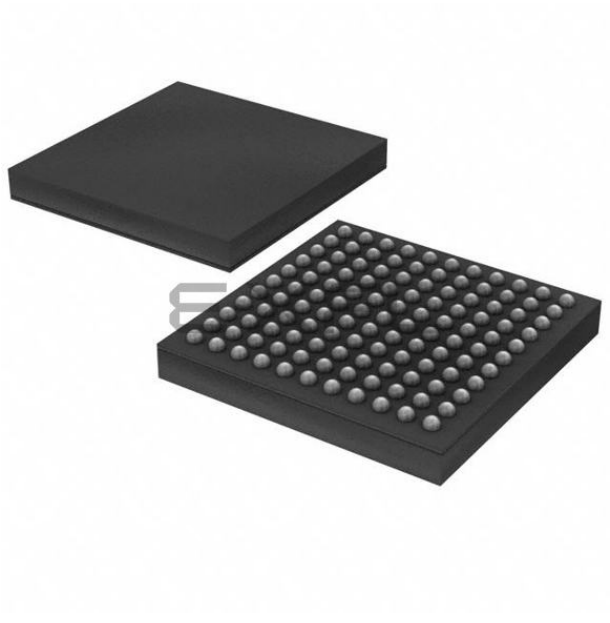


Welcome to E-XFL.COM

What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4F
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, I²C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	93
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	120-VFBGA
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32wg395f256-bga120t

1 Ordering Information

Table 1.1 (p. 2) shows the available EFM32WG395 devices.

Table 1.1. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	Max Speed (MHz)	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature (ºC)	Package
EFM32WG395F64-BGA120	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32WG395F128-BGA120	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32WG395F256-BGA120	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120

Visit **www.silabs.com** for information on global distributors and representatives.

