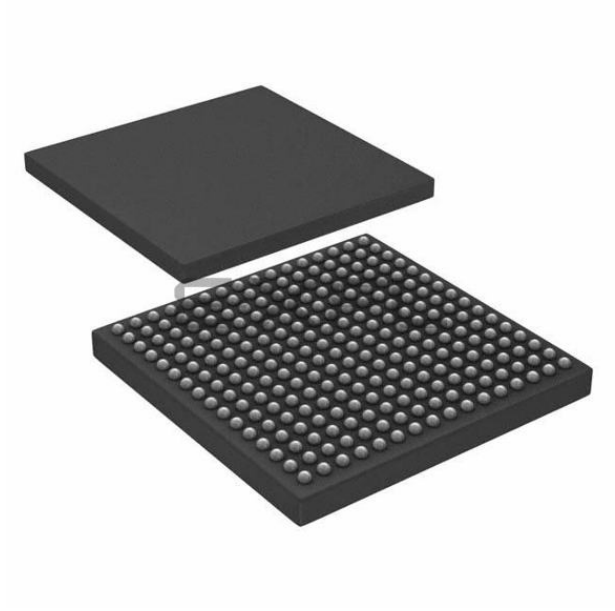

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

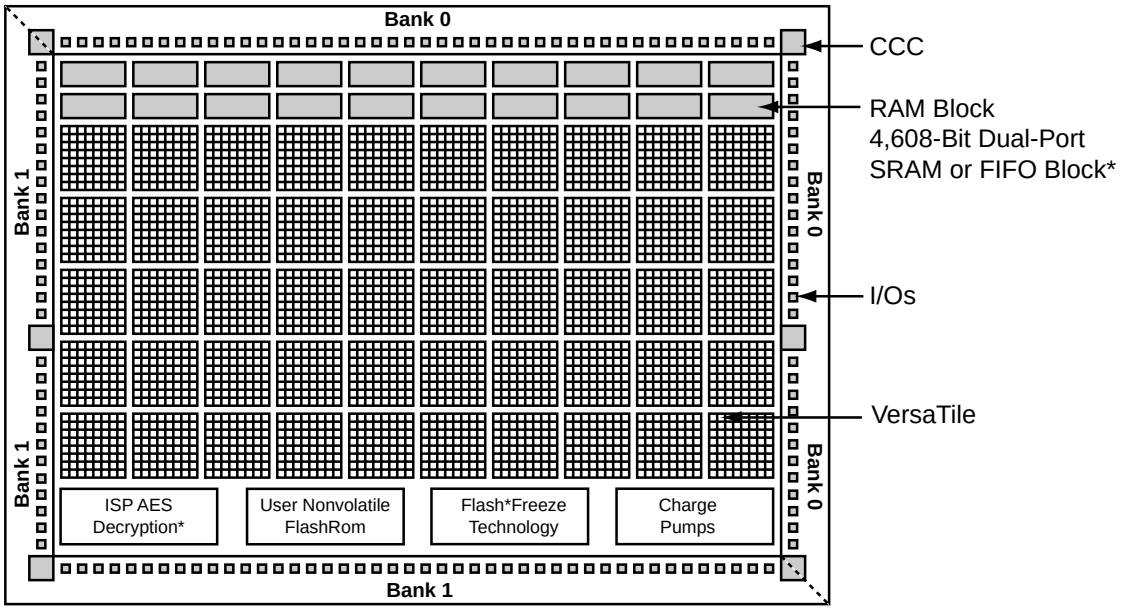
Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	13824
Total RAM Bits	110592
Number of I/O	177
Number of Gates	600000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/agl600v2-fg256

VersaTiles are connected with any of the four levels of routing hierarchy. Flash switches are distributed throughout the device to provide nonvolatile, reconfigurable interconnect programming. Maximum core utilization is possible for virtually any design.



