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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	12MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	14
Program Memory Size	2KB (2K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	125 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/z86e0812heg1866

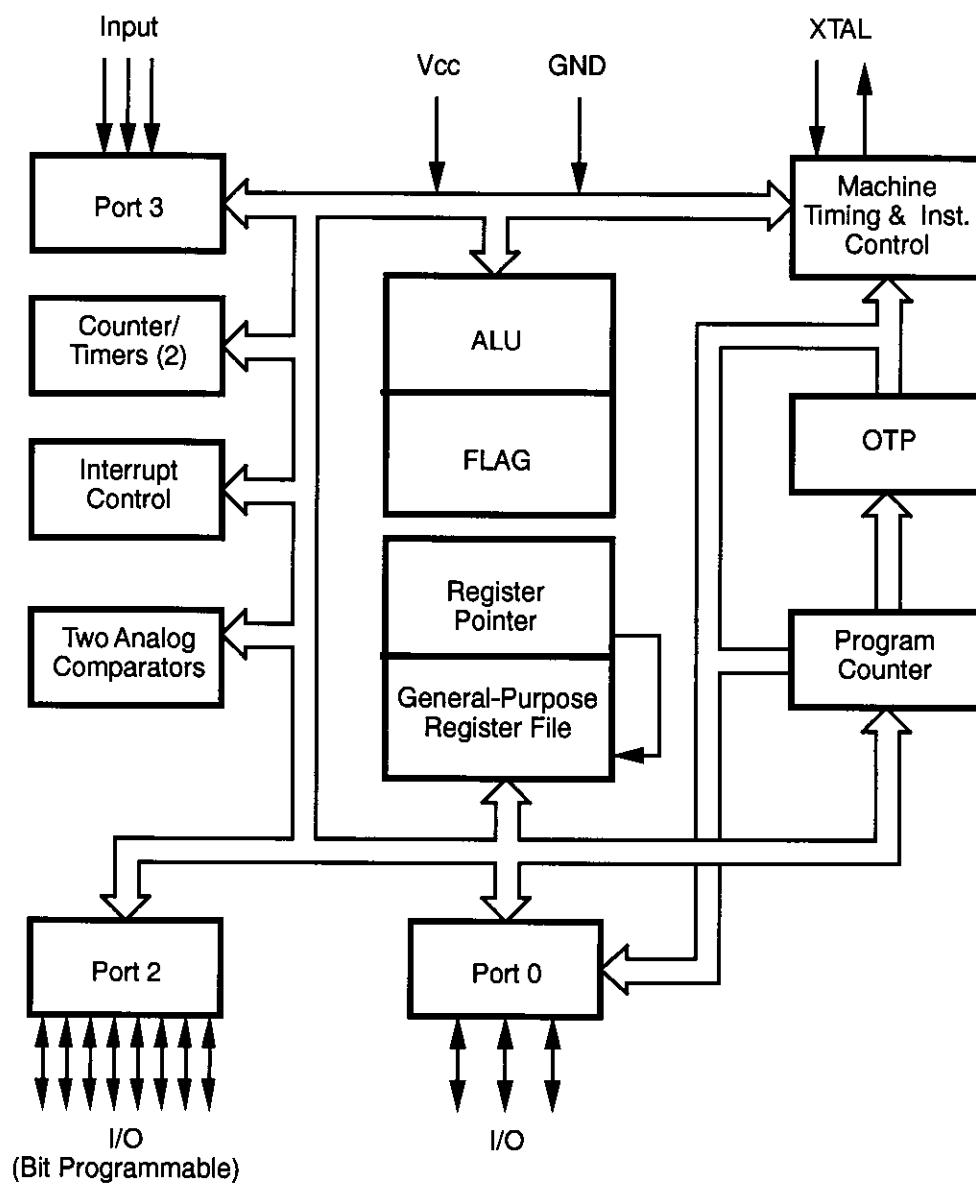


Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

GENERAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

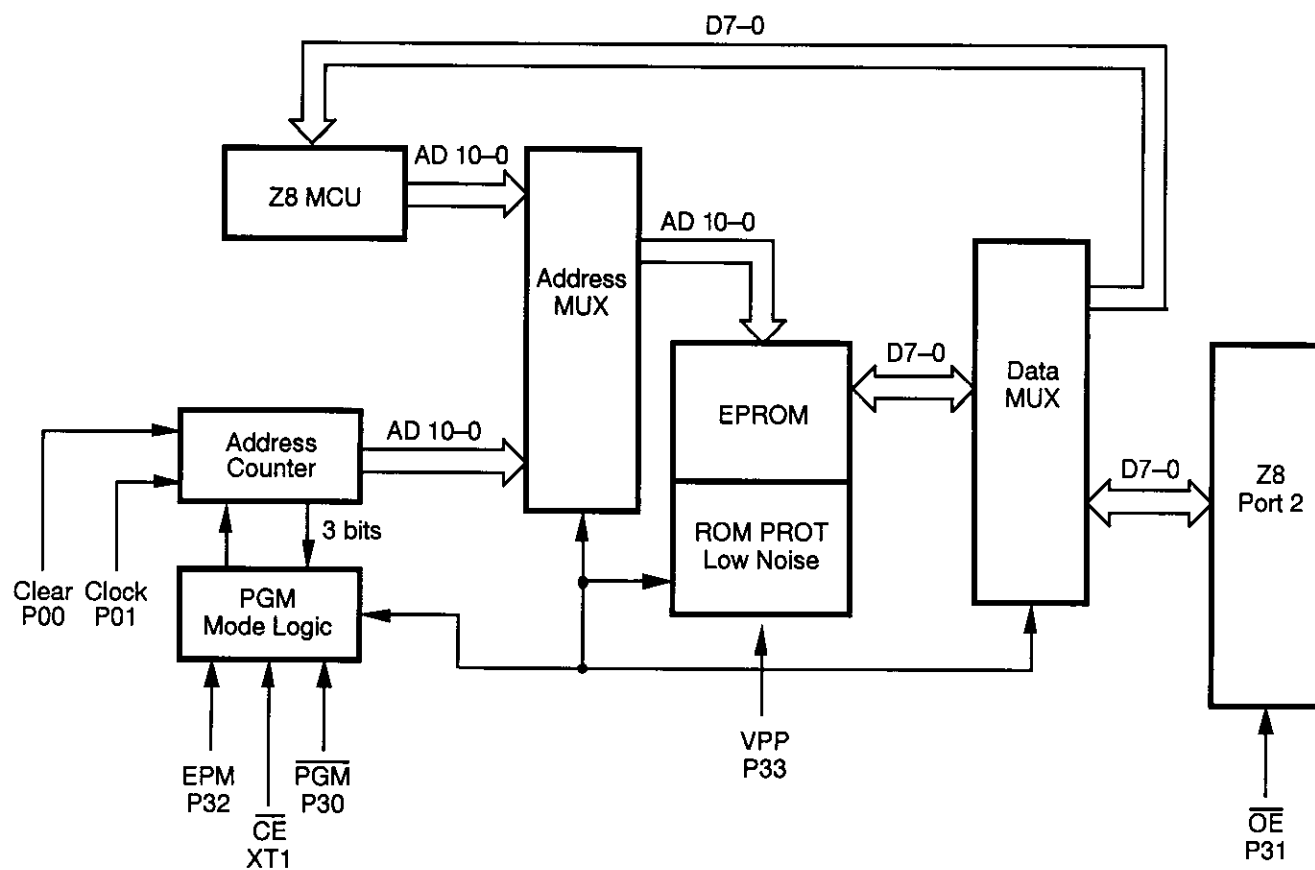


Figure 2. EPROM Programming Mode Block Diagram

PIN DESCRIPTION

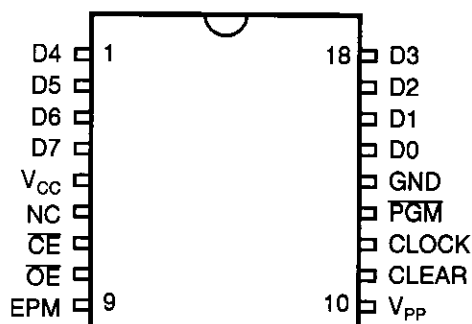


Figure 3. 18-Pin EPROM Mode Configuration

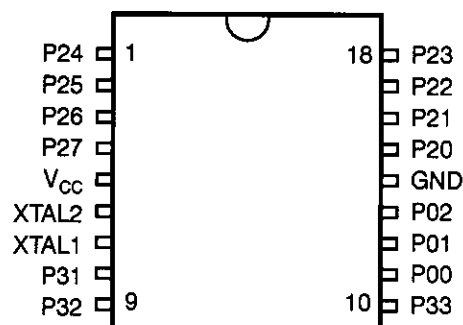


Figure 4. 18-Pin DIP/SOIC Mode Configuration

Table 1. 18-Pin DIP Pin Identification

EPROM Programming Mode			
Pin #	Symbol	Function	Direction
1–4	D4–D7	Data 4, 5, 6, 7	In/Output
5	V _{CC}	Power Supply	
6	NC	No Connection	
7	CE	Chip Enable	Input
8	OE	Output Enable	Input
9	EPM	EPROM Prog Mode	Input
10	V _{PP}	Prog Voltage	Input
11	Clear	Clear Clock	Input
12	Clock	Address	Input
13	PGM	Prog Mode	Input
14	GND	Ground	
15–18	D0–D3	Data 0,1, 2, 3	In/Output

Table 2. 18-Pin DIP/SOIC Pin Identification

Standard Mode			
Pin #	Symbol	Function	Direction
1–4	P24–P27	Port 2, Pins 4,5,6,7	In/Output
5	V _{CC}	Power Supply	
6	XTAL2	Crystal Osc. Clock	Output
7	XTAL1	Crystal Osc. Clock	Input
8	P31	Port 3, Pin 1, AN1	Input
9	P32	Port 3, Pin 2, AN2	Input
10	P33	Port 3, Pin 3, REF	Input
11–13	P00–P02	Port 0, Pins 0,1,2	In/Output
14	GND	Ground	
15–18	P20–P23	Port 2, Pins 0,1,2,3	In/Output

STANDARD TEST CONDITIONS

The characteristics listed below apply for standard test conditions as noted. All voltages are referenced to Ground. Positive current flows into the referenced pin (Figure 5).

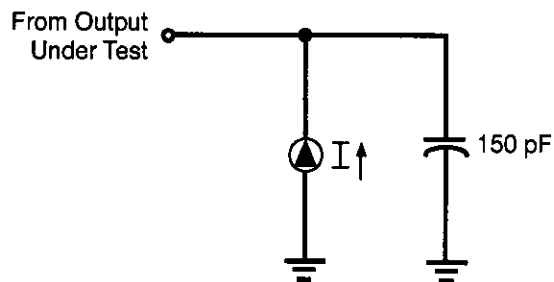


Figure 5. Test Load Diagram

CAPACITANCE

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$, unmeasured pins returned to GND.

Parameter	Min	Max
Input capacitance	0	10 pF
Output capacitance	0	20 pF
I/O capacitance	0	25 pF

Sym	Parameter	$T_A = 0^\circ\text{C to } +70^\circ\text{C}$ Typical			Units	Conditions	Notes
		V_{CC} [4]	Min	Max @ 25°C			
I_{CC}	Supply Current	4.5V		11.0	6.8	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		11.0	6.8	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		15.0	8.2	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 8 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		15.0	8.2	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 8 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		20.0	12.0	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 12 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		20.0	12.0	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 12 MHz	5,7
I_{CC1}	Standby Current	4.5V		4.0	2.5	mA HALT Mode $V_{IN} = 0V$, V_{CC} @ 2 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		4.0	2.5	mA HALT Mode $V_{IN} = 0V$, V_{CC} @ 2 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		5.0	3.0	mA HALT Mode $V_{IN} = 0V$, V_{CC} @ 8 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		5.0	3.0	mA HALT Mode $V_{IN} = 0V$, V_{CC} @ 8 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		7.0	4.0	mA HALT Mode $V_{IN} = 0V$, V_{CC} @ 12 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		7.0	4.0	mA HALT Mode $V_{IN} = 0V$, V_{CC} @ 12 MHz	5,7
I_{CC}	Supply Current (Low Noise Mode)	4.5V		11.0	6.8	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 1 MHz	7
		5.5V		11.0	6.8	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 1 MHz	7
