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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	48
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	384
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	21
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	32-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	32-QFN (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/ice40lp384-sg32tr1k

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iCE40 LP/HX Family Data Sheet Introduction

March 2017 Data Sheet DS1040

Features

■ Flexible Logic Architecture

 Five devices with 384 to 7,680 LUT4s and 10 to 206 I/Os

■ Ultra Low Power Devices

- Advanced 40 nm low power process
- As low as 21 μA standby power
- Programmable low swing differential I/Os

■ Embedded and Distributed Memory

 Up to 128 kbits sysMEM[™] Embedded Block RAM

■ Pre-Engineered Source Synchronous I/O

• DDR registers in I/O cells

■ High Current LED Drivers

Three High Current Drivers used for three different LEDs or one RGB LED

■ High Performance, Flexible I/O Buffer

- Programmable sysIO[™] buffer supports wide range of interfaces:
 - LVCMOS 3.3/2.5/1.8
 - LVDS25E, subLVDS

- Schmitt trigger inputs, to 200 mV typical hysteresis
- Programmable pull-up mode

■ Flexible On-Chip Clocking

- Eight low-skew global clock resources
- Up to two analog PLLs per device

■ Flexible Device Configuration

- SRAM is configured through:
 - Standard SPI Interface
 - Internal Nonvolatile Configuration Memory (NVCM)

Broad Range of Package Options

- WLCSP, QFN, VQFP, TQFP, ucBGA, caBGA, and csBGA package options
- · Small footprint package options
 - As small as 1.40 mm x 1.48 mm
- · Advanced halogen-free packaging

Table 1-1. iCE40 Family Selection Guide

Part Number		LP384	LP640	LP1K	LP4K	LP8K	HX1K	HX4K	HX8K
Logic Cells (LUT + Flip-Flop))	384 640 1,28			3,520	7,680	1,280	3,520	7,680
RAM4K Memory Blocks		0	8	16	20	32	16	20	32
RAM4K RAM bits		0	32K	64K	80K	128K	64K	80K	128K
Phase-Locked Loops (PLLs)		0	0	1 ¹	2 ²	2 ²	1 ¹	2	2
Maximum Programmable I/C) Pins	63	25	95	167	178	95	95	206
Maximum Differential Input F	Pairs	8	3	12	20	23	11	12	26
High Current LED Drivers		0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
Package	Code			Programn	nable I/O: I	Max Inputs	(LVDS25)	•	
16 WLCSP (1.40 mm x 1.48 mm, 0.35 mm)	SWG16		10(0) ¹	10(0) ¹					
32 QFN (5 mm x 5 mm, 0.5 mm)	SG32	21(3)							
36 ucBGA (2.5 mm x 2.5 mm, 0.4 mm)	CM36	25(3)		25(3) ¹					
49 ucBGA (3 mm x 3 mm, 0.4 mm)	CM49	37(6)		35(5) ¹					
81 ucBGA (4 mm x 4 mm, 0.4 mm)	CM81			63(8)	63(9) ²	63(9) ²			
81 csBGA (5 mm x 5 mm, 0.5 mm)	CB81			62(9) ¹					

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Table 1-1. iCE40 Family Selection Guide (continued)	Table 1-1.	iCE40 Famil	y Selection	Guide	(continued)
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84 QFN								
(7 mm x 7 mm, 0.5 mm)	QN84		67(7) ¹					
100 VQFP (14 mm x 14 mm, 0.5 mm)	VQ100					72(9) ¹		
121 ucBGA (5 mm x 5 mm, 0.4 mm)	CM121		95(12)	93(13)	93(13)			
121 csBGA (6 mm x 6 mm, 0.5 mm)	CB121		92(12)					
121 caBGA (9 mm x 9 mm, 0.8 mm)	BG121						93(13)	93(13)
132 csBGA (8 mm x 8 mm, 0.5 mm)	CB132					95(11)	95(12)	95(12)
144 TQFP (20 mm x 20 mm, 0.5 mm)	TQ144					96(12)	107(14)	
225 ucBGA (7 mm x 7 mm, 0.4 mm)	CM225			178(23)	178(23)			178(23)
256-ball caBGA (14 mm x 14 mm, 0.8 mm)	CT256							206(26)

- 1. No PLL available on the 16 WLCSP, 36 ucBGA, 81 csBGA, 84 QFN and 100 VQFP packages.
- 2. Only one PLL available on the 81 ucBGA package.
- 3. High Current I/Os only available on the 16 WLCSP package.

Introduction

The iCE40 family of ultra-low power, non-volatile FPGAs has five devices with densities ranging from 384 to 7680 Look-Up Tables (LUTs). In addition to LUT-based, low-cost programmable logic, these devices feature Embedded Block RAM (EBR), Non-volatile Configuration Memory (NVCM) and Phase Locked Loops (PLLs). These features allow the devices to be used in low-cost, high-volume consumer and system applications. Select packages offer High-Current drivers that are ideal to drive three white LEDs, or one RGB LED.

The iCE40 devices are fabricated on a 40 nm CMOS low power process. The device architecture has several features such as programmable low-swing differential I/Os and the ability to turn off on-chip PLLs dynamically. These features help manage static and dynamic power consumption, resulting in low static power for all members of the family. The iCE40 devices are available in two versions – ultra low power (LP) and high performance (HX) devices.

The iCE40 FPGAs are available in a broad range of advanced halogen-free packages ranging from the space saving 1.40x1.48 mm WLCSP to the PCB-friendly 20x20 mm TQFP. Table 1-1 shows the LUT densities, package and I/O options, along with other key parameters.

The iCE40 devices offer enhanced I/O features such as pull-up resistors. Pull-up features are controllable on a "per-pin" basis.

