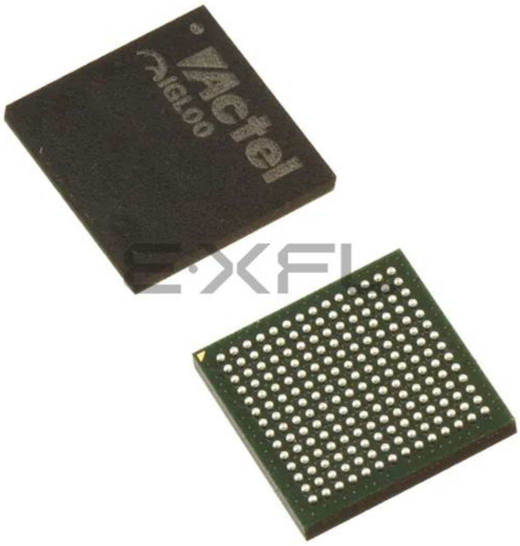
Microchip Technology - AGL400V5-CSG196 Datasheet



Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	9216
Total RAM Bits	55296
Number of I/O	143
Number of Gates	400000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	196-TFBGA, CSBGA
Supplier Device Package	196-CSP (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/agl400v5-csg196

Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

Table 2-6 • **Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays (normalized to T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.425 V) For IGLOO V2 or V5 devices, 1.5 V DC Core Supply Voltage**

Array Voltage VCC (V)	**Junction Temperature (°C)**					
	–40°C	**0°C**	**25°C**	**70°C**	**85°C**	**100°C**
1.425	0.934	0.953	0.971	1.000	1.007	1.013
1.500	0.855	0.874	0.891	0.917	0.924	0.929
1.575	0.799	0.816	0.832	0.857	0.864	0.868

Table 2-7 • **Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays (normalized to T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V) For IGLOO V2, 1.2 V DC Core Supply Voltage**

Array Voltage VCC (V)	**Junction Temperature (°C)**					
	–40°C	**0°C**	**25°C**	**70°C**	**85°C**	**100°C**
1.14	0.967	0.978	0.991	1.000	1.006	1.010
1.20	0.864	0.874	0.885	0.894	0.899	0.902
1.26	0.794	0.803	0.814	0.821	0.827	0.830

Calculating Power Dissipation

Quiescent Supply Current

Quiescent supply current (IDD) calculation depends on multiple factors, including operating voltages (VCC, VCCI, and VJTAG), operating temperature, system clock frequency, and power modes usage. Microsemi recommends using the PowerCalculator and SmartPower software estimation tools to evaluate the projected static and active power based on the user design, power mode usage, operating voltage, and temperature.

Table 2-8 • **Power Supply State per Mode**

	Power Supply Configurations				
Modes/power supplies	**VCC**	**VCCPLL**	**VCCI**	**VJTAG**	**VPUMP**
Flash*Freeze	On	On	On	On	On/off/floating
Sleep	Off	Off	On	Off	Off
Shutdown	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
No Flash*Freeze	On	On	On	On	On/off/floating

Note: Off: Power supply level = 0 V

Table 2-9 • **Quiescent Supply Current (IDD) Characteristics, IGLOO Flash*Freeze Mode***

	Core Voltage	**AGL015**	**AGL030**	**AGL060**	**AGL125**	**AGL250**	**AGL400**	**AGL600**	**AGL1000**	**Units**
Typical (25°C)	1.2 V	4	4	8	13	20	27	30	44	µA
	1.5 V	6	6	10	18	34	51	72	127	µA

*Note: *IDD includes VCC, VPUMP, VCCI, VCCPLL, and VMV currents. Values do not include I/O static contribution, which is shown in Table 2-13 on page 2-10 through Table 2-15 on page 2-11 and Table 2-16 on page 2-11 through Table 2-18 on page 2-12 (PDC6 and PDC7).*

Table 2-15 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC6 (mW)[1]	Dynamic Power PAC9 (µW/MHz)[2]
Single-Ended			
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	3.3	–	17.24
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[3]	3.3	–	17.24
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.5	–	5.64
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.8	–	2.63
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	1.5	–	1.97
1.2 V LVCMOS[4]	1.2	–	0.57
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range[4]	1.2	–	0.57

Notes:

1. *PDC6 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.*
2. *PAC9 is the total dynamic power measured on VCCI.*
3. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.*
4. *Applicable for IGLOO V2 devices only.*

Table 2-16 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings[1] Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

	C_{LOAD} (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC7 (mW)[2]	Dynamic Power PAC10 (µW/MHz)[3]
Single-Ended				
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	5	3.3	–	136.95
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[4]	5	3.3	–	136.95
2.5 V LVCMOS	5	2.5	–	76.84
1.8 V LVCMOS	5	1.8	–	49.31
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	5	1.5	–	33.36
1.2 V LVCMOS[5]	5	1.2	–	16.24
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range[5]	5	1.2	–	16.24
3.3 V PCI	10	3.3	–	194.05
3.3 V PCI-X	10	3.3	–	194.05
Differential				
LVDS	–	2.5	7.74	156.22
LVPECL	–	3.3	19.54	339.35

