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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	XC800
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	27MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, SPI, SSI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	40
Program Memory Size	52KB (52K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	3.25K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	PG-LQFP-64-4
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/saf-xc878cm-13ffi-3v3-aa

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8-Bit

XC87xCLM

8-Bit Single-Chip Microcontroller

Data Sheet

V1.5 2011-03

Microcontrollers

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Summary of Features
Table 2 Device Profile (cont'd)

Sales Type	Device Type	Program Memory (Kbytes)	Power Supply (V)	Temp-erature (°C)	Quality Profile
SAF-XC874CM-16FVA 5V	Flash	64	5.0	-40 to 85	Automotive
SAF-XC874CM-13FVA 5V	Flash	52	5.0	-40 to 85	Automotive
SAK-XC874LM-16FVA 5V	Flash	64	5.0	-40 to 125	Automotive
SAK-XC874CM-16FVA 5V	Flash	64	5.0	-40 to 125	Automotive
SAK-XC874-16FVA 5V	Flash	64	5.0	-40 to 125	Automotive
SAK-XC874LM-13FVA 5V	Flash	52	5.0	-40 to 125	Automotive
SAK-XC874CM-13FVA 5V	Flash	52	5.0	-40 to 125	Automotive
SAK-XC874-13FVA 5V	Flash	52	5.0	-40 to 125	Automotive

As this document refers to all the derivatives, some description may not apply to a specific product. For simplicity, all versions are referred to by the term XC87x throughout this document.

Ordering Information

The ordering code for Infineon Technologies microcontrollers provides an exact reference to the required product. This ordering code identifies:

- The derivative itself, i.e. its function set, the temperature range, and the supply voltage
- The package and the type of delivery

For the available ordering codes for the XC87x, please refer to your responsible sales representative or your local distributor.

2 General Device Information

Chapter 2 contains the block diagram, pin configurations, definitions and functions of the XC87x.

2.1 Block Diagram

The block diagram of the XC87x is shown in **Figure 2**.

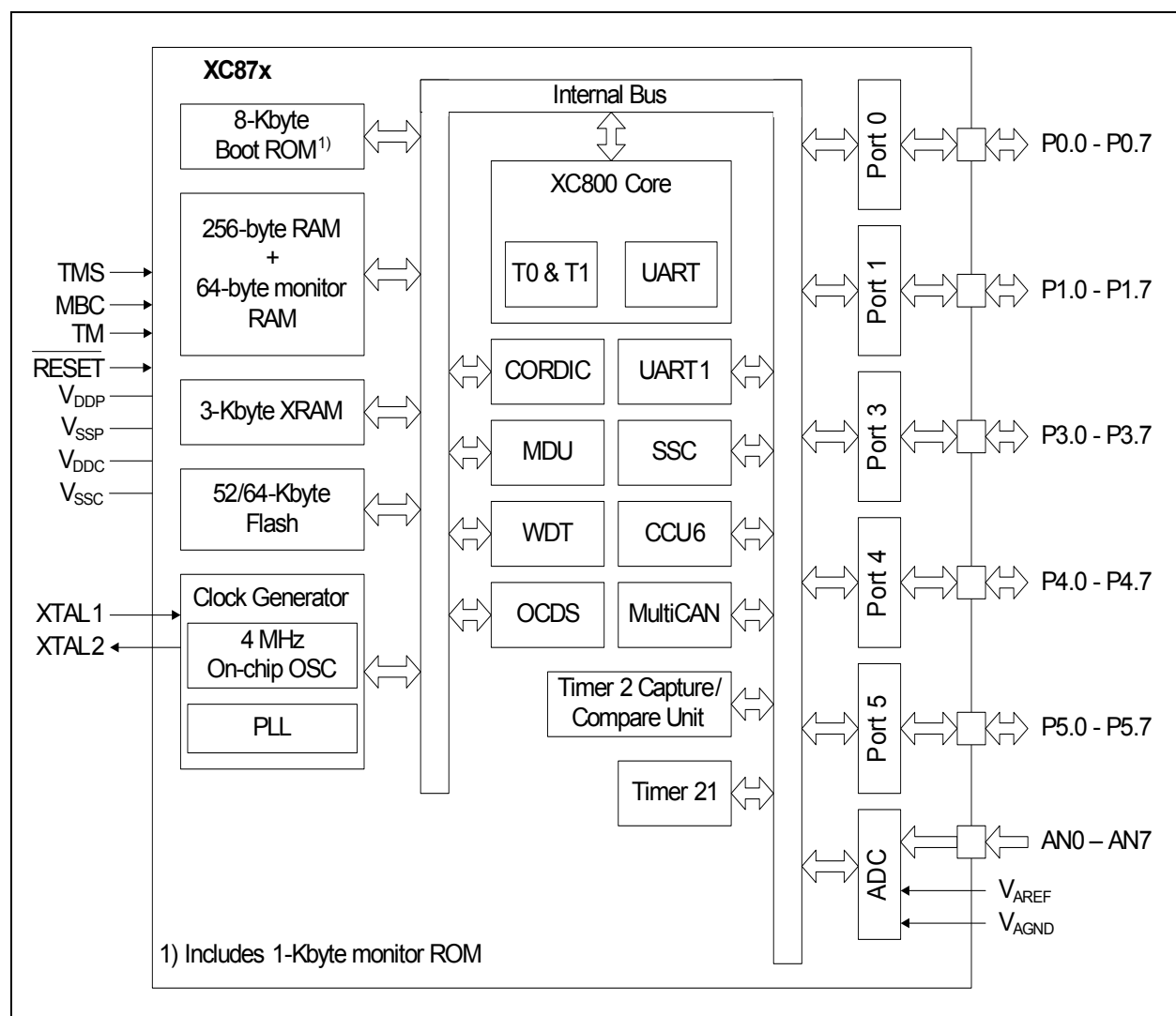


Figure 2 XC87x Block Diagram

General Device Information

2.3 Pin Configuration

The pin configuration of the XC878, which is based on the PG-LQFP-64, is shown in **Figure 4**, while that of the XC874, which is based on the PG-VQFN-48 package, is shown in **Figure 5**.

