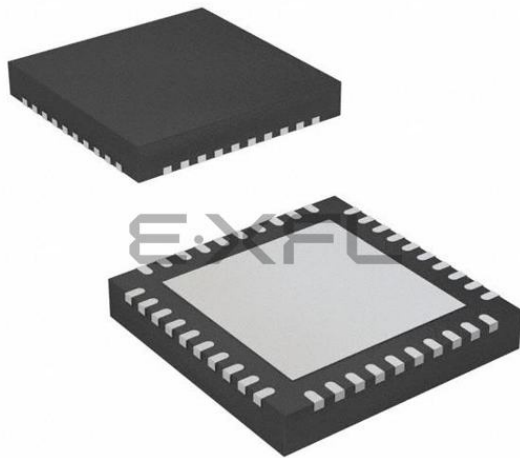




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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	27
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	40-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	PG-VQFN-40-17
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/xmc1403q040x0064aaxuma1

Edition 2016-10

**Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany**

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About this Document

This Data Sheet is addressed to embedded hardware and software developers. It provides the reader with detailed descriptions about the ordering designations, available features, electrical and physical characteristics of the XMC1400 series devices.

The document describes the characteristics of a superset of the XMC1400 series devices. For simplicity, the various device types are referred to by the collective term XMC1400 throughout this document.

XMC1000 Family User Documentation

The set of user documentation includes:

- **Reference Manual**
 - describes the functionality of the superset of devices.
- **Data Sheets**
 - list the complete ordering designations, available features and electrical characteristics of derivative devices.
- **Errata Sheets**
 - list deviations from the specifications given in the related Reference Manual or Data Sheets. Errata Sheets are provided for the superset of devices.

Attention: Please consult all parts of the documentation set to attain consolidated knowledge about your device.

Application related guidance is provided by **Users Guides** and **Application Notes**.

Please refer to <http://www.infineon.com/xmc1000> to get access to the latest versions of those documents.

Table 2 Synopsis of XMC1400 Device Types (cont'd)

Derivative	Package	Flash Kbytes
XMC1403-Q048X0200	PG-VQFN-48	200
XMC1403-Q064X0064	PG-VQFN-64	64
XMC1403-Q064X0128	PG-VQFN-64	128
XMC1403-Q064X0200	PG-VQFN-64	200
XMC1404-Q048X0064	PG-VQFN-48	64
XMC1404-Q048X0128	PG-VQFN-48	128
XMC1404-Q048X0200	PG-VQFN-48	200
XMC1404-Q064X0064	PG-VQFN-64	64
XMC1404-Q064X0128	PG-VQFN-64	128
XMC1404-Q064X0200	PG-VQFN-64	200
XMC1404-F064X0064	PG-LQFP-64	64
XMC1404-F064X0128	PG-LQFP-64	128
XMC1404-F064X0200	PG-LQFP-64	200

Table 3 XMC1400 Chip Identification Number (cont'd)

Derivative	Value	Marking
XMC1403-Q064X0200	00014093 07CF00FF 1E071FF7 00B00000 00000D00 00001000 00033000 10204083 _H	AA
XMC1404-Q048X0064	00014083 07FF00FF 1E071FF7 30BFF00F 00000D00 00001000 00011000 10204083 _H	AA
XMC1404-Q048X0128	00014083 07FF00FF 1E071FF7 30BFF00F 00000D00 00001000 00021000 10204083 _H	AA
XMC1404-Q048X0200	00014083 07FF00FF 1E071FF7 30BFF00F 00000D00 00001000 00033000 10204083 _H	AA
XMC1404-Q064X0064	00014093 07FF00FF 1E071FF7 30BFF00F 00000D00 00001000 00011000 10204083 _H	AA
XMC1404-Q064X0128	00014093 07FF00FF 1E071FF7 30BFF00F 00000D00 00001000 00021000 10204083 _H	AA
XMC1404-Q064X0200	00014093 07FF00FF 1E071FF7 30BFF00F 00000D00 00001000 00033000 10204083 _H	AA
XMC1404-F064X0064	000140A3 07FF00FF 1E071FF7 30BFF00F 00000D00 00001000 00011000 10204083 _H	AA
XMC1404-F064X0128	000140A3 07FF00FF 1E071FF7 30BFF00F 00000D00 00001000 00021000 10204083 _H	AA
XMC1404-F064X0200	000140A3 07FF00FF 1E071FF7 30BFF00F 00000D00 00001000 00033000 10204083 _H	AA