The iCE40 devices also provide flexible, reliable and secure configuration from on-chip NVCM. These devices can also configure themselves from external SPI Flash or be configured by an external master such as a CPU.

Lattice provides a variety of design tools that allow complex designs to be efficiently implemented using the iCE40 family of devices. Popular logic synthesis tools provide synthesis library support for iCE40. Lattice design tools use the synthesis tool output along with the user-specified preferences and constraints to place and route the design in the iCE40 device. These tools extract the timing from the routing and back-annotate it into the design for timing verification.

Lattice provides many pre-engineered IP (Intellectual Property) modules, including a number of reference designs, licensed free of charge, optimized for the iCE40 FPGA family. By using these configurable soft core IP cores as standardized blocks, users are free to concentrate on the unique aspects of their design, increasing their productivity.



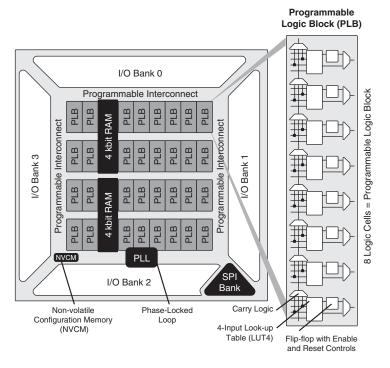
iCE40 LP/HX Family Data Sheet Architecture

March 2017 Data Sheet DS1040

Architecture Overview

The iCE40 family architecture contains an array of Programmable Logic Blocks (PLB), sysCLOCK™ PLLs, Non-volatile Programmable Configuration Memory (NVCM) and blocks of sysMEM™ Embedded Block RAM (EBR) surrounded by Programmable I/O (PIO). Figure 2-1 shows the block diagram of the iCE40LP/HX1K device.

Figure 2-1. iCE40LP/HX1K Device, Top View



The logic blocks, Programmable Logic Blocks (PLB) and sysMEM EBR blocks, are arranged in a two-dimensional grid with rows and columns. Each column has either logic blocks or EBR blocks. The PIO cells are located at the periphery of the device, arranged in banks. The PLB contains the building blocks for logic, arithmetic, and register functions. The PIOs utilize a flexible I/O buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer that supports operation with a variety of interface standards. The blocks are connected with many vertical and horizontal routing channel resources. The place and route software tool automatically allocates these routing resources.

In the iCE40 family, there are up to four independent sysIO banks. Note on some packages V_{CCIO} banks are tied together. There are different types of I/O buffers on the different banks. Refer to the details in later sections of this document. The sysMEM EBRs are large 4 kbit, dedicated fast memory blocks. These blocks can be configured as RAM, ROM or FIFO.

The iCE40 architecture also provides up to two sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loop (PLL) blocks. The PLLs have multiply, divide, and phase shifting capabilities that are used to manage the frequency and phase relationships of the clocks.

Every device in the family has a SPI port that supports programming and configuration of the device. The iCE40 includes on-chip, Nonvolatile Configuration Memory (NVCM).

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Routing

There are many resources provided in the iCE40 devices to route signals individually with related control signals. The routing resources consist of switching circuitry, buffers and metal interconnect (routing) segments.

The inter-PLB connections are made with three different types of routing resources: Adjacent (spans two PLBs), x4 (spans five PLBs) and x12 (spans thirteen PLBs). The Adjacent, x4 and x12 connections provide fast and efficient connections in the diagonal, horizontal and vertical directions.

The design tool takes the output of the synthesis tool and places and routes the design.

Clock/Control Distribution Network

Each iCE40 device has eight global inputs, two pins on each side of the device. Note that not all GBINs are available in all packages.

These global inputs can be used as high fanout nets, clock, reset or enable signals. The dedicated global pins are identified as GBIN[7:0] and the global buffers are identified as-GBUF[7:0]. These eight inputs may be used as general purpose I/O if they are not used to drive the clock nets. Global buffer GBUF7 in I/O Bank 3 also provides an optional direct LVDS25 or subLVDS differential clock input.

Table 2-2 lists the connections between a specific global buffer and the inputs on a PLB. All global buffers optionally connect to the PLB CLK input. Any four of the eight global buffers can drive logic inputs to a PLB. Even-numbered global buffers optionally drive the Set/Reset input to a PLB. Similarly, odd-numbered buffers optionally drive the PLB clock-enable input.

Table 2-2. Global Buffer (GBUF) Connections to Programmable Logic Blocks

Global Buffer	LUT Inputs	Clock	Reset	Clock Enable
GBUF0		Yes	Yes	
GBUF1		Yes		Yes
GBUF2		Yes	Yes	
GBUF3	Yes, any 4 of 8	Yes		Yes
GBUF4	GBUF Inputs	Yes	Yes	
GBUF5	7	Yes		Yes
GBUF6		Yes	Yes	
GBUF7	7	Yes		Yes

The maximum frequency for the global buffers are shown in the iCE40 External Switching Characteristics tables later in this document.

Global Hi-Z Control

The global high-impedance control signal, GHIZ, connects to all I/O pins on the iCE40 device. This GHIZ signal is automatically asserted throughout the configuration process, forcing all user I/O pins into their high-impedance state.



