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### Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	24576
Total RAM Bits	147456
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	1000000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/agl1000v2-fgg144">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/agl1000v2-fgg144</a>

**Table 2-15 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC6 (mW) <sup>1</sup>	Dynamic Power PAC9 ( $\mu$ W/MHz) <sup>2</sup>
<b>Single-Ended</b>			
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	3.3	–	17.24
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>3</sup>	3.3	–	17.24
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.5	–	5.64
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.8	–	2.63
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	1.5	–	1.97
1.2 V LVCMOS <sup>4</sup>	1.2	–	0.57
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>4</sup>	1.2	–	0.57

Notes:

1. PDC6 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
2. PAC9 is the total dynamic power measured on VCCI.
3. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
4. Applicable for IGLOO V2 devices only.

**Table 2-16 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings<sup>1</sup> Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

	C <sub>LOAD</sub> (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC7 (mW) <sup>2</sup>	Dynamic Power PAC10 ( $\mu$ W/MHz) <sup>3</sup>
<b>Single-Ended</b>				
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	5	3.3	–	136.95
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>4</sup>	5	3.3	–	136.95
2.5 V LVCMOS	5	2.5	–	76.84
1.8 V LVCMOS	5	1.8	–	49.31
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	5	1.5	–	33.36
1.2 V LVCMOS <sup>5</sup>	5	1.2	–	16.24
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>5</sup>	5	1.2	–	16.24
3.3 V PCI	10	3.3	–	194.05
3.3 V PCI-X	10	3.3	–	194.05
<b>Differential</b>				
LVDS	–	2.5	7.74	156.22
LVPECL	–	3.3	19.54	339.35

Notes:

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2. PDC7 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
3. PAC10 is the total dynamic power measured on VCCI.
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
5. Applicable for IGLOO V2 devices only.

## Power Calculation Methodology

This section describes a simplified method to estimate power consumption of an application. For more accurate and detailed power estimations, use the SmartPower tool in Microsemi Libero SoC software.

The power calculation methodology described below uses the following variables:

- The number of PLLs as well as the number and the frequency of each output clock generated
- The number of combinatorial and sequential cells used in the design
- The internal clock frequencies
- The number and the standard of I/O pins used in the design
- The number of RAM blocks used in the design
- Toggle rates of I/O pins as well as VersaTiles—guidelines are provided in Table 2-23 on page 2-19.
- Enable rates of output buffers—guidelines are provided for typical applications in Table 2-24 on page 2-19.
- Read rate and write rate to the memory—guidelines are provided for typical applications in Table 2-24 on page 2-19. The calculation should be repeated for each clock domain defined in the design.

### **Methodology**

#### **Total Power Consumption— $P_{TOTAL}$**

$$P_{TOTAL} = P_{STAT} + P_{DYN}$$

$P_{STAT}$  is the total static power consumption.

$P_{DYN}$  is the total dynamic power consumption.

#### **Total Static Power Consumption— $P_{STAT}$**

$$P_{STAT} = (P_{DC1} \text{ or } P_{DC2} \text{ or } P_{DC3}) + N_{BANKS} * P_{DC5} + N_{INPUTS} * P_{DC6} + N_{OUTPUTS} * P_{DC7}$$

$N_{INPUTS}$  is the number of I/O input buffers used in the design.

$N_{OUTPUTS}$  is the number of I/O output buffers used in the design.

$N_{BANKS}$  is the number of I/O banks powered in the design.

#### **Total Dynamic Power Consumption— $P_{DYN}$**

$$P_{DYN} = P_{CLOCK} + P_{S-CELL} + P_{C-CELL} + P_{NET} + P_{INPUTS} + P_{OUTPUTS} + P_{MEMORY} + P_{PLL}$$

#### **Global Clock Contribution— $P_{CLOCK}$**

$$P_{CLOCK} = (P_{AC1} + N_{SPINE} * P_{AC2} + N_{ROW} * P_{AC3} + N_{S-CELL} * P_{AC4}) * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{SPINE}$  is the number of global spines used in the user design—guidelines are provided in the "Spine Architecture" section of the *IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide*.

$N_{ROW}$  is the number of VersaTile rows used in the design—guidelines are provided in the "Spine Architecture" section of the *IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide*.

