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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	13824
Total RAM Bits	110592
Number of I/O	215
Number of Gates	600000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	281-TFBGA, CSBGA
Supplier Device Package	281-CSP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m1agl600v2-csg281i

- Wide input frequency range (f_{IN_CCC}) = 1.5 MHz up to 250 MHz
- Output frequency range (f_{OUT_CCC}) = 0.75 MHz up to 250 MHz
- 2 programmable delay types for clock skew minimization
- Clock frequency synthesis (for PLL only)

Additional CCC specifications:

- Internal phase shift = 0°, 90°, 180°, and 270°. Output phase shift depends on the output divider configuration (for PLL only).
- Output duty cycle = 50% \pm 1.5% or better (for PLL only)
- Low output jitter: worst case < 2.5% \times clock period peak-to-peak period jitter when single global network used (for PLL only)
- Maximum acquisition time is 300 μ s (for PLL only)
- Exceptional tolerance to input period jitter—allowable input jitter is up to 1.5 ns (for PLL only)
- Four precise phases; maximum misalignment between adjacent phases of 40 ps \times 250 MHz / f_{OUT_CCC} (for PLL only)

Global Clocking

IGLOO devices have extensive support for multiple clocking domains. In addition to the CCC and PLL support described above, there is a comprehensive global clock distribution network.

Each VersaTile input and output port has access to nine VersaNets: six chip (main) and three quadrant global networks. The VersaNets can be driven by the CCC or directly accessed from the core via multiplexers (MUXes). The VersaNets can be used to distribute low-skew clock signals or for rapid distribution of high-fanout nets.

I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards

The IGLOO family of FPGAs features a flexible I/O structure, supporting a range of voltages (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.0 V wide range, and 3.3 V). IGLOO FPGAs support many different I/O standards—single-ended and differential.

The I/Os are organized into banks, with two or four banks per device. The configuration of these banks determines the I/O standards supported (Table 1-1).

Table 1-1 • I/O Standards Supported

I/O Bank Type	Device and Bank Location	I/O Standards Supported		
		LVTTL/ LVCMOS	PCI/PCI-X	LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS, M-LVDS
Advanced	East and west banks of AGL250 and larger devices	✓	✓	✓
Standard Plus	North and south banks of AGL250 and larger devices All banks of AGL060 and AGL125K	✓	✓	Not supported
Standard	All banks of AGL015 and AGL030	✓	Not supported	Not supported

Each I/O module contains several input, output, and enable registers. These registers allow the implementation of the following:

- Single-Data-Rate applications
- Double-Data-Rate applications—DDR LVDS, B-LVDS, and M-LVDS I/Os for point-to-point communications

IGLOO banks for the AGL250 device and above support LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS, and M-LVDS. B-LVDS and M-LVDS can support up to 20 loads.

Hot-swap (also called hot-plug, or hot-insertion) is the operation of hot-insertion or hot-removal of a card in a powered-up system.

Cold-sparing (also called cold-swap) refers to the ability of a device to leave system data undisturbed when the system is powered up, while the component itself is powered down, or when power supplies are floating.

Figure 1-5 • I/O States During Programming Window

6. Click OK to return to the FlashPoint – Programming File Generator window.

Note: I/O States During programming are saved to the ADB and resulting programming files after completing programming file generation.

Table 2-65 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels for LVCMOS 3.3 V Wide Range
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range		VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	μA	μA	Max. mA ⁴	Max. mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$. Drive strengths displayed in software are supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3 \text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < V_{\text{IL}}$.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{\text{IH}} < V_{\text{IN}} < V_{\text{CCI}}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
4. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
5. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-66 • 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	3.3	1.4	5

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-29 on page 2-28 for a complete table of trip points.

3.3 V PCI, 3.3 V PCI-X

Peripheral Component Interface for 3.3 V standard specifies support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI Bus applications.

Table 2-141 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Advanced and Standard Plus I/Os

3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSH	IOSL	IIL	IIH
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ¹	Max. mA ¹	μA ²	μA ²
Per PCI specification	Per PCI curves										10	10

Notes:

1. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

AC loadings are defined per the PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loadings for enable path characterization are described in Figure 2-12.