General Device Information

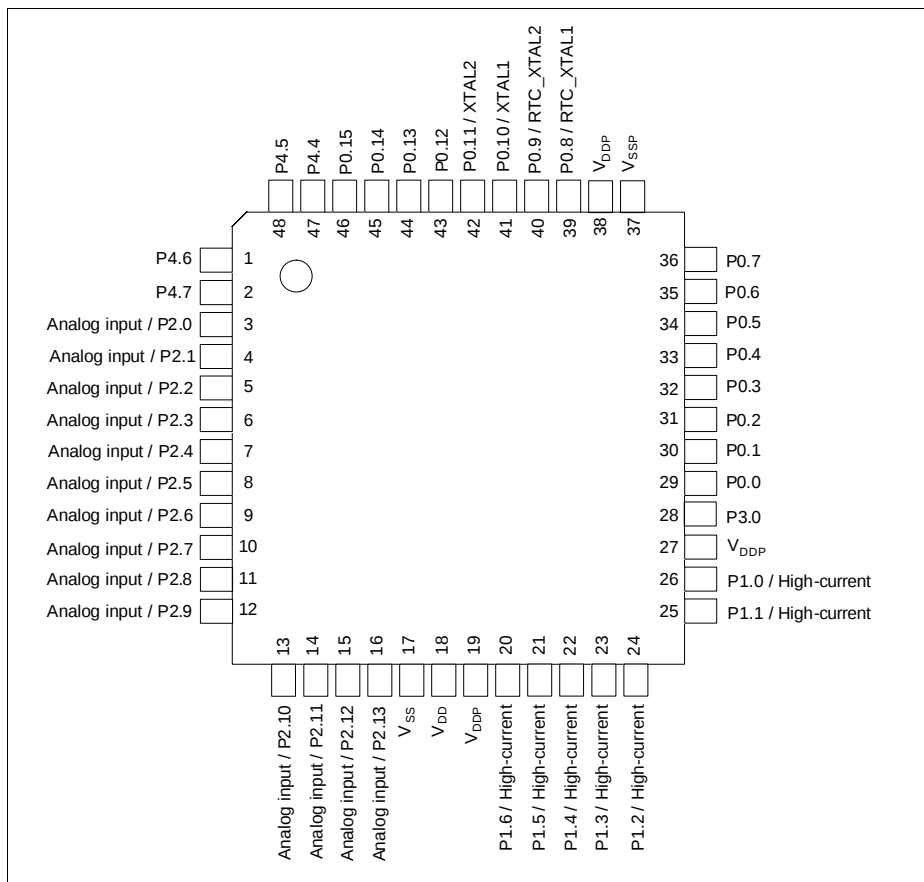


Figure 8 XMC1400 PG-VQFN-48-73 Pin Configuration (top view)

General Device Information
Table 5 Package Pin Mapping (cont'd)

Function	LQFP 64, VQFN 64	VQFN 48	VQFN 40	TSSOP 38	Pad Type	Notes
P0.9/ RTC_ XTAL2	52	40	34	28	STD_INOUT /clock_O	
P0.10/ XTAL1	53	41	35	29	STD_INOUT /clock_IN	
P0.11/ XTAL2	54	42	36	30	STD_INOUT /clock_O	
P0.12	55	43	37	31	STD_INOUT	
P0.13	56	44	38	32	STD_INOUT	
P0.14	57	45	39	33	STD_INOUT	
P0.15	58	46	40	34	STD_INOUT	
P1.0	34	26	22	16	High Current	
P1.1	33	25	21	15	High Current	
P1.2	32	24	20	14	High Current	
P1.3	31	23	19	13	High Current	
P1.4	30	22	18	12	High Current	
P1.5	29	21	17	11	High Current	
P1.6	28	20	16	-	High Current	
P1.7	27	-	-	-	High Current	
P1.8	26	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P2.0	9	3	1	35	STD_INOUT /AN	
P2.1	10	4	2	36	STD_INOUT /AN	
P2.2	11	5	3	37	STD_IN/AN	
P2.3	12	6	4	38	STD_IN/AN	
P2.4	13	7	5	1	STD_IN/AN	
P2.5	14	8	6	2	STD_IN/AN	
P2.6	15	9	7	3	STD_IN/AN	
P2.7	16	10	8	4	STD_IN/AN	

General Device Information
Table 5 Package Pin Mapping (cont'd)

Function	LQFP 64, VQFN 64	VQFN 48	VQFN 40	TSSOP 38	Pad Type	Notes
P2.8	17	11	9	5	STD_IN/AN	
P2.9	18	12	10	6	STD_IN/AN	
P2.10	19	13	11	7	STD_INOUT /AN	
P2.11	20	14	12	8	STD_INOUT /AN	
P2.12	21	15	-	-	STD_INOUT /AN	
P2.13	22	16	-	-	STD_INOUT /AN	
P3.0	36	28	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P3.1	37	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P3.2	38	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P3.3	39	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P3.4	40	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.0	59	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.1	60	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.2	61	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.3	62	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.4	63	47	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.5	64	48	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.6	3	1	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.7	4	2	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.8	5	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.9	6	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.10	7	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
P4.11	8	-	-	-	STD_INOUT	
VSS	23	17	13	9	Power	Supply GND, ADC reference GND

Table 9 Port I/O Functions (cont'd)

