E·XFL



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, SPI, UART/USART, USB, USB OTG
Peripherals	DMA, I ² S, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	29
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 11x16b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-QFN-EP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mk20dx64vft5

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

5.2 Nonswitching electrical specifications

5.2.1 Voltage and current operating requirements

Table 1. Voltage and current operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
V _{DDA}	Analog supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
V _{DD} – V _{DDA}	V _{DD} -to-V _{DDA} differential voltage	-0.1	0.1	V	
$V_{SS} - V_{SSA}$	V _{SS} -to-V _{SSA} differential voltage	-0.1	0.1	V	
V _{BAT}	RTC battery supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
V _{IH}	Input high voltage				
	• $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	_	V	
	• $1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$	$0.75 \times V_{DD}$	_	V	
VIL	Input low voltage				
	• $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	_	$0.35 \times V_{DD}$	V	
	• $1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$	_	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V	
V _{HYS}	Input hysteresis	$0.06 \times V_{DD}$		V	
I _{ICIO}	 I/O pin DC injection current — single pin V_{IN} < V_{SS}-0.3V (Negative current injection) V_{IN} > V_{DD}+0.3V (Positive current injection) 	-3	 +3	mA	1
I _{ICcont}	 Contiguous pin DC injection current —regional limit, includes sum of negative injection currents or sum of positive injection currents of 16 contiguous pins Negative current injection Positive current injection 	-25 —	 +25	mA	
V _{RAM}	V _{DD} voltage required to retain RAM	1.2	—	V	
V _{RFVBAT}	V_{BAT} voltage required to retain the VBAT register file	V _{POR_VBAT}	—	V	

All analog pins are internally clamped to V_{SS} and V_{DD} through ESD protection diodes. If V_{IN} is greater than V_{AIO_MIN} (=V_{SS}-0.3V) and V_{IN} is less than V_{AIO_MAX}(=V_{DD}+0.3V) is observed, then there is no need to provide current limiting resistors at the pads. If these limits cannot be observed then a current limiting resistor is required. The negative DC injection current limiting resistor is calculated as R=(V_{AIO_MIN}-V_{IN})/II_{IC}I. The positive injection current limiting resistor is calculated as R=(V_{IN}-V_{AIO_MAX})/II_{IC}I. Select the larger of these two calculated resistances.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DD_VLPR}	Very-low-power run mode current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled	—	867	_	μA	6
I _{DD_VLPR}	Very-low-power run mode current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks enabled	—	1.1	_	mA	7
I _{DD_VLPW}	Very-low-power wait mode current at 3.0 V	_	509	_	μA	8
I _{DD_STOP}	Stop mode current at 3.0 V					
	• @ -40 to 25°C	—	310	426	μA	
	• @ 70°C	—	384	458	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	629	1100	μA	
I _{DD_VLPS}	Very-low-power stop mode current at 3.0 V					
	● @ -40 to 25°C	—	3.5	22.6	μA	
	• @ 70°C	—	20.7	52.9	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	85	220	μA	
I _{DD_LLS}	Low leakage stop mode current at 3.0 V					
	● @ -40 to 25°C	—	2.1	3.7	μA	
	• @ 70°C	—	7.7	43.1	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	32.2	68	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS3}	Very low-leakage stop mode 3 current at 3.0 V					
	● @ -40 to 25°C	_	1.5	2.9	μA	
	• @ 70°C	_	4.8	22.5	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	20	37.8	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS2}	Very low-leakage stop mode 2 current at 3.0 V					
	• @ -40 to 25°C	_	1.4	2.8	μA	
	• @ 70°C	_	4.1	19.2	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	17.3	32.4	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS1}	Very low-leakage stop mode 1 current at 3.0 V					
	• @ -40 to 25°C	_	0.678	1.3	μA	
	• @ 70°C	_	2.8	13.6	μA	
	• @ 105°C	_	13.6	24.5	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS0}	Very low-leakage stop mode 0 current at 3.0 V with POB detect circuit enabled					
	• @ -40 to 25°C	_	0.367	1.0	μA	
	• @ 70°C	_	2.4	13.3	μA	
	• @ 105°C	_	13.2	24.1	μA	

 Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors (continued)

emission level is the value of the maximum measured emission, rounded up to the next whole number, from among the measured orientations in each frequency range.