*Note: *Not supported by AGL015 and AGL030 devices*

Figure 1-1 • **IGLOO Device Architecture Overview with Two I/O Banks (AGL015, AGL030, AGL060, and AGL125)**

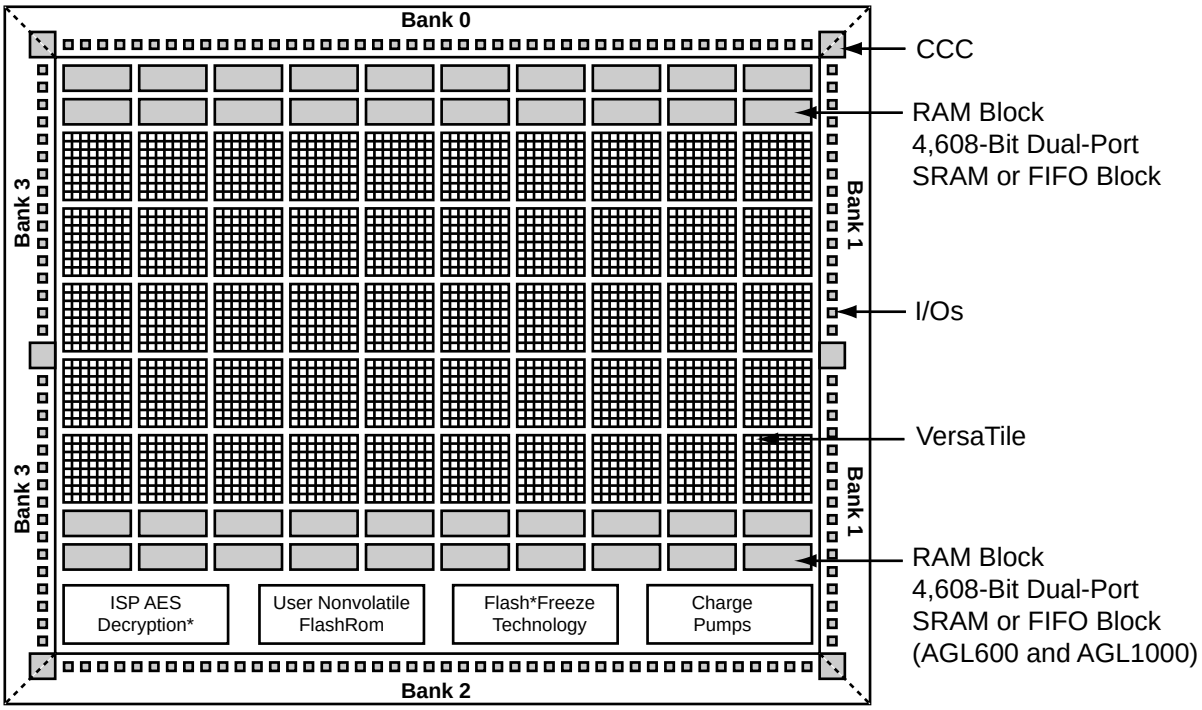


Figure 1-2 • **IGLOO Device Architecture Overview with Four I/O Banks (AGL250, AGL600, AGL400, and AGL1000)**

Table 2-2 • **Recommended Operating Conditions** [1]

Symbol	Parameter		Commercial	Industrial	Units
T_J	Junction Temperature [2]		0 to +85	–40 to +100	°C
VCC[3]	1.5 V DC core supply voltage[5]		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
	1.2 V–1.5 V wide range DC core supply voltage [4,6]		1.14 to 1.575	1.14 to 1.575	V
VJTAG	JTAG DC voltage		1.4 to 3.6	1.4 to 3.6	V
VPUMP	Programming voltage	Programming Mode	3.15 to 3.45	3.15 to 3.45	V
		Operation [7]	0 to 3.6	0 to 3.6	V
VCCPLL[8]	Analog power supply (PLL)	1.5 V DC core supply voltage[5]	1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
		1.2 V – 1.5 V DC core supply voltage[4,6]	1.14 to 1.575	1.14 to 1.575	V
VCCI and VMV [9]	1.2 V DC core supply voltage[6]		1.14 to 1.26	1.14 to 1.26	V
	1.2 V DC wide range DC supply voltage[6]		1.14 to 1.575	1.14 to 1.575	V
	1.5 V DC supply voltage		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
	1.8 V DC supply voltage		1.7 to 1.9	1.7 to 1.9	V
	2.5 V DC supply voltage		2.3 to 2.7	2.3 to 2.7	V
	3.0 V DC supply voltage [10]		2.7 to 3.6	2.7 to 3.6	V
	3.3 V DC supply voltage		3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V
	LVDS differential I/O		2.375 to 2.625	2.375 to 2.625	V
	LVPECL differential I/O		3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

