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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	216000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	3780000
Total RAM Bits	514867200
Number of I/O	416
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.873V ~ 0.927V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	2104-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	2104-FCBGA (52.5x52.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcvu13p-3fhgc2104e

Table 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾ (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
I_{RMS}	Available RMS output current at the pad.	-20	20	mA
GTY Transceivers				
$V_{MGTAVCC}$	Analog supply voltage for transceiver circuits.	-0.500	1.000	V
$V_{MGTAVTT}$	Analog supply voltage for transceiver termination circuits.	-0.500	1.300	V
$V_{MGTVCCAUX}$	Auxiliary analog Quad PLL (QPLL) voltage supply for transceivers.	-0.500	1.900	V
$V_{MGTREFCLK}$	Transceiver reference clock absolute input voltage.	-0.500	1.300	V
$V_{MGTAVTTRCAL}$	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the transceiver column.	-0.500	1.300	V
V_{IN}	Receiver (RXP/RXN) and transmitter (TXP/TXN) absolute input voltage.	-0.500	1.200	V
$I_{DCIN-FLOAT}$	DC input current for receiver input pins DC coupled RX termination = floating. ⁽⁷⁾	-	10	mA
$I_{DCIN-MGTAVTT}$	DC input current for receiver input pins DC coupled RX termination = $V_{MGTAVTT}$.	-	10	mA
$I_{DCIN-GND}$	DC input current for receiver input pins DC coupled RX termination = GND. ⁽⁸⁾	-	0	mA
$I_{DCIN-PROG}$	DC input current for receiver input pins DC coupled RX termination = programmable. ⁽⁹⁾	-	0	mA
$I_{DCOUT-FLOAT}$	DC output current for transmitter pins DC coupled RX termination = floating.	-	6	mA
$I_{DCOUT-MGTAVTT}$	DC output current for transmitter pins DC coupled RX termination = $V_{MGTAVTT}$.	-	6	mA
System Monitor				
V_{CCADC}	System Monitor supply relative to GNDADC.	0.500	2.000	V
V_{REFP}	System Monitor reference input relative to GNDADC.	0.500	2.000	V
Temperature				
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (ambient).	-65	150	°C
T_{SOL}	Maximum soldering temperature. ⁽¹¹⁾	-	260	°C
T_j	Maximum junction temperature. ⁽¹¹⁾	-	125	°C

Notes:

- Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.
- V_{CCINT_IO} must be connected to V_{CCBRAM} .
- V_{CCAUX_IO} must be connected to V_{CCAUX} .
- The lower absolute voltage specification always applies.
- For I/O operation, see the *UltraScale Architecture SelectIO Resources User Guide* ([UG571](#)).
- When operating outside of the recommended operating conditions, refer to [Table 4](#) for maximum overshoot and undershoot specifications.
- AC coupled operation is not supported for RX termination = floating.
- For GTY transceivers, DC coupled operation is not supported for RX termination = GND.
- DC coupled operation is not supported for RX termination = programmable.
- For more information on supported GTY transceiver terminations see the or *UltraScale Architecture GTY Transceiver User Guide* ([UG578](#)).
- For soldering guidelines and thermal considerations, see the *UltraScale and UltraScale+ FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specifications* ([UG575](#)).

DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 3: DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Units
V _{DRINT}	Data retention V _{CCINT} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost).	0.68	–	–	V
V _{DRAUX}	Data retention V _{CCAUX} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost).	1.5	–	–	V
I _{REF}	V _{REF} leakage current per pin.	–	–	15	μA
I _L	Input or output leakage current per pin (sample-tested). ⁽²⁾	–	–	15	μA
C _{IN} ⁽³⁾	Die input capacitance at the pad.	–	–	3.1	pF
I _{RPU}	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CCO} = 3.3V.	75	–	190	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CCO} = 2.5V.	50	–	169	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CCO} = 1.8V.	60	–	120	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CCO} = 1.5V.	30	–	120	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CCO} = 1.2V.	10	–	100	μA
I _{RPD}	Pad pull-down (when selected) at V _{IN} = 3.3V.	60	–	200	μA
	Pad pull-down (when selected) at V _{IN} = 1.8V.	29	–	120	μA
I _{CCADCON}	Analog supply current for the SYSMON circuits in the power-up state.	–	–	8	mA
I _{CCADCOFF}	Analog supply current for the SYSMON circuits in the power-down state.	–	–	1.5	mA
I _{BATT} ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Battery supply current at V _{BATT} = 1.89V.	–	–	650	nA
	Battery supply current at V _{BATT} = 1.20V.	–	–	150	nA
I _{PFS} ⁽⁶⁾	V _{CCAUX} additional supply current during eFUSE programming.	–	–	115	mA
<i>Calibrated programmable on-die termination (DCI) in I/O banks⁽⁸⁾ (measured per JEDEC specification)</i>					
R ⁽⁹⁾	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to V _{CCO} /2 where ODT = RTT_40.	–10% ⁽⁸⁾	40	+10% ⁽⁸⁾	Ω
	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to V _{CCO} /2 where ODT = RTT_48.	–10% ⁽⁸⁾	48	+10% ⁽⁸⁾	Ω
	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to V _{CCO} /2 where ODT = RTT_60.	–10% ⁽⁸⁾	60	+10% ⁽⁸⁾	Ω
	Programmable input termination to V _{CCO} where ODT = RTT_40.	–10% ⁽⁸⁾	40	+10% ⁽⁸⁾	Ω
	Programmable input termination to V _{CCO} where ODT = RTT_48.	–10% ⁽⁸⁾	48	+10% ⁽⁸⁾	Ω
	Programmable input termination to V _{CCO} where ODT = RTT_60.	–10% ⁽⁸⁾	60	+10% ⁽⁸⁾	Ω
	Programmable input termination to V _{CCO} where ODT = RTT_120.	–10% ⁽⁸⁾	120	+10% ⁽⁸⁾	Ω
	Programmable input termination to V _{CCO} where ODT = RTT_240.	–10% ⁽⁸⁾	240	+10% ⁽⁸⁾	Ω

Table 5: Typical Quiescent Supply Current⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units
			0.90V	0.85V		0.72V	
			-3	-2	-1	-2	
I _{CCAUX_IOQ}	Quiescent V _{CCAUX_IO} supply current.	XCVU3P	62	62	62	62	mA
		XCVU5P	124	124	124	124	mA
		XCVU7P	124	124	124	124	mA
		XCVU9P	187	187	187	187	mA
		XCVU11P	79	79	79	79	mA
		XCVU13P	105	105	105	105	mA
I _{CCBRAMQ}	Quiescent V _{CCBRAM} supply current.	XCVU3P	45	43	43	43	mA
		XCVU5P	90	85	85	85	mA
		XCVU7P	90	85	85	85	mA
		XCVU9P	134	128	128	128	mA
		XCVU11P	130	124	124	124	mA
		XCVU13P	174	165	165	165	mA

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 85°C junction temperatures (T_j) with single-ended SelectIO™ resources.
2. Typical values are for blank configured devices with no output current loads, no active input pull-up resistors, all I/O pins are 3-state and floating.
3. Use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at www.xilinx.com/power) to estimate static power consumption for conditions other than those specified.

Power-On/Off Power Supply Sequencing

The recommended power-on sequence is V_{CCINT}, V_{CCINT_IO}/V_{CCBRAM}, V_{CCAUX}/V_{CCAUX_IO}, and V_{CCO} to achieve minimum current draw and ensure that the I/Os are 3-stated at power-on. The recommended power-off sequence is the reverse of the power-on sequence. If V_{CCINT} and V_{CCINT_IO}/V_{CCBRAM} have the same recommended voltage levels, they can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously. V_{CCINT_IO} must be connected to V_{CCBRAM}. If V_{CCAUX}/V_{CCAUX_IO} and V_{CCO} have the same recommended voltage levels, they can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously. V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCAUX_IO} must be connected together. V_{CCADC} and V_{REF} can be powered at any time and have no power-up sequencing requirements.

