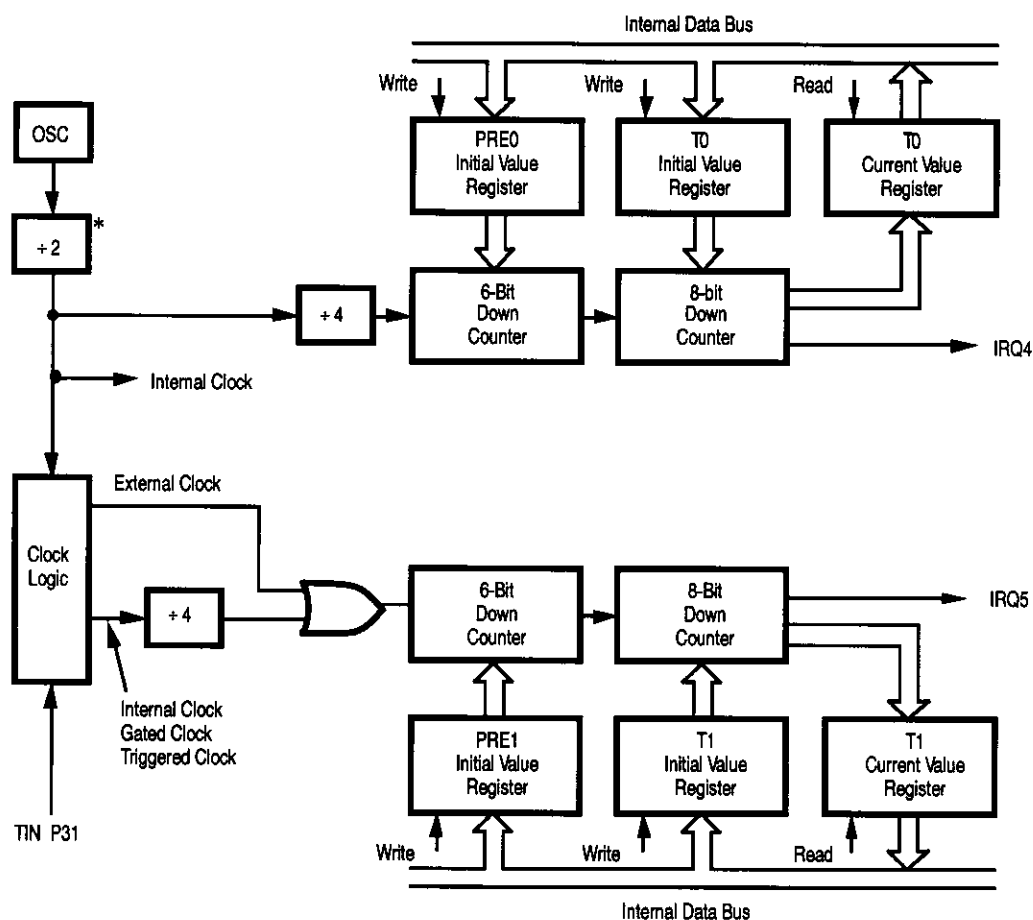
Watch-Dog Timer Reset. The WDT is a retriggerable one-shot timer that resets the Z8 if it reaches its terminal count. The WDT is initially enabled by executing the WDT instruction and is retriggered on subsequent execution of the WDT instruction. The timer circuit is driven by an on-board RC oscillator.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Table 3. Control Registers

Addr.	Reg.	Reset Condition								Comments
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
FF	SPL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
FD	RP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
FC	FLAGS	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
FB	IMR	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
FA	IRQ	U	U	0	0	0	0	0	0	IRQ3 is used for positive edge detection
F9	IPR	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
F8*	P01M	U	U	U	0	U	U	0	1	
F7*	P3M	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	0	
F6*	P2M	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Inputs after reset
F5	PRE0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	
F4	T0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
F3	PRE1	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	0	
F2	T1	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
F1	TMR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Note: *Registers are not reset after a STOP-Mode Recovery using P27 pin. A subsequent reset will cause these control registers to be reconfigured as shown in Table 4 and the user must avoid bus contention on the port pins or it may affect device reliability.