Figure 3.3. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 21MHz

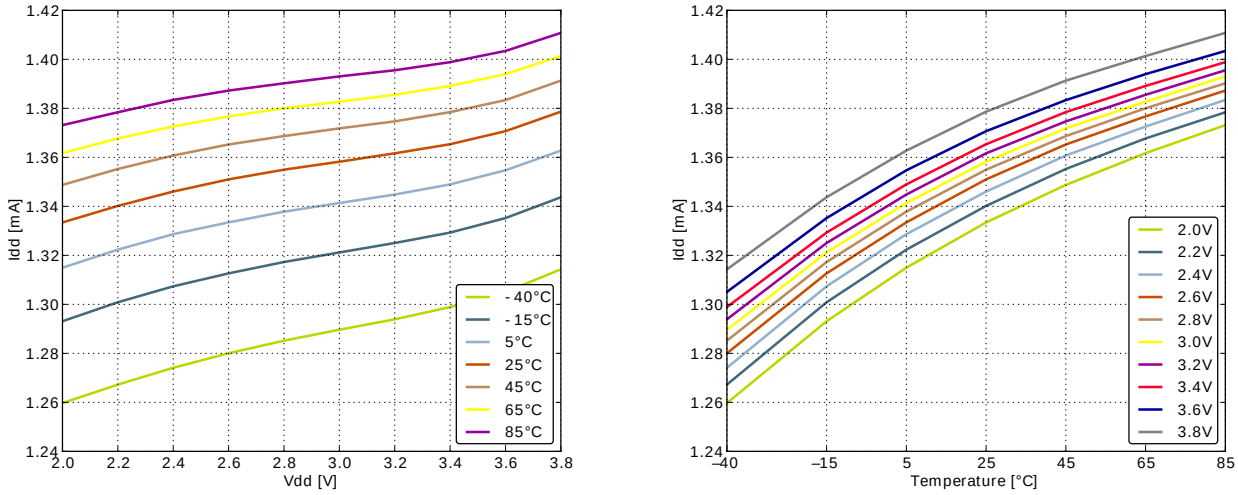


Figure 3.4. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 14MHz

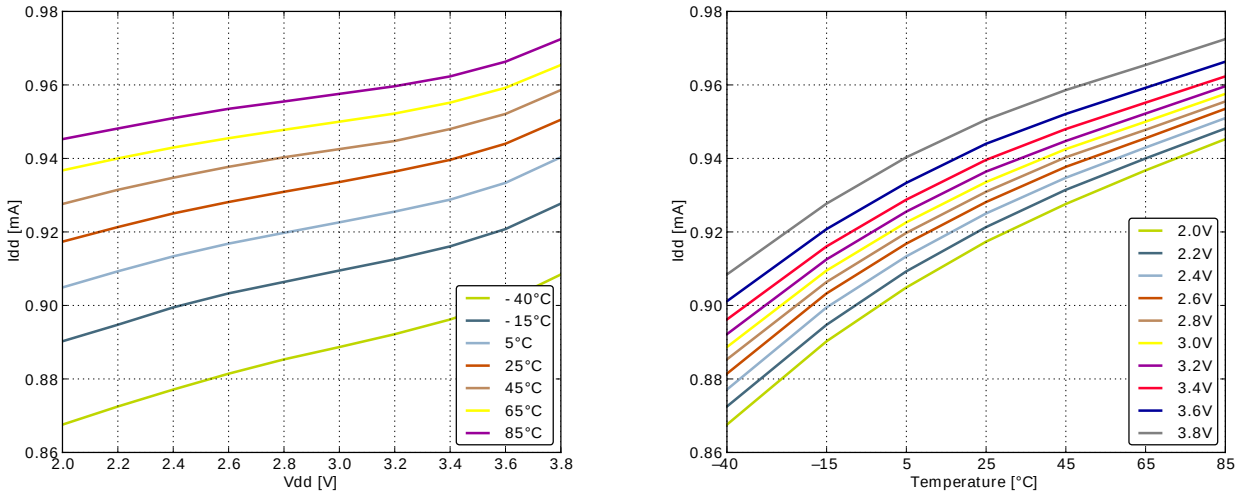


Figure 3.5. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 11MHz

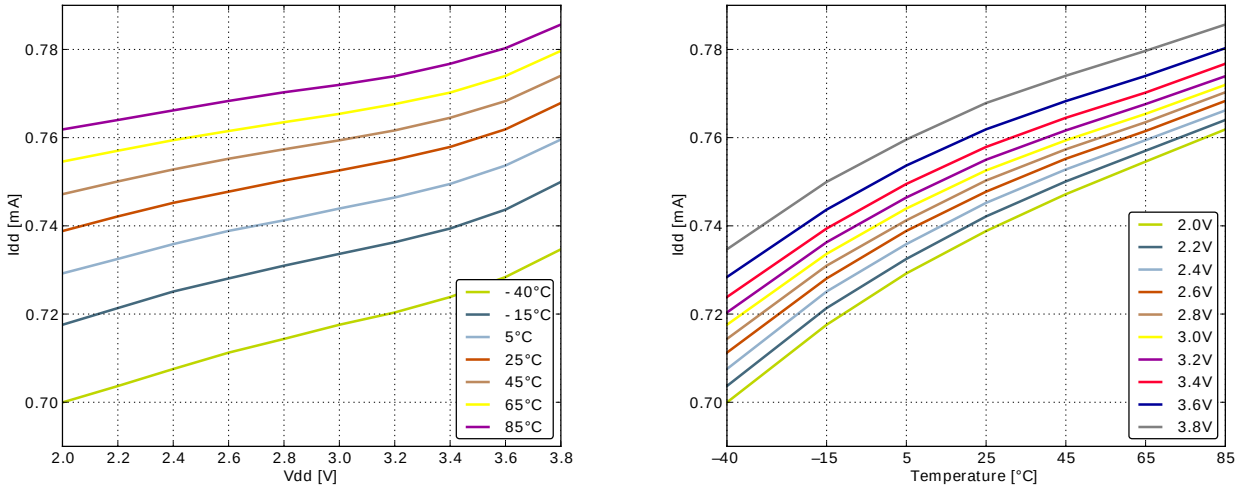


Figure 3.6. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 6.6MHz

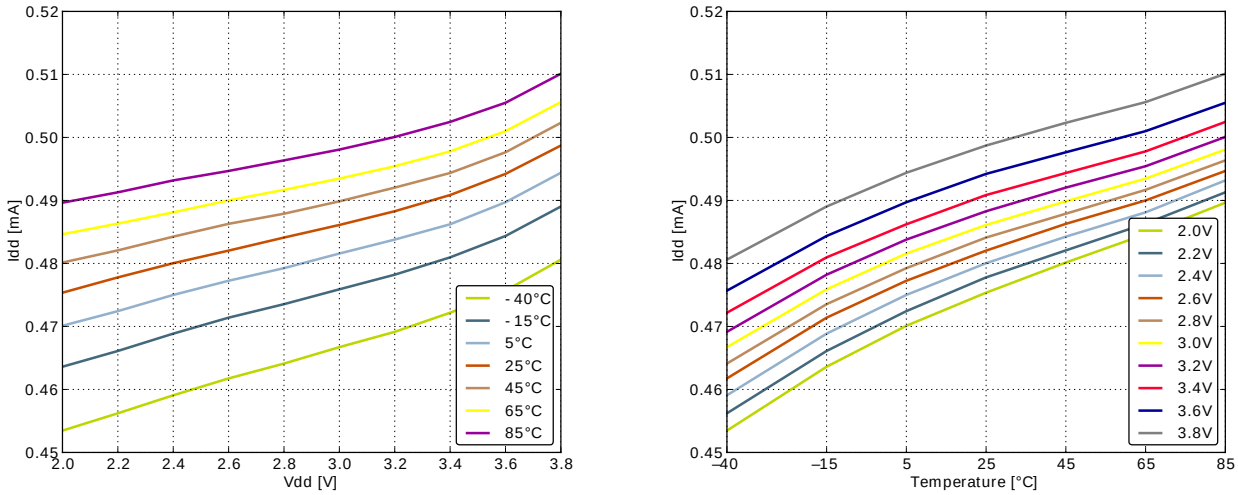
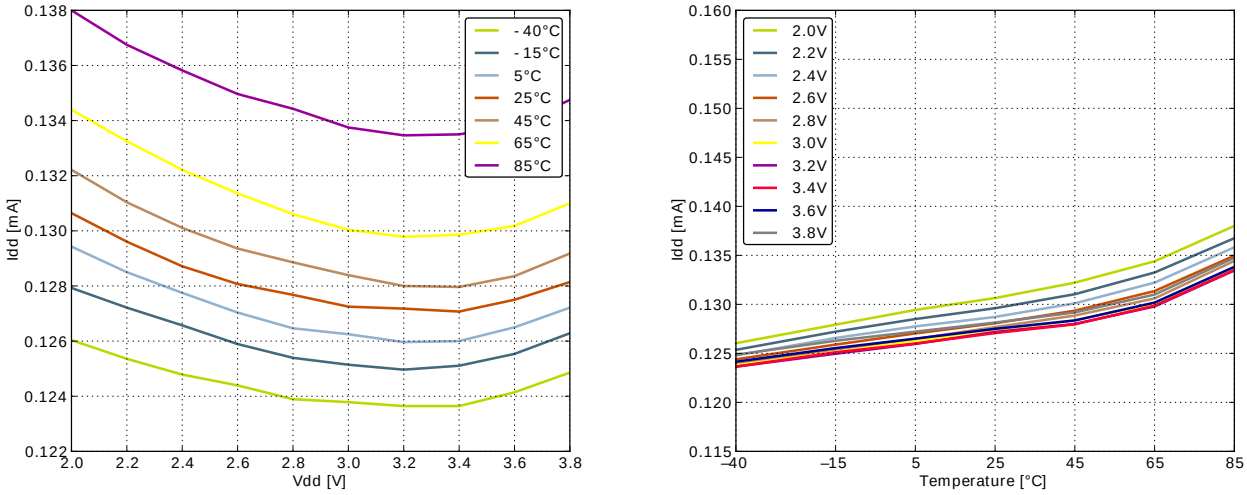
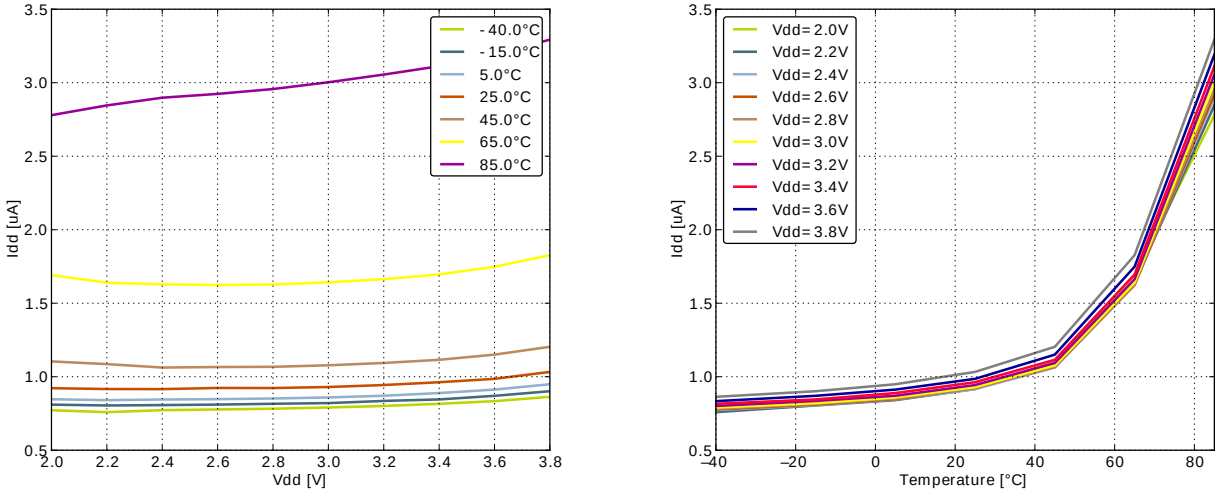


Figure 3.7. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 1.2MHz



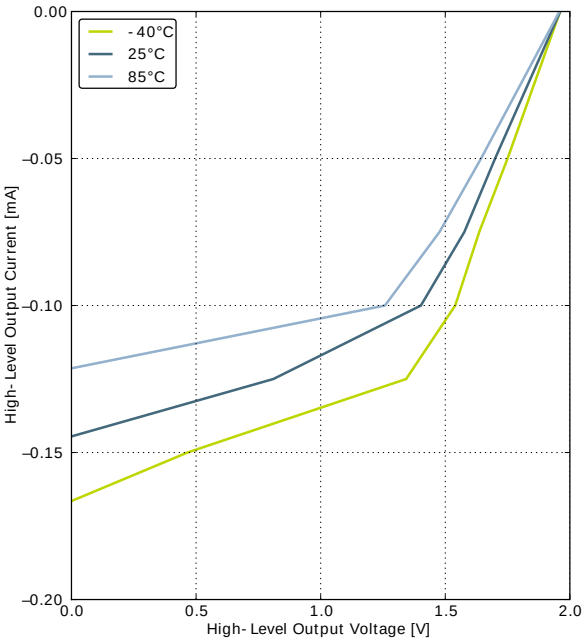
3.4.2 EM2 Current Consumption

Figure 3.8. EM2 current consumption. RTC[1] prescaled to 1kHz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO.