The recommended power-on sequence to achieve minimum current draw for the GTY transceivers are V_{CCINT}, V_{MGTAVCC}, V_{MGTAVTT} OR V_{MGTAVCC}, V_{CCINT}, V_{MGTAVTT}. There is no recommended sequencing for V_{MGTVCCAUX}. Both V_{MGTAVCC} and V_{CCINT} can be ramped simultaneously. The recommended power-off sequence is the reverse of the power-on sequence to achieve minimum current draw.

If these recommended sequences are not met, current drawn from V_{MGTAVTT} can be higher than specifications during power-up and power-down.

Power Supply Requirements

Table 6 shows the minimum current, in addition to I_{CCQ} maximum, required by each Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in Table 6 are met, the device powers on after all supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The device must not be configured until after V_{CCINT} is applied. Once initialized and configured, use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) tools to estimate current drain on these supplies.

Table 6: Power-on Current by Device⁽¹⁾

Device	$I_{CCINTMIN}$	$I_{CCINT_IOMIN} + I_{CCBRAMMIN}$	I_{CCOMIN}	$I_{CCAUXMIN} + I_{CCAUX_IOMIN}$	Units
XCVU3P	$I_{CCINTQ} + 2000$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + I_{CCINT_IOQ} + 950$	$I_{CCOQ} + 50$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + I_{CCAUX_IOQ} + 350$	mA
XCVU5P	$I_{CCINTQ} + 4000$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + I_{CCINT_IOQ} + 1900$	$I_{CCOQ} + 100$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + I_{CCAUX_IOQ} + 700$	mA
XCVU7P	$I_{CCINTQ} + 4000$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + I_{CCINT_IOQ} + 1900$	$I_{CCOQ} + 100$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + I_{CCAUX_IOQ} + 700$	mA
XCVU9P	$I_{CCINTQ} + 6000$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + I_{CCINT_IOQ} + 2850$	$I_{CCOQ} + 150$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + I_{CCAUX_IOQ} + 1050$	mA
XCVU11P	$I_{CCINTQ} + 6549$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + I_{CCINT_IOQ} + 3111$	$I_{CCOQ} + 164$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + I_{CCAUX_IOQ} + 1146$	mA
XCVU13P	$I_{CCINTQ} + 8731$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + I_{CCINT_IOQ} + 4148$	$I_{CCOQ} + 219$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + I_{CCAUX_IOQ} + 1528$	mA

Notes:

1. Use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at www.xilinx.com/power) to estimate power-on current for all supplies.

Table 7 shows the power supply ramp time.

Table 7: Power Supply Ramp Time

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
T_{VCCINT}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCINT} .	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCCINT_IO}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCINT_IO} .	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCCO}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCO} .	0.2	40	ms
T_{VCCAUX}	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCAUX} .	0.2	40	ms
$T_{VCCBRAM}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of V_{CCBRAM} .	0.2	40	ms
$T_{MGTAVCC}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{MGTAVCC}$.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{MGTAVTT}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{MGTAVTT}$.	0.2	40	ms
$T_{MGTVCCAUX}$	Ramp time from GND to 95% of $V_{MGTVCCAUX}$.	0.2	40	ms

Speed Grade Designations

Since individual family members are produced at different times, the migration from one category to another depends completely on the status of the fabrication process for each device. [Table 16](#) correlates the current status of the Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA on a per speed grade basis.

Table 17: Speed Grade Designations by Device

Device	Speed Grade, Temperature Ranges, and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XCVU3P	-3E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.90V$) -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.72V$) ⁽¹⁾		-2I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -1E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -1I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$)
XCVU5P	-3E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.90V$) -2I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -1E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -1I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.72V$) ⁽¹⁾		
XCVU7P	-3E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.90V$) -2I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -1E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -1I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.72V$) ⁽¹⁾		
XCVU9P	-3E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.90V$) -2I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -1E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -1I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.72V$) ⁽¹⁾		
XCVU11P	-3E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.90V$) -2I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -1E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -1I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.72V$) ⁽¹⁾		
XCVU13P	-3E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.90V$) -2I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -1E ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$), -1I ($V_{CCINT} = 0.85V$) -2LE ($V_{CCINT} = 0.72V$) ⁽¹⁾		

Notes:

1. The lowest power -2L devices, where $V_{CCINT} = 0.72V$, are listed in the Vivado Design Suite as -2LV.

Production Silicon and Software Status

In some cases, a particular family member (and speed grade) is released to production before a speed specification is released with the correct label (Advance, Preliminary, Production). Any labeling discrepancies are corrected in subsequent speed specification releases.

