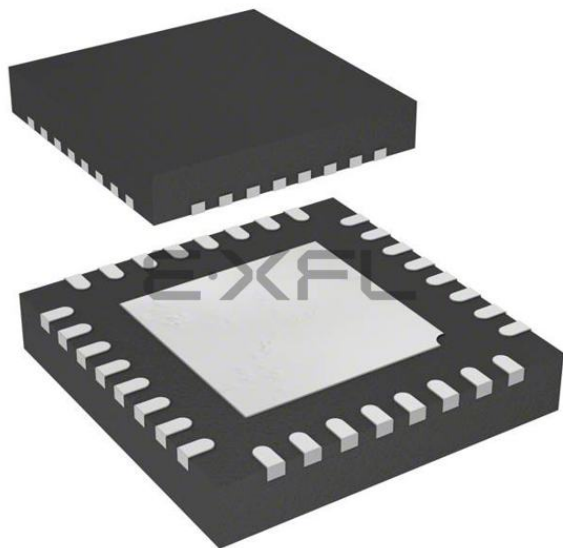




Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	STM8A
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	1K x 8
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.95V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 7x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-UFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	32-UFQFPN (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm8s105k6u3a

List of tables

Table 1.	STM8S105x4/6 access line features	11
Table 2.	Peripheral clock gating bit assignments in CLK_PCKENR1/2 registers	16
Table 3.	TIM timer features	19
Table 4.	Legend/abbreviations for pin description tables	22
Table 5.	STM8S105x4/6 pin description	26
Table 6.	Flash, data EEPROM and RAM boundary address	32
Table 7.	I/O port hardware register map	32
Table 8.	General hardware register map	34
Table 9.	CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers	42
Table 10.	Interrupt mapping	44
Table 11.	Option byte	46
Table 12.	Option byte description	47
Table 13.	Alternate function remapping bits [7:0] of OPT2	49
Table 14.	Unique ID registers (96 bits)	50
Table 15.	Voltage characteristics	53
Table 16.	Current characteristics	53
Table 17.	Thermal characteristics	54
Table 18.	General operating conditions	54
Table 19.	Operating conditions at power-up/power-down	55
Table 20.	Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$	57
Table 21.	Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	58
Table 22.	Total current consumption in wait mode at $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$	58
Table 23.	Total current consumption in wait mode at $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	59
Table 24.	Total current consumption in active halt mode at $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$	59
Table 25.	Total current consumption in active halt mode at $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	60
Table 26.	Total current consumption in halt mode at $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$	60
Table 27.	Total current consumption in halt mode at $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	60
Table 28.	Wakeup times	61
Table 29.	Total current consumption and timing in forced reset state	61
Table 30.	Peripheral current consumption	62
Table 31.	HSE user external clock characteristics	66
Table 32.	HSE oscillator characteristics	67
Table 33.	HSI oscillator characteristics	69
Table 34.	LSI oscillator characteristics	71
Table 35.	RAM and hardware registers	72
Table 36.	Flash program memory/data EEPROM memory	72
Table 37.	I/O static characteristics	73
Table 38.	Output driving current (standard ports)	74
Table 39.	Output driving current (true open drain ports)	75
Table 40.	Output driving current (high sink ports)	75
Table 41.	NRST pin characteristics	78
Table 42.	SPI characteristics	80
Table 43.	I ² C characteristics	84
Table 44.	ADC characteristics	85
Table 45.	ADC accuracy with $R_{AIN} < 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{DDA} = 5\text{ V}$	86
Table 46.	ADC accuracy with $R_{AIN} < 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$	86
Table 47.	EMS data	88
Table 48.	EMI data	89

LIN slave mode

- Autonomous header handling - one single interrupt per valid message header
- Automatic baud rate synchronization - maximum tolerated initial clock deviation $\pm 15\%$
- Synch delimiter checking
- 11-bit LIN synch break detection - break detection always active
- Parity check on the LIN identifier field
- LIN error management
- Hot plugging support