- 2. $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$, $f_{OSC} = 12 \text{ MHz}$ (crystal), $f_{SYS} = 48 \text{ MHz}$, $f_{BUS} = 48 \text{ MHz}$
- 3. Specified according to Annex D of IEC Standard 61967-2, Measurement of Radiated Emissions TEM Cell and Wideband TEM Cell Method

5.2.7 Designing with radiated emissions in mind

To find application notes that provide guidance on designing your system to minimize interference from radiated emissions:

- 1. Go to http://www.freescale.com.
- 2. Perform a keyword search for "EMC design."

5.2.8 Capacitance attributes

Table 8. Capacitance attributes

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
C _{IN_A}	Input capacitance: analog pins	_	7	pF
C _{IN_D}	Input capacitance: digital pins	—	7	pF

5.3 Switching specifications

5.3.1 Device clock specifications

Table 9. Device clock specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Normal run mode	9			
f _{SYS}	System and core clock		50	MHz	
f _{SYS_USB}	System and core clock when Full Speed USB in operation	20	_	MHz	
f _{BUS}	Bus clock		50	MHz	
f _{FLASH}	Flash clock		25	MHz	
f _{LPTMR}	LPTMR clock		25	MHz	
	VLPR mode ¹				
f _{SYS}	System and core clock	_	4	MHz	
f _{BUS}	Bus clock		4	MHz	

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f _{FLASH}	Flash clock	_	1	MHz	
f _{ERCLK}	External reference clock	_	16	MHz	
f _{LPTMR_pin}	LPTMR clock	-	25	MHz	
f _{LPTMR_ERCLK}	LPTMR external reference clock	_	16	MHz	
f _{I2S_MCLK}	I2S master clock	_	12.5	MHz	
f _{I2S_BCLK}	I2S bit clock		4	MHz	

Table 9. Device clock specifications (continued)

1. The frequency limitations in VLPR mode here override any frequency specification listed in the timing specification for any other module.

5.3.2 General switching specifications

These general purpose specifications apply to all signals configured for GPIO, UART, CMT, and I²C signals.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled) — Synchronous path	1.5	-	Bus clock cycles	1, 2
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, analog filter enabled) — Asynchronous path	100	-	ns	3
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, analog filter disabled) — Asynchronous path	50	-	ns	3
	External reset pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled)	100	_	ns	3
	Mode select (EZP_CS) hold time after reset deassertion	2	-	Bus clock cycles	
	Port rise and fall time (high drive strength)				4
	Slew disabled				
	• $1.71 \le V_{DD} \le 2.7V$	—	13	ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$	—		ns	
	Slew enabled		7		
	• $1.71 \le V_{DD} \le 2.7V$	—		ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$	—	36	ns	
			24		

Table 10. General switching specifications

Board type	Symbol	Description	48 LQFP	48 QFN	Unit	Notes
Single-layer (1s)	R _{ejma}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	58	66	°C/W	1,3
Four-layer (2s2p)	R _{ejma}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	40	23	°C/W	,
	R _{0JB}	Thermal resistance, junction to board	24	11	°C/W	5
_	R _{θJC}	Thermal resistance, junction to case	18	1.4	°C/W	6
	Ψ _{JT}	Thermal characterization parameter, junction to package top outside center (natural convection)	3	4	°C/W	7

1. Junction temperature is a function of die size, on-chip power dissipation, package thermal resistance, mounting site (board) temperature, ambient temperature, air flow, power dissipation of other components on the board, and board thermal resistance.

2. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD51-2, Integrated Circuits Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions—Natural Convection (Still Air) with the single layer board horizontal. For the LQFP, the board meets the JESD51-3 specification. For the MAPBGA, the board meets the JESD51-9 specification.

3. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD51-6, *Integrated Circuits Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions – Forced Convection (Moving Air)* with the board horizontal.

5. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD51-8, *Integrated Circuit Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions—Junction-to-Board*. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.

- 6. Determined according to Method 1012.1 of MIL-STD 883, *Test Method Standard, Microcircuits*, with the cold plate temperature used for the case temperature. The value includes the thermal resistance of the interface material between the top of the package and the cold plate.
- 7. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD51-2, Integrated Circuits Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions—Natural Convection (Still Air).

6 Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors

6.1 Core modules







Figure 6. Test Access Port timing

Symbol	Description		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f _{fll_ref}	FLL reference free	quency range	31.25	—	39.0625	kHz	
f _{dco}	DCO output frequency range	Low range (DRS=00) 640 × f _{fll_ref}	20	20.97	25	MHz	2, 3
		Mid range (DRS=01) 1280 × f _{fll_ref}	40	41.94	50	MHz	
		Mid-high range (DRS=10) 1920 × f _{fll_ref}	60	62.91	75	MHz	
		High range (DRS=11) 2560 × f _{fll_ref}	80	83.89	100	MHz	
f _{dco_t_DMX3}	DCO output frequency	Low range (DRS=00) 732 × f _{fll_ref}	_	23.99	—	MHz	4, 5
		Mid range (DRS=01) 1464 × f _{fll_ref}	_	47.97	_	MHz	
		Mid-high range (DRS=10) 2197 × f _{fll_ref}	_	71.99	_	MHz	
		High range (DRS=11) 2929 × f _{fll_ref}	_	95.98	_	MHz	
J _{cyc_fll}	FLL period jitter		_	180	_	ps	
	 f_{VCO} = 48 M f_{VCO} = 98 M 	Hz Hz	_	150	_		
t _{fll_acquire}	FLL target frequer	ncy acquisition time	—		1	ms	6
	-	Р	LL				
f _{vco}	VCO operating fre	quency	48.0	—	100	MHz	
I _{pll}	PLL operating cur PLL @ 96 M 2 MHz, VDI	rent 1Hz (f _{osc_hi_1} = 8 MHz, f _{pll_ref} = V multiplier = 48)	_	1060	_	μΑ	7
I _{pll}	PLL operating current • PLL @ 48 MHz (f _{osc_hi_1} = 8 MHz, f _{pll_ref} = 2 MHz, VDIV multiplier = 24)			600	_	μA	7
f _{pll_ref}	PLL reference free	quency range	2.0	—	4.0	MHz	
J _{cyc_pll}	PLL period jitter (F	RMS)					8
	• f _{vco} = 48 MH	lz	-	120	—	ps	
	• f _{vco} = 100 M	Hz	-	50	-	ps	

Table 13. MCG specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
J _{acc_pll}	PLL accumulated jitter over 1µs (RMS)					8
	• f _{vco} = 48 MHz	—	1350	—	ps	
	• f _{vco} = 100 MHz	—	600	_	ps	
D _{lock}	Lock entry frequency tolerance	± 1.49	—	± 2.98	%	
D _{unl}	Lock exit frequency tolerance	± 4.47		± 5.97	%	
t _{pll_lock}	Lock detector detection time			150×10^{-6} + 1075(1/ f _{pll_ref})	S	9

Table 13. MCG specifications (continued)

1. This parameter is measured with the internal reference (slow clock) being used as a reference to the FLL (FEI clock mode).

2. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=0.

The resulting system clock frequencies should not exceed their maximum specified values. The DCO frequency deviation
 (Δf_{dco_t}) over voltage and temperature should be considered.

4. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=1.

5. The resulting clock frequency must not exceed the maximum specified clock frequency of the device.

6. This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value is changed, DMX32 bit is changed, DRS bits are changed, or changing from FLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.