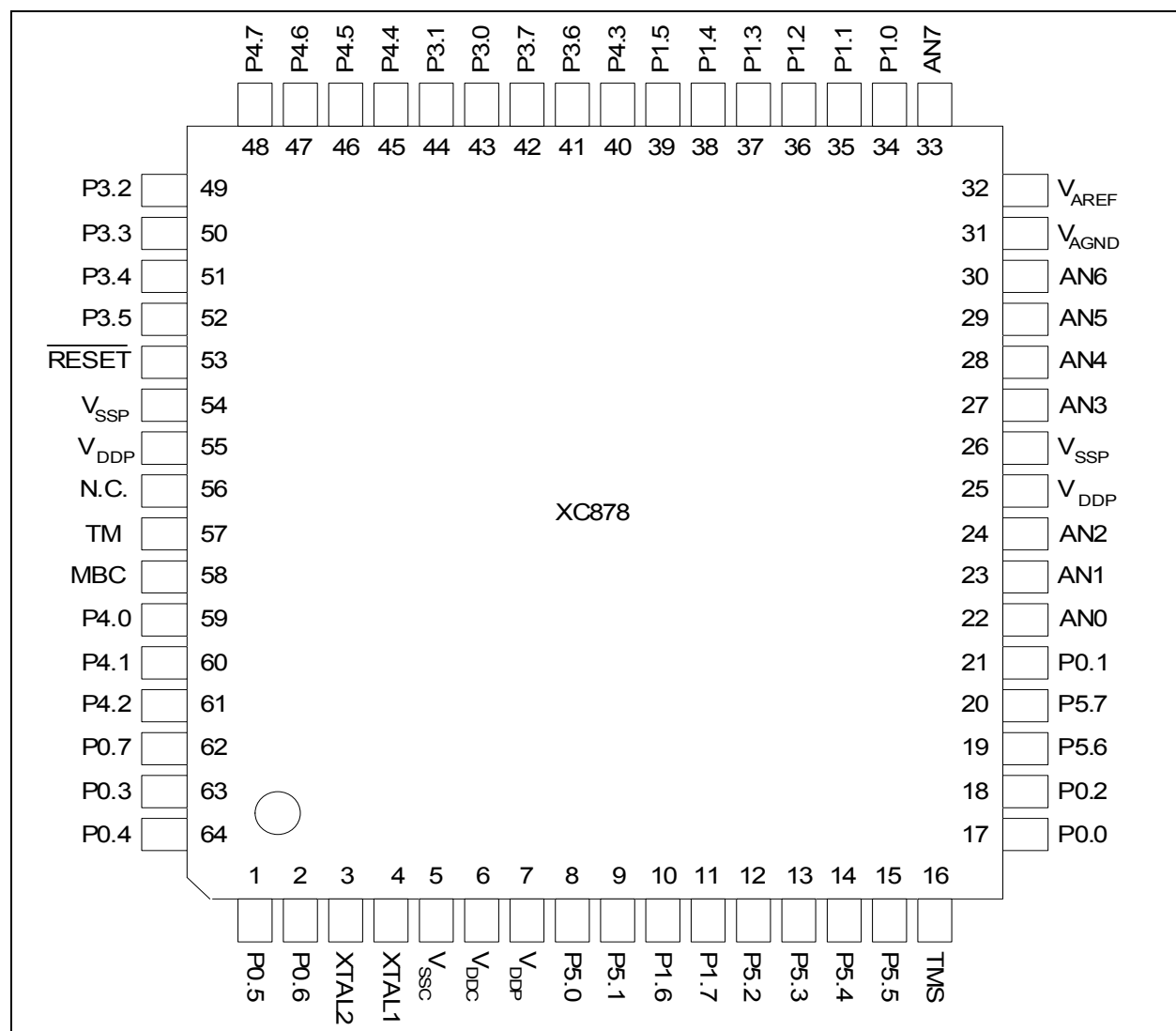


Figure 4 XC878 Pin Configuration, PG-LQFP-64 Package (top view)

General Device Information
Table 3 Pin Definitions and Functions (cont'd)

Symbol	Pin Number (LQFP-64 / VQFN-48)	Type	Reset State	Function
P5		I/O		Port 5 Port 5 is an 8-bit bidirectional general purpose I/O port. It can be used as alternate functions for UART, UART1, T2CCU, JTAG and External Interface.
P5.0	8/-		PU	EXINT1_1 External Interrupt Input 1 A0 Address Line 0 Output
P5.1	9/-		PU	EXINT2_1 External Interrupt Input 2 A1 Address Line 1 Output
P5.2	12/-		PU	RXD_2 UART Receive Data Input T2CC2_2/ External Interrupt Input 5/T2CCU EXINT5_3 Capture/Compare Channel 2 A2 Address Line 2 Output
P5.3	13/-		PU	CCPOS0_0 CCU6 Hall Input 0 EXINT1_0 External Interrupt Input 1 T12HR_2 CCU6 Timer 12 Hardware Run Input CC61_3 Input of Capture/Compare channel 1 TXD_2 UART Transmit Data Output/Clock Output T2CC5_2 Compare Output Channel 5 A3 Address Line 3 Output
P5.4	14/-		PU	CCPOS1_0 CCU6 Hall Input 1 EXINT2_0 External Interrupt Input 2 T13HR_2 CCU6 Timer 13 Hardware Run Input CC62_3 Input of Capture/Compare channel 2 RXDO_2 UART Transmit Data Output T2CC4_2 Compare Output Channel 4 A4 Address Line 4 Output

Functional Description

Field	Bits	Type	Description
OP	[7:6]	w	Operation 0X Manual page mode. The value of STNR is ignored and PAGE is directly written. 10 New page programming with automatic page saving. The value written to the bit positions of PAGE is stored. In parallel, the previous contents of PAGE are saved in the storage bit field STx indicated by STNR. 11 Automatic restore page action. The value written to the bit positions PAGE is ignored and instead, PAGE is overwritten by the contents of the storage bit field STx indicated by STNR.
0	3	r	Reserved Returns 0 if read; should be written with 0.

