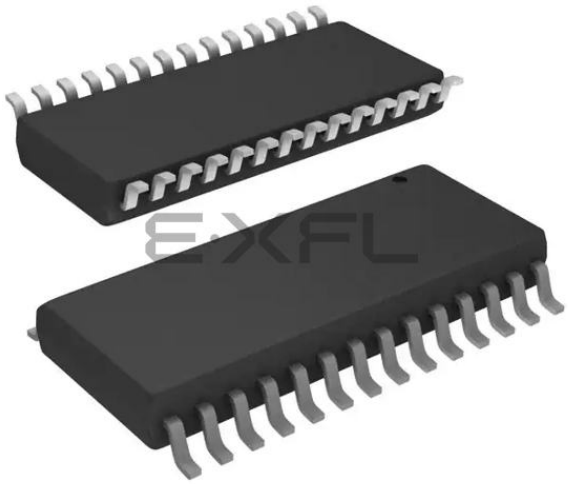

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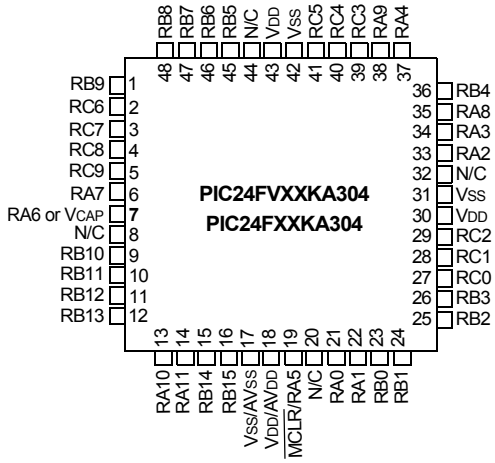
"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, HLVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	23
Program Memory Size	32KB (11K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	512 x 8
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 13x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SOIC
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24fv32ka302-i-so

Pin Diagrams

48-Pin UQFN(1,2,3)



Pin	Pin Features	
	PIC24FVXXKA304	PIC24FXXKA304
1	SDA1/T1CK/U1RTS/CTED4/CN21/RB9	SDA1/T1CK/U1RTS/CTED4/CN21/RB9
2	U1RX/CN18/RC6	U1RX/CN18/RC6
3	U1TX/CN17/RC7	U1TX/CN17/RC7
4	OC2/CN20/RC8	OC2/CN20/RC8
5	IC2/CTED7/CN19/RC9	IC2/CTED7/CN19/RC9
6	IC1/CTED3/CN9/RA7	IC1/CTED3/CN9/RA7
7	**VCAP**	**C20UT/OC1/CTED1/INT2CN8/RA6**
8	N/C	N/C
9	PGED2/SDI1/CTED11/CN16/RB10	PGED2/SDI1/CTED11/CN16/RB10
10	PGEC2/SCK1/CTED9/CN15/RB11	PGEC2/SCK1/CTED9/CN15/RB11
11	AN12/HLVDIN/CTED2/**INT2**/CN14/RB12	AN12/HLVDIN/CTED2/CN14/RB12
12	AN11/SDO1/CTPLS/CN13/RB13	AN11/SDO1/CTPLS/CN13/RB13
13	OC3/CN35/RA10	OC3/CN35/RA10
14	IC3/CTED8/CN36/RA11	IC3/CTED8/CN36/RA11
15	CVREF/AN10/C3INB/RTCC/C1OUT/OCFA/CTED5/INT1/CN12/RB14	CVREF/AN10/C3INB/RTCC/C1OUT/OCFA/CTED5/INT1/CN12/RB14
16	AN9/C3INA/T3CK/T2CK/REFO/SS1/CTED6/CN11/RB15	AN9/C3INA/T3CK/T2CK/REFO/SS1/CTED6/CN11/RB15
17	VSS/AVSS	VSS/AVSS
18	VDD/AVDD	VDD/AVDD
19	MCLR/RA5	MCLR/RA5
20	N/C	N/C
21	VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/CTED1/CN2/RA0	VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/CN2/RA0
22	CVREF-/VREF-/AN1/CN3/RA1	CVREF-/VREF-/AN1/CN3/RA1
23	PGED1/AN2/ULPWU/CTCMP/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/U2TX/CN4/RB0	PGED1/AN2/ULPWU/CTCMP/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/U2TX/CN4/RB0
24	PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/U2RX/CTED12/CN5/RB1	PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/U2RX/CTED12/CN5/RB1
25	AN4/C1INB/C2IND/SDA2/T5CK/T4CK/CTED13/CN6/RB2	AN4/C1INB/C2IND/SDA2/T5CK/T4CK/CTED13/CN6/RB2
26	AN5/C1INA/C2INC/SCL2/CN7/RB3	AN5/C1INA/C2INC/SCL2/CN7/RB3
27	AN6/CN32/RC0	AN6/CN32/RC0
28	AN7/CN31/RC1	AN7/CN31/RC1
29	AN8/CN10/RC2	AN8/CN10/RC2
30	VDD	VDD
31	VSS	VSS
32	N/C	N/C
33	OSCI/AN13/CLKI/CN30/RA2	OSCI/AN13/CLKI/CN30/RA2
34	OSCO/AN14/CLKO/CN29/RA3	OSCO/AN14/CLKO/CN29/RA3
35	OCFB/CN33/RA8	OCFB/CN33/RA8
36	SOSCI/AN15/U2RTS/CN1/RB4	SOSCI/AN15/U2RTS/CN1/RB4
37	SOSCO/SCLKI/U2CTS/CN0/RA4	SOSCO/SCLKI/U2CTS/CN0/RA4
38	SS2/CN34/RA9	SS2/CN34/RA9
39	SDI2/CN28/RC3	SDI2/CN28/RC3
40	SDO2/CN25/RC4	SDO2/CN25/RC4
41	SCK2/CN26/RC5	SCK2/CN26/RC5
42	VSS	VSS
43	VDD	VDD
44	N/C	N/C
45	PGED3/ASDA1(2)/CN27/RB5	PGED3/ASDA1(2)/CN27/RB5
46	PGEC3/ASCL1(2)/CN24/RB6	PGEC3/ASCL1(2)/CN24/RB6
47	C2OUT/OC1/INT0/CN23/RB7	INT0/CN23/RB7
48	SCL1/U1CTS/C3OUT/CTED10/CN22/RB8	SCL1/U1CTS/C3OUT/CTED10/CN22/RB8

Legend: Pin numbers in **bold** indicate pin function differences between PIC24FV and PIC24F devices.

Note 1: Exposed pad on underside of device is connected to VSS.