* **Note:** By passed, if Low EMI Mode is selected.

Figure 14. Counter/Timers Block Diagram

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

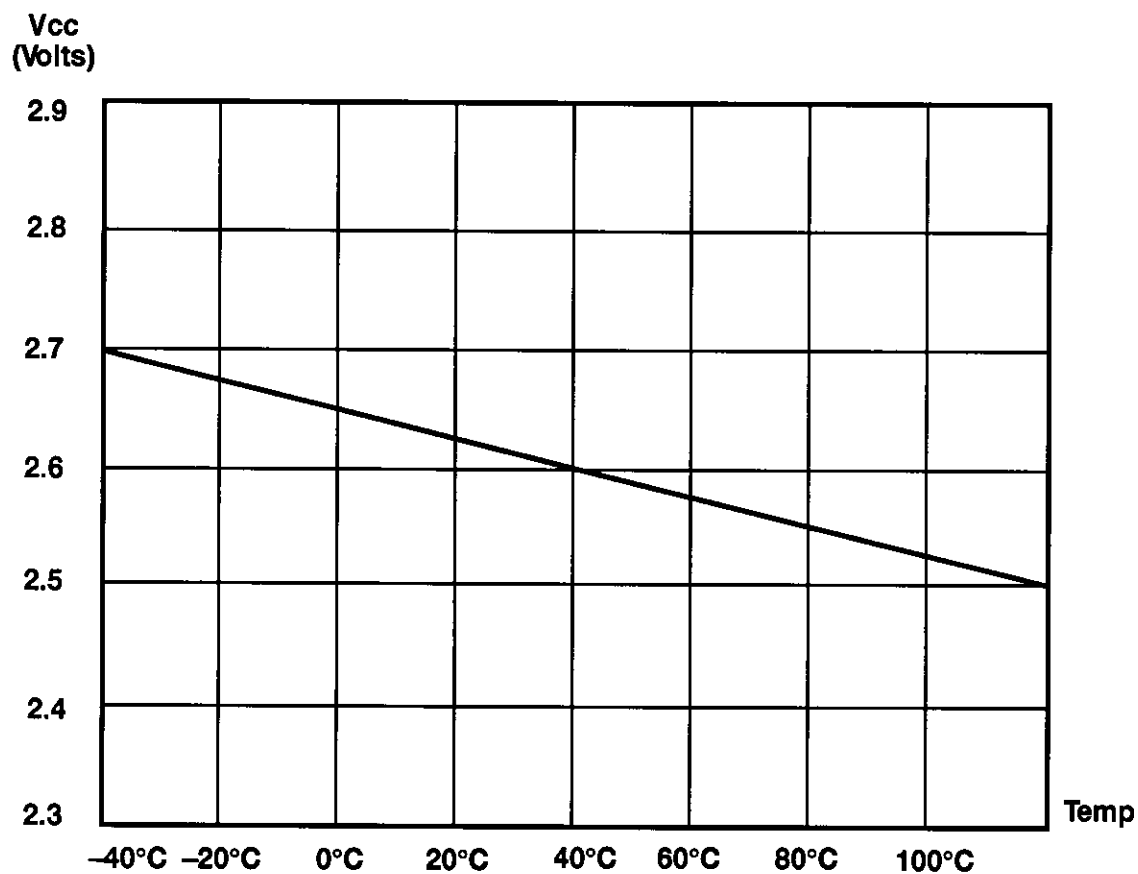


Figure 17. Typical Auto Reset Voltage (V_{LV}) vs. Temperature

Low EMI Emission

The Z8 can be programmed to operate in a low EMI Emission (Low Noise) Mode by means of an EPROM programmable bit option. Use of this feature results in:

- Less than 1 mA consumed during HALT Mode.
- All drivers slew rates reduced to 10 ns (typical).
- Internal SCLK/TCLK = XTAL operation limited to a maximum of 4 MHz–250 ns cycle time.
- Output drivers have resistances of 500 ohms (typical).
- Oscillator divide-by-two circuitry eliminated.

