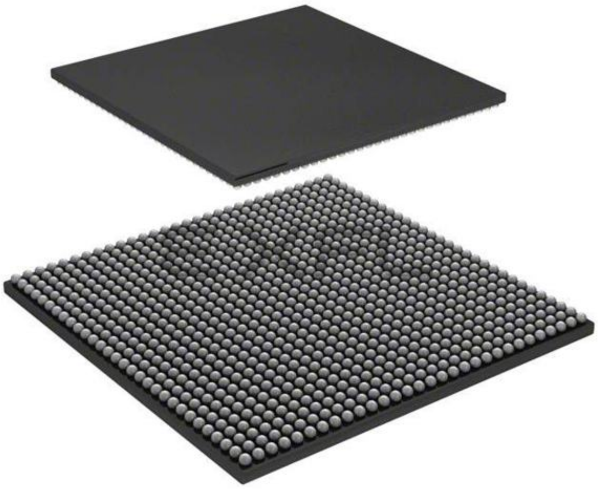

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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions, SoCs combine a central

Details	
Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	Quad ARM® Cortex®-A53 MPCore™ with CoreSight™, Dual ARM®Cortex™-R5 with CoreSight™, ARM Mali™-400 MP2
Flash Size	-
RAM Size	256KB
Peripherals	DMA, WDT
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I²C, MMC/SD/SDIO, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Speed	500MHz, 600MHz, 1.2GHz
Primary Attributes	Zynq®UltraScale+™ FPGA, 747K+ Logic Cells
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	900-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	900-FCBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xczu15eg-1ffvc900e

Table 2: **Recommended Operating Conditions[1][2]** ***(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}[8]	Supply voltage for HD I/O banks.	1.140	–	3.400	V
	Supply voltage for HP I/O banks.	0.950	–	1.900	V
V_{CCAUX_IO}[9]	Auxiliary I/O supply voltage.	1.746	1.800	1.854	V
V_{IN}[10]	I/O input voltage.	–0.200	–	V_{CCO} + 0.200	V
I_{IN}[11]	Maximum current through any PL or PS pin in a powered or unpowered bank when forward biasing the clamp diode.	–	–	10	mA
GTH or GTY Transceiver					
$V_{MGTAVCC}$[12]	Analog supply voltage for the GTH or GTY transceiver.	0.873	0.900	0.927	V
$V_{MGTAVTT}$[12]	Analog supply voltage for the GTH or GTY transmitter and receiver termination circuits.	1.164	1.200	1.236	V
$V_{MGTVCCAUX}$[12]	Auxiliary analog QPLL voltage supply for the transceivers.	1.746	1.800	1.854	V
$V_{MGTAVTTRCAL}$[12]	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the GTH or GTY transceiver column.	1.164	1.200	1.236	V
VCU					
V_{CCINT_VCU}	Internal supply voltage for the VCU.	0.825	0.850	0.876	V
	For -1LI and -2LE (V_{CCINT} = 0.72V) devices: Internal supply voltage for the VCU.	0.825	0.850	0.876	V
	For -3E devices: Internal supply voltage for the VCU.	0.873	0.900	0.927	V

V_{IN} Maximum Allowed AC Voltage Overshoot and Undershoot

Table 6: **V_{IN} Maximum Allowed AC Voltage Overshoot and Undershoot for HD I/O Banks[1]**

AC Voltage Overshoot	% of UI at –40°C to 100°C	AC Voltage Undershoot	% of UI at –40°C to 100°C
V_{CCO} + 0.30	100%	–0.30	100%
V_{CCO} + 0.35	100%	–0.35	90%
V_{CCO} + 0.40	100%	–0.40	78%
V_{CCO} + 0.45	100%	–0.45	40%
V_{CCO} + 0.50	100%	–0.50	24%
V_{CCO} + 0.55	100%	–0.55	18.0%
V_{CCO} + 0.60	100%	–0.60	13.0%
V_{CCO} + 0.65	100%	–0.65	10.8%
V_{CCO} + 0.70	92%	–0.70	9.0%
V_{CCO} + 0.75	92%	–0.75	7.0%
V_{CCO} + 0.80	92%	–0.80	6.0%
V_{CCO} + 0.85	92%	–0.85	5.0%
V_{CCO} + 0.90	92%	–0.90	4.0%
V_{CCO} + 0.95	92%	–0.95	2.5%

Notes:

1. A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.

Table 7: **V_{IN} Maximum Allowed AC Voltage Overshoot and Undershoot for HP I/O Banks[1][2]**

AC Voltage Overshoot	% of UI at –40°C to 100°C	AC Voltage Undershoot	% of UI at –40°C to 100°C
V_{CCO} + 0.30	100%	–0.30	100%
V_{CCO} + 0.35	100%	–0.35	100%
V_{CCO} + 0.40	92%	–0.40	92%
V_{CCO} + 0.45	50%	–0.45	50%
V_{CCO} + 0.50	20%	–0.50	20%
V_{CCO} + 0.55	10%	–0.55	10%
V_{CCO} + 0.60	6%	–0.60	6%
V_{CCO} + 0.65	2%	–0.65	2%
V_{CCO} + 0.70	2%	–0.70	2%

Notes:

1. A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
2. For UI smaller than 20 µs.

PS-PL Power Sequencing

The PS and PL power supplies are fully independent. All PS power supplies can be powered before or after any PL power supplies. The PS and PL power regions are isolated to prevent damage.