		4.5V		13.0	7.5	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	7
		5.5V		13.0	7.5	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	7
		4.5V		15.0	8.2	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 4 MHz	7
		5.5V		15.0	8.2	mA All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 4 MHz	7

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Sym	Parameter	V _{CC} [4]	T _A = -40°C to +105°C		Typical @ 25°C	Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Max				
I _{CC}	Supply Current	4.5V		11.0	6.8	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		11.0	6.8	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		15.0	8.2	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 8 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		15.0	8.2	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 8 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		20.0	12.0	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 12 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		20.0	12.0	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 12 MHz	5,7
I _{CC1}	Standby Current	4.5V		5.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		5.0	2.5	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 2 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 8 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		5.0	3.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 8 MHz	5,7
		4.5V		7.0	4.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 12 MHz	5,7
		5.5V		7.0	4.0	mA	HALT Mode V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} @ 12 MHz	5,7
I _{CC}	Supply Current (Low Noise Mode)	4.5V		11.0	6.8	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 1 MHz	7
		5.5V		11.0	6.8	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 1 MHz	7
		4.5V		13.0	7.5	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	7
		5.5V		13.0	7.5	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 2 MHz	7
		4.5V		15.0	8.2	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 4 MHz	7
		5.5V		15.0	8.2	mA	All Output and I/O Pins Floating @ 4 MHz	7

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Timing Table (Standard Mode for SCLK/TCLK = XTAL/2)

Standard Temperature

15		$T_A = 0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to } +70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$							
No	Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC}	8 MHz		12 MHz		Units	Notes
				Min	Max	Min	Max		
1	TpC	Input Clock Period	4.5V	125	DC	83	DC	ns	1
			5.5V	125	DC	83	DC	ns	1
2	TrC, Tfc	Clock Input Rise and Fall Times	4.5V		25		15	ns	1
			5.5V		25		15	ns	1
3	TwC	Input Clock Width	4.5V	62		41		ns	1
			5.5V	62		41		ns	1
4	TwTinL	Timer Input Low Width	4.5V	100		100		ns	1
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1
5	TwTinH	Timer Input High Width	4.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1
			5.5V	5TpC		5TpC			1
6	TpTin	Timer Input Period	4.5V		8TpC	8TpC			1
			5.5V		8TpC	8TpC			1
7	TrTin, TtTin	Timer Input Rise and Fall Time	4.5V		100		100	ns	1
			5.5V		100		100	ns	1
8	TwIL	Int. Request Input Low Time	4.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
			5.5V	70		70		ns	1,2
9	TwIH	Int. Request Input High Time	4.5V		5TpC	5TpC			1,2
			5.5V		5TpC	5TpC			1,2
10	Twdt	Watch-Dog Timer Delay Time for Timeout	4.5V	12		12		ms	1
			5.5V	12		12		ms	1
11	Tpor	Power-On Reset Time	4.5V	20	80	20	80	ms	1
			5.5V	20	80	20	80	ms	1

Notes:

1. Timing Reference uses 0.7 V_{CC} for a logic 1 and 0.2 V_{CC} for a logic 0.
2. Interrupt request through Port 3 (P33–P31).