3.2.3 Bit Protection Scheme

The bit protection scheme prevents direct software writing of selected bits (i.e., protected bits) using the PASSWD register. When the bit field MODE is 11_B, writing 10011_B to the bit field PASS opens access to writing of all protected bits, and writing 10101_B to the bit field PASS closes access to writing of all protected bits. In both cases, the value of the bit field MODE is not changed even if PASSWD register is written with 98_H or A8_H. It can only be changed when bit field PASS is written with 11000_B, for example, writing D0_H to PASSWD register disables the bit protection scheme.

Note that access is opened for maximum 32 CCLKs if the “close access” password is not written. If “open access” password is written again before the end of 32 CCLK cycles, there will be a recount of 32 CCLK cycles. The protected bits include the N- and K-Divider bits, NDIV and KDIV; the Watchdog Timer enable bit, WDTEN; and the power-down and slow-down enable bits, PD and SD.

Functional Description

3.2.4 XC87x Register Overview

The SFRs of the XC87x are organized into groups according to their functional units. The contents (bits) of the SFRs are summarized in [Chapter 3.2.4.1](#) to [Chapter 3.2.4.15](#).

Note: The addresses of the bitaddressable SFRs appear in bold typeface.

3.2.4.1 CPU Registers

The CPU SFRs can be accessed in both the standard and mapped memory areas (RMAP = 0 or 1).

Table 5 CPU Register Overview

Addr	Register Name	Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RMAP = 0 or 1										
81 _H	SP Stack Pointer Register Reset: 07_H	Bit Field	SP							
		Type	rw							
82 _H	DPL Data Pointer Register Low Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	DPL7	DPL6	DPL5	DPL4	DPL3	DPL2	DPL1	DPL0
		Type	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw
83 _H	DPH Data Pointer Register High Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	DPH7	DPH6	DPH5	DPH4	DPH3	DPH2	DPH1	DPH0
		Type	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw
87 _H	PCON Power Control Register Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	SMOD	0			GF1	GF0	0	IDLE
		Type	rw	r			rw	rw	r	rw
88 _H	TCON Timer Control Register Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	TF1	TR1	TF0	TR0	IE1	IT1	IE0	IT0
		Type	rwh	rw	rwh	rw	rwh	rw	rwh	rw
89 _H	TMOD Timer Mode Register Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	GATE 1	T1S	T1M		GATE 0	T0S	T0M	
		Type	rw	rw	rw		rw	rw	rw	
8A _H	TL0 Timer 0 Register Low Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	VAL							
		Type	rwh							
8B _H	TL1 Timer 1 Register Low Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	VAL							
		Type	rwh							
8C _H	TH0 Timer 0 Register High Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	VAL							
		Type	rwh							
8D _H	TH1 Timer 1 Register High Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	VAL							
		Type	rwh							
94 _H	MEX1 Memory Extension Register 1 Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	CB				NB			
		Type	r				rw			
95 _H	MEX2 Memory Extension Register 2 Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	MCM	MCB			IB			
		Type	rw	rw			rw			
96 _H	MEX3 Memory Extension Register 3 Reset: 00_H	Bit Field	MCB1 9	0		MXB1 9	MXM	MXB		
		Type	rw	r		rw	rw	rw		

Functional Description
Table 11 ADC Register Overview (cont'd)

Addr	Register Name	Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RMAP = 0, PAGE 2										
CA _H	ADC_RESR0L Reset: 00 _H Result Register 0 Low	Bit Field	RESULT	0	VF	DRC	CHNR			
		Type	rh	r	rh	rh	rh			
CB _H	ADC_RESR0H Reset: 00 _H Result Register 0 High	Bit Field	RESULT							
		Type	rh							
CC _H	ADC_RESR1L Reset: 00 _H Result Register 1 Low	Bit Field	RESULT	0	VF	DRC	CHNR			
		Type	rh	r	rh	rh	rh			
CD _H	ADC_RESR1H Reset: 00 _H Result Register 1 High	Bit Field	RESULT							
		Type	rh							
CE _H	ADC_RESR2L Reset: 00 _H Result Register 2 Low	Bit Field	RESULT	0	VF	DRC	CHNR			
		Type	rh	r	rh	rh	rh			
CF _H	ADC_RESR2H Reset: 00 _H Result Register 2 High	Bit Field	RESULT							
		Type	rh							
D2 _H	ADC_RESR3L Reset: 00 _H Result Register 3 Low	Bit Field	RESULT	0	VF	DRC	CHNR			
		Type	rh	r	rh	rh	rh			
D3 _H	ADC_RESR3H Reset: 00 _H Result Register 3 High	Bit Field	RESULT							
		Type	rh							
RMAP = 0, PAGE 3										
CA _H	ADC_RESRA0L Reset: 00 _H Result Register 0, View A Low	Bit Field	RESULT			VF	DRC	CHNR		
		Type	rh			rh	rh	rh		
CB _H	ADC_RESRA0H Reset: 00 _H Result Register 0, View A High	Bit Field	RESULT							
		Type	rh							
CC _H	ADC_RESRA1L Reset: 00 _H Result Register 1, View A Low	Bit Field	RESULT			VF	DRC	CHNR		
		Type	rh			rh	rh	rh		
CD _H	ADC_RESRA1H Reset: 00 _H Result Register 1, View A High	Bit Field	RESULT							
		Type	rh							
CE _H	ADC_RESRA2L Reset: 00 _H Result Register 2, View A Low	Bit Field	RESULT			VF	DRC	CHNR		
		Type	rh			rh	rh	rh		
CF _H	ADC_RESRA2H Reset: 00 _H Result Register 2, View A High	Bit Field	RESULT							
		Type	rh							
D2 _H	ADC_RESRA3L Reset: 00 _H Result Register 3, View A Low	Bit Field	RESULT			VF	DRC	CHNR		
		Type	rh			rh	rh	rh		
D3 _H	ADC_RESRA3H Reset: 00 _H Result Register 3, View A High	Bit Field	RESULT							
		Type	rh							
RMAP = 0, PAGE 4										
CA _H	ADC_RCR0 Reset: 00 _H Result Control Register 0	Bit Field	VFCT R	WFR	0	IEN	0			DRCT R
		Type	rw	rw	r	rw	r			rw

Functional Description
3.2.4.10 CCU6 Registers

The CCU6 SFRs can be accessed in the standard memory area (RMAP = 0).