2: Alternative multiplexing for SDA1 (ASDA1) and SCL1 (ASCL1) when the I2CSEL Configuration bit is set.

3: PIC24F32KA3XX device pins have a maximum voltage of 3.6V and are not 5V tolerant.

TABLE 4-3: CPU CORE REGISTERS MAP

File Name	Start Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
WREG0	0000	WREG0																0000
WREG1	0002	WREG1																0000
WREG2	0004	WREG2																0000
WREG3	0006	WREG3																0000
WREG4	0008	WREG4																0000
WREG5	000A	WREG5																0000
WREG6	000C	WREG6																0000
WREG7	000E	WREG7																0000
WREG8	0010	WREG8																0000
WREG9	0012	WREG9																0000
WREG10	0014	WREG10																0000
WREG11	0016	WREG11																0000
WREG12	0018	WREG12																0000
WREG13	001A	WREG13																0000
WREG14	001C	WREG14																0000
WREG15	001E	WREG15																0000
SPLIM	0020	SPLIM																xxxx
PCL	002E	PCL																0000
PCH	0030	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PCH							0000
TBLPAG	0032	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TBLPAG								0000
PSVPAG	0034	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PSVPAG								0000
RCOUNT	0036	RCOUNT																xxxxx
SR	0042	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DC	IPL2	IPL1	IPL0	RA	N	OV	Z	C	0000
CORCON	0044	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IPL3	PSV	—	—	0000
DISICNT	0052	—	—	DISICNT														xxxx

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-21: CRC REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CRCCON1	0640	CRCEN	—	CSIDL	VWORD4	VWORD3	VWORD2	VWORD1	VWORD0	CRCFUL	CRCMPT	CRCISEL	CRCGO	LENDIAN	—	—	—	0000
CRCCON2	0642	—	—	—	DWIDTH4	DWIDTH3	DWIDTH2	DWIDTH1	DWIDTH0	—	—	—	PLEN4	PLEN3	PLEN2	PLEN1	PLEN0	0000
CRCXORL	0644	X15	X14	X13	X12	X11	X10	X9	X8	X7	X6	X5	X4	X3	X2	X1	—	0000
CRCXORH	0646	X31	X30	X29	X28	X27	X26	X25	X24	X23	X22	X21	X20	X19	X18	X17	X16	0000
CRCDATL	0648	CRCDATL																xxxx
CRCDATH	064A	CRCDATH																xxxx
CRCWDATL	064C	CRCWDATL																xxxx
CRCWDATH	064E	CRCWDATH																xxxx

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-22: CLOCK CONTROL REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RCON	0740	TRAPR	IOPUWR	SBOREN	RETEN	—	DPSLP	CM	PMSLP	EXTR	SWR	SWDTEN	WDTO	SLEEP	IDLE	BOR	POR	**(Note 1)**
OSCCON	0742	—	COSC2	COSC1	COSC0	—	NOSC2	NOSC1	NOSC0	CLKLOCK	—	LOCK	—	CF	SOSCDRV	SOSCEN	OSWEN	**(Note 2)**
CLKDIV	0744	ROI	DOZE2	DOZE1	DOZE0	DOZEN	RCDIV2	RCDIV1	RCDIV0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3140
OSCTUN	0748	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TUN5	TUN4	TUN3	TUN2	TUN1	TUN0	0000
REFOCON	074E	ROEN	—	ROSSLP	ROSEL	RODIV3	RODIV2	RODIV1	RODIV0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
HLVDCON	0756	HLVDEN	—	HLSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	VDIR	BGVST	IRVST	—	HLVDL3	HLVDL2	HLVDL1	HLVDL0	0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: RCON register Reset values are dependent on the type of Reset.
2: OSCCON register Reset values are dependent on the Configuration Fuses and by type of Reset.

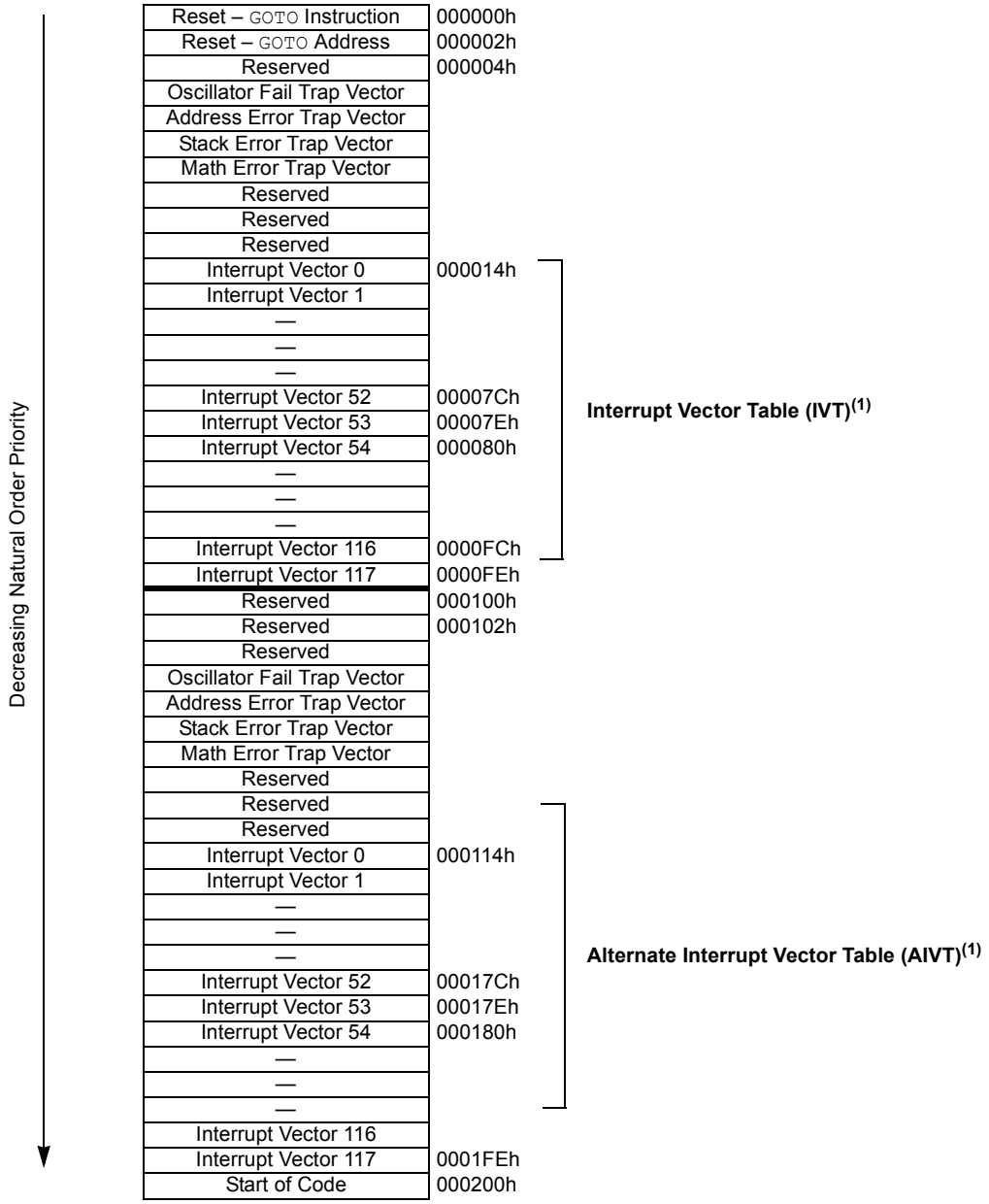
TABLE 4-23: DEEP SLEEP REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
DSCON	0758	DSEN	—	—	—	—	—	—	RTCCWDIS	—	—	—		—	ULPWDIS	DSBOR	RELEASE	0000
DSWAKE	075A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DSINT0	DSFLT	—	—	DSWDT	DSRTCC	DSMCLR	—	DSPOR	0000
DSGPR0(1)	075C	DSGPR0																0000
DSGPR1(1)	075E	DSGPR1																0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: The Deep Sleep registers, DSGPR0 and DSGPR1, are only reset on a VDD POR event.

