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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	13824
Total RAM Bits	110592
Number of I/O	215
Number of Gates	600000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	281-TFBGA, CSBGA
Supplier Device Package	281-CSP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/agl600v5-cs281

field upgrades with confidence that valuable intellectual property cannot be compromised or copied. Secure ISP can be performed using the industry-standard AES algorithm. The IGLOO family device architecture mitigates the need for ASIC migration at higher user volumes. This makes the IGLOO family a cost-effective ASIC replacement solution, especially for applications in the consumer, networking/communications, computing, and avionics markets.

Firm-Error Immunity

Firm errors occur most commonly when high-energy neutrons, generated in the upper atmosphere, strike a configuration cell of an SRAM FPGA. The energy of the collision can change the state of the configuration cell and thus change the logic, routing, or I/O behavior in an unpredictable way. These errors are impossible to prevent in SRAM FPGAs. The consequence of this type of error can be a complete system failure. Firm errors do not exist in the configuration memory of IGLOO flash-based FPGAs. Once it is programmed, the flash cell configuration element of IGLOO FPGAs cannot be altered by high-energy neutrons and is therefore immune to them. Recoverable (or soft) errors occur in the user data SRAM of all FPGA devices. These can easily be mitigated by using error detection and correction (EDAC) circuitry built into the FPGA fabric.

Advanced Flash Technology

The IGLOO family offers many benefits, including nonvolatility and reprogrammability, through an advanced flash-based, 130-nm LVC MOS process with seven layers of metal. Standard CMOS design techniques are used to implement logic and control functions. The combination of fine granularity, enhanced flexible routing resources, and abundant flash switches allows for very high logic utilization without compromising device routability or performance. Logic functions within the device are interconnected through a four-level routing hierarchy.

IGLOO family FPGAs utilize design and process techniques to minimize power consumption in all modes of operation.

Advanced Architecture

The proprietary IGLOO architecture provides granularity comparable to standard-cell ASICs. The IGLOO device consists of five distinct and programmable architectural features (Figure 1-1 on page 1-4 and Figure 1-2 on page 1-4):

- Flash*Freeze technology
- FPGA VersaTiles
- Dedicated FlashROM
- Dedicated SRAM/FIFO memory[†]
- Extensive CCCs and PLLs[†]
- Advanced I/O structure

The FPGA core consists of a sea of VersaTiles. Each VersaTile can be configured as a three-input logic function, a D-flip-flop (with or without enable), or a latch by programming the appropriate flash switch interconnections. The versatility of the IGLOO core tile as either a three-input lookup table (LUT) equivalent or a D-flip-flop/latch with enable allows for efficient use of the FPGA fabric. The VersaTile capability is unique to the ProASIC® family of third-generation-architecture flash FPGAs.

[†] The AGL015 and AGL030 do not support PLL or SRAM.

Power Consumption of Various Internal Resources

Table 2-19 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in IGLOO Devices For IGLOO V2 or V5 Devices, 1.5 V DC Core Supply Voltage

Parameter	Definition	Device Specific Dynamic Power ($\mu\text{W}/\text{MHz}$)							
		AGL1000	AGL600	AGL400	AGL250	AGL125	AGL060	AGL030	AGL015
PAC1	Clock contribution of a Global Rib	7.778	6.221	6.082	4.460	4.446	2.736	0.000	0.000
PAC2	Clock contribution of a Global Spine	4.334	3.512	2.759	2.718	1.753	1.971	3.483	3.483
PAC3	Clock contribution of a VersaTile row	1.379	1.445	1.377	1.483	1.467	1.503	1.472	1.472
PAC4	Clock contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.151	0.149	0.151	0.149	0.149	0.151	0.146	0.146
PAC5	First contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.057							
PAC6	Second contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.207							
PAC7	Contribution of a VersaTile used as a combinatorial module	0.276	0.262	0.279	0.277	0.280	0.300	0.281	0.273
PAC8	Average contribution of a routing net	1.161	1.147	1.193	1.273	1.076	1.088	1.134	1.153
PAC9	Contribution of an I/O input pin (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-13 on page 2-10 through Table 2-15 on page 2-11.							
PAC10	Contribution of an I/O output pin (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-16 on page 2-11 through Table 2-18 on page 2-12.							
PAC11	Average contribution of a RAM block during a read operation	25.00							
PAC12	Average contribution of a RAM block during a write operation	30.00							
PAC13	Dynamic PLL contribution	2.70							

Note: For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi power spreadsheet calculator or SmartPower tool in Libero SoC.

