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Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	48
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	384
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	21
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	32-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	32-QFN (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/ice40lp384-sg32

Table 1-1. iCE40 Family Selection Guide (continued)

84 QFN (7 mm x 7 mm, 0.5 mm)	QN84			67(7) ¹					
100 VQFP (14 mm x 14 mm, 0.5 mm)	VQ100						72(9) ¹		
121 ucBGA (5 mm x 5 mm, 0.4 mm)	CM121			95(12)	93(13)	93(13)			
121 csBGA (6 mm x 6 mm, 0.5 mm)	CB121			92(12)					
121 caBGA (9 mm x 9 mm, 0.8 mm)	BG121							93(13)	93(13)
132 csBGA (8 mm x 8 mm, 0.5 mm)	CB132						95(11)	95(12)	95(12)
144 TQFP (20 mm x 20 mm, 0.5 mm)	TQ144						96(12)	107(14)	
225 ucBGA (7 mm x 7 mm, 0.4 mm)	CM225				178(23)	178(23)			178(23)
256-ball caBGA (14 mm x 14 mm, 0.8 mm)	CT256								206(26)

1. No PLL available on the 16 WLCSP, 36 ucBGA, 81 csBGA, 84 QFN and 100 VQFP packages.

2. Only one PLL available on the 81 ucBGA package.

3. High Current I/Os only available on the 16 WLCSP package.

Introduction

The iCE40 family of ultra-low power, non-volatile FPGAs has five devices with densities ranging from 384 to 7680 Look-Up Tables (LUTs). In addition to LUT-based, low-cost programmable logic, these devices feature Embedded Block RAM (EBR), Non-volatile Configuration Memory (NVCM) and Phase Locked Loops (PLLs). These features allow the devices to be used in low-cost, high-volume consumer and system applications. Select packages offer High-Current drivers that are ideal to drive three white LEDs, or one RGB LED.

The iCE40 devices are fabricated on a 40 nm CMOS low power process. The device architecture has several features such as programmable low-swing differential I/Os and the ability to turn off on-chip PLLs dynamically. These features help manage static and dynamic power consumption, resulting in low static power for all members of the family. The iCE40 devices are available in two versions – ultra low power (LP) and high performance (HX) devices.

The iCE40 FPGAs are available in a broad range of advanced halogen-free packages ranging from the space saving 1.40x1.48 mm WLCSP to the PCB-friendly 20x20 mm TQFP. Table 1-1 shows the LUT densities, package and I/O options, along with other key parameters.

The iCE40 devices offer enhanced I/O features such as pull-up resistors. Pull-up features are controllable on a “per-pin” basis.

The iCE40 devices also provide flexible, reliable and secure configuration from on-chip NVCM. These devices can also configure themselves from external SPI Flash or be configured by an external master such as a CPU.

Lattice provides a variety of design tools that allow complex designs to be efficiently implemented using the iCE40 family of devices. Popular logic synthesis tools provide synthesis library support for iCE40. Lattice design tools use the synthesis tool output along with the user-specified preferences and constraints to place and route the design in the iCE40 device. These tools extract the timing from the routing and back-annotate it into the design for timing verification.

Lattice provides many pre-engineered IP (Intellectual Property) modules, including a number of reference designs, licensed free of charge, optimized for the iCE40 FPGA family. By using these configurable soft core IP cores as standardized blocks, users are free to concentrate on the unique aspects of their design, increasing their productivity.

Routing

There are many resources provided in the iCE40 devices to route signals individually with related control signals. The routing resources consist of switching circuitry, buffers and metal interconnect (routing) segments.

The inter-PLB connections are made with three different types of routing resources: Adjacent (spans two PLBs), x4 (spans five PLBs) and x12 (spans thirteen PLBs). The Adjacent, x4 and x12 connections provide fast and efficient connections in the diagonal, horizontal and vertical directions.

The design tool takes the output of the synthesis tool and places and routes the design.

Clock/Control Distribution Network

Each iCE40 device has eight global inputs, two pins on each side of the device. Note that not all GBINs are available in all packages.

These global inputs can be used as high fanout nets, clock, reset or enable signals. The dedicated global pins are identified as GBIN[7:0] and the global buffers are identified as-GBUF[7:0]. These eight inputs may be used as general purpose I/O if they are not used to drive the clock nets. Global buffer GBUF7 in I/O Bank 3 also provides an optional direct LVDS25 or subLVDS differential clock input.

Table 2-2 lists the connections between a specific global buffer and the inputs on a PLB. All global buffers optionally connect to the PLB CLK input. Any four of the eight global buffers can drive logic inputs to a PLB. Even-numbered global buffers optionally drive the Set/Reset input to a PLB. Similarly, odd-numbered buffers optionally drive the PLB clock-enable input.

Table 2-2. Global Buffer (GBUF) Connections to Programmable Logic Blocks

Global Buffer	LUT Inputs	Clock	Reset	Clock Enable
GBUF0	Yes, any 4 of 8 GBUF Inputs	Yes	Yes	
GBUF1		Yes		Yes
GBUF2		Yes	Yes	
GBUF3		Yes		Yes
GBUF4		Yes	Yes	
GBUF5		Yes		Yes
GBUF6		Yes	Yes	
GBUF7		Yes		Yes

The maximum frequency for the global buffers are shown in the iCE40 External Switching Characteristics tables later in this document.

Global Hi-Z Control

The global high-impedance control signal, GHIZ, connects to all I/O pins on the iCE40 device. This GHIZ signal is automatically asserted throughout the configuration process, forcing all user I/O pins into their high-impedance state.