FIGURE 8-1: PIC24F INTERRUPT VECTOR TABLE



Note 1: See Table 8-2 for the interrupt vector list.

11.0 I/O PORTS

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of this group of PIC24F devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For more information on the I/O Ports, refer to the *"PIC24F Family Reference Manual"*, **Section 12. "I/O Ports with Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)"** (DS39711). Note that the PIC24FV32KA304 family devices do not support Peripheral Pin Select features.

All of the device pins (except VDD and VSS) are shared between the peripherals and the parallel I/O ports. All I/O input ports feature Schmitt Trigger inputs for improved noise immunity.

11.1 Parallel I/O (PIO) Ports

A parallel I/O port that shares a pin with a peripheral is, in general, subservient to the peripheral. The peripheral's output buffer data and control signals are provided to a pair of multiplexers. The multiplexers select whether the peripheral or the associated port has ownership of the output data and control signals of the I/O pin. The logic also prevents "loop through", in which a port's digital output can drive the input of a peripheral that shares the same pin. Figure 11-1 illustrates how ports are shared with other peripherals and the associated I/O pin to which they are connected.

When a peripheral is enabled and the peripheral is actively driving an associated pin, the use of the pin as a general purpose output pin is disabled. The I/O pin may be read, but the output driver for the parallel port bit will be disabled. If a peripheral is enabled, but the peripheral is not actively driving a pin, that pin may be driven by a port.

All port pins have three registers directly associated with their operation as digital I/O. The Data Direction register (TRISx) determines whether the pin is an input or an output. If the data direction bit is a '1', then the pin is an input. All port pins are defined as inputs after a Reset. Reads from the Data Latch register (LAT), read the latch. Writes to the latch, write the latch. Reads from the port (PORT), read the port pins; writes to the port pins, write the latch.

Any bit and its associated data and control registers that are not valid for a particular device will be disabled. That means the corresponding LATx and TRISx registers, and the port pin will read as zeros.

When a pin is shared with another peripheral or function that is defined as an input only, it is nevertheless regarded as a dedicated port because there is no other competing source of outputs.

Note: The I/O pins retain their state during Deep Sleep. They will retain this state at wake-up until the software restore bit (RELEASE) is cleared.

FIGURE 11-1: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF A TYPICAL SHARED PORT STRUCTURE