Table 2-3. PLL Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	Direction	Description
REFERENCECLK	Input	Input reference clock
BYPASS	Input	When FEEDBACK_PATH is set to SIMPLE, the BYPASS control selects which clock signal connects to the PLLOUT output.
	Input	0 = PLL generated signal 1 = REFERENCECLK
EXTFEEDBACK	Input	External feedback input to PLL. Enabled when the FEEDBACK_PATH attribute is set to EXTERNAL.
DYNAMICDELAY[3:0]	Input	Fine delay adjustment control inputs. Enabled when DELAY_ADJUSTMENT_MODE is set to DYNAMIC.
LATCHINPUTVALUE	Input	When enabled, forces the PLL into low-power mode; PLL output is held static at the last input clock value. Set ENABLE ICEGATE_PORTA and PORTB to '1' to enable.
PLLOUTGLOBAL	Output	Output from the Phase-Locked Loop (PLL). Drives a global clock network on the FPGA. The port has optimal connections to global clock buffers GBUF4 and GBUF5.
PLLOUTCORE	Output	Output clock generated by the PLL, drives regular FPGA routing. The frequency generated on this output is the same as the frequency of the clock signal generated on the PLLOUTLGOBAL port.
LOCK	Output	When High, indicates that the PLL output is phase aligned or locked to the input reference clock.
RESET	Input	Active low reset.

sysMEM Embedded Block RAM Memory

Larger iCE40 device includes multiple high-speed synchronous sysMEM Embedded Block RAMs (EBRs), each 4 kbit in size. This memory can be used for a wide variety of purposes including data buffering, and FIFO.

sysMEM Memory Block

The sysMEM block can implement single port, pseudo dual port, or FIFO memories with programmable logic resources. Each block can be used in a variety of depths and widths as shown in Table 2-4.

Table 2-4. sysMEM Block Configurations¹

Block RAM Configuration	Block RAM Configuration and Size	WADDR Port Size (Bits)	WDATA Port Size (Bits)	RADDR Port Size (Bits)	RDATA Port Size (Bits)	MASK Port Size (Bits)
SB_RAM256x16 SB_RAM256x16NR SB_RAM256x16NW SB_RAM256x16NRNW	256x16 (4K)	8 [7:0]	16 [15:0]	8 [7:0]	16 [15:0]	16 [15:0]
SB_RAM512x8 SB_RAM512x8NR SB_RAM512x8NW SB_RAM512x8NRNW	512x8 (4K)	9 [8:0]	8 [7:0]	9 [8:0]	8 [7:0]	No Mask Port
SB_RAM1024x4 SB_RAM1024x4NR SB_RAM1024x4NW SB_RAM1024x4NRNW	1024x4 (4K)	10 [9:0]	4 [3:0]	10 [9:0]	4 [3:0]	No Mask Port
SB_RAM2048x2 SB_RAM2048x2NR SB_RAM2048x2NW SB_RAM2048x2NRNW	2048x2 (4K)	11 [10:0]	2 [1:0]	11 [10:0]	2 [1:0]	No Mask Port

^{1.} For iCE40 EBR primitives with a negative-edged Read or Write clock, the base primitive name is appended with a 'N' and a 'R' or 'W' depending on the clock that is affected.



sys_IO

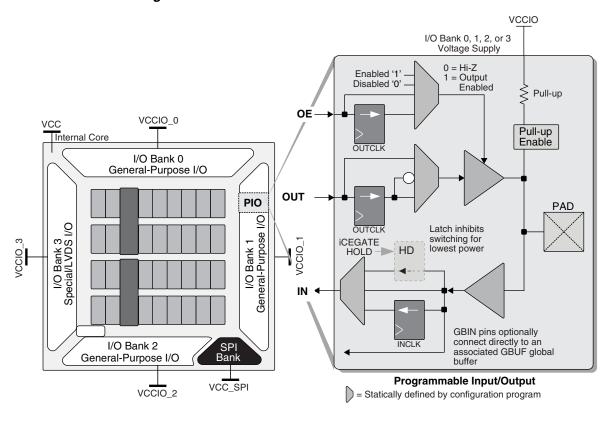
Buffer Banks

iCE40 devices have up to four I/O banks with independent V_{CCIO} rails with an additional configuration bank $V_{CC\ SPI}$ for the SPI I/Os.

Programmable I/O (PIO)

The programmable logic associated with an I/O is called a PIO. The individual PIO are connected to their respective sysIO buffers and pads. The PIOs are placed on all four sides of the device.

Figure 2-5. I/O Bank and Programmable I/O Cell



The PIO contains three blocks: an input register block, output register block iCEgate[™] and tri-state register block. To save power, the optional iCEgate[™] latch can selectively freeze the state of individual, non-registered inputs within an I/O bank. Note that the freeze signal is common to the bank. These blocks can operate in a variety of modes along with the necessary clock and selection logic.

Input Register Block

The input register blocks for the PIOs on all edges contain registers that can be used to condition high-speed interface signals before they are passed to the device core. In Generic DDR mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the system clock signal, creating two data streams.

Output Register Block

The output register block can optionally register signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers. In Generic DDR mode, two registers are used to capture the data on the positive and negative edge of the system clock and then muxed creating one data stream.

Figure 2-6 shows the input/output register block for the PIOs.



iCE40 LP/HX Family Data Sheet DC and Switching Characteristics

October 2015 Data Sheet DS1040

Absolute Maximum Ratings^{1, 2, 3, 4}

	iCE40 LP/HX
Supply Voltage V _{CC}	. −0.5 V to 1.42 V
Output Supply Voltage V _{CCIO} , V _{CC_SPI}	. −0.5 V to 3.60 V
NVCM Supply Voltage V _{PP_2V5}	. −0.5 V to 3.60 V
PLL Supply Voltage V _{CCPLL}	0.5 V to 1.30 V
I/O Tri-state Voltage Applied	. −0.5 V to 3.60 V
Dedicated Input Voltage Applied	. −0.5 V to 3.60 V
Storage Temperature (Ambient)	. –65 °C to 150 °C
Junction Temperature (T _J)	. –55 °C to 125 °C

^{1.} Stress above those listed under the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

- 2. Compliance with the Lattice Thermal Management document is required.
- 3. All voltages referenced to GND.
- IOs can support a 200 mV Overshoot above the Recommend Operating Conditions V_{CCIO} (Max) and -200mV Undershoot below V_{IL} (Min).
 Overshoot and Undershoot is permitted for 25% duty cycle but must not exceed 1.6 ns.