Table 2-3. PLL Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	Direction	Description
REFERENCECLK	Input	Input reference clock
BYPASS	Input	When FEEDBACK_PATH is set to SIMPLE, the BYPASS control selects which clock signal connects to the PLLOUT output. 0 = PLL generated signal 1 = REFERENCECLK
EXTFEEDBACK	Input	External feedback input to PLL. Enabled when the FEEDBACK_PATH attribute is set to EXTERNAL.
DYNAMICDELAY[3:0]	Input	Fine delay adjustment control inputs. Enabled when DELAY_ADJUSTMENT_MODE is set to DYNAMIC.
LATCHINPUTVALUE	Input	When enabled, forces the PLL into low-power mode; PLL output is held static at the last input clock value. Set ENABLE ICEGATE_PORTA and PORTB to '1' to enable.
PLLOUTGLOBAL	Output	Output from the Phase-Locked Loop (PLL). Drives a global clock network on the FPGA. The port has optimal connections to global clock buffers GBUF4 and GBUF5.
PLLOUTCORE	Output	Output clock generated by the PLL, drives regular FPGA routing. The frequency generated on this output is the same as the frequency of the clock signal generated on the PLLOUTGLOBAL port.
LOCK	Output	When High, indicates that the PLL output is phase aligned or locked to the input reference clock.
RESET	Input	Active low reset.

sysMEM Embedded Block RAM Memory

Larger iCE40 device includes multiple high-speed synchronous sysMEM Embedded Block RAMs (EBRs), each 4 kbit in size. This memory can be used for a wide variety of purposes including data buffering, and FIFO.

sysMEM Memory Block

The sysMEM block can implement single port, pseudo dual port, or FIFO memories with programmable logic resources. Each block can be used in a variety of depths and widths as shown in Table 2-4.

Table 2-4. sysMEM Block Configurations¹

Block RAM Configuration	Block RAM Configuration and Size	WADDR Port Size (Bits)	WDATA Port Size (Bits)	RADDR Port Size (Bits)	RDATA Port Size (Bits)	MASK Port Size (Bits)
SB_RAM256x16 SB_RAM256x16NR SB_RAM256x16NW SB_RAM256x16NRNW	256x16 (4K)	8 [7:0]	16 [15:0]	8 [7:0]	16 [15:0]	16 [15:0]
SB_RAM512x8 SB_RAM512x8NR SB_RAM512x8NW SB_RAM512x8NRNW	512x8 (4K)	9 [8:0]	8 [7:0]	9 [8:0]	8 [7:0]	No Mask Port
SB_RAM1024x4 SB_RAM1024x4NR SB_RAM1024x4NW SB_RAM1024x4NRNW	1024x4 (4K)	10 [9:0]	4 [3:0]	10 [9:0]	4 [3:0]	No Mask Port
SB_RAM2048x2 SB_RAM2048x2NR SB_RAM2048x2NW SB_RAM2048x2NRNW	2048x2 (4K)	11 [10:0]	2 [1:0]	11 [10:0]	2 [1:0]	No Mask Port

1. For iCE40 EBR primitives with a negative-edged Read or Write clock, the base primitive name is appended with a 'N' and a 'R' or 'W' depending on the clock that is affected.

RAM Initialization and ROM Operation

If desired, the contents of the RAM can be pre-loaded during device configuration.

By preloading the RAM block during the chip configuration cycle and disabling the write controls, the sysMEM block can also be utilized as a ROM.

Note the sysMEM Embedded Block RAM Memory address 0 cannot be initialized.

Memory Cascading

Larger and deeper blocks of RAM can be created using multiple EBR sysMEM Blocks.

RAM4k Block

Figure 2-4 shows the 256x16 memory configurations and their input/output names. In all the sysMEM RAM modes, the input data and addresses for the ports are registered at the input of the memory array.

Figure 2-4. sysMEM Memory Primitives

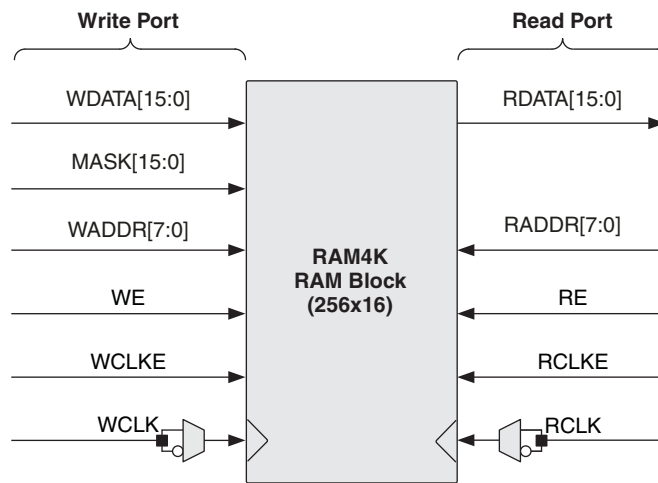


Table 2-5. EBR Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	Direction	Description
WDATA[15:0]	Input	Write Data input.
MASK[15:0]	Input	Masks write operations for individual data bit-lines. 0 = write bit; 1 = don't write bit
WADDR[7:0]	Input	Write Address input. Selects one of 256 possible RAM locations.
WE	Input	Write Enable input.
WCLKE	Input	Write Clock Enable input.
WCLK	Input	Write Clock input. Default rising-edge, but with falling-edge option.
RDATA[15:0]	Output	Read Data output.
RADDR[7:0]	Input	Read Address input. Selects one of 256 possible RAM locations.
RE	Input	Read Enable input.
RCLKE	Input	Read Clock Enable input.
RCLK	Input	Read Clock input. Default rising-edge, but with falling-edge option.