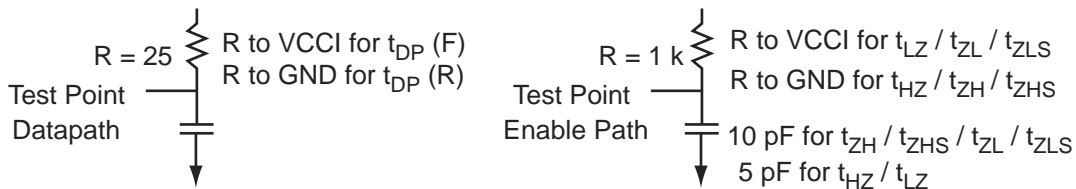


Figure 2-12 • AC Loading

AC loadings are defined per PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loading for tristate is described in Table 2-142.

Table 2-142 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	3.3	0.285 * VCCI for t _{DP(R)} 0.615 * VCCI for t _{DP(F)}	10

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-29 on page 2-28 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-143 • 3.3 V PCI/PCI-X

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	t _{ZLS}	t _{ZHS}	Units
Std.	0.97	2.32	0.19	0.70	0.66	2.37	1.78	2.67	3.05	5.96	5.38	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-144 • 3.3 V PCI/PCI-X

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	t _{ZLS}	t _{ZHS}	Units
Std.	0.97	1.97	0.19	0.70	0.66	2.01	1.50	2.36	2.79	5.61	5.10	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-147 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	0.9	1.075	1.25	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
IOL ¹	Output Lower Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
IOH ¹	Output High Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
VI	Input Voltage	0		2.925	V
IIH ²	Input High Leakage Current			10	μA
IIL ²	Input Low Leakage Current			10	μA
VODIFF	Differential Output Voltage	250	350	450	mV
VOCM	Output Common-Mode Voltage	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
VICM	Input Common-Mode Voltage	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
VIDIFF ⁴	Input Differential Voltage	100	350		mV

Notes:

1. IOL/IOH is defined by VODIFF/(resistor network)
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

Table 2-148 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)
1.075	1.325	Cross point

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-29 on page 2-28 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics**1.5 V DC Core Voltage****Table 2-149 • LVDS – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{py}	Units
Std.	0.97	1.67	0.19	1.31	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 and Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Table 2-150 • LVDS – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage**

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V
Applicable to Standard Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{py}	Units
Std.	1.55	2.19	0.25	1.52	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 and Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Table 2-162 • Output Enable Register Propagation Delays****Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	1.10	ns
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	1.15	ns
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	1.22	ns
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	1.65	ns
$t_{OEPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	1.65	ns
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.24	ns
$t_{OEREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.24	ns
$t_{OEWCCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.19	ns
$t_{OEWPRES}$	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.19	ns
$t_{OECKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output Enable Register	0.31	ns
$t_{OECKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output Enable Register	0.28	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

