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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, HLVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	23
Program Memory Size	16KB (5.5K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	512 x 8
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 13x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24fv16ka302-e-ss

PIC24FV32KA304 FAMILY

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3.3.2 DIVIDER

The divide block supports 32-bit/16-bit and 16-bit/16-bit signed and unsigned integer divide operations with the following data sizes:

1. 32-bit signed/16-bit signed divide
2. 32-bit unsigned/16-bit unsigned divide
3. 16-bit signed/16-bit signed divide
4. 16-bit unsigned/16-bit unsigned divide

The quotient for all divide instructions ends up in W0 and the remainder in W1. Sixteen-bit signed and unsigned `DIV` instructions can specify any W register for both the 16-bit divisor (W_n), and any W register (aligned) pair ($W(m+1):W_m$) for the 32-bit dividend. The divide algorithm takes one cycle per bit of divisor, so both 32-bit/16-bit and 16-bit/16-bit instructions take the same number of cycles to execute.

3.3.3 MULTI-BIT SHIFT SUPPORT

The PIC24F ALU supports both single bit and single-cycle, multi-bit arithmetic and logic shifts. Multi-bit shifts are implemented using a shifter block, capable of performing up to a 15-bit arithmetic right shift, or up to a 15-bit left shift, in a single cycle. All multi-bit shift instructions only support Register Direct Addressing for both the operand source and result destination.

A full summary of instructions that use the shift operation is provided in Table 3-2.

TABLE 3-2: INSTRUCTIONS THAT USE THE SINGLE AND MULTI-BIT SHIFT OPERATION

Instruction	Description
ASR	Arithmetic shift right source register by one or more bits.
SL	Shift left source register by one or more bits.
LSR	Logical shift right source register by one or more bits.

TABLE 4-16: A/D REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
ADC1BUF0	0300	ADC1BUF0																	xxxx
ADC1BUF1	0302	ADC1BUF1																	xxxx
ADC1BUF2	0304	ADC1BUF2																	xxxx
ADC1BUF3	0306	ADC1BUF3																	xxxx
ADC1BUF4	0308	ADC1BUF4																	xxxx
ADC1BUF5	030A	ADC1BUF5																	xxxx
ADC1BUF6	030C	ADC1BUF6																	xxxx
ADC1BUF7	030E	ADC1BUF7																	xxxx
ADC1BUF8	0310	ADC1BUF8																	xxxx
ADC1BUF9	0312	ADC1BUF9																	xxxx
ADC1BUF10	0314	ADC1BUF10																	xxxx
ADC1BUF11	0316	ADC1BUF11																	xxxx
ADC1BUF12	0318	ADC1BUF12																	xxxx
ADC1BUF13	031A	ADC1BUF13																	xxxx
ADC1BUF14	031C	ADC1BUF14																	xxxx
ADC1BUF15	031E	ADC1BUF15																	xxxx
ADC1BUF16	0320	ADC1BUF16																	xxxx
ADC1BUF17	0322	ADC1BUF17																	xxxx
AD1CON1	0340	ADON	—	ADSIDL	—	—	MODE12	FORM1	FORM0	SSRC3	SSRC2	SSRC1	SSRC0	—	ASAM	SAMP	DONE	0000	
AD1CON2	0342	PVCFG1	PVCFG0	NVCFG0	OFFCAL	BUFREGEN	CSCNA	—	—	BUFS	SMP14	SMP13	SMP12	SMP11	SMP10	BUFM	ALTS	0000	
AD1CON3	0344	ADRC	EXTSAM	—	SAMC4	SAMC3	SAMC2	SAMC1	SAMC0	ADCS7	ADCS6	ADCS5	ADCS4	ADCS3	ADCS2	ADCS1	ADCS0	0000	
AD1CHS	0348	CH0NB2	CH0NB1	CH0NB0	CH0SB4	CH0SB3	CH0SB2	CH0SB1	CH0SB0	CH0NA2	CH0NA1	CH0NA0	CH0SA4	CH0SA3	CH0SA2	CH0SA1	CH0SA0	0000	
AD1CSSH	034E	—	CSSL30	CSSL29	CSSL28	CSSL27	CSSL26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CSSL17	CSSL16	0000	
AD1CSSL	0350	CSSL15	CSSL14	CSSL13	CSSL12	CSSL11	CSSL10	CSSL9	CSSL8	CSSL7	CSSL6	CSSL5	CSSL4	CSSL3	CSSL2	CSSL1	CSSL0	0000	
AD1CON5	0354	ASEN	LPEN	CTMUREQ	BGREQ	r	—	ASINT1	ASINT0	—	—	—	—	WM1	WM0	CM1	CM0	0000	
AD1CHITH	0356	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHH17	CHH16	0000	
AD1CHITL	0358	CHH15	CHH14	CHH13	CHH12	CHH11	CHH10	CHH9	CHH8	CHH7	CHH6	CHH5	CHH4	CHH3	CHH2	CHH1	CHH0	0000	