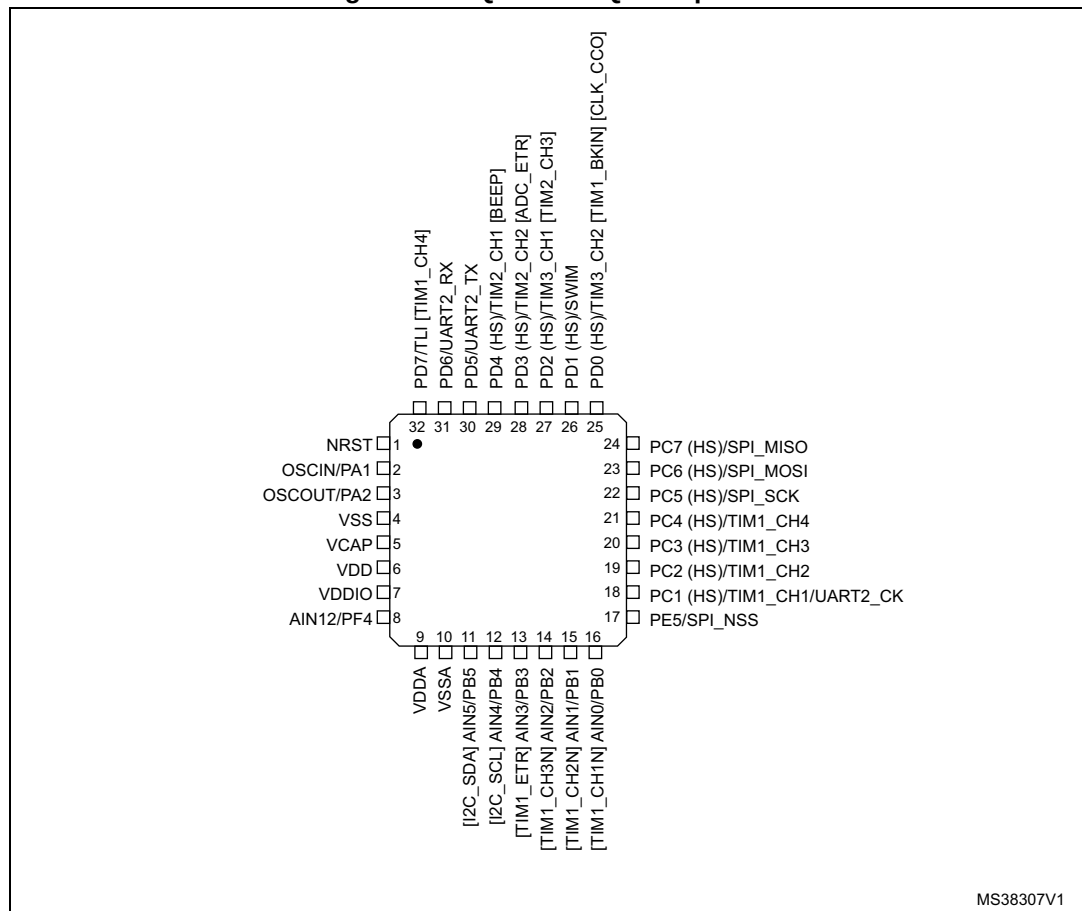
4.14.2 SPI

- Maximum speed: 8 Mbit/s ($f_{MASTER}/2$) both for master and slave
- Full duplex synchronous transfers
- Simplex synchronous transfers on two lines with a possible bidirectional data line
- Master or slave operation - selectable by hardware or software
- CRC calculation
- 1 byte Tx and Rx buffer
- Slave/master selection input pin

4.14.3 I²C

- I²C master features:
 - Clock generation
 - Start and stop generation
- I²C slave features:
 - Programmable I2C address detection
 - Stop bit detection
- Generation and detection of 7-bit/10-bit addressing and general call
- Supports different communication speeds:
 - Standard speed (up to 100 kHz)
 - Fast speed (up to 400 kHz)

Figure 5. UFQFPN32/LQFP32 pinout

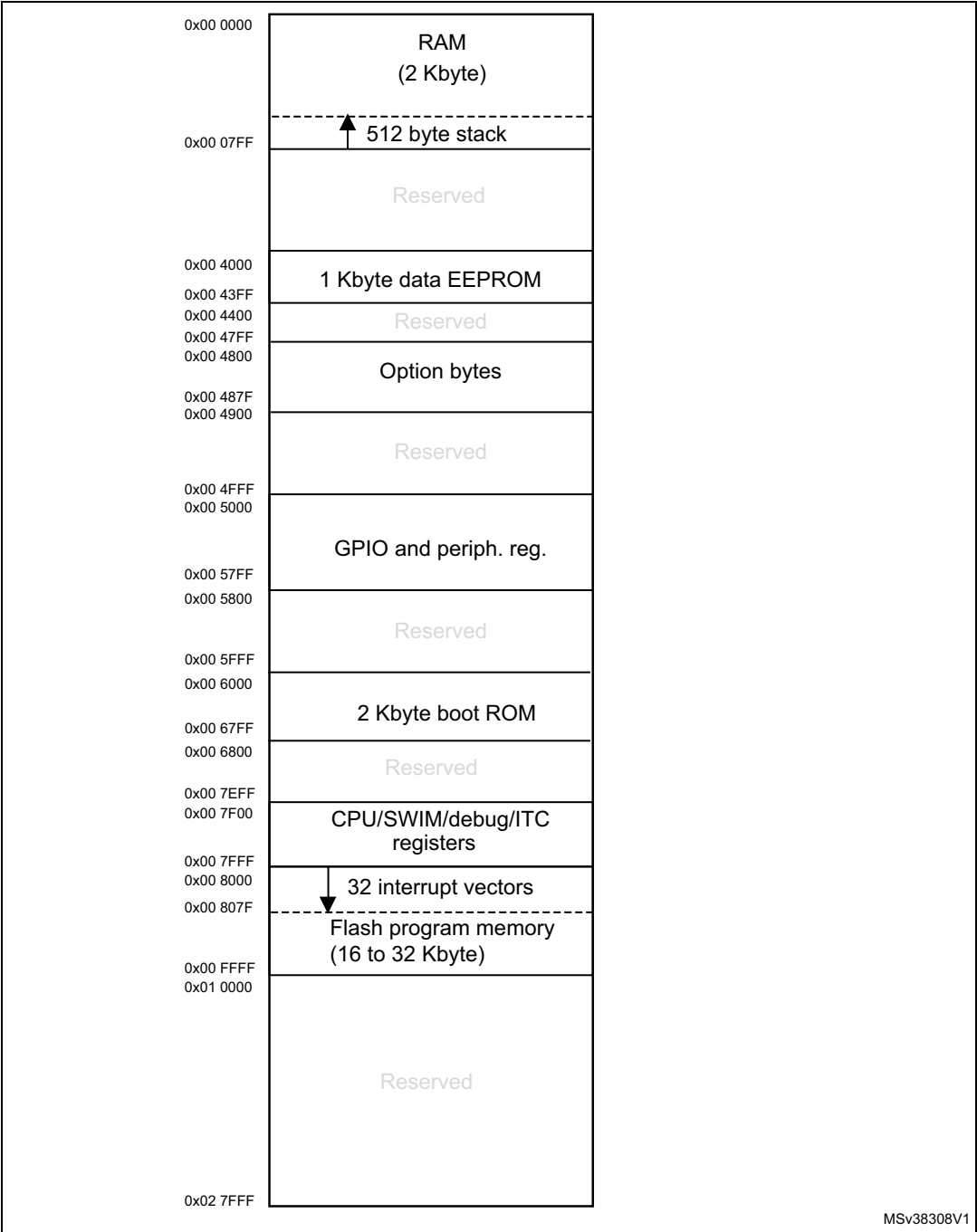


1. (HS) high sink capability.
2. [] alternate function remapping option (if the same alternate function is shown twice, it indicates an exclusive choice not a duplication of the function).