In addition to V_{DD} and GND (V_{SS}), the Z8 changes all its pin functions in the EPROM Mode. XTAL2 has no function, XTAL1 functions as $\overline{CE}$, P31 functions as $\overline{OE}$, P32 functions as EPM, P33 functions as V_{PP} , and P02 functions as PGM.

ROM Protect. ROM Protect fully protects the Z8 ROM code from being read externally. When ROM Protect is selected, the instructions LDC and LDCI are supported (Z86E04/E08 and Z86C04/C08 do not support the instructions of LDE and LDEI). When the device is programmed for ROM Protect, the Low Noise feature will not automatically be enabled.

Please note that when using the device in a noisy environment, it is suggested that the voltages on the EPM and $\overline{CE}$ pins be clamped to V_{CC} through a diode to V_{CC} to prevent accidentally entering the OTP Mode. The V_{PP} requires both a diode and a 100 pF capacitor.

Auto Latch Disable. Auto Latch Disable option bit when programmed will globally disable all Auto Latches.

WDT Enable. The WDT Enable option bit, when programmed, will have the hardware enabled Permanent WDT enabled after exiting reset and can not be stopped in Halt or Stop Mode.

EPROM/Test Mode Disable. The EPROM/Test Mode Disable option bit, when programmed, will disable the EPROM Mode and the Factory Test Mode. Reading, verifying, and programming the Z8 will be disabled. To fully verify that this mode is disabled, the device must be power cycled.

User Modes. Table 7 shows the programming voltage of each mode.

Table 7. OTP Programming Table

Programming Modes	V_{PP}	EPM	$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{OE}$	PGM	ADDR	DATA	V_{CC}^*
EPROM READ	NU	V_H	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	ADDR	Out	5.0V
PROGRAM	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	ADDR	In	6.4V
PROGRAM VERIFY	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	ADDR	Out	6.4V
EPROM PROTECT	V_H	V_H	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V
LOW NOISE SELECT	V_H	V_{IH}	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V
AUTO LATCH DISABLE	V_H	V_{IH}	V_H	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V
WDT ENABLE	V_H	V_{IL}	V_H	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V
EPROM/TEST MODE	V_H	V_{IL}	V_H	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	NU	NU	6.4V

Notes:

1. $V_H = 12.75V \pm 0.25 V_{DC}$.
2. V_{IH} = As per specific Z8 DC specification.
3. V_{IL} = As per specific Z8 DC specification.
4. X = Not used, but must be set to V_H or V_{IH} level.
5. NU = Not used, but must be set to either V_{IH} or V_{IL} level.
6. I_{PP} during programming = 40 mA maximum.
7. I_{CC} during programming, verify, or read = 40 mA maximum.
8. * V_{CC} has a tolerance of $\pm 0.25V$.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