For further information on the sysMEM EBR block, please refer to TN1250, [Memory Usage Guide for iCE40 Devices](#).

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$I_{IL}, I_{IH}^{1,3,4,5,6,7}$	Input or I/O Leakage	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO} + 0.2 V$	—	—	+/-10	μA
$C_1^{6,7}$	I/O Capacitance ²	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V, 2.5 V, 1.8 V$ $V_{CC} = \text{Typ.}, V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CCIO} + 0.2 V$	—	6	—	pf
$C_2^{6,7}$	Global Input Buffer Capacitance ²	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V, 2.5 V, 1.8 V$ $V_{CC} = \text{Typ.}, V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CCIO} + 0.2 V$	—	6	—	pf
V_{HYST}	Input Hysteresis	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V$	—	200	—	mV
$I_{PU}^{6,7}$	Internal PIO Pull-up Current	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V, 0 < V_{IN} <= 0.65 V_{CCIO}$	-3	—	-31	μA
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V, 0 < V_{IN} <= 0.65 V_{CCIO}$	-8	—	-72	μA
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V, 0 < V_{IN} <= 0.65 V_{CCIO}$	-11	—	-128	μA

1. Input or I/O leakage current is measured with the pin configured as an input or as an I/O with the output driver tri-stated. It is not measured with the output driver active. Internal pull-up resistors are disabled.
2. $T_J = 25^\circ C$, $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$.
3. Please refer to V_{IL} and V_{IH} in the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table of this document.
4. Only applies to IOs in the SPI bank following configuration.
5. Some products are clamped to a diode when V_{IN} is larger than V_{CCIO} .
6. High current IOs has three sysIO buffers connected together.
7. The iCE40LP640 and iCE40LP1K SWG16 package has CDONE and a sysIO buffer are connected together.

Static Supply Current – LP Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. V_{CC}^4	Units
I_{CC}	Core Power Supply	iCE40LP384	21	μA
		iCE40LP640	100	μA
		iCE40LP1K	100	μA
		iCE40LP4K	250	μA
		iCE40LP8K	250	μA
$I_{CCPLL}^{5,6}$	PLL Power Supply	All devices	0.5	μA
I_{PP_2V5}	NVCM Power Supply	All devices	1.0	μA
I_{CCIO}, I_{CC_SPI}	Bank Power Supply ⁴ $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$	All devices	3.5	μA

1. Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip PLL is off. For more detail with your specific design, use the Power Calculator tool. Power specified with master SPI configuration mode. Other modes may be up to 25% higher.
2. Frequency = 0 MHz.
3. $T_J = 25^\circ C$, power supplies at nominal voltage.
4. Does not include pull-up.
5. No PLL available on the iCE40LP384 and iCE40LP640 device.
6. V_{CCPLL} is tied to V_{CC} internally in packages without PLLs pins.

Static Supply Current – HX Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. V_{CC}^4	Units
I_{CC}	Core Power Supply	iCE40HX1K	296	μA
		iCE40HX4K	1140	μA
		iCE40HX8K	1140	μA
I_{CCPLL}^5	PLL Power Supply	All devices	0.5	μA
I_{PP_2V5}	NVCM Power Supply	All devices	1.0	μA
I_{CCIO}, I_{CC_SPI}	Bank Power Supply ⁴ $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$	All devices	3.5	μA

- Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip PLL is off. For more detail with your specific design, use the Power Calculator tool. Power specified with master SPI configuration mode. Other modes may be up to 25% higher.
- Frequency = 0 MHz.
- $T_J = 25^\circ C$, power supplies at nominal voltage.
- Does not include pull-up.
- V_{CCPLL} is tied to V_{CC} internally in packages without PLLs pins.

Programming NVCM Supply Current – LP Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. V_{CC}^5	Units
I_{CC}	Core Power Supply	iCE40LP384	60	μA
		iCE40LP640	120	μA
		iCE40LP1K	120	μA
		iCE40LP4K	350	μA
		iCE40LP8K	350	μA
$I_{CCPLL}^{6,7}$	PLL Power Supply	All devices	0.5	μA
I_{PP_2V5}	NVCM Power Supply	All devices	2.5	mA
I_{CCIO}^8, I_{CC_SPI}	Bank Power Supply ⁵	All devices	3.5	mA

- Assumes all inputs are held at V_{CCIO} or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.
- Typical user pattern.
- SPI programming is at 8 MHz.
- $T_J = 25^\circ C$, power supplies at nominal voltage.
- Per bank. $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$. Does not include pull-up.
- No PLL available on the iCE40-LP384 and iCE40-LP640 device.
- V_{CCPLL} is tied to V_{CC} internally in packages without PLLs pins.
- V_{PP_FAST} , used only for fast production programming, must be left floating or unconnected in applications, except CM36 and CM49 packages MUST have the V_{PP_FAST} ball connected to V_{CCIO_0} ball externally.