Table 18 lists the production released Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA, speed grade, and the minimum corresponding supported speed specification version and Vivado software revisions. The Vivado software and speed specifications listed are the minimum releases required for production. All subsequent releases of software and speed specifications are valid.

Table 18: Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA Device Production Software and Speed Specification Release

Device	Speed Grade and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltages				
	0.90V	0.85V			0.72V
	-3	-2	-1	-2L	-2L
XCVU3P		Vivado tools 2017.1 v1.10			
XCVU5P					
XCVU7P					
XCVU9P					
XCVU11P					
XCVU13P					

Notes:

- Blank entries indicate a device and/or speed grade in Advance or Preliminary status.

Table 22: LVDS Native-Mode 1000BASE-X Support⁽¹⁾

Description	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages			
	0.90V	0.85V		0.72V
	-3	-2	-1	-2
1000BASE-X	Yes			

Notes:

- 1000BASE-X support is based on the *IEEE Standard for CSMA/CD Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications* (IEEE Std 802.3-2008).

Table 23 provides the maximum data rates for applicable memory standards using the Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA memory PHY. Refer to [Memory Interfaces](#) for the complete list of memory interface standards supported and detailed specifications. The final performance of the memory interface is determined through a complete design implemented in the Vivado Design Suite, following guidelines in the *UltraScale Architecture PCB Design Guide* ([UG583](#)), electrical analysis, and characterization of the system.

Table 23: Maximum Physical Interface (PHY) Rate for Memory Interfaces

Memory Standard	DRAM Type	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V	
		-3	-2	-1	-2	
DDR4	Single rank component	2666	2666	2400	2400	Mb/s
	1 rank DIMM ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	2400	2400	2133	2133	Mb/s
	2 rank DIMM ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	2133	2133	1866	1866	Mb/s
	4 rank DIMM ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	1600	1600	1333	1333	Mb/s
DDR3	Single rank component	2133	2133	2133	2133	Mb/s
	1 rank DIMM ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1866	1866	1866	1866	Mb/s
	2 rank DIMM ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	1600	1600	1600	1600	Mb/s
	4 rank DIMM ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	1066	1066	1066	1066	Mb/s
DDR3L	Single rank component	1866	1866	1866	1866	Mb/s
	1 rank DIMM ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1600	1600	1600	1600	Mb/s
	2 rank DIMM ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	1333	1333	1333	1333	Mb/s
	4 rank DIMM ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	800	800	800	800	Mb/s
QDR II+	Single rank component ⁽⁵⁾	633	633	600	600	MHz
RLDRAM 3	Single rank component	1200	1200	1066	1066	MHz
QDR IV XP	Single rank component	1066	1066	1066	933	MHz
LPDDR3	Single rank component	1600	1600	1600	1600	Mb/s

Notes:

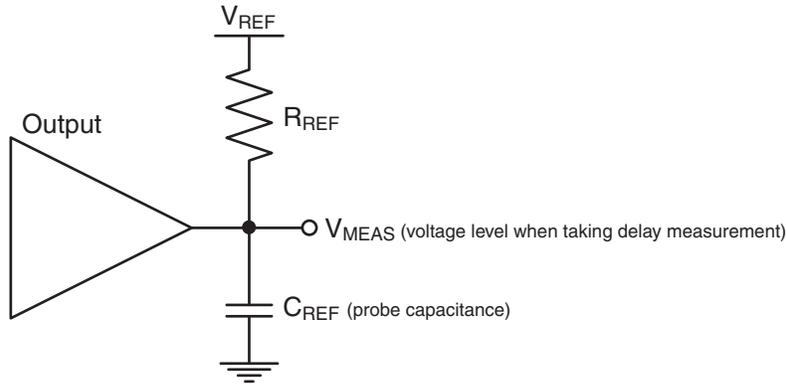
- Dual in-line memory module (DIMM) includes RDIMM, SODIMM, UDIMM, and LRDIMM.
- Includes: 1 rank 1 slot, DDP 2 rank, LRDIMM 2 or 4 rank 1 slot.
- Includes: 2 rank 1 slot, 1 rank 2 slot, LRDIMM 2 rank 2 slot.
- Includes: 2 rank 2 slot, 4 rank 1 slot.
- The QDR II+ performance specifications are for burst-length 4 (BL = 4) implementations.