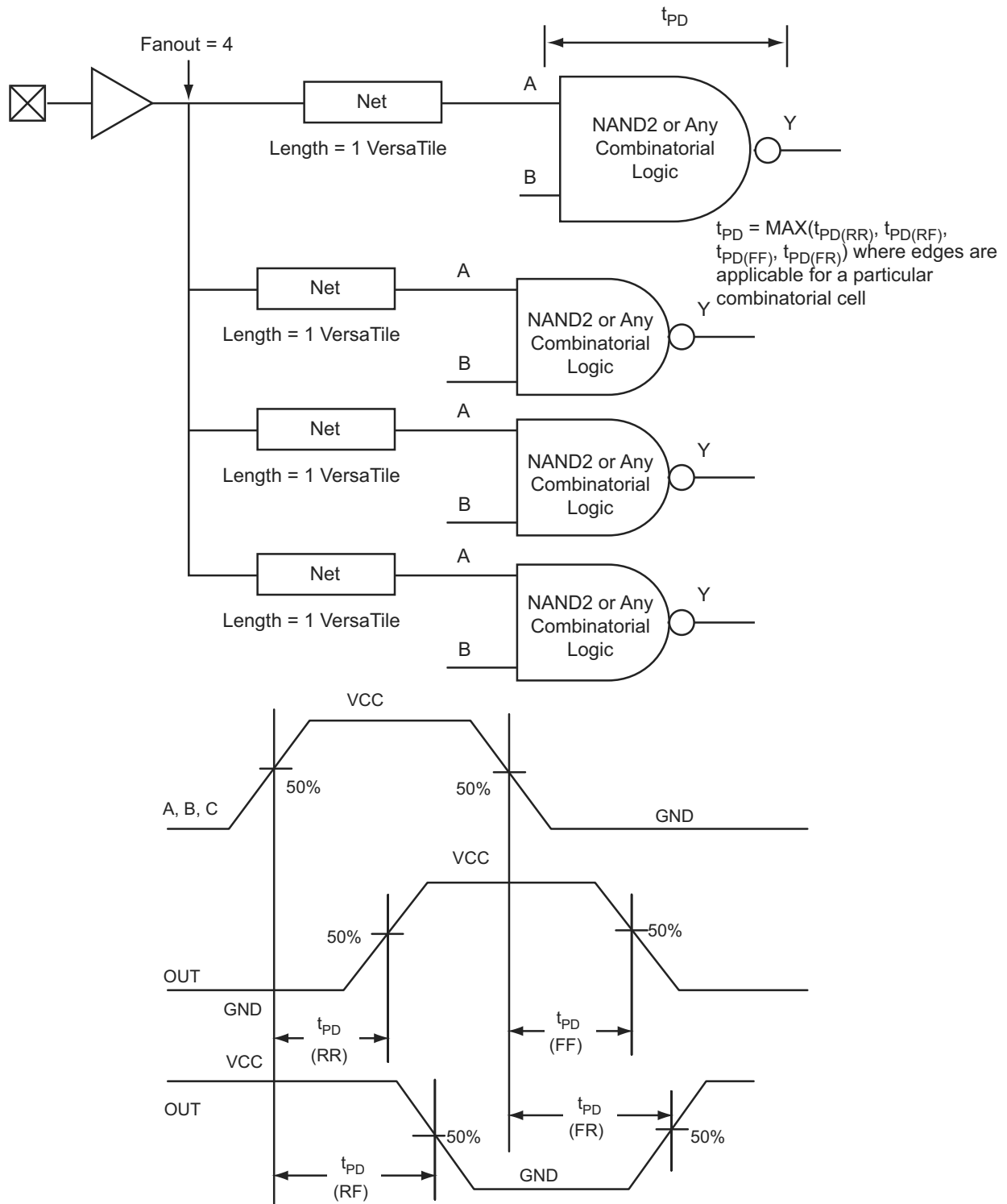


Figure 2-26 • Timing Model and Waveforms

Table 2-175 • AGL060 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.33	1.55	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.35	1.62	ns
t_{RCKMPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
t_{RCKMPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.27	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-176 • AGL125 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.36	1.71	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.39	1.82	ns
t_{RCKMPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
t_{RCKMPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.43	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-177 • AGL250 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.39	1.73	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.41	1.84	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.43	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-178 • AGL400 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.45	1.79	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.48	1.91	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.43	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage-supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-179 • AGL600 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.48	1.82	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.52	1.94	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.42	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-180 • AGL1000 Global Resource**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.55	1.89	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.60	2.02	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.18		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.15		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.42	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-193 • RAM4K9

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{AS}	Address setup time	1.53	ns
t_{AH}	Address hold time	0.29	ns
t_{ENS}	REN WEN setup time	1.50	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN hold time	0.29	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK setup time	3.05	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK hold time	0.29	ns
t_{DS}	Input data (DIN) setup time	1.33	ns
t_{DH}	Input data (DIN) hold time	0.66	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (output retained, WMODE = 0)	6.61	ns
	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (flow-through, WMODE = 1)	5.72	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (pipelined)	3.38	ns
t_{C2CWWL}^1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write after write on same address – Applicable to Closing Edge	0.30	ns
t_{C2CRWH}^1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address – Applicable to Opening Edge	0.89	ns
t_{C2CWRH}^1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address – Applicable to Opening Edge	1.01	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to data out Low on DOUT (flow-through)	3.86	ns
	RESET Low to data out Low on DOUT (pipelined)	3.86	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET removal	1.12	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET recovery	5.93	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET minimum pulse width	1.18	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock cycle time	10.90	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency	92	MHz

Notes:

1. For more information, refer to the application note Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage**Table 2-196 • FIFO****Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	4.13	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.31	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.47	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	ns
t_{DS}	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	1.56	ns
t_{DH}	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.49	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	6.80	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	3.62	ns
t_{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	7.23	ns
t_{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	6.85	ns
t_{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	26.61	ns
t_{RSTFG}	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	7.12	ns
t_{RSTAF}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	26.33	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (flow-through)	4.09	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	4.09	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET Removal	1.23	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET Recovery	6.58	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	1.18	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	10.90	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency for FIFO	92	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