PIN FUNCTIONS (Continued)

XTAL1, XTAL2 *Crystal In, Crystal Out* (time-based input and output, respectively). These pins connect a parallel-resonant crystal, LC, or an external single-phase clock (8 MHz or 12 MHz max) to the on-chip clock oscillator and buffer.

Port 0, P02–P00. Port 0 is a 3-bit bidirectional, Schmitt-triggered CMOS-compatible I/O port. These three I/O lines can be globally configured under software control to be inputs or outputs (Figure 7).

Auto Latch. The Auto Latch puts valid CMOS levels on all CMOS inputs (except P33, P32, P31) that are not externally driven. A valid CMOS level, rather than a floating node, reduces excessive supply current flow in the input buffer. On Power-up and Reset, the Auto Latch will set the ports to an undetermined state of 0 or 1. Default condition is Auto Latches enabled.

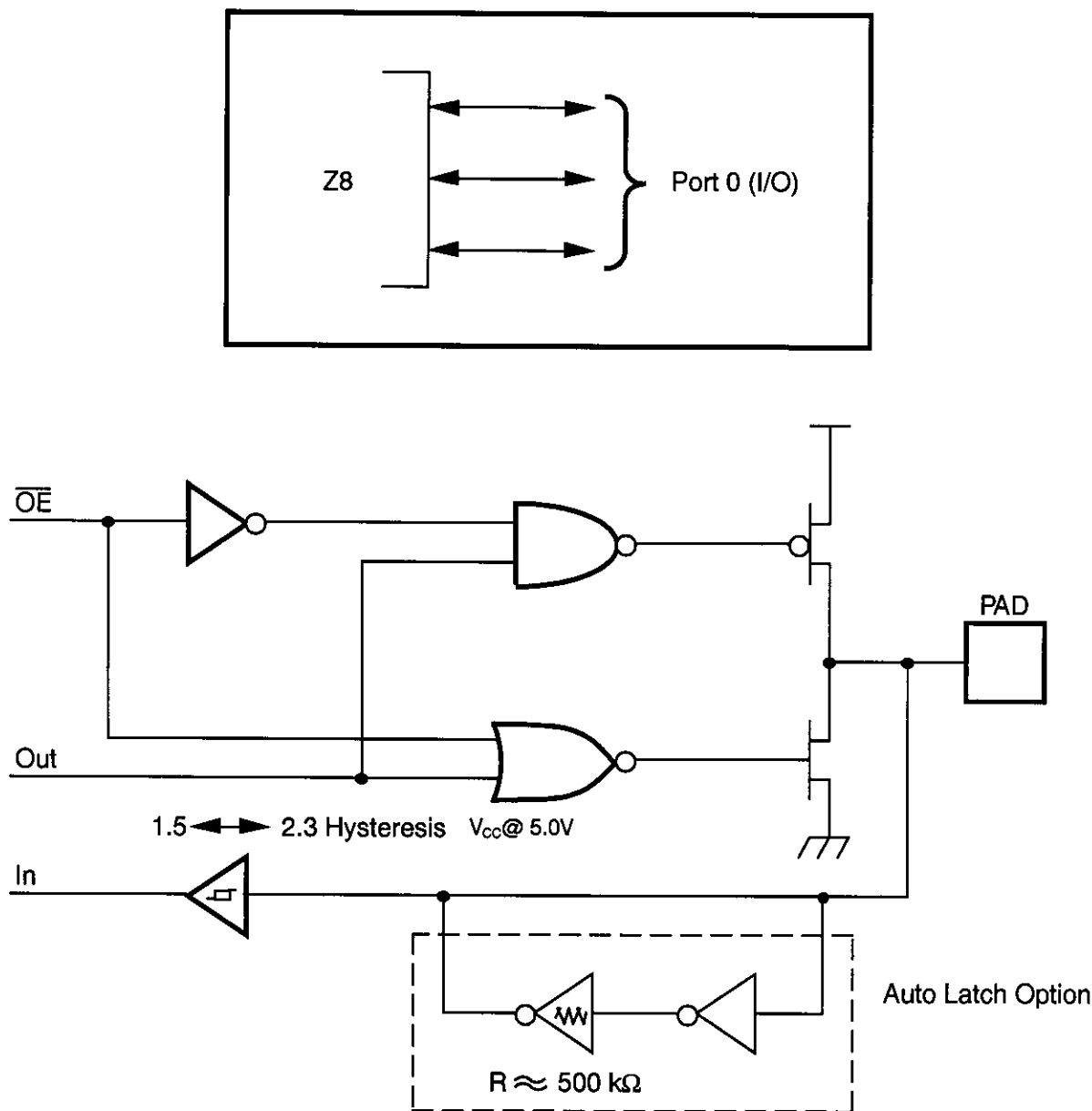


Figure 7. Port 0 Configuration

Port 2, P27–P20. Port 2 is an 8-bit, bit programmable, bi-directional, Schmitt-triggered CMOS-compatible I/O port. These eight I/O lines can be configured under software

control to be inputs or outputs, independently. Bits programmed as outputs can be globally programmed as either push-pull or open-drain (Figure 8).