Recommended Operating Conditions¹

Symbol	Paramete	Min.	Max.	Units	
V _{CC} ¹	Core Supply Voltage		1.14	1.26	V
		Slave SPI Configuration	1.71	3.46	V
V	V _{PP_2V5} NVCM Programming and Operating Supply Voltage	Master SPI Configuration	2.30	3.46	V
V _{PP_2V5}		Configure from NVCM	2.30	3.46	V
		NVCM Programming	2.30	3.00	V
V _{PP_FAST} ⁴	Optional fast NVCM programming supply. L	Optional fast NVCM programming supply. Leave unconnected.			V
V _{CCPLL} ^{5, 6}	PLL Supply Voltage		1.14	1.26	V
1, 2, 3	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	V _{CCIO0-3}	1.71	3.46	V
V _{CCIO} ^{1, 2, 3}	70 Driver Supply voltage	V _{CC_SPI}	1.71	3.46	V
t _{JIND}	Junction Temperature Industrial Operation			100	°C
t _{PROG}	Junction Temperature NVCM Programming		10	30	°C

Like power supplies must be tied together. For example, if V_{CCIO} and V_{CC_SPI} are both the same voltage, they must also be the same supply.

^{2.} See recommended voltages by I/O standard in subsequent table.

^{3.} V_{CCIO} pins of unused I/O banks should be connected to the V_{CC} power supply on boards.

V_{PP_FAST}, used only for fast production programming, must be left floating or unconnected in applications, except CM36 and CM49 packages MUST have the V_{PP_FAST} ball connected to V_{CCIO_0} ball externally.

^{5.} No PLL available on the iCE40LP384 and iCE40LP640 device.

^{6.} V_{CCPLL} is tied to V_{CC} internally in packages without PLLs pins.



Power Supply Ramp Rates^{1, 2}

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Units
		All configuration modes. No power supply sequencing.	0.40	10	V/ms
t _{RAMP}	Power supply ramp rates for all power supplies.	Configuring from Slave SPI. No power supply sequencing,	0.01	10	V/ms
		Configuring from NVCM. V_{CC} and V_{PP_2V5} to be powered 0.25 ms before V_{CC_SPI} .	0.01	10	V/ms
		Configuring from MSPI. V_{CC} and V_{PP_SPI} to be powered 0.25 ms before V_{PP_2V5} .	0.01	10	V/ms

^{1.} Assumes monotonic ramp rates.

Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels¹

Symbol	Device	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Units
V _{PORUP}	iCE40LP384	Power-On-Reset ramp-up trip point	VCC	0.67	0.99	V
		(band gap based circuit monitoring VCC, VCCIO 2, VCC SPI and	VCCIO_2	0.70	1.59	V
		VPP_2V5)	VCC_SPI	0.70	1.59	V
		·	VPP_2V5	0.70	1.59	V
	iCE40LP640,	Power-On-Reset ramp-up trip point	VCC	0.55	0.75	V
	iCE40LP/HX1K, iCE40LP/HX4K,	\	VCCIO_2	0.86	1.29	V
	iCE40LP/HX8K		VCC_SPI	0.86	1.29	V
		·	VPP_2V5	0.86	1.33	V
V _{PORDN}	iCE40LP384	Power-On-Reset ramp-down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring VCC, VCCIO_2, VCC_SPI and VPP 2V5)	VCC	_	0.64	V
			VCCIO_2	_	1.59	V
			VCC_SPI	_	1.59	V
			VPP_2V5	_	1.59	V
	iCE40LP640,	Power-On-Reset ramp-down trip	VCC	_	0.75	V
	iCE40LP/HX1K, iCE40LP/HX4K,	point (band gap based circuit monitoring VCC, VCCIO_2, VCC_SPI	VCCIO_2	_	1.29	V
	iCE40LP/HX8K	and VPP_2V5)	VCC_SPI	_	1.29	V
			VPP_2V5	_	1.33	V

^{1.} These POR trip points are only provided for guidance. Device operation is only characterized for power supply voltages specified under recommended operating conditions.

ESD Performance

Please refer to the iCE40 Product Family Qualification Summary for complete qualification data, including ESD performance.

^{2.} iCE40LP384 requires V_{CC} to be greater than 0.7V when V_{CCIO} and V_{CC_SPI} are above GND.



DC Electrical Characteristics

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
·-, ···	Input or I/O Leakage	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO} + 0.2 V$	_	_	+/-10	μΑ
C ₁ ^{6, 7}	I/O Capacitance ²	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V}, 1.8 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = \text{Typ.}, V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CCIO} + 0.2 \text{ V}$	_	6	_	pf
C ₂ ^{6, 7}	Global Input Buffer Capacitance ²	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V}, 1.8 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = \text{Typ.}, V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CCIO} + 0.2 \text{ V}$	_	6	_	pf
V_{HYST}	Input Hysteresis	V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V	_	200	_	mV
I _{PU} ^{6, 7}	Internal PIO Pull-up	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V}, 0 = < V_{IN} < = 0.65 V_{CCIO}$	-3	_	-31	μΑ
	Current	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V}, 0 = < V_{IN} < = 0.65 V_{CCIO}$	-8	_	-72	μΑ
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, 0 = < V_{IN} < = 0.65 \text{ V}_{CCIO}$	-11		-128	μΑ

- 1. Input or I/O leakage current is measured with the pin configured as an input or as an I/O with the output driver tri-stated. It is not measured with the output driver active. Internal pull-up resistors are disabled.
- 2. T_{.1} 25°C, f = 1.0 MHz.
- 3. Please refer to V_{IL} and V_{IH} in the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table of this document.
- 4. Only applies to IOs in the SPI bank following configuration.
- 5. Some products are clamped to a diode when V_{IN} is larger than V_{CCIO} .
- 6. High current IOs has three sysIO buffers connected together.
- 7. The iCE40LP640 and iCE40LP1K SWG16 package has CDONE and a sysIO buffer are connected together.