QN48	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
1	IO82RSB1
2	GEC0/IO73RSB1
3	GEA0/IO72RSB1
4	GEB0/IO71RSB1
5	GND
6	VCCIB1
7	IO68RSB1
8	IO67RSB1
9	IO66RSB1
10	IO65RSB1
11	IO64RSB1
12	IO62RSB1
13	IO61RSB1
14	FF/IO60RSB1
15	IO57RSB1
16	IO55RSB1
17	IO53RSB1
18	VCC
19	VCCIB1
20	IO46RSB1
21	IO42RSB1
22	TCK
23	TDI
24	TMS
25	VPUMP
26	TDO
27	TRST
28	VJTAG
29	IO38RSB0
30	GDB0/IO34RSB0
31	GDA0/IO33RSB0
32	GDC0/IO32RSB0
33	VCCIB0
34	GND
35	VCC
36	IO25RSB0

QN48	
Pin Number	AGL030 Function
37	IO24RSB0
38	IO22RSB0
39	IO20RSB0
40	IO18RSB0
41	IO16RSB0
42	IO14RSB0
43	IO10RSB0
44	IO08RSB0
45	IO06RSB0
46	IO04RSB0
47	IO02RSB0
48	IO00RSB0

VQ100	
Pin Number	AGL060 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO51RSB1
3	IO52RSB1
4	GAB2/IO53RSB1
5	IO95RSB1
6	GAC2/IO94RSB1
7	IO93RSB1
8	IO92RSB1
9	GND
10	GFB1/IO87RSB1
11	GFB0/IO86RSB1
12	VCOMPLF
13	GFA0/IO85RSB1
14	VCCPLF
15	GFA1/IO84RSB1
16	GFA2/IO83RSB1
17	VCC
18	VCCIB1
19	GEC1/IO77RSB1
20	GEB1/IO75RSB1
21	GEB0/IO74RSB1
22	GEA1/IO73RSB1
23	GEA0/IO72RSB1
24	VMV1
25	GNDQ
26	GEA2/IO71RSB1
27	FF/GEB2/IO70RSB1
28	GEC2/IO69RSB1
29	IO68RSB1
30	IO67RSB1
31	IO66RSB1
32	IO65RSB1
33	IO64RSB1
34	IO63RSB1
35	IO62RSB1
36	IO61RSB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	AGL060 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB1
40	IO60RSB1
41	IO59RSB1
42	IO58RSB1
43	IO57RSB1
44	GDC2/IO56RSB1
45	GDB2/IO55RSB1
46	GDA2/IO54RSB1
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	VMV1
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	GDA1/IO49RSB0
58	GDC0/IO46RSB0
59	GDC1/IO45RSB0
60	GCC2/IO43RSB0
61	GCB2/IO42RSB0
62	GCA0/IO40RSB0
63	GCA1/IO39RSB0
64	GCC0/IO36RSB0
65	GCC1/IO35RSB0
66	VCCIB0
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO31RSB0
70	GBC2/IO29RSB0
71	GBB2/IO27RSB0
72	IO26RSB0