$F_{CLK}$  is the global clock signal frequency.

$N_{S-CELL}$  is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

$P_{AC1}$ ,  $P_{AC2}$ ,  $P_{AC3}$ , and  $P_{AC4}$  are device-dependent.

#### **Sequential Cells Contribution— $P_{S-CELL}$**

$$P_{S-CELL} = N_{S-CELL} * (P_{AC5} + \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC6}) * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{S-CELL}$  is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design. When a multi-tile sequential cell is used, it should be accounted for as 1.

$\alpha_1$  is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in Table 2-23 on page 2-19.

$F_{CLK}$  is the global clock signal frequency.

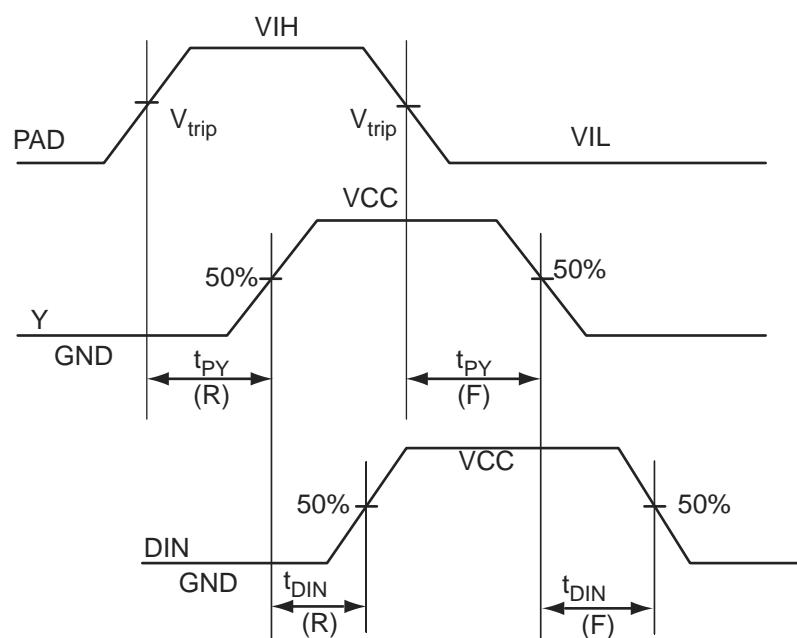
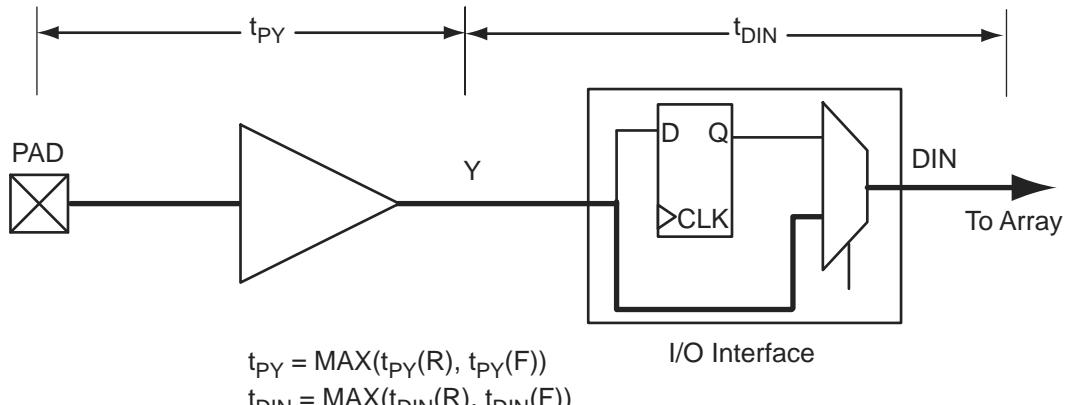


Figure 2-4 • Input Buffer Timing Model and Delays (example)