Notes:

1. *Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.*
2. *PDC7 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.*
3. *PAC10 is the total dynamic power measured on VCCI.*
4. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.*
5. *Applicable for IGLOO V2 devices only.*

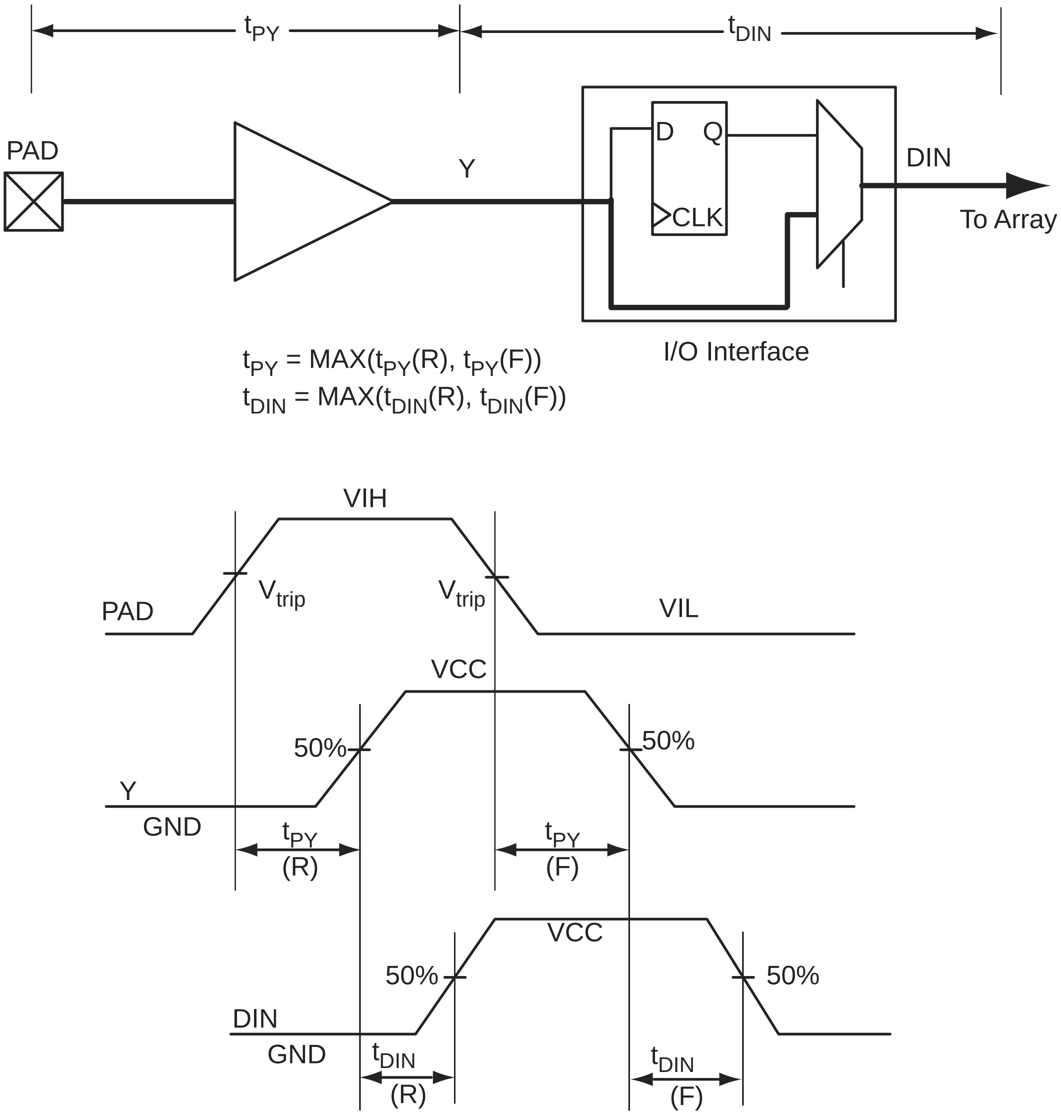


Figure 2-4 • **Input Buffer Timing Model and Delays (example)**

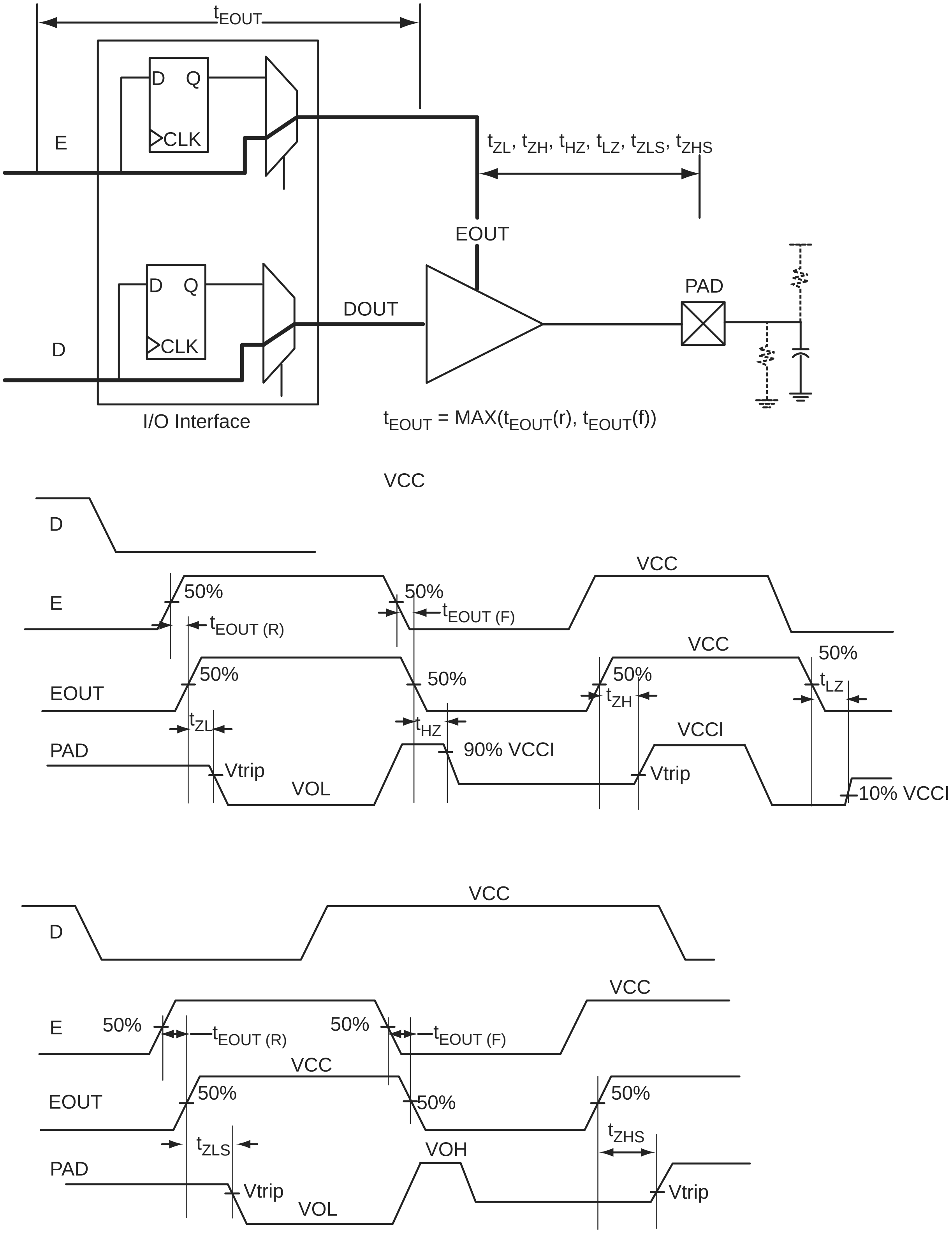


Figure 2-6 • **Tristate Output Buffer Timing Model and Delays (example)**

Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings

Table 2-29 • **Summary of AC Measuring Points**

Standard	Measuring Trip Point (Vtrip)
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	1.4 V
3.3 V VCMOS Wide Range	1.4 V
2.5 V LVCMOS	1.2 V
1.8 V LVCMOS	0.90 V
1.5 V LVCMOS	0.75 V
1.2 V LVCMOS	0.60 V
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range	0.60 V
3.3 V PCI	0.285 * VCCI (RR)
	0.615 * VCCI (FF)
3.3 V PCI-X	0.285 * VCCI (RR)
	0.615 * VCCI (FF)

Table 2-30 • **I/O AC Parameter Definitions**

Parameter	Parameter Definition
t_{DP}	Data to Pad delay through the Output Buffer
t_{PY}	Pad to Data delay through the Input Buffer
t_{DOUT}	Data to Output Buffer delay through the I/O interface
t_{EOUT}	Enable to Output Buffer Tristate Control delay through the I/O interface
t_{DIN}	Input Buffer to Data delay through the I/O interface
t_{HZ}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—High to Z
t_{ZH}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to High
t_{LZ}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Low to Z
t_{ZL}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to Low
t_{ZHS}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to High
t_{ZLS}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to Low