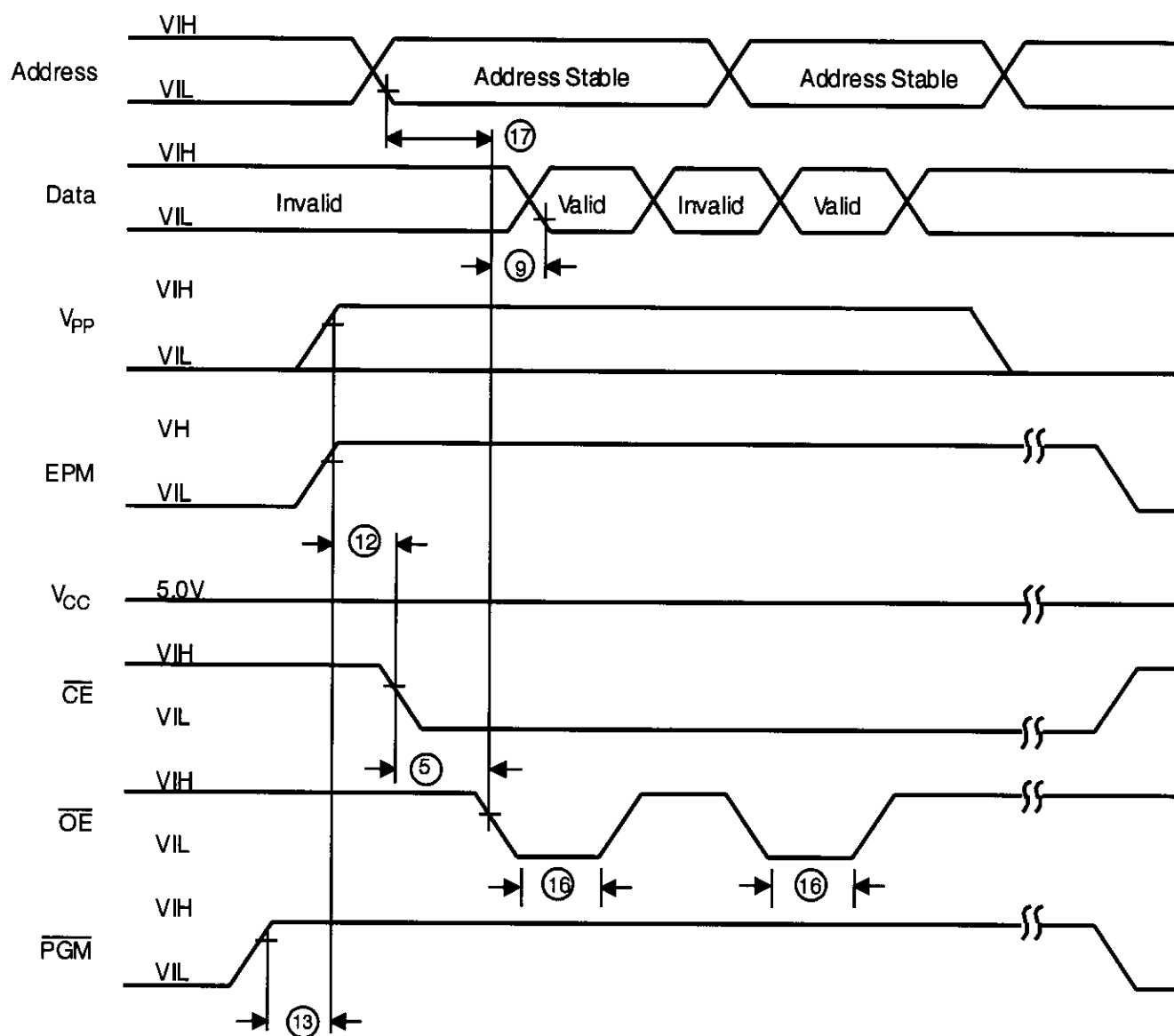
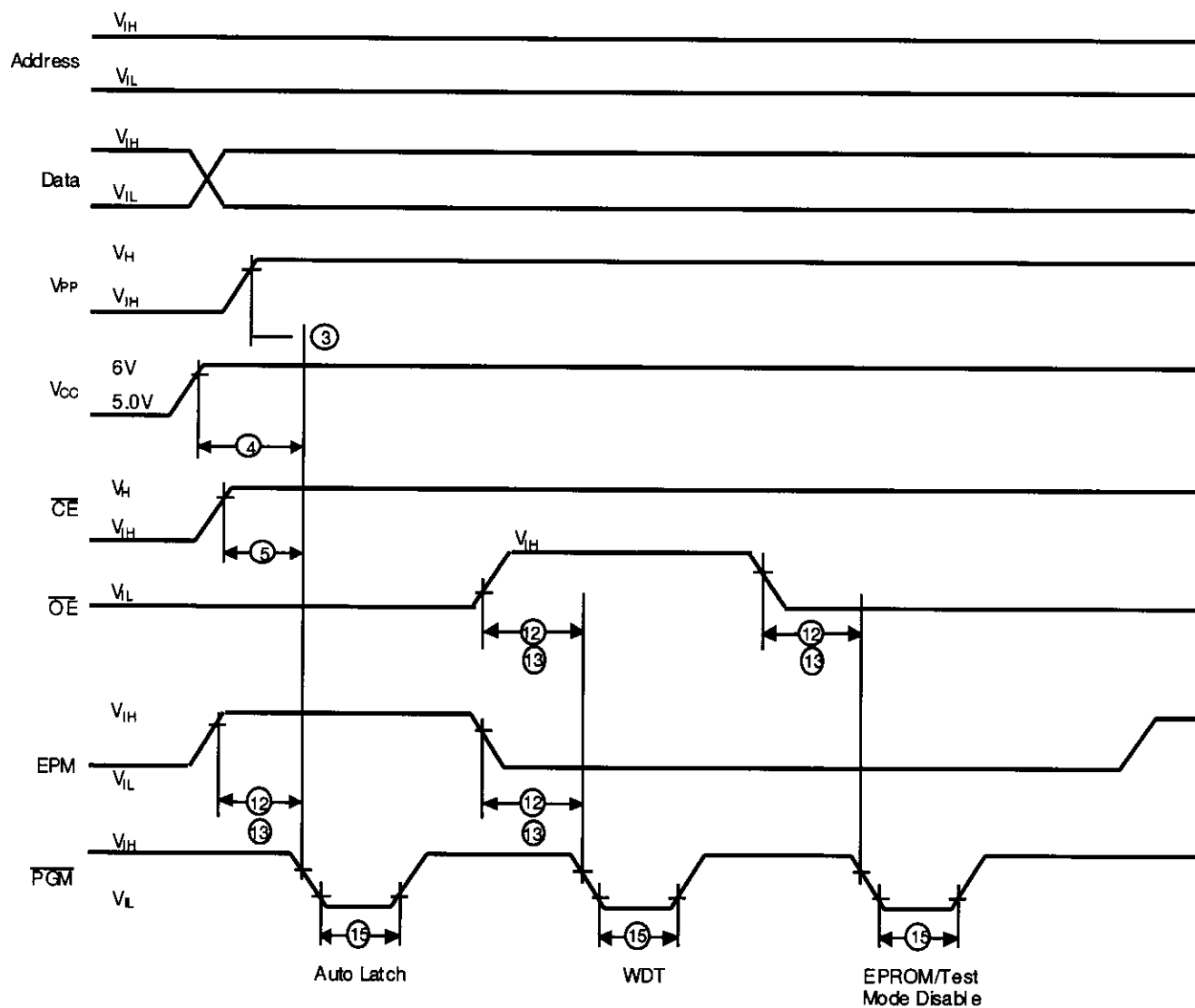