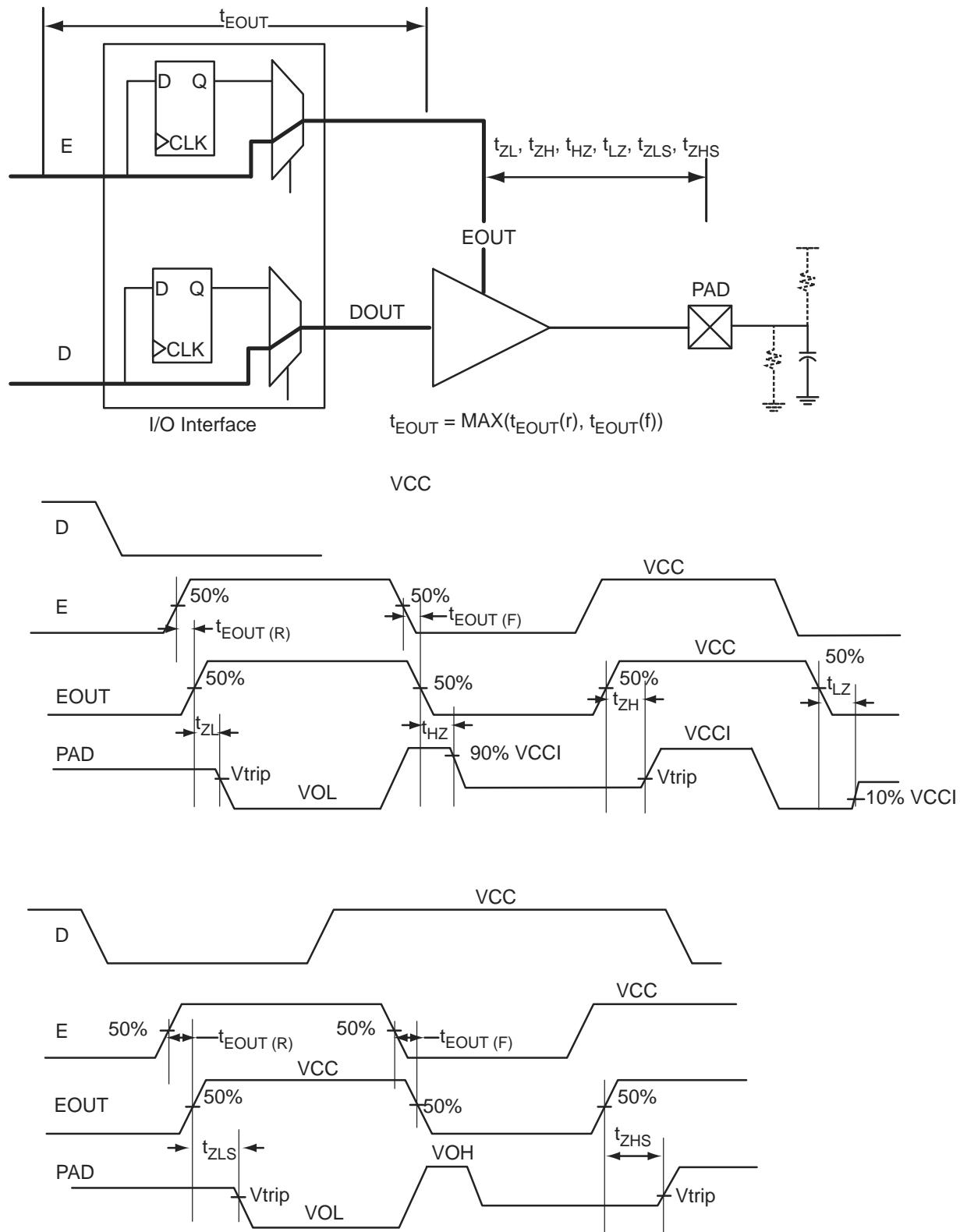


Figure 2-6 • Tristate Output Buffer Timing Model and Delays (example)