Table 2-64 • **Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels for LVCMOS 3.3 V Wide Range Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks**

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range		VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL[2]	IIH[3]
Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option[1]	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	µA	µA	Max. mA[4]	Max. mA[4]	µA[5]	µA[5]
100 µA	2 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 µA	4 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 µA	6 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 µA	8 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 µA	12 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	103	109	10	10
100 µA	16 mA	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD – 0.2	100	100	103	109	10	10

Notes:

1. *The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ± 100 µA. Drive strengths displayed in software are supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.*
2. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
3. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges*
4. *Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.*
5. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
6. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

Timing Characteristics

Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-67 • **3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.7 V
Applicable to Advanced Banks

Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option[1]	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
100 µA	2 mA	Std.	0.97	6.61	0.18	1.19	0.66	6.63	5.63	3.15	2.98	10.22	9.23	ns
100 µA	4 mA	Std.	0.97	6.61	0.18	1.19	0.66	6.63	5.63	3.15	2.98	10.22	9.23	ns
100 µA	6 mA	Std.	0.97	5.49	0.18	1.19	0.66	5.51	4.84	3.54	3.66	9.10	8.44	ns
100 µA	8 mA	Std.	0.97	5.49	0.18	1.19	0.66	5.51	4.84	3.54	3.66	9.10	8.44	ns
100 µA	12 mA	Std.	0.97	4.69	0.18	1.19	0.66	4.71	4.25	3.80	4.10	8.31	7.85	ns
100 µA	16 mA	Std.	0.97	4.46	0.18	1.19	0.66	4.48	4.11	3.86	4.21	8.07	7.71	ns
100 µA	24 mA	Std.	0.97	4.34	0.18	1.19	0.66	4.36	4.14	3.93	4.64	7.95	7.74	ns

Notes:

1. *The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ± 100 µA. Drive strengths displayed in software are supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Table 2-68 • **3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.7 V
Applicable to Advanced Banks

Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option[1]	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
100 µA	2 mA	Std.	0.97	3.92	0.18	1.19	0.66	3.94	3.10	3.16	3.17	7.54	6.70	ns
100 µA	4 mA	Std.	0.97	3.92	0.18	1.19	0.66	3.94	3.10	3.16	3.17	7.54	6.70	ns
100 µA	6 mA	Std.	0.97	3.28	0.18	1.19	0.66	3.30	2.54	3.54	3.86	6.90	6.14	ns
100 µA	8 mA	Std.	0.97	3.28	0.18	1.19	0.66	3.30	2.54	3.54	3.86	6.90	6.14	ns
100 µA	12 mA	Std.	0.97	2.93	0.18	1.19	0.66	2.95	2.27	3.81	4.30	6.54	5.87	ns
100 µA	16 mA	Std.	0.97	2.87	0.18	1.19	0.66	2.89	2.22	3.86	4.41	6.49	5.82	ns
100 µA	24 mA	Std.	0.97	2.90	0.18	1.19	0.66	2.92	2.16	3.94	4.86	6.51	5.75	ns

Notes:

1. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*
2. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
3. *The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ± 100 µA. Drive strengths displayed in software are supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.*

Table 2-113 **• Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

1.5 V LVCMOS	**VIL**		**VIH**		**VOL**	**VOH**	**IOL**	**IOH**	**IOSH**	**IOSL**	**IIL[1]**	**IIH[2]**
Drive Strength	**Min. V**	**Max. V**	**Min. V**	**Max. V**	**Max. V**	**Min. V**	**mA**	**mA**	**Max. mA[3]**	**Max. mA[3]**	**μA[4]**	**μA[4]**
2 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	2	2	13	16	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
2. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN <V CCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges*
3. *Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.*
4. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
5. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

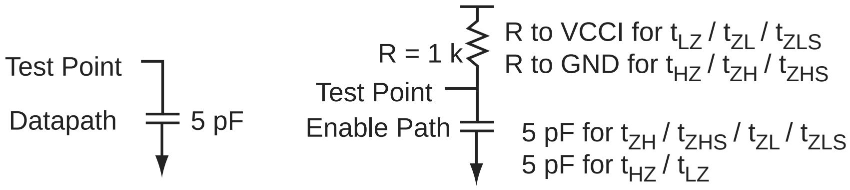


Figure 2-10 **• AC Loading**

Table 2-114 **• AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	**Input High (V)**	**Measuring Point* (V)**	**C_{LOAD} (pF)**
0	1.5	0.75	5

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-29 on page 2-28 for a complete table of trip points.