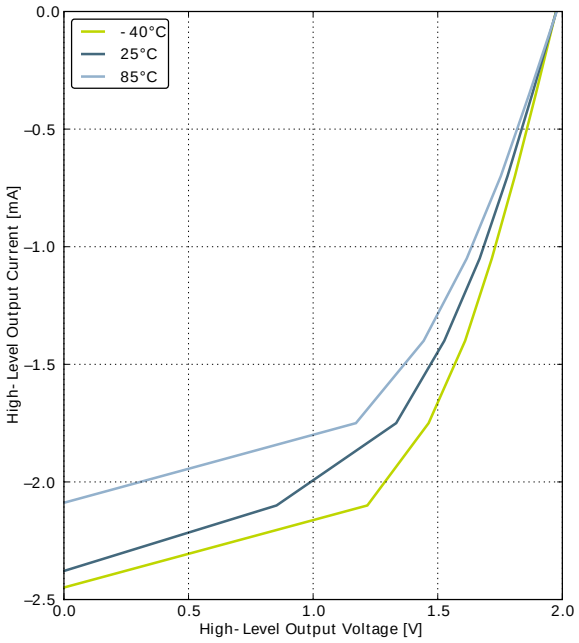


[1]Using backup RTC.

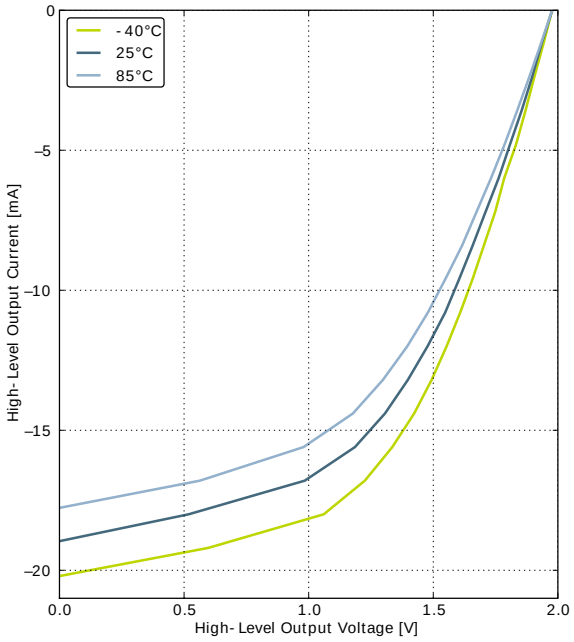
Figure 3.12. Typical High-Level Output Current, 2V Supply Voltage



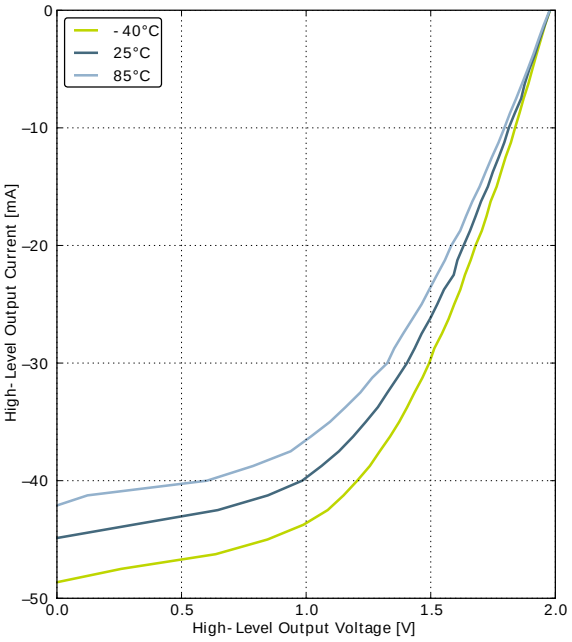
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW

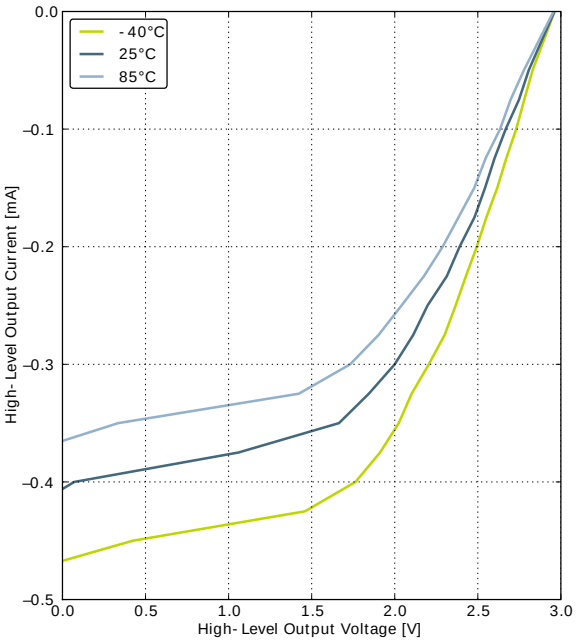


GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD

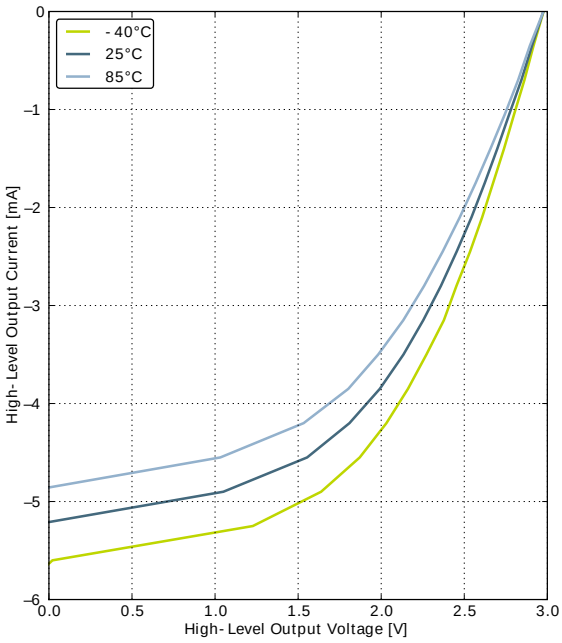


GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

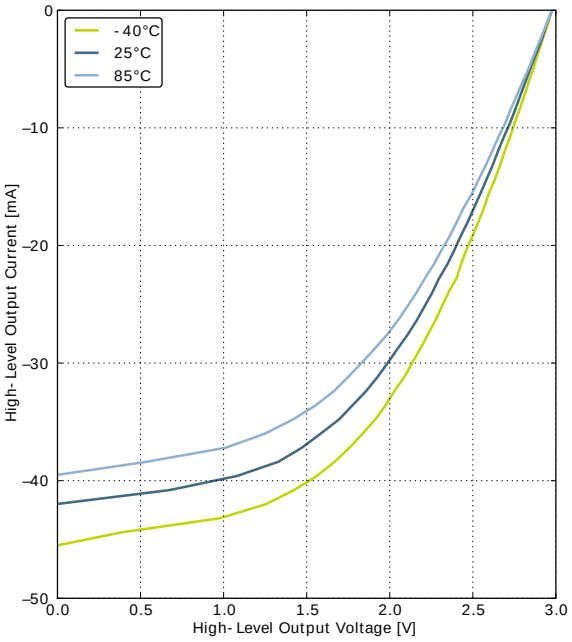
Figure 3.14. Typical High-Level Output Current, 3V Supply Voltage