Power Supply Requirements

Table 10 shows the minimum current, in addition to I_{CCQ} maximum, required by each Zynq UltraScale+ device for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in Table 10 are met, the device powers on after all supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The device must not be configured until after V_{CCINT} is applied. Once initialized and configured, use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) tools to estimate current drain on these supplies.

Table 10: **Power-on Current by Device**(1)

I_{CC} Min =	I_{CCQ} +	XCZU2	XCZU3	XCZU4	XCZU5	XCZU6	XCZU7	XCZU9	XCZU11	XCZU15	XCZU17	XCZU19	Units
$I_{CCINTMIN}$	I_{CCINTQ} +	464	464	770	770	1800	1514	1800	1961	2242	3433	3433	mA
I_{CCINT_IOMIN} + $I_{CCBRAMMIN}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + I_{CCINT_IOQ} +	155	155	257	257	600	505	600	654	748	1145	1145	mA
I_{CCOMIN}	I_{CCOQ} +	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	55	63	96	96	mA
$I_{CCAUXMIN}$ + I_{CCAUX_IOMIN}	I_{CCAUXQ} + I_{CCAUX_IOQ} +	111	111	386	386	650	362	650	709	810	1240	1240	mA

Notes:

1. Use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at www.xilinx.com/power) to estimate power-on current for all supplies.

Table 11 shows the power supply ramp time.

Table 11: **Power Supply Ramp Time**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
T_{VCCINT}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCINT}.	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCCINT_IO}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCINT_IO}.	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCCINT_VCU}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCINT_VCU}.	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCCO}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCO}.	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCCAUX}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCAUX}.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{VCCBRAM}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCBRAM}.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{MGTAVCC}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{MGTAVCC}$.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{MGTAVTT}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{MGTAVTT}$.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{MGTVCCAUX}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{MGTVCCAUX}$.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{VCC\_PSINTFP}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{CC\_PSINTFP}$.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{VCC\_PSINTLP}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{CC\_PSINTLP}$.	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCC_PSAUX}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CC_PSAUX}.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{VCC\_PSINTFP\_DDR}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{CC\_PSINTFP\_DDR}$.	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCC_PSADC}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CC_PSADC}.	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCC_PSPLL}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CC_PSPLL}.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{PS\_MGTRAVCC}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{CC\_MGTRAVCC}$.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{PS\_MGTRAVTT}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{CC\_MGTRAVTT}$.	0.2	40	ms

Production Silicon and Software Status

In some cases, a particular family member (and speed grade) is released to production before a speed specification is released with the correct label (Advance, Preliminary, Production). Any labeling discrepancies are corrected in subsequent speed specification releases.

Table 27 lists the production released Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC, speed grade, and the minimum corresponding supported speed specification version and Vivado software revisions. The Vivado software and speed specifications listed are the minimum releases required for production. All subsequent releases of software and speed specifications are valid.

Table 27: **Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Device Production Software and Speed Specification Release**

Device	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages						
	0.90V	0.85V				0.72V	
	-3	-2	-1	-2L	-1L	-2L	-1L
XCZU2CG	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.1 v1.10					
XCZU2EG	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.1 v1.10					
XCZU3CG	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.1 v1.10					
XCZU3EG	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.1 v1.10					
XCZU4CG	N/A						
XCZU4EG							
XCZU4EV							
XCZU5CG	N/A						
XCZU5EG							
XCZU5EV							
XCZU6CG	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.1 v1.10					
XCZU6EG		Vivado tools 2017.1 v1.10					
XCZU7CG	N/A						
XCZU7EG							
XCZU7EV							
XCZU9CG	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.1 v1.10					
XCZU9EG		Vivado tools 2017.1 v1.10					
XCZU11EG							
XCZU15EG							
XCZU17EG							
XCZU19EG							

Notes:

1. See Table 3 for the complete list of operating voltages by speed grade.
2. Blank entries indicate a device and/or speed grade in Advance or Preliminary status.

PS Gigabit Ethernet Controller Interface

Table 44: **RGMII Interface**(1)

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
$T_{DCGEMTXCLK}$	Transmit clock duty cycle.	45	55	%
$T_{GEMTXCKO}$	TXD output clock to out time.	–0.5	0.5	ns
$T_{GEMRXDCK}$	RXD input setup time.	0.8	–	ns
$T_{GEMRXCKD}$	RXD input hold time.	0.8	–	ns
$T_{MDIOCLK}$	MDC output clock period.	400	–	ns
$T_{MDIOCKL}$	MDC low time.	160	–	ns
$T_{MDIOCKH}$	MDC high time.	160	–	ns
$T_{MDIODCK}$	MDIO input data setup time.	80	–	ns
$T_{MDIOCKD}$	MDIO input data hold time.	0.0	–	ns
$T_{MDIOCKO}$	MDIO output data delay time.	–1.0	15	ns
$F_{GETXCLK}$	RGMII_TX_CLK transmit clock frequency.	–	125	MHz
$F_{GERXCLK}$	RGMII_RX_CLK receive clock frequency.	–	125	MHz
$F_{ENET\_REF\_CLK}$	Ethernet reference clock frequency.	–	125	MHz

Notes:

1. The test conditions are configured to the LVCMOS 2.5V I/O standard with a 12 mA drive strength, fast slew rate, and a 15 pF load.