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'; r = reserved. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

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5.5.1 PROGRAMMING ALGORITHM FOR FLASH PROGRAM MEMORY

The user can program one row of Flash program memory at a time by erasing the programmable row. The general process is as follows:

1. Read a row of program memory (32 instructions) and store in data RAM.
2. Update the program data in RAM with the desired new data.
3. Erase a row (see Example 5-1):
 - a) Set the NVMOPx bits (NVMCON<5:0>) to '011000' to configure for row erase. Set the ERASE (NVMCON<6>) and WREN (NVMCON<14>) bits.
 - b) Write the starting address of the block to be erased into the TBLPAG and W registers.
 - c) Write 55h to NVMKEY.
 - d) Write AAh to NVMKEY.
 - e) Set the WR bit (NVMCON<15>). The erase cycle begins and the CPU stalls for the duration of the erase cycle. When the erase is done, the WR bit is cleared automatically.
4. Write the first 32 instructions from data RAM into the program memory buffers (see Example 5-1).
5. Write the program block to Flash memory:
 - a) Set the NVMOPx bits to '011000' to configure for row programming. Clear the ERASE bit and set the WREN bit.
 - b) Write 55h to NVMKEY.
 - c) Write AAh to NVMKEY.
 - d) Set the WR bit. The programming cycle begins and the CPU stalls for the duration of the write cycle. When the write to Flash memory is done, the WR bit is cleared automatically.

For protection against accidental operations, the write initiate sequence for NVMKEY must be used to allow any erase or program operation to proceed. After the programming command has been executed, the user must wait for the programming time until programming is complete. The two instructions following the start of the programming sequence should be NOPs, as shown in Example 5-5.

EXAMPLE 5-1: ERASING A PROGRAM MEMORY ROW – ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE CODE

```
; Set up NVMCON for row erase operation
MOV    #0x4058, W0          ;
MOV    W0, NVMCON           ; Initialize NVMCON
; Init pointer to row to be ERASED
MOV    #tblpage(PROG_ADDR), W0 ;
MOV    W0, TBLPAG           ; Initialize PM Page Boundary SFR
MOV    #tbloffset(PROG_ADDR), W0 ; Initialize in-page EA[15:0] pointer
TBLWTL W0, [W0]             ; Set base address of erase block
DISI    #5                  ; Block all interrupts
                                for next 5 instructions

MOV    #0x55, W0
MOV    W0, NVMKEY           ; Write the 55 key
MOV    #0xAA, W1
MOV    W1, NVMKEY           ; Write the AA key
BSET   NVMCON, #WR          ; Start the erase sequence
NOP                                ; Insert two NOPs after the erase
NOP                                ; command is asserted
```

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REGISTER 8-6: IFS1: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 1

R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	U-0	R/W-0, HS	U-0
U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	—	OC3IF	—
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	INT1IF	CNIF	CMIF	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:	HS = Hardware Settable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15	U2TXIF: UART2 Transmitter Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 14	U2RXIF: UART2 Receiver Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 13	INT2IF: External Interrupt 2 Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 12	T5IF: Timer5 Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 11	T4IF: Timer4 Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 10	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 9	OC3IF: Output Compare Channel 3 Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 8-5	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 4	INT1IF: External Interrupt 1 Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 3	CNIF: Input Change Notification Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 2	CMIF: Comparator Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 1	MI2C1IF: Master I2C1 Event Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 0	SI2C1IF: Slave I2C1 Event Interrupt Flag Status bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