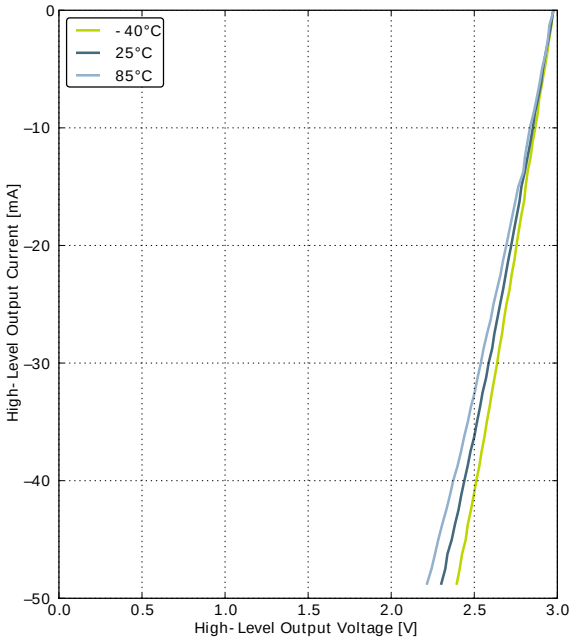
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW

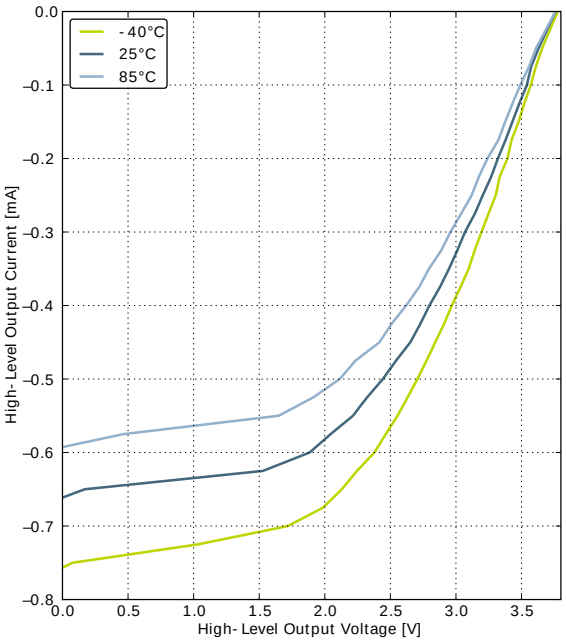


GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD

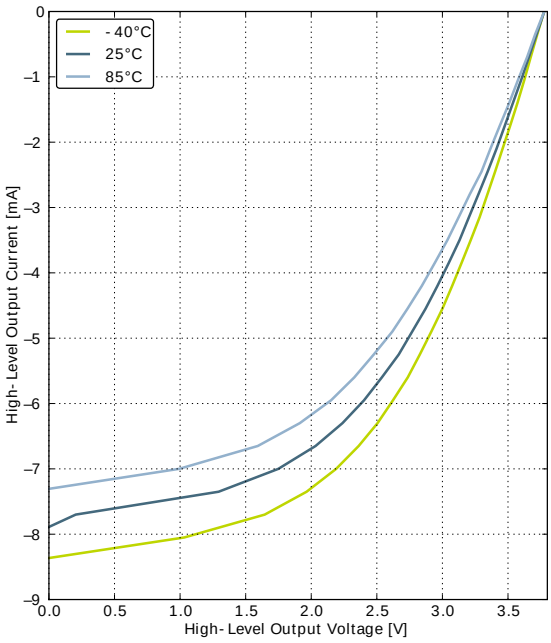


GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

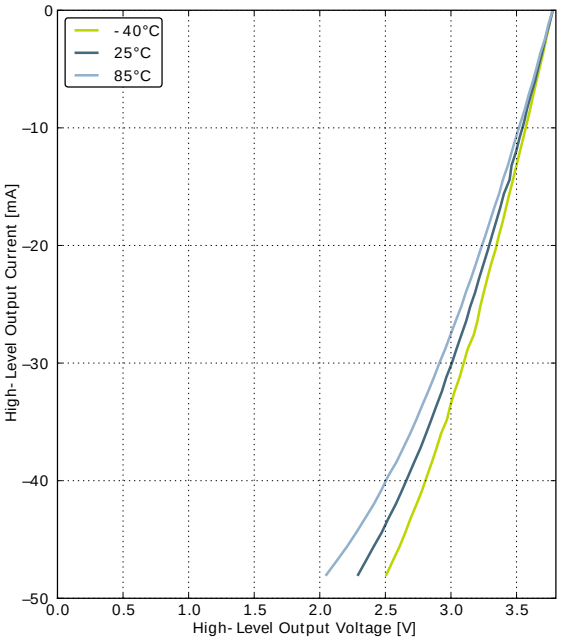
Figure 3.16. Typical High-Level Output Current, 3.8V Supply Voltage



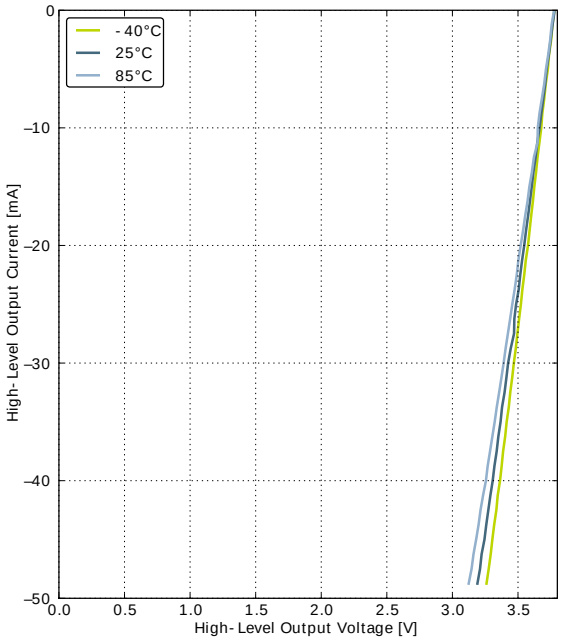
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

3.9 Oscillators

3.9.1 LFXO

Table 3.9. LFXO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LFXO}	Supported nominal crystal frequency			32.768		kHz
ESR_{LFXO}	Supported crystal equivalent series resistance (ESR)			30	120	kOhm
C_{LFXOL}	Supported crystal external load range		X[1]		25	pF
I_{LFXO}	Current consumption for core and buffer after startup.	ESR=30 kOhm, C_L=10 pF, LFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL is 1		190		nA
t_{LFXO}	Start- up time.	ESR=30 kOhm, C_L=10 pF, 40% - 60% duty cycle has been reached, LFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL is 1		400		ms

[1]See Minimum Load Capacitance (C_{LFXOL}) Requirement For Safe Crystal Startup in energyAware Designer in Simplicity Studio

For safe startup of a given crystal, the energyAware Designer in Simplicity Studio contains a tool to help users configure both load capacitance and software settings for using the LFXO. For details regarding the crystal configuration, the reader is referred to application note "AN0016 EFM32 Oscillator Design Consideration".