Static Supply Current - LP Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. V _{CC} ⁴	Units
I _{CC}		iCE40LP384	21	μΑ
		iCE40LP640	100	μΑ
	Core Power Supply	iCE40LP1K	100	μΑ
		iCE40LP4K	250	μΑ
		iCE40LP8K	250	μΑ
I _{CCPLL} ^{5, 6}	PLL Power Supply	All devices	0.5	μΑ
I _{PP_2V5}	NVCM Power Supply	All devices	1.0	μΑ
I _{CCIO,} I _{CC_SPI}	Bank Power Supply ⁴ V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	All devices	3.5	μΑ

Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip PLL is off. For more detail with your specific design, use the Power Calculator tool. Power specified with master SPI configuration mode. Other modes may be up to 25% higher.

- 2. Frequency = 0 MHz.
- 3. $T_{J} = 25$ °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.
- 4. Does not include pull-up.
- 5. No PLL available on the iCE40LP384 and iCE40LP640 device.
- 6. V_{CCPLL} is tied to V_{CC} internally in packages without PLLs pins.



Derating Logic Timing

Logic timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the Lattice design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. Lattice design tools can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.

Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance²

I/O Standard	Max. Speed	Units			
Inputs					
LVDS25 ¹	400	MHz			
subLVDS18 ¹	400	MHz			
LVCMOS33	250	MHz			
LVCMOS25	250	MHz			
LVCMOS18	250	MHz			
	Outputs				
LVDS25E	250	MHz			
subLVDS18E	155	MHz			
LVCMOS33	250	MHz			
LVCMOS25	250	MHz			
LVCMOS18	155	MHz			

^{1.} Supported in Bank 3 only.

iCE40 Family Timing Adders

Over Recommended Commercial Operating Conditions - LP Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

Buffer Type Description		Timing	Units
Input Adjusters			
LVDS25	LVDS, V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	-0.18	ns
subLVDS	subLVDS, V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V	0.82	ns
LVCMOS33	LVCMOS, V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	0.18	ns
LVCMOS25	LVCMOS, V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	0.00	ns
LVCMOS18	LVCMOS, V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V	0.19	ns
Output Adjusters	·		
LVDS25E	LVDS, Emulated, V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	0.00	ns
subLVDSE	subLVDS, Emulated, V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V	1.32	ns
LVCMOS33	LVCMOS, V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	-0.12	ns
LVCMOS25	LVCMOS, V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	0.00	ns
LVCMOS18	LVCMOS, V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V	1.32	ns

- 1. Timing adders are relative to LVCMOS25 and characterized but not tested on every device.
- 2. LVCMOS timing measured with the load specified in Switching Test Condition table.
- 3. All other standards tested according to the appropriate specifications.
- 4. Commercial timing numbers are shown.
- 5. Not all I/O standards are supported for all banks. See the Architecture section of this data sheet for details.

^{2.} Measured with a toggling pattern



iCE40 External Switching Characteristics – LP Devices 1,2

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Units
Clocks	·		•		•
Global Clocks					
f _{MAX_GBUF}	Frequency for Global Buffer Clock network	All iCE40LP devices	_	275	MHz
t _{W_GBUF}	Clock Pulse Width for Global Buffer	All iCE40LP devices	0.92	_	ns
		iCE40LP384	_	370	ps
		iCE40LP640	_	230	ps
t _{SKEW_GBUF}	Global Buffer Clock Skew Within a Device	iCE40LP1K	_	230	ps
		iCE40LP4K	_	340	ps
		iCE40LP8K	_	340	ps
Pin-LUT-Pin Propa	ngation Delay		•		•
t _{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All iCE40LP devices	_	9.36	ns
General I/O Pin Pa	rameters (Using Global Buffer Clock withou	it PLL) ³	"		
		iCE40LP384		300	ps
		iCE40LP640	_	200	ps
t _{SKEW_IO}	Data bus skew across a bank of IOs	iCE40LP1K	_	200	ps
		iCE40LP4K	_	280	ps
		iCE40LP8K	_	280	ps
		iCE40LP384	_	6.33	ns
		iCE40LP640	_	5.91	ns
t _{CO}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	iCE40LP1K	_	5.91	ns
		iCE40LP4K	_	6.58	ns
		iCE40LP8K	_	6.58	ns
		iCE40LP384	-0.08	_	ns
		iCE40LP640	-0.33	_	ns
t _{SU}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	iCE40LP1K	-0.33		ns
		iCE40LP4K	-0.63	_	ns
		iCE40LP8K	-0.63	_	ns
		iCE40LP384	1.99	_	ns
		iCE40LP640	2.81	_	ns
t _H	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	iCE40LP1K	2.81	_	ns
		iCE40LP4K	3.48		ns
		iCE40LP8K	3.48		ns
General I/O Pin Pa	rameters (Using Global Buffer Clock with P	•			
		iCE40LP1K		2.20	ns
t _{COPLL}	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	iCE40LP4K		2.30	ns
		iCE40LP8K		2.30	ns
		iCE40LP1K	5.23	_	ns
t _{SUPLL}	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	iCE40LP4K	6.13	_	ns
		iCE40LP8K	6.13	_	ns



sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
f _{IN}	Input Clock Frequency (REFERENCECLK, EXTFEEDBACK)		10	133	MHz
f _{OUT}	Output Clock Frequency (PLLOUT)		16	275	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO Frequency		533	1066	MHz
f _{PFD}	Phase Detector Input Frequency		10	133	MHz
AC Characterist	tics		•		
	Output Clock Duty Cycle	f _{OUT} < 175 MHz	40	50	%
t _{DT}	Output Clock Duty Cycle	175 MHz < f _{OUT} < 275 MHz	35	65	"%
t _{PH}	Output Phase Accuracy		_	+/-12	deg
	Output Clock Period Jitter	f _{OUT} <= 100 MHz	_	450	ps p-p
	Output Clock Period Sitter	f _{OUT} > 100 MHz	_	0.05	UIPP
1 , 5	Output Clock Cycle-to-cycle Jitter	f _{OUT} <= 100 MHz	_	750	ps p-p
t _{OPJIT} 1, 5		f _{OUT} > 100 MHz	_	0.10	UIPP
	Output Clock Phase litter	f _{PFD} <= 25 MHz	_	275	ps p-p
	Output Clock Phase Jitter	f _{PFD} > 25 MHz	_	0.05	UIPP
t _W	Output Clock Pulse Width	At 90% or 10%	1.3	_	ns
t _{LOCK} ^{2, 3}	PLL Lock-in Time		_	50	us
t _{UNLOCK}	PLL Unlock Time		_	50	ns
+ 4	Input Clock Period Jitter	f _{PFD} ≥ 20 MHz	_	1000	ps p-p
t _{IPJIT} ⁴	Input Clock Feriod Sitter	f _{PFD} < 20 MHz	_	0.02	UIPP
t _{FDTAP}	Fine Delay adjustment, per Tap		147	195	ps
t _{STABLE} ³	LATCHINPUTVALUE LOW to PLL Stable		_	500	ns
t _{STABLE_PW} ³	LATCHINPUTVALUE Pulse Width		_	100	ns
t _{RST}	RESET Pulse Width		10	_	ns
t _{RSTREC}	RESET Recovery Time		10	_	us
t _{DYNAMIC_WD}	DYNAMICDELAY Pulse Width		100	_	VCO Cycles
+	Propagation delay with the PLL in bypass	iCE40LP	1.18	4.68	ns
t _{PDBYPASS}	mode	iCE40HX	1.73	4.07	ns

^{1.} Period jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is taken over 1000 cycles. Phase jitter is taken over 2000 cycles. All values per JESD65B.

^{2.} Output clock is valid after $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize LOCK}}$ for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.

^{3.} At minimum f_{PFD} . As the f_{PFD} increases the time will decrease to approximately 60% the value listed.

^{4.} Maximum limit to prevent PLL unlock from occurring. Does not imply the PLL will operate within the output specifications listed in this table.

^{5.} The jitter values will increase with loading of the PLD fabric and in the presence of SSO noise.



iCE40 LP/HX Family Data Sheet Pinout Information

March 2017 Data Sheet DS1040

Signal Descriptions

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
General Purpose	·	
IO[Bank]_[Row/Column Number][A/B]	I/O	[Bank] indicates the bank of the device on which the pad is located. [Number] indicates IO number on the device.
IO[Bank]_[Row/Column Number][A/B]	I/O	[Bank] indicates the bank of the device on which the pad is located. [Number] indicates IO number on the device. [A/B] indicates the differential I/O. 'A' = negative input. 'B' = positive input.
HCIO[Bank]_[Number]	I/O	High Current IO. [Bank] indicates the bank of the device on which the pad is located. [Number] indicates IO number.
NC	_	No connect
GND	_	GND – Ground. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all GNDs are tied together.
VCC	_	VCC – The power supply pins for core logic. Dedicated pins. It is recommended that all VCCs are tied to the same supply.
VCCIO_x	_	VCCIO – The power supply pins for I/O Bank x. Dedicated pins. All VCCIOs located in the same bank are tied to the same supply.
PLL and Global Functions	(Used as ι	ser-programmable I/O pins when not used for PLL or clock pins)
VCCPLLx	_	PLL VCC – Power. Dedicated pins. The PLL requires a separate power and ground that is quiet and stable to reduce the output clock jitter of the PLL.
GNDPLLx	_	PLL GND – Ground. Dedicated pins. The sysCLOCK PLL has the DC ground connection made on the FPGA, so the external PLL ground connection (GNDPLL) must NOT be connected to the board's ground.
GBINx	_	Global pads. Two per side.
Programming and Configu	ration	
CBSEL[0:1]	I/O	Dual function pins. I/Os when not used as CBSEL. Optional ColdBoot configuration SELect input, if ColdBoot mode is enabled.
CRESET_B	I	Configuration Reset, active Low. Dedicated input. No internal pull-up resistor. Either actively drive externally or connect a 10 KOhm pull-up resistor to VCCIO_2.
CDONE	I/O	Configuration Done. Includes a permanent weak pull-up resistor to VCCIO_2. If driving external devices with CDONE output, an external pull-up resistor to VCCIO_2 may be required. Refer to the TN1248, iCE40 Programming and Configuration for more details. Following device configuration the iCE40LP640 and iCE40LP1K in the SWG16 package CDONE pin can be used as a user output.
VCC_SPI	_	SPI interface voltage supply input. Must have a valid voltage even if configuring from NVCM.
SPI_SCK	I/O	Input Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in Slave SPI mode. Output Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA configuration modes.
SPI_SS_B	I/O	SPI Slave Select. Active Low. Includes an internal weak pull-up resistor to VCC_SPI during configuration. During configuration, the logic level sampled on this pin determines the configuration mode used by the iCE40 device. An input when sampled at the start of configuration. An input when in SPI Peripheral configuration mode (SPI_SS_B = Low). An output when in Master SPI Flash configuration mode.
SPI_SI	I/O	Slave SPI serial data input and master SPI serial data output
SPI_SO	I/O	Slave SPI serial data output and master SPI serial data input