Table 14 CCU6 Register Overview

Addr	Register Name	Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RMAP = 0										
A3 _H	CCU6_PAGE Page Register Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	OP		STNR		0	PAGE		
		Type	w		w		r	rwh		
RMAP = 0, PAGE 0										
9A _H	CCU6_CC63SRL Capture/Compare Shadow Register for Channel CC63 Low Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	CC63SL							
		Type	rw							
9B _H	CCU6_CC63SRH Capture/Compare Shadow Register for Channel CC63 High Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	CC63SH							
		Type	rw							
9C _H	CCU6_TCTR4L Timer Control Register 4 Low Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	T12 STD	T12 STR	0		DT RES	T12 RES	T12R S	T12R R
		Type	w	w	r		w	w	w	w
9D _H	CCU6_TCTR4H Timer Control Register 4 High Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	T13 STD	T13 STR	0			T13 RES	T13R S	T13R R
		Type	w	w	r			w	w	w
9E _H	CCU6_MCMOUTSL Multi-Channel Mode Output Shadow Register Low Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	STRM CM	0	MCMPS					
		Type	w	r	rw					
9F _H	CCU6_MCMOUTSH Multi-Channel Mode Output Shadow Register High Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	STRH P	0	CURHS			EXPHS		
		Type	w	r	rw			rw		
A4 _H	CCU6_ISRL Capture/Compare Interrupt Status Reset Register Low Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	RT12 PM	RT12 OM	RCC6 2F	RCC6 2R	RCC6 1F	RCC6 1R	RCC6 0F	RCC6 0R
		Type	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
A5 _H	CCU6_ISRH Capture/Compare Interrupt Status Reset Register High Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	RSTR	RIDLE	RWH E	RCHE	0	RTRP F	RT13 PM	RT13 CM
		Type	w	w	w	w	r	w	w	w
A6 _H	CCU6_CMPMODIFL Compare State Modification Register Low Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	0	MCC6 3S	0			MCC6 2S	MCC6 1S	MCC6 0S
		Type	r	w	r			w	w	w
A7 _H	CCU6_CMPMODIFH Compare State Modification Register High Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	0	MCC6 3R	0			MCC6 2R	MCC6 1R	MCC6 0R
		Type	r	w	r			w	w	w
FA _H	CCU6_CC60SRL Capture/Compare Shadow Register for Channel CC60 Low Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	CC60SL							
		Type	rwh							
FB _H	CCU6_CC60SRH Capture/Compare Shadow Register for Channel CC60 High Reset: 00 _H	Bit Field	CC60SH							
		Type	rwh							

Functional Description
Table 14 CCU6 Register Overview (cont'd)

Addr	Register Name	Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FD _H	CCU6_CC61RH Reset: 00_H Capture/Compare Register for Channel CC61 High	Bit Field	CC61VH							
		Type	rh							
FE _H	CCU6_CC62RL Reset: 00_H Capture/Compare Register for Channel CC62 Low	Bit Field	CC62VL							
		Type	rh							
FF _H	CCU6_CC62RH Reset: 00_H Capture/Compare Register for Channel CC62 High	Bit Field	CC62VH							
		Type	rh							
RMAP = 0, PAGE 2										
9A _H	CCU6_T12MSELL Reset: 00_H T12 Capture/Compare Mode Select Register Low	Bit Field	MSEL61				MSEL60			
		Type	rw				rw			
9B _H	CCU6_T12MSELH Reset: 00_H T12 Capture/Compare Mode Select Register High	Bit Field	DBYP	HSYNC			MSEL62			
		Type	rw	rw			rw			
9C _H	CCU6_IENL Reset: 00_H Capture/Compare Interrupt Enable Register Low	Bit Field	ENT1 2 PM	ENT1 2 OM	ENCC 62F	ENCC 62R	ENCC 61F	ENCC 61R	ENCC 60F	ENCC 60R
		Type	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw
9D _H	CCU6_IENH Reset: 00_H Capture/Compare Interrupt Enable Register High	Bit Field	EN STR	EN IDLE	EN WHE	EN CHE	0	EN TRPF	ENT1 3PM	ENT1 3CM
		Type	rw	rw	rw	rw	r	rw	rw	rw
9E _H	CCU6_INPL Reset: 40_H Capture/Compare Interrupt Node Pointer Register Low	Bit Field	INPCHE		INPCC62		INPCC61		INPCC60	
		Type	rw		rw		rw		rw	
9F _H	CCU6_INPH Reset: 39_H Capture/Compare Interrupt Node Pointer Register High	Bit Field	0		INPT13		INPT12		INPERR	
		Type	r		rw		rw		rw	
A4 _H	CCU6_ISSL Reset: 00_H Capture/Compare Interrupt Status Set Register Low	Bit Field	ST12 PM	ST12 OM	SCC6 2F	SCC6 2R	SCC6 1F	SCC6 1R	SCC6 0F	SCC6 0R
		Type	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
A5 _H	CCU6_ISSH Reset: 00_H Capture/Compare Interrupt Status Set Register High	Bit Field	SSTR	SIDLE	SWHE	SCHE	SWH C	STRP F	ST13 PM	ST13 CM
		Type	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
A6 _H	CCU6_PSLR Reset: 00_H Passive State Level Register	Bit Field	PSL63	0	PSL					
		Type	rwh	r	rwh					
A7 _H	CCU6_MCMCTR Reset: 00_H Multi-Channel Mode Control Register	Bit Field	0		SWSYN		0	SWSEL		
		Type	r		rw		r	rw		
FA _H	CCU6_TCTR2L Reset: 00_H Timer Control Register 2 Low	Bit Field	0	T13TED		T13TEC			T13 SSC	T12 SSC
		Type	r	rw		rw			rw	rw
FB _H	CCU6_TCTR2H Reset: 00_H Timer Control Register 2 High	Bit Field	0				T13RSEL		T12RSEL	
		Type	r				rw		rw	
FC _H	CCU6_MODCTRL Reset: 00_H Modulation Control Register Low	Bit Field	MCM EN	0	T12MODEN					
		Type	rw	r	rw					

Functional Description

3.2.4.11 UART1 Registers

The UART1 SFRs can be accessed in the mapped memory area (RMAP = 1).