3.9.2 HFXO

Table 3.10. HFXO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HFXO}	Supported nominal crystal Frequency		4		48	MHz
ESR_{HFXO}	Supported crystal equivalent series resistance (ESR)	Crystal frequency 48 MHz			50	Ohm
		Crystal frequency 32 MHz		30	60	Ohm
		Crystal frequency 4 MHz		400	1500	Ohm
g_{mHFXO}	The transconductance of the HFXO input transistor at crystal startup	HFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL equals 0b11	20			mS
C_{HFXOL}	Supported crystal external load range		5		25	pF
I_{HFXO}	Current consumption for HFXO after startup	4 MHz: ESR=400 Ohm, C_L=20 pF, HFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL equals 0b11		85		µA
		32 MHz: ESR=30 Ohm, C_L=10 pF, HFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL equals 0b11		165		µA
t_{HFXO}	Startup time	32 MHz: ESR=30 Ohm, C_L=10 pF, HFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL equals 0b11		400		µs

Figure 3.22. Calibrated HFRCO 21 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature

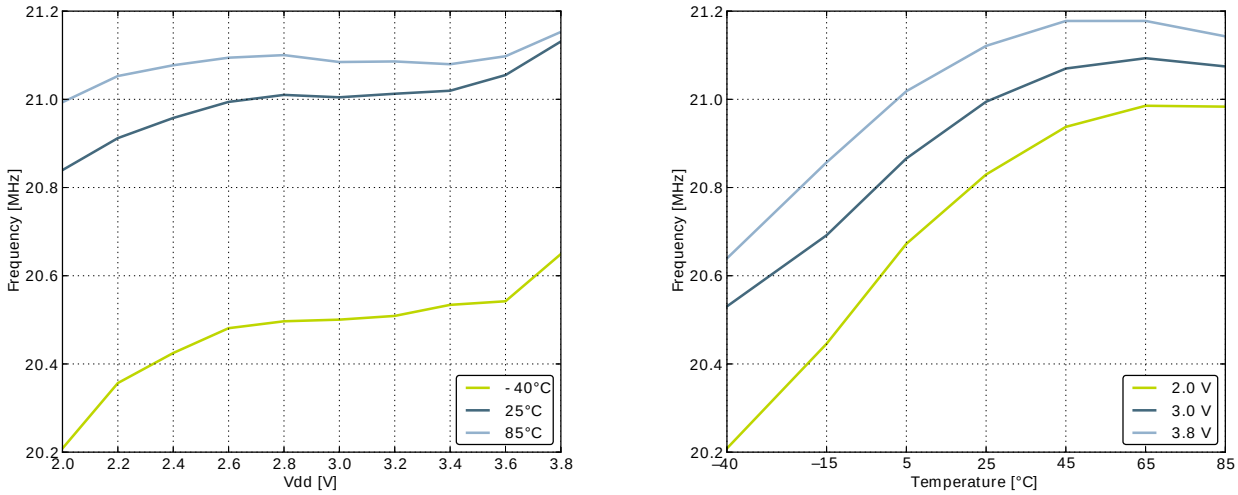
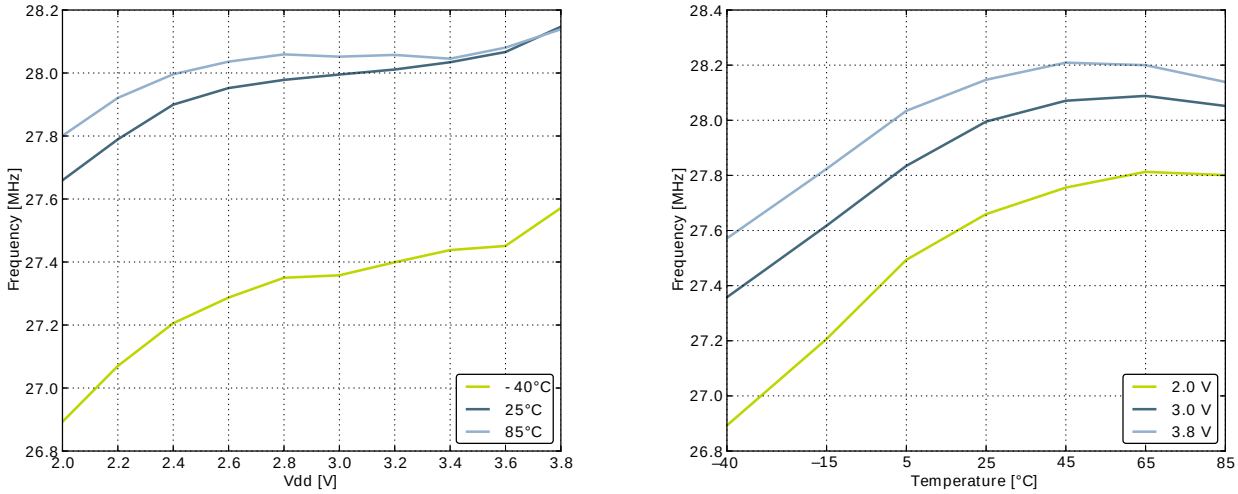


Figure 3.23. Calibrated HFRCO 28 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature



3.9.5 AUXHFRCO

Table 3.13. AUXHFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$f_{AUXHFRCO}$	Oscillation frequency, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=25°C	28 MHz frequency band	27.5	28.0	28.5	MHz
		21 MHz frequency band	20.6	21.0	21.4	MHz
		14 MHz frequency band	13.7	14.0	14.3	MHz
		11 MHz frequency band	10.8	11.0	11.2	MHz
		7 MHz frequency band	6.48	6.60	6.72	MHz
		1 MHz frequency band	1.15	1.20	1.25	MHz
$t_{AUXHFRCO\_settling}$	Settling time after start-up	$f_{AUXHFRCO}$ = 14 MHz		0.6		Cycles
$DC_{AUXHFRCO}$	Duty cycle	$f_{AUXHFRCO}$ = 14 MHz	48.5	50	51	%
$TUNESTEP_{AUXHFRCO}$	Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value			0.3[1]		%

[1]The TUNING field in the CMU_AUXHFRCOCTRL register may be used to adjust the AUXHFRCO frequency. There is enough adjustment range to ensure that the frequency bands above 7 MHz will always have some overlap across supply voltage and temperature. By using a stable frequency reference such as the LFXO or HFXO, a firmware calibration routine can vary the TUNING bits and the frequency band to maintain the AUXHFRCO frequency at any arbitrary value between 7 MHz and 28 MHz across operating conditions.