7. Excludes any oscillator currents that are also consuming power while PLL is in operation.

8. This specification was obtained using a Freescale developed PCB. PLL jitter is dependent on the noise characteristics of each PCB and results will vary.

 This specification applies to any time the PLL VCO divider or reference divider is changed, or changing from PLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to PLL enabled (PBE, PEE). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.

6.3.2 Oscillator electrical specifications

This section provides the electrical characteristics of the module.

6.3.2.1 Oscillator DC electrical specifications Table 14. Oscillator DC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	_	3.6	V	
I _{DDOSC}	Supply current — low-power mode (HGO=0)					1
	• 32 kHz	-	500	_	nA	
	• 4 MHz	-	200	_	μA	
	• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)	-	300	_	μA	
	• 16 MHz	-	950	_	μA	
	• 24 MHz	_	1.2	_	mA	
	• 32 MHz	_	1.5	_	mA	
1			1		1	1

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DDOSC}	Supply current — high gain mode (HGO=1)					1
	• 32 kHz	—	25	_	μA	
	• 4 MHz	—	400	_	μA	
	• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)	—	500	_	μA	
	• 16 MHz	—	2.5	_	mA	
	• 24 MHz	—	3	_	mA	
	• 32 MHz	—	4	_	mA	
C _x	EXTAL load capacitance					2, 3
Cy	XTAL load capacitance	—	_			2, 3
R _F	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_	—	_	MΩ	2, 4
	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	10	_	MΩ	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	_	_	MΩ	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	1	_	MΩ	
R _S	Series resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	_	_	kΩ	
	Series resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	200	_	kΩ	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_	_	_	kΩ	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)					
		_	0	_	kΩ	
V _{pp} ⁵	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)		0.6	_	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	V _{DD}	_	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	0.6	_	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	V _{DD}	_	V	

Table 14. Oscillator DC electrical specifications (continued)

1. V_{DD} =3.3 V, Temperature =25 °C

2. See crystal or resonator manufacturer's recommendation

- 3. C_x, C_y can be provided by using either the integrated capacitors or by using external components.
- 4. When low power mode is selected, R_F is integrated and must not be attached externally.

5. The EXTAL and XTAL pins should only be connected to required oscillator components and must not be connected to any other devices.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f _{osc_lo}	Oscillator crystal or resonator frequency — low frequency mode (MCG_C2[RANGE]=00)	32	_	40	kHz	
f _{osc_hi_1}	Oscillator crystal or resonator frequency — high frequency mode (low range) (MCG_C2[RANGE]=01)	3	_	8	MHz	
f _{osc_hi_2}	Oscillator crystal or resonator frequency — high frequency mode (high range) (MCG_C2[RANGE]=1x)	8	_	32	MHz	
f _{ec_extal}	Input clock frequency (external clock mode)	—	_	50	MHz	1, 2
t _{dc_extal}	Input clock duty cycle (external clock mode)	40	50	60	%	
t _{cst}	Crystal startup time — 32 kHz low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_	750	—	ms	3, 4
	Crystal startup time — 32 kHz low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	250	_	ms	•
	Crystal startup time — 8 MHz high-frequency (MCG_C2[RANGE]=01), low-power mode (HGO=0)	_	0.6	_	ms	•
	Crystal startup time — 8 MHz high-frequency (MCG_C2[RANGE]=01), high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	1	_	ms	

6.3.2.2 Oscillator frequency specifications Table 15. Oscillator frequency specifications

1. Other frequency limits may apply when external clock is being used as a reference for the FLL or PLL.

2. When transitioning from FBE to FEI mode, restrict the frequency of the input clock so that, when it is divided by FRDIV, it remains within the limits of the DCO input clock frequency.

3. Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.

4. Crystal startup time is defined as the time between the oscillator being enabled and the OSCINIT bit in the MCG_S register being set.

6.3.3 32 kHz Oscillator Electrical Characteristics

This section describes the module electrical characteristics.