***Table 2-119* • 1.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	5.88	0.18	1.14	0.66	6.00	5.45	2.00	1.94	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

***Table 2-120* • 1.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	2.51	0.18	1.14	0.66	2.56	2.21	1.99	2.03	ns

Notes:

1. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

***Table 2-121* • 1.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	7.17	0.26	1.27	1.10	7.29	6.60	3.33	3.03	13.07	12.39	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	6.27	0.26	1.27	1.10	6.37	5.86	3.61	3.51	12.16	11.64	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	5.94	0.26	1.27	1.10	6.04	5.70	3.67	3.64	11.82	11.48	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	5.86	0.26	1.27	1.10	5.96	5.71	2.83	4.11	11.74	11.50	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	5.86	0.26	1.27	1.10	5.96	5.71	2.83	4.11	11.74	11.50	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

***Table 2-122* • 1.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	3.44	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.49	3.35	3.32	3.12	9.28	9.14	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	3.06	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.10	2.89	3.60	3.61	8.89	8.67	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.98	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.02	2.80	3.66	3.74	8.81	8.58	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.96	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.00	2.70	3.75	4.23	8.78	8.48	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	2.96	0.26	1.27	1.10	3.00	2.70	3.75	4.23	8.78	8.48	ns

Notes:

1. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

***Table 2-151* • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage	3.0		3.3		3.6		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	0.96	1.27	1.06	1.43	1.30	1.57	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.8	2.11	1.92	2.28	2.13	2.41	V
VIL, VIH	Input Low, Input High Voltages	0	3.6	0	3.6	0	3.6	V
V_{ODIFF}	Differential Output Voltage	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	V
V_{OCM}	Output Common-Mode Voltage	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	V
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	V
V_{IDIFF}	Input Differential Voltage	300		300		300		mV

***Table 2-152* • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)
1.64	1.94	Cross point

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-28 on page 2-104 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

***Table 2-153* • LVPECL – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	Units
Std.	0.97	1.67	0.19	1.16	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

***Table 2-154* • LVPECL – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	Units
Std.	1.55	2.24	0.25	1.37	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Output Enable Register

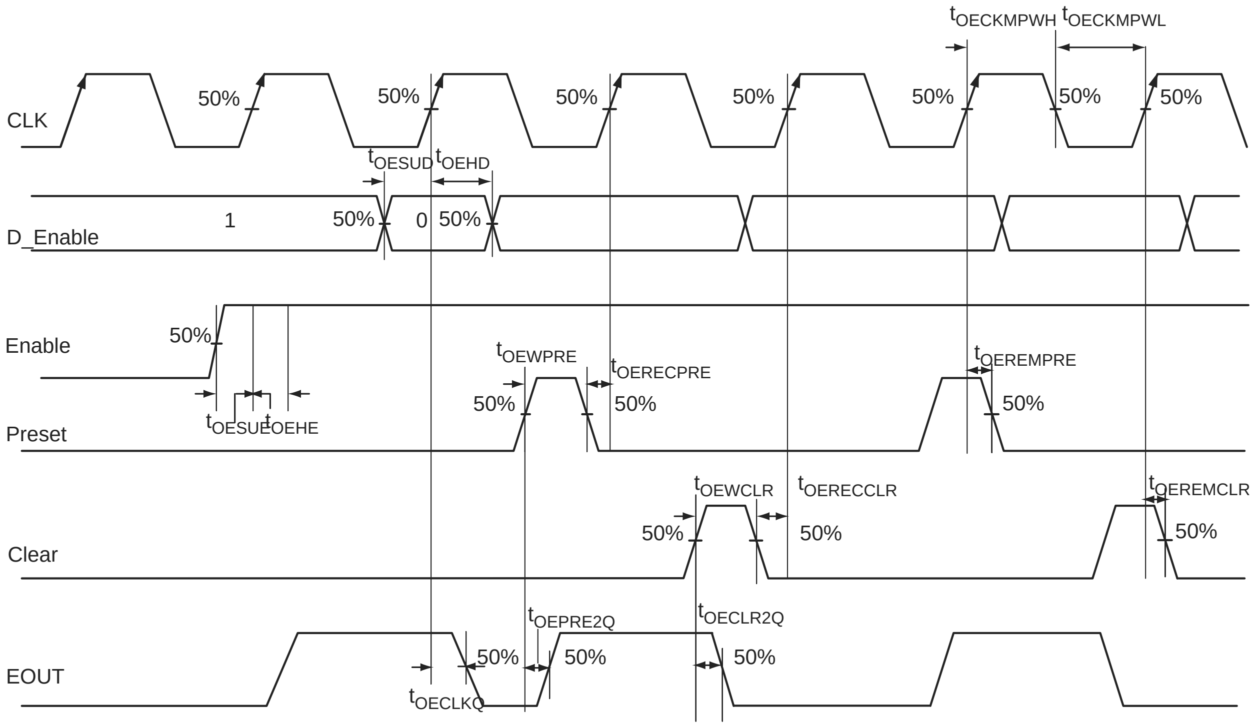


***Figure 2-20* • Output Enable Register Timing Diagram**

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

***Table 2-161* • Output Enable Register Propagation Delays**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.75	ns
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.51	ns
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.73	ns
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	1.13	ns
$t_{OEPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	1.13	ns
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.24	ns
$t_{OEREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.24	ns
t_{OEWCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.19	ns
t_{OEWPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.19	ns
$t_{OECKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output Enable Register	0.31	ns
$t_{OECKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output Enable Register	0.28	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