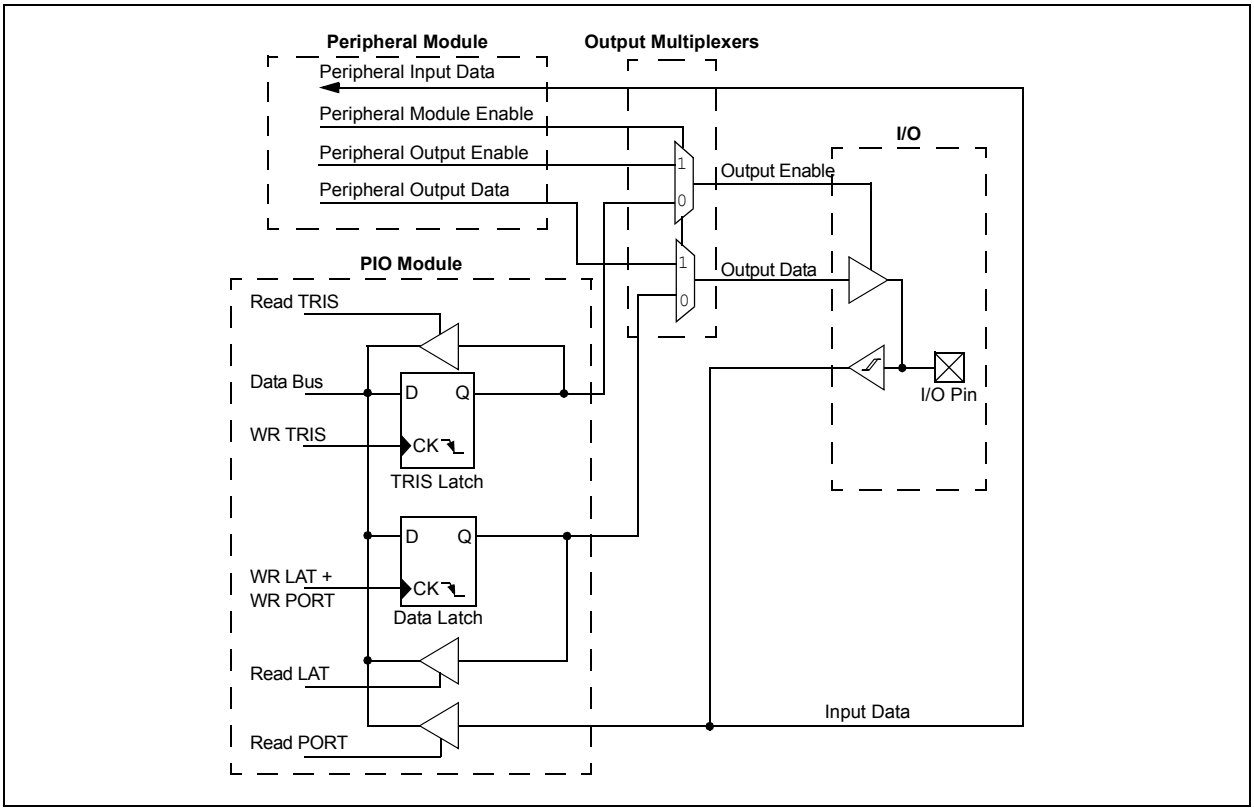


FIGURE 13-2: TIMER2 AND TIMER4 (16-BIT SYNCHRONOUS) BLOCK DIAGRAM

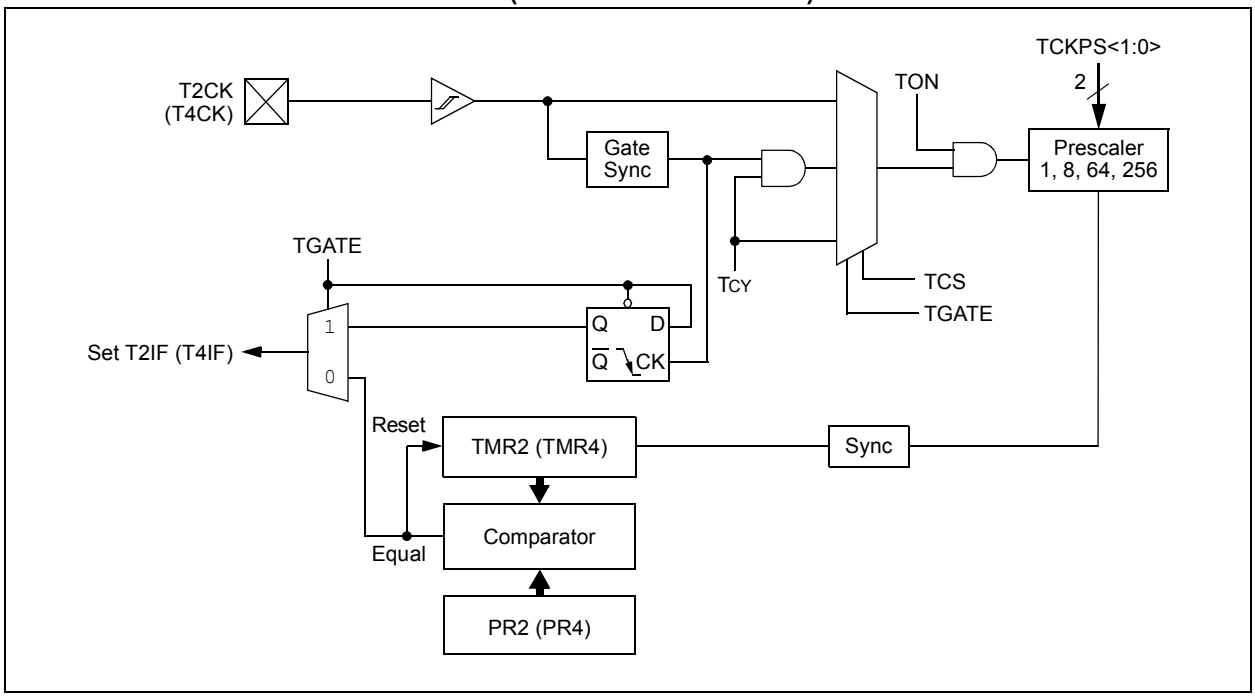
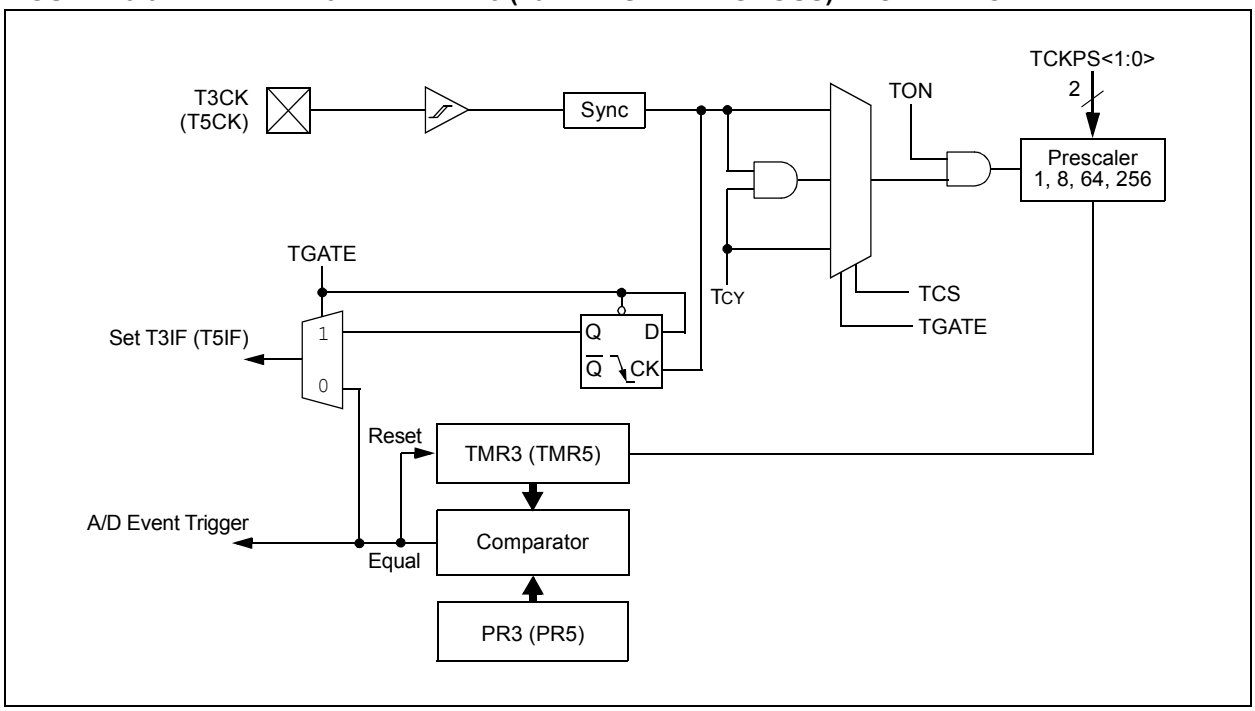


FIGURE 13-3: TIMER3 AND TIMER5 (16-BIT ASYNCHRONOUS) BLOCK DIAGRAM



REGISTER 18-1: UxMODE: UARTx MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 3 **BRGH:** High Baud Rate Enable bit
1 = BRG generates 4 clocks per bit period (4x baud clock, High-Speed mode)
0 = BRG generates 16 clocks per bit period (16x baud clock, Standard mode)

bit 2-1 **PDSEL<1:0>:** Parity and Data Selection bits
11 = 9-bit data, no parity
10 = 8-bit data, odd parity
01 = 8-bit data, even parity
00 = 8-bit data, no parity

bit 0 **STSEL:** Stop Bit Selection bit
1 = Two Stop bits
0 = One Stop bit

Note 1: This feature is is only available for the 16x BRG mode (BRGH = 0).
2: The bit availability depends on the pin availability.