Table 2-22 • Different Components Contributing to the Static Power Consumption in IGLOO Device For IGLOO V2 Devices, 1.2 V DC Core Supply Voltage

Parameter	Definition	Device Specific Static Power (mW)							
		AGL1000	AGL600	AGL400	AGL250	AGL125	AGL060	AGL030	AGL015
PDC1	Array static power in Active mode	See Table 2-12 on page 2-9.							
PDC2	Array static power in Static (Idle) mode	See Table 2-11 on page 2-8.							
PDC3	Array static power in Flash*Freeze mode	See Table 2-9 on page 2-7.							
PDC4	Static PLL contribution	0.90							
PDC5	Bank quiescent power (VCCI-Dependent)	See Table 2-12 on page 2-9.							
PDC6	I/O input pin static power (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-13 on page 2-10 through Table 2-15 on page 2-11.							
PDC7	I/O output pin static power (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-16 on page 2-11 through Table 2-18 on page 2-12.							

Note: For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi power spreadsheet calculator or SmartPower tool in Libero SoC.

Table 2-33 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings, Std. Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI (per standard)
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹ (mA)	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor (Ω)	t_{DOUT} (ns)	t_{DIN} (ns)	t_{PY} (ns)	t_{EOUT} (ns)	t_{ZL} (ns)	t_{ZH} (ns)	t_{LZ} (ns)	t_{HZ} (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8	High	5	–	0.97	1.85	0.18	0.83	0.66	1.89	1.46	1.96	2.26 ns
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ²	100 μ A	8	High	5	–	0.97	2.62	0.18	1.17	0.66	2.63	2.02	2.79	3.17 ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8	High	5	–	0.97	1.88	0.18	1.04	0.66	1.92	1.63	1.95	2.15 ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4	High	5	–	0.97	2.18	0.18	0.98	0.66	2.22	1.93	1.97	2.06 ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	2	High	5	–	0.97	2.51	0.18	1.14	0.66	2.56	2.21	1.99	2.03 ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Detailed I/O DC Characteristics

Table 2-37 • Input Capacitance

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		8	pF
C_{INCLK}	Input capacitance on the clock pin	$V_{IN} = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		8	pF

Table 2-38 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Standard	Drive Strength	$R_{PULL-DOWN}$ (Ω) ²	$R_{PULL-UP}$ (Ω) ³
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	300
	4 mA	100	300
	6 mA	50	150
	8 mA	50	150
	12 mA	25	75
	16 mA	17	50
	24 mA	11	33
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	100 μA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	200
	4 mA	100	200
	6 mA	50	100
	8 mA	50	100
	12 mA	25	50
	16 mA	20	40
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	67	75
	8 mA	33	37
	12 mA	33	37
1.2 V LVCMOS ⁴	2 mA	158	164
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	100 μA	Same as regular 1.2 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 1.2 V LVCMOS
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	25	75

Notes:

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on V_{CCI} , drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (V_{OLspec}) / I_{OLspec}$
3. $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (V_{CCI_{max}} - V_{OHspec}) / I_{OHspec}$
4. Applicable to IGLOO V2 Devices operating at $V_{CCI} \geq V_{CC}$