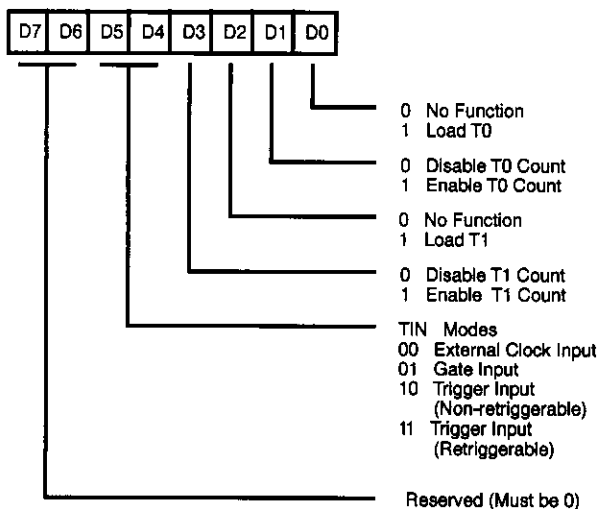
Figure 19. Z86E04/E08 Programming Waveform
(EPROM Read)



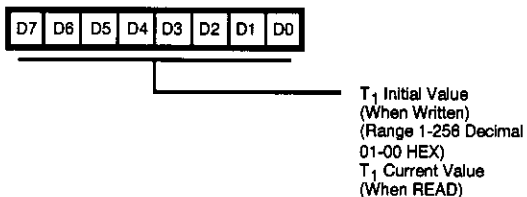
**Figure 22. Z86E04/E08 Programming Options Waveform
(Auto Latch Disable, Permanent WDT Enable and
EPROM/Test Mode Disable)**