REGISTER 18-2: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0	R-0, HSC	R-1, HSC
UTXISEL1	UTXINV	UTXISEL0	—	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-1, HSC	R-0, HSC	R-0, HSC	R/C-0, HS	R-0, HSC
URXISEL1	URXISEL0	ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit		
HS = Hardware Settable bit	C = Clearable bit	HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit	
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15,13 **UTXISEL<1:0>:** UARTx Transmission Interrupt Mode Selection bits
- 11 = Reserved; do not use
- 10 = Interrupt when a character is transferred to the Transmit Shift Register (TSR) and as a result, the transmit buffer becomes empty
- 01 = Interrupt when the last character is shifted out of the Transmit Shift Register; all transmit operations are completed
- 00 = Interrupt when a character is transferred to the Transmit Shift Register (this implies there is at least one character open in the transmit buffer)

bit 14 **UTXINV:** IrDA® Encoder Transmit Polarity Inversion bit

If IREN = 0:
- 1 = UxTX Idle '0'
- 0 = UxTX Idle '1'

If IREN = 1:
- 1 = UxTX Idle '1'
- 0 = UxTX Idle '0'

bit 12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11 **UTXBRK:** UARTx Transmit Break bit
- 1 = Sends Sync Break on next transmission – Start bit, followed by twelve '0' bits, followed by Stop bit; cleared by hardware upon completion
- 0 = Sync Break transmission is disabled or completed

bit 10 **UTXEN:** UARTx Transmit Enable bit
- 1 = Transmit is enabled; UxTX pin is controlled by UARTx
- 0 = Transmit is disabled; any pending transmission is aborted and the buffer is reset. UxTX pin is controlled by the PORT register.

bit 9 **UTXBF:** UARTx Transmit Buffer Full Status bit (read-only)
- 1 = Transmit buffer is full
- 0 = Transmit buffer is not full, at least one more character can be written

bit 8 **TRMT:** Transmit Shift Register Empty bit (read-only)
- 1 = Transmit Shift Register is empty and the transmit buffer is empty (the last transmission has completed)
- 0 = Transmit Shift Register is not empty; a transmission is in progress or queued

bit 7-6 **URXISEL<1:0>:** UARTx Receive Interrupt Mode Selection bits
- 11 = Interrupt is set on a RSR transfer, making the receive buffer full (i.e., has 4 data characters)
- 10 = Interrupt is set on a RSR transfer, making the receive buffer 3/4 full (i.e., has 3 data characters)
- 0x = Interrupt is set when any character is received and transferred from the RSR to the receive buffer; receive buffer has one or more characters.

19.2.5 RTCVAL REGISTER MAPPINGS

REGISTER 19-4: YEAR: YEAR VALUE REGISTER(1)

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
YRTEN3	YRTEN2	YRTEN2	YRTEN1	YRONE3	YRONE2	YRONE1	YRONE0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-4 **YRTEN<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Year's Tens Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 9.

bit 3-0 **YRONE<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Year's Ones Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 9.

Note 1: A write to the YEAR register is only allowed when RTCWREN = 1.

REGISTER 19-5: MTHDY: MONTH AND DAY VALUE REGISTER(1)

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	—	MTHTEN0	MTHONE3	MTHONE2	MTHONE1	MTHONE0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	DAYTEN1	DAYTEN0	DAYONE3	DAYONE2	DAYONE1	DAYONE0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12 **MTHTEN0:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Month's Tens Digit bit
Contains a value of '0' or '1'.

bit 11-8 **MTHONE<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Month's Ones Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 9.

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

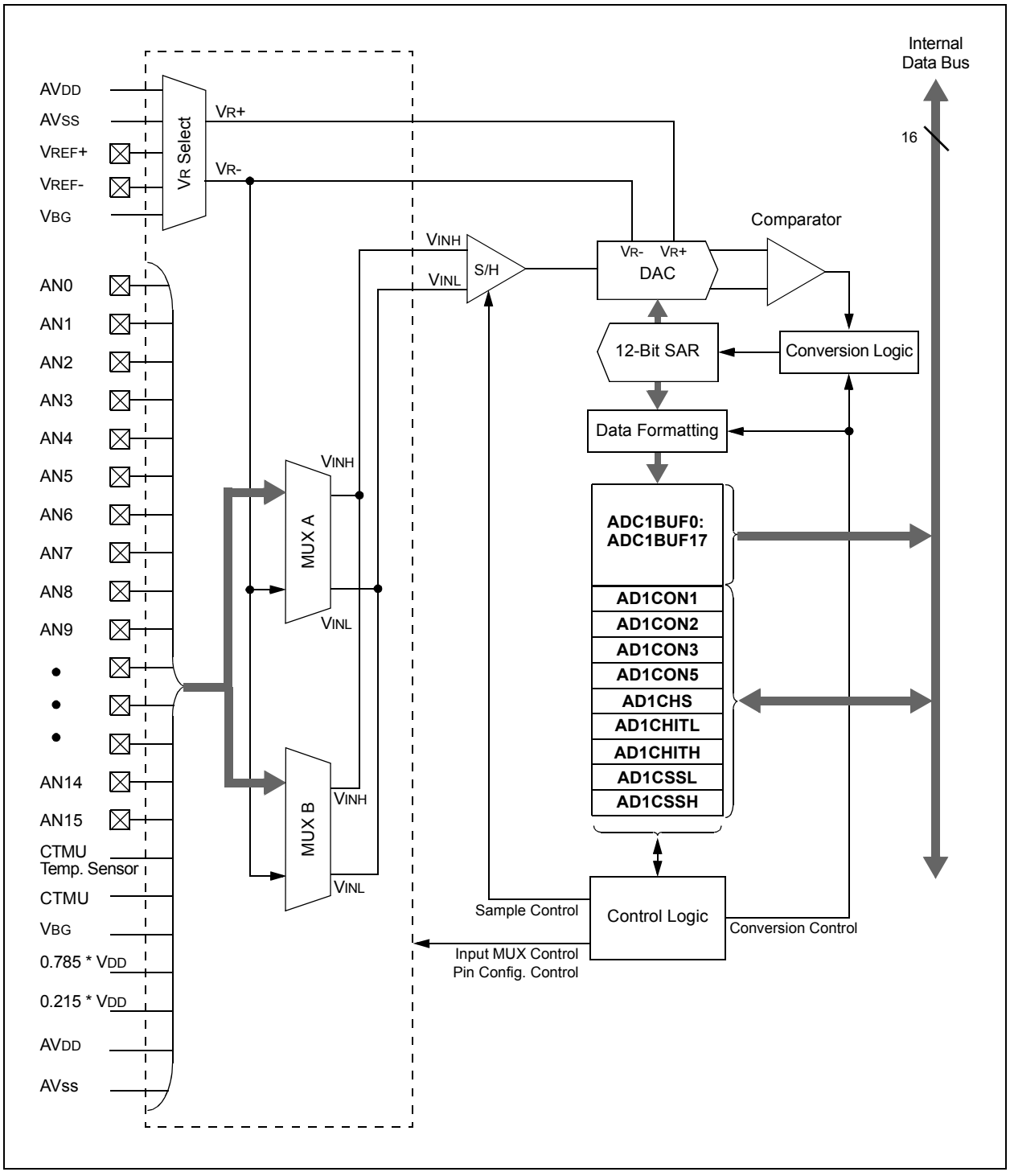
bit 5-4 **DAYTEN<1:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Day's Tens Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 3.