6 Memory and register map

6.1 Memory map

Figure 7. Memory map



The following table lists the boundary addresses for each memory size. The top of the stack is at the RAM end address in each case.

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 5400	ADC1 cont'd	ADC_CSR	ADC control/status register	0x00
0x00 5401		ADC_CR1	ADC configuration register 1	0x00
0x00 5402		ADC_CR2	ADC configuration register 2	0x00
0x00 5403		ADC_CR3	ADC configuration register 3	0x00
0x00 5404		ADC_DRH	ADC data register high	0xXX
0x00 5405		ADC_DRL	ADC data register low	0xXX
0x00 5406		ADC_TDRH	ADC Schmitt trigger disable register high	0x00
0x00 5407		ADC_TDRL	ADC Schmitt trigger disable register low	0x00
0x00 5408		ADC_HTRH	ADC high threshold register high	0x03
0x00 5409		ADC_HTRL	ADC high threshold register low	0xFF
0x00 540A		ADC_LTRH	ADC low threshold register high	0x00
0x00 540B		ADC_LTRL	ADC low threshold register low	0x00
0x00 540C		ADC_AWSRH	ADC analog watchdog status register high	0x00
0x00 540D		ADC_AWSRL	ADC analog watchdog status register low	0x00
0x00 540E		ADC_AWCRH	ADC analog watchdog control register high	0x00
0x00 540F		ADC_AWCRL	ADC analog watchdog control register low	0x00
0x00 5410 to 0x00 57FF	Reserved area (1008 byte)			

1. Depends on the previous reset source.
2. Write-only register.

Table 9. CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 7F90	DM	DM_BK1RE	DM breakpoint 1 register extended byte	0xFF
0x00 7F91		DM_BK1RH	DM breakpoint 1 register high byte	0xFF
0x00 7F92		DM_BK1RL	DM breakpoint 1 register low byte	0xFF
0x00 7F93		DM_BK2RE	DM breakpoint 2 register extended byte	0xFF
0x00 7F94		DM_BK2RH	DM breakpoint 2 register high byte	0xFF
0x00 7F95		DM_BK2RL	DM breakpoint 2 register low byte	0xFF
0x00 7F96		DM_CR1	DM debug module control register 1	0x00
0x00 7F97		DM_CR2	DM debug module control register 2	0x00
0x00 7F98		DM_CSR1	DM debug module control/status register 1	0x10
0x00 7F99		DM_CSR2	DM debug module control/status register 2	0x00
0x00 7F9A		DM_ENFCTR	DM enable function register	0xFF
0x00 7F9B to 0x00 7F9F	Reserved area (5 byte)			

1. Accessible by debug module only.

Table 12. Option byte description (continued)

Option byte no.	Description
OPT4	EXTCLK: External clock selection 0: External crystal connected to OSCIN/OSCOU 1: External clock signal on OSCIN
	CKAWUSEL: Auto wake-up unit/clock 0: LSI clock source selected for AWU 1: HSE clock with prescaler selected as clock source for AWU
	PRSC[1:0] AWU clock prescaler 0x: 16 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler 10: 8 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler 11: 4 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler
OPT5	HSECNT[7:0]: HSE crystal oscillator stabilization time 0x00: 2048 HSE cycles 0xB4: 128 HSE cycles 0xD2: 8 HSE cycles 0xE1: 0.5 HSE cycles
OPT6	Reserved
OPT7	Reserved
OPTBL	BL[7:0]: Bootloader option byte For STM8S products, this option is checked by the boot ROM code after reset. Depending on the content of addresses 0x487E, 0x487F, and 0x8000 (reset vector), the CPU jumps to the bootloader or to the reset vector. Refer to the UM0560 (STM8L/S bootloader manual) for more details. For STM8L products, the bootloader option bytes are on addresses 0xFFFF and 0xFFFF+1 (2 byte). These option bytes control whether the bootloader is active or not. For more details, refer to the UM0560 (STM8L/S bootloader manual) for more details.

10 Electrical characteristics

10.1 Parameter conditions

Unless otherwise specified, all voltages are referred to V_{SS} .

10.1.1 Minimum and maximum values

Unless otherwise specified the minimum and maximum values are guaranteed in the worst conditions of ambient temperature, supply voltage and frequencies by tests in production on 100% of the devices with an ambient temperature at $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, and $T_A = T_{Amax}$ (given by the selected temperature range).

Data based on characterization results, design simulation and/or technology characteristics are indicated in the table footnotes and are not tested in production. Based on characterization, the minimum and maximum values refer to sample tests and represent the mean value plus or minus three times the standard deviation (mean $\pm 3\sigma$).

10.1.2 Typical values

Unless otherwise specified, typical data are based on $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$. They are given only as design guidelines and are not tested.

Typical ADC accuracy values are determined by characterization of a batch of samples from a standard diffusion lot over the full temperature range, where 95% of the devices have an error less than or equal to the value indicated (mean $\pm 2\sigma$).

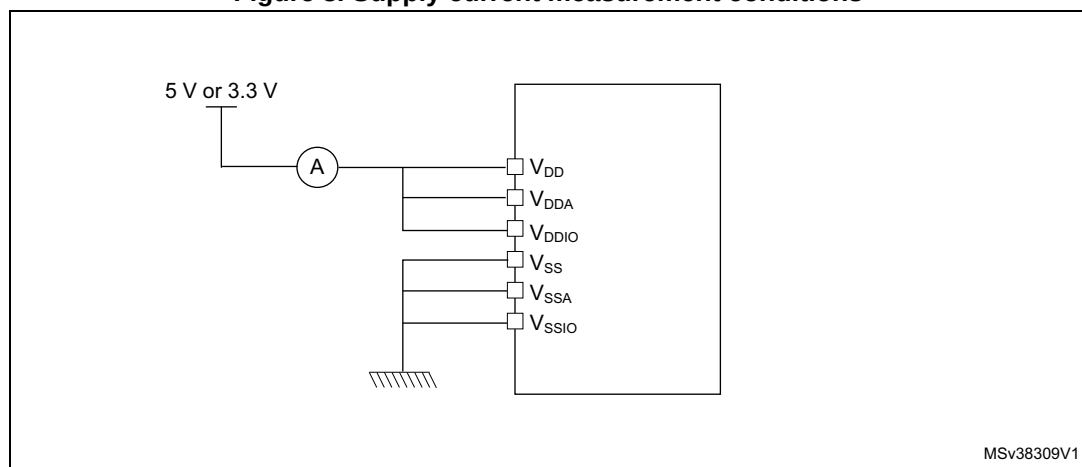
10.1.3 Typical curves

Unless otherwise specified, all typical curves are given only as design guidelines and are not tested.