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REGISTER 8-10: IFS5: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 5

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HS
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ULPWUIF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HS = Hardware Settable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **ULPWUIF:** Ultra Low-Power Wake-up Interrupt Flag Status bit

1 = Interrupt request has occurred

0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

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REGISTER 8-13: IEC2: INTERRUPT ENABLE CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	IC3IE	—	—	—	SPI2IE	SPF2IE
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5 **IC3IE:** Input Capture Channel 3 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request is enabled

0 = Interrupt request is not enabled

bit 4-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1 **SPI2IE:** SPI2 Event Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request is enabled

0 = Interrupt request is not enabled

bit 0 **SPF2IE:** SPI2 Fault Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request is enabled

0 = Interrupt request is not enabled

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REGISTER 8-19: IPC2: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	U1RXIP2	U1RXIP1	U1RXIP0	—	SPI1IP2	SPI1IP1	SPI1IP0
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	SPF1IP2	SPF1IP1	SPF1IP0	—	T3IP2	T3IP1	T3IP0
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 14-12	U1RXIP<2:0>: UART1 Receiver Interrupt Priority bits
	111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
	.
	.
	001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
	000 = Interrupt source is disabled
bit 11	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 10-8	SPI1IP<2:0>: SPI1 Event Interrupt Priority bits
	111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
	.
	.
	001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
	000 = Interrupt source is disabled
bit 7	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 6-4	SPF1IP<2:0>: SPI1 Fault Interrupt Priority bits
	111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
	.
	.
	001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
	000 = Interrupt source is disabled
bit 3	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 2-0	T3IP<2:0>: Timer3 Interrupt Priority bits
	111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
	.
	.
	001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
	000 = Interrupt source is disabled

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REGISTER 8-28: IPC15: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 15

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	RTCIP2	RTCIP1	RTCIP0
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **RTCIP<2:0>:** Real-Time Clock and Calendar Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•
•
•

001 = Interrupt is Priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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FIGURE 19-2: ALARM MASK SETTINGS

Alarm Mask Setting (AMASK<3:0>)	Day of the Week	Month	Day	Hours	Minutes	Seconds
0000 - Every half second 0001 - Every second	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	/ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> : <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
0010 - Every 10 seconds	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	/ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> : <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> s
0011 - Every minute	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	/ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> : <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	: <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	: s <input type="checkbox"/> s
0100 - Every 10 minutes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	/ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> : <input type="checkbox"/> m	: s	: s <input type="checkbox"/> s
0101 - Every hour	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	/ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> : m	m	: s <input type="checkbox"/> s
0110 - Every day	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	/ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	h <input type="checkbox"/> h	: m <input type="checkbox"/> m	: s <input type="checkbox"/> s
0111 - Every week	d	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	/ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	h <input type="checkbox"/> h	: m <input type="checkbox"/> m	: s <input type="checkbox"/> s
1000 - Every month	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	/ d <input type="checkbox"/> d	h <input type="checkbox"/> h	: m <input type="checkbox"/> m	: s <input type="checkbox"/> s
1001 - Every year ⁽¹⁾	<input type="checkbox"/>	m <input type="checkbox"/> m	/ d <input type="checkbox"/> d	h <input type="checkbox"/> h	: m <input type="checkbox"/> m	: s <input type="checkbox"/> s

Note 1: Annually, except when configured for February 29.

19.5 POWER CONTROL

The RTCC includes a power control feature that allows the device to periodically wake-up an external device, wait for the device to be stable before sampling wake-up events from that device and then shut down the external device. This can be done completely autonomously by the RTCC, without the need to wake from the current low-power mode (Sleep, Deep Sleep, etc.).

To enable this feature, the RTCC must be enabled (RTCCEN = 1), the PWCEN register bit must be set and the RTCC pin must be driving the PWC control signal (RTCCOE = 1 and RTCOUT<1:0> = 11).