PS SD/SDIO Controller Interface

Table 45: **SD/SDIO Interface**(1)

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
SD/SDIO Interface DDR50 Mode				
$T_{DCDDRCLK}$	SD device clock duty cycle.	45	55	%
$T_{SDDDRCKO1}$	Clock to output delay, data.(2)	1.0	6.8	ns
$T_{SDDRIVW}$	Input valid data window.(3)	3.5	–	ns
$T_{SDDDRDCK2}$	Input setup time, command.	4.7	–	ns
$T_{SDDDRCKD2}$	Input hold time, command.	1.5	–	ns
$T_{SDDDRCKO2}$	Clock to output delay, command.	1.0	13.8	ns
$F_{SDDDRCLK}$	High-speed mode SD device clock frequency.	–	50	MHz
SD/SDIO Interface SDR104				
$T_{DCSDHSCLK1}$	SD device clock duty cycle.	40	60	%
$T_{SDSDRCKO1}$	Clock to output delay, all outputs.(2)	1.0	3.2	ns
$T_{SDSDR1IVW}$	Input valid data window.(3)	0.5	–	UI
$F_{SDSDRCLK1}$	SDR104 mode device clock frequency.	–	200	MHz
SD/SDIO Interface SDR50/25				
$T_{DCSDHSCLK2}$	SD device clock duty cycle.	40	60	%
$T_{SDSDRCKO2}$	Clock to output delay, all outputs.(2)	1.0	6.8	ns
$T_{SDSDR2IVW}$	Input valid data window.(3)	0.3	–	UI

PS SPI Controller Interface

Table 48: **SPI Interfaces[(1)]**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
SPI Master Interface				
$T_{DCMSPICLK}$	SPI master mode clock duty cycle.	45	55	%
$T_{MSPISSSCLK}$	Slave select asserted to first active clock edge.	1[(2)]	–	$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$ cycles
$T_{MSPISCLKSS}$	Last active clock edge to slave select deasserted.	1[(2)]	–	$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$ cycles
$T_{MSPIDCK}$	Input setup time for MISO.	–2.0	–	ns
$T_{MSPICKD}$	Input hold time for MISO.	0.3	–	$F_{MSPICLK}$ cycles
$T_{MSPICKO}$	MOSI and slave select clock to out delay.	–2.0	5.0	ns
$F_{MSPICLK}$	SPI master device clock frequency.	–	50	MHz
$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$	SPI reference clock frequency.	–	200	MHz
SPI Slave Interface				
$T_{SSPISSSCLK}$	Slave select asserted to first active clock edge.	2	–	$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$ cycles
$T_{SSPISCLKSS}$	Last active clock edge to slave select deasserted.	2	–	$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$ cycles
$T_{SSPIDCK}$	Input setup time for MOSI.	5.0	–	ns
$T_{SSPICKD}$	Input hold time for MOSI.	1	–	$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$ cycles
$T_{SSPICKO}$	MISO clock to out delay.	0.0	13.0	ns
$F_{SSPICLK}$	SPI slave mode device clock frequency.	–	25	MHz
$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$	SPI reference clock frequency.	–	200	MHz

Notes:

1. The test conditions are configured to the LVCMOS 3.3V I/O standard with a 12 mA drive strength, fast slew rate, and a 30 pF load.
2. Valid when two SPI_REF_CLK delays are programmed between CS and CLK for $T_{MSPISSSCLK}$, and between CLK and CS for $T_{MSPISCLKSS}$ in the SPI delay_reg0 register.

PS CAN Controller Interface

Table 49: **CAN Interface[(1)]**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
$T_{PWCANRX}$	Receive pulse width.	1.0	–	µs
$T_{PWCANTX}$	Transmit pulse width.	1.0	–	µs
$F_{CAN\_REF\_CLK}$	Internally sourced CAN reference clock frequency.	–	100	MHz
	Externally sourced CAN reference clock frequency.	–	40	MHz

Notes:

1. The test conditions are configured to the LVCMOS 3.3V I/O standard with a 12 mA drive strength, fast slew rate, and a 15 pF load.

Table 61: **PS-GTR Transceiver Reference Clock Oscillator Selection Phase Noise Mask**

Symbol	Description	Offset Frequency	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$PLL_{REFCLKMASK}$	PLL reference clock select phase noise mask at REFCLK frequency = 25 MHz.	100	–	–	–102	dBc/Hz
		1 KHz	–	–	–124	
		10 KHz	–	–	–132	
		100 KHz	–	–	–139	
		1 MHz	–	–	–152	
		10 MHz	–	–	–154	
	PLL reference clock select phase noise mask at REFCLK frequency = 50 MHz.	100	–	–	–96	dBc/Hz
		1 KHz	–	–	–118	
		10 KHz	–	–	–126	
		100 KHz	–	–	–133	
		1 MHz	–	–	–146	
		10 MHz	–	–	–148	
	PLL reference clock select phase noise mask at REFCLK frequency = 100 MHz.	100	–	–	–90	dBc/Hz
		1 KHz	–	–	–112	
		10 KHz	–	–	–120	
		100 KHz	–	–	–127	
		1 MHz	–	–	–140	
		10 MHz	–	–	–142	
	PLL reference clock select phase noise mask at REFCLK frequency = 125 MHz.	100	–	–	–88	dBc/Hz
		1 KHz	–	–	–110	
		10 KHz	–	–	–118	
		100 KHz	–	–	–125	
		1 MHz	–	–	–138	
		10 MHz	–	–	–140	
	PLL reference clock select phase noise mask at REFCLK frequency = 150 MHz.	100	–	–	–86	dBc/Hz
		1 KHz	–	–	–108	
		10 KHz	–	–	–116	
		100 KHz	–	–	–123	
		1 MHz	–	–	–136	
		10 MHz	–	–	–138	

Notes:

1. For reference clock frequencies not in this table, use the phase noise mask for the nearest reference clock frequency.