Table 15 UART1 Register Overview

Addr	Register Name	Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RMAP = 1										
C8 _H	SCON Reset: 00_H Serial Channel Control Register	Bit Field	SM0	SM1	SM2	REN	TB8	RB8	TI	RI
		Type	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rwh	rwh	rwh
C9 _H	SBUF Reset: 00_H Serial Data Buffer Register	Bit Field	VAL							
		Type	rwh							
CA _H	BCON Reset: 00_H Baud Rate Control Register	Bit Field	0				BRPRE			R
		Type	r				rw			rw
CB _H	BG Reset: 00_H Baud Rate Timer/Reload Register	Bit Field	BR_VALUE							
		Type	rwh							
CC _H	FDCON Reset: 00_H Fractional Divider Control Register	Bit Field	0					NDOV	FDM	FDEN
		Type	r					rwh	rw	rw
CD _H	FDSTEP Reset: 00_H Fractional Divider Reload Register	Bit Field	STEP							
		Type	rw							
CE _H	FDRES Reset: 00_H Fractional Divider Result Register	Bit Field	RESULT							
		Type	rh							
CF _H	SCON1 Reset: 07_H Serial Channel Control Register 1	Bit Field	0					NDOV EN	TIEN	RIEN
		Type	r					rw	rw	rw

3.2.4.12 SSC Registers

The SSC SFRs can be accessed in the standard memory area (RMAP = 0).

Table 16 SSC Register Overview

Addr	Register Name	Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RMAP = 0										
A9 _H	SSC_PISEL Reset: 00 _H Port Input Select Register	Bit Field	0					CIS	SIS	MIS
		Type	r					rw	rw	rw
AA _H	SSC_CONL Reset: 00 _H Control Register Low Programming Mode	Bit Field	LB	PO	PH	HB	BM			
		Type	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw			
AA _H	SSC_CONL Reset: 00 _H Control Register Low Operating Mode	Bit Field	0					BC		
		Type	r					rh		
AB _H	SSC_CONH Reset: 00 _H Control Register High Programming Mode	Bit Field	EN	MS	0	AREN	BEN	PEN	REN	TEN
		Type	rw	rw	r	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw

Functional Description

3.7 Reset Control

The XC87x has five types of reset: power-on reset, hardware reset, watchdog timer reset, power-down wake-up reset, and brownout reset.

When the XC87x is first powered up, the status of certain pins (see [Table 25](#)) must be defined to ensure proper start operation of the device. At the end of a reset sequence, the sampled values are latched to select the desired boot option, which cannot be modified until the next power-on reset or hardware reset. This guarantees stable conditions during the normal operation of the device.

The second type of reset in XC87x is the hardware reset. This reset function can be used during normal operation or when the chip is in power-down mode. A reset input pin **RESET** is provided for the hardware reset.

The Watchdog Timer (WDT) module is also capable of resetting the device if it detects a malfunction in the system.

Another type of reset that needs to be detected is a reset while the device is in power-down mode (wake-up reset). While the contents of the static RAM are undefined after a power-on reset, they are well defined after a wake-up reset from power-down mode.

3.7.1 Module Reset Behavior

[Table 24](#) lists the functions of the XC87x and the various reset types that affect these functions. The symbol “■” signifies that the particular function is reset to its default state.

Table 24 Effect of Reset on Device Functions

Module/ Function	Wake-Up Reset	Watchdog Reset	Hardware Reset	Power-On Reset	Brownout Reset
CPU Core	■	■	■	■	■
Peripherals	■	■	■	■	■
On-Chip Static RAM	Not affected, Reliable	Not affected, Reliable	Not affected, Reliable	Affected, un- reliable	Affected, un- reliable
Oscillator, PLL	■	Not affected	■	■	■
Port Pins	■	■	■	■	■
EVR	The voltage regulator is switched on	Not affected	Not affected	■	■
FLASH	■	■	■	■	■
NMI	Disabled	Disabled	■	■	■