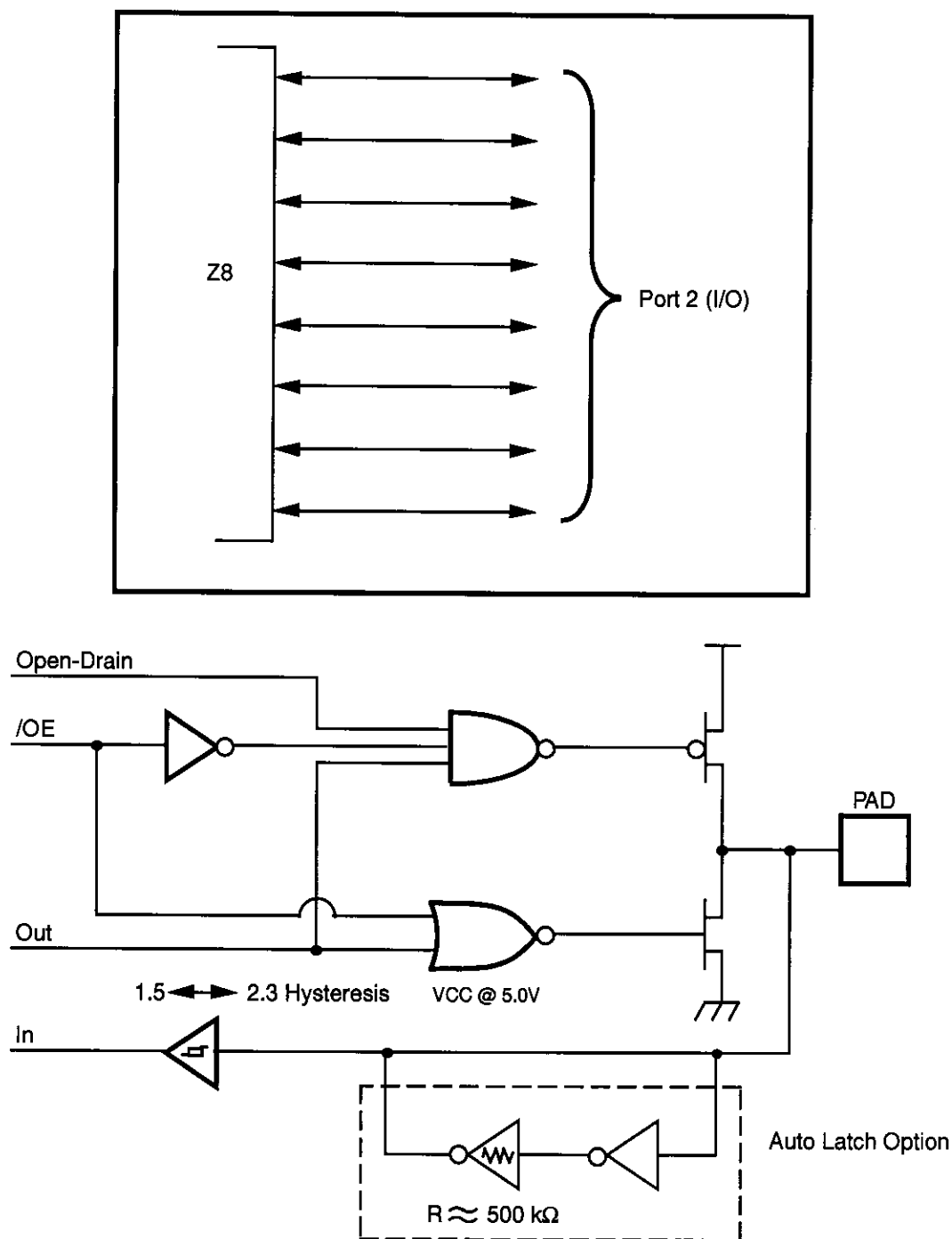
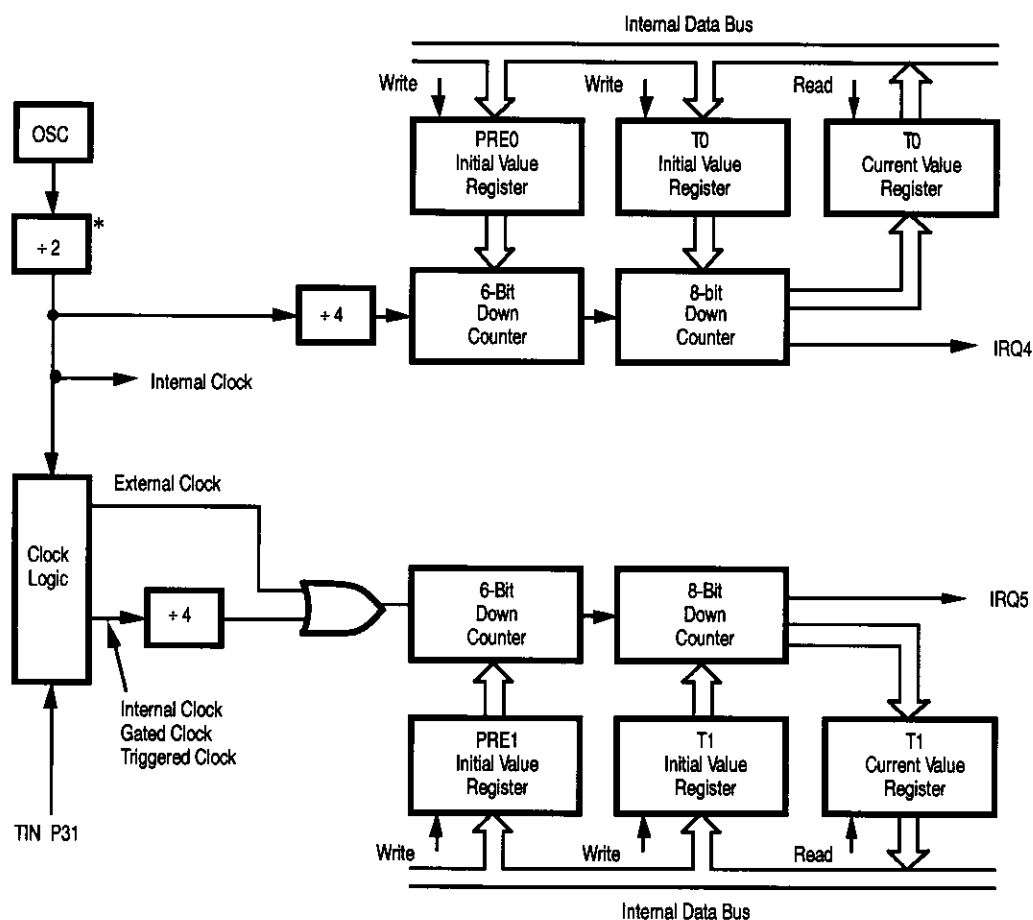


Figure 8. Port 2 Configuration

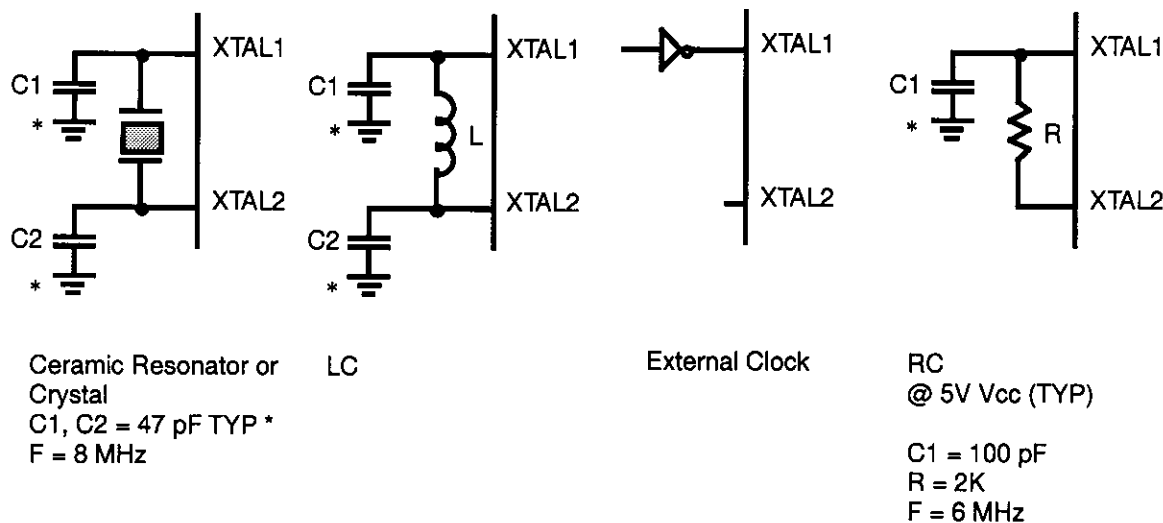


* **Note:** By passed, if Low EMI Mode is selected.