Table 62: **PS-GTR Transceiver Transmitter Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
F_{GTRTX}	Serial data rate range.		1.25	–	6.0	Gb/s
T_{RTX}	TX rise time.	20%–80%	–	65	–	ps
T_{FTX}	TX fall time.	80%–20%	–	65	–	ps

Table 72: **MIPI D-PHY Performance**

Description	I/O Bank Type	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
		-3[1]	-2[1]	-1	-2	-1	
MIPI D-PHY transmitter or receiver.	HP	1500	1500	1260	1260	1260	Mb/s

Notes:

1. In the SBVA484 package, the data rate is 1260 Mb/s.

Table 73: **LVDS Native-Mode 1000BASE-X Support[1]**

Description	I/O Bank Type	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages				
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V	
		-3	-2	-1	-2	-1
1000BASE-X	HP	Yes				

Notes:

1. 1000BASE-X support is based on the *IEEE Standard for CSMA/CD Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications* (IEEE Std 802.3-2008).

Table 74 provides the maximum data rates for applicable memory standards using the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC memory PHY. Refer to Memory Interfaces for the complete list of memory interface standards supported and detailed specifications. The final performance of the memory interface is determined through a complete design implemented in the Vivado Design Suite, following guidelines in the *UltraScale Architecture PCB Design Guide* (UG583), electrical analysis, and characterization of the system.

Table 74: **Maximum Physical Interface (PHY) Rate for Memory Interfaces**

Memory Standard	Package[1]	DRAM Type	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
			0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
			-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
DDR4	All FFV packages and FBVB900	Single rank component	2666	2666	2400	2400	2133	Mb/s
		1 rank DIMM[2][3][4]	2400	2400	2133	2133	1866	Mb/s
		2 rank DIMM[2][5]	2133	2133	1866	1866	1600	Mb/s
		4 rank DIMM[2][6]	1600	1600	1333	1333	N/A	Mb/s
	SFVC784	Single rank component	2400	2400	2133	2133	1866	Mb/s
		1 rank DIMM[2][3]	2133	2133	1866	1866	1600	Mb/s
		2 rank DIMM[2][5]	1866	1866	1600	1600	1600	Mb/s
DDR3	All FFV packages and FBVB900	Single rank component	2133	2133	2133	2133	1866	Mb/s
		1 rank DIMM[2][3]	1866	1866	1866	1866	1600	Mb/s
		2 rank DIMM[2][5]	1600	1600	1600	1600	1333	Mb/s
		4 rank DIMM[2][6]	1066	1066	1066	1066	800	Mb/s
	SFVC784	Single rank component	1866	1866	1866	1866	1600	Mb/s
		1 rank DIMM[2][3]	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	Mb/s
		2 rank DIMM[2][5]	1600	1600	1600	1600	1333	Mb/s
		4 rank DIMM[2][6]	1066	1066	1066	1066	800	Mb/s

Table 74: **Maximum Physical Interface (PHY) Rate for Memory Interfaces *(Cont'd)***

Memory Standard	Package[(1)]	DRAM Type	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
			0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
			-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
DDR3L	All FFV packages and FBVB900	Single rank component	1866	1866	1866	1866	1600	Mb/s
		1 rank DIMM[(2)(3)]	1600	1600	1600	1600	1333	Mb/s
		2 rank DIMM[(2)(5)]	1333	1333	1333	1333	1066	Mb/s
		4 rank DIMM[(2)(6)]	800	800	800	800	606	Mb/s
	SFVC784	Single rank component	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	Mb/s
		1 rank DIMM[(2)(3)]	1600	1600	1600	1600	1333	Mb/s
		2 rank DIMM[(2)(5)]	1333	1333	1333	1333	1066	Mb/s
		4 rank DIMM[(2)(6)]	800	800	800	800	606	Mb/s
QDR II+	All	Single rank component[(7)]	633	633	600	600	550	MHz
RLDRAM 3	All FFV packages and FBVB900	Single rank component	1200	1200	1066	1066	933	MHz
	SFVC784	Single rank component	1066	1066	933	933	800	MHz
QDR IV XP	All	Single rank component	1066	1066	1066	933	933	MHz
LPDDR3	All	Single rank component	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	Mb/s

Notes:

1. The SBVA484 and SFVA625 packages do not support the PL memory interfaces.
2. Dual in-line memory module (DIMM) includes RDIMM, SODIMM, UDIMM, and LRDIMM.
3. Includes: 1 rank 1 slot, DDP 2 rank, LRDIMM 2 or 4 rank 1 slot.
4. For the DDR4 DDP components at -3 and -2 speed grades and V_{CCINT} = 0.85V, the maximum data rate is 2133 Mb/s for six or more DDP devices. For five or less DDP devices, use the single rank DIMM data rates for the -3 and -2 speed grades at 0.85V.
5. Includes: 2 rank 1 slot, 1 rank 2 slot, LRDIMM 2 rank 2 slot.
6. Includes: 2 rank 2 slot, 4 rank 1 slot.
7. The QDRII+ performance specifications are for burst-length 4 (BL = 4) implementations.