10.1.4 Typical current consumption

For typical current consumption measurements, V_{DD} , V_{DDIO} and V_{DDA} are connected together in the configuration shown in the following figure.

Figure 8. Supply current measurement conditions



3. I/O pins used simultaneously for high current source/sink must be uniformly spaced around the package between the VDDIO/VSSIO pins.
4. $I_{INJ(PIN)}$ must never be exceeded. This condition is implicitly insured if V_{IN} maximum is respected. If V_{IN} maximum cannot be respected, the injection current must be limited externally to the $I_{INJ(PIN)}$ value. A positive injection is induced by $V_{IN} > V_{DD}$ while a negative injection is induced by $V_{IN} < V_{SS}$. For true open-drain pads, there is no positive injection current allowed and the corresponding V_{IN} maximum must always be respected.
5. Negative injection disturbs the analog performance of the device. See note in *Section: TIM2, TIM3 - 16-bit general purpose timers*.
6. When several inputs are submitted to a current injection, the maximum $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$ is the absolute sum of the positive and negative injected currents (instantaneous values). These results are based on characterization with $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$ maximum current injection on four I/O port pins of the device.

Table 17. Thermal characteristics

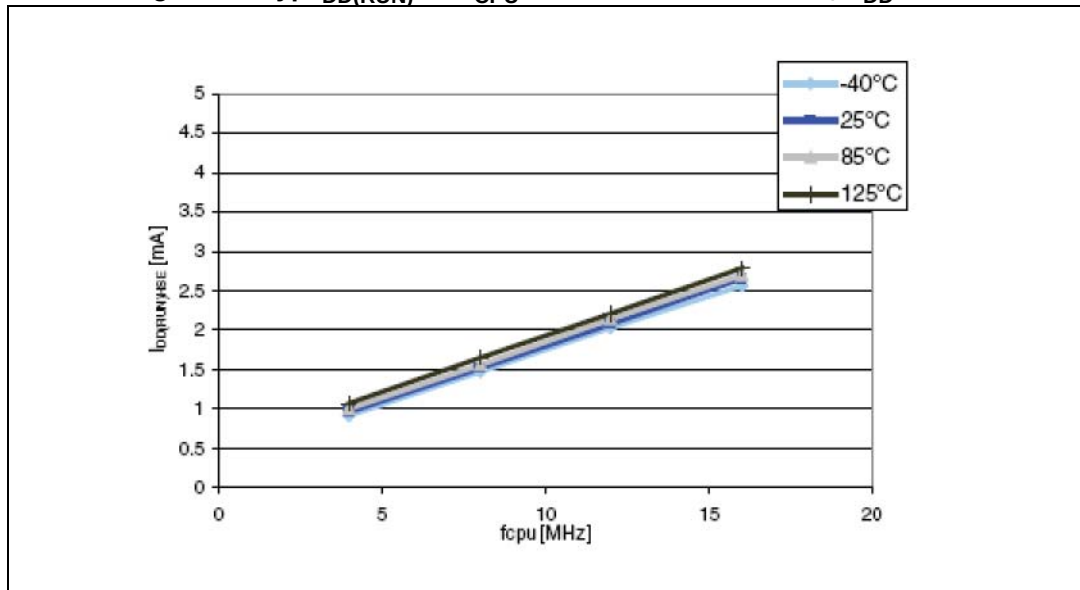
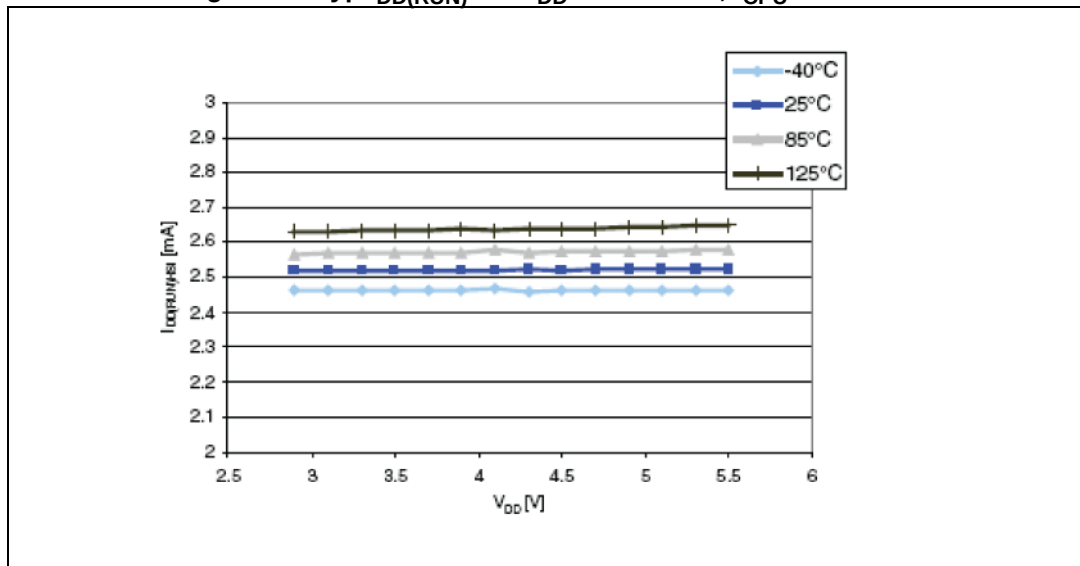
Symbol	Ratings	Value	Unit
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C
T_J	Maximum junction temperature	150	

10.3 Operating conditions

The device must be used in operating conditions that respect the parameters described in the table below. In addition, full account must be taken of all physical capacitor characteristics and tolerances.