6.3.3.1 32 kHz oscillator DC electrical specifications Table 16. 32kHz oscillator DC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{BAT}	Supply voltage	1.71	_	3.6	V
R _F	Internal feedback resistor	_	100	_	MΩ

6.4.1.2 Flash timing specifications — commands Table 19. Flash command timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Read 1s Block execution time					
t _{rd1blk32k}	32 KB data flash	—	—	0.5	ms	
t _{rd1blk128k}	128 KB program flash	—	—	1.7	ms	
t _{rd1sec1k}	Read 1s Section execution time (flash sector)	_		60	μs	1
t _{pgmchk}	Program Check execution time	_	_	45	μs	1
t _{rdrsrc}	Read Resource execution time	_	_	30	μs	1
t _{pgm4}	Program Longword execution time	_	65	145	μs	
	Erase Flash Block execution time					2
t _{ersblk32k}	32 KB data flash	_	55	465	ms	
t _{ersblk128k}	128 KB program flash	_	61	495	ms	
t _{ersscr}	Erase Flash Sector execution time		14	114	ms	2
	Program Section execution time					
t _{pgmsec512}	• 512 B flash	_	4.7	—	ms	
t _{pgmsec1k}	• 1 KB flash	_	9.3	—	ms	
t _{rd1all}	Read 1s All Blocks execution time	_	_	1.8	ms	
t _{rdonce}	Read Once execution time	_	_	25	μs	1
t _{pgmonce}	Program Once execution time	_	65	_	μs	
t _{ersall}	Erase All Blocks execution time		115	1000	ms	2
t _{vfykey}	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	_	_	30	μs	1
	Program Partition for EEPROM execution time					
t _{pgmpart32k}	• 32 KB FlexNVM	—	70	—	ms	
	Set FlexRAM Function execution time:					
t _{setramff}	Control Code 0xFF	—	50	—	μs	
t _{setram8k}	8 KB EEPROM backup	—	0.3	0.5	ms	
t _{setram32k}	32 KB EEPROM backup	_	0.7	1.0	ms	
	Byte-write to FlexRAM	for EEPRON	l operation		1	I
t _{eewr8bers}	Byte-write to erased FlexRAM location execution time		175	260	μs	3
	Byte-write to FlexRAM execution time:					
t _{eewr8b8k}	8 KB EEPROM backup	_	340	1700	μs	
t _{eewr8b16k}	16 KB EEPROM backup	_	385	1800	μs	
t _{eewr8b32k}	32 KB EEPROM backup	_	475	2000	μs	

- EEPROM allocated FlexNVM based on DEPART; entered with the Program Partition command
- EEESIZE allocated FlexRAM based on DEPART; entered with the Program Partition command
- Write_efficiency
 - 0.25 for 8-bit writes to FlexRAM
 - 0.50 for 16-bit or 32-bit writes to FlexRAM
- n_{nvmcycd} data flash cycling endurance (the following graph assumes 10,000 cycles)



Figure 8. EEPROM backup writes to FlexRAM

6.4.2 EzPort Switching Specifications

Table 22. EzPort switching specifications

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V

Table continues on the next page ...

6.6.1 ADC electrical specifications

The 16-bit accuracy specifications listed in Table 23 and Table 24 are achievable on the differential pins ADCx_DP0, ADCx_DM0.

All other ADC channels meet the 13-bit differential/12-bit single-ended accuracy specifications.