Timing Characteristics

Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-51 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	4.47	0.18	0.85	0.66	4.56	3.89	2.24	2.19	8.15	7.48	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	4.47	0.18	0.85	0.66	4.56	3.89	2.24	2.19	8.15	7.48	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	3.74	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.82	3.37	2.49	2.63	7.42	6.96	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	3.74	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.82	3.37	2.49	2.63	7.42	6.96	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	3.23	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.30	2.98	2.66	2.91	6.89	6.57	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	3.08	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.14	2.89	2.70	2.99	6.74	6.48	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.97	3.00	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.06	2.91	2.74	3.27	6.66	6.50	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-52 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	2.73	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.79	2.22	2.25	2.32	6.38	5.82	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	2.73	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.79	2.22	2.25	2.32	6.38	5.82	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	2.32	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.37	1.85	2.50	2.76	5.96	5.45	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	2.32	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.37	1.85	2.50	2.76	5.96	5.45	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	2.09	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.14	1.68	2.67	3.05	5.73	5.27	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	2.05	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.10	1.64	2.70	3.12	5.69	5.24	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.97	2.07	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.12	1.60	2.75	3.41	5.71	5.20	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-53 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	3.94	0.18	0.85	0.66	4.02	3.46	1.98	2.03	7.62	7.05	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	3.94	0.18	0.85	0.66	4.02	3.46	1.98	2.03	7.62	7.05	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	3.24	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.31	2.99	2.21	2.42	6.90	6.59	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	3.24	0.18	0.85	0.66	3.31	2.99	2.21	2.42	6.90	6.59	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	2.76	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.82	2.63	2.36	2.68	6.42	6.22	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	2.76	0.18	0.85	0.66	2.82	2.63	2.36	2.68	6.42	6.22	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-60 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	2.89	0.26	0.97	1.10	2.93	2.38	2.53	2.96	8.72	8.17	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	2.89	0.26	0.97	1.10	2.93	2.38	2.53	2.96	8.72	8.17	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.50	0.26	0.97	1.10	2.54	2.04	2.77	3.37	8.33	7.82	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.50	0.26	0.97	1.10	2.54	2.04	2.77	3.37	8.33	7.82	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	2.31	0.26	0.97	1.10	2.34	1.86	2.93	3.64	8.12	7.65	ns
16 mA	Std.	1.55	2.31	0.26	0.97	1.10	2.34	1.86	2.93	3.64	8.12	7.65	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-61 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	4.39	0.26	0.94	1.10	4.46	3.91	2.17	2.44	ns		
4 mA	Std.	1.55	4.39	0.26	0.94	1.10	4.46	3.91	2.17	2.44	ns		
6 mA	Std.	1.55	3.72	0.26	0.94	1.10	3.78	3.43	2.40	2.85	ns		
8 mA	Std.	1.55	3.72	0.26	0.94	1.10	3.78	3.43	2.40	2.85	ns		

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-62 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	2.74	0.26	0.94	1.10	2.78	2.26	2.17	2.55	ns		
4 mA	Std.	1.55	2.74	0.26	0.94	1.10	2.78	2.26	2.17	2.55	ns		
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.38	0.26	0.94	1.10	2.41	1.92	2.40	2.96	ns		
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.38	0.26	0.94	1.10	2.41	1.92	2.40	2.96	ns		

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-77 • 3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14 \text{ V}$, Worst-Case $VCCI = 2.7$
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
100 μA	2 mA	Std.	1.55	6.44	0.26	1.29	1.10	6.44	5.64	2.99	3.28	ns
100 μA	4 mA	Std.	1.55	6.44	0.26	1.29	1.10	6.44	5.64	2.99	3.28	ns
100 μA	6 mA	Std.	1.55	5.41	0.26	1.29	1.10	5.41	4.91	3.35	3.89	ns
100 μA	8 mA	Std.	1.55	5.41	0.26	1.29	1.10	5.41	4.91	3.35	3.89	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVC MOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$. Drive strengths displayed in software are supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-78 • 3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14 \text{ V}$, Worst-Case $VCCI = 2.7$
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
100 μA	2 mA	Std.	1.55	3.89	0.26	1.29	1.10	3.89	3.13	2.99	3.45	ns
100 μA	4 mA	Std.	1.55	3.89	0.26	1.29	1.10	3.89	3.13	2.99	3.45	ns
100 μA	6 mA	Std.	1.55	3.33	0.26	1.29	1.10	3.33	2.62	3.34	4.07	ns
100 μA	8 mA	Std.	1.55	3.33	0.26	1.29	1.10	3.33	2.62	3.34	4.07	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVC MOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$. Drive strengths displayed in software are supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.
3. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

2.5 V LVCMOS

Low-Voltage CMOS for 2.5 V is an extension of the LVCMOS standard (JESD8-5) used for general-purpose 2.5 V applications.