**Table 2-31 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings, Std. Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI (per standard)**  
**Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option <sup>1</sup> (mA)	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor ( $\Omega$ )	$t_{DOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{DP}$ (ns)	$t_{DIN}$ (ns)	$t_{PY}$ (ns)	$t_{EOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{ZL}$ (ns)	$t_{ZH}$ (ns)	$t_{LZ}$ (ns)	$t_{HZ}$ (ns)	$t_{ZLS}$ (ns)	$t_{ZHS}$ (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	0.97	2.09	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.14	1.68	2.67	3.05	5.73	5.27	ns
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>2</sup>	100 $\mu$ A	12	High	5	–	0.97	2.93	0.18	1.19	0.66	2.95	2.27	3.81	4.30	6.54	5.87	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	0.97	2.09	0.18	1.08	0.66	2.14	1.83	2.73	2.93	5.73	5.43	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	0.97	2.24	0.18	1.01	0.66	2.29	2.00	3.02	3.40	5.88	5.60	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	0.97	2.50	0.18	1.17	0.66	2.56	2.27	3.21	3.48	6.15	5.86	ns
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	–	High	10	25 <sup>2</sup>	0.97	2.32	0.18	0.74	0.66	2.37	1.78	2.67	3.05	5.96	5.38	ns
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	–	High	10	25 <sup>2</sup>	0.97	2.32	0.19	0.70	0.66	2.37	1.78	2.67	3.05	5.96	5.38	ns
LVDS	24 mA	–	High	–	–	0.97	1.74	0.19	1.35	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	ns
LVPECL	24 mA	–	High	–	–	0.97	1.68	0.19	1.16	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is  $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$ . Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
3. Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See Figure 2-12 on page 2-79 for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.
4. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

**Table 2-35 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings, Std. Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI (per standard)**  
**Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks**

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option <sup>1</sup> (mA)	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor ( $\Omega$ )	$t_{DOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{DP}$ (ns)	$t_{DIN}$ (ns)	$t_{PY}$ (ns)	$t_{EOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{ZL}$ (ns)	$t_{ZH}$ (ns)	$t_{LZ}$ (ns)	$t_{HZ}$ (ns)	$t_{ZLS}$ (ns)	$t_{ZHS}$ (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	1.55	2.31	0.26	0.97	1.10	2.34	1.86	2.93	3.64	8.12	7.65	ns
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>2</sup>	100 $\mu\text{A}$	12	High	5	–	1.55	3.20	0.26	1.32	1.10	3.20	2.52	4.01	4.97	8.99	8.31	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12	High	5	–	1.55	2.29	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.32	1.94	2.94	3.52	8.10	7.73	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8	High	5	–	1.55	2.43	0.26	1.11	1.10	2.47	2.16	2.99	3.39	8.25	7.94	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4	High	5	–	1.55	2.68	0.26	1.27	1.10	2.72	2.39	3.07	3.37	8.50	8.18	ns
1.2 V LVCMOS	2 mA	2	High	5	–	1.55	3.22	0.26	1.59	1.10	3.11	2.78	3.29	3.48	8.90	8.57	ns
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>3</sup>	100 $\mu\text{A}$	2	High	5	–	1.55	3.22	0.26	1.59	1.10	3.11	2.78	3.29	3.48	8.90	8.57	ns
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	–	High	10	$25^2$	1.55	2.53	0.26	0.84	1.10	2.57	1.98	2.93	3.64	8.35	7.76	ns
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	–	High	10	$25^2$	1.55	2.53	0.25	0.85	1.10	2.57	1.98	2.93	3.64	8.35	7.76	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 1.2 V or LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is  $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$ . Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
3. All LVCMOS 1.2 V software macros support LVCMOS 1.2 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-12 specification
4. Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See Figure 2-12 on page 2-79 for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.
5. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

**Table 2-119 • 1.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	5.88	0.18	1.14	0.66	6.00	5.45	2.00	1.94	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

**Table 2-120 • 1.5 V LVC MOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	2.51	0.18	1.14	0.66	2.56	2.21	1.99	2.03	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

## 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

**Table 2-121 • 1.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	7.17	0.26	1.27	1.10	7.29	6.60	3.33	3.03	13.07	12.39	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	6.27	0.26	1.27	1.10	6.37	5.86	3.61	3.51	12.16	11.64	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	5.94	0.26	1.27	1.10	6.04	5.70	3.67	3.64	11.82	11.48	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	5.86	0.26	1.27	1.10	5.96	5.71	2.83	4.11	11.74	11.50	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	5.86	0.26	1.27	1.10	5.96	5.71	2.83	4.11	11.74	11.50	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

**Table 2-122 • 1.5 V LVC MOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	3.44	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.49	3.35	3.32	3.12	9.28	9.14	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	3.06	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.10	2.89	3.60	3.61	8.89	8.67	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.98	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.02	2.80	3.66	3.74	8.81	8.58	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.96	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.00	2.70	3.75	4.23	8.78	8.48	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	2.96	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.00	2.70	3.75	4.23	8.78	8.48	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