Z8 CONTROL REGISTERS

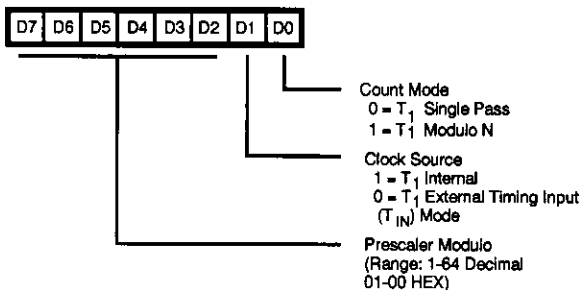
R241 TMR

Figure 24. Timer Mode Register (F1_H: Read/Write)

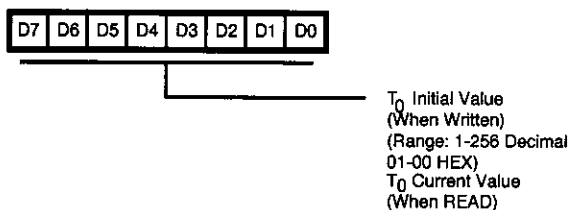
R242 T1

Figure 25. Counter Timer 1 Register (F2_H: Read/Write)

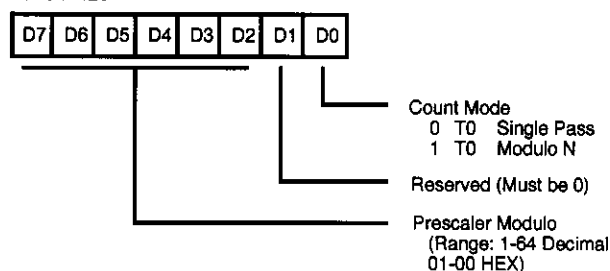
R243 PRE1

Figure 26. Prescaler 1 Register (F3_H: Write Only)

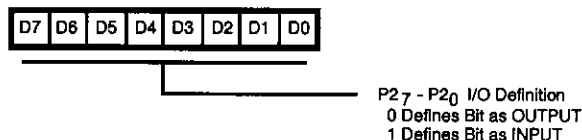
R244 T0

Figure 27. Counter/Timer 0 Register (F4_H: Read/Write)

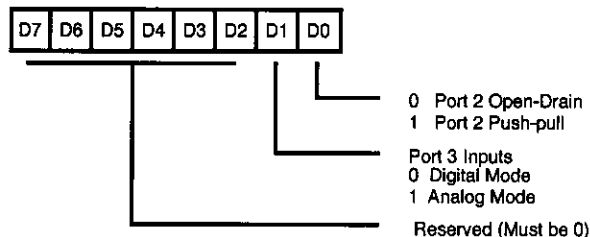
R245 PRE0

Figure 28. Prescaler 0 Register (F5_H: Write Only)

R246 P2M

Figure 29. Port 2 Mode Register (F6_H: Write Only)

R247 P3M

Figure 30. Port 3 Mode Register (F7_H: Write Only)

Z8 CONTROL REGISTERS (Continued)

R248 P01M

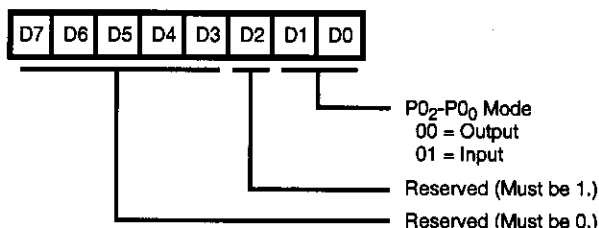


Figure 31. Port 0 and 1 Mode Register
(F8_H: Write Only)