Table 78: **Input Delay Measurement Methodology *(Cont'd)***

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	V_L (1)(2)	V_H (1)(2)	V_{MEAS} (1)(4)(6)	V_{REF} (1)(3)(5)
SUB_LVDS, 1.8V	SUB_LVDS	0.9 – 0.125	0.9 + 0.125	0(6)	–
SLVS, 1.8V	SLVS_400_18	0.9 – 0.125	0.9 + 0.125	0(6)	–
SLVS, 2.5V	SLVS_400_25	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0(6)	–
LVPECL, 2.5V	LVPECL	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0(6)	–
MIPI D-PHY (high speed) 1.2V	MIPI_DPHY_DCI_HS	0.2 – 0.125	0.2 + 0.125	0(6)	–
MIPI D-PHY (low power) 1.2V	MIPI_DPHY_DCI_LP	0.715 – 0.2	0.715 + 0.2	0(6)	–

Notes:

1. The input delay measurement methodology parameters for LVDCI/HSLVDCI are the same for LVCMOS standards of the same voltage. Parameters for all other DCI standards are the same for the corresponding non-DCI standards.
2. Input waveform switches between V_L and V_H.
3. Measurements are made at typical, minimum, and maximum V_{REF} values. Reported delays reflect worst case of these measurements. V_{REF} values listed are typical.
4. Input voltage level from which measurement starts.
5. This is an input voltage reference that bears no relation to the V_{REF}/V_{MEAS} parameters found in IBIS models and/or noted in Figure 1.
6. The value given is the differential input voltage.

Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics

Table 80: **Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
		-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
Maximum Frequency							
$F_{MAX\_WF\_NC}$	Block RAM (WRITE_FIRST and NO_CHANGE modes).	825	738	645	585	516	MHz
F_{MAX_RF}	Block RAM (READ_FIRST mode).	718	637	575	510	460	MHz
F_{MAX_FIFO}	FIFO in all modes without ECC.	825	738	645	585	516	MHz
F_{MAX_ECC}	Block RAM and FIFO in ECC configuration without PIPELINE.	718	637	575	510	460	MHz
	Block RAM and FIFO in ECC configuration with PIPELINE and Block RAM in WRITE_FIRST or NO_CHANGE mode.	825	738	645	585	516	MHz
T_{PW}[(1)]	Minimum pulse width.	495	542	543	577	578	ps
Block RAM and FIFO Clock-to-Out Delays							
T_{RCKO_DO}	Clock CLK to DOUT output (without output register).	0.91	1.02	1.11	1.46	1.53	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_DO\_REG}$	Clock CLK to DOUT output (with output register).	0.27	0.29	0.30	0.42	0.44	ns, Max

Notes:

1. The MMCM and PLL DUTY_CYCLE attribute should be set to 50% to meet the pulse-width requirements at the higher frequencies.

DSP48 Slice Switching Characteristics

Table 83: **DSP48 Slice Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
		-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
Maximum Frequency							
F_{MAX}	With all registers used.	891	775	645	644	600	MHz
F_{MAX_PATDET}	With pattern detector.	794	687	571	562	524	MHz
$F_{MAX\_MULT\_NOMREG}$	Two register multiply without MREG.	635	544	456	440	413	MHz
$F_{MAX\_MULT\_NOMREG\_PATDET}$	Two register multiply without MREG with pattern detect.	577	492	410	395	371	MHz
$F_{MAX\_PREADD\_NOADREG}$	Without ADREG.	655	565	468	453	423	MHz
$F_{MAX\_NOPIPELINEREG}$	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG).	483	410	338	323	304	MHz
$F_{MAX\_NOPIPELINEREG\_PATDET}$	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG) with pattern detect.	448	379	314	299	280	MHz

Clock Buffers and Networks

Table 84: **Clock Buffers Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
		-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
Global Clock Switching Characteristics (Including BUFGCTRL)							
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency of a global clock tree (BUFG).	891	775	667	725	667	MHz
Global Clock Buffer with Input Divide Capability (BUFGCE_DIV)							
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency of a global clock buffer with input divide capability (BUFGCE_DIV).	891	775	667	725	667	MHz
Global Clock Buffer with Clock Enable (BUFGCE)							
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency of a global clock buffer with clock enable (BUFGCE).	891	775	667	725	667	MHz
Leaf Clock Buffer with Clock Enable (BUFCE_LEAF)							
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency of a leaf clock buffer with clock enable (BUFCE_LEAF).	891	775	667	725	667	MHz
GTH or GTY Clock Buffer with Clock Enable and Clock Input Divide Capability (BUFG_GT)							
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency of a serial transceiver clock buffer with clock enable and clock input divide capability.	512	512	512	512	512	MHz