**Table 2-79 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

2.5 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	2	2	16	18	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	4	4	16	18	10	10
6 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	6	6	32	37	10	10
8 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	8	8	32	37	10	10
12 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	12	12	65	74	10	10
16 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	16	16	83	87	10	10
24 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	24	24	169	124	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3 \text{ V} < \text{VIN} < \text{VIL}$.
2. *IIH* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $\text{VIH} < \text{VIN} < \text{VCCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

**Table 2-80 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks**

2.5 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	2	2	16	18	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	4	4	16	18	10	10
6 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	6	6	32	37	10	10
8 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	8	8	32	37	10	10
12 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	12	12	65	74	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3 \text{ V} < \text{VIN} < \text{VIL}$.
2. *IIH* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $\text{VIH} < \text{VIN} < \text{VCCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-92 • 2.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Plus Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	2.91	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.95	2.66	2.50	2.72	8.74	8.45	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	2.91	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.95	2.66	2.50	2.72	8.74	8.45	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.51	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.54	2.18	2.75	3.21	8.33	7.97	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.51	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.54	2.18	2.75	3.21	8.33	7.97	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	2.29	0.26	1.19	1.10	2.32	1.94	2.94	3.52	8.10	7.73	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-93 • 2.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	4.85	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.93	4.55	2.13	2.24			ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	4.85	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.93	4.55	2.13	2.24			ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	4.09	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.16	3.95	2.38	2.71			ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	4.09	0.26	1.15	1.10	4.16	3.95	2.38	2.71			ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-94 • 2.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	2.76	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.80	2.52	2.13	2.32			ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	2.76	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.80	2.52	2.13	2.32			ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.39	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.42	2.05	2.38	2.80			ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.39	0.26	1.15	1.10	2.42	2.05	2.38	2.80			ns

Notes:

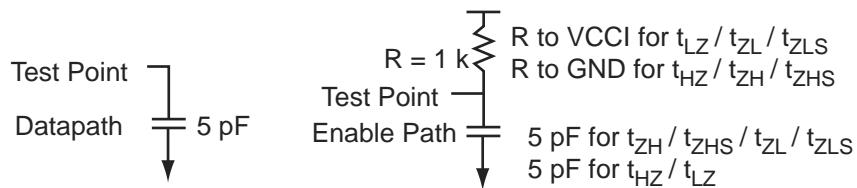
1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-97 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

1.8 V LVC MOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	µA ⁴	µA ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI - 0.45	2	2	9	11	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI - 0.45	4	4	17	22	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3 \text{ V} < \text{VIN} < \text{VIL}$.
2. *IIH* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $\text{VIH} < \text{VIN} < \text{VCCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

**Figure 2-9 • AC Loading****Table 2-98 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	1.8	0.9	5

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-29 on page 2-28 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics**1.5 V DC Core Voltage****Table 2-99 • 1.8 V LVC MOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	t _{ZLS}	t _{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.97	6.38	0.18	1.01	0.66	6.51	5.93	2.33	1.56	10.10	9.53	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.97	5.35	0.18	1.01	0.66	5.46	5.04	2.67	2.38	9.05	8.64	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.97	4.62	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.71	4.44	2.90	2.79	8.31	8.04	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.97	4.37	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.46	4.31	2.95	2.89	8.05	7.90	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.97	4.32	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.37	4.32	3.03	3.30	7.97	7.92	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.97	4.32	0.18	1.01	0.66	4.37	4.32	3.03	3.30	7.97	7.92	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-104 • 1.8 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core VoltageCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Applicable to Standard Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	2.62	0.18	0.98	0.66	2.67	2.59	1.67	1.29	2.62	ns
4 mA	Std.	2.18	0.18	0.98	0.66	2.22	1.93	1.97	2.06	2.18	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Table 2-105 • 1.8 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	6.97	0.26	1.11	1.10	7.08	6.48	2.87	2.29	12.87	12.27	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	5.91	0.26	1.11	1.10	6.01	5.57	3.21	3.14	11.79	11.36	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	5.16	0.26	1.11	1.10	5.24	4.95	3.45	3.55	11.03	10.74	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	4.90	0.26	1.11	1.10	4.98	4.81	3.50	3.66	10.77	10.60	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	4.83	0.26	1.11	1.10	4.90	4.83	3.58	4.08	10.68	10.61	ns
16 mA	Std.	1.55	4.83	0.26	1.11	1.10	4.90	4.83	3.58	4.08	10.68	10.61	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-106 • 1.8 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core VoltageCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	1.55	3.73	0.26	1.11	1.10	3.71	3.73	2.86	2.34	9.49	9.51	ns
4 mA	Std.	1.55	3.12	0.26	1.11	1.10	3.16	2.97	3.21	3.22	8.95	8.75	ns
6 mA	Std.	1.55	2.79	0.26	1.11	1.10	2.83	2.59	3.45	3.65	8.62	8.38	ns
8 mA	Std.	1.55	2.73	0.26	1.11	1.10	2.77	2.52	3.50	3.75	8.56	8.30	ns
12 mA	Std.	1.55	2.72	0.26	1.11	1.10	2.76	2.43	3.58	4.19	8.55	8.22	ns
16 mA	Std.	1.55	2.72	0.26	1.11	1.10	2.76	2.43	3.58	4.19	8.55	8.22	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-151 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
V _{CCI}	Supply Voltage	3.0		3.3		3.6		V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	0.96	1.27	1.06	1.43	1.30	1.57	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	1.8	2.11	1.92	2.28	2.13	2.41	V
V _{IL} , V _{IH}	Input Low, Input High Voltages	0	3.6	0	3.6	0	3.6	V
V _{ODIFF}	Differential Output Voltage	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	V
V _{OCM}	Output Common-Mode Voltage	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	V
V _{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	V
V _{IDIFF}	Input Differential Voltage	300		300		300		mV