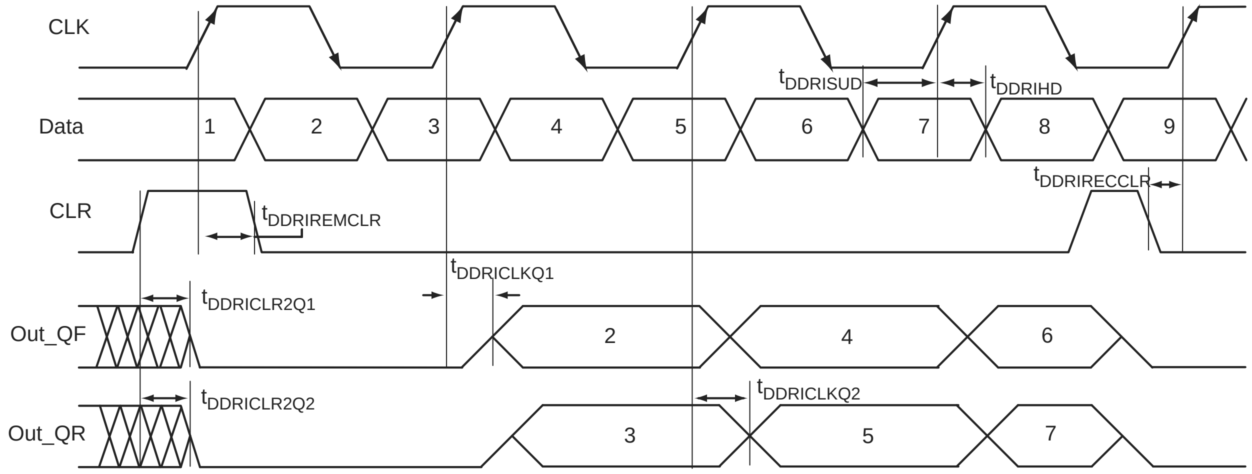


Figure 2-22 • **Input DDR Timing Diagram**

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-164 • **Input DDR Propagation Delays**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
$t_{DDRICLKQ1}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.48	ns
$t_{DDRICLKQ2}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.65	ns
$t_{DDRISUD1}$	Data Setup for Input DDR (negedge)	0.50	ns
$t_{DDRISUD2}$	Data Setup for Input DDR (posedge)	0.40	ns
$t_{DDRIHD1}$	Data Hold for Input DDR (negedge)	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRIHD2}$	Data Hold for Input DDR (posedge)	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRICLR2Q1}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.82	ns
$t_{DDRICLR2Q2}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.98	ns
$t_{DDRIREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Input DDR	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRIRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Input DDR	0.23	ns
$t_{DDRIWCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Input DDR	0.19	ns
$t_{DDRICKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for Input DDR	0.31	ns
$t_{DDRICKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for Input DDR	0.28	ns
$F_{DDRIMAX}$	Maximum Frequency for Input DDR	250.00	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

***Table 2-165* • Input DDR Propagation Delays**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
$t_{DDRICLKQ1}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.76	ns
$t_{DDRICLKQ2}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.94	ns
$t_{DDRISUD1}$	Data Setup for Input DDR (negedge)	0.93	ns
$t_{DDRISUD2}$	Data Setup for Input DDR (posedge)	0.84	ns
$t_{DDRIHD1}$	Data Hold for Input DDR (negedge)	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRIHD2}$	Data Hold for Input DDR (posedge)	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRICLR2Q1}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	1.23	ns
$t_{DDRICLR2Q2}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	1.42	ns
$t_{DDRIREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Input DDR	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRIRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Input DDR	0.24	ns
$t_{DDRIWCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Input DDR	0.19	ns
$t_{DDRICKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for Input DDR	0.31	ns
$t_{DDRICKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for Input DDR	0.28	ns
$F_{DDRIMAX}$	Maximum Frequency for Input DDR	160.00	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