VQ100	
Pin Number	AGL060 Function
73	GBA2/IO25RSB0
74	VMV0
75	GNDQ
76	GBA1/IO24RSB0
77	GBA0/IO23RSB0
78	GBB1/IO22RSB0
79	GBB0/IO21RSB0
80	GBC1/IO20RSB0
81	GBC0/IO19RSB0
82	IO18RSB0
83	IO17RSB0
84	IO15RSB0
85	IO13RSB0
86	IO11RSB0
87	VCCIB0
88	GND
89	VCC
90	IO10RSB0
91	IO09RSB0
92	IO08RSB0
93	GAC1/IO07RSB0
94	GAC0/IO06RSB0
95	GAB1/IO05RSB0
96	GAB0/IO04RSB0
97	GAA1/IO03RSB0
98	GAA0/IO02RSB0
99	IO01RSB0
100	IO00RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
R5	IO168RSB2
R6	IO163RSB2
R7	IO157RSB2
R8	IO149RSB2
R9	IO143RSB2
R10	IO138RSB2
R11	IO131RSB2
R12	IO125RSB2
R13	GDB2/IO115RSB2
R14	TDI
R15	GNDQ
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO183RSB2
T3	FF/GEB2/IO186RSB2
T4	IO172RSB2
T5	IO170RSB2
T6	IO164RSB2
T7	IO158RSB2
T8	IO153RSB2
T9	IO142RSB2
T10	IO135RSB2
T11	IO130RSB2
T12	GDC2/IO116RSB2
T13	IO120RSB2
T14	GDA2/IO114RSB2
T15	TMS
T16	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
B7	NC
B8	NC
B9	NC
B10	NC
B11	NC
B12	NC
B13	NC
B14	NC
B15	NC
B16	NC
B17	NC
B18	NC
B19	NC
B20	NC
B21	VCCIB1
B22	GND
C1	VCCIB3
C2	NC
C3	NC
C4	NC
C5	GND
C6	NC
C7	NC
C8	VCC
C9	VCC
C10	NC
C11	NC
C12	NC
C13	NC
C14	VCC
C15	VCC
C16	NC
C17	NC
C18	GND
C19	NC
C20	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL400 Function
G5	IO151UDB3
G6	GAC2/IO153UDB3
G7	IO06RSB0
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO10RSB0
G10	IO19RSB0
G11	IO26RSB0
G12	IO30RSB0
G13	IO40RSB0
G14	IO46RSB0
G15	GNDQ
G16	IO47RSB0
G17	GBB2/IO61PPB1
G18	IO53RSB0
G19	IO63NDB1
G20	NC
G21	NC
G22	NC
H1	NC
H2	NC
H3	VCC
H4	IO150PDB3
H5	IO08RSB0
H6	IO153VDB3
H7	IO152VDB3
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO25RSB0
H12	IO31RSB0
H13	VCCIB0
H14	VCCIB0
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO62PDB1
H17	IO65RSB1
H18	IO52RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL600 Function
R9	VCCIB2
R10	VCCIB2
R11	IO117RSB2
R12	IO110RSB2
R13	VCCIB2
R14	VCCIB2
R15	VMV2
R16	IO94RSB2
R17	GDB1/IO87PPB1
R18	GDC1/IO86PDB1
R19	IO84NDB1
R20	VCC
R21	IO81NDB1
R22	IO82PDB1
T1	IO152PDB3
T2	IO152NDB3
T3	NC
T4	IO150NDB3
T5	IO147PPB3
T6	GEC1/IO146PPB3
T7	IO140RSB2
T8	GNDQ
T9	GEA2/IO143RSB2
T10	IO126RSB2
T11	IO120RSB2
T12	IO108RSB2
T13	IO103RSB2
T14	IO99RSB2
T15	GNDQ
T16	IO92RSB2
T17	VJTAG
T18	GDC0/IO86NDB1
T19	GDA1/IO88PDB1
T20	NC
T21	IO83PDB1
T22	IO82NDB1

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	VCCIB0
A4	IO07RSB0
A5	IO09RSB0
A6	IO13RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	IO20RSB0
A9	IO26RSB0
A10	IO32RSB0
A11	IO40RSB0
A12	IO41RSB0
A13	IO53RSB0
A14	IO59RSB0
A15	IO64RSB0
A16	IO65RSB0
A17	IO67RSB0
A18	IO69RSB0
A19	NC
A20	VCCIB0
A21	GND
A22	GND
AA1	GND
AA2	VCCIB3
AA3	NC
AA4	IO181RSB2
AA5	IO178RSB2
AA6	IO175RSB2
AA7	IO169RSB2
AA8	IO166RSB2
AA9	IO160RSB2
AA10	IO152RSB2
AA11	IO146RSB2
AA12	IO139RSB2
AA13	IO133RSB2
AA14	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function
H19	IO87PDB1
H20	VCC
H21	NC
H22	NC
J1	IO212NDB3
J2	IO212PDB3
J3	NC
J4	IO217NDB3
J5	IO218NDB3
J6	IO216PDB3
J7	IO216NDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	VCC
J11	VCC
J12	VCC
J13	VCC
J14	GND
J15	VCCIB1
J16	IO83NPB1
J17	IO86NPB1
J18	IO90PPB1
J19	IO87NDB1
J20	NC
J21	IO89PDB1
J22	IO89NDB1
K1	IO211PDB3
K2	IO211NDB3
K3	NC
K4	IO210PPB3
K5	IO213NDB3
K6	IO213PDB3
K7	GFC1/IO209PPB3
K8	VCCIB3
K9	VCC
K10	GND