Programming NVCM Supply Current – HX Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. V_{CC}^5	Units
I_{CC}	Core Power Supply	iCE40HX1K	278	μA
		iCE40HX4K	1174	μA
		iCE40HX8K	1174	μA
I_{CCPLL}^6	PLL Power Supply	All devices	0.5	μA
I_{PP_2V5}	NVCM Power Supply	All devices	2.5	mA
I_{CCIO}^7, I_{CC_SPI}	Bank Power Supply ⁵	All devices	3.5	mA

1. Assumes all inputs are held at V_{CCIO} or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.
2. Typical user pattern.
3. SPI programming is at 8 MHz.
4. $T_J = 25^\circ C$, power supplies at nominal voltage.
5. Per bank. $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$. Does not include pull-up.
6. V_{CCPLL} is tied to V_{CC} internally in packages without PLLs pins.
7. V_{PP_FAST} , used only for fast production programming, must be left floating or unconnected in applications.

Peak Startup Supply Current – LP Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Max	Units
I_{CCPEAK}	Core Power Supply	iCE40LP384	7.7	mA
		iCELP640	6.4	mA
		iCE40LP1K	6.4	mA
		iCE40LP4K	15.7	mA
		iCE40LP8K	15.7	mA
$I_{CCPLLPEAK}^{1, 2, 4}$	PLL Power Supply	iCE40LP1K	1.5	mA
		iCELP640	1.5	mA
		iCE40LP4K	8.0	mA
		iCE40LP8K	8.0	mA
$I_{PP_2V5PEAK}$	NVCM Power Supply	iCE40LP384	3.0	mA
		iCELP640	7.7	mA
		iCE40LP1K	7.7	mA
		iCE40LP4K	4.2	mA
		iCE40LP8K	4.2	mA
$I_{PP_FASTPEAK}^3$	NVCM Programming Supply	iCE40LP384	5.7	mA
		iCELP640	8.1	mA
		iCE40LP1K	8.1	mA
$I_{CCIOPEAK}^5, I_{CC_SPIPEAK}$	Bank Power Supply	iCE40LP384	8.4	mA
		iCELP640	3.3	mA
		iCE40LP1K	3.3	mA
		iCE40LP4K	8.2	mA
		iCE40LP8K	8.2	mA

1. No PLL available on the iCE40LP384 and iCE40LP640 device.
2. V_{CCPLL} is tied to V_{CC} internally in packages without PLLs pins.
3. V_{PP_FAST} , used only for fast production programming, must be left floating or unconnected in applications, except CM36 and CM49 packages MUST have the V_{PP_FAST} ball connected to V_{CCIO_0} ball externally.
4. While no PLL is available in the iCE40-LP640 the $I_{CCPLLPEAK}$ is additive to I_{CCPEAK} .
5. iCE40LP384 requires V_{CC} to be greater than 0.7 V when V_{CCIO} and V_{CC_SPI} are above GND.

Peak Startup Supply Current – HX Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Max	Units
I_{CCPEAK}	Core Power Supply	iCE40HX1K	6.9	mA
		iCE40HX4K	22.3	mA
		iCE40HX8K	22.3	mA
$I_{CCPLLPEAK}^1$	PLL Power Supply	iCE40HX1K	1.8	mA
		iCE40HX4K	6.4	mA
		iCE40HX8K	6.4	mA
$I_{PP_2V5PEAK}$	NVCM Power Supply	iCE40HX1K	2.8	mA
		iCE40HX4K	4.1	mA
		iCE40HX8K	4.1	mA
$I_{CCIOPEAK}, I_{CC_SPIPEAK}$	Bank Power Supply	iCE40HX1K	6.8	mA
		iCE40HX4K	6.8	mA
		iCE40HX8K	6.8	mA

1. V_{CCPLL} is tied to V_{CC} internally in packages without PLLs pins.

sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions

Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
LVC MOS 3.3	3.14	3.3	3.46
LVC MOS 2.5	2.37	2.5	2.62
LVC MOS 1.8	1.71	1.8	1.89
LVDS25E ^{1,2}	2.37	2.5	2.62
subLV DSE ^{1,2}	1.71	1.8	1.89

1. Inputs on-chip. Outputs are implemented with the addition of external resistors.

2. Does not apply to Configuration Bank V_{CC_SPI} .

sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics

Input/ Output Standard	V_{IL}		V_{IH}^1		V_{OL} Max. (V)	V_{OH} Min. (V)	I_{OL} Max. (mA)	I_{OH} Max. (mA)
	Min. (V)	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)				
LVC MOS 3.3	-0.3	0.8	2.0	$V_{CCIO} + 0.2$ V	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8, 16 ² , 24 ²	-8, -16 ² , -24 ²
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
LVC MOS 2.5	-0.3	0.7	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.2$ V	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	6, 12 ² , 18 ²	-6, -12 ² , -18 ²
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
LVC MOS 1.8	-0.3	$0.35V_{CCIO}$	$0.65V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.2$ V	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	4, 8 ² , 12 ²	-4, -8 ² , -12 ²
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1

1. Some products are clamped to a diode when V_{IN} is larger than V_{CCIO} .

2. Only for High Drive LED outputs.

LVDS25E Emulation

iCE40 devices can support LVDS outputs via emulation on all banks. The output is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all devices. The scheme shown in Figure 3-1 is one possible solution for LVDS25E standard implementation. Resistor values in Figure 3-1 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

