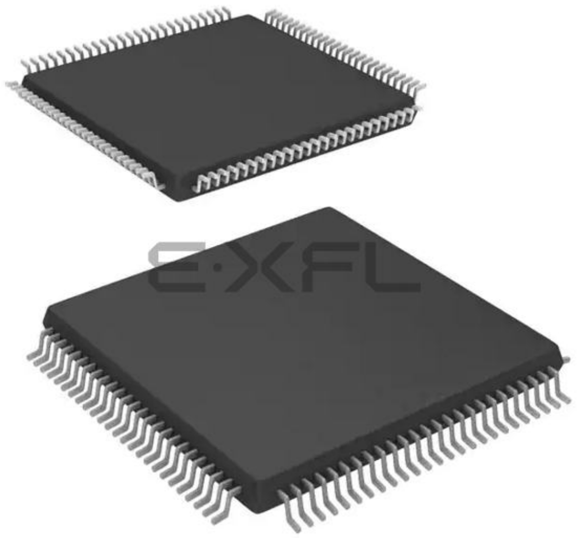
Microchip Technology - AGL060V5-VQ100I Datasheet



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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1536
Total RAM Bits	18432
Number of I/O	71
Number of Gates	60000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/agl060v5-vq100i

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IGLOO Device Family Overview

IGLOO DC and Switching Characteristics

Pin Descriptions

Package Pin Assignments

Datasheet Information

- Wide input frequency range (f_{IN_CCC}) = 1.5 MHz up to 250 MHz
- Output frequency range (f_{OUT_CCC}) = 0.75 MHz up to 250 MHz
- 2 programmable delay types for clock skew minimization
- Clock frequency synthesis (for PLL only)

Additional CCC specifications:

- Internal phase shift = 0°, 90°, 180°, and 270°. Output phase shift depends on the output divider configuration (for PLL only).
- Output duty cycle = 50% ± 1.5% or better (for PLL only)
- Low output jitter: worst case < 2.5% × clock period peak-to-peak period jitter when single global network used (for PLL only)
- Maximum acquisition time is 300 µs (for PLL only)
- Exceptional tolerance to input period jitter—allowable input jitter is up to 1.5 ns (for PLL only)
- Four precise phases; maximum misalignment between adjacent phases of 40 ps × 250 MHz / f_{OUT_CCC} (for PLL only)

Global Clocking

IGLOO devices have extensive support for multiple clocking domains. In addition to the CCC and PLL support described above, there is a comprehensive global clock distribution network.

Each VersaTile input and output port has access to nine VersaNets: six chip (main) and three quadrant global networks. The VersaNets can be driven by the CCC or directly accessed from the core via multiplexers (MUXes). The VersaNets can be used to distribute low-skew clock signals or for rapid distribution of high-fanout nets.

I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards

The IGLOO family of FPGAs features a flexible I/O structure, supporting a range of voltages (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.0 V wide range, and 3.3 V). IGLOO FPGAs support many different I/O standards—single-ended and differential.

The I/Os are organized into banks, with two or four banks per device. The configuration of these banks determines the I/O standards supported (Table 1-1).

***Table 1-1* • I/O Standards Supported**

		I/O Standards Supported		
I/O Bank Type	**Device and Bank Location**	LVTTL/ LVCMOS	PCI/PCI-X	LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS, M-LVDS
Advanced	East and west banks of AGL250 and larger devices	✓	✓	✓
Standard Plus	North and south banks of AGL250 and larger devices All banks of AGL060 and AGL125K	✓	✓	Not supported
Standard	All banks of AGL015 and AGL030	✓	Not supported	Not supported

Each I/O module contains several input, output, and enable registers. These registers allow the implementation of the following:

- Single-Data-Rate applications
- Double-Data-Rate applications—DDR LVDS, B-LVDS, and M-LVDS I/Os for point-to-point communications

IGLOO banks for the AGL250 device and above support LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS, and M-LVDS. B-LVDS and M-LVDS can support up to 20 loads.

Hot-swap (also called hot-plug, or hot-insertion) is the operation of hot-insertion or hot-removal of a card in a powered-up system.