PLL Switching Characteristics

Table 86: **PLL Specification[(1)]**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
		-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
PLL_F_{INMAX}	Maximum input clock frequency.	1066	933	800	933	800	MHz
PLL_F_{INMIN}	Minimum input clock frequency.	70	70	70	70	70	MHz
$PLL\_F_{INJITTER}$	Maximum input clock period jitter.	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max					
PLL_F_{INDUTY}	Input duty cycle range: 70–399 MHz.	35–65					%
	Input duty cycle range: 400–499 MHz.	40–60					%
	Input duty cycle range: >500 MHz.	45–55					%
PLL_F_{VCOMIN}	Minimum PLL VCO frequency.	750	750	750	750	750	MHz
PLL_F_{VCOMAX}	Maximum PLL VCO frequency.	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	MHz
$PLL\_T_{STATPHAOFFSET}$	Static phase offset of the PLL outputs.[(2)]	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
$PLL\_T_{OUTJITTER}$	PLL output jitter.	Note 3					
$PLL\_T_{OUTDUTY}$	PLL CLKOUT0, CLKOUT0B, CLKOUT1, CLKOUT1B duty-cycle precision.[(4)]	0.165	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns
$PLL\_T_{LOCKMAX}$	PLL maximum lock time.	100					µs
PLL_F_{OUTMAX}	PLL maximum output frequency at CLKOUT0, CLKOUT0B, CLKOUT1, CLKOUT1B.	891	775	667	725	667	MHz
	PLL maximum output frequency at CLKOUTPHY.	2667	2667	2400	2400	2133	MHz
PLL_F_{OUTMIN}	PLL minimum output frequency at CLKOUT0, CLKOUT0B, CLKOUT1, CLKOUT1B.[(5)]	5.86	5.86	5.86	5.86	5.86	MHz
	PLL minimum output frequency at CLKOUTPHY.	2 x VCO mode: 1500, 1 x VCO mode: 750 0.5 x VCO mode: 375					MHz
$PLL\_RST_{MINPULSE}$	Minimum reset pulse width.	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	ns
PLL_F_{PFDMAX}	Maximum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	667.5	667.5	667.5	667.5	667.5	MHz
PLL_F_{PFDMIN}	Minimum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	70	70	70	70	70	MHz
$PLL\_F_{BANDWIDTH}$	PLL bandwidth at typical.	14	14	14	14	14	MHz
$PLL\_F_{DPRCLK\_MAX}$	Maximum DRP clock frequency	250	250	250	250	250	MHz

Notes:

1. The PLL does not filter typical spread-spectrum input clocks because they are usually far below the loop filter frequencies.
2. The static offset is measured between any PLL outputs with identical phase.
3. Values for this parameter are available in the Clocking Wizard.
4. Includes global clock buffer.
5. Calculated as $F_{VCO}/128$ assuming output duty cycle is 50%.

Table 88: **Global Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM (Far Clock Region)**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
			0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
			-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
SSTL15 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, *without* MMCM.								
T_{ICKOF_FAR}	Global clock input and output flip-flop *without* MMCM (far clock region).	XCZU2	N/A	5.27	5.68	5.80	6.13	ns
		XCZU3	N/A	5.27	5.68	5.80	6.13	ns
		XCZU4	5.07	6.06	6.61	6.23	7.10	ns
		XCZU5	5.07	6.06	6.61	6.23	7.10	ns
		XCZU6	5.38	6.49	6.97	7.14	7.59	ns
		XCZU7	5.39	6.54	7.01	7.16	7.62	ns
		XCZU9	5.38	6.49	6.97	7.14	7.59	ns
		XCZU11	6.18	7.41	8.11	7.66	8.99	ns
		XCZU15	5.38	6.49	6.96	7.19	7.71	ns
		XCZU17	6.21	7.53	8.07	8.36	8.90	ns
		XCZU19	6.21	7.53	8.07	8.36	8.90	ns

Notes:

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible I/O and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.

Table 89: **Global Clock Input to Output Delay With MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
			0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
			-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
SSTL15 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, with MMCM.								
$T_{ICKOFMMCMCC}$	Global clock input and output flip-flop *with* MMCM.	XCZU2	N/A	2.22	2.43	2.96	2.94	ns
		XCZU3	N/A	2.22	2.43	2.96	2.94	ns
		XCZU4	2.47	2.47	2.78	3.04	3.35	ns
		XCZU5	2.47	2.47	2.78	3.04	3.35	ns
		XCZU6	2.15	2.15	2.36	2.86	2.86	ns
		XCZU7	2.32	2.32	2.57	3.06	3.13	ns
		XCZU9	2.15	2.15	2.36	2.86	2.86	ns
		XCZU11	2.64	2.64	2.96	3.25	3.55	ns
		XCZU15	2.18	2.18	2.38	2.88	2.90	ns
		XCZU17	2.44	2.44	2.66	3.19	3.17	ns
		XCZU19	2.44	2.44	2.66	3.19	3.17	ns

Notes:

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible I/O and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. MMCM output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

The pin-to-pin numbers in Table 90 and Table 91 are based on the clock root placement in the center of the device. The actual pin-to-pin values will vary if the root placement selected is different. Consult the Vivado Design Suite timing report for the actual pin-to-pin values.