3.9.6 ULFRCO

Table 3.14. ULFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{ULFRCO}	Oscillation frequency	25°C, 3V	0.7		1.75	kHz
TC_{ULFRCO}	Temperature coefficient			0.05		%/°C
VC_{ULFRCO}	Supply voltage coefficient			-18.2		%/V

3.10 Analog Digital Converter (ADC)

Table 3.15. ADC

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{ADCIN}	Input voltage range	Single ended	0		V_{REF}	V
		Differential	$-V_{REF}/2$		$V_{REF}/2$	V
$V_{ADCREFIN}$	Input range of external reference voltage, single ended and differential		1.25		V_{DD}	V
$V_{ADCREFIN\_CH7}$	Input range of external negative reference voltage on channel 7	See $V_{ADCREFIN}$	0		V_{DD} - 1.1	V
$V_{ADCREFIN\_CH6}$	Input range of external positive ref-	See $V_{ADCREFIN}$	0.625		V_{DD}	V

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	erence voltage on channel 6					
$V_{ADCCMIN}$	Common mode input range		0		V_{DD}	V
I_{ADCIN}	Input current	2pF sampling capacitors		<100		nA
$CMRR_{ADC}$	Analog input common mode rejection ratio			65		dB
I_{ADC}	Average active current	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, external reference		351		µA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b00		67		µA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b01		63		µA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b10		64		µA
I_{ADCREF}	Current consumption of internal voltage reference	Internal voltage reference		65		µA
C_{ADCIN}	Input capacitance			2		pF
R_{ADCIN}	Input ON resistance		1			MOhm
$R_{ADCFILT}$	Input RC filter resistance			10		kOhm
$C_{ADCFILT}$	Input RC filter/decoupling capacitance			250		fF
f_{ADCCLK}	ADC Clock Frequency				13	MHz
$t_{ADCCONV}$	Conversion time	6 bit	7			ADCCLK Cycles
		8 bit	11			ADCCLK Cycles
		12 bit	13			ADCCLK Cycles
t_{ADCACQ}	Acquisition time	Programmable	1		256	ADCCLK Cycles
$t_{ADCACQVDD3}$	Required acquisition time for VDD/3 reference		2			µs
$t_{ADCSTART}$	Startup time of reference generator			5		µs

Figure 3.34. OPAMP Negative Power Supply Rejection Ratio

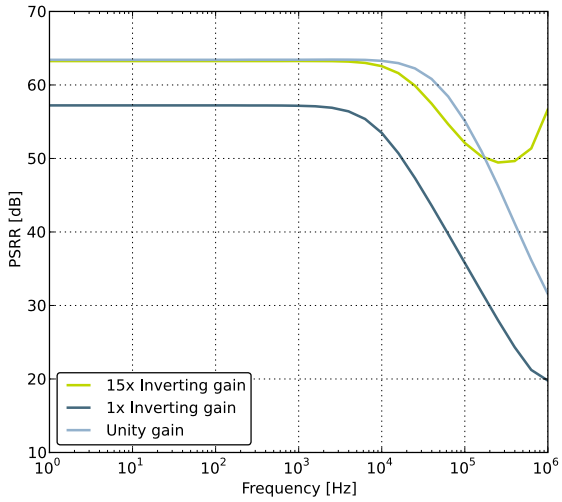


Figure 3.35. OPAMP Voltage Noise Spectral Density (Unity Gain) V_{out}=1V

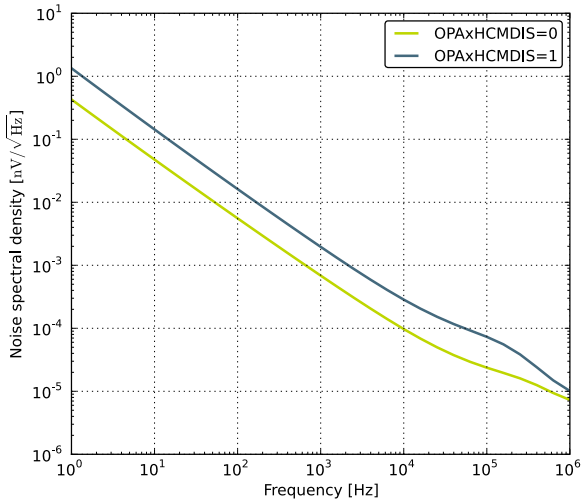


Figure 3.36. OPAMP Voltage Noise Spectral Density (Non-Unity Gain)

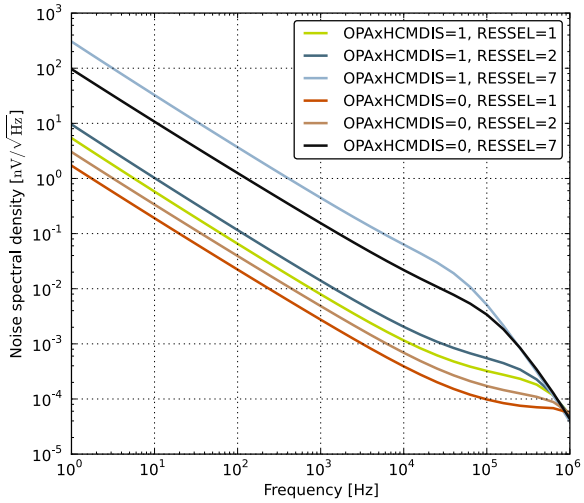


Figure 3.41. EBI Read Enable Related Timing Requirements

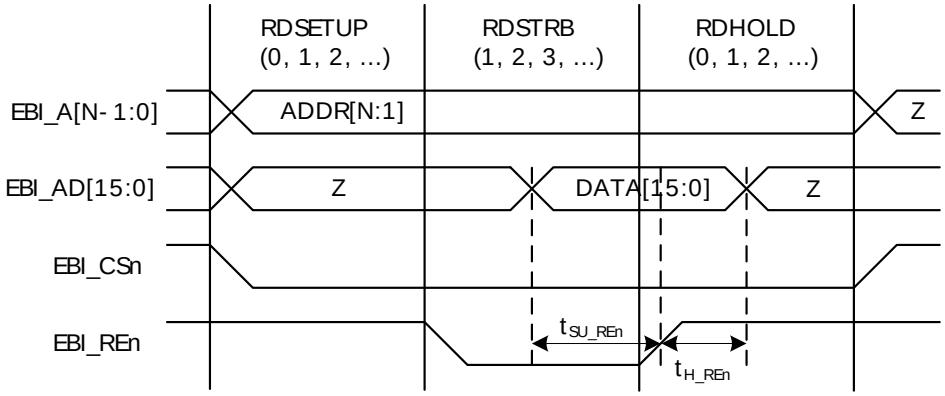


Table 3.23. EBI Read Enable Related Timing Requirements

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{SU_REn} [1 2 3 4]	Setup time, from EBI_AD valid to trailing EBI_REn edge	37			ns
t_{H_Ren} [1 2 3 4]	Hold time, from trailing EBI_REn edge to EBI_AD invalid	-1			ns

[1]Applies for all addressing modes (figure only shows D16A8).
[2]Applies for both EBI_REn and EBI_NANDREn (figure only shows EBI_REn)
[3]Applies for all polarities (figure only shows active low signals)
[4]Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of $_{VDD}$)