Cold-sparing (also called cold-swap) refers to the ability of a device to leave system data undisturbed when the system is powered up, while the component itself is powered down, or when power supplies are floating.

Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings

Table 2-29 • Summary of AC Measuring Points

Standard	Measuring Trip Point (Vtrip)
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	1.4 V
3.3 V VCMOS Wide Range	1.4 V
2.5 V LVCMOS	1.2 V
1.8 V LVCMOS	0.90 V
1.5 V LVCMOS	0.75 V
1.2 V LVCMOS	0.60 V
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range	0.60 V
3.3 V PCI	0.285 * VCCI (RR)
	0.615 * VCCI (FF)
3.3 V PCI-X	0.285 * VCCI (RR)
	0.615 * VCCI (FF)

Table 2-30 • I/O AC Parameter Definitions

Parameter	Parameter Definition
t_{DP}	Data to Pad delay through the Output Buffer
t_{PY}	Pad to Data delay through the Input Buffer
t_{DOUT}	Data to Output Buffer delay through the I/O interface
t_{EOUT}	Enable to Output Buffer Tristate Control delay through the I/O interface
t_{DIN}	Input Buffer to Data delay through the I/O interface
t_{HZ}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—High to Z
t_{ZH}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to High
t_{LZ}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Low to Z
t_{ZL}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to Low
t_{ZHS}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to High
t_{ZLS}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to Low

Table 2-35 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings, Std. Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI (per standard) Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option[1] (mA)	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor (Ω)	t_{DOUT} (ns)	t_{DP} (ns)	t_{DIN} (ns)	t_{PY} (ns)	t_{EOUT} (ns)	t_{ZL} (ns)	t_{ZH} (ns)	t_{LZ} (ns)	t_{HZ} (ns)	t_{ZLS} (ns)	t_{ZHS} (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	1.55	2.31	0.26	0.97	1.10	2.34	1.86	2.93	3.64	8.12	7.65	ns
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[2]	100 µA	12	High	5	–	1.55	3.20	0.26	1.32	1.10	3.20	2.52	4.01	4.97	8.99	8.31	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	1.55	2.29	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.32	1.94	2.94	3.52	8.10	7.73	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8	High	5	–	1.55	2.43	0.26	1.11	1.10	2.47	2.16	2.99	3.39	8.25	7.94	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4	High	5	–	1.55	2.68	0.26	1.27	1.10	2.72	2.39	3.07	3.37	8.50	8.18	ns
1.2 V LVCMOS	2 mA	2	High	5	–	1.55	3.22	0.26	1.59	1.10	3.11	2.78	3.29	3.48	8.90	8.57	ns
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range[3]	100 µA	2	High	5	–	1.55	3.22	0.26	1.59	1.10	3.11	2.78	3.29	3.48	8.90	8.57	ns
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	–	High	10	25[2]	1.55	2.53	0.26	0.84	1.10	2.57	1.98	2.93	3.64	8.35	7.76	ns
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	–	High	10	25[2]	1.55	2.53	0.25	0.85	1.10	2.57	1.98	2.93	3.64	8.35	7.76	ns

Notes:

1. *The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 1.2 V or LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 µA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.*
2. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.*
3. *All LVCMOS 1.2 V software macros support LVCMOS 1.2 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-12 specification*
4. *Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See Figure 2-12 on page 2-79 for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.*
5. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Timing Characteristics

Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-51 • **3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	4.47	0.18	0.85	0.66	4.56	3.89	2.24	2.19	8.15	7.48	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	4.47	0.18	0.85	0.66	4.56	3.89	2.24	2.19	8.15	7.48	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	3.74	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.82	3.37	2.49	2.63	7.42	6.96	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	3.74	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.82	3.37	2.49	2.63	7.42	6.96	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	3.23	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.30	2.98	2.66	2.91	6.89	6.57	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	3.08	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.14	2.89	2.70	2.99	6.74	6.48	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.97	3.00	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.06	2.91	2.74	3.27	6.66	6.50	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-52 • **3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	2.73	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.79	2.22	2.25	2.32	6.38	5.82	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	2.73	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.79	2.22	2.25	2.32	6.38	5.82	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	2.32	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.37	1.85	2.50	2.76	5.96	5.45	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	2.32	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.37	1.85	2.50	2.76	5.96	5.45	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	2.09	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.14	1.68	2.67	3.05	5.73	5.27	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	2.05	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.10	1.64	2.70	3.12	5.69	5.24	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.97	2.07	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.12	1.60	2.75	3.41	5.71	5.20	ns