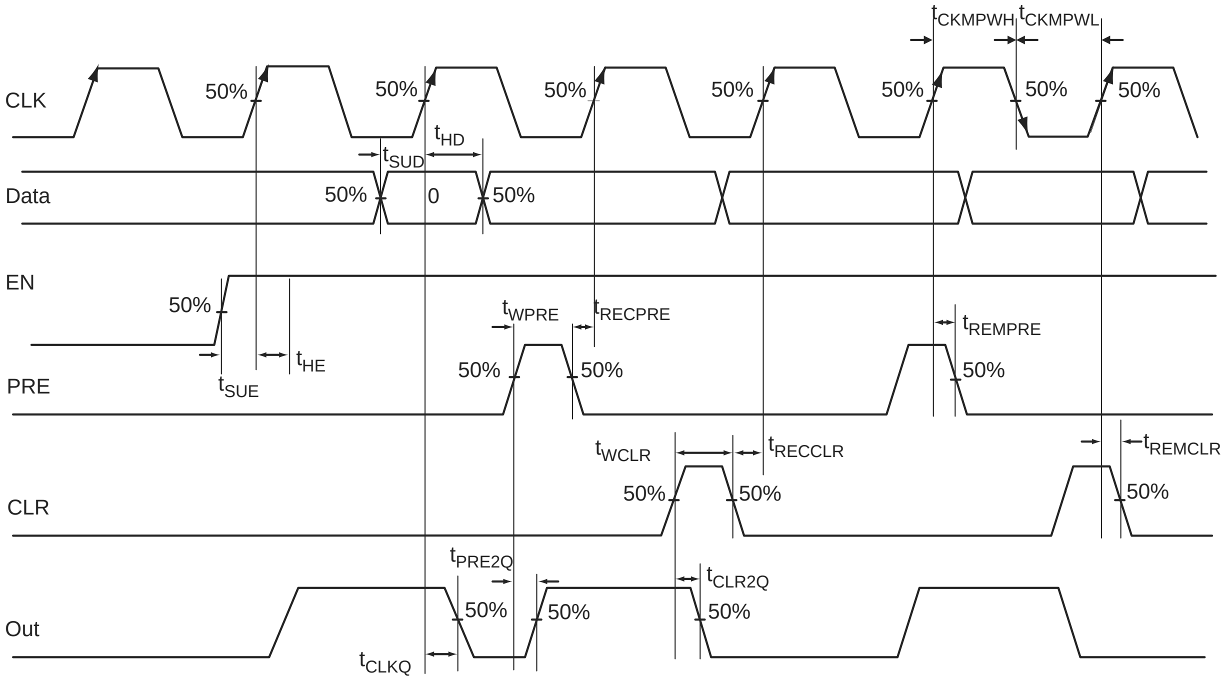


Figure 2-28 • **Timing Model and Waveforms**

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-171 • **Register Delays**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{CLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Core Register	0.89	ns
t_{SUD}	Data Setup Time for the Core Register	0.81	ns
t_{HD}	Data Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t_{SUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Core Register	0.73	ns
t_{HE}	Enable Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t_{CLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Core Register	0.60	ns
t_{PRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Core Register	0.62	ns
t_{REMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t_{RECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.24	ns
t_{REMPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t_{RECPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.23	ns
t_{WCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.30	ns
t_{WPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.30	ns
t_{CKMPWH}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Core Register	0.56	ns
t_{CKMPWL}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Core Register	0.56	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-181 **• AGL015 Global Resource**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.79	2.09	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.87	2.26	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.39	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Table 2-182 **• AGL030 Global Resource**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.80	2.09	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.88	2.27	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.39	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Table 2-183 • **AGL060 Global Resource**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.04	2.33	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.10	2.51	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.40	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Table 2-184 • **AGL125 Global Resource**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.08	2.54	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.15	2.77	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.62	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

***Table 2-185* • AGL250 Global Resource**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.11	2.57	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.19	2.81	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.62	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

***Table 2-186* • AGL400 Global Resource**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.18	2.64	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.27	2.89	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.62	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