Function	Outputs									Inputs											
	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	ALT8	ALT9	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input
P2.2										ACMP2.I NN	VADC0. G0CH7		ORC0.A N	USIC1_ CH0.DX 5E		USIC0_ CH0.DX 3A	USIC0_ CH0.D X4A	USIC0_ CH1.DX 5A			ERU0.0 B1
P2.3												VADC0. G1CH5	ORC1.A N	USIC1_ CH0.DX 3E	USIC1_ CH0.DX 4E	USIC1_ CH0.DX 5C	USIC0_ CH0.D X5B	USIC0_ CH1.DX 3C	USIC0_ CH1.DX 4C		ERU0.1 B1
P2.4												VADC0. G1CH6	ORC2.A N	USIC1_ CH1.DX 3C	USIC1_ CH1.DX 4C	USIC0_ CH0.DX 3B	USIC0_ CH0.D X4B	USIC1_ CH0.DX 5F	USIC0_ CH1.DX 5B		ERU0.0 A1
P2.5												VADC0. G1CH7	ORC3.A N	USIC1_ CH1.DX 5D		USIC0_ CH0.DX 5D		USIC0_ CH1.DX 3E	USIC0_ CH1.DX 4E		ERU0.1 A1
P2.6										ACMP1.I NN	VADC0. G0CH0		ORC4.A N	USIC1_ CH1.DX 3E	USIC1_ CH1.DX 4E	USIC0_ CH0.DX 3E	USIC0_ CH0.D X4E	USIC0_ CH1.DX 5D			ERU0.2 A1
P2.7										ACMP1.I NP		VADC0. G1CH1	ORC5.A N	USIC1_ CH1.DX 5E		USIC0_ CH0.DX 5C		USIC0_ CH1.DX 3D	USIC0_ CH1.DX 4D		ERU0.3 A1
P2.8										ACMP0.I NN	VADC0. G0CH1	VADC0. G1CH0	ORC6.A N			USIC0_ CH0.DX 3D	USIC0_ CH0.D X4D	USIC0_ CH1.DX 5C			ERU0.3 B1
P2.9										ACMP0.I NP	VADC0. G0CH2	VADC0. G1CH4	ORC7.A N			USIC0_ CH0.DX 5A		USIC0_ CH1.DX 3B	USIC0_ CH1.DX 4B		ERU0.3 B0
P2.10	ERU0.P DOUT1	CCU40. OUT2	ERU0.G OUT1	LEDTS1 .COL4	CCU80. OUT30	ACMP0. OUT	USIC0_ CH1.DO UT0		CAN.N1 _TXD		VADC0. G0CH3	VADC0. G1CH2				USIC0_ CH0.DX 3C	USIC0_ CH0.D X4C	USIC0_ CH1.DX 0F		CAN.N1 _RXDE	ERU0.2 B0
P2.11	ERU0.P DOUT0	CCU40. OUT3	ERU0.G OUT0	LEDTS1 .COL3	CCU80. OUT31	USIC0_ CH1.SC LKOUT	USIC0_ CH1.DO UT0		CAN.N1 _TXD	ACMP.R EF	VADC0. G0CH4	VADC0. G1CH3						USIC0_ CH1.DX 0E	USIC0_ CH1.DX 1E	CAN.N1 _RXDF	ERU0.2 B1
P2.12	BCCU0. OUT3	VADC0. EMUX00	USIC1_ CH0.SC LKOUT	USIC1_ CH1.SC LKOUT		ACMP2. OUT	USIC1_ CH1.DO UT0	LEDTS2 .COL6		ACMP3.I NN						USIC1_ CH0.DX 3A	USIC0_ CH0.D X4A	USIC1_ CH1.DX 0C	USIC1_ CH1.DX 1B		ERU1.3 A2
P2.13	BCCU0. OUT4	CCU40. OUT3	USIC1_ CH0.MC LKOUT	CCU81. OUT31		VADC0. EMUX01	USIC1_ CH1.DO UT0	CCU81. OUT33	CCU41. OUT3	ACMP3.I NP						USIC1_ CH0.DX 5A		USIC1_ CH1.DX 0D			ERU1.3 A3
P3.0	BCCU0. OUT0	USIC1_ CH1.DO UT0	USIC1_ CH1.SC LKOUT	LEDTS2 .COLA	CCU80. OUT21	ACMP1. OUT	USIC1_ CH0.SE LO1	CCU81. OUT21	CCU41. OUT0	BCCU0. TRAPIN C	CCU41.I N0AA	CCU41.I N1AA	CCU41.I N2AA	CCU41.I N3AA	CCU81.I N0AA	CCU81.I N1AA	CCU81. IN2AA	USIC1_ CH1.DX 0E	USIC1_ CH1.DX 1D	CCU81.I N3AA	ERU1.0 A1
P3.1	BCCU0. OUT1	USIC1_ CH1.DO UT0		LEDTS2 .COL0	CCU80. OUT20	ACMP3. OUT	USIC1_ CH0.SE LO0	CCU81. OUT20	CCU41. OUT1								USIC1_ CH0.D X2F	USIC1_ CH1.DX 0F			ERU1.1 A1