Table 18. General operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f_{CPU}	Internal CPU clock frequency	-	0	16	MHz
V_{DD}/V_{DDIO}	Standard operating voltage	-	2.95	5.5	V
$V_{CAP}^{(1)}$	C_{EXT} : capacitance of external capacitor	-	470	3300	nF
	ESR of external capacitor	at 1 MHz ⁽²⁾	-	0.3	Ω
	ESL of external capacitor		-	15	nH
$P_D^{(3)}$	Power dissipation at $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ for suffix 6 or $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ for suffix 3	44- and 48-pin devices, with output on eight standard ports, two high sink ports and two open drain ports simultaneously ⁽⁴⁾	-	443	mW
		32-pin package, with output on eight standard ports and two high sink ports simultaneously ⁽⁴⁾	-	360	

Figure 14. Typ $I_{DD(RUN)}$ vs. f_{CPU} HSE user external clock, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ Figure 15. Typ $I_{DD(RUN)}$ vs. V_{DD} HSI RC osc, $f_{CPU} = 16\text{ MHz}$ 

10.3.3 External clock sources and timing characteristics

HSE user external clock

Subject to general operating conditions for V_{DD} and T_A .

Table 31. HSE user external clock characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f_{HSE_ext}	User external clock source frequency	-	0	16	MHz
$V_{HSEH}^{(1)}$	OSCIN input pin high level voltage	-	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	$V_{DD} + 0.3 \text{ V}$	V
$V_{HSEL}^{(1)}$	OSCIN input pin low level voltage	-	V_{SS}	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	
I_{LEAK_HSE}	OSCIN input leakage current	$V_{SS} < V_{IN} < V_{DD}$	-1	+1	μA

1. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

Figure 19. HSE external clock source

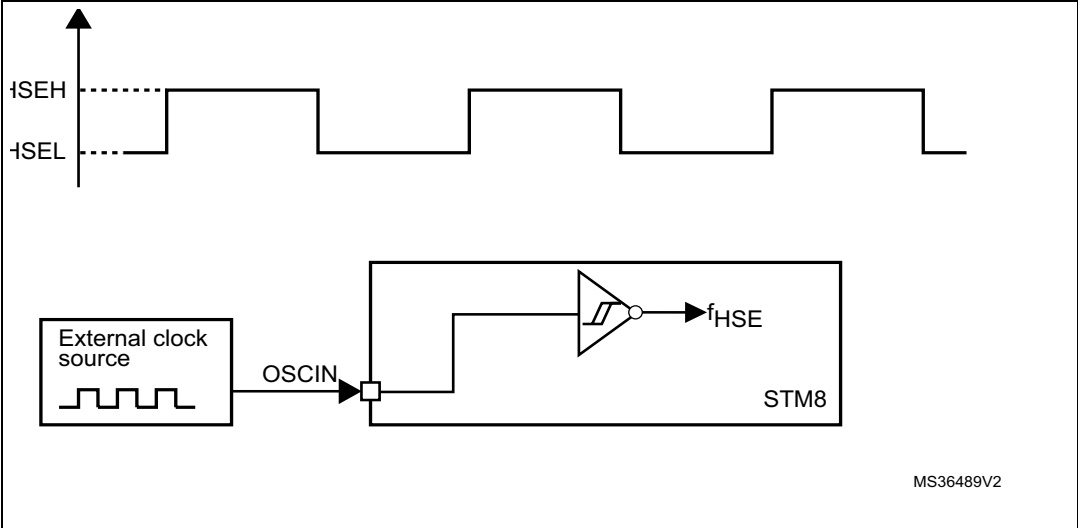
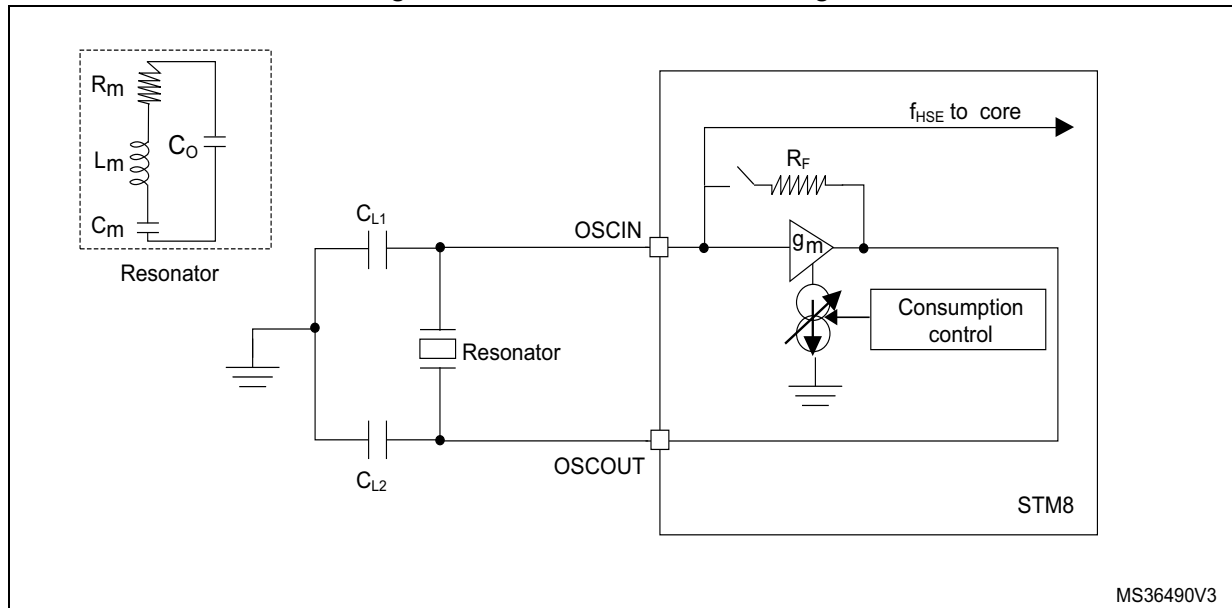