Figure 3-1. LVDS25E Using External Resistors

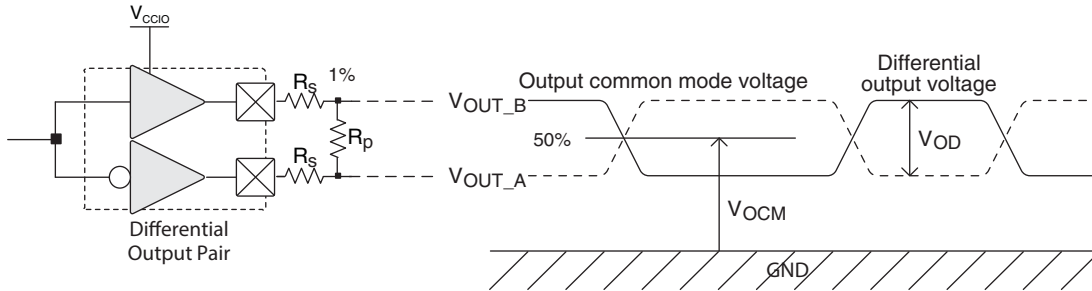


Table 3-1. LVDS25E DC Conditions

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typ.	Units
Z_{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R_S	Driver series resistor	150	Ohms
R_P	Driver parallel resistor	140	Ohms
R_T	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	1.43	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	1.07	V
V_{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.30	V
V_{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.25	V
Z_{BACK}	Back impedance	100.5	Ohms
I_{DC}	DC output current	6.03	mA

SubLVDS Emulation

The iCE40 family supports the differential subLVDS standard. The output standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all banks of the devices. The subLVDS input standard is supported by the LVDS25 differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Figure 3-2 is one possible solution for subLVDS output standard implementation. Use LVDS25E mode with suggested resistors for subLVDS operation. Resistor values in Figure 3-2 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

Figure 3-2. subLVDS

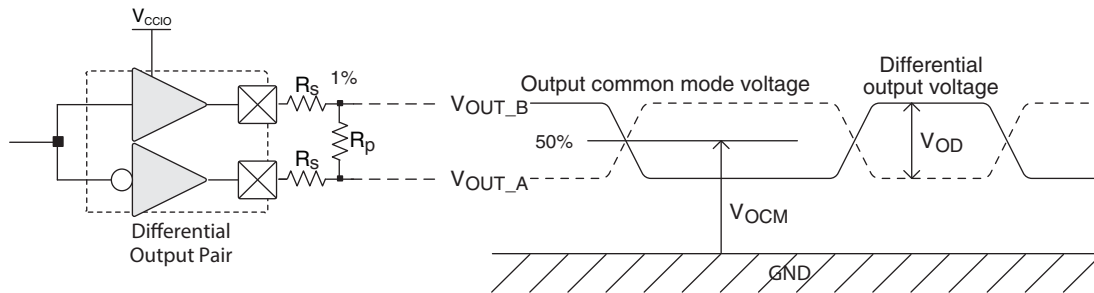


Table 3-2. subLVDS DC Conditions

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typ.	Units
Z_{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R_S	Driver series resistor	270	Ohms
R_P	Driver parallel resistor	120	Ohms
R_T	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	1.43	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	1.07	V
V_{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.35	V
V_{CM}	Output common mode voltage	0.9	V
Z_{BACK}	Back impedance	100.5	Ohms
I_{DC}	DC output current	2.8	mA

iCE40 External Switching Characteristics – HX Devices ^{1, 2}

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Units
Clocks					
Primary Clocks					
$f_{\text{MAX_GBUF}}$	Frequency for Global Buffer Clock network	All iCE40HX devices	—	275	MHz
$t_{\text{W_GBUF}}$	Clock Pulse Width for Global Buffer	All iCE40HX devices	0.88	—	ns
$t_{\text{SKEW_GBUF}}$	Global Buffer Clock Skew Within a Device	iCE40HX1K	—	727	ps
		iCE40HX4K	—	300	ps
		iCE40HX8K	—	300	ps
Pin-LUT-Pin Propagation Delay					
t_{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All iCE40 HX devices	—	7.30	ns
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Global Buffer Clock without PLL)					
$t_{\text{SKEW_IO}}$	Data bus skew across a bank of IOs	iCE40HX1K	—	696	ps
		iCE40HX4K	—	290	ps
		iCE40HX8K	—	290	ps
t_{CO}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	iCE40HX1K	—	5.00	ns
		iCE40HX4K	—	5.41	ns
		iCE40HX8K	—	5.41	ns
t_{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	iCE40HX1K	-0.23	—	ns
		iCE40HX4K	-0.43	—	ns
		iCE40HX8K	-0.43	—	ns
t_{H}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	iCE40HX1K	1.92	—	ns
		iCE40HX4K	2.38	—	ns
		iCE40HX8K	2.38	—	ns
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Global Buffer Clock with PLL)³					
t_{COPLL}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	iCE40HX1K	—	2.96	ns
		iCE40HX4K	—	2.51	ns
		iCE40HX8K	—	2.51	ns
t_{SUPLL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	iCE40HX1K	3.10	—	ns
		iCE40HX4K	4.16	—	ns
		iCE40HX8K	4.16	—	ns
t_{HPLL}	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	iCE40HX1K	-0.60	—	ns
		iCE40HX4K	-0.53	—	ns
		iCE40HX8K	-0.53	—	ns

1. Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the iCECube2 software.