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DDA}	Supply voltage	Absolute	1.71	—	3.6	V	
ΔV _{DDA}	Supply voltage	Delta to V _{DD} (V _{DD} - V _{DDA})	-100	0	+100	mV	2
ΔV _{SSA}	Ground voltage	Delta to V _{SS} (V _{SS} - V _{SSA})	-100	0	+100	mV	2
V _{REFH}	ADC reference voltage high		1.13	V _{DDA}	V _{DDA}	V	
V _{REFL}	Reference voltage low		V _{SSA}	V _{SSA}	V _{SSA}	V	
V _{ADIN}	Input voltage		V _{REFL}	—	V _{REFH}	V	
C _{ADIN}	Input	16 bit modes	_	8	10	pF	
	capacitance	 8/10/12 bit modes 	_	4	5		
R _{ADIN}	Input resistance			2	5	kΩ	
R _{AS}	Analog source resistance	13/12 bit modes f _{ADCK} < 4MHz	_	_	5	kΩ	3
f _{ADCK}	ADC conversion clock frequency	≤ 13 bit modes	1.0		18.0	MHz	4
f _{ADCK}	ADC conversion clock frequency	16 bit modes	2.0		12.0	MHz	4
C _{rate}	ADC conversion	≤ 13 bit modes					5
	rate	No ADC hardware averaging Continuous conversions enabled.	20.000	_	818.330	Ksps	
		subsequent conversion time					

6.6.1.1 16-bit ADC operating conditions Table 23. 16-bit ADC operating conditions

Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors



Figure 13. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDD=3.3V, PMODE=0)

6.8.5 DSPI switching specifications (full voltage range)

The DMA Serial Peripheral Interface (DSPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The tables below provides DSPI timing characteristics for classic SPI timing modes. Refer to the DSPI chapter of the Reference Manual for information on the modified transfer formats used for communicating with slower peripheral devices.

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	1
	Frequency of operation	_	12.5	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	4 x t _{BUS}	_	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	(t _{SCK} /2) - 4	(t _{SCK/2)} + 4	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCSn valid to DSPI_SCK delay	(t _{BUS} x 2) – 4	_	ns	2
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCSn invalid delay	(t _{BUS} x 2) – 4	_	ns	3
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	8.5	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	-1.2	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	19.1		ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	_	ns	

Table 34.	Master mode DS	PI timing	(full voltage	range)
-----------	----------------	-----------	---------------	--------

1. The DSPI module can operate across the entire operating voltage for the processor, but to run across the full voltage range the maximum frequency of operation is reduced.

2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].

3. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].





Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
	Frequency of operation	_	6.25	MHz
DS9	DSPI_SCK input cycle time	8 x t _{BUS}	—	ns
DS10	DSPI_SCK input high/low time	(t _{SCK} /2) - 4	(t _{SCK/2)} + 4	ns
DS11	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	_	24	ns
DS12	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	0	—	ns
DS13	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	3.2	_	ns
DS14	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	7	_	ns
DS15	DSPI_SS active to DSPI_SOUT driven	_	19	ns
DS16	DSPI_SS inactive to DSPI_SOUT not driven	_	19	ns







6.8.6 I²C switching specifications

See General switching specifications.

6.8.7 UART switching specifications

See General switching specifications.



Figure 19. I2S/SAI timing — master modes

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	80	_	ns
S12	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	MCLK period
S13	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	10	—	ns
S14	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	2	_	ns
S15	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output valid	_	29	ns
S16	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output invalid	0	—	ns
S17	I2S_RXD setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	10	—	ns
S18	I2S_RXD hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	2	—	ns
S19	I2S_TX_FS input assertion to I2S_TXD output valid ¹	—	21	ns

Table 37. I2S/SAI slave mode timing

1. Applies to first bit in each frame and only if the TCR4[FSE] bit is clear





6.9 Human-machine interfaces (HMI)

6.9.1 TSI electrical specifications

Table 40. TSI electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DDTSI}	Operating voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V	
C _{ELE}	Target electrode capacitance range	1	20	500	pF	1
f _{REFmax}	Reference oscillator frequency	_	8	15	MHz	2, 3
f _{ELEmax}	Electrode oscillator frequency	_	1	1.8	MHz	2, 4
C _{REF}	Internal reference capacitor	—	1	—	pF	
V _{DELTA}	Oscillator delta voltage	—	500	_	mV	2, 5
I _{REF}	Reference oscillator current source base current		2	3	μΑ	2, 6
	• $32 \mu\text{A}$ setting (REFCHRG = 0) • $32 \mu\text{A}$ setting (REFCHRG = 15)	_	36	50		
I _{ELE}	Electrode oscillator current source base current	_	2	3	μΑ	2, 7
	• $32 \mu\text{A}$ setting (EXTCHRG = 0) • $32 \mu\text{A}$ setting (EXTCHRG = 15)	_	36	50		
Pres5	Electrode capacitance measurement precision	_	8.3333	38400	fF/count	8
Pres20	Electrode capacitance measurement precision	—	8.3333	38400	fF/count	9
Pres100	Electrode capacitance measurement precision		8.3333	38400	fF/count	10
MaxSens	Maximum sensitivity	0.008	1.46		fF/count	11
Res	Resolution	_	_	16	bits	