Notes:

1. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Table 2-53 • **3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	3.94	0.18	0.85	0.66	4.02	3.46	1.98	2.03	7.62	7.05	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	3.94	0.18	0.85	0.66	4.02	3.46	1.98	2.03	7.62	7.05	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	3.24	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.31	2.99	2.21	2.42	6.90	6.59	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	3.24	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.31	2.99	2.21	2.42	6.90	6.59	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	2.76	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.82	2.63	2.36	2.68	6.42	6.22	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	2.76	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.82	2.63	2.36	2.68	6.42	6.22	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

***Table 2-155* • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes**

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
t_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	H, DOUT
t_{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	F, H
t_{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	F, H
t_{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	G, H
t_{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	G, H
t_{OPRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Data Register	L, DOUT
$t_{OREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Data Register	L, H
$t_{ORECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	L, H
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	H, EOUT
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	J, H
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	J, H
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	K, H
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	K, H
$t_{OEPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	I, EOUT
$t_{OEREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	I, H
$t_{OERECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	I, H
t_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	A, E
t_{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	C, A
t_{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	C, A
t_{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	B, A
t_{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	B, A
t_{IPRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Input Data Register	D, E
$t_{IREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Input Data Register	D, A
$t_{IRECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	D, A

*Note: *See Figure 2-16 on page 2-84 for more information.*

Global Resource Characteristics

AGL250 Clock Tree Topology

Clock delays are device-specific. Figure 2-29 is an example of a global tree used for clock routing. The global tree presented in Figure 2-29 is driven by a CCC located on the west side of the AGL250 device. It is used to drive all D-flip-flops in the device.