R249 IPR

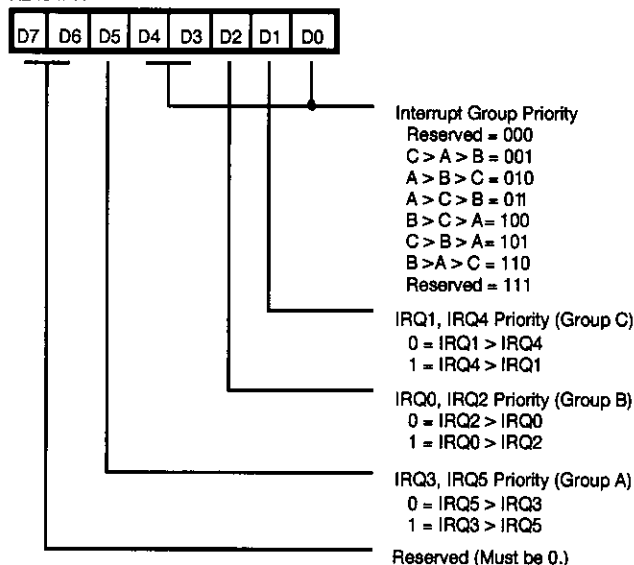


Figure 32. Interrupt Priority Register
(F9_H: Write Only)

R250 IRQ

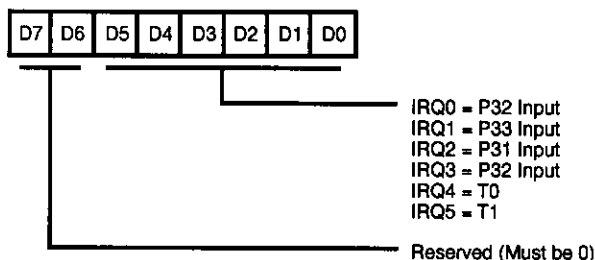


Figure 33. Interrupt Request Register
(FA_H: Read/Write)

R251 IMR

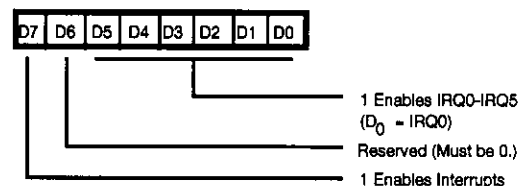


Figure 34. Interrupt Mask Register
(FB_H: Read/Write)

R252 Flags

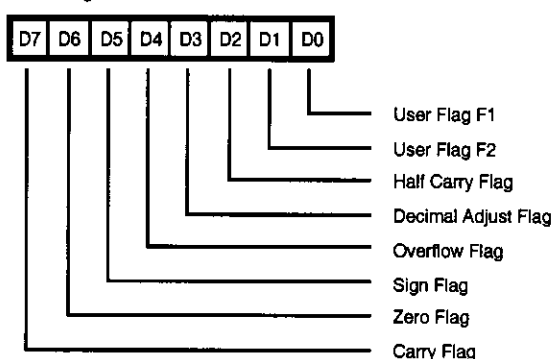


Figure 35. Flag Register
(FC_H: Read/Write)

R253 RP

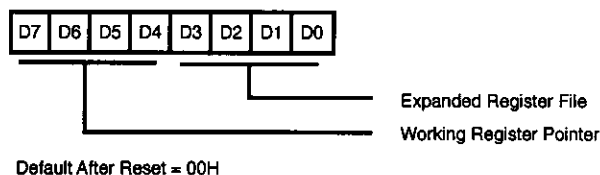


Figure 36. Register Pointer
(FD_H: Read/Write)

R255 SPL

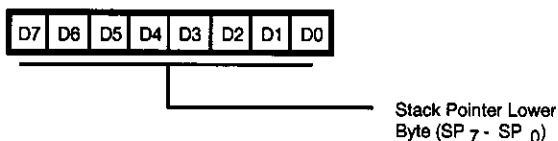
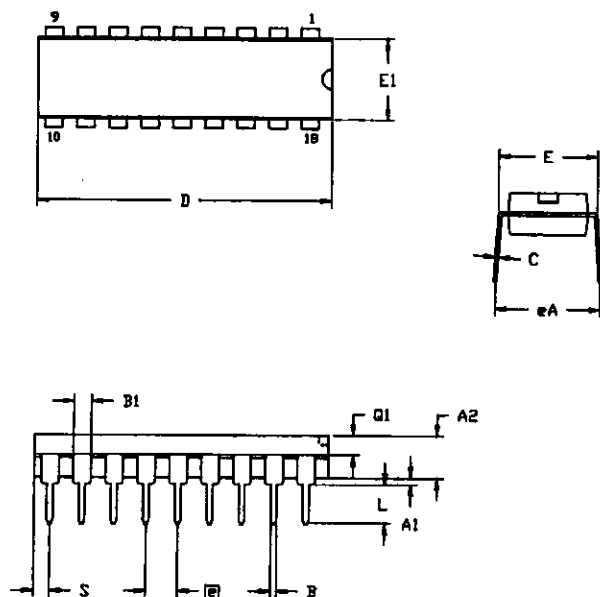