Figure 14. Counter/Timers Block Diagram

Clock. The Z8 on-chip oscillator has a high-gain, parallel-resonant amplifier for connection to a crystal, LC, RC, ceramic resonator, or any suitable external clock source (XTAL1 = INPUT, XTAL2 = OUTPUT). The crystal should be AT cut, up to 12 MHz max., with a series resistance (RS) of less than or equal to 100 Ohms.

The crystal should be connected across XTAL1 and XTAL2 using the vendors crystal recommended capacitors from each pin directly to device ground pin 14 (Figure 16). Note that the crystal capacitor loads should be connected to V_{SS}, Pin 14 to reduce Ground noise injection.



* Typical value including pin parasitics

Figure 16. Oscillator Configuration

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Table 5. Typical Frequency vs. RC Values
 $V_{CC} = 5.0V @ 25^{\circ}C$

Resistor (R)	Load Capacitor							
	33 pFd		56 pFd		100 pFd		0.00 1 μ Fd	
	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)
1.0M	33K	31K	20K	20K	12K	11K	1.4K	1.4K
560K	56K	52K	34K	32K	20K	19K	2.5K	2.4K
220K	144K	130K	84K	78K	48K	45K	6K	6K
100K	315K	270K	182K	164K	100K	95K	12K	12K
56K	552K	480K	330K	300K	185K	170K	23K	22K
20K	1.4M	1M	884K	740K	500K	450K	65K	61K
10K	2.6M	2M	1.6M	1.3M	980K	820K	130K	123K
5K	4.4M	3M	2.8M	2M	1.7K	1.3M	245K	225K
2K	8M	5M	6M	4M	3.8K	2.7M	600K	536K
1K	12M	7M	8.8M	6M	6.3K	4.2M	1.0M	950K

Notes:

A = STD Mode Frequency.

B = Low EMI Mode Frequency.

Table 6. Typical Frequency vs. RC Values
 $V_{CC} = 3.3V @ 25^{\circ}C$

Resistor (R)	Load Capacitor							
	33 pFd		56 pFd		100 pFd		0.00 1 μ Fd	
	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)	A(Hz)	B(Hz)
1.0M	18K	18K	12K	12K	7.4K	7.7K	1K	1K
560K	30K	30K	20K	20K	12K	12K	1.6K	1.6K
220K	70K	70K	47K	47K	30K	30K	4K	4K
100K	150K	148K	97K	96K	60K	60K	8K	8K
56K	268K	250K	176K	170K	100K	100K	15K	15K
20K	690M	600K	463K	416K	286K	266K	40K	40K
10K	1.2M	1M	860K	730K	540K	480K	80K	76K
5K	2M	1.7M	1.5M	1.2M	950K	820K	151K	138K
2K	4.6M	3M	3.3M	2.4M	2.2M	1.6M	360K	316K
1K	7M	4.6M	5M	3.6M	3.6K	2.6M	660K	565K

Notes:

A = STD Mode Frequency.

B = Low EMI Mode Frequency.

HALT Mode. This instruction turns off the internal CPU clock but not the crystal oscillation. The counter/timers and external interrupts IRQ0, IRQ1, IRQ2 and IRQ3 remain active. The device is recovered by interrupts, either externally or internally generated. An interrupt request must be executed (enabled) to exit HALT Mode. After the interrupt service routine, the program continues from the instruction after the HALT.

Note: On the C12 ICEBOX, the IRQ3 does not wake the device out of HALT Mode.

STOP Mode. This instruction turns off the internal clock and external crystal oscillation and reduces the standby current to 10 μ A. The STOP Mode is released by a RESET through a Stop-Mode Recovery (pin P27). A Low input condition on P27 releases the STOP Mode. Program execution begins at location 000C(Hex). However, when P27 is used to release the STOP Mode, the I/O port Mode registers are not reconfigured to their default power-on conditions. This prevents any I/O, configured as output when the STOP instruction was executed, from glitching to an unknown state. To use the P27 release approach with STOP Mode, use the following instruction:

```
LD          P2M, #1XXX XXXXB
NOP
STOP
```

X = Dependent on user's application.

Note: A low level detected on P27 pin will take the device out of STOP Mode even if configured as an output.

In order to enter STOP or HALT Mode, it is necessary to first flush the instruction pipeline to avoid suspending execution in mid-instruction. To do this, the user executes a NOP (opcode=FFH) immediately before the appropriate SLEEP instruction, such as:

```
FF      NOP      ; clear the pipeline
6F      STOP     ; enter STOP Mode
        or
FF      NOP      ; clear the pipeline
7F      HALT     ; enter HALT Mode
```

Watch-Dog Timer (WDT). The Watch-Dog Timer is enabled by instruction WDT. When the WDT is enabled, it cannot be stopped by the instruction. With the WDT instruction, the WDT is refreshed when it is enabled within every 1 Twdt period; otherwise, the controller resets itself. The WDT instruction affects the flags accordingly; Z=1, S=0, V=0.

WDT = 5F (Hex)

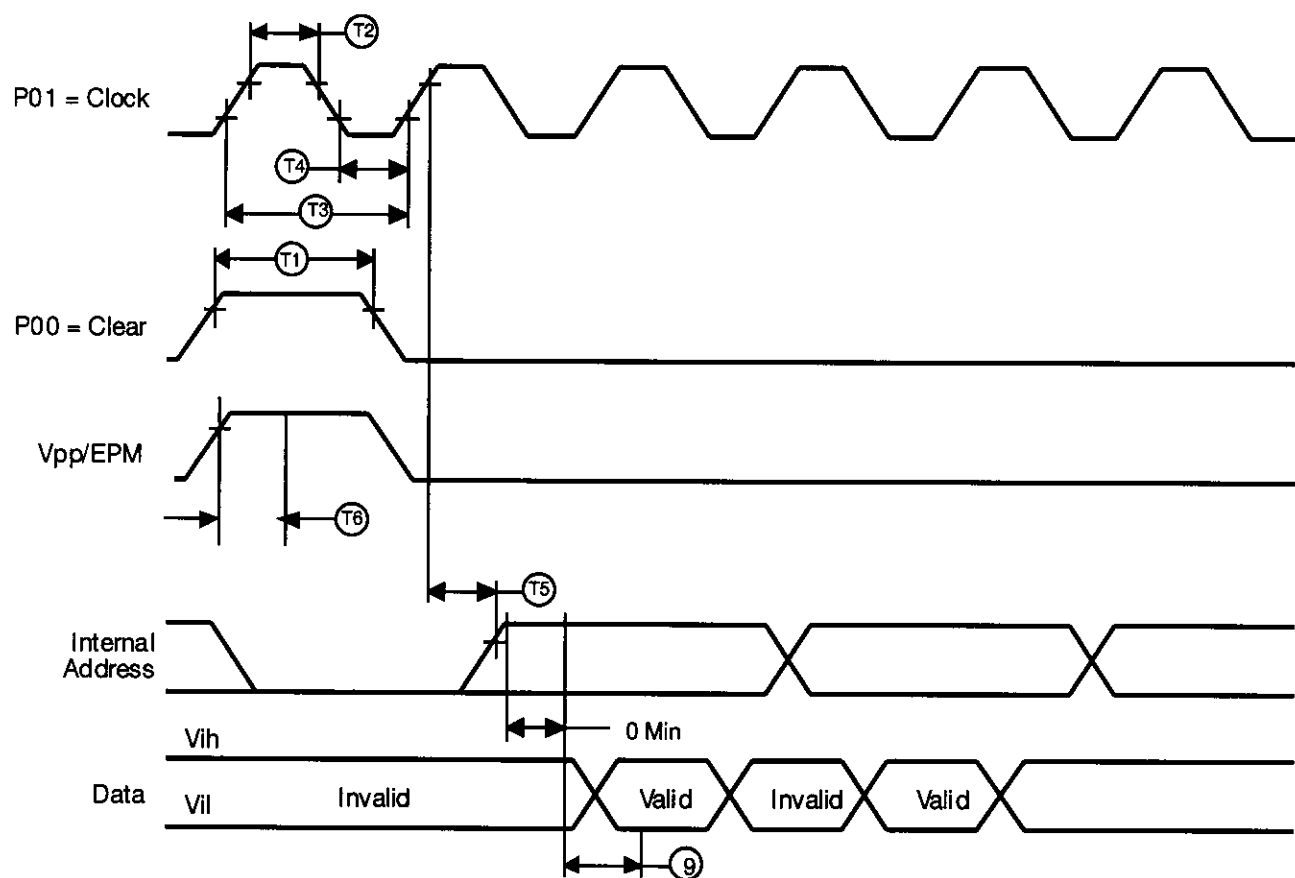
Opcode WDT (5FH). The first time Opcode 5FH is executed, the WDT is enabled and subsequent execution clears the WDT counter. This must be done at least every T_{WDT} ; otherwise, the WDT times out and generates a reset. The generated reset is the same as a power-on reset of T_{POR} , plus 18 XTAL clock cycles. The software enabled WDT does not run in STOP Mode.