Table 24: IOB High Performance (HP) Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

I/O Standards	T _{INBUF_DELAY_PAD_I}				T _{OUTBUF_DELAY_O_PAD}				T _{OUTBUF_DELAY_TD_PAD}				Units
	0.90V		0.85V		0.72V		0.90V		0.85V		0.72V		
	-3	-2	-1	-2	-3	-2	-1	-2	-3	-2	-1	-2	
DIFF_POD10_DCI_F	0.411	0.411	0.430	0.411	0.425	0.425	0.444	0.425	0.555	0.555	0.584	0.555	ns
DIFF_POD10_DCI_M	0.411	0.411	0.430	0.411	0.542	0.542	0.571	0.542	0.640	0.640	0.681	0.640	ns
DIFF_POD10_DCI_S	0.411	0.411	0.430	0.411	0.754	0.754	0.815	0.754	0.850	0.850	0.917	0.850	ns
DIFF_POD10_F	0.411	0.411	0.433	0.411	0.438	0.438	0.459	0.438	0.569	0.569	0.601	0.569	ns
DIFF_POD10_M	0.411	0.411	0.433	0.411	0.538	0.538	0.568	0.538	0.630	0.630	0.667	0.630	ns
DIFF_POD10_S	0.411	0.411	0.433	0.411	0.766	0.766	0.821	0.766	0.836	0.836	0.894	0.836	ns
DIFF_POD12_DCI_F	0.407	0.407	0.432	0.407	0.425	0.425	0.443	0.425	0.558	0.558	0.586	0.558	ns
DIFF_POD12_DCI_M	0.407	0.407	0.432	0.407	0.543	0.543	0.572	0.543	0.638	0.638	0.678	0.638	ns
DIFF_POD12_DCI_S	0.407	0.407	0.432	0.407	0.772	0.772	0.822	0.772	0.862	0.862	0.929	0.862	ns
DIFF_POD12_F	0.409	0.409	0.430	0.409	0.455	0.455	0.476	0.455	0.595	0.595	0.626	0.595	ns
DIFF_POD12_M	0.409	0.409	0.430	0.409	0.551	0.551	0.582	0.551	0.641	0.641	0.679	0.641	ns
DIFF_POD12_S	0.409	0.409	0.430	0.409	0.767	0.767	0.817	0.767	0.832	0.832	0.889	0.832	ns
DIFF_SSTL12_DCI_F	0.381	0.381	0.400	0.381	0.425	0.425	0.443	0.425	0.558	0.558	0.586	0.558	ns
DIFF_SSTL12_DCI_M	0.381	0.381	0.400	0.381	0.557	0.557	0.587	0.557	0.654	0.654	0.694	0.654	ns
DIFF_SSTL12_DCI_S	0.381	0.381	0.400	0.381	0.754	0.754	0.803	0.754	0.842	0.842	0.908	0.842	ns
DIFF_SSTL12_F	0.394	0.394	0.402	0.394	0.412	0.412	0.430	0.412	0.538	0.538	0.566	0.538	ns
DIFF_SSTL12_M	0.394	0.394	0.402	0.394	0.553	0.553	0.584	0.553	0.641	0.641	0.676	0.641	ns
DIFF_SSTL12_S	0.394	0.394	0.402	0.394	0.758	0.758	0.808	0.758	0.823	0.823	0.879	0.823	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_DCI_F	0.371	0.371	0.402	0.371	0.411	0.411	0.428	0.411	0.537	0.537	0.565	0.537	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_DCI_M	0.371	0.371	0.402	0.371	0.551	0.551	0.582	0.551	0.645	0.645	0.685	0.645	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_DCI_S	0.371	0.371	0.402	0.371	0.746	0.746	0.799	0.746	0.829	0.829	0.893	0.829	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_F	0.375	0.375	0.402	0.375	0.408	0.408	0.428	0.408	0.528	0.528	0.561	0.528	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_M	0.375	0.375	0.402	0.375	0.555	0.555	0.585	0.555	0.641	0.641	0.679	0.641	ns