Figure 3.42. EBI Ready/Wait Related Timing Requirements

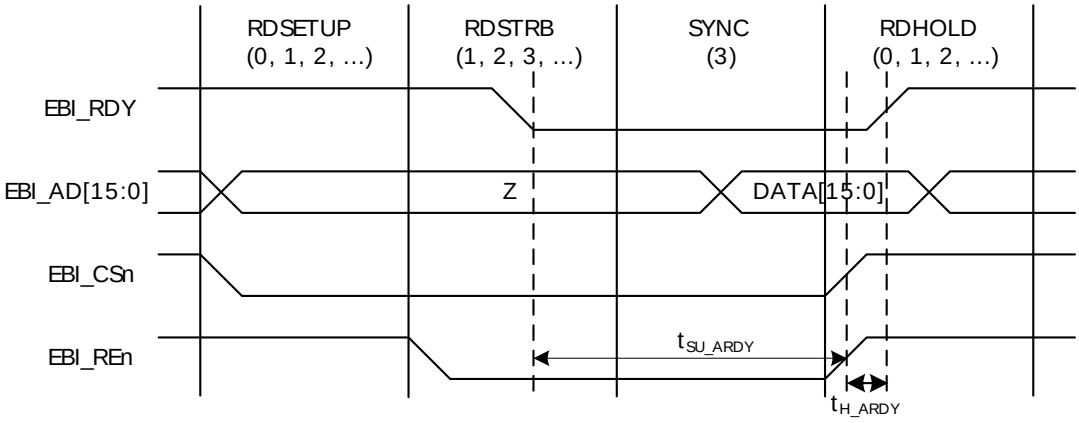


Table 3.24. EBI Ready/Wait Related Timing Requirements

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{SU_ARDY} [1 2 3 4]	Setup time, from EBI_ARDY valid to trailing EBI_REn, EBI_WEn edge	37 + (3 * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)			ns

Table 3.29. SPI Master Timing with SSSEARLY and SMSDELAY

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{SCLK} [1] [2]	SCLK period		2 * $t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
t_{CS_MO} [1] [2]	CS to MOSI		-2.00		2.00	ns
t_{SCLK_MO} [1] [2]	SCLK to MOSI		-1.00		3.00	ns
t_{SU_MI} [1] [2]	MISO setup time	IOVDD = 3.0 V	-32.00			ns
t_{H_MI} [1] [2]	MISO hold time		63.00			ns

[1]Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)
[2]Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of $_{VDD}$)

Figure 3.44. SPI Slave Timing

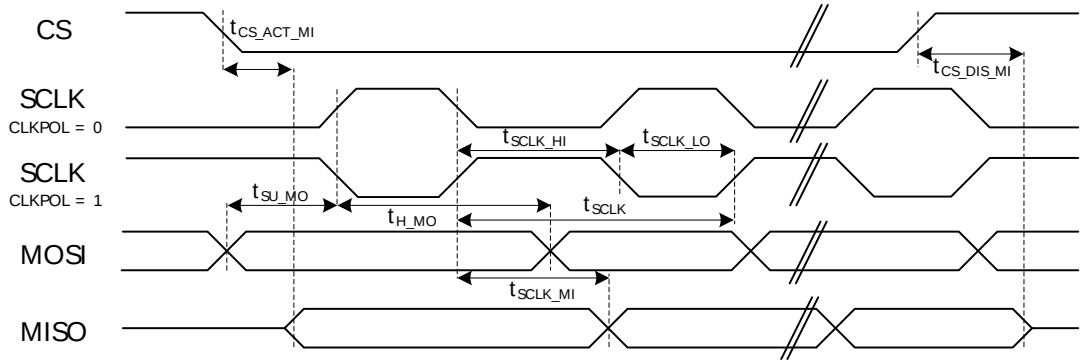


Table 3.30. SPI Slave Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{SCLK_sl} [1] [2]	SCKL period	6 * $t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
t_{SCLK_hi} [1] [2]	SCLK high period	3 * $t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
t_{SCLK_lo} [1] [2]	SCLK low period	3 * $t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{CS\_ACT\_MI}$ [1] [2]	CS active to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
$t_{CS\_DIS\_MI}$ [1] [2]	CS disable to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
t_{SU_MO} [1] [2]	MOSI setup time	5.00			ns
t_{H_MO} [1] [2]	MOSI hold time	2 + 2 * $t_{HF-PERCLK}$			ns
t_{SCLK_MI} [1] [2]	SCLK to MISO	7 + $t_{HFPER-CLK}$		42 + 2 * $t_{HFPERCLK}$	ns

[1]Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)
[2]Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

Table 3.31. SPI Slave Timing with SSSEARLY and SMSDELAY

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{SCLK_sl} [1] [2]	SCKL period	6 * $t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{SCLK_hi} [1][2]	SCLK high period	3 * $t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
t_{SCLK_lo} [1][2]	SCLK low period	3 * $t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{CS\_ACT\_MI}$ [1][2]	CS active to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
$t_{CS\_DIS\_MI}$ [1][2]	CS disable to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
t_{SU_MO} [1][2]	MOSI setup time	5.00			ns
t_{H_MO} [1][2]	MOSI hold time	2 + 2 * $t_{HF-PERCLK}$			ns
t_{SCLK_MI} [1][2]	SCLK to MISO	-264 + $t_{HF-PERCLK}$		-234 + 2 * $t_{HFPERCLK}$	ns

[1]Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)
[2]Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of $_{VDD}$)

3.18 Digital Peripherals

Table 3.32. Digital Peripherals

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{USART}	USART current	USART idle current, clock enabled		4.0		µA/MHz
I_{UART}	UART current	UART idle current, clock enabled		3.8		µA/MHz
I_{LEUART}	LEUART current	LEUART idle current, clock enabled		194.0		nA
I_{I2C}	I2C current	I2C idle current, clock enabled		7.6		µA/MHz
I_{TIMER}	TIMER current	TIMER_0 idle current, clock enabled		6.5		µA/MHz
$I_{LETIMER}$	LETIMER current	LETIMER idle current, clock enabled		85.8		nA
I_{PCNT}	PCNT current	PCNT idle current, clock enabled		91.4		nA
I_{RTC}	RTC current	RTC idle current, clock enabled		54.6		nA
I_{AES}	AES current	AES idle current, clock enabled		1.8		µA/MHz
I_{GPIO}	GPIO current	GPIO idle current, clock enabled		3.4		µA/MHz
I_{EBI}	EBI current	EBI idle current, clock enabled		6.5		µA/MHz
I_{PRS}	PRS current	PRS idle current		3.9		µA/MHz
I_{DMA}	DMA current	Clock enable		10.9		µA/MHz

4 Pinout and Package

Note

Please refer to the application note "AN0002 EFM32 Hardware Design Considerations" for guidelines on designing Printed Circuit Boards (PCB's) for the EFM32WG395.

4.1 Pinout

The *EFM32WG395* pinout is shown in Figure 4.1 (p. 57) and Table 4.1 (p. 57). Alternate locations are denoted by "#" followed by the location number (Multiple locations on the same pin are split with "/"). Alternate locations can be configured in the LOCATION bitfield in the *_ROUTE register in the module in question.