Pin Information Summary (Continued)

General Purpose I/O per B Bank 0 Bank 1 Bank 2 Bank 3 Configuration Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O High Current Outputs per Bank 0	17 15 9 18 4 63 Bank	23 21 19 26 4 93	46 42 40 46 4 178	17 15 9 18 4	23 21 19	46 42	VQ100 19 19	24 25	TQ144
Bank 0 Bank 1 Bank 2 Bank 3 Configuration Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O High Current Outputs per	17 15 9 18 4 63 Bank	21 19 26 4	42 40 46 4	15 9 18	21 19	42			
Bank 1 Bank 2 Bank 3 Configuration Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O High Current Outputs per	15 9 18 4 63 Bank	21 19 26 4	42 40 46 4	15 9 18	21 19	42			
Bank 2 Bank 3 Configuration Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O High Current Outputs per	9 18 4 63 Bank	19 26 4	40 46 4	9 18	19		19	25	OF.
Bank 3 Configuration Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O High Current Outputs per	18 4 63 Bank 0	26 4	46	18		40			25
Configuration Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O High Current Outputs per	4 63 Bank 0	4	4		1	40	12	20	20
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O High Current Outputs per	63 Bank			4	26	46	18	22	24
High Current Outputs per	Bank 0	93	178		4	4	4	4	4
	0			63	93	178	72	95	96
Bank 0					•	•	•		
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Differential Inputs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Differential Inputs per Bar	nk				•		•	•	
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 3	9	13	23	9	13	23	9	11	12
Total Differential Inputs	9	13	23	9	13	23	9	11	12
Dedicated Inputs per Bank	k					•	•	•	
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
Bank 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bank 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Configuration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dedicated Inputs	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	3
Vccio Pins					•				
Bank 0	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	2
Bank 1	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	2
Bank 2	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	2
Bank 3	1	2	4	1	2	4	3	3	2
VCC	3	4	8	3	4	8	4	5	4
VCC_SPI	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VPP_2V5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VPP_FAST ¹	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VCCPLL	1	2	2	1	2	2	0	1	1
GND	5	12	18	5	12	18	10	14	10
NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	19
Total Count of Bonded Pins	81	121	225	81	121	225	100	132	144

^{1.} V_{PP_FAST}, used only for fast production programming, must be left floating or unconnected in applications.



Pin Information Summary (Continued)

	iCE40HX4K			iCE40HX8K			
	BG121	CB132	TQ144	BG121	CB132	CM225	CT256
General Purpose I/O per Bank						1	l
Bank 0	23	24	27	23	24	46	52
Bank 1	21	25	29	21	25	42	52
Bank 2	19	18	19	19	18	40	46
Bank 3	26	24	28	26	24	46	52
Configuration	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	93	95	107	93	95	178	206
High Current Outputs per Bank	4	•				•	
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Differential Inputs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Differential Inputs per Bank	II.	1				1	l
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 3	13	12	14	13	12	23	26
Total Differential Inputs	13	12	14	13	12	23	26
Dedicated Inputs per Bank	4	•				•	
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
Bank 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bank 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Configuration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Dedicated Inputs	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
Vccio Pins	•	•				•	•
Bank 0	1	2	2	1	2	3	4
Bank 1	1	2	2	1	2	3	4
Bank 2	1	2	2	1	2	3	4
Bank 3	2	3	2	2	3	4	4
VCC	4	5	4	4	5	8	6
VCC_SPI	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VPP_2V5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VPP_FAST ¹	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
VCCPLL	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
GND	12	15	11	12	15	18	20
NC	0	0	6	0	0	0	0
Total Count of Bonded Pins	121	132	144	121	132	225	256

^{1.} V_{PP_FAST}, used only for fast production programming, must be left floating or unconnected in applications.

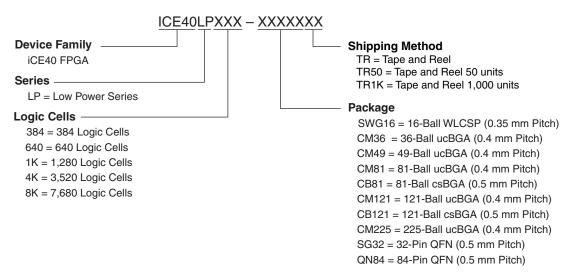


iCE40 LP/HX Family Data Sheet Ordering Information

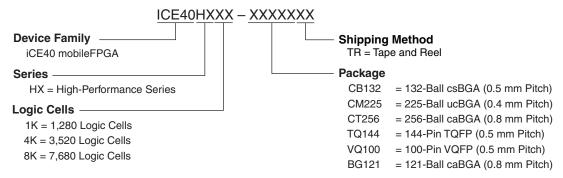
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iCE40 Part Number Description

Ultra Low Power (LP) Devices



High Performance (HX) Devices



All parts shipped in trays unless noted.

Ordering Information

iCE40 devices have top-side markings as shown below:

Industrial



Note: Markings are abbreviated for small packages.