Table 2-152 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)
1.64	1.94	Cross point

Note: *Measuring point = V_{trip} . See Table 2-28 on page 2-104 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-153 • LVPECL – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case V_{CC} = 1.425 V, Worst-Case V_{CCI} = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	Units
Std.	0.97	1.67	0.19	1.16	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-154 • LVPECL – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case V_{CC} = 1.14 V, Worst-Case V_{CCI} = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	Units
Std.	1.55	2.24	0.25	1.37	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-156 • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
t_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	HH, DOUT
t_{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OCLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	LL, DOUT
$t_{OREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	HH, EOUT
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	II, EOUT
$t_{OREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
t_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	AA, EE
t_{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{ICLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	DD, EE
$t_{IREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA
$t_{IRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA

Note: *See Figure 2-17 on page 2-86 for more information.

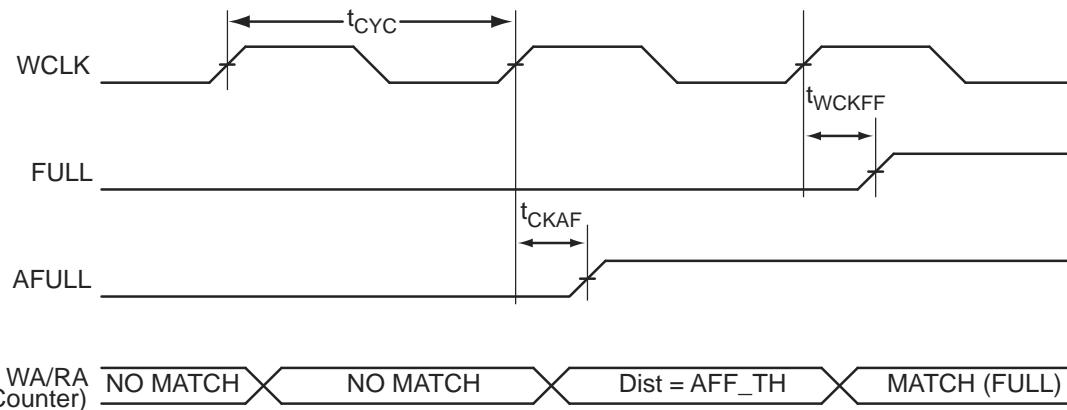


Figure 2-42 • FIFO FULL Flag and AFULL Flag Assertion

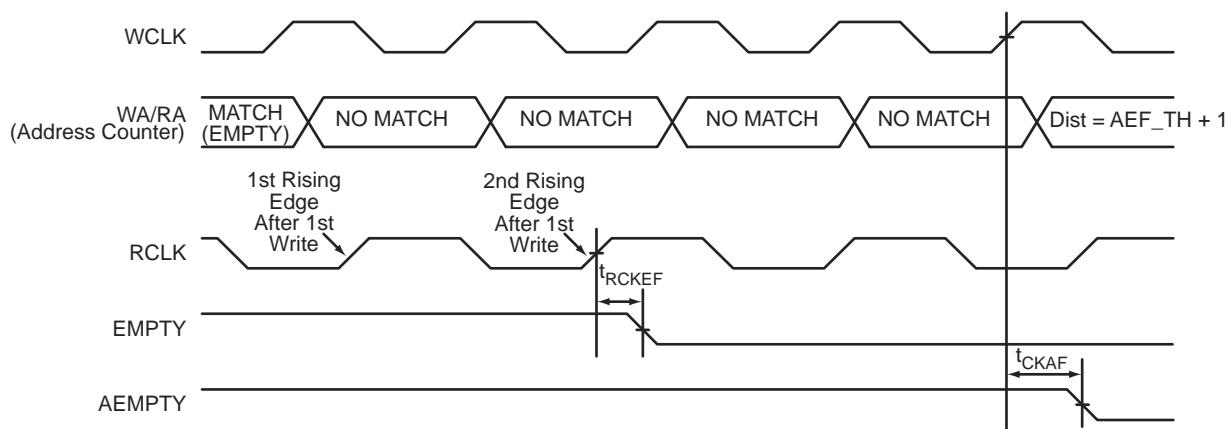


Figure 2-43 • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Deassertion

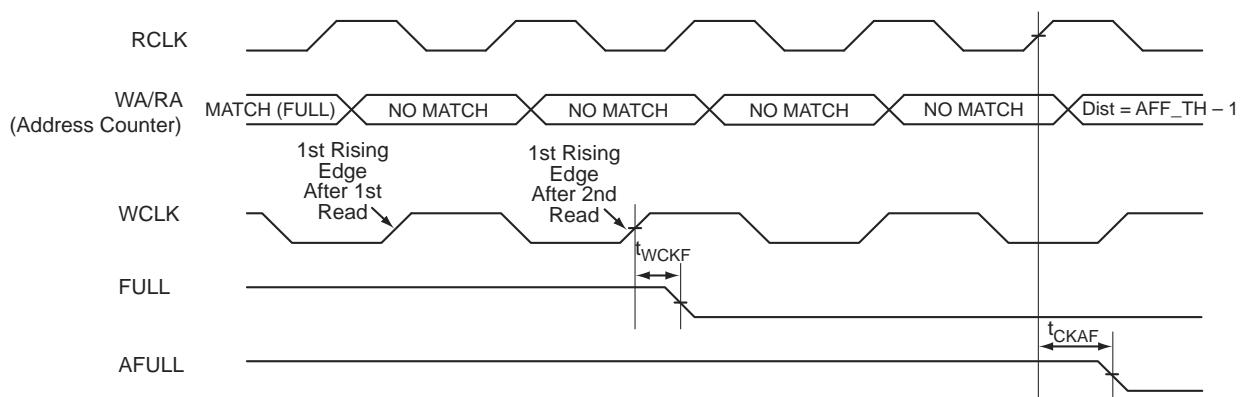


Figure 2-44 • FIFO FULL Flag and AFULL Flag Deassertion

CS81	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
A1	IO00RSB0
A2	IO02RSB0
A3	IO06RSB0
A4	IO11RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	IO19RSB0
A7	IO22RSB0
A8	IO24RSB0
A9	IO26RSB0
B1	IO81RSB1
B2	IO04RSB0
B3	IO10RSB0
B4	IO13RSB0
B5	IO15RSB0
B6	IO20RSB0
B7	IO21RSB0
B8	IO28RSB0
B9	IO25RSB0
C1	IO79RSB1
C2	IO80RSB1
C3	IO08RSB0
C4	IO12RSB0
C5	IO17RSB0
C6	IO14RSB0
C7	IO18RSB0
C8	IO29RSB0
C9	IO27RSB0
D1	IO74RSB1
D2	IO76RSB1
D3	IO77RSB1
D4	VCC
D5	VCCIB0
D6	GND
D7	IO23RSB0
D8	IO31RSB0
D9	IO30RSB0