Figure 20. HSE oscillator circuit diagram



MS36490V3

HSE oscillator critical g_m equation

$$g_{m_{crit}} = (2 \times \pi \times f_{HSE})^2 \times R_m (2C_o + C)^2$$

R_m : Notional resistance (see crystal specification)

L_m : Notional inductance (see crystal specification)

C_m : Notional capacitance (see crystal specification)

C_o : Shunt capacitance (see crystal specification)

$C_{L1} = C_{L2} = C$: Grounded external capacitance

$g_m \gg g_{m_{crit}}$

1. Data obtained with HSI clock configuration, after applying the hardware recommendations described in AN2860 (EMC guidelines for STM8S microcontrollers).

Electromagnetic interference (EMI)

Based on a simple application running on the product (toggling 2 LEDs through the I/O ports), the product is monitored in terms of emission. This emission test is in line with the norm IEC 61967-2 which specifies the board and the loading of each pin.

Table 48. EMI data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Unit
		General conditions	Monitored frequency band	Max f _{HSE} /f _{CPU} ⁽¹⁾		
				8 MHz/ 8 MHz	8 MHz/ 16 MHz	
S _{EMI}	Peak level	V _{DD} = 5 V, T _A = 25 °C, LQFP48 package. Conforming to IEC 61967-2	0.1 MHz to 30 MHz	13	14	dBμV
			30 MHz to 130 MHz	23	19	
			130 MHz to 1 GHz	-4.0	-4.0	
	EMI level		EMI level	2.0	1.5	-

1. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production.

Absolute maximum ratings (electrical sensitivity)

Based on two different tests (ESD, DLU and LU) using specific measurement methods, the product is stressed to determine its performance in terms of electrical sensitivity. For more details, refer to the application note AN1181.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

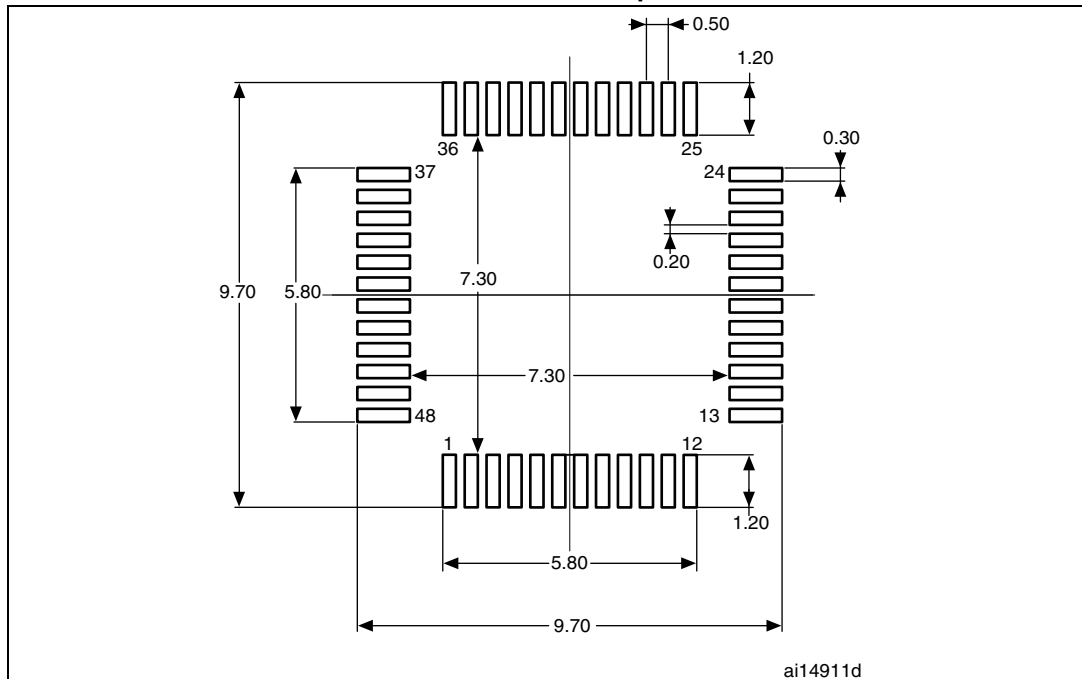
Electrostatic discharges (a positive then a negative pulse separated by 1 second) are applied to the pins of each sample according to each pin combination. The sample size depends on the number of supply pins in the device (3 parts x (n+1) supply pin). One model can be simulated: Human body model. This test conforms to the JESD22-A114A/A115A standard. For more details, refer to the application note AN1181.

Table 49. ESD absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Ratings	Conditions	Class	Maximum value ⁽¹⁾	Unit
$V_{ESD(HBM)}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage (Human body model)	$T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, conforming to JESD22-A114	A	2000	V
$V_{ESD(CDM)}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage (Charge device model)	$T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, conforming to JESD22-C101	IV	1000	

1. Data based on characterization results, not tested in production

Figure 48. LQFP48 - 48-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package recommended footprint