Opcode WDH (4FH). When this instruction is executed it enables the WDT during HALT. If not, the WDT stops when entering HALT. This instruction does not clear the counters, it just makes it possible to have the WDT running during HALT Mode. A WDH instruction executed without executing WDT (5FH) has no effect.

Permanent WDT. Selecting the hardware enabled Permanent WDT option, will automatically enable the WDT upon exiting reset. The permanent WDT will always run in HALT Mode and STOP Mode, and it cannot be disabled.

Auto Reset Voltage (V_{LV}). The Z8 has an auto-reset built-in. The auto-reset circuit resets the Z8 when it detects the V_{CC} below V_{LV} .

Figure 17 shows the Auto Reset Voltage versus temperature. If the V_{CC} drops below the VCC operating voltage range, the Z8 will function down to the V_{LV} unless the internal clock frequency is higher than the specified maximum V_{LV} frequency.



Legend:	
T1 Reset Clock Width	30 ns Min
T2 Input Clock High	100 ns Min
T3 Input Clock Period	200 ns Min
T4 Input Clock Low	100 ns Min
T5 Clock to Address Counter Out Delay	15 ns Max
T6 Epm/Vpp Set up Time	40 μ s Min

Figure 18. Z86E04/E08 Address Counter Waveform

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

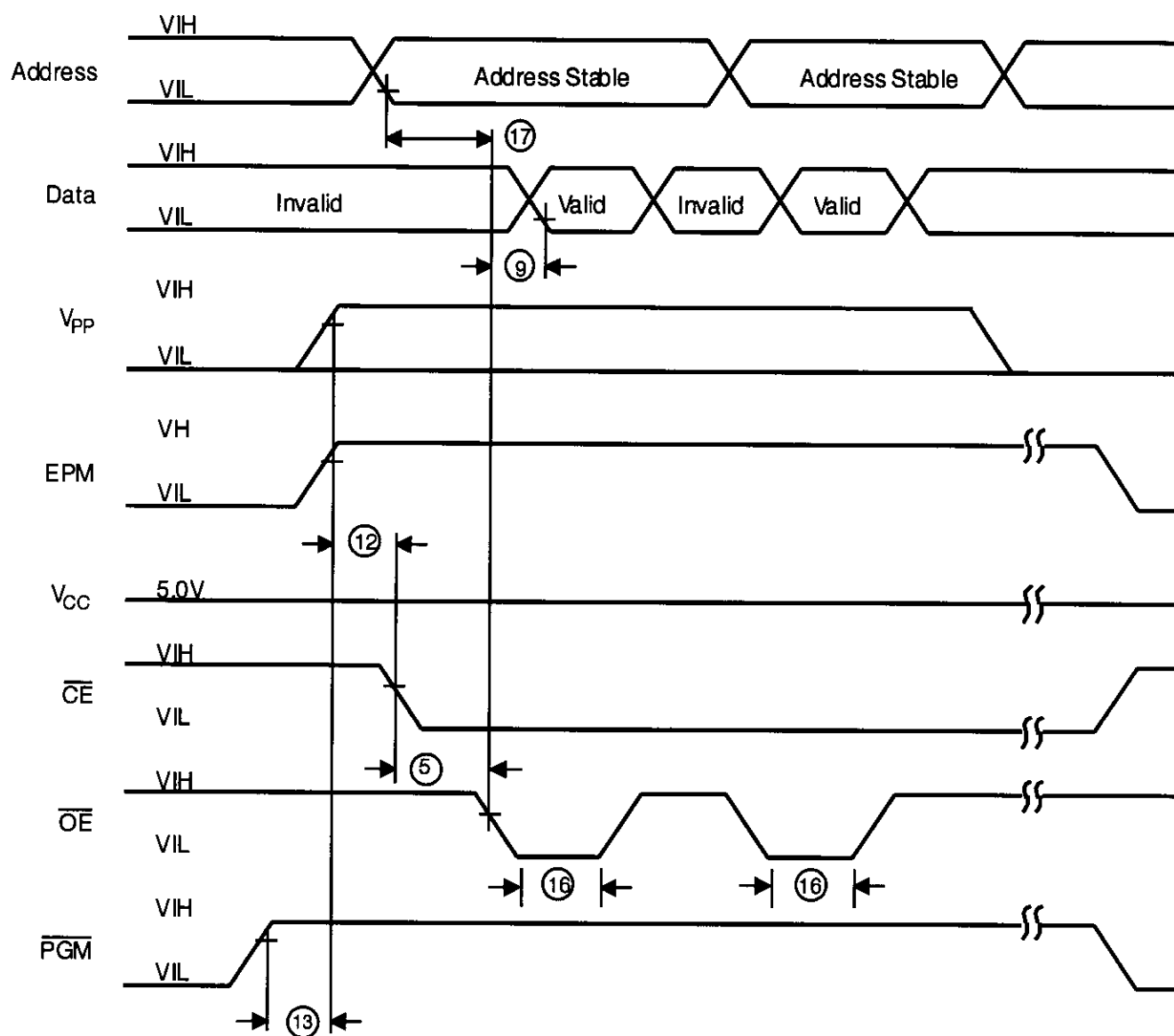


Figure 19. Z86E04/E08 Programming Waveform
(EPROM Read)