Functional Description

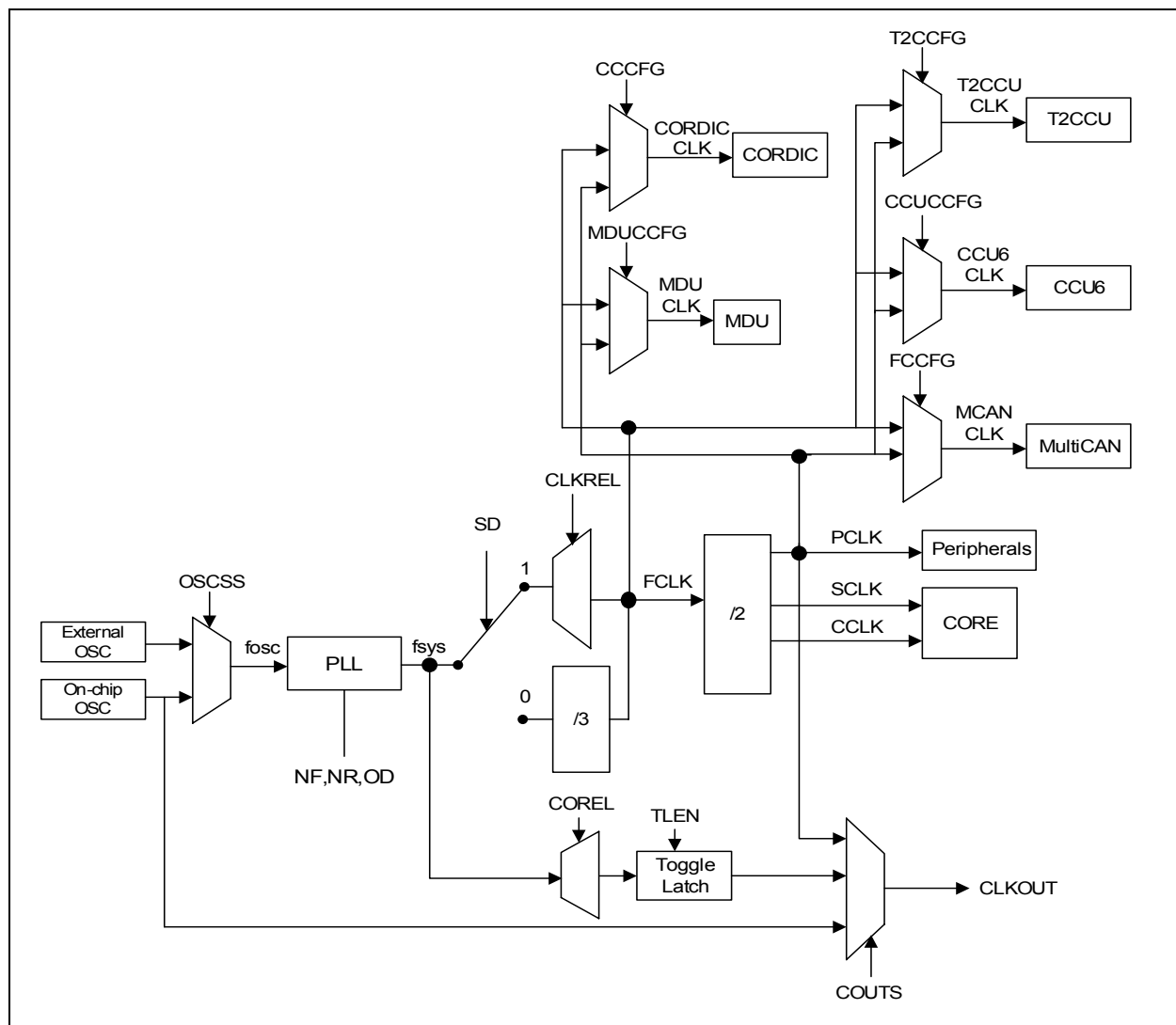


Figure 22 Clock Generation from f_{sys}

Functional Description

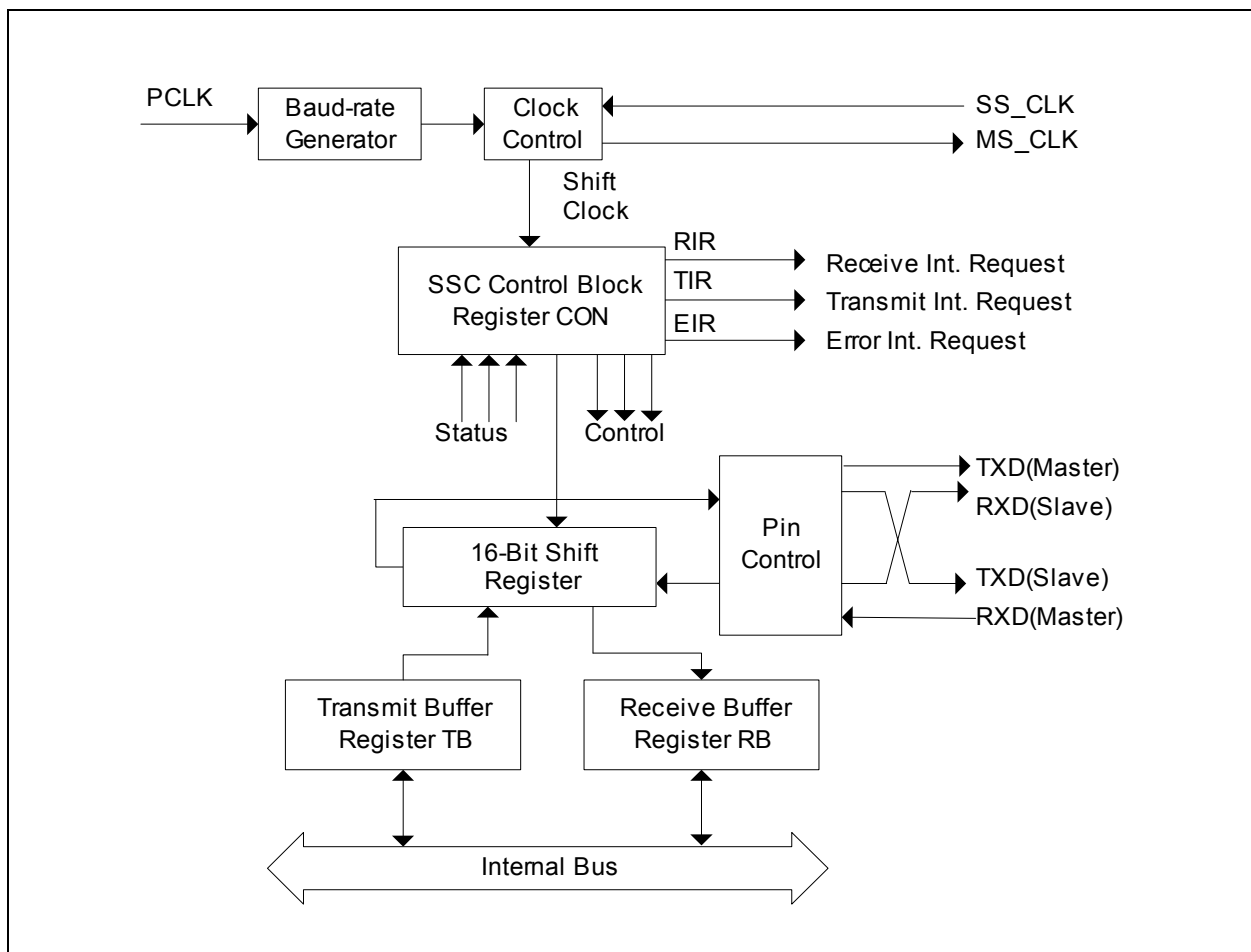


Figure 28 SSC Block Diagram

3.19 Timer 2 Capture/Compare Unit

The T2CCU (Timer 2 Capture/Compare Unit) consists of the standard Timer 2 unit and a Capture/compare unit (CCU). The Capture/Compare Timer (CCT) is part of the CCU. Control is available in the T2CCU to select individually for each of its 16-bit capture/compare channel, either the Timer 2 or the Capture/Compare Timer (CCT) as the time base. Both timers have a resolution of 16 bits. The clock frequency of T2CCU, f_{T2CCU} , could be set at PCLK frequency or 2 times the PCLK frequency.