bit 3-0 **DAYONE<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Day's Ones Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 9.

Note 1: A write to this register is only allowed when RTCWREN = 1.

NOTES:

FIGURE 22-1: 12-BIT A/D CONVERTER BLOCK DIAGRAM



REGISTER 23-1: CMxCON: COMPARATOR x CONTROL REGISTERS

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R-0
CON	COE	CPOL	CLPWR	—	—	CEVT	COUT
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
EVPOL1	EVPOL0	—	CREF	—	—	CCH1	CCH0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **CON:** Comparator x Enable bit
1 = Comparator is enabled
0 = Comparator is disabled

bit 14 **COE:** Comparator x Output Enable bit
1 = Comparator output is present on the CxOUT pin
0 = Comparator output is internal only

bit 13 **CPOL:** Comparator x Output Polarity Select bit
1 = Comparator output is inverted
0 = Comparator output is not inverted

bit 12 **CLPWR:** Comparator x Low-Power Mode Select bit
1 = Comparator operates in Low-Power mode
0 = Comparator does not operate in Low-Power mode

bit 11-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9 **CEVT:** Comparator x Event bit
1 = Comparator event defined by EVPOL<1:0> has occurred; subsequent triggers and interrupts are disabled until the bit is cleared
0 = Comparator event has not occurred

bit 8 **COUT:** Comparator x Output bit
When CPOL = 0:
1 = VIN+ > VIN-
0 = VIN+ < VIN-
When CPOL = 1:
1 = VIN+ < VIN-
0 = VIN+ > VIN-

bit 7-6 **EVPOL<1:0>:** Trigger/Event/Interrupt Polarity Select bits
11 = Trigger/event/interrupt is generated on any change of the comparator output (while CEVT = 0)
10 = Trigger/event/interrupt is generated on the transition of the comparator output:
If CPOL = 0 (non-inverted polarity):
High-to-low transition only.
If CPOL = 1 (inverted polarity):
Low-to-high transition only.
01 = Trigger/event/interrupt is generated on the transition of the comparator output
If CPOL = 0 (non-inverted polarity):
Low-to-high transition only.
If CPOL = 1 (inverted polarity):
High-to-low transition only.
00 = Trigger/event/interrupt generation is disabled

bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 25-3: CTMUICON: CTMU CURRENT CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ITRIM5	ITRIM4	ITRIM3	ITRIM2	ITRIM1	ITRIM0	IRNG1	IRNG0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10 **ITRIM<5:0>:** Current Source Trim bits
011111 = Maximum positive change from nominal current
011110
.
.
.
000001 = Minimum positive change from nominal current
000000 = Nominal current output specified by IRNG<1:0>
111111 = Minimum negative change from nominal current
.
.
.
100010
100001 = Maximum negative change from nominal current

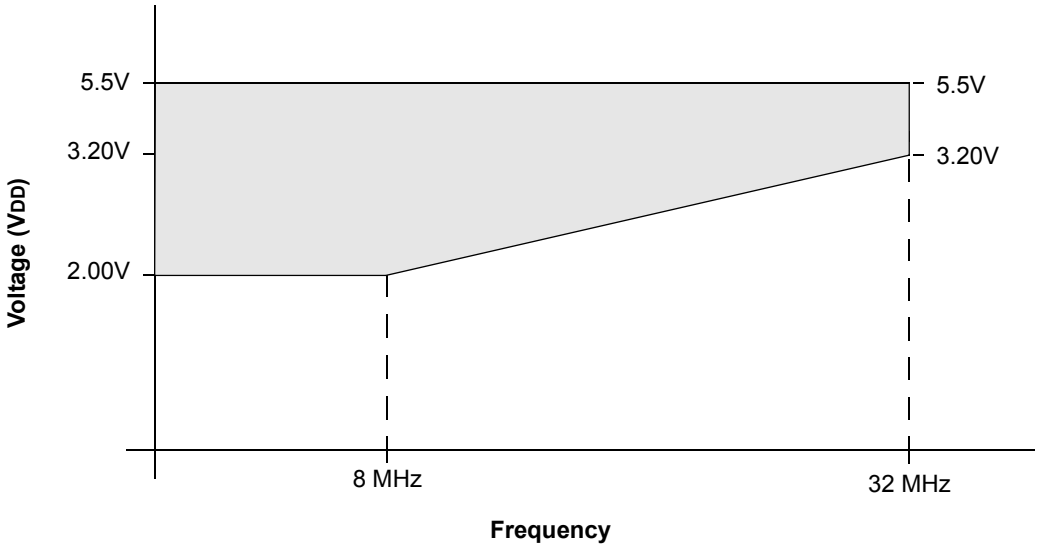
bit 9-8 **IRNG<1:0>:** Current Source Range Select bits
11 = 100 × Base Current
10 = 10 × Base Current
01 = Base Current Level (0.55 µA nominal)
00 = 1000 × Base Current

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

NOTES:

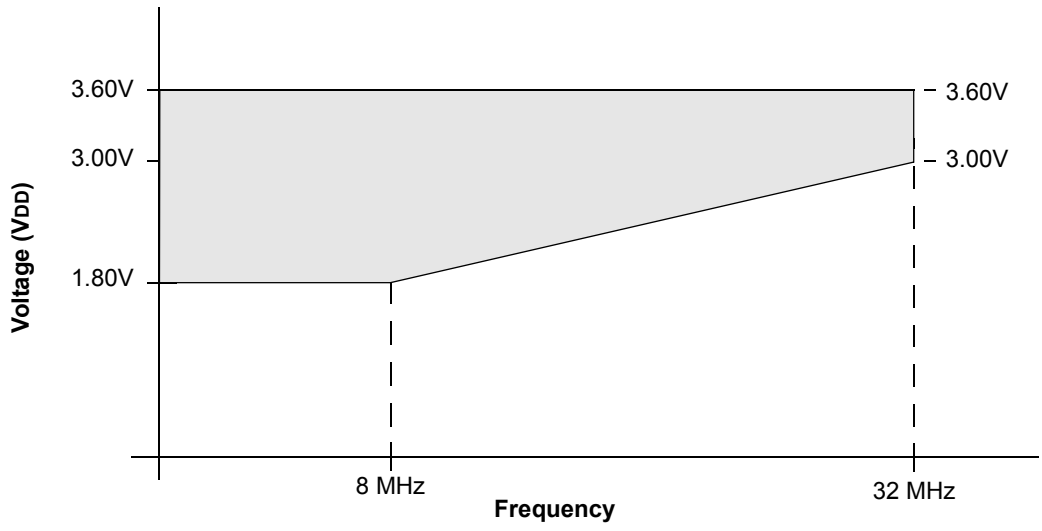
29.1 DC Characteristics

FIGURE 29-1: PIC24FV32KA304 VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH (INDUSTRIAL AND EXTENDED)



Note: For frequencies between 8 MHz and 32 MHz, FMAX = 20 MHz * (VDD – 2.0) + 8 MHz.

FIGURE 29-2: PIC24F32KA304 FAMILY VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH (INDUSTRIAL AND EXTENDED)



Note: For frequencies between 8 MHz and 32 MHz, FMAX = 20 MHz * (VDD – 1.8) + 8 MHz.

FIGURE 30-3: TYPICAL AND MAXIMUM I_{IDLE} vs. FREQUENCY (EC MODE, 2 MHz TO 32 MHz)

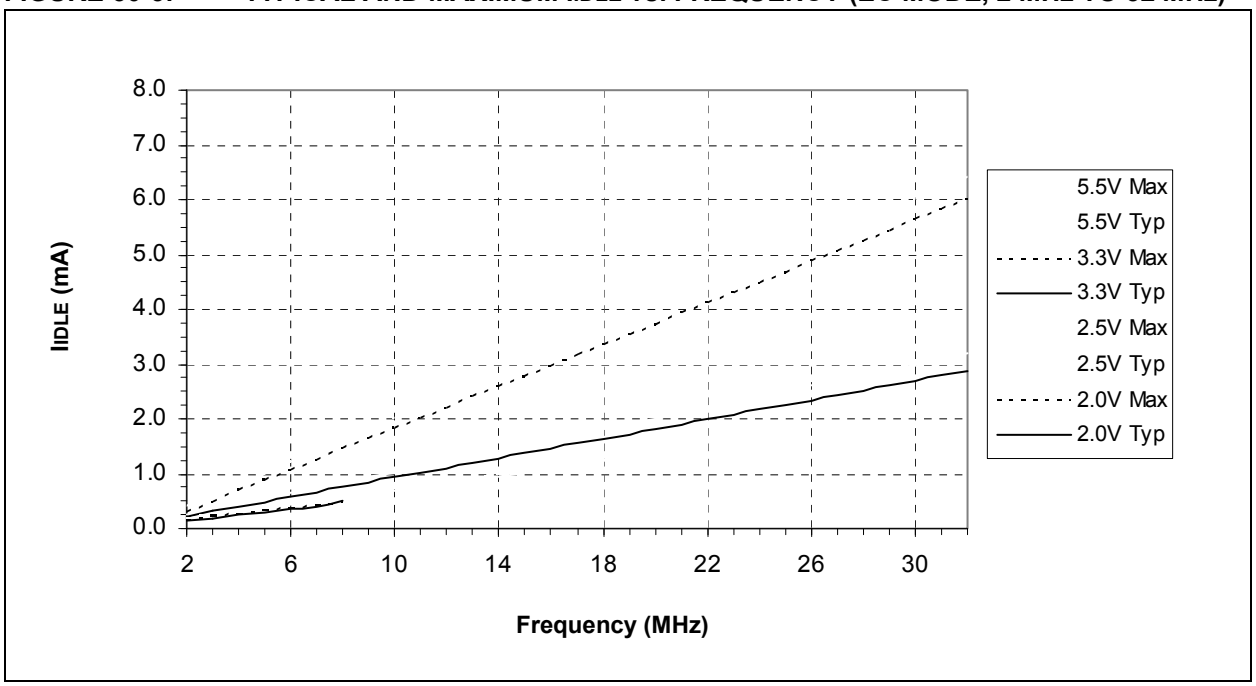
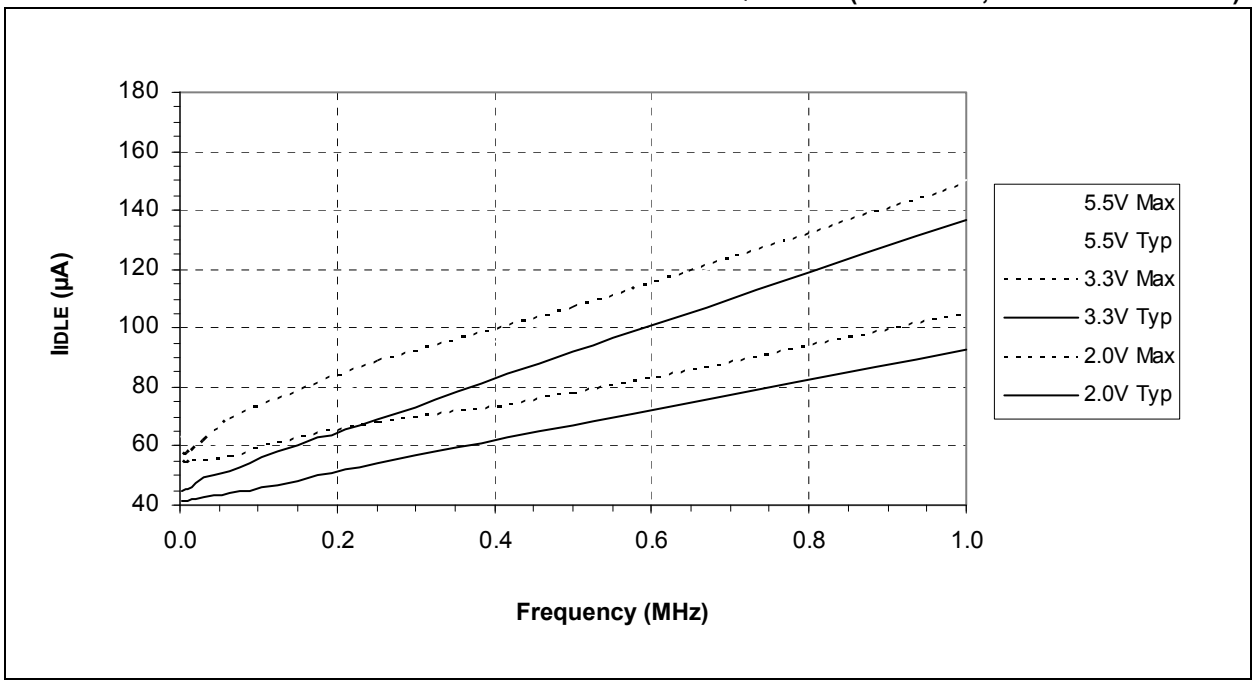
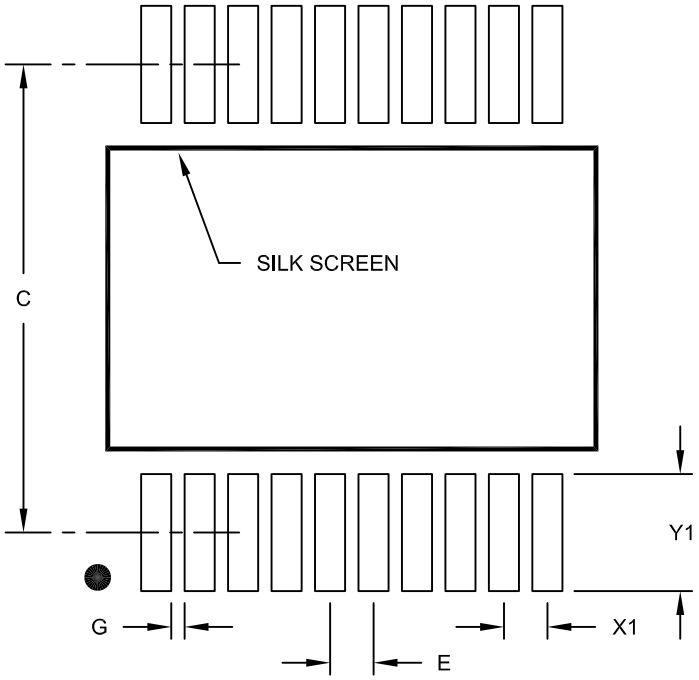