2. General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 0pf load.

3. Supported on devices with a PLL.

sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
f_{IN}	Input Clock Frequency (REFERENCECLK, EXTFEEDBACK)		10	133	MHz
f_{OUT}	Output Clock Frequency (PLLOUT)		16	275	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO Frequency		533	1066	MHz
f_{PFD}	Phase Detector Input Frequency		10	133	MHz
AC Characteristics					
t_{DT}	Output Clock Duty Cycle	$f_{OUT} < 175$ MHz	40	50	%
		175 MHz $< f_{OUT} < 275$ MHz	35	65	"%
t_{PH}	Output Phase Accuracy		—	+/-12	deg
$t_{OPJIT}^{1,5}$	Output Clock Period Jitter	$f_{OUT} \leq 100$ MHz	—	450	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	0.05	UIPP
	Output Clock Cycle-to-cycle Jitter	$f_{OUT} \leq 100$ MHz	—	750	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	0.10	UIPP
	Output Clock Phase Jitter	$f_{PFD} \leq 25$ MHz	—	275	ps p-p
		$f_{PFD} > 25$ MHz	—	0.05	UIPP
t_W	Output Clock Pulse Width	At 90% or 10%	1.3	—	ns
$t_{LOCK}^{2,3}$	PLL Lock-in Time		—	50	us
t_{UNLOCK}	PLL Unlock Time		—	50	ns
t_{IPJIT}^4	Input Clock Period Jitter	$f_{PFD} \geq 20$ MHz	—	1000	ps p-p
		$f_{PFD} < 20$ MHz	—	0.02	UIPP
t_{FDTAP}	Fine Delay adjustment, per Tap		147	195	ps
t_{STABLE}^3	LATCHINPUTVALUE LOW to PLL Stable		—	500	ns
$t_{STABLE_PW}^3$	LATCHINPUTVALUE Pulse Width		—	100	ns
t_{RST}	RESET Pulse Width		10	—	ns
t_{RSTREC}	RESET Recovery Time		10	—	us
$t_{DYNAMIC_WD}$	DYNAMICDELAY Pulse Width		100	—	VCO Cycles
$t_{PDBYPASS}$	Propagation delay with the PLL in bypass mode	iCE40LP	1.18	4.68	ns
		iCE40HX	1.73	4.07	ns

1. Period jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is taken over 1000 cycles. Phase jitter is taken over 2000 cycles. All values per JESD65B.
2. Output clock is valid after t_{LOCK} for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.
3. At minimum f_{PFD} . As the f_{PFD} increases the time will decrease to approximately 60% the value listed.
4. Maximum limit to prevent PLL unlock from occurring. Does not imply the PLL will operate within the output specifications listed in this table.
5. The jitter values will increase with loading of the PLD fabric and in the presence of SSO noise.

sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications¹

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
All Configuration Modes						
$t_{\text{CRESET_B}}$	Minimum CRESET_B Low pulse width required to restart configuration, from falling edge to rising edge		200	—	—	ns
$t_{\text{DONE_IO}}$	Number of configuration clock cycles after CDONE goes High before the PIO pins are activated		49	—	—	Clock Cycles
Slave SPI						
$t_{\text{CR_SCK}}$	Minimum time from a rising edge on CRESET_B until the first SPI write operation, first SPI_SCK. During this time, the iCE40 device is clearing its internal configuration memory	iCE40LP384	600	-	—	us
		iCE40LP640, iCE40LP/HX1K	800	-	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX4K	1200	-	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX8K	1200	-	—	us
f_{MAX}^1	CCLK clock frequency	Write	1	-	25	MHz
		Read iCE40LP384 ²	-	15	-	MHz
		Read iCE40LP640, iCE40LP/HX1K ²	-	15	-	MHz
		Read iCE40LP/HX4K ²	-	15	-	MHz
		Read iCE40LP/HX8K ²	-	15	-	MHz
t_{CCLKH}	CCLK clock pulse width high		20	—	—	ns
t_{CCLKL}	CCLK clock pulse width low		20	—	—	ns
t_{STSU}	CCLK setup time		12	—	—	ns
t_{STH}	CCLK hold time		12	—	—	ns
t_{STCO}	CCLK falling edge to valid output		13	—	—	ns
Master SPI						
f_{MCLK}	MCLK clock frequency	Off	—	0	—	MHz
		Low Frequency (Default)	—	7.5	—	MHz
		Medium Frequency ³	—	24	—	MHz
		High Frequency ³	—	40	—	MHz

sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications¹ (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t _{MCLK}	CRESET_B high to first MCLK edge	iCE40LP384 - Low Frequency (Default)	600	—	—	us
		iCE40LP384 - Medium Frequency	600	—	—	us
		iCE40LP384 - High Frequency	600	—	—	us
		iCE40LP640, iCE40LP/HX1K - Low Frequency (Default)	800	—	—	us
		iCE40LP640, iCE40LP/HX1K - Medium Frequency	800	—	—	us
		iCE40LP640, iCE40LP/HX1K - High Frequency	800	—	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX1K - Low Frequency (Default)	800	—	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX1K - Medium Frequency	800	—	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX1K - High Frequency	800	—	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX4K - Low Frequency (Default)	1200	—	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX4K - Medium Frequency	1200	—	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX4K - high frequency	1200	—	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX8K - Low Frequency (Default)	1200	—	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX8K - Medium Frequency	1200	—	—	us
		iCE40LP/HX8K - High Frequency	1200	—	—	us

1. Does not apply for NVCM.
2. Supported only with 1.2 V V_{CC} and at 25 °C.
3. Extended range f_{MAX} Write operations support up to 53 MHz only with 1.2 V V_{CC} and at 25 °C.

Switching Test Conditions

Figure 3-3 shows the output test load used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Table 3-3.