The polarity of the PWC control signal may be chosen using the PWCPOL register bit. Active-low or active-high may be used with the appropriate external switch to turn on or off the power to one or more external devices. The active-low setting may also be used in conjunction with an open-drain setting on the RTCC pin. This setting is able to drive the GND pin(s) of the external device directly (with the appropriate external VDD pull-up device), without the need for external switches. Finally, the CHIME bit should be set to enable the PWC periodicity.

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REGISTER 22-6: AD1CHITH: A/D SCAN COMPARE HIT REGISTER (HIGH WORD)⁽¹⁾

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	CHH17	CHH16
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'.

bit 1-0 **CHH<17:16>:** A/D Compare Hit bits

If CM<1:0> = 11:

1 = A/D Result Buffer x has been written with data or a match has occurred

0 = A/D Result Buffer x has not been written with data

For All Other Values of CM<1:0>:

1 = A match has occurred on A/D Result Channel x

0 = No match has occurred on A/D Result Channel x

Note 1: Unimplemented channels are read as '0'.

REGISTER 22-7: AD1CHITL: A/D SCAN COMPARE HIT REGISTER (LOW WORD)⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CHH15	CHH14	CHH13	CHH12	CHH11	CHH10	CHH9	CHH8
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CHH7	CHH6	CHH5	CHH4	CHH3	CHH2	CHH1	CHH0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **CHH<15:0>:** A/D Compare Hit bits

If CM<1:0> = 11:

1 = A/D Result Buffer x has been written with data or a match has occurred

0 = A/D Result Buffer x has not been written with data

For all other values of CM<1:0>:

1 = A match has occurred on A/D Result Channel x

0 = No match has occurred on A/D Result Channel x

Note 1: Unimplemented channels are read as '0'.

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24.0 COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of this group of PIC24F devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For more information on the Comparator Voltage Reference, refer to the “PIC24F Family Reference Manual”, Section 20. “Comparator Module Voltage Reference Module” (DS39709).

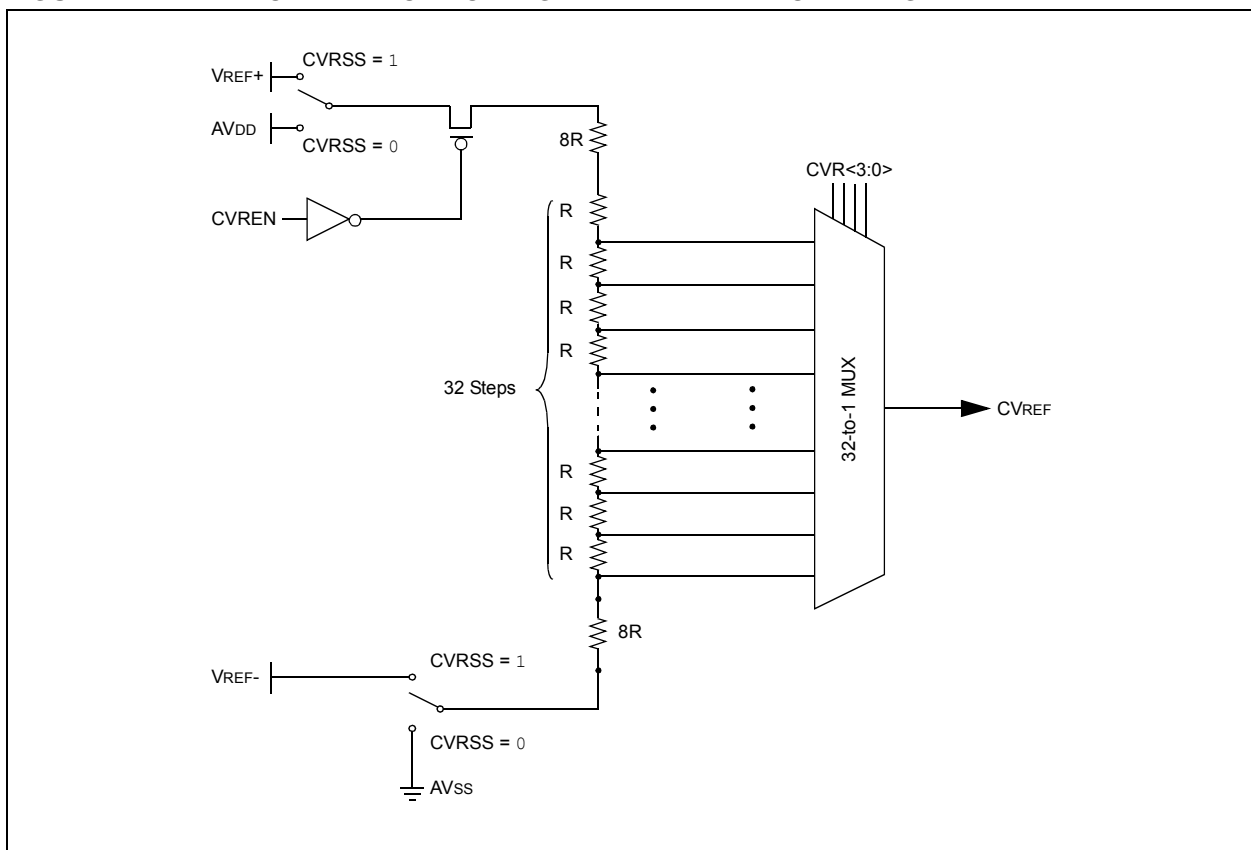
24.1 Configuring the Comparator Voltage Reference