FIGURE 30-4: TYPICAL AND MAXIMUM I_{IDLE} vs. FREQUENCY (EC MODE, 1.95 kHz TO 1 MHz)



20-Lead Plastic Shrink Small Outline (SS) - 5.30 mm Body [SSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.65 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C		7.20	
Contact Pad Width (X20)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X20)	Y1			1.75
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

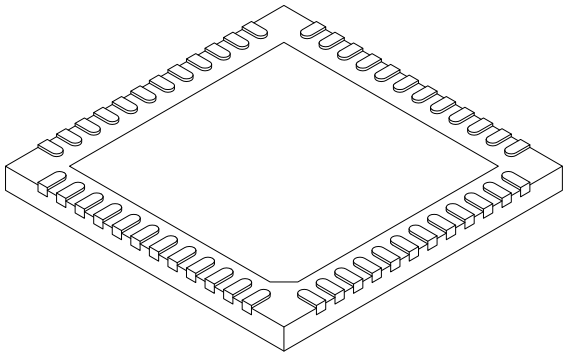
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2072A

48-Lead Plastic Ultra Thin Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MV) – 6x6x0.5 mm Body [UQFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		48	
Pitch	e		0.40 BSC	
Overall Height	A	0.45	0.50	0.55
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
Contact Thickness	A3		0.127 REF	
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Exposed Pad Width	E2	4.45	4.60	4.75
Overall Length	D		6.00 BSC	
Exposed Pad Length	D2	4.45	4.60	4.75
Contact Width	b	0.15	0.20	0.25
Contact Length	L	0.30	0.40	0.50
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	-	-

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package is saw singulated.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

   REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-153A Sheet 2 of 2

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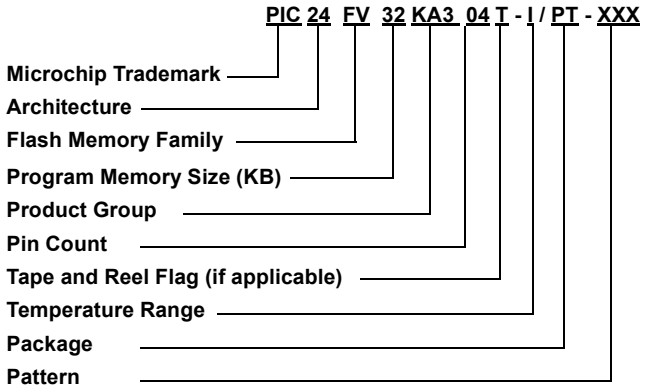

Architecture	24	= 16-bit modified Harvard without DSP
Flash Memory Family	F	= Standard voltage range Flash program memory
	FV	= Wide voltage range Flash program memory
Product Group	KA3	= General purpose microcontrollers
Pin Count	01	= 20-pin
	02	= 28-pin
	04	= 44-pin
Temperature Range	I	= -40°C to +85°C (Industrial)
	E	= -40°C to +125°C (Industrial)
Package	SP	= SPDIP
	SO	= SOIC
	SS	= SSOP
	ML	= QFN
	P	= PDIP
	PT	= TQFP
	MV	= UQFN
Pattern		Three-digit QTP, SQTP, Code or Special Requirements (blank otherwise)
	ES	= Engineering Sample

Examples:

a) PIC24FV32KA304-I/ML: Wide voltage range, General Purpose, 32-Kbyte program memory, 44-pin, Industrial temp., QFN package

b) PIC24F16KA302-I/SS: Standard voltage range, General Purpose, 16-Kbyte program memory, 28-pin, Industrial temp., SSOP package