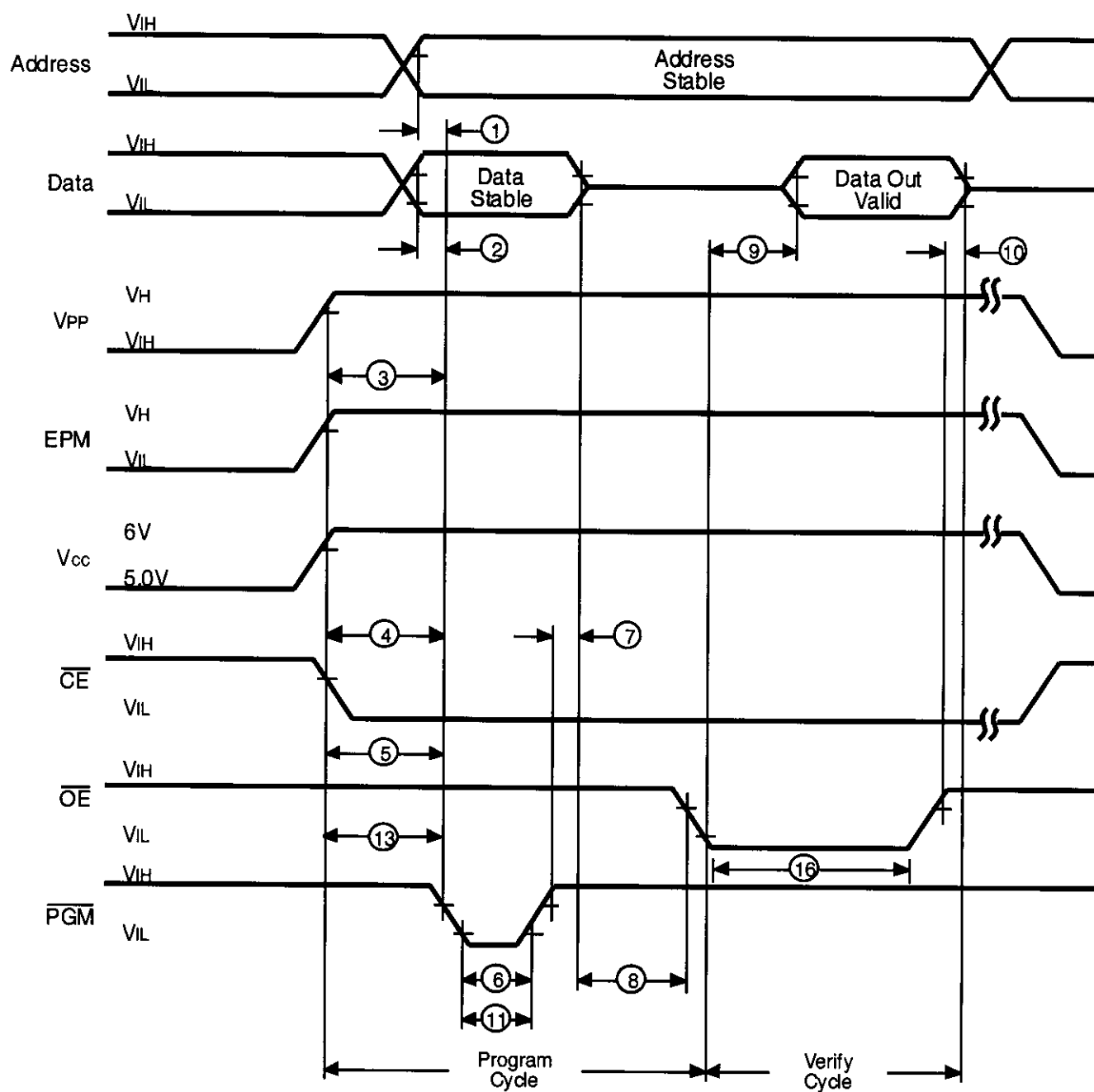
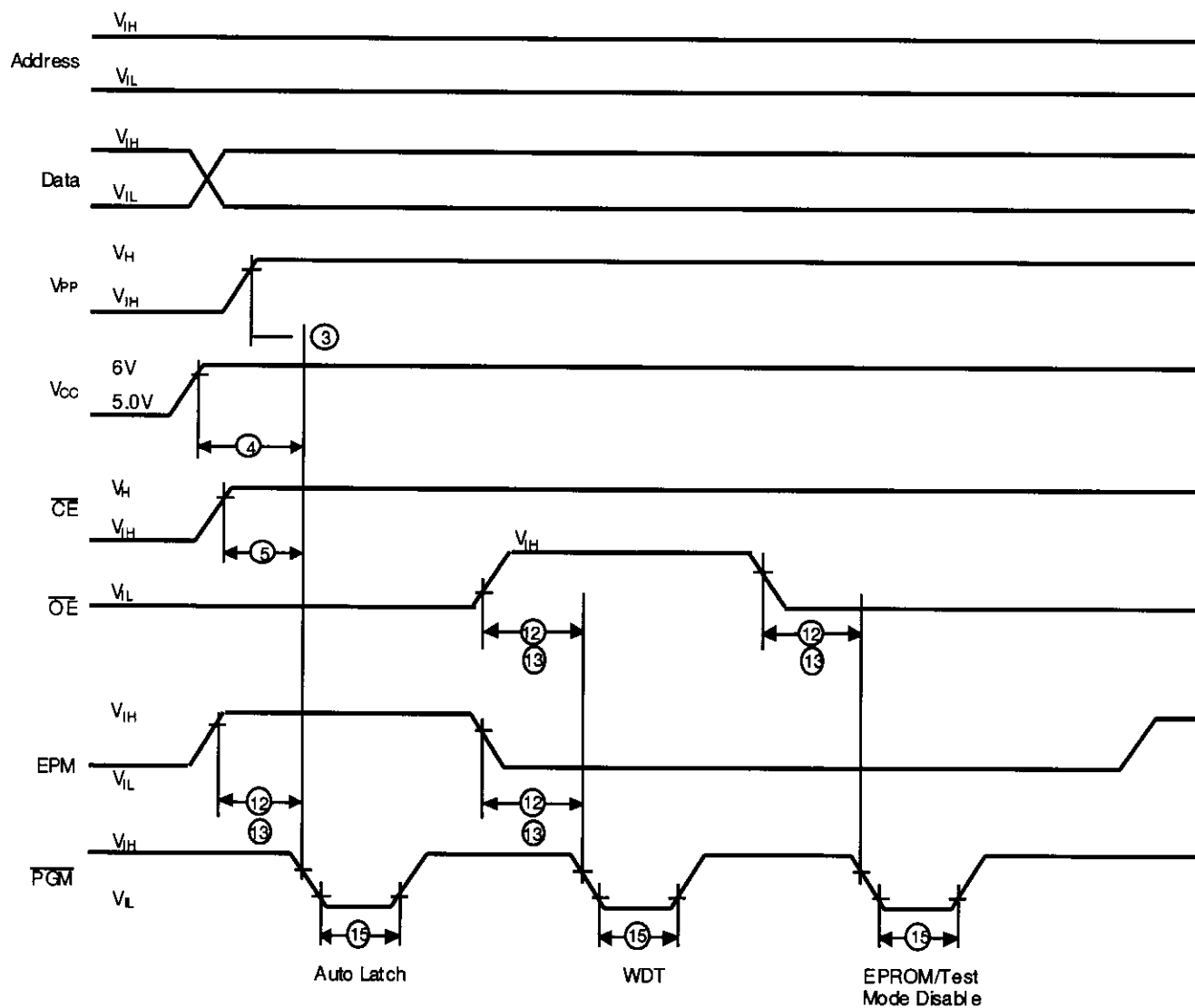


Figure 20. Z86E04/E08 Programming Waveform
(Program and Verify)



**Figure 22. Z86E04/E08 Programming Options Waveform
(Auto Latch Disable, Permanent WDT Enable and
EPROM/Test Mode Disable)**