The T2CCU can be used for various digital signal generation and event capturing like pulse generation, pulse width modulation, pulse width measuring etc. Target applications include various automotive control as well as industrial (frequency generation, digital-to-analog conversion, process control etc.).

T2CCU Features

- Option to select individually for each channel, either Timer 2 or Capture/Compare Timer as time base
- Extremely flexible Capture/Compare Timer count rate by cascading with Timer 2
- Capture/Compare Timer may be 'reset' immediately by triggering overflow event
- 16-bit resolution
- Six compare channels in total
- Four capture channels multiplexed with the compare channels, in total
- Shadow register for each compare register
 - Transfer via software control or on timer overflow.
- Compare Mode 0: Compare output signal changes from the inactive level to active level on compare match. Returns to inactive level on timer overflow.
 - Active level can be defined by register bit for channel groups A and B.
 - Support of 0% to 100% duty cycle in compare mode 0.
- Compare Mode 1: Full control of the software on the compare output signal level, for the next compare match.
- Concurrent Compare Mode with channel 0
- Capture Mode 0: Capture on any external event (rising/falling/both edge) at the 4 pins T2CC0 to T2CC3.
- Capture Mode 1: Capture upon writing to the low byte of the corresponding channel capture register.
- Capture mode 0 or 1 can be established independently on the 4 capture channels.

3.20 Capture/Compare Unit 6

The Capture/Compare Unit 6 (CCU6) provides two independent timers (T12, T13), which can be used for Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) generation, especially for AC-motor control. The CCU6 also supports special control modes for block commutation and multi-phase machines.

The timer T12 can function in capture and/or compare mode for its three channels. The timer T13 can work in compare mode only.

The multi-channel control unit generates output patterns, which can be modulated by T12 and/or T13. The modulation sources can be selected and combined for the signal modulation.

Timer T12 Features

- Three capture/compare channels, each channel can be used either as a capture or as a compare channel
- Supports generation of a three-phase PWM (six outputs, individual signals for highside and lowside switches)
- 16-bit resolution, maximum count frequency = peripheral clock frequency
- Dead-time control for each channel to avoid short-circuits in the power stage
- Concurrent update of the required T12/13 registers
- Generation of center-aligned and edge-aligned PWM
- Supports single-shot mode
- Supports many interrupt request sources
- Hysteresis-like control mode

Timer T13 Features

- One independent compare channel with one output
- 16-bit resolution, maximum count frequency = peripheral clock frequency
- Can be synchronized to T12
- Interrupt generation at period-match and compare-match
- Supports single-shot mode

Additional Features

- Implements block commutation for Brushless DC-drives
- Position detection via Hall-sensor pattern
- Automatic rotational speed measurement for block commutation
- Integrated error handling
- Fast emergency stop without CPU load via external signal ($\overline{\text{CTRAP}}$)
- Control modes for multi-channel AC-drives
- Output levels can be selected and adapted to the power stage

The block diagram of the CCU6 module is shown in [Figure 29](#).

Functional Description

3.21 Controller Area Network (MultiCAN)

The MultiCAN module contains two Full-CAN nodes operating independently or exchanging data and remote frames via a gateway function. Transmission and reception of CAN frames is handled in accordance to CAN specification V2.0 B active. Each CAN node can receive and transmit standard frames with 11-bit identifiers as well as extended frames with 29-bit identifiers.

Both CAN nodes share a common set of message objects, where each message object may be individually allocated to one of the CAN nodes. Besides serving as a storage container for incoming and outgoing frames, message objects may be combined to build gateways between the CAN nodes or to setup a FIFO buffer.

The message objects are organized in double chained lists, where each CAN node has it's own list of message objects. A CAN node stores frames only into message objects that are allocated to the list of the CAN node. It only transmits messages from objects of this list. A powerful, command driven list controller performs all list operations.

The bit timings for the CAN nodes are derived from the peripheral clock (f_{CAN}) and are programmable up to a data rate of 1 Mbaud. A pair of receive and transmit pins connects each CAN node to a bus transceiver.