Figure 4.1. EFM32WG395 Pinout (top view, not to scale)

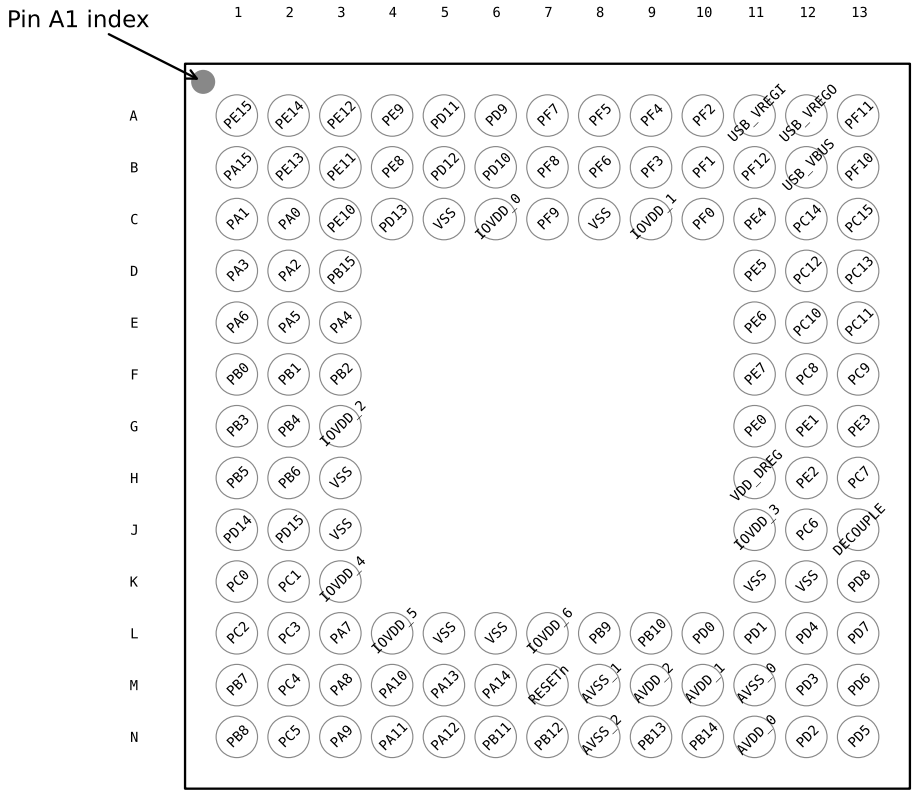


Table 4.1. Device Pinout

BGA120 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
A1	PE15		EBI_AD07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
A2	PE14		EBI_AD06 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
A3	PE12		EBI_AD04 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0

BGA120 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
A4	PE9		EBI_AD01 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S1IN #1		
A5	PD11		EBI_CS2 #0/1/2			
A6	PD9		EBI_CS0 #0/1/2			
A7	PF7		EBI_BL1 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #2	U0_RX #0	
A8	PF5		EBI_REn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5	USB_VBUSEN #0	PRS_CH2 #1
A9	PF4		EBI_WEn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI1 #2/5		PRS_CH1 #1
A10	PF2		EBI_ARDY #0/1/2	TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
A11	USB_VREGI	USB Input to internal 3.3 V regulator.				
A12	USB_VREGO	USB Decoupling for internal 3.3 V USB regulator and regulator output.				
A13	PF11				U1_RX #1 USB_DP	
B1	PA15		EBI_AD08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC2 #0		
B2	PE13		EBI_AD05 #0/1/2		US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
B3	PE11		EBI_AD03 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
B4	PE8		EBI_AD00 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
B5	PD12		EBI_CS3 #0/1/2			
B6	PD10		EBI_CS1 #0/1/2			
B7	PF8		EBI_WEn #1	TIM0_CC2 #2		ETM_TCLK #1
B8	PF6		EBI_BL0 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC0 #2	U0_TX #0	
B9	PF3		EBI_ALE #0	TIM0_CDTI0 #2/5		PRS_CH0 #1 ETM_TD3 #1
B10	PF1			TIM0_CC1 #5 LETIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
B11	PF12				USB_ID	
B12	USB_VBUS	USB 5.0 V VBUS input.				
B13	PF10				U1_TX #1 USB_DM	
C1	PA1		EBI_AD10 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #0/1	I2C0_SCL #0	CMU_CLK1 #0 PRS_CH1 #0
C2	PA0		EBI_AD09 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC0 #0/1/4	LEU0_RX #4 I2C0_SDA #0	PRS_CH0 #0 GPIO_EM4WU0
C3	PE10		EBI_AD02 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
C4	PD13					ETM_TD1 #1
C5	VSS	Ground				
C6	IOVDD_0	Digital IO power supply 0.				
C7	PF9		EBI_REn #1			ETM_TD0 #1
C8	VSS	Ground				
C9	IOVDD_1	Digital IO power supply 1.				
C10	PF0			TIM0_CC0 #5 LETIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3	DBG_SWCLK #0/1/2/3

7 Revision History

7.1 Revision 1.40

June 13th, 2014

Removed "Preliminary" markings.

Corrected single power supply voltage minimum value from 1.85V to 1.98V.

Added AUXHFRCO to blockdiagram and electrical characteristics.

Updated current consumption data.

Updated transition between energy modes data.

Updated power management data.

Updated GPIO data.

Updated LFRCO, HFRCO and ULFRCO data.

Updated ADC data.

Updated DAC data.

Updated OPAMP data.

Updated ACMP data.

Updated VCMP data.

Added EBI timing chapter.

7.2 Revision 1.31

November 21st, 2013

Updated figures.

Updated errata-link.

Updated chip marking.

Added link to Environmental and Quality information.

Re-added missing DAC-data.

7.3 Revision 1.30

September 30th, 2013

Added I2C characterization data.

Added SPI characterization data.

Corrected the DAC and OPAMP2 pin sharing information in the Alternate Functionality Pinout section.

Added the USB bootloader information.

A Disclaimer and Trademarks

A.1 Disclaimer

Silicon Laboratories intends to provide customers with the latest, accurate, and in-depth documentation of all peripherals and modules available for system and software implementers using or intending to use the Silicon Laboratories products. Characterization data, available modules and peripherals, memory sizes and memory addresses refer to each specific device, and "Typical" parameters provided can and do vary in different applications. Application examples described herein are for illustrative purposes only. Silicon Laboratories reserves the right to make changes without further notice and limitation to product information, specifications, and descriptions herein, and does not give warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of the included information. Silicon Laboratories shall have no liability for the consequences of use of the information supplied herein. This document does not imply or express copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits. The products must not be used within any Life Support System without the specific written consent of Silicon Laboratories. A "Life Support System" is any product or system intended to support or sustain life and/or health, which, if it fails, can be reasonably expected to result in significant personal injury or death. Silicon Laboratories products are generally not intended for military applications. Silicon Laboratories products shall under no circumstances be used in weapons of mass destruction including (but not limited to) nuclear, biological or chemical weapons, or missiles capable of delivering such weapons.

A.2 Trademark Information

Silicon Laboratories Inc., Silicon Laboratories, Silicon Labs, SiLabs and the Silicon Labs logo, CMEMS®, EFM, EFM32, EFR, Energy Micro, Energy Micro logo and combinations thereof, "the world's most energy friendly microcontrollers", Ember®, EZLink®, EZMac®, EZRadio®, EZRadioPRO®, DSPLL®, ISOmodem®, Precision32®, ProSLIC®, SiPHY®, USBXpress® and others are trademarks or registered trademarks of Silicon Laboratories Inc. ARM, CORTEX, Cortex-M3 and THUMB are trademarks or registered trademarks of ARM Holdings. Keil is a registered trademark of ARM Limited. All other products or brand names mentioned herein are trademarks of their respective holders.

List of Equations