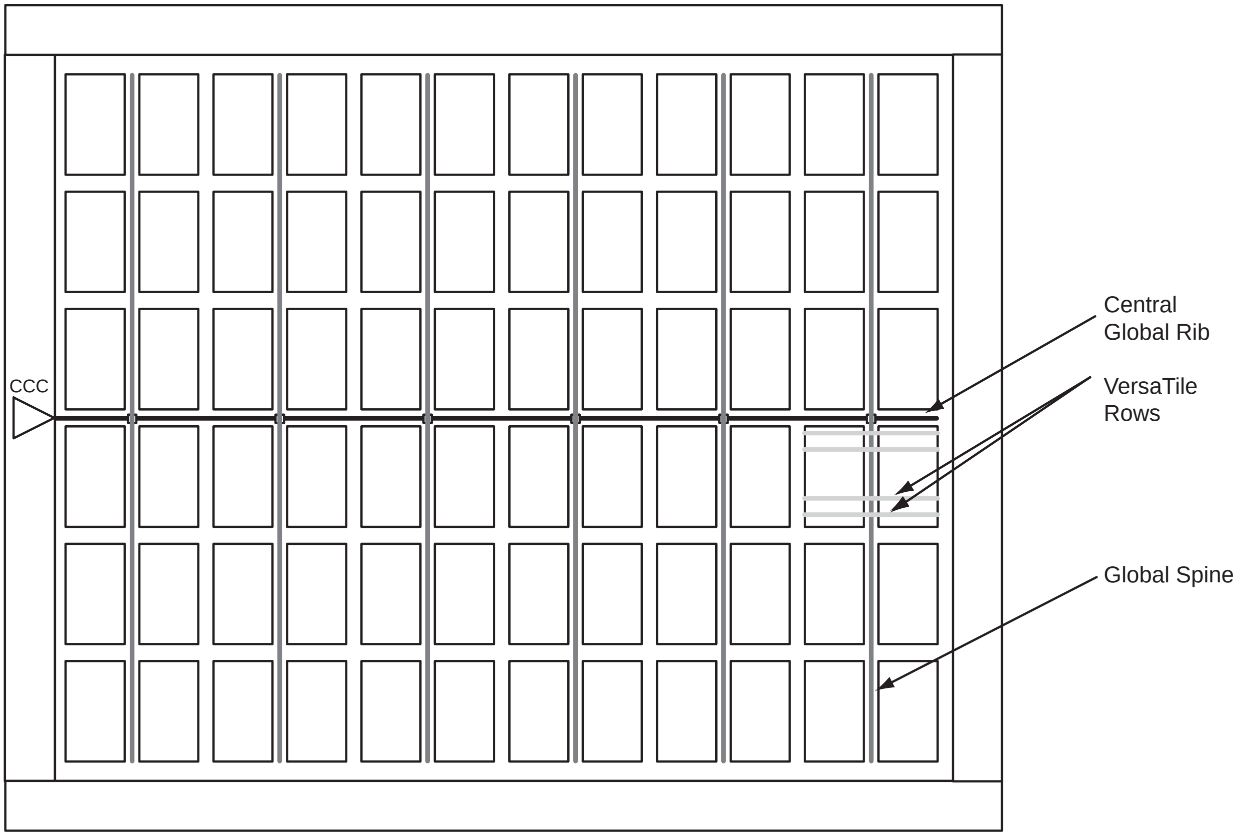


Figure 2-29 • **Example of Global Tree Use in an AGL250 Device for Clock Routing**

Table 2-175 • AGL060 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.33	1.55	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.35	1.62	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.27	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Table 2-176 • AGL125 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.36	1.71	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.39	1.82	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.43	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-181 **• AGL015 Global Resource**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.79	2.09	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.87	2.26	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.39	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Table 2-182 **• AGL030 Global Resource**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.80	2.09	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.88	2.27	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.39	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Timing Waveforms