Notes:

1. *All parameters representing voltages are measured with respect to GND unless otherwise specified.*
2. *Software Default Junction Temperature Range in the Libero SoC software is set to 0°C to +70°C for commercial, and -40°C to +85°C for industrial. To ensure targeted reliability standards are met across the full range of junction temperatures, Microsemi recommends using custom settings for temperature range before running timing and power analysis tools. For more information on custom settings, refer to the New Project Dialog Box in the Libero SoC Online Help.*
3. *The ranges given here are for power supplies only. The recommended input voltage ranges specific to each I/O standard are given in Table 2-25 on page 2-24. VCCI should be at the same voltage within a given I/O bank.*
4. *All IGLOO devices (V5 and V2) must be programmed with the VCC core voltage at 1.5 V. Applications using the V2 devices powered by 1.2 V supply must switch the core supply to 1.5 V for in-system programming.*
5. *For IGLOO® V5 devices*
6. *For IGLOO V2 devices only, operating at VCCI ≥ VCC.*
7. *VPUMP can be left floating during operation (not programming mode).*
8. *VCCPLL pins should be tied to VCC pins. See the "Pin Descriptions" chapter of the* IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide *for further information.*
9. *VMV and VCCI must be at the same voltage within a given I/O bank. VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" on page 3-1 for further information.*
10. *3.3 V wide range is compliant to the JESD-8B specification and supports 3.0 V VCCI operation.*

Power Consumption of Various Internal Resources

Table 2-19 • **Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in IGLOO Devices For IGLOO V2 or V5 Devices, 1.5 V DC Core Supply Voltage**

Parameter	Definition	Device Specific Dynamic Power (µW/MHz)							
		AGL1000	**AGL600**	**AGL400**	**AGL250**	**AGL125**	**AGL060**	**AGL030**	**AGL015**
PAC1	Clock contribution of a Global Rib	7.778	6.221	6.082	4.460	4.446	2.736	0.000	0.000
PAC2	Clock contribution of a Global Spine	4.334	3.512	2.759	2.718	1.753	1.971	3.483	3.483
PAC3	Clock contribution of a VersaTile row	1.379	1.445	1.377	1.483	1.467	1.503	1.472	1.472
PAC4	Clock contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.151	0.149	0.151	0.149	0.149	0.151	0.146	0.146
PAC5	First contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.057							
PAC6	Second contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.207							
PAC7	Contribution of a VersaTile used as a combinatorial module	0.276	0.262	0.279	0.277	0.280	0.300	0.281	0.273
PAC8	Average contribution of a routing net	1.161	1.147	1.193	1.273	1.076	1.088	1.134	1.153
PAC9	Contribution of an I/O input pin (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-13 on page 2-10 through Table 2-15 on page 2-11.							
PAC10	Contribution of an I/O output pin (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-16 on page 2-11 through Table 2-18 on page 2-12.							
PAC11	Average contribution of a RAM block during a read operation	25.00							
PAC12	Average contribution of a RAM block during a write operation	30.00							
PAC13	Dynamic PLL contribution	2.70							

Note: For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi power spreadsheet calculator or SmartPower tool in Libero SoC.

Table 2-27 • **Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions—Software Default Settings**
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option[2]	Slew Rate	VIL		V_{IH}		VOL	V_{OH}	I_{OL}[1]	I_{OH}[1]
				Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[3]	100 µA	8 mA	High	–0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD-0.2	0.1	0.1
2.5 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	–0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.7	1.7	8	8
1.8 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4 mA	High	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	4	4
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	2 mA	High	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	2	2
1.2 V LVCMOS[4]	1 mA	1 mA	High	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	1	1
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range[4,5]	100 µA	1 mA	High	–0.3	0.3 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.1	VCCI – 0.1	0.1	0.1

Notes:

1. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
2. *The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 1.2 V or LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 µA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.*
3. *All LVMCOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.*
4. *Applicable to V2 Devices operating at VCCI ≥ VCC.*
5. *All LVCMOS 1.2 V software macros support LVCMOS 1.2 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-12 specification.*