FG256	
Pin Number	**AGL1000 Function**
H3	GFB1/IO208PPB3
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO209NPB3
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO91NPB1
H13	GCB1/IO92PPB1
H14	GCA0/IO93NPB1
H15	IO96NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO92NPB1
J1	GFA2/IO206PSB3
J2	GFA1/IO207PDB3
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO205NDB3
J5	GFB2/IO205PDB3
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO95PPB1
J13	GCA1/IO93PPB1
J14	GCC2/IO96PPB1
J15	IO100PPB1
J16	GCA2/IO94PSB1
K1	GFC2/IO204PDB3
K2	IO204NDB3
K3	IO203NDB3
K4	IO203PDB3
K5	VCCIB3
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB1
K13	IO95NPB1
K14	IO100NPB1
K15	IO102NDB1
K16	IO102PDB1
L1	IO202NDB3
L2	IO202PDB3
L3	IO196PPB3
L4	IO193PPB3
L5	VCCIB3
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	GDB0/IO112NPB1
L14	IO106NDB1
L15	IO106PDB1
L16	IO107PDB1
M1	IO197NSB3
M2	IO196NPB3
M3	IO193NPB3
M4	GEC0/IO190NPB3
M5	VMV3
M6	VCCIB2
M7	VCCIB2
M8	IO147RSB2
M9	IO136RSB2
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VMV2
M13	IO110NDB1
M14	GDB1/IO112PPB1
M15	GDC1/IO111PDB1
M16	IO107NDB1
N1	IO194PSB3
N2	IO192PPB3
N3	GEC1/IO190PPB3
N4	IO192NPB3
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO187RSB2
N7	IO161RSB2
N8	IO155RSB2
N9	IO141RSB2
N10	IO129RSB2
N11	IO124RSB2
N12	GNDQ
N13	IO110PDB1
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO111NDB1
N16	GDA1/IO113PDB1
P1	GEB1/IO189PDB3
P2	GEB0/IO189NDB3
P3	VMV2
P4	IO179RSB2
P5	IO171RSB2
P6	IO165RSB2
P7	IO159RSB2
P8	IO151RSB2
P9	IO137RSB2
P10	IO134RSB2
P11	IO128RSB2
P12	VMV1
P13	TCK
P14	VPUMP
P15	TRST
P16	GDA0/IO113NDB1
R1	GEA1/IO188PDB3
R2	GEA0/IO188NDB3
R3	IO184RSB2
R4	GEC2/IO185RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	**AGL400 Function**
N17	IO74RSB1
N18	IO72NPB1
N19	IO70NDB1
N20	NC
N21	NC
N22	NC
P1	NC
P2	NC
P3	NC
P4	IO142NDB3
P5	IO141NPB3
P6	IO125RSB2
P7	IO139RSB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO78VPB1
P17	IO76VDB1
P18	IO76UDB1
P19	IO75PDB1
P20	NC
P21	NC
P22	NC
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	VCC
R4	IO140PDB3
R5	IO130RSB2
R6	IO138NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO137NPB3
R8	VMV3

Revision / Version	Changes	Page
DC & Switching, cont'd.	Table 2-49 · Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels for LVCMOS 3.3 V Wide Range is new.	2-39
Revision 9 (Jul 2008) Product Brief v1.1 DC and Switching Characteristics Advance v0.3	As a result of the Libero IDE v8.4 release, Actel now offers a wide range of core voltage support. The document was updated to change 1.2 V / 1.5 V to 1.2 V to 1.5 V.	N/A
Revision 8 (Jun 2008)	As a result of the Libero IDE v8.4 release, Actel now offers a wide range of core voltage support. The document was updated to change 1.2 V / 1.5 V to 1.2 V to 1.5 V.	N/A
DC and Switching Characteristics Advance v0.2	Tables have been updated to reflect default values in the software. The default I/O capacitance is 5 pF. Tables have been updated to include the LVCMOS 1.2 V I/O set. DDR Tables have two additional data points added to reflect both edges for Input DDR setup and hold time. The power data table has been updated to match SmartPower data rather then simulation values. AGL015 global clock delays have been added.	N/A
	Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings was updated to combine the VCCI and VMV parameters in one row. The word "output" from the parameter description for VCCI and VMV, and table note 3 was added.	2-1
	Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1 was updated to add references to tables notes 4, 6, 7, and 8. VMV was added to the VCCI parameter row, and table note 9 was added.	2-2
	In Table 2-3 • Flash Programming Limits – Retention, Storage, and Operating Temperature1, the maximum operating junction temperature was changed from 110° to 100°.	2-3
	VMV was removed from Table 2-4 • Overshoot and Undershoot Limits 1. The table title was modified to remove "as measured on quiet I/Os." Table note 2 was revised to remove "estimated SSO density over cycles." Table note 3 was revised to remove "refers only to overshoot/undershoot limits for simultaneous switching I/Os."	2-3
	The "PLL Behavior at Brownout Condition" section is new.	2-4
	Figure 2-2 • V2 Devices – I/O State as a Function of VCCI and VCC Voltage Levels is new.	2-5
	EQ 2 was updated. The temperature was changed to 100°C, and therefore the end result changed.	2-6
	The table notes for Table 2-9 • Quiescent Supply Current (IDD) Characteristics, IGLOO Flash*Freeze Mode*, Table 2-10 • Quiescent Supply Current (IDD) Characteristics, IGLOO Sleep Mode*, and Table 2-11 • Quiescent Supply Current (IDD) Characteristics, IGLOO Shutdown Mode were updated to remove VMV and include PDC6 and PDC7. VCCI and VJTAG were removed from the statement about IDD in the table note for Table 2-11 • Quiescent Supply Current (IDD) Characteristics, IGLOO Shutdown Mode.	2-7
	Note 2 of Table 2-12 • Quiescent Supply Current (IDD), No IGLOO Flash*Freeze Mode1 was updated to include VCCPLL. Note 4 was updated to include PDC6 and PDC7.	2-9