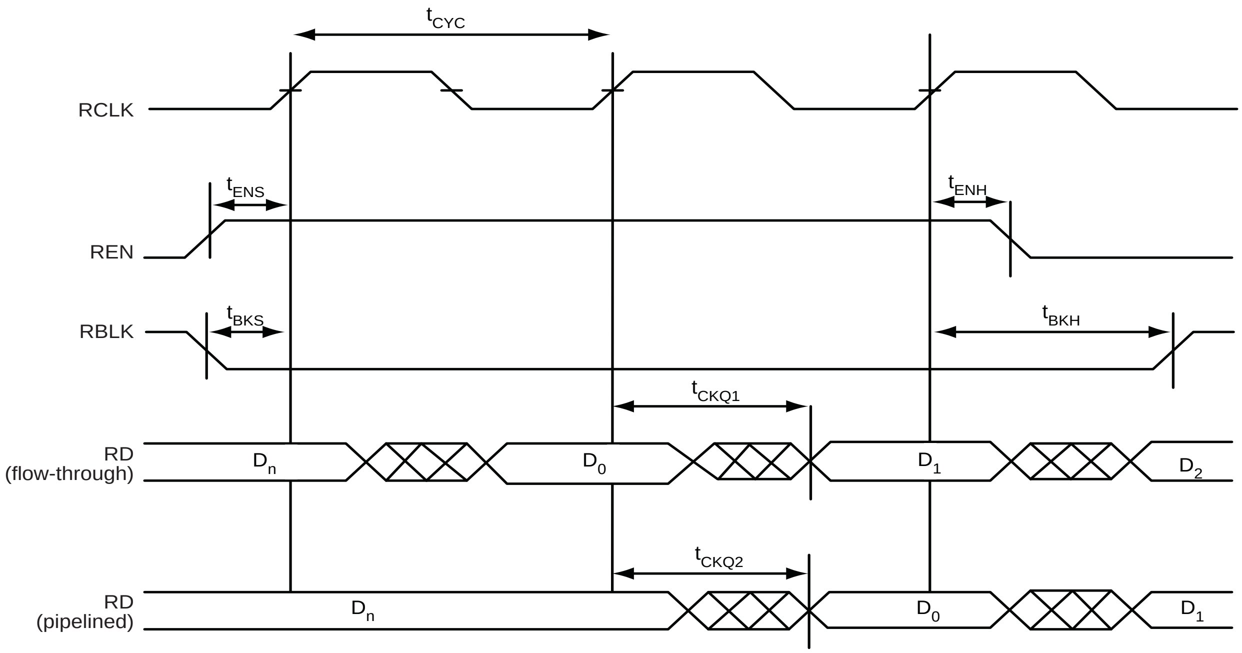


Figure 2-38 • FIFO Read

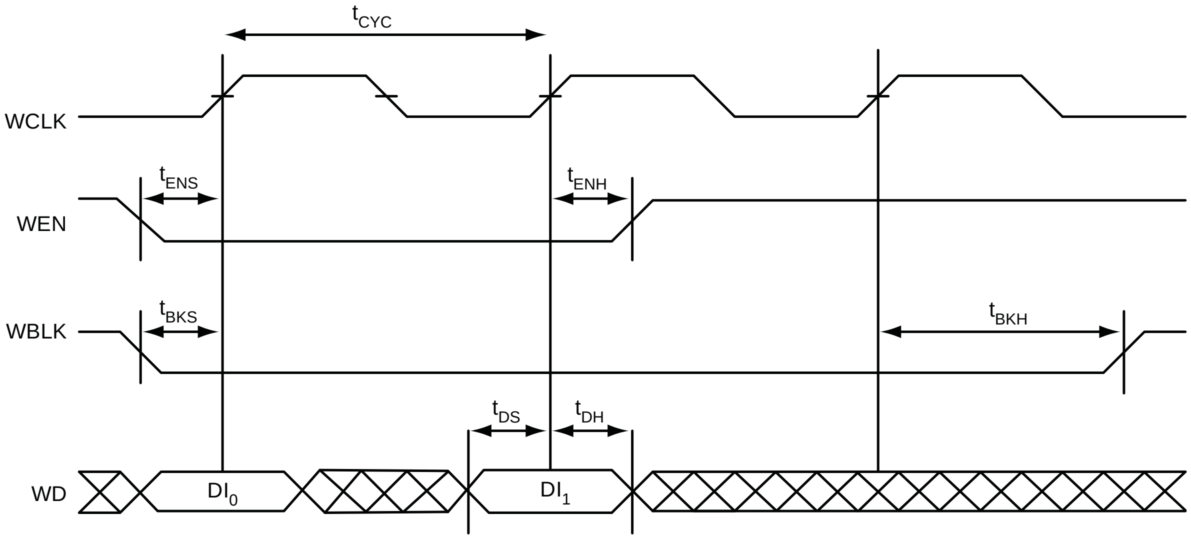


Figure 2-39 • FIFO Write

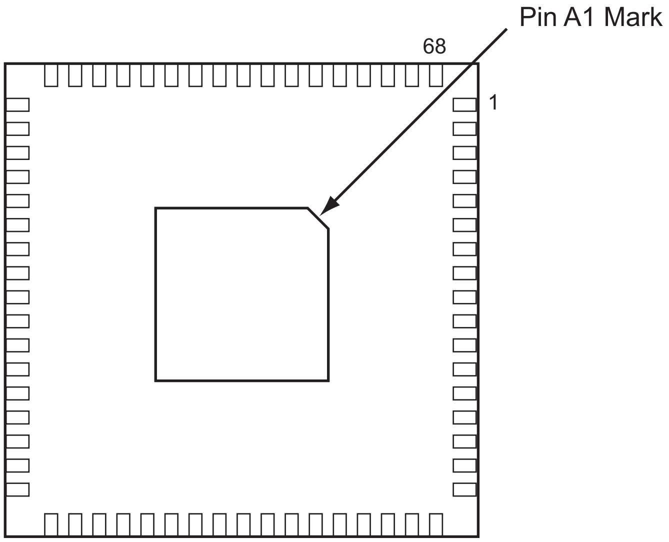
CS281	
Pin Number	**AGL600 Function**
H8	VCC
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCC
H11	VCCIB0
H12	VCC
H13	VCCIB1
H15	IO68NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO70NPB1
H18	GCA1/IO71PPB1
H19	GCA2/IO72PPB1
J1	VCOMPLF
J2	GFA0/IO162NDB3
J4	VCCPLF
J5	GFC0/IO164NPB3
J7	GFA2/IO161PDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	VCCIB1
J13	GCC1/IO69PPB1
J15	GCA0/IO71NPB1
J16	GCB2/IO73PPB1
J18	IO72NPB1
J19	IO75PSB1
K1	VCCIB3
K2	GFA1/IO162PDB3
K4	GND
K5	IO159NPB3
K7	IO161NDB3
K8	VCC
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	VCC
K13	GCC2/IO74PPB1