Table 90: **Global Clock Input Setup and Hold With 3.3V HD I/O without MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device		Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
				0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
				-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal using SSTL15 Standard.(1)(2)(3)									
T_{PSFD_ZU2}	Global clock input and input flip-flop (or latch) without MMCM.	Setup	XCZU2	N/A	2.27	2.37	2.55	2.64	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU2}		Hold			–0.36	–0.36	–0.14	–0.14	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU3}		Setup	XCZU3	N/A	2.27	2.37	2.55	2.64	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU3}		Hold			–0.36	–0.36	–0.14	–0.14	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU4}		Setup	XCZU4	1.28	2.01	2.07	2.59	2.59	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU4}		Hold		–0.28	–0.28	–0.28	–0.09	–0.09	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU5}		Setup	XCZU5	1.28	2.01	2.07	2.59	2.59	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU5}		Hold		–0.28	–0.28	–0.28	–0.09	–0.09	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU6}		Setup	XCZU6	0.96	1.79	1.86	1.93	2.02	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU6}		Hold		–0.05	–0.05	–0.05	0.27	0.42	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU7}		Setup	XCZU7	1.43	2.32	2.42	2.60	2.69	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU7}		Hold		–0.40	–0.40	–0.40	–0.21	–0.21	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU9}		Setup	XCZU9	0.96	1.79	1.86	1.93	2.02	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU9}		Hold		–0.05	–0.05	–0.05	0.27	0.42	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU11}		Setup	XCZU11	1.28	2.01	2.07	2.59	2.59	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU11}		Hold		–0.29	–0.29	–0.29	–0.09	0.19	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU15}		Setup	XCZU15	0.96	1.79	1.85	1.92	2.01	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU15}		Hold		–0.04	–0.04	–0.04	0.27	0.43	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU17}		Setup	XCZU17	1.41	2.29	2.38	2.57	2.65	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU17}		Hold		–0.38	–0.38	–0.38	–0.19	–0.19	ns
T_{PSFD_ZU19}		Setup	XCZU19	1.41	2.29	2.38	2.57	2.65	ns
T_{PHFD_ZU19}		Hold		–0.38	–0.38	–0.38	–0.19	–0.19	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, slowest temperature, and slowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, fastest temperature, and fastest voltage.
2. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible I/O and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 92: **Sampling Window**

Description	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
	0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
	-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
T_{SAMP_BUFG}[(1)]	510	610	610	610	610	ps
$T_{SAMP\_NATIVE\_DPA}$	100	100	125	125	150	ps
$T_{SAMP\_NATIVE\_BISC}$	60	60	85	85	110	ps

Notes:

1. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the MMCM to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements include: CLK0 MMCM jitter, MMCM accuracy (phase offset), and MMCM phase shift resolution. These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.

GTY Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult the *UltraScale Architecture GTY Transceiver User Guide* (UG578) for further information.

Table 109: **GTY Transceiver Performance**

Symbol	Description	Output Divider	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages										Units
			0.90V		0.85V				0.72V				
			-3		-2		-1		-2		-1		
F_{GTYMAX}	GTY maximum line rate		32.75		28.21		25.7813		28.21		12.5		Gb/s
F_{GTYMIN}	GTY minimum line rate		0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5		Gb/s
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$F_{GTYCRANGE}$	CPLL line rate range(1)	1	4.0	12.5	4.0	12.5	4.0	8.5	4.0	12.5	4.0	8.5	Gb/s
		2	2.0	6.25	2.0	6.25	2.0	4.25	2.0	6.25	2.0	4.25	Gb/s
		4	1.0	3.125	1.0	3.125	1.0	2.125	1.0	3.125	1.0	2.125	Gb/s
		8	0.5	1.5625	0.5	1.5625	0.5	1.0625	0.5	1.5625	0.5	1.0625	Gb/s
		16	N/A										Gb/s
		32	N/A										Gb/s
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$F_{GTYQRANGE1}$	QPLL0 line rate range(2)	1	19.6	32.75	19.6	28.21	19.6	25.7813	19.6	28.21	N/A		Gb/s
		1	9.8	16.375	9.8	16.375	9.8	12.5	9.8	16.375	9.8	12.5	Gb/s
		2	4.9	8.1875	4.9	8.1875	4.9	8.1875	4.9	8.1875	4.9	8.1875	Gb/s
		4	2.45	4.0938	2.45	4.0938	2.45	4.0938	2.45	4.0938	2.45	4.0938	Gb/s
		8	1.225	2.0469	1.225	2.0469	1.225	2.0469	1.225	2.0469	1.225	2.0469	Gb/s
		16	0.6125	1.0234	0.6125	1.0234	0.6125	1.0234	0.6125	1.0234	0.6125	1.0234	Gb/s
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$F_{GTYQRANGE2}$	QPLL1 line rate range(3)	1	16.0	26.0	16.0	26.0	19.6	25.7813	16.0	26.0	N/A		Gb/s
		1	8.0	13.0	8.0	13.0	8.0	12.5	8.0	13.0	8.0	12.5	Gb/s
		2	4.0	6.5	4.0	6.5	4.0	6.5	4.0	6.5	4.0	6.5	Gb/s
		4	2.0	3.25	2.0	3.25	2.0	3.25	2.0	3.25	2.0	3.25	Gb/s
		8	1.0	1.625	1.0	1.625	1.0	1.625	1.0	1.625	1.0	1.625	Gb/s
		16	0.5	0.8125	0.5	0.8125	0.5	0.8125	0.5	0.8125	0.5	0.8125	Gb/s
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$F_{CPLLRANGE}$	CPLL frequency range		2.0	6.25	2.0	6.25	2.0	4.25	2.0	6.25	2.0	4.25	GHz
$F_{QPLL0RANGE}$	QPLL0 frequency range		9.8	16.375	9.8	16.375	9.8	16.375	9.8	16.375	9.8	16.375	GHz
$F_{QPLL1RANGE}$	QPLL1 frequency range		8.0	13.0	8.0	13.0	8.0	13.0	8.0	13.0	8.0	13.0	GHz

Notes:

1. The values listed are the rounded results of the calculated equation (2 x CPLL_Frequency)/Output_Divider.
2. The values listed are the rounded results of the calculated equation (2 x QPLL0_Frequency)/Output_Divider.
3. The values listed are the rounded results of the calculated equation (2 x QPLL1_Frequency)/Output_Divider.