**Table 2-147 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	0.9	1.075	1.25	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
IOL <sup>1</sup>	Output Lower Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
IOH <sup>1</sup>	Output High Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
VI	Input Voltage	0		2.925	V
IIH <sup>2</sup>	Input High Leakage Current			10	µA
IIL <sup>2</sup>	Input Low Leakage Current			10	µA
VODIFF	Differential Output Voltage	250	350	450	mV
VOCM	Output Common-Mode Voltage	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
VICM	Input Common-Mode Voltage	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
VIDIFF <sup>4</sup>	Input Differential Voltage	100	350		mV

Notes:

1. IOL/IOH is defined by VODIFF/(resistor network)
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

**Table 2-148 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)
1.075	1.325	Cross point

Note: \*Measuring point =  $V_{trip}$ . See Table 2-29 on page 2-28 for a complete table of trip points.

### Timing Characteristics

#### 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

**Table 2-149 • LVDS – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**

Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V  
Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t <sub>DOUT</sub>	t <sub>DP</sub>	t <sub>DIN</sub>	t <sub>PY</sub>	Units
Std.	0.97	1.67	0.19	1.31	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 and Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

#### 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

**Table 2-150 • LVDS – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**

Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V  
Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t <sub>DOUT</sub>	t <sub>DP</sub>	t <sub>DIN</sub>	t <sub>PY</sub>	Units
Std.	1.55	2.19	0.25	1.52	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 and Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

## 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

**Table 2-172 • Register Delays**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
$t_{CLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Core Register	1.61	ns
$t_{SUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Core Register	1.17	ns
$t_{HD}$	Data Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
$t_{SUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Core Register	1.29	ns
$t_{HE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
$t_{CLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Core Register	0.87	ns
$t_{PRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Core Register	0.89	ns
$t_{REMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
$t_{RECCR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.24	ns
$t_{REMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
$t_{RECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.24	ns
$t_{WCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.46	ns
$t_{WPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.46	ns
$t_{CKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Core Register	0.95	ns
$t_{CKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Core Register	0.95	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

**Table 2-183 • AGL060 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.14 \text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
$t_{RCKL}$	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.04	2.33	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.10	2.51	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.40	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

**Table 2-184 • AGL125 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.14 \text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
$t_{RCKL}$	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.08	2.54	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.15	2.77	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.62	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

## Pin Descriptions

The Flash\*Freeze pin can be used with any single-ended I/O standard supported by the I/O bank in which the pin is located, and input signal levels compatible with the I/O standard selected. The FF pin should be treated as a sensitive asynchronous signal. When defining pin placement and board layout, simultaneously switching outputs (SSOs) and their effects on sensitive asynchronous pins must be considered.

Unused FF or I/O pins are tristated with weak pull-up. This default configuration applies to both Flash\*Freeze mode and normal operation mode. No user intervention is required.

Table 3-1 shows the Flash\*Freeze pin location on the available packages for IGLOO a devices. The Flash\*Freeze pin location is independent of device, allowing migration to larger or smaller IGLOO devices while maintaining the same pin location on the board. Refer to the "Flash\*Freeze Technology and Low Power Modes" chapter of the *IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide* for more information on I/O states during Flash\*Freeze mode.

**Table 3-1 • Flash\*Freeze Pin Location in IGLOO Family Packages (device-independent)**

IGLOO Packages	Flash*Freeze Pin
CS81/UC81	H2
CS121	J5
CS196	P3
CS281	W2
QN48	14
QN68	18
QN132	B12
VQ100	27
FG144	L3
FG256	T3
FG484	W6

<b>CS196</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL125 Function</b>
A1	GND
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A3	GAC0/IO04RSB0
A4	GAC1/IO05RSB0
A5	IO09RSB0
A6	IO15RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	IO22RSB0
A9	IO27RSB0
A10	GBC0/IO35RSB0
A11	GBB0/IO37RSB0
A12	GBB1/IO38RSB0
A13	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A14	GND
B1	VCCIB1
B2	VMV0
B3	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
B5	GND
B6	IO16RSB0
B7	IO20RSB0
B8	IO24RSB0
B9	IO28RSB0
B10	GND
B11	GBC1/IO36RSB0
B12	GBA0/IO39RSB0
B13	GBA2/IO41RSB0
B14	GBB2/IO43RSB0
C1	GAC2/IO128RSB1
C2	GAB2/IO130RSB1
C3	GNDQ
C4	VCCIB0
C5	GAB0/IO02RSB0
C6	IO14RSB0
C7	VCCIB0
C8	NC