Figure 3-3. Output Test Load, LVCMOS Standards

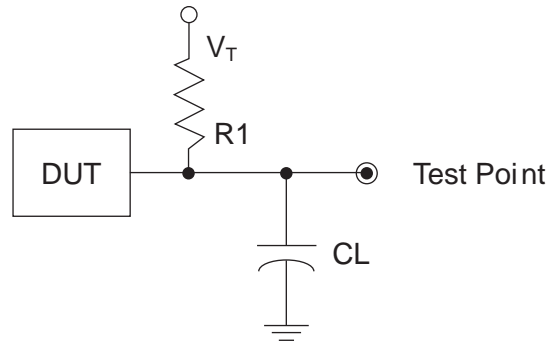


Table 3-3. Test Fixture Required Components, Non-Terminated Interfaces

Test Condition	R_1	C_L	Timing Reference	V_T
LVCMOS settings (L -> H, H -> L)	∞	0 pF	LVCMOS 3.3 = 1.5 V	—
			LVCMOS 2.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMOS 1.8 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> H)	188	0 pF	1.5	V_{OL}
LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> L)			1.5	V_{OH}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> H)			$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{OL}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> L)			$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{OH}
LVCMOS (H -> Z)			$V_{OH} - 0.15$	V_{OL}
LVCMOS (L -> Z)			$V_{OL} - 0.15$	V_{OH}

Note: Output test conditions for all other interfaces are determined by the respective standards.

Pin Information Summary (Continued)

	iCE40LP4K			iCE40LP8K			iCE40HX1K		
	CM81	CM121	CM225	CM81	CM121	CM225	VQ100	CB132	TQ144
General Purpose I/O per Bank									
Bank 0	17	23	46	17	23	46	19	24	23
Bank 1	15	21	42	15	21	42	19	25	25
Bank 2	9	19	40	9	19	40	12	20	20
Bank 3	18	26	46	18	26	46	18	22	24
Configuration	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	63	93	178	63	93	178	72	95	96
High Current Outputs per Bank									
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Differential Inputs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Differential Inputs per Bank									
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 3	9	13	23	9	13	23	9	11	12
Total Differential Inputs	9	13	23	9	13	23	9	11	12
Dedicated Inputs per Bank									
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
Bank 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bank 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Configuration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dedicated Inputs	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	3
Vccio Pins									
Bank 0	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	2
Bank 1	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	2
Bank 2	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	2
Bank 3	1	2	4	1	2	4	3	3	2
VCC	3	4	8	3	4	8	4	5	4
VCC_SPI	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VPP_2V5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VPP_FAST ¹	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VCCPLL	1	2	2	1	2	2	0	1	1
GND	5	12	18	5	12	18	10	14	10
NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	19
Total Count of Bonded Pins	81	121	225	81	121	225	100	132	144

1. VPP_FAST: used only for fast production programming, must be left floating or unconnected in applications.

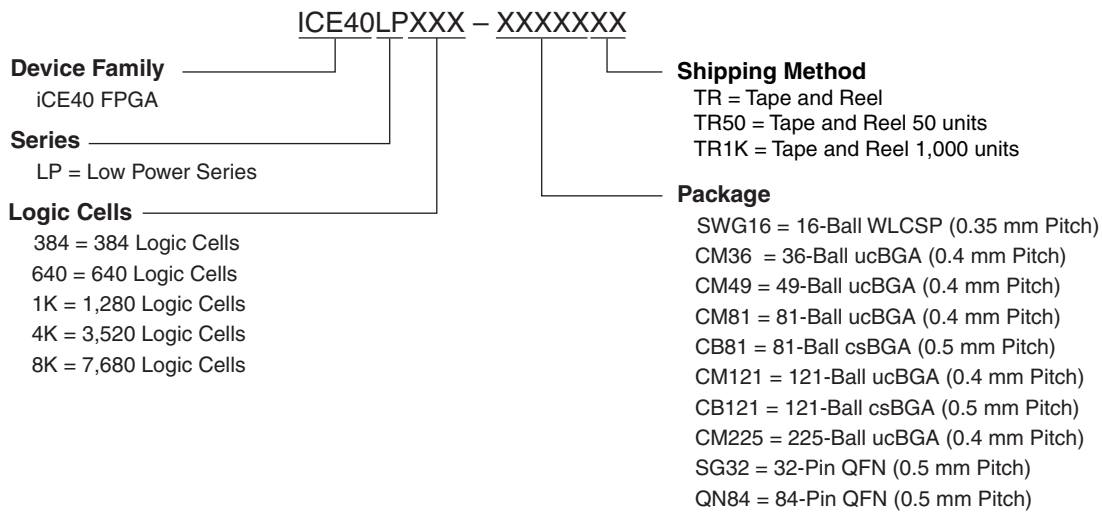
Pin Information Summary (Continued)

	iCE40HX4K			iCE40HX8K			
	BG121	CB132	TQ144	BG121	CB132	CM225	CT256
General Purpose I/O per Bank							
Bank 0	23	24	27	23	24	46	52
Bank 1	21	25	29	21	25	42	52
Bank 2	19	18	19	19	18	40	46
Bank 3	26	24	28	26	24	46	52
Configuration	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	93	95	107	93	95	178	206
High Current Outputs per Bank							
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Differential Inputs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Differential Inputs per Bank							
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 3	13	12	14	13	12	23	26
Total Differential Inputs	13	12	14	13	12	23	26
Dedicated Inputs per Bank							
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
Bank 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bank 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Configuration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dedicated Inputs	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
Vccio Pins							
Bank 0	1	2	2	1	2	3	4
Bank 1	1	2	2	1	2	3	4
Bank 2	1	2	2	1	2	3	4
Bank 3	2	3	2	2	3	4	4
VCC	4	5	4	4	5	8	6
VCC_SPI	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VPP_2V5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VPP_FAST ¹	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VCCPLL	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
GND	12	15	11	12	15	18	20
NC	0	0	6	0	0	0	0
Total Count of Bonded Pins	121	132	144	121	132	225	256