CS281	
Pin Number	**AGL600 Function**
K15	IO73NPB1
K16	GND
K18	IO74NPB1
K19	VCCIB1
L1	GFB2/IO160PDB3
L2	IO160NDB3
L4	GFC2/IO159PPB3
L5	IO153PPB3
L7	IO153NPB3
L8	VCCIB3
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	IO76PPB1
L15	IO76NPB1
L16	IO77PPB1
L18	IO78NPB1
L19	IO77NPB1
M1	IO158PDB3
M2	IO158NDB3
M4	IO154NPB3
M5	IO152PPB3
M7	VCCIB3
M8	VCC
M9	VCCIB2
M10	VCC
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VCC
M13	VCCIB1
M15	IO79NPB1
M16	IO81NPB1
M18	IO79PPB1
M19	IO78PPB1
N1	IO154PPB3
N2	IO152NPB3

CS281	
Pin Number	**AGL600 Function**
N4	IO150PPB3
N5	IO148NPB3
N7	GEA2/IO143RSB2
N8	VCCIB2
N9	IO117RSB2
N10	IO115RSB2
N11	IO114RSB2
N12	VCCIB2
N13	VPUMP
N15	IO82PPB1
N16	IO85PPB1
N18	IO82NPB1
N19	IO81PPB1
P1	IO151PDB3
P2	GND
P3	IO151NDB3
P4	IO149PPB3
P5	GEA0/IO144NPB3
P15	IO83NDB1
P16	IO83PDB1
P17	GDC1/IO86PPB1
P18	GND
P19	IO85NPB1
R1	IO150NPB3
R2	IO149NPB3
R4	GEC1/IO146PPB3
R5	GEB1/IO145PPB3
R6	IO138RSB2
R7	IO127RSB2
R8	IO123RSB2
R9	IO118RSB2
R10	IO111RSB2
R11	IO106RSB2
R12	IO103RSB2
R13	IO97RSB2
R14	IO95RSB2