<b>CS196</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL125 Function</b>
C9	IO23RSB0
C10	IO29RSB0
C11	VCCIB0
C12	IO42RSB0
C13	GNDQ
C14	IO44RSB0
D1	IO127RSB1
D2	IO129RSB1
D3	GAA2/IO132RSB1
D4	IO126RSB1
D5	IO06RSB0
D6	IO13RSB0
D7	IO19RSB0
D8	IO21RSB0
D9	IO26RSB0
D10	IO31RSB0
D11	IO30RSB0
D12	VMV0
D13	IO46RSB0
D14	GBC2/IO45RSB0
E1	IO125RSB1
E2	GND
E3	IO131RSB1
E4	VCCIB1
E5	NC
E6	IO08RSB0
E7	IO17RSB0
E8	IO12RSB0
E9	IO11RSB0
E10	NC
E11	VCCIB0
E12	IO32RSB0
E13	GND
E14	IO34RSB0
F1	IO124RSB1
F2	IO114RSB1

<b>CS196</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL125 Function</b>
F3	IO113RSB1
F4	IO112RSB1
F5	IO111RSB1
F6	NC
F7	VCC
F8	VCC
F9	NC
F10	IO07RSB0
F11	IO25RSB0
F12	IO10RSB0
F13	IO33RSB0
F14	IO47RSB0
G1	GFB1/IO121RSB1
G2	GFA0/IO119RSB1
G3	GFA2/IO117RSB1
G4	VCOMPLF
G5	GFC0/IO122RSB1
G6	VCC
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	VCC
G10	GCC0/IO52RSB0
G11	GCB1/IO53RSB0
G12	GCA0/IO56RSB0
G13	IO48RSB0
G14	GCC2/IO59RSB0
H1	GFB0/IO120RSB1
H2	GFA1/IO118RSB1
H3	VCCPLF
H4	GFB2/IO116RSB1
H5	GFC1/IO123RSB1
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	VCC
H10	GCC1/IO51RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	AGL060 Function
A1	GAB2/IO00RSB1
A2	IO93RSB1
A3	VCCIB1
A4	GFC1/IO89RSB1
A5	GFB0/IO86RSB1
A6	VCCPLF
A7	GFA1/IO84RSB1
A8	GFC2/IO81RSB1
A9	IO78RSB1
A10	VCC
A11	GEB1/IO75RSB1
A12	GEA0/IO72RSB1
A13	GEC2/IO69RSB1
A14	IO65RSB1
A15	VCC
A16	IO64RSB1
A17	IO63RSB1
A18	IO62RSB1
A19	IO61RSB1
A20	IO58RSB1
A21	GDB2/IO55RSB1
A22	NC
A23	GDA2/IO54RSB1
A24	TDI
A25	TRST
A26	GDC1/IO48RSB0
A27	VCC
A28	IO47RSB0
A29	GCC2/IO46RSB0
A30	GCA2/IO44RSB0
A31	GCA0/IO43RSB0
A32	GCB1/IO40RSB0
A33	IO36RSB0
A34	VCC
A35	IO31RSB0
A36	GBA2/IO28RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	AGL060 Function
A37	GBB1/IO25RSB0
A38	GBC0/IO22RSB0
A39	VCCIB0
A40	IO21RSB0
A41	IO18RSB0
A42	IO15RSB0
A43	IO14RSB0
A44	IO11RSB0
A45	GAB1/IO08RSB0
A46	NC
A47	GAB0/IO07RSB0
A48	IO04RSB0
B1	IO01RSB1
B2	GAC2/IO94RSB1
B3	GND
B4	GFC0/IO88RSB1
B5	VCOMPLF
B6	GND
B7	GFB2/IO82RSB1
B8	IO79RSB1
B9	GND
B10	GEB0/IO74RSB1
B11	VMV1
B12	FF/GEB2/IO70RSB 1
B13	IO67RSB1
B14	GND
B15	NC
B16	NC
B17	GND
B18	IO59RSB1
B19	GDC2/IO56RSB1
B20	GND
B21	GNDQ
B22	TMS
B23	TDO