Table 9 Port I/O Functions (cont'd)

Function	Outputs									Inputs										
	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	ALT8	ALT9	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input
P3.2	BCCU0. OUT2	USIC1_ CH1.SC LKOUT		LEDTS2 .COL1	CCU80. OUT11	ACMP2. OUT	USIC1_ CH0.SC LKOUT	CCU81. OUT11	CCU41. OUT2						USIC1_ CH0.DX 3C	USIC1_ CH0.D X4C	USIC1_ CH1.DX 3D	USIC1_ CH1.DX 4D		ERU1.2 A1
P3.3	BCCU0. OUT5	USIC1_ CH0.DO UT0		LEDTS2 .COL2	CCU80. OUT10	ACMP0. OUT	USIC1_ CH1.SE LO0	CCU81. OUT10	CCU41. OUT3						USIC1_ CH0.DX 0E			USIC1_ CH1.DX 2A		ERU1.1 A3
P3.4	BCCU0. OUT6	USIC1_ CH0.DO UT0	USIC1_ CH0.SC LKOUT	LEDTS2 .COL3	CCU80. OUT01	USIC1_ CH1.MC LKOUT	USIC1_ CH1.SE LO1	CCU81. OUT01							USIC1_ CH0.DX 0F	USIC1_ CH0.D X1E		USIC1_ CH1.DX 2B		ERU1.2 A3
P4.0	BCCU0. OUT0	ERU1.P DOUT0	LEDTS2 .COL5	ERU1.G OUT0	CCU40. OUT0	ACMP1. OUT	USIC1_ CH1.SE LO1	CCU81. OUT10	CCU41. OUT0		CCU40.I N0BA	CCU41.I N0AC	CCU80.I N0AU		USIC1_ CH0.DX 3D	USIC1_ CH0.D X4D				
P4.1	BCCU0. OUT8	ERU1.P DOUT1	LEDTS2 .COL4	ERU1.G OUT1	CCU40. OUT1	ACMP3. OUT	USIC1_ CH1.SE LO2	CCU81. OUT11	CCU41. OUT1		CCU40.I N1BA	CCU41.I N1AC	CCU80.I N1AU	POSIF1. IN0B	USIC1_ CH0.DX 5C					
P4.2	BCCU0. OUT4	ERU1.P DOUT2	CCU81. OUT20	ERU1.G OUT2	CCU40. OUT2	ACMP2. OUT	USIC1_ CH1.SE LO3	CCU81. OUT12	CCU41. OUT2		CCU40.I N2BA	CCU41.I N2AC	CCU80.I N2AU	CCU81.I N1AB	POSIF1. IN1B	USIC1_ CH0.DX 5D				
P4.3	BCCU0. OUT5	ERU1.P DOUT3	CCU81. OUT21	ERU1.G OUT3	CCU40. OUT3	ACMP0. OUT	USIC1_ CH0.SC LKOUT	CCU81. OUT13	CCU41. OUT3		CCU40.I N3BA	CCU41.I N3AC	CCU80.I N3AU		POSIF1. IN2B		USIC1_ CH0.D X1B			
P4.4	BCCU0. OUT0	LEDTS2 .LINE0		LEDTS1 .COLA	CCU80. OUT00	USIC1_ CH0.DO UT0		CCU81. OUT00	CCU41. OUT0			CCU41.I N0AV			USIC1_ CH0.DX 0C		USIC1_ CH1.DX 5F			ERU1.0 A2
P4.5	BCCU0. OUT8	LEDTS2 .LINE1		LEDTS1 .COL6	CCU80. OUT01	USIC1_ CH0.DO UT0	USIC1_ CH0.SC LKOUT	CCU81. OUT01	CCU41. OUT1			CCU41.I N1AV			USIC1_ CH0.DX 0D	USIC1_ CH0.D X1C				ERU1.1 A2
P4.6	BCCU0. OUT2	LEDTS2 .LINE2	CCU81. OUT10	LEDTS1 .COL5	CCU80. OUT10		USIC1_ CH0.SC LKOUT	CCU81. OUT02	CCU41. OUT2			CCU41.I N2AV		CCU81.I N0AB		USIC1_ CH0.D X1D				ERU1.2 A2
P4.7	BCCU0. OUT5	LEDTS2 .LINE3	CCU81. OUT11	LEDTS1 .COL4	CCU80. OUT11		USIC1_ CH0.SE LO0	CCU81. OUT03	CCU41. OUT3			CCU41.I N3AV				USIC1_ CH0.D X2A				ERU1.0 A3
P4.8	BCCU0. OUT7	LEDTS2 .LINE4	LEDTS2 .COL3	LEDTS1 .COL3	CCU80. OUT30	CCU40. OUT0	USIC1_ CH0.SE LO1	CCU81. OUT30	CAN.N1 _TXD		CCU40.I N0AV	CCU41.I N0BA				USIC1_ CH0.D X2B			CAN.N1 _RXDC	
P4.9	BCCU0. OUT3	LEDTS2 .LINE5	LEDTS2 .COL2	LEDTS1 .COL2	CCU80. OUT31	CCU40. OUT1	USIC1_ CH0.SE LO2	CCU81. OUT31	CAN.N1 _TXD		CCU40.I N1AV	CCU41.I N1BA				USIC1_ CH0.D X2C			CAN.N1 _RXDD	

3 Electrical Parameter

This section provides the electrical parameter which are implementation-specific for the XMC1400.