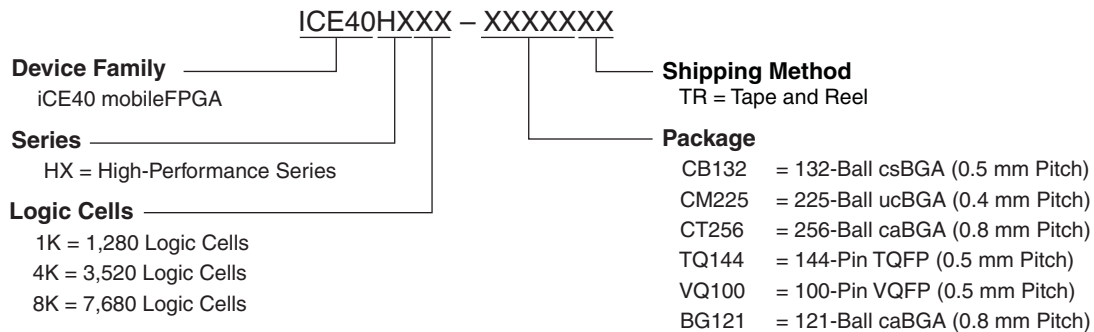
1. V_{PP_FAST}, used only for fast production programming, must be left floating or unconnected in applications.

iCE40 Part Number Description

Ultra Low Power (LP) Devices



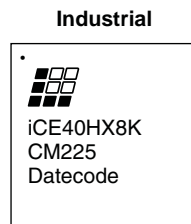
High Performance (HX) Devices



All parts shipped in trays unless noted.

Ordering Information

iCE40 devices have top-side markings as shown below:



Note: Markings are abbreviated for small packages.

Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Package	Leads	Temp.
ICE40LP384-CM36	384	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	36	IND
ICE40LP384-CM36TR	384	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	36	IND
ICE40LP384-CM36TR1K	384	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	36	IND
ICE40LP384-CM49	384	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	49	IND
ICE40LP384-CM49TR	384	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	49	IND
ICE40LP384-CM49TR1K	384	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	49	IND
ICE40LP384-SG32	384	1.2 V	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
ICE40LP384-SG32TR	384	1.2 V	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
ICE40LP384-SG32TR1K	384	1.2 V	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
ICE40LP640-SWG16TR	640	1.2 V	Halogen-Free WLCSP	16	IND
ICE40LP640-SWG16TR50	640	1.2 V	Halogen-Free WLCSP	16	IND
ICE40LP640-SWG16TR1K	640	1.2 V	Halogen-Free WLCSP	16	IND
ICE40LP1K-SWG16TR	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free WLCSP	16	IND
ICE40LP1K-SWG16TR50	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free WLCSP	16	IND
ICE40LP1K-SWG16TR1K	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free WLCSP	16	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM36	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	36	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM36TR	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	36	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM36TR1K	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	36	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM49	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	49	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM49TR	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	49	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM49TR1K	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	49	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM81	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM81TR	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM81TR1K	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP1K-CB81	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free csBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP1K-CB81TR	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free csBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP1K-CB81TR1K	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free csBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM121	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	121	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM121TR	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	121	IND
ICE40LP1K-CM121TR1K	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	121	IND
ICE40LP1K-CB121	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free csBGA	121	IND
ICE40LP1K-QN84	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
ICE40LP4K-CM81	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP4K-CM81TR	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP4K-CM81TR1K	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP4K-CM121	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	121	IND
ICE40LP4K-CM121TR	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	121	IND
ICE40LP4K-CM121TR1K	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	121	IND
ICE40LP4K-CM225	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	225	IND
ICE40LP8K-CM81	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP8K-CM81TR	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP8K-CM81TR1K	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	81	IND
ICE40LP8K-CM121	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	121	IND
ICE40LP8K-CM121TR	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	121	IND

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
April 2013	02.2	Introduction	Added the LP8K 81 ucBGA.
		Architecture	Corrected typos.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Corrected typos. Added 7:1 LVDS waveforms.
		Pinout Information	Corrected typos in signal descriptions. Added the LP8K 81 ucBGA.
		Ordering Information	Added the LP8K 81 ucBGA.
March 2013	02.1	DC and Switching Characteristics	Recommended operating conditions added requirement for Master SPI.
			Updated Recommended Operating Conditions for V_{PP_2V5} .
			Updated Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels and sequence requirements.
			Updated Static Supply Current conditions.
			Changed unit for t_{SKEW_IO} from ns to ps.
		Updated range of CCLK f_{MAX} .	
Ordering Information	Updated ordering information to include tape and reel part numbers.		
September 2012	02.0	—	Merged SiliconBlue iCE40 LP and HX data sheets and updated to Lattice format.
	01.31	—	Updated Table 1.
	01.3	—	Production release.
			Updated notes on Table 3: Recommended Operating Conditions. Updated values in Table 4, Table 5, Table 12, Table 13 and Table 17.
	01.21	—	Updated Figure 3 and Figure 4 to specify iCE40.
Aug 2012	01.2	—	Updated company name.
July 2011	01.1	—	Moved package specifications to iCE40 pinout Excel files.
			Updated Table 1 maximum I/Os.
	01.01	—	Added 640, 1K and 4K to Table 13 configuration times. Updated Table 1 maximum I/Os.
	01.0	—	Initial release.