QN132	
Pin Number	AGL060 Function
B24	GDC0/IO49RSB0
B25	GND
B26	NC
B27	GCB2/IO45RSB0
B28	GND
B29	GCB0/IO41RSB0
B30	GCC1/IO38RSB0
B31	GND
B32	GBB2/IO30RSB0
B33	VMV0
B34	GBA0/IO26RSB0
B35	GBC1/IO23RSB0
B36	GND
B37	IO20RSB0
B38	IO17RSB0
B39	GND
B40	IO12RSB0
B41	GAC0/IO09RSB0
B42	GND
B43	GAA1/IO06RSB0
B44	GNDQ
C1	GAA2/IO02RSB1
C2	IO95RSB1
C3	VCC
C4	GFB1/IO87RSB1
C5	GFA0/IO85RSB1
C6	GFA2/IO83RSB1
C7	IO80RSB1
C8	VCCIB1
C9	GEA1/IO73RSB1
C10	GNDQ
C11	GEA2/IO71RSB1
C12	IO68RSB1
C13	VCCIB1
C14	NC
C15	NC

<b>FG144</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL125 Function</b>
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO11RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO25RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO39RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO69RSB1
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO08RSB0
B6	IO14RSB0
B7	IO19RSB0
B8	IO22RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO37RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO38RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV0
C1	IO132RSB1
C2	GFA2/IO120RSB1
C3	GAC2/IO131RSB1
C4	VCC
C5	IO10RSB0
C6	IO12RSB0
C7	IO21RSB0
C8	IO24RSB0
C9	IO27RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO41RSB0
C11	IO42RSB0
C12	GBC2/IO45RSB0

<b>FG144</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL125 Function</b>
D1	IO128RSB1
D2	IO129RSB1
D3	IO130RSB1
D4	GAA2/IO67RSB1
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO35RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO36RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO43RSB0
D10	IO28RSB0
D11	IO44RSB0
D12	GCB1/IO53RSB0
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO125RSB1
E3	GFC1/IO126RSB1
E4	VCCIB1
E5	IO68RSB1
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO51RSB0
E9	VCCIB0
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO56RSB0
E12	IO46RSB0
F1	GFB0/IO123RSB1
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO124RSB1
F4	IO127RSB1
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO52RSB0
F9	GCB0/IO54RSB0
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO55RSB0
F12	GCA2/IO57RSB0

<b>FG144</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL125 Function</b>
G1	GFA1/IO121RSB1
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO122RSB1
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO61RSB0
G9	IO48RSB0
G10	GCC2/IO59RSB0
G11	IO47RSB0
G12	GCB2/IO58RSB0
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO119RSB1
H3	GFC2/IO118RSB1
H4	GEC1/IO112RSB1
H5	VCC
H6	IO50RSB0
H7	IO60RSB0
H8	GDB2/IO71RSB1
H9	GDC0/IO62RSB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO49RSB0
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO110RSB1
J2	IO115RSB1
J3	VCCIB1
J4	GEC0/IO111RSB1
J5	IO116RSB1
J6	IO117RSB1
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO70RSB1
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO65RSB0
J12	GDB1/IO63RSB0

<b>FG144</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL1000 Function</b>
K1	GEB0/IO189NDB3
K2	GEA1/IO188PDB3
K3	GEA0/IO188NDB3
K4	GEA2/IO187RSB2
K5	IO169RSB2
K6	IO152RSB2
K7	GND
K8	IO117RSB2
K9	GDC2/IO116RSB2
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO113NDB1
K12	GDB0/IO112NDB1
L1	GND
L2	VMV3
L3	FF/GEB2/IO186RSB2
L4	IO172RSB2
L5	VCCIB2
L6	IO153RSB2
L7	IO144RSB2
L8	IO140RSB2
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV2
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO185RSB2
M3	IO173RSB2
M4	IO168RSB2
M5	IO161RSB2
M6	IO156RSB2
M7	IO145RSB2
M8	IO141RSB2
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