Table continues on the next page ...

8 Pinout

8.1 K20 Signal Multiplexing and Pin Assignments

The following table shows the signals available on each pin and the locations of these pins on the devices supported by this document. The Port Control Module is responsible for selecting which ALT functionality is available on each pin.

48	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
LQFP -QFN											
1	VDD	VDD	VDD								
2	VSS	VSS	VSS								
3	USB0_DP	USB0_DP	USB0_DP								
4	USB0_DM	USB0_DM	USB0_DM								
5	VOUT33	VOUT33	VOUT33								
6	VREGIN	VREGIN	VREGIN								
7	ADC0_DP0	ADC0_DP0	ADC0_DP0								
8	ADC0_DM0	ADC0_DM0	ADC0_DM0								
9	VDDA	VDDA	VDDA								
10	VREFH	VREFH	VREFH								
11	VREFL	VREFL	VREFL								
12	VSSA	VSSA	VSSA								
13	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5								
14	XTAL32	XTAL32	XTAL32								
15	EXTAL32	EXTAL32	EXTAL32								
16	VBAT	VBAT	VBAT								
17	PTAO	JTAG_TCLK/ SWD_CLK/ EZP_CLK	TSI0_CH1	PTA0	UART0_CTS_ b/ UART0_COL_b	FTM0_CH5				JTAG_TCLK/ SWD_CLK	EZP_CLK
18	PTA1	JTAG_TDI/ EZP_DI	TSI0_CH2	PTA1	UARTO_RX	FTM0_CH6				JTAG_TDI	EZP_DI
19	PTA2	JTAG_TDO/ TRACE_SWO/ EZP_DO	TSI0_CH3	PTA2	UARTO_TX	FTM0_CH7				JTAG_TDO/ TRACE_SWO	EZP_DO
20	PTA3	JTAG_TMS/ SWD_DIO	TSI0_CH4	PTA3	UARTO_RTS_b	FTM0_CH0				JTAG_TMS/ SWD_DIO	
21	PTA4/ LLWU_P3	NMI_b/ EZP_CS_b	TSI0_CH5	PTA4/ LLWU_P3		FTM0_CH1				NMI_b	EZP_CS_b
22	VDD	VDD	VDD								
23	VSS	VSS	VSS								

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
2	2/2012	Initial public release
3	4/2012	 Replaced TBDs throughout. Updated "Power mode transition operating behaviors" table. Updated "Power consumption operating behaviors" table. For "Diagram: Typical IDD_RUN operating behavior" section, added "VLPR mode supply current vs. core frequency" figure. Updated "EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors" section. Updated "Thermal operating requirements" section. Updated "MCG specifications" table. Updated "VREF full-range operating behaviors" table. Updated "I2S/SAI Switching Specifications" table. Updated "TSI electrical specifications" table.
4	5/2012	 For the "32kHz oscillator frequency specifications", added specifications for an externally driven clock. Renamed section "Flash current and power specifications" to section "Flash high voltage current behaviors" and improved the specifications. For the "VREF full-range operating behaviors" table, removed the Ac (aging coefficient) specification. Corrected the following DSPI switching specifications: tightened DS5, DS6, and DS7; relaxed DS11 and DS13. For the "TSI electrical specifications", changed and clarified the example calculations for the MaxSens specification.

Table 41. Revision History