CS81	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
E1	GEB0/IO71RSB1
E2	GEA0/IO72RSB1
E3	GEC0/IO73RSB1
E4	VCCIB1
E5	VCC
E6	VCCIB0
E7	GDC0/IO32RSB0
E8	GDA0/IO33RSB0
E9	GDB0/IO34RSB0
F1	IO68RSB1
F2	IO67RSB1
F3	IO64RSB1
F4	GND
F5	VCCIB1
F6	IO47RSB1
F7	IO36RSB0
F8	IO38RSB0
F9	IO40RSB0
G1	IO65RSB1
G2	IO66RSB1
G3	IO57RSB1
G4	IO53RSB1
G5	IO49RSB1
G6	IO44RSB1
G7	IO46RSB1
G8	VJTAG
G9	TRST
H1	IO62RSB1
H2	FF/IO60RSB1
H3	IO58RSB1
H4	IO54RSB1
H5	IO48RSB1
H6	IO43RSB1
H7	IO42RSB1
H8	TDI
H9	TDO

CS81	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
J1	IO63RSB1
J2	IO61RSB1
J3	IO59RSB1
J4	IO56RSB1
J5	IO52RSB1
J6	IO45RSB1
J7	TCK
J8	TMS
J9	VPUMP

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
Y7	NC
Y8	VCC
Y9	VCC
Y10	NC
Y11	NC
Y12	NC
Y13	NC
Y14	VCC
Y15	VCC
Y16	NC
Y17	NC
Y18	GND
Y19	NC
Y20	NC
Y21	NC
Y22	VCCIB1

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
N17	IO80NPB1
N18	IO74NPB1
N19	IO72NDB1
N20	NC
N21	IO79NPB1
N22	NC
P1	NC
P2	IO153PDB3
P3	IO153NDB3
P4	IO159NDB3
P5	IO156NPB3
P6	IO151PPB3
P7	IO158PPB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO87NPB1
P17	IO85NDB1
P18	IO85PDB1
P19	IO84PDB1
P20	NC
P21	IO81PDB1
P22	NC
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	VCC
R4	IO150PDB3
R5	IO151NPB3
R6	IO147NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO146NPB3
R8	VMV3

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
U1	IO149PDB3
U2	IO149NDB3
U3	NC
U4	GEB1/IO145PDB3
U5	GEB0/IO145NDB3
U6	VMV2
U7	IO138RSB2
U8	IO136RSB2
U9	IO131RSB2
U10	IO124RSB2
U11	IO119RSB2
U12	IO107RSB2
U13	IO104RSB2
U14	IO97RSB2
U15	VMV1
U16	TCK
U17	VPUMP
U18	TRST
U19	GDA0/IO88NDB1
U20	NC
U21	IO83NDB1
U22	NC
V1	NC
V2	NC
V3	GND
V4	GEA1/IO144PDB3
V5	GEA0/IO144NDB3
V6	IO139RSB2
V7	GEC2/IO141RSB2
V8	IO132RSB2
V9	IO127RSB2
V10	IO121RSB2
V11	IO114RSB2
V12	IO109RSB2
V13	IO105RSB2
V14	IO98RSB2

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 23 (December 2012)	The "IGLOO Ordering Information" section has been updated to mention "Y" as "Blank" mentioning "Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio" (SAR 43173).	III
	The note in Table 2-189 · IGLOO CCC/PLL Specification and Table 2-190 · IGLOO CCC/PLL Specification referring the reader to SmartGen was revised to refer instead to the online help associated with the core (SAR 42564). Additionally, note regarding SSOs was added.	2-115, 2-116
	Live at Power-Up (LAPU) has been replaced with 'Instant On'.	NA
Revision 22 (September 2012)	The "Security" section was modified to clarify that Microsemi does not support read-back of programmed data.	1-2
	Libero Integrated Design Environment (IDE) was changed to Libero System-on-Chip (SoC) throughout the document (SAR 40271).	N/A
Revision 21 (May 2012)	Under AGL125, in the Package Pin list, CS121 was incorrectly added to the datasheet in revision 19 and has been removed (SAR 38217).	I to IV
	Corrected the inadvertent error for Max Values for LVPECL VIH and revised the same to '3.6' in Table 2-151 · Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels (SAR 37685).	2-82
	Figure 2-38 • FIFO Read and Figure 2-39 • FIFO Write have been added (SAR 34841).	2-127
	The following sentence was removed from the VMVx description in the "Pin Descriptions" section: "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" and replaced with "Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks" (SAR 38317). The datasheet mentions that "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins" for an ESD enhancement.	3-1