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Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Package	Leads	Temp.
ICE40LP8K-CM121TR1K	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	121	IND
ICE40LP8K-CM225	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	225	IND

High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Package	Leads	Temp.
ICE40HX1K-CB132	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
ICE40HX1K-VQ100	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free VQFP	100	IND
ICE40HX1K-TQ144	1280	1.2 V	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
ICE40HX4K-BG121	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free caBGA	121	IND
ICE40HX4K-BG121TR	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free caBGA	121	IND
ICE40HX4K-CB132	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
ICE40HX4K-TQ144	3520	1.2 V	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
ICE40HX8K-BG121	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free caBGA	121	IND
ICE40HX8K-BG121TR	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free caBGA	121	IND
ICE40HX8K-CB132	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
ICE40HX8K-CM225	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free ucBGA	225	IND
ICE40HX8K-CT256	7680	1.2 V	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND



iCE40 LP/HX Family Data Sheet Supplemental Information

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For Further Information

A variety of technical notes for the iCE40 family are available on the Lattice web site.

- TN1248, iCE40 Programming and Configuration
- TN1250, Memory Usage Guide for iCE40 Devices
- TN1251, iCE40 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide
- TN1252, iCE40 Hardware Checklist
- TN1253, Using Differential I/O (LVDS, Sub-LVDS) in iCE40 Devices
- TN1074, PCB Layout Recommendations for BGA Packages
- iCE40 Pinout Files
- Thermal Management document
- Lattice design tools
- IBIS
- Package Diagrams Data Sheet
- Schematic Symbols



iCE40 LP/HX Family Data Sheet Revision History

March 2017 Data Sheet DS1040

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
March 2017	3.3	Introduction	Updated Features section. Added 121-ball caBGA package for ICE40 HX4K/8K to Table 1-1, iCE40 Family Selection Guide.
		Architecture	Updated PLB Blocks section. Changed "subtracters" to "subtractors" in the Carry Logic description.
			Updated Clock/Control Distribution Network section. Switched the "Clock Enable" and the "Reset" headings in Table 2-2, Global Buffer (GBUF) Connections to Programmable Logic Blocks.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary section. Added BG121information under iCE40HX4K and iCE40HX8K.
		Ordering Information	Updated iCE40 Part Number Description section. Added Shipping Method and BG121 package under High Performance (HX) Devices.
			Updated Ordering Information section. Added part numbers for BG121 under High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging.
		Supplemental Information	Corrected reference to "Package Diagrams Data Sheet".
October 2015	3.2	Introduction	Updated Features section. Added footnote to 16 WLCSP Programmable I/O: Max Inputs (LVDS25) in Table 1-1, iCE40 Family Selection Guide.
		DC and Switching	Updated sysCLOCK PLL Timing section. Changed t _{DT} conditions.
		Characteristics	Updated Programming NVCM Supply Current – LP Devices section. Changed I _{PP_2V5} and I _{CCIO} , I _{CC_SPI} units.
March 2015	3.1	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section. Changed LVCMOS 3.3 and LVCMOS 2. 5 V _{OH} Min. (V) from 0.5 to 0.4.
July 2014	3.0	DC and Switching Characteristics	Revised and/or added Typ. V _{CC} data in the following sections. — Static Supply Current – LP Devices — Static Supply Current – HX Devices — Programming NVCM Supply Current – LP Devices — Programming NVCM Supply Current – HX Devices In each section table, the footnote indicating Advanced device status was removed.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary section. Added footnote 1 to CM49 under iCE40LP1K.
April 2014	02.9	Ordering Information	Changed "i" to "I" in part number description and ordering part numbers.
			Added part numbers to the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging table.



Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
February 2014	02.8	Introduction	Updated Features section. — Corrected standby power units. — Included High Current LED Drivers
			Updated Table 1-1, iCE40 Family Selection Guide. — Removed LP384 Programmable I/O for 81 ucBGA package.
		Architecture	Updated Supported Standards section. Added information on High Current LED drivers.
		DC and Switching	Corrected typos.
		Characteristics	Added footnote to the Peak Startup Supply Current – LP Devices table.
		Ordering Information	Updated part number description in the Ultra Low Power (LP) Devices section.
			Added part numbers to the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging table.
October 2013	02.7	Introduction	Updated Features list and iCE40 Family Selection Guide table.
		Architecture	Revised iCE40-1K device to iCE40LP/HX1K device.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added iCE40LP640 device information.
		Pinout Information	Added iCE40LP640 and iCE40LP1K information.
		Ordering Information	Added iCE40LP640 and iCE40LP1K information.
September 2013	02.6	DC and Switching	Updated Absolute Maximum Ratings section.
		Characteristics	Updated sysCLOCK PLL Timing – Preliminary table.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary table.
August 2013	02.5	Introduction	Updated the iCE40 Family Selection Guide table.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the following tables: — Absolute Maximum Ratings — Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels — Static Supply Current – LP Devices — Static Supply Current – HX Devices — Programming NVCM Supply Current – LP Devices — Programming NVCM Supply Current – HX Devices — Peak Startup Supply Current – LP Devices — syslO Recommended Operating Conditions — Typical Building Block Function Performance – HX Devices — iCE40 External Switching Characteristics – HX Devices — sysCLOCK PLL Timing – Preliminary — SPI Master or NVCM Configuration Time
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary table.
July 2013	02.4	Introduction	Updated the iCE40 Family Selection Guide table.
		DC and Switching	Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications table.
		Characteristics	Updated footnote in DC Electrical Characteristics table.
			GDDR tables removed. Support to be provided in a technical note.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pin Information Summary table.
		Ordering Information	Updated the top-side markings figure.
			Updated the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging table.
May 2013	02.3	DC and Switching Characteristics	Added new data from Characterization.