3.1 General Parameters

3.1.1 Parameter Interpretation

The parameters listed in this section represent partly the characteristics of the XMC1400 and partly its requirements on the system. To aid interpreting the parameters easily when evaluating them for a design, they are indicated by the abbreviations in the "Symbol" column:

- **CC**
Such parameters indicate **C**ontroller **C**haracteristics, which are distinctive feature of the XMC1400 and must be regarded for a system design.
- **SR**
Such parameters indicate **S**ystem **R**equirements, which must be provided by the application system in which the XMC1400 is designed in.

Table 16 Input/Output Characteristics (Operating Conditions apply) (cont'd)

Parameter	Symbol		Limit Values		Unit	Test Conditions
			Min.	Max.		
Input Hysteresis on port pin P2.3 - P2.9 ⁸⁾	HYS_ CC P2		$0.08 \times V_{DDP}$	—	V	CMOS Mode (5 V), Standard Hysteresis
			$0.03 \times V_{DDP}$	—	V	CMOS Mode (3.3 V), Standard Hysteresis
			$0.02 \times V_{DDP}$	—	V	CMOS Mode (2.2 V), Standard Hysteresis
			$0.35 \times V_{DDP}$	$0.75 \times V_{DDP}$	V	CMOS Mode(5 V), Large Hysteresis
			$0.25 \times V_{DDP}$	$0.75 \times V_{DDP}$	V	CMOS Mode(3.3 V), Large Hysteresis
			$0.15 \times V_{DDP}$	$0.65 \times V_{DDP}$	V	CMOS Mode(2.2 V), Large Hysteresis
Pin capacitance (digital inputs/outputs)	C _{IO}	CC	—	10	pF	
Pull-up current on port pins	I _{PUP}	CC	—	-80	μA	V _{IH,min} (5 V)
			-95	—	μA	V _{IL,max} (5 V)
			—	-50	μA	V _{IH,min} (3.3 V)
			-65	—	μA	V _{IL,max} (3.3 V)
Pull-down current on port pins	I _{PDP}	CC	—	40	μA	V _{IL,max} (5 V)
			95	—	μA	V _{IH,min} (5 V)
			—	30	μA	V _{IL,max} (3.3 V)
			60	—	μA	V _{IH,min} (3.3 V)
Input leakage current except P0.11 ⁹⁾	I _{OZP}	CC	-1	1	μA	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{DDP}$, $T_A \leq 105^\circ\text{C}$
Input leakage current for P0.11 ⁹⁾	I _{OZP1}	CC	-10	1	μA	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{DDP}$, $T_A \leq 105^\circ\text{C}$
Voltage on any pin during V _{DDP} power off	V _{PO}	SR	—	0.3	V	¹⁰⁾
Maximum current per pin (excluding P1, V _{DDP} and V _{SS})	I _{MP}	SR	-10	11	mA	—
Maximum current per high current pins	I _{MP1A}	SR	-10	50	mA	—

Table 17 ADC Characteristics (Operating Conditions apply)¹⁾ (cont'd)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gain settings	G_{IN} CC	1			–	GNCTR _{xz} .GAIN _y = 00 _B (unity gain)
		3			–	GNCTR _{xz} .GAIN _y = 01 _B (gain g1)
		6			–	GNCTR _{xz} .GAIN _y = 10 _B (gain g2)
		12			–	GNCTR _{xz} .GAIN _y = 11 _B (gain g3)
Sample Time	t_{sample} CC	5	–	–	1 / f_{ADC}	$V_{DD} = 5.0$ V, $f_{ADCI} = 48$ MHz
		3	–	–	1 / f_{ADC}	$V_{DD} = 5.0$ V, $f_{ADCI} = 32$ MHz
		3	–	–	1 / f_{ADC}	$V_{DD} = 3.3$ V, $f_{ADCI} = 32$ MHz
		30	–	–	1 / f_{ADC}	$V_{DD} = 2.0$ V, $f_{ADCI} = 32$ MHz
Conversion time in fast compare mode	t_{CF} CC	9			1 / f_{ADC}	³⁾
Conversion time in 12-bit mode	t_{C12} CC	20			1 / f_{ADC}	³⁾
Maximum sample rate in 12-bit mode ⁴⁾	f_{C12} CC	–	–	$f_{ADC} / 42.5$	–	1 sample pending
		–	–	$f_{ADC} / 62.5$	–	2 samples pending
Conversion time in 10-bit mode	t_{C10} CC	18			1 / f_{ADC}	³⁾
Maximum sample rate in 10-bit mode ⁴⁾	f_{C10} CC	–	–	$f_{ADC} / 40.5$	–	1 sample pending
		–	–	$f_{ADC} / 58.5$	–	2 samples pending
Conversion time in 8-bit mode	t_{C8} CC	16			1 / f_{ADC}	³⁾

3.2.6 Oscillator Pins

Note: It is strongly recommended to measure the oscillation allowance (negative resistance) in the final target system (layout) to determine the optimal parameters for the oscillator operation. Please refer to the limits specified by the crystal or ceramic resonator supplier.