CS281	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
H8	VCC
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCC
H11	VCCIB0
H12	VCC
H13	VCCIB1
H15	IO90NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO92NPB1
H18	GCA1/IO93PPB1
H19	GCA2/IO94PPB1
J1	VCOMPLF
J2	GFA0/IO207NDB3
J4	VCCPLF
J5	GFC0/IO209NPB3
J7	GFA2/IO206PDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	VCCIB1
J13	GCC1/IO91PPB1
J15	GCA0/IO93NPB1
J16	GCB2/IO95PPB1
J18	IO94NPB1
J19	IO102PSB1
K1	VCCIB3
K2	GFA1/IO207PDB3
K4	GND
K5	IO204NPB3
K7	IO206NDB3
K8	VCC
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	VCC
K13	GCC2/IO96PPB1
K15	IO95NPB1
K16	GND
K18	IO96NPB1
K19	VCCIB1
L1	GFB2/IO205PDB3
L2	IO205NDB3
L4	GFC2/IO204PPB3
L5	IO203PPB3
L7	IO203NPB3
L8	VCCIB3
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	IO103PPB1
L15	IO103NPB1
L16	IO97PPB1
L18	IO98NPB1
L19	IO97NPB1
M1	IO202PDB3
M2	IO202NDB3
M4	IO201NPB3
M5	IO198PPB3
M7	VCCIB3
M8	VCC
M9	VCCIB2
M10	VCC
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VCC
M13	VCCIB1
M15	IO104NPB1
M16	IO100NPB1
M18	IO104PPB1
M19	IO98PPB1
N1	IO201PPB3
N2	IO198NPB3
N4	IO196PPB3
N5	IO197NPB3
N7	GEA2/IO187RSB2
N8	VCCIB2
N9	IO155RSB2
N10	IO154RSB2
N11	IO150RSB2
N12	VCCIB2
N13	VPUMP
N15	IO107PPB1
N16	IO105PPB1
N18	IO107NPB1
N19	IO100PPB1
P1	IO195PDB3
P2	GND
P3	IO195NDB3
P4	IO194PPB3
P5	GEA0/IO188NPB3
P15	IO108NDB1
P16	IO108PDB1
P17	GDC1/IO111PPB1
P18	GND
P19	IO105NPB1
R1	IO196NPB3
R2	IO194NPB3
R4	GEC1/IO190PPB3
R5	GEB1/IO189PPB3
R6	IO184RSB2
R7	IO173RSB2
R8	IO168RSB2
R9	IO160RSB2
R10	IO151RSB2
R11	IO141RSB2
R12	IO136RSB2
R13	IO127RSB2
R14	IO124RSB2

QN68



Notes:

1. *This is the bottom view of the package.*
2. *The die attach paddle center of the package is tied to ground (GND).*

Note

For more information on package drawings, see *PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings*.

QN132	
Pin Number	**AGL125 Function**
C17	IO83RSB1
C18	VCCIB1
C19	TCK
C20	VMV1
C21	VPUMP
C22	VJTAG
C23	VCCIB0
C24	NC
C25	NC
C26	GCA1/IO55RSB0
C27	GCC0/IO52RSB0
C28	VCCIB0
C29	IO42RSB0
C30	GNDQ
C31	GBA1/IO40RSB0
C32	GBB0/IO37RSB0
C33	VCC
C34	IO24RSB0
C35	IO19RSB0
C36	IO16RSB0
C37	IO10RSB0
C38	VCCIB0
C39	GAB1/IO03RSB0
C40	VMV0
D1	GND
D2	GND
D3	GND
D4	GND

FG256	
Pin Number	**AGL1000 Function**
R5	IO168RSB2
R6	IO163RSB2
R7	IO157RSB2
R8	IO149RSB2
R9	IO143RSB2
R10	IO138RSB2
R11	IO131RSB2
R12	IO125RSB2
R13	GDB2/IO115RSB2
R14	TDI
R15	GNDQ
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO183RSB2
T3	FF/GEB2/IO186RSB2
T4	IO172RSB2
T5	IO170RSB2
T6	IO164RSB2
T7	IO158RSB2
T8	IO153RSB2
T9	IO142RSB2
T10	IO135RSB2
T11	IO130RSB2
T12	GDC2/IO116RSB2
T13	IO120RSB2
T14	GDA2/IO114RSB2
T15	TMS
T16	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	**AGL400 Function**
N17	IO74RSB1
N18	IO72NPB1
N19	IO70NDB1
N20	NC
N21	NC
N22	NC
P1	NC
P2	NC
P3	NC
P4	IO142NDB3
P5	IO141NPB3
P6	IO125RSB2
P7	IO139RSB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO78VPB1
P17	IO76VDB1
P18	IO76UDB1
P19	IO75PDB1
P20	NC
P21	NC
P22	NC
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	VCC
R4	IO140PDB3
R5	IO130RSB2
R6	IO138NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO137NPB3
R8	VMV3