Figure 37. Stack Pointer
(FF_H: Read/Write)

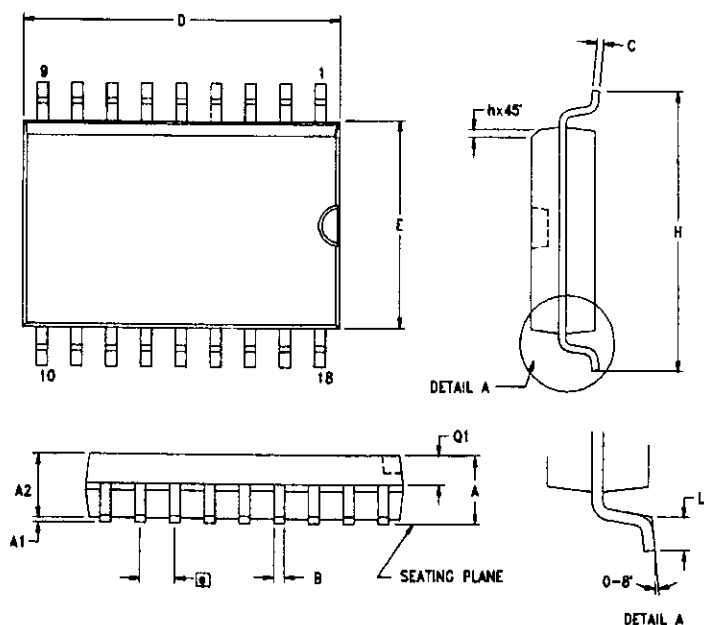
PACKAGE INFORMATION



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1	0.51	0.81	.020	.032
A2	3.25	3.43	.128	.135
B	0.38	0.53	.015	.021
B1	1.14	1.65	.045	.065
C	0.23	0.38	.009	.015
D	22.35	23.37	.880	.920
E	7.62	8.13	.300	.320
E1	6.22	6.48	.245	.255
□	2.54 TYP		.100 TYP	
eA	7.87	8.89	.310	.350
L	3.18	3.81	.125	.150
Q1	1.52	1.65	.060	.065
S	0.89	1.65	.035	.065

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH

18-Pin DIP Package Diagram



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.40	2.65	0.094	0.104
A1	0.10	0.30	0.004	0.012
A2	2.24	2.44	0.088	0.096
B	0.36	0.46	0.014	0.018
C	0.23	0.30	0.009	0.012
D	11.40	11.75	0.449	0.463
E	7.40	7.60	0.291	0.299
□	1.27 TYP		0.050 TYP	
H	10.00	10.65	0.394	0.419
h	0.30	0.50	0.012	0.020
L	0.60	1.00	0.024	0.039
Q1	0.97	1.07	0.038	0.042

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM
LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.

18-Pin SOIC Package Diagram

Z86E04

18-Pin DIP

Z86E0412PSC

Z86E0412PEC

18-Pin SOIC

Z86E0412SSC

Z86E0412SEC

Z86E08

Standard Temperature

18-Pin DIP

Z86E0812PSC

Z86E0812PEC

18-Pin SOIC

Z86E0812SSC

Z86E0812SEC

Codes

Preferred Package

P = Plastic DIP

Speeds

12 = 12 MHz

Longer Lead Time

$S = SOIC$

Environmental

C = Plastic Standard

Preferred Temperature

$S = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$

E = -40°C to +105°C

Example:

Z 86E04 12 P S C

is a Z86E04, 12 MHz, DIP, 0°C to +70°C, Plastic Standard Flow