Table 114: **GTY Transceiver User Clock Switching Characteristics(1) *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Data Width Conditions (Bit)		Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
				0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
		Internal Logic	Interconnect Logic	-3(2)	-2(2)(3)	-1(4)(5)	-2(3)	-1(5)	
F_{TXIN2}	TXUSRCLK2(6) maximum frequency	16	16	511.719	511.719	390.625	390.625	322.266	MHz
		16	32	255.859	255.859	195.313	195.313	161.133	MHz
		32	32	511.719	511.719	390.625	390.625	322.266	MHz
		32	64	255.859	255.859	195.313	195.313	161.133	MHz
		64	64	511.719	440.781	402.832	402.832	195.313	MHz
		64	128	255.859	220.391	201.416	201.416	97.656	MHz
		20	20	409.375	409.375	312.500	312.500	257.813	MHz
		20	40	204.688	204.688	156.250	156.250	128.906	MHz
		40	40	409.375	409.375	312.500	350.000	257.813	MHz
		40	80	204.688	204.688	156.250	175.000	128.906	MHz
		80	80	409.375	352.625	322.266	352.625	156.250	MHz
		80	160	204.688	176.313	161.133	176.313	78.125	MHz
F_{RXIN2}	RXUSRCLK2(6) maximum frequency	16	16	511.719	511.719	390.625	390.625	322.266	MHz
		16	32	255.859	255.859	195.313	195.313	161.133	MHz
		32	32	511.719	511.719	390.625	390.625	322.266	MHz
		32	64	255.859	255.859	195.313	195.313	161.133	MHz
		64	64	511.719	440.781	402.832	402.832	195.313	MHz
		64	128	255.859	220.391	201.416	201.416	97.656	MHz
		20	20	409.375	409.375	312.500	312.500	257.813	MHz
		20	40	204.688	204.688	156.250	156.250	128.906	MHz
		40	40	409.375	409.375	312.500	350.000	257.813	MHz
		40	80	204.688	204.688	156.250	175.000	128.906	MHz
		80	80	409.375	352.625	322.266	352.625	156.250	MHz
		80	160	204.688	176.313	161.133	176.313	78.125	MHz

Notes:

1. Clocking must be implemented as described in the *UltraScale Architecture GTY Transceiver User Guide* (UG578).
2. For speed grades -3E, -2E, and -2I, a 16-bit and 20-bit internal data path can only be used for line rates less than 8.1875 Gb/s.
3. For speed grade -2LE, a 16-bit and 20-bit internal data path can only be used for line rates less than 8.1875 Gb/s when V_{CCINT} = 0.85V or 6.25 Gb/s when V_{CCINT} = 0.72V.
4. For speed grades -1E and -1I, a 16-bit and 20-bit internal data path can only be used for line rates less than 6.25 Gb/s.
5. For speed grade -1LI, a 16-bit and 20-bit internal data path can only be used for line rates less than 6.25 Gb/s when V_{CCINT} = 0.85V or 5.15625 Gb/s when V_{CCINT} = 0.72V.
6. When the gearbox is used, these maximums refer to the XCLK. For more information, see the *Valid Data Width Combinations for TX Asynchronous Gearbox* table in the *UltraScale Architecture GTY Transceiver User Guide* (UG578).

Video Codec Performance

The *UltraScale Architecture and Product Overview* (DS890) lists the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC EV devices that include the Video Codec unit (VCU).

Table 123: **VCU Performance**

Description	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages					Units
	0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
	-3	-2	-1	-2	-1	
Video Codec decoder block maximum frequency (H.264/5 10-bit 4:2:2)	667	667	667	667	667	MHz

PL System Monitor Specifications

Table 124: **PL SYSMON Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCADC} = 1.8V ±3%, V_{REFP} = 1.25V, V_{REFN} = 0V, ADCCLK = 5.2 MHz, T_j = –40°C to 100°C, typical values at T_j = 40°C						
ADC Accuracy[(1)]						
Resolution			10	–	–	Bits
Integral nonlinearity[(2)]	INL		–	–	±1.5	LSBs
Differential nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	±1	LSBs
Offset error		Offset calibration enabled	–	–	±2	LSBs
Gain error			–	–	±0.4	%
Sample rate			–	–	0.2	MS/s
RMS code noise		External 1.25V reference	–	–	1	LSBs
		On-chip reference	–	1	–	LSBs
ADC Accuracy at Extended Temperatures						
Resolution		T_j = –55°C to 125°C	10	–	–	Bits
Integral nonlinearity[(2)]	INL	T_j = –55°C to 125°C	–	–	±1.5	LSBs
Differential nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic (T_j = –55°C to 125°C)	–	–	±1	LSBs
Analog Inputs[(2)]						
ADC input ranges		Unipolar operation	0	–	1	V
		Bipolar operation	–0.5	–	+0.5	V
		Unipolar common mode range (FS input)	0	–	+0.5	V
		Bipolar common mode range (FS input)	+0.5	–	+0.6	V
Maximum external channel input ranges		Adjacent channels set within these ranges should not corrupt measurements on adjacent channels	–0.1	–	V_{CCADC}	V

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