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

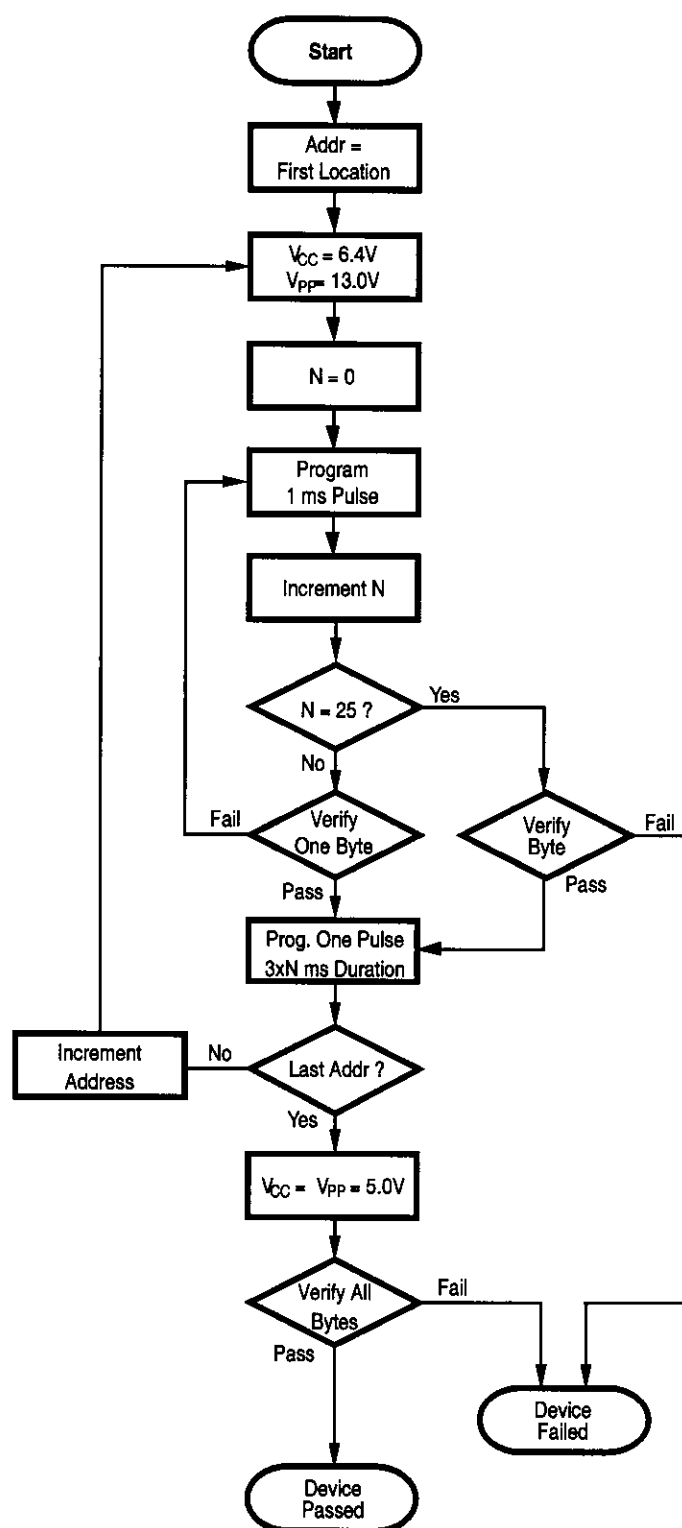
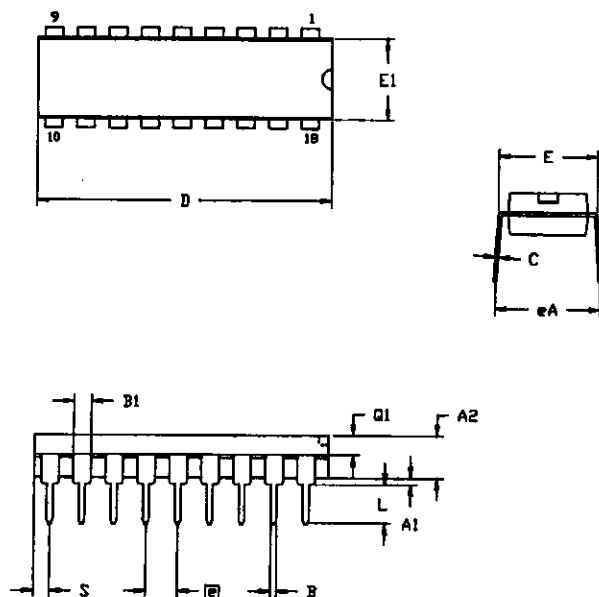


Figure 23. Z86E04/E08 Programming Algorithm

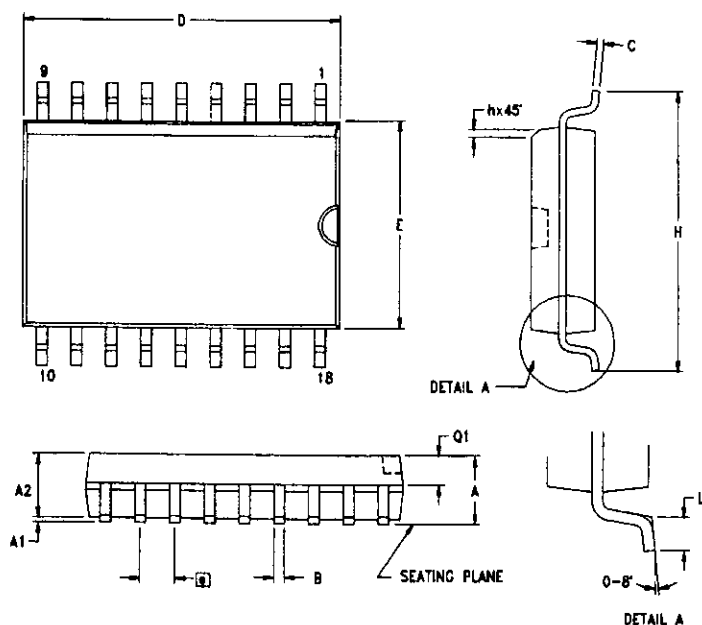
PACKAGE INFORMATION



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1	0.51	0.81	.020	.032
A2	3.25	3.43	.128	.135
B	0.38	0.53	.015	.021
B1	1.14	1.65	.045	.065
C	0.23	0.38	.009	.015
D	22.35	23.37	.880	.920
E	7.62	8.13	.300	.320
E1	6.22	6.48	.245	.255
□	2.54 TYP		.100 TYP	
eA	7.87	8.89	.310	.350
L	3.18	3.81	.125	.150
Q1	1.52	1.65	.060	.065
S	0.89	1.65	.035	.065

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH

18-Pin DIP Package Diagram



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.40	2.65	0.094	0.104
A1	0.10	0.30	0.004	0.012
A2	2.24	2.44	0.088	0.096
B	0.36	0.46	0.014	0.018
C	0.23	0.30	0.009	0.012
D	11.40	11.75	0.449	0.463
E	7.40	7.60	0.291	0.299
□	1.27 TYP		0.050 TYP	
H	10.00	10.65	0.394	0.419
h	0.30	0.50	0.012	0.020
L	0.60	1.00	0.024	0.039
Q1	0.97	1.07	0.038	0.042

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM
LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.

18-Pin SOIC Package Diagram

Pre-Characterization Product:

The product represented by this CPS is newly introduced and Zilog has not completed the full characterization of the product. The CPS states what Zilog knows about this product at this time, but additional features or nonconformance with some aspects of the CPS may be

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