1.8 V LVCMOS

Low-voltage CMOS for 1.8 V is an extension of the LVCMOS standard (JESD8-5) used for general-purpose 1.8 V applications. It uses a 1.8 V input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Table 2-95 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

1.8 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL[1]	IIH[2]
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA[3]	Max. mA[3]	µA[4]	µA[4]
2 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	2	2	9	11	10	10
4 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	4	4	17	22	10	10
6 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	6	6	35	44	10	10
8 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	8	8	45	51	10	10
12 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	12	12	91	74	10	10
16 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	16	16	91	74	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
2. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges*
3. *Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.*
4. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
5. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

Table 2-96 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

1.8 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL[1]	IIH[2]
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA[3]	Max. mA[3]	µA[4]	µA[4]
2 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	2	2	9	11	10	10
4 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	4	4	17	22	10	10
6 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	6	6	35	44	10	10
8 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI – 0.45	8	8	35	44	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
2. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges*
3. *Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.*
4. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
5. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

***Table 2-115* • 1.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	6.62	0.18	1.17	0.66	6.75	6.06	2.79	2.31	10.35	9.66	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	5.75	0.18	1.17	0.66	5.86	5.34	3.06	2.78	9.46	8.93	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	5.43	0.18	1.17	0.66	5.54	5.19	3.12	2.90	9.13	8.78	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	5.35	0.18	1.17	0.66	5.46	5.20	2.63	3.36	9.06	8.79	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	5.35	0.18	1.17	0.66	5.46	5.20	2.63	3.36	9.06	8.79	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

***Table 2-116* • 1.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	2.97	0.18	1.17	0.66	3.04	2.90	2.78	2.40	6.63	6.50	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	2.60	0.18	1.17	0.66	2.65	2.45	3.05	2.88	6.25	6.05	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	2.53	0.18	1.17	0.66	2.58	2.37	3.11	3.00	6.18	5.96	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	2.50	0.18	1.17	0.66	2.56	2.27	3.21	3.48	6.15	5.86	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	2.50	0.18	1.17	0.66	2.56	2.27	3.21	3.48	6.15	5.86	ns

Notes:

1. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

***Table 2-117* • 1.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	5.93	0.18	1.18	0.66	6.04	5.46	2.30	2.15	9.64	9.06	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	5.11	0.18	1.18	0.66	5.21	4.80	2.54	2.58	8.80	8.39	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

***Table 2-118* • 1.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V
Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	2.58	0.18	1.18	0.66	2.64	2.41	2.29	2.24	6.23	6.01	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	2.25	0.18	1.18	0.66	2.30	2.00	2.53	2.68	5.89	5.59	ns

Notes:

1. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.*

Table 2-155 • **Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes**

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
t_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	H, DOUT
t_{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	F, H
t_{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	F, H
t_{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	G, H
t_{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	G, H
t_{OPRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Data Register	L, DOUT
$t_{OREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Data Register	L, H
$t_{ORECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	L, H
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	H, EOUT
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	J, H
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	J, H
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	K, H
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	K, H
$t_{OEPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	I, EOUT
$t_{OEREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	I, H
$t_{ORECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	I, H
t_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	A, E
t_{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	C, A
t_{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	C, A
t_{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	B, A
t_{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	B, A
t_{IPRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Input Data Register	D, E
$t_{IREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Input Data Register	D, A
$t_{IRECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	D, A