Note: These parameters are not subject to production test, but verified by design and/or characterization.

The oscillator pins can be operated with an external crystal/resonator (see [Figure 15](#)) or in direct input mode (see [Figure 16](#)).

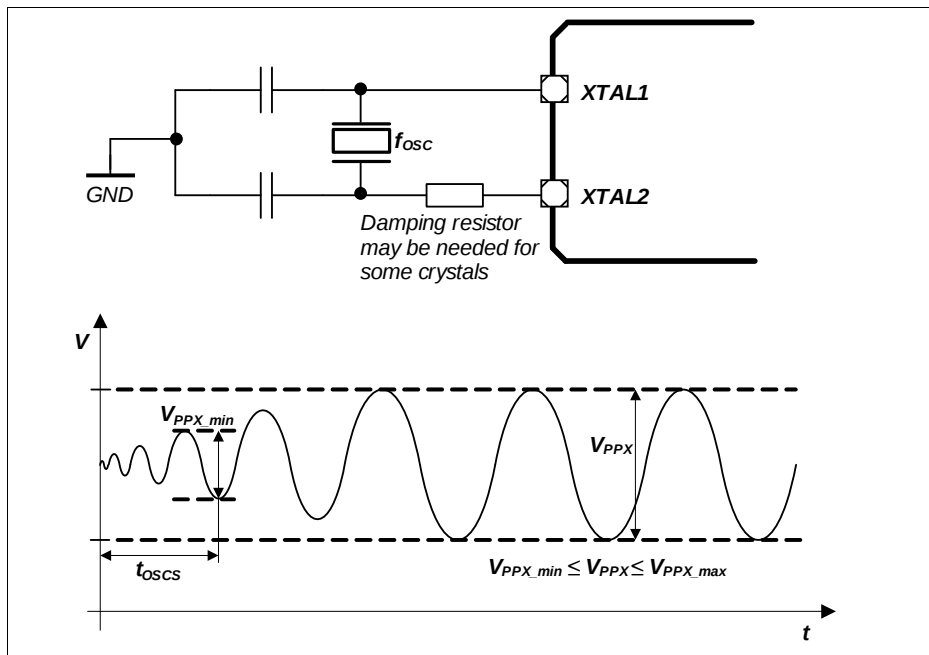


Figure 15 Oscillator in Crystal Mode

Table 24 provides the active current consumption of some modules operating at 5 V power supply at 25 °C. The typical values shown are used as a reference guide on the current consumption when these modules are enabled.

Table 24 Typical Active Current parameter table

Active Current Consumption	Symbol	Limit Values	Unit	Test Condition
		Typ.		
Baseload current	I_{CPUDDC}	4.14	mA	Modules including Core, SCU, PORT, memories, ANATOP ¹⁾
VADC and SHS	I_{ADCDDC}	3.73	mA	Set CGATCLR0.VADC to 1 ²⁾
USICx	$I_{USIC0DDC}$	1.35	mA	Set CGATCLR0.USIC0 to 1 ³⁾
CCU4x	$I_{CCU40DDC}$	0.99	mA	Set CGATCLR0.CCU40 to 1 ⁴⁾
CCU8x	$I_{CCU80DDC}$	1.00	mA	Set CGATCLR0.CCU80 to 1 ⁵⁾
POSIFx	$I_{PIF0DDC}$	1.05	mA	Set CGATCLR0.POSIF0 to 1 ⁶⁾
LEDTSx	$I_{LTSxDCC}$	1.14	mA	Set CGATCLR0.LEDTSx to 1 ⁷⁾
BCCU0	$I_{BCCU0DDC}$	0.29	mA	Set CGATCLR0.BCCU0 to 1 ⁸⁾
MATH	$I_{MATHDDC}$	0.50	mA	Set CGATCLR0.MATH to 1 ⁹⁾
WDT	I_{WDTDDC}	0.03	mA	Set CGATCLR0.WDT to 1 ¹⁰⁾
RTC	I_{RTCDCC}	0.01	mA	Set CGATCLR0.RTC to 1 ¹¹⁾
MultiCAN	$I_{MCANDCC}$	1.38	mA	Set CGATCLR0.MCAN0 to 1 ¹²⁾

1) Baseload current is measured with device running in user mode, MCLK=PCLK=48 MHz, with an endless loop in the flash memory. The clock to the modules stated in CGATSTAT0 are gated.