The comparator voltage reference module is controlled through the CVRCON register (Register 24-1). The comparator voltage reference provides a range of output voltages, with 32 distinct levels.

The comparator voltage reference supply voltage can come from either VDD and VSS or the external VREF+ and VREF-. The voltage source is selected by the CVRSS bit (CVRCON<5>).

The settling time of the comparator voltage reference must be considered when changing the CVREF output.

FIGURE 24-1: COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE BLOCK DIAGRAM



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TABLE 28-1: SYMBOLS USED IN OPCODE DESCRIPTIONS

Field	Description
#text	Means literal defined by "text"
(text)	Means "content of text"
[text]	Means "the location addressed by text"
{ }	Optional field or operation
<n:m>	Register bit field
.b	Byte mode selection
.d	Double-Word mode selection
.S	Shadow register select
.w	Word mode selection (default)
bit4	4-bit bit selection field (used in word addressed instructions) $\in \{0...15\}$
C, DC, N, OV, Z	MCU Status bits: Carry, Digit Carry, Negative, Overflow, Sticky Zero
Expr	Absolute address, label or expression (resolved by the linker)
f	File register address $\in \{0000h...1FFFh\}$
lit1	1-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0,1\}$
lit4	4-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...15\}$
lit5	5-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...31\}$
lit8	8-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...255\}$
lit10	10-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...255\}$ for Byte mode, $\{0:1023\}$ for Word mode
lit14	14-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...16384\}$
lit16	16-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...65535\}$
lit23	23-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...8388608\}$; LSB must be '0'
None	Field does not require an entry, may be blank
PC	Program Counter
Slit10	10-bit signed literal $\in \{-512...511\}$
Slit16	16-bit signed literal $\in \{-32768...32767\}$
Slit6	6-bit signed literal $\in \{-16...16\}$
Wb	Base W register $\in \{W0..W15\}$
Wd	Destination W register $\in \{Wd, [Wd], [Wd++], [Wd--], [++Wd], [--Wd]\}$
Wdo	Destination W register $\in \{Wnd, [Wnd], [Wnd++], [Wnd--], [++Wnd], [--Wnd], [Wnd+Wb]\}$
Wm,Wn	Dividend, Divisor working register pair (direct addressing)
Wn	One of 16 working registers $\in \{W0..W15\}$
Wnd	One of 16 destination working registers $\in \{W0..W15\}$
Wns	One of 16 source working registers $\in \{W0..W15\}$
WREG	W0 (working register used in File register instructions)
Ws	Source W register $\in \{Ws, [Ws], [Ws++], [Ws--], [++Ws], [--Ws]\}$
Wso	Source W register $\in \{Wns, [Wns], [Wns++], [Wns--], [++Wns], [--Wns], [Wns+Wb]\}$