*Note: *See Figure 2-16 on page 2-84 for more information.*

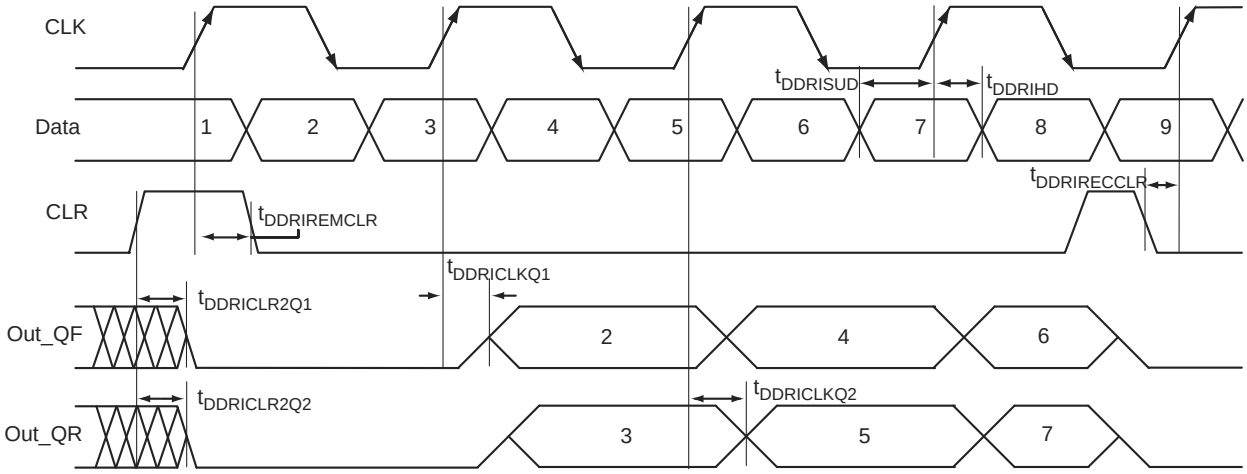


Figure 2-22 • **Input DDR Timing Diagram**

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-164 • **Input DDR Propagation Delays**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
$t_{DDRICLKQ1}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.48	ns
$t_{DDRICLKQ2}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.65	ns
$t_{DDRISUD1}$	Data Setup for Input DDR (negedge)	0.50	ns
$t_{DDRISUD2}$	Data Setup for Input DDR (posedge)	0.40	ns
$t_{DDRIHD1}$	Data Hold for Input DDR (negedge)	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRIHD2}$	Data Hold for Input DDR (posedge)	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRICLR2Q1}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.82	ns
$t_{DDRICLR2Q2}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.98	ns
$t_{DDRIREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Input DDR	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRIRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Input DDR	0.23	ns
$t_{DDRIWCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Input DDR	0.19	ns
$t_{DDRICKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for Input DDR	0.31	ns
$t_{DDRICKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for Input DDR	0.28	ns
$F_{DDRIMAX}$	Maximum Frequency for Input DDR	250.00	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