2) Active current is measured with: module enabled, MCLK=48 MHz, running in auto-scan conversion mode

3) Active current is measured with: module enabled, each of the 2 USIC channels sending alternate messages at 57.6 kbaud every 200 ms

4) Active current is measured with: module enabled, MCLK=PCLK=48 MHz, 1 CCU4 slice for PWM switching at 20kHz with duty cycle varying at 10%-90%, 1 CCU4 slice in capture mode for reading period and duty cycle

5) Active current is measured with: module enabled, MCLK=PCLK=48 MHz, 3 CCU8 slices with PWM frequency at 20kHz and a period match interrupt used to toggle duty cycle between 10% and 90%

6) Active current is measured with: module enabled, MCLK=48 MHz, PCLK=96 MHz, hall sensor mode

7) Active current is measured with: module enabled, MCLK=48 MHz, 1 LED column, 6 LED/TS lines, Pad Scheme A with large pad hysteresis config, time slice duration = 1.048 ms

8) Active current is measured with: module enabled, MCLK=48 MHz, PCLK=96MHz, FCLK=0.8 MHz, Normal mode (BCCU clock = FCLK/4), 4 BCCU Channels with packers enabled and 1 Dimming Engine, change color or dim every 1s

9) Active current is measured with: module enabled, MCLK=48 MHz, PCLK=96 MHz, tangent calculation in while loop; CORDIC circular rotation, no keep, autostart; 32-by-32 bit signed DIV, autostart, DVS right shift by 11

Table 26 Power-Up and Supply Threshold Parameters (Operating Conditions apply) (cont'd)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
V_{DDP} brownout reset voltage	V_{DDPBO} CC	1.55	1.62	1.75	V	calibrated, before user code starts running
V_{DDP} voltage to ensure defined pad states	V_{DDPPA} CC	–	1.0	–	V	
Start-up time from power-on reset	t_{SSW} SR	–	260	–	μ s	Time to the first user code instruction ³⁾
BMI program time	t_{BMI} SR	–	8.25	–	ms	Time taken from a user-triggered system reset after BMI installation is requested

- 1) A capacitor of at least 100 nF has to be added between V_{DDP} and V_{SSP} to fulfill the requirement as stated for this parameter.
- 2) Valid for a 100 nF buffer capacitor connected to supply pin where current from capacitor is forwarded only to the chip. A larger capacitor value has to be chosen if the power source sink a current.
- 3) This values does not include the ramp-up time. During startup firmware execution, MCLK is running at 48 MHz and the clocks to peripheral as specified in register CGATSTAT0 are gated.

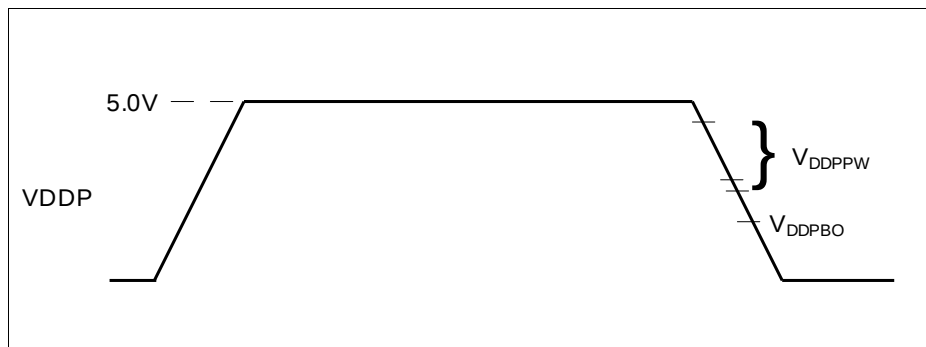


Figure 23 Supply Threshold Parameters

4 Package and Reliability

The XMC1400 is a member of the XMC1000 Family of microcontrollers. It is also compatible to a certain extent with members of similar families or subfamilies.

Each package is optimized for the device it houses. Therefore, there may be slight differences between packages of the same pin-count but for different device types. In particular, the size of the exposed die pad may vary.

If different device types are considered or planned for an application, it must be ensured that the board layout fits all packages under consideration.

4.1 Package Parameters

Table 37 provides the thermal characteristics of the packages used in XMC1400.

Table 37 Thermal Characteristics of the Packages

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Package Types
		Min.	Max.		
Exposed Die Pad Dimensions	Ex × Ey CC	-	3.7 × 3.7	mm	PG-VQFN-40-17
		-	4.2 × 4.2	mm	PG-VQFN-48-73
		-	4.6 × 4.6	mm	PG-VQFN-64-6
Thermal resistance Junction-Ambient	$R_{\Theta JA}$ CC	-	86.0	K/W	PG-TSSOP-38-9 ¹⁾
		-	45.3	K/W	PG-VQFN-40-17 ¹⁾
		-	44.9	K/W	PG-VQFN-48-73 ¹⁾
		-	66.7	K/W	PG-LQFP-64-26 ¹⁾
		-	44.7	K/W	PG-VQFN-64-6 ¹⁾

1) Device mounted on a 4-layer JEDEC board (JESD 51-5); exposed pad soldered.