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TABLE 28-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Assembly Mnemonic	Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles	Status Flags Affected
TBLRDL	TBLRDL <i>Ws, Wd</i>	Read Prog<15:0> to Wd	1	2	None
TBLWTH	TBLWTH <i>Ws, Wd</i>	Write Ws<7:0> to Prog<23:16>	1	2	None
TBLWTL	TBLWTL <i>Ws, Wd</i>	Write Ws to Prog<15:0>	1	2	None
ULNK	ULNK	Unlink Frame Pointer	1	1	None
XOR	XOR <i>f</i>	$f = f \text{ .XOR. WREG}$	1	1	N, Z
	XOR <i>f, WREG</i>	$WREG = f \text{ .XOR. WREG}$	1	1	N, Z
	XOR <i>#lit10, Wn</i>	$Wd = \text{lit10} \text{ .XOR. } Wd$	1	1	N, Z
	XOR <i>Wb, Ws, Wd</i>	$Wd = Wb \text{ .XOR. } Ws$	1	1	N, Z
	XOR <i>Wb, #lit5, Wd</i>	$Wd = Wb \text{ .XOR. lit5}$	1	1	N, Z
ZE	ZE <i>Ws, Wnd</i>	$Wnd = \text{Zero-Extend } Ws$	1	1	C, Z, N

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TABLE 29-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (IDD)

DC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 1.8V to 3.6V PIC24F32KA3XX 2.0V to 5.5V PIC24FV32KA3XX Operating temperature: -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Parameter No.	Device	Typical	Max	Units	Conditions	
IDD Current						
D20	PIC24FV32KA3XX	269	450	μA	2.0V	0.5 MIPS, FOSC = 1 MHz ⁽¹⁾
		465	830	μA	5.0V	
	PIC24F32KA3XX	200	330	μA	1.8V	
		410	750	μA	3.3V	
DC22	PIC24FV32KA3XX	490	—	μA	2.0V	1 MIPS, FOSC = 2 MHz ⁽¹⁾
		880	—	μA	5.0V	
	PIC24F32KA3XX	407	—	μA	1.8V	
		800	—	μA	3.3V	
DC24	PIC24FV32KA3XX	13.0	20.0	mA	5.0V	16 MIPS, FOSC = 32 MHz ⁽¹⁾
	PIC24F32KA3XX	12.0	18.0	mA	3.3V	
DC26	PIC24FV32KA3XX	2.0	—	mA	2.0V	FRC (4 MIPS), FOSC = 8 MHz
		3.5	—	mA	5.0V	
	PIC24F32KA3XX	1.80	—	mA	1.8V	
		3.40	—	mA	3.3V	
DC30	PIC24FV32KA3XX	48.0	250	μA	2.0V	LPRC (15.5 KIPS), FOSC = 31 kHz
		75.0	450	μA	5.0V	
	PIC24F32KA3XX	8.1	28	μA	1.8V	
		13.50	150	μA	3.3V	

Legend: Unshaded rows represent PIC24F32KA3XX devices and shaded rows represent PIC24FV32KA3XX devices.

Note 1: Oscillator is in External Clock mode (FOSCSEL<2:0> = 010, FOSC<1:0> = 00).

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TABLE 29-20: PLL CLOCK TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 1.8V to 3.6V PIC24F32KA3XX 2.0V to 5.5V PIC24FV32KA3XX				
			Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Sym	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
OS50	FPLLI	PLL Input Frequency Range	4	—	8	MHz	ECPLL, HSPLL modes, -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C
OS51	FSYS	PLL Output Frequency Range	16	—	32	MHz	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C
OS52	TLOCK	PLL Start-up Time (Lock Time)	—	1	2	ms	
OS53	DCLK	CLKO Stability (Jitter)	-2	1	2	%	Measured over a 100 ms period

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

TABLE 29-21: AC CHARACTERISTICS: INTERNAL RC ACCURACY

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 1.8V to 3.6V PIC24F32KA3XX 2.0V to 5.5V PIC24FV32KA3XX					
		Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended					
Param No.	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions	
F20	Internal FRC Accuracy @ 8 MHz ⁽¹⁾						
	FRC	-2	—	+2	%	+25°C	3.0V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6V, F device 3.2V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V, FV device
		-5	—	+5	%	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C	1.8V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6V, F device 2.0V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V, FV device
F21	LPRC @ 31 kHz ⁽²⁾						
		-15	—	15	%		

Note 1: Frequency is calibrated at +25°C and 3.3V. The OSCTUN bits can be used to compensate for temperature drift.