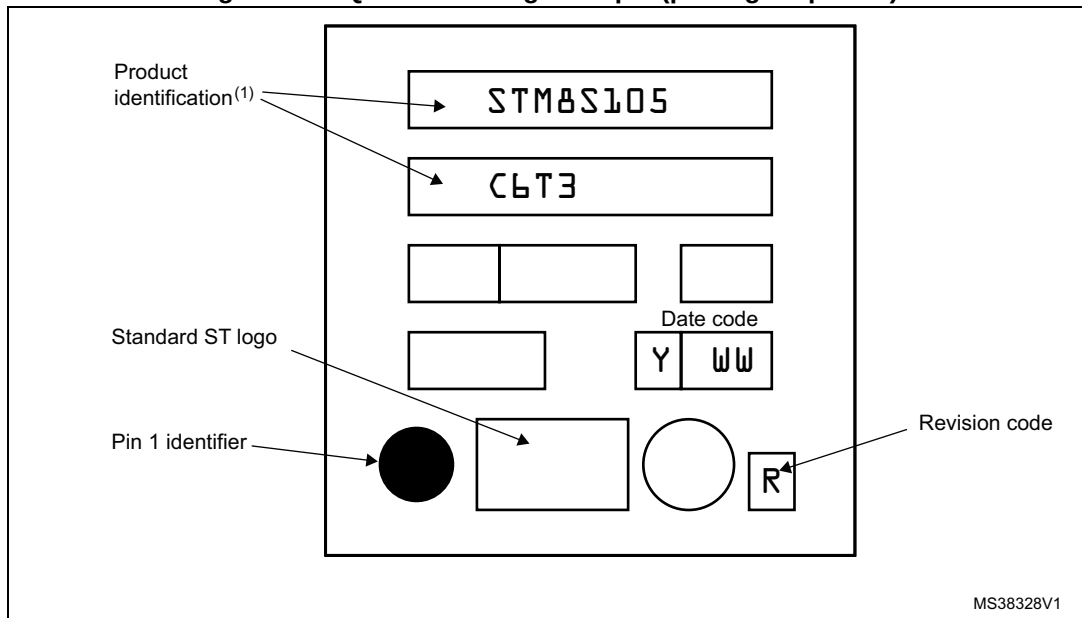


1. Dimensions are expressed in millimeters.

Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

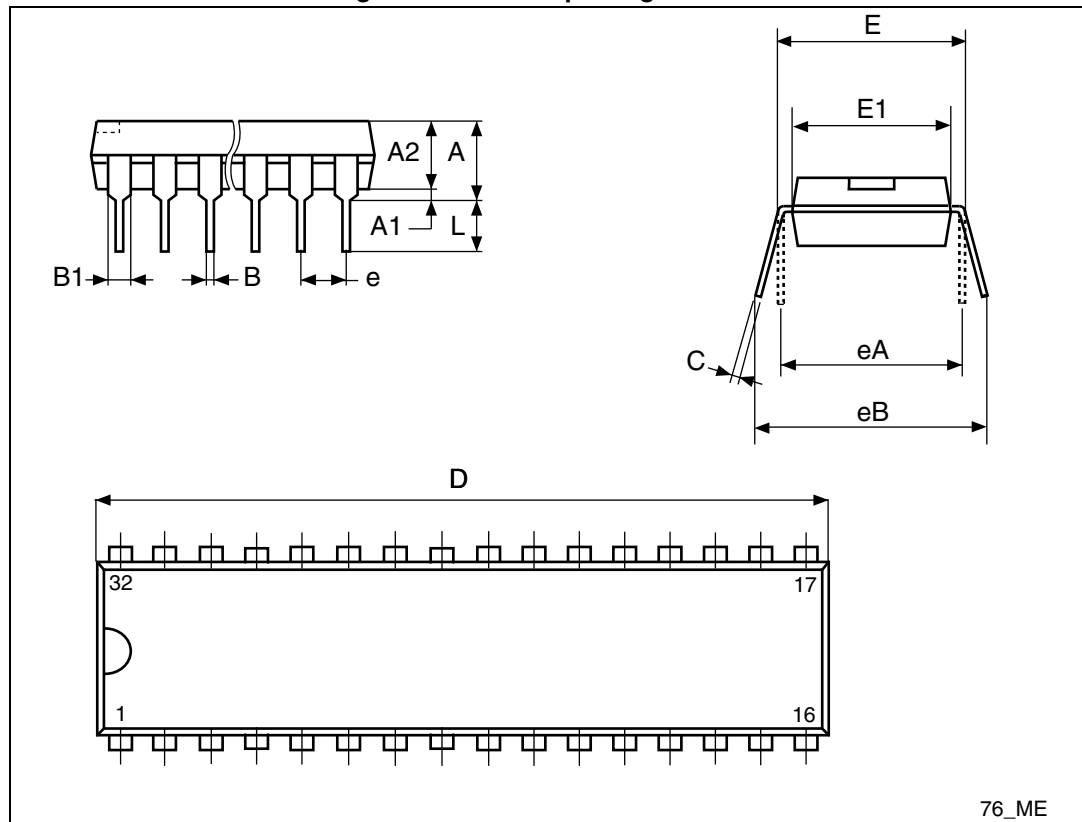
Figure 49. LQFP48 marking example (package top view)



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such

11.5 SDIP32 package information

Figure 59. SDIP32 package outline



76_ME

Table 55. SDIP32 package mechanical data

Dim.	mm			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	3.556	3.759	5.080	0.1400	0.1480	0.2000
A1	0.508	-	-	0.0200	-	-
A2	3.048	3.556	4.572	0.1200	0.1400	0.1800
B	0.356	0.457	0.584	0.0140	0.0180	0.0230
B1	0.762	1.016	1.397	0.0300	0.0400	0.0550
C	0.203	0.254	0.356	0.0079	0.0100	0.0140
D	27.430	27.940	28.450	1.0799	1.1000	1.1201
E	9.906	10.410	11.050	0.3900	0.4098	0.4350
E1	7.620	8.890	9.398	0.3000	0.3500	0.3700
e	-	1.778	-	-	0.0700	-
eA	-	10.160	-	-	0.4000	-

Table 55. SDIP32 package mechanical data (continued)