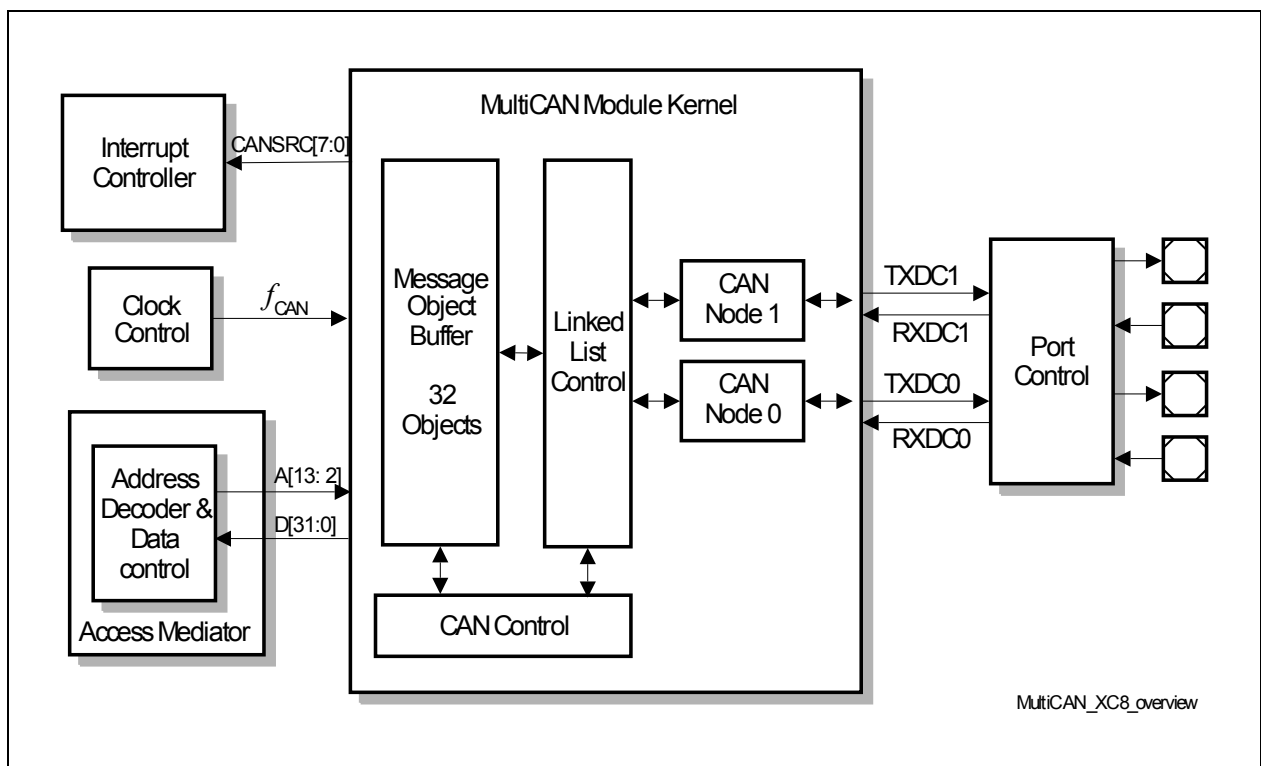


Figure 30 Overview of the MultiCAN

Features

- Compliant to ISO 11898.

5.2 Package Outline

Figure 47 shows the package outlines of the XC878.

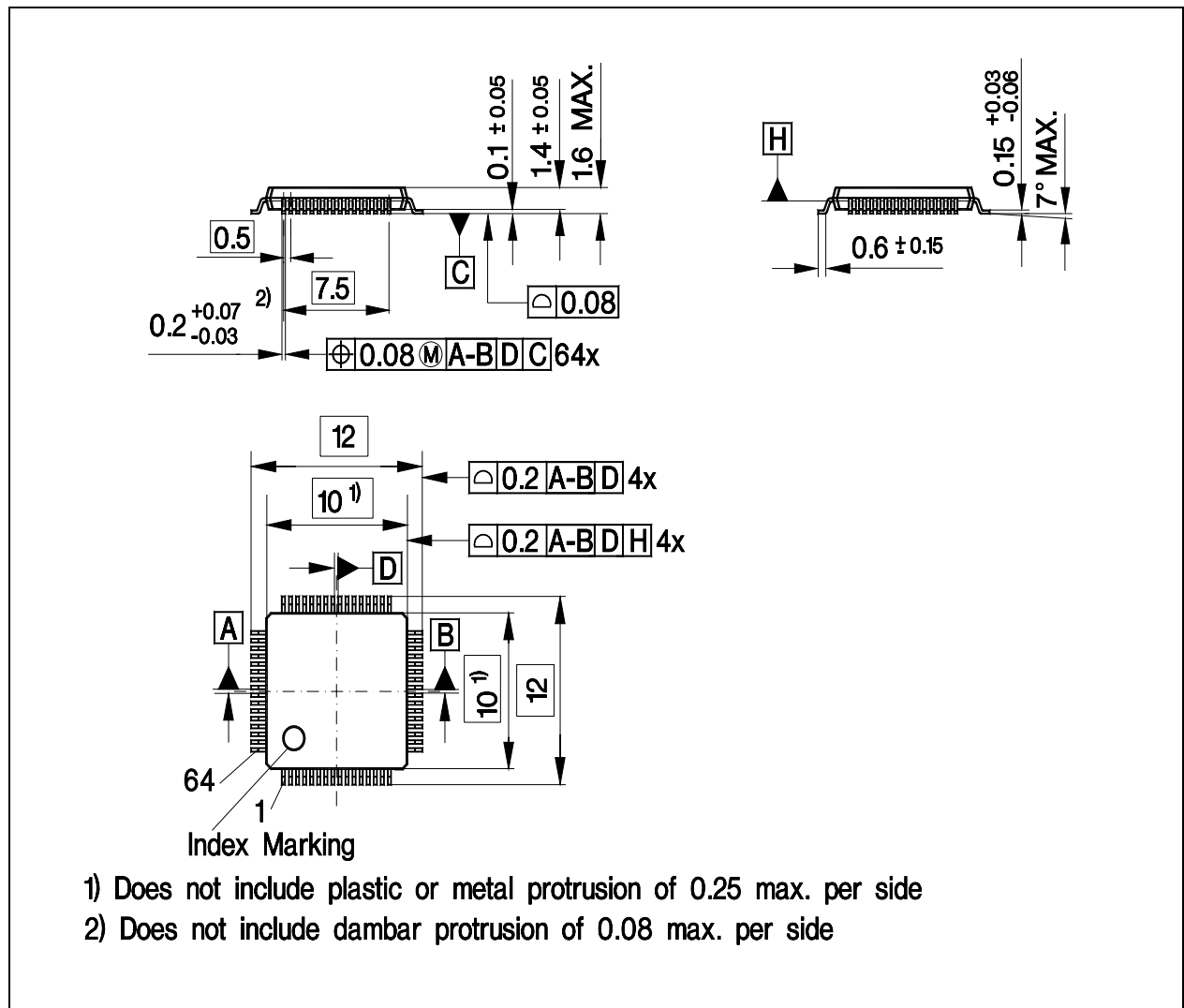


Figure 47 PG-LQFP-64-4 Package Outline