Note 2: The change of LPRC frequency as VDD changes.

TABLE 29-22: INTERNAL RC OSCILLATOR SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 1.8V to 3.6V PIC24F32KA3XX 2.0V to 5.5V PIC24FV32KA3XX				
			Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Sym	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
	TFRC	FRC Start-up Time	—	5	—	μs	
	TLPRC	LPRC Start-up Time	—	70	—	μs	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

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FIGURE 29-10: OUTPUT COMPARE x TIMINGS

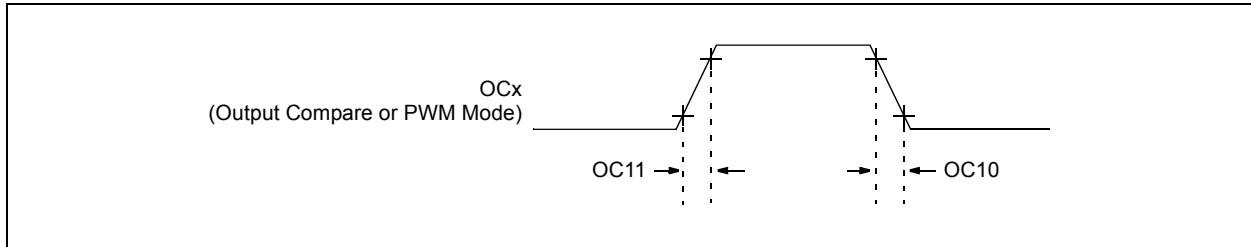


TABLE 29-29: OUTPUT CAPTURE REQUIREMENTS

Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Max	Units	Conditions
OC11	TccR	OC1 Output Rise Time	—	10	ns	
			—	—	ns	
OC10	TccF	OC1 Output Fall Time	—	10	ns	
			—	—	ns	

FIGURE 29-11: PWM MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

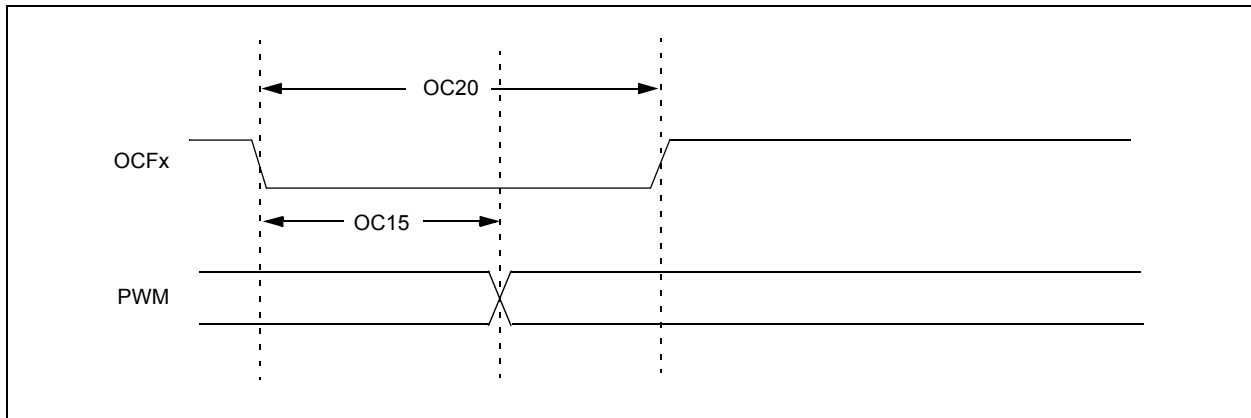


TABLE 29-30: PWM TIMING REQUIREMENTS

Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ†	Max	Units	Conditions
OC15	TfD	Fault Input to PWM I/O Change	—	—	25	ns	VDD = 3.0V, -40°C to +125°C
OC20	TfH	Fault Input Pulse Width	50	—	—	ns	VDD = 3.0V, -40°C to +125°C

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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