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 23 (December 2012)	The "IGLOO Ordering Information" section has been updated to mention "Y" as "Blank" mentioning "Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio" (SAR 43173).	III
	The note in Table 2-189 · IGLOO CCC/PLL Specification and Table 2-190 · IGLOO CCC/PLL Specification referring the reader to SmartGen was revised to refer instead to the online help associated with the core (SAR 42564). Additionally, note regarding SSOs was added.	2-115, 2-116
	Live at Power-Up (LAPU) has been replaced with ’Instant On’.	NA
Revision 22 (September 2012)	The "Security" section was modified to clarify that Microsemi does not support read-back of programmed data.	1-2
	Libero Integrated Design Environment (IDE) was changed to Libero System-on-Chip (SoC) throughout the document (SAR 40271).	N/A
Revision 21 (May 2012)	Under AGL125, in the Package Pin list, CS121 was incorrectly added to the datasheet in revision 19 and has been removed (SAR 38217).	I to IV
	Corrected the inadvertent error for Max Values for LVPECL VIH and revised the same to ’3.6’ in Table 2-151 · Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels (SAR 37685).	2-82
	Figure 2-38 • FIFO Read and Figure 2-39 • FIFO Write have been added (SAR 34841).	2-127
	The following sentence was removed from the VMVx description in the "Pin Descriptions" section: "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" and replaced with “Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks” (SAR 38317). The datasheet mentions that "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins" for an ESD enhancement.	3-1

Revision / Version	Changes	Page
Revision 14 (Feb 2009) Product Brief v1.4	The "Advanced I/O" section was revised to include two bullets regarding wide range power supply voltage support.	I
	3.0 V wide range was added to the list of supported voltages in the "I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards" section. The "Wide Range I/O Support" section is new.	1-8
Revision 13 (Jan 2009) Packaging v1.8	The "CS121" pin table was revised to add a note regarding pins F1 and G1.	4-7
Revision 12 (Dec 2008) Product Brief v1.3	QN48 and QN68 were added to the AGL030 for the following tables: "IGLOO Devices" Product Family Table "IGLOO Ordering Information" "Temperature Grade Offerings"	N/A
	QN132 is fully supported by AGL125 so footnote 3 was removed.	
Packaging v1.7	The "QN48" pin diagram and pin table are new.	4-24
	The "QN68" pin table for AGL030 is new.	4-26
Revision 12 (Dec 2008)	The AGL600 Function for pin K15 in the "FG484" table was changed to VCCIB1.	4-78
Revision 11 (Oct 2008) Product Brief v1.2	This document was updated to include AGL400 device information. The following sections were updated: "IGLOO Devices" Product Family Table "IGLOO Ordering Information" "Temperature Grade Offerings" Figure 1-2 • IGLOO Device Architecture Overview with Four I/O Banks (AGL250, AGL600, AGL400, and AGL1000)	N/A
DC and Switching Characteristics Advance v0.5	The tables in the "Quiescent Supply Current" section were updated with values for AGL400. In addition, the title was updated to include: (VCC = VJTAG = VPP = 0 V).	2-7
	The tables in the "Power Consumption of Various Internal Resources" section were updated with values for AGL400.	2-13
	Table 2-178 • AGL400 Global Resource is new.	2-109
Packaging v1.6	The "CS196" table for the AGL400 device is new.	4-14
	The "FG144" table for the AGL400 device is new.	4-47
	The "FG256" table for the AGL400 device is new.	4-54
	The "FG484" table for the AGL400 device is new.	4-64
Revision 10 (Aug 2008)	3.0 V LVCMOS wide range support data was added to Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1.	2-2
DC and Switching Characteristics Advance v0.4	3.3 V LVCMOS wide range support data was added to Table 2-25 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions—Software Default Settings to Table 2-27 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions—Software Default Settings.	2-24 to 2-26
	3.3 V LVCMOS wide range support data was added to Table 2-28 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input Levels.	2-27
	3.3 V LVCMOS wide range support text was added to Table 2-49 · Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels for LVCMOS 3.3 V Wide Range.	2-39

Datasheet Categories

Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device, as highlighted in the "IGLOO Device Status" table, is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

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The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advance or production) and contains general product information. This document gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advance

This version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production. This label only applies to the DC and Switching Characteristics chapter of the datasheet and will only be used when the data has not been fully characterized.

Preliminary

The datasheet contains information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.

Unmarked (production)

This version contains information that is considered to be final.

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