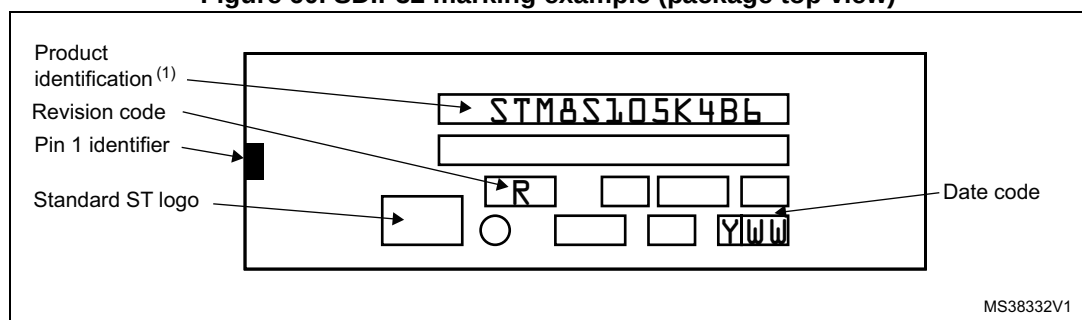
Dim.	mm			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
eB	-	-	12.700	-	-	0.5000
L	2.540	3.048	3.810	0.1000	0.1200	0.1500

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits

Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

Figure 60. SDIP32 marking example (package top view)



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

13 Ordering information

Figure 61. STM8S105x4/6 access line ordering information scheme⁽¹⁾

Example:	STM8	S	105	K	4	T	6		TR
Product class									
STM8 microcontroller									
Family type									
S = Standard									
Sub-family type									
10x = Access line									
105 sub-family									
Pin count									
K = 32 pins									
S = 44 pins									
C = 48 pins									
Program memory size									
4 = 16 Kbyte									
6 = 32 Kbyte									
Package type									
B = SDIP									
T = LQFP									
U = UFQFPN									
Temperature range									
3 = -40 to 125 °C									
6 = -40 to 85 °C									
Package pitch/thickness									
Blank = 0.5 mm									
C = 0.8 mm									
A = 0.55 mm thickness for UFQFPN32									
Packing									
No character = Tray or tube									
TR = Tape and reel									

1. A dedicated ordering information scheme will be released if, in the future, memory programming service (FastROM) is required. The letter "P" will be added after STM8S. Three unique letters identifying the customer application code will also be visible in the codification. Example: STM8SP103K3MACTR.

For a list of available options (for example memory size, package) and orderable part numbers or for further information on any aspect of this device, please go to www.st.com or contact the nearest ST Sales Office.

13.1 STM8S105 FASTROM microcontroller option list

(last update: September 2010)

Customer	
Address	
Contact	
Phone number	
FASTROM code reference ⁽¹⁾	

1. The FASTROM code name is assigned by STMicroelectronics.

The preferable format for programing code is .Hex (.s19 is accepted)

If data EEPROM programing is required, a separate file must be sent with the requested data.

Note: See the option byte section in the datasheet for authorized option byte combinations and a detailed explanation.

Device type/memory size/package (check only one option)

FASTROM device	16 Kbyte	32 Kbyte
LQFP32	☐ STM8S105K4	☐ STM8S105K6
LQFP44	☐ STM8S105S4	☐ STM8S105S6
LQFP48	☐ STM8S105C4	☐ STM8S105C6

Conditioning (check only one option)

☐ Tape and reel or ☐ Tray

Special marking (check only one option)

☐ No ☐ Yes

Authorized characters are letters, digits, '.', '-', '/' and spaces only. Maximum character counts are:

LQFP32: 2 lines of 7 characters max: "_____" and "_____"

LQFP44: 2 lines of 7 characters max: "_____" and "_____"

LQFP48: 2 lines of 8 characters max: "_____" and "_____"

Temperature range

☐ -40°C to +85°C or ☐ -40°C to +125°C

Padding value for unused program memory (check only one option)

☐ 0xFF	Fixed value
☐ 0x83	TRAP instruction code
☐ 0x75	Illegal opcode (causes a reset when executed)

OTP0 memory readout protection (check only one option)

☐ Disable or ☐ Enable

OTP1 user boot code area (UBC)

0x(_) fill in the hexadecimal value, referring to the datasheet and the binary format below:

UBC, bit0	☐ 0: Reset ☐ 1: Set
UBC, bit1	☐ 0: Reset ☐ 1: Set
UBC, bit2	☐ 0: Reset ☐ 1: Set
UBC, bit3	☐ 0: Reset ☐ 1: Set
UBC, bit4	☐ 0: Reset ☐ 1: Set
UBC, bit5	☐ 0: Reset ☐ 1: Set

OTP2 alternate function remapping

AFR0 (check only one option)	☐ 0: Remapping option inactive. Default alternate functions used. Refer to pinout description ☐ 1: Port D3 alternate function = ADC_ETR
AFR1 (check only one option)	☐ 0: Remapping option inactive. Default alternate functions used. Refer to pinout description ☐ 1: Port A3 alternate function = TIM3_CH1, port D2 alternate function = TIM2_CH3
AFR2 (check only one option)	☐ 0: Remapping option inactive. Default alternate functions used. Refer to pinout description ☐ 1: Port D0 alternate function = CLK_CCO <i>Note: if both AFR2 and AFR3 are activated, AFR2 option has priority over AFR3.</i>
AFR3 (check only one option)	☐ 0: Remapping option inactive. Default alternate functions used. Refer to pinout description ☐ 1: Port D0 alternate function = TIM1_BKIN

OPT5 crystal oscillator stabilization HSECNT (check only one option)

- ☐ 2048 HSE cycles
- ☐ 128 HSE cycles
- ☐ 8 HSE cycles
- ☐ 0.5 HSE cycles

OTP6 is reserved

OTP7 is reserved

OTPBL bootloader option byte (check only one option)

Refer to the UM0560 (STM8L/S bootloader manual) for more details.

- ☐ Disable (00h)
- ☐ Enable (55h)

Comments:	
Supply operating range in the application:	
Notes:	
Date:	
Signature:	