Note: For electrical reasons, it is required to connect the exposed pad to the board ground V_{SSP} , independent of EMC and thermal requirements.

4.1.1 Thermal Considerations

When operating the XMC1400 in a system, the total heat generated in the chip must be dissipated to the ambient environment to prevent overheating and the resulting thermal damage.

The maximum heat that can be dissipated depends on the package and its integration into the target board. The "Thermal resistance $R_{\Theta JA}$ " quantifies these parameters. The power dissipation must be limited so that the average junction temperature does not exceed 115 °C.

Package and Reliability

The difference between junction temperature and ambient temperature is determined by

$$\Delta T = (P_{\text{INT}} + P_{\text{IOSTAT}} + P_{\text{IODYN}}) \times R_{\Theta JA}$$

The internal power consumption is defined as

$$P_{\text{INT}} = V_{\text{DDP}} \times I_{\text{DDP}} \text{ (switching current and leakage current).}$$

The static external power consumption caused by the output drivers is defined as

$$P_{\text{IOSTAT}} = \Sigma((V_{\text{DDP}} - V_{\text{OH}}) \times I_{\text{OH}}) + \Sigma(V_{\text{OL}} \times I_{\text{OL}})$$

The dynamic external power consumption caused by the output drivers (P_{IODYN}) depends on the capacitive load connected to the respective pins and their switching frequencies.

If the total power dissipation for a given system configuration exceeds the defined limit, countermeasures must be taken to ensure proper system operation:

- Reduce V_{DDP} , if possible in the system
- Reduce the system frequency
- Reduce the number of output pins
- Reduce the load on active output drivers

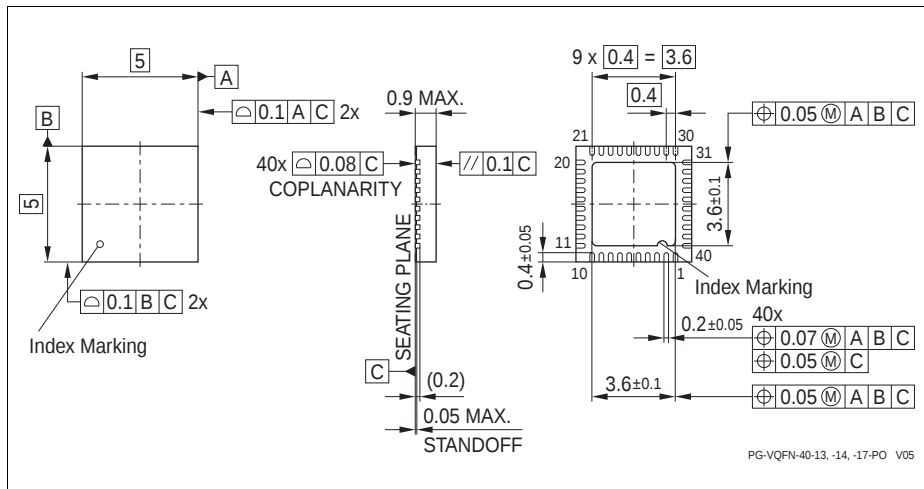


Figure 30 PG-VQFN-40-17

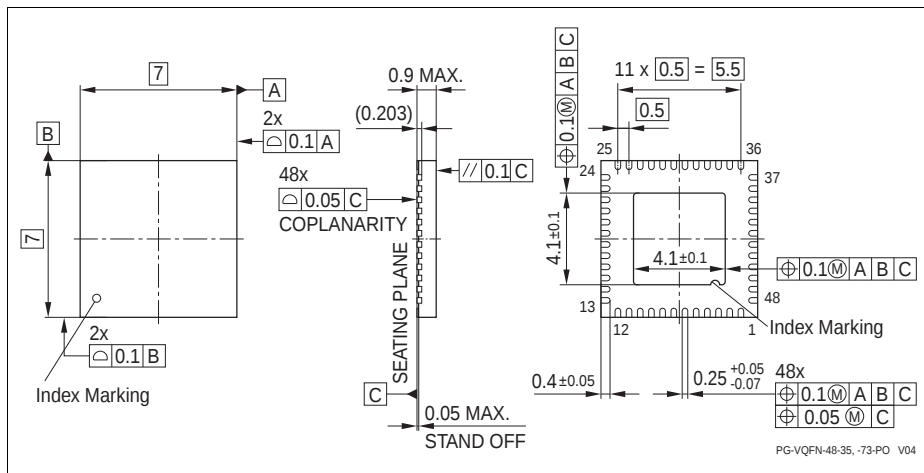


Figure 31 PG-VQFN-48-73

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