<b>FG484</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL400 Function</b>
Y7	NC
Y8	VCC
Y9	VCC
Y10	NC
Y11	NC
Y12	NC
Y13	NC
Y14	VCC
Y15	VCC
Y16	NC
Y17	NC
Y18	GND
Y19	NC
Y20	NC
Y21	NC
Y22	VCCIB1

<b>FG484</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL600 Function</b>
N17	IO80NPB1
N18	IO74NPB1
N19	IO72NDB1
N20	NC
N21	IO79NPB1
N22	NC
P1	NC
P2	IO153PDB3
P3	IO153NDB3
P4	IO159NDB3
P5	IO156NPB3
P6	IO151PPB3
P7	IO158PPB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO87NPB1
P17	IO85NDB1
P18	IO85PDB1
P19	IO84PDB1
P20	NC
P21	IO81PDB1
P22	NC
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	VCC
R4	IO150PDB3
R5	IO151NPB3
R6	IO147NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO146NPB3
R8	VMV3

<b>FG484</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL1000 Function</b>
AA15	NC
AA16	IO122RSB2
AA17	IO119RSB2
AA18	IO117RSB2
AA19	NC
AA20	NC
AA21	VCCIB1
AA22	GND
AB1	GND
AB2	GND
AB3	VCCIB2
AB4	IO180RSB2
AB5	IO176RSB2
AB6	IO173RSB2
AB7	IO167RSB2
AB8	IO162RSB2
AB9	IO156RSB2
AB10	IO150RSB2
AB11	IO145RSB2
AB12	IO144RSB2
AB13	IO132RSB2
AB14	IO127RSB2
AB15	IO126RSB2
AB16	IO123RSB2
AB17	IO121RSB2
AB18	IO118RSB2
AB19	NC
AB20	VCCIB2
AB21	GND
AB22	GND
B1	GND
B2	VCCIB3
B3	NC
B4	IO06RSB0
B5	IO08RSB0
B6	IO12RSB0

*Package Pin Assignments*

<b>FG484</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>AGL1000 Function</b>
V15	IO125RSB2
V16	GDB2/IO115RSB2
V17	TDI
V18	GNDQ
V19	TDO
V20	GND
V21	NC
V22	IO109NDB1
W1	NC
W2	IO191PDB3
W3	NC
W4	GND
W5	IO183RSB2
W6	FF/GEB2/IO186RSB2
W7	IO172RSB2
W8	IO170RSB2
W9	IO164RSB2
W10	IO158RSB2
W11	IO153RSB2
W12	IO142RSB2
W13	IO135RSB2
W14	IO130RSB2
W15	GDC2/IO116RSB2
W16	IO120RSB2
W17	GDA2/IO114RSB2
W18	TMS
W19	GND
W20	NC
W21	NC
W22	NC
Y1	VCCIB3
Y2	IO191NDB3
Y3	NC
Y4	IO182RSB2
Y5	GND
Y6	IO177RSB2

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 19	<p>The following figures were deleted (SAR 29991). Reference was made to a new application note, <i>Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs</i>, which covers these cases in detail (SAR 21770).</p> <p>Figure 2-36 • Write Access after Write onto Same Address Figure 2-37 • Read Access after Write onto Same Address Figure 2-38 • Write Access after Read onto Same Address</p> <p>The port names in the SRAM "Timing Waveforms", SRAM "Timing Characteristics" tables, Figure 2-40 • FIFO Reset, and the FIFO "Timing Characteristics" tables were revised to ensure consistency with the software names (SARs 29991, 30510).</p>	N/A 2-119 to 2-130
	The "Pin Descriptions" chapter has been added (SAR 21642).	3-1
	Package names used in the "Package Pin Assignments" section were revised to match standards given in <i>Package Mechanical Drawings</i> (SAR 27395).	4-1
	The "CS81" pin table for AGL250 is new (SAR 22737).	4-5
	The CS121 pin table for AGL125 is new (SAR 22737).	
	The P3 function was revised in the "CS196" pin table for AGL250 (SAR 24800).	4-12
	The "QN132" pin table for AGL250 was added.	4-35,
	The "FG144" pin table for AGL060 was added (SAR 33689)	4-42
July 2010	The versioning system for datasheets has been changed. Datasheets are assigned a revision number that increments each time the datasheet is revised. The "IGLOO Device Status" table indicates the status for each device in the device family.	N/A