FIFO

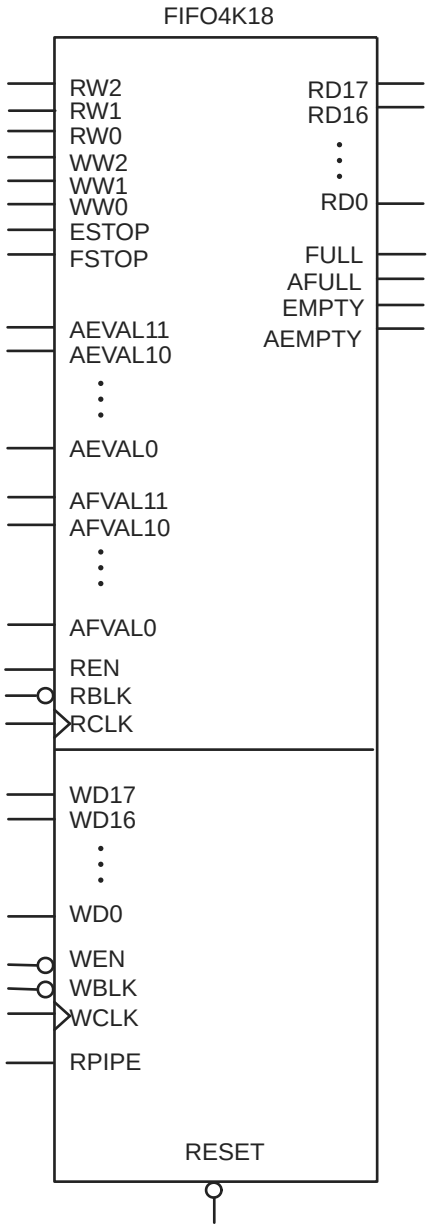


Figure 2-37 • **FIFO Model**

JTAG 1532 Characteristics

JTAG timing delays do not include JTAG I/Os. To obtain complete JTAG timing, add I/O buffer delays to the corresponding standard selected; refer to the I/O timing characteristics in the "User I/O Characteristics" section on page 2-20 for more details.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-199 • **JTAG 1532**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{DISU}	Test Data Input Setup Time	1.00	ns
t_{DIHD}	Test Data Input Hold Time	2.00	ns
t_{TMSSU}	Test Mode Select Setup Time	1.00	ns
t_{TMDHD}	Test Mode Select Hold Time	2.00	ns
t_{TCK2Q}	Clock to Q (data out)	8.00	ns
t_{RSTB2Q}	Reset to Q (data out)	25.00	ns
F_{TCKMAX}	TCK Maximum Frequency	15	MHz
$t_{TRSTREM}$	ResetB Removal Time	0.58	ns
$t_{TRSTREC}$	ResetB Recovery Time	0.00	ns
$t_{TRSTMPW}$	ResetB Minimum Pulse	TBD	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-200 • **JTAG 1532**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{DISU}	Test Data Input Setup Time	1.50	ns
t_{DIHD}	Test Data Input Hold Time	3.00	ns
t_{TMSSU}	Test Mode Select Setup Time	1.50	ns
t_{TMDHD}	Test Mode Select Hold Time	3.00	ns
t_{TCK2Q}	Clock to Q (data out)	11.00	ns
t_{RSTB2Q}	Reset to Q (data out)	30.00	ns
F_{TCKMAX}	TCK Maximum Frequency	9.00	MHz
$t_{TRSTREM}$	ResetB Removal Time	1.18	ns
$t_{TRSTREC}$	ResetB Recovery Time	0.00	ns
$t_{TRSTMPW}$	ResetB Minimum Pulse	TBD	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

QN68	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
1	IO82RSB1
2	IO80RSB1
3	IO78RSB1
4	IO76RSB1
5	GEC0/IO73RSB1
6	GEA0/IO72RSB1
7	GEB0/IO71RSB1
8	VCC
9	GND
10	VCCIB1
11	IO68RSB1
12	IO67RSB1
13	IO66RSB1
14	IO65RSB1
15	IO64RSB1
16	IO63RSB1
17	IO62RSB1
18	FF/IO60RSB1
19	IO58RSB1
20	IO56RSB1
21	IO54RSB1
22	IO52RSB1
23	IO51RSB1
24	VCC
25	GND
26	VCCIB1
27	IO50RSB1
28	IO48RSB1
29	IO46RSB1
30	IO44RSB1
31	IO42RSB1
32	TCK
33	TDI
34	TMS
35	VPUMP
36	TDO

QN68	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
37	TRST
38	VJTAG
39	IO40RSB0
40	IO37RSB0
41	GDB0/IO34RSB0
42	GDA0/IO33RSB0
43	GDC0/IO32RSB0
44	VCCIB0
45	GND
46	VCC
47	IO31RSB0
48	IO29RSB0
49	IO28RSB0
50	IO27RSB0
51	IO25RSB0
52	IO24RSB0
53	IO22RSB0
54	IO21RSB0
55	IO19RSB0
56	IO17RSB0
57	IO15RSB0
58	IO14RSB0
59	VCCIB0
60	GND
61	VCC
62	IO12RSB0
63	IO10RSB0
64	IO08RSB0
65	IO06RSB0
66	IO04RSB0
67	IO02RSB0
68	IO00RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	**AGL400 Function**
B7	NC
B8	NC
B9	NC
B10	NC
B11	NC
B12	NC
B13	NC
B14	NC
B15	NC
B16	NC
B17	NC
B18	NC
B19	NC
B20	NC
B21	VCCIB1
B22	GND
C1	VCCIB3
C2	NC
C3	NC
C4	NC
C5	GND
C6	NC
C7	NC
C8	VCC
C9	VCC
C10	NC
C11	NC
C12	NC
C13	NC
C14	VCC
C15	VCC
C16	NC
C17	NC
C18	GND
C19	NC
C20	NC

Datasheet Categories

Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device, as highlighted in the "IGLOO Device Status" table, is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advance or production) and contains general product information. This document gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advance

This version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production. This label only applies to the DC and Switching Characteristics chapter of the datasheet and will only be used when the data has not been fully characterized.

Preliminary

The datasheet contains information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.

Unmarked (production)

This version contains information that is considered to be final.

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