DIFF_SSTL135_S	0.375	0.375	0.402	0.375	0.772	0.772	0.823	0.772	0.827	0.827	0.878	0.827	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_DCI_F	0.397	0.397	0.417	0.397	0.412	0.412	0.429	0.412	0.531	0.531	0.563	0.531	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_DCI_M	0.397	0.397	0.417	0.397	0.553	0.553	0.583	0.553	0.645	0.645	0.685	0.645	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_DCI_S	0.397	0.397	0.417	0.397	0.768	0.768	0.822	0.768	0.847	0.847	0.912	0.847	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_F	0.404	0.404	0.417	0.404	0.424	0.424	0.445	0.424	0.551	0.551	0.577	0.551	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_M	0.404	0.404	0.417	0.404	0.554	0.554	0.585	0.554	0.639	0.639	0.677	0.639	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_S	0.404	0.404	0.417	0.404	0.767	0.767	0.817	0.767	0.813	0.813	0.867	0.813	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_DCI_F	0.320	0.320	0.336	0.320	0.445	0.445	0.461	0.445	0.566	0.566	0.595	0.566	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_DCI_M	0.320	0.320	0.336	0.320	0.554	0.554	0.585	0.554	0.644	0.644	0.683	0.644	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_DCI_S	0.320	0.320	0.336	0.320	0.762	0.762	0.818	0.762	0.837	0.837	0.899	0.837	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_F	0.316	0.316	0.336	0.316	0.454	0.454	0.476	0.454	0.578	0.578	0.608	0.578	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_M	0.316	0.316	0.336	0.316	0.571	0.571	0.603	0.571	0.652	0.652	0.692	0.652	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_S	0.316	0.316	0.336	0.316	0.782	0.782	0.835	0.782	0.816	0.816	0.870	0.816	ns
HSLVDCI_15_F	0.393	0.393	0.415	0.393	0.425	0.425	0.443	0.425	0.548	0.548	0.579	0.548	ns
HSLVDCI_15_M	0.393	0.393	0.415	0.393	0.552	0.552	0.581	0.552	0.644	0.644	0.684	0.644	ns
HSLVDCI_15_S	0.393	0.393	0.415	0.393	0.748	0.748	0.802	0.748	0.827	0.827	0.890	0.827	ns
HSLVDCI_18_F	0.424	0.424	0.447	0.424	0.445	0.445	0.461	0.445	0.566	0.566	0.595	0.566	ns
HSLVDCI_18_M	0.424	0.424	0.447	0.424	0.567	0.567	0.598	0.567	0.658	0.658	0.699	0.658	ns

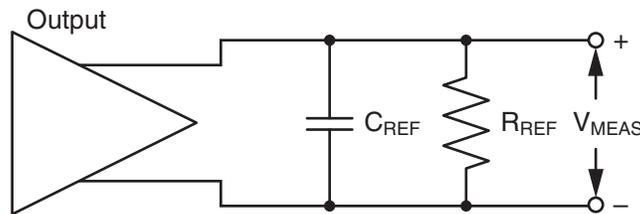
Output Delay Measurement Methodology

Output delays are measured with short output traces. Standard termination was used for all testing. The propagation delay of the trace is characterized separately and subtracted from the final measurement, and is therefore not included in the generalized test setups shown in [Figure 1](#) and [Figure 2](#).



ds923_01_041816

Figure 1: Single-Ended Test Setup



ds923_02_041816

Figure 2: Differential Test Setup

Parameters V_{REF} , R_{REF} , C_{REF} , and V_{MEAS} fully describe the test conditions for each I/O standard. The most accurate prediction of propagation delay in any given application can be obtained through IBIS simulation, using this method:

1. Simulate the output driver of choice into the generalized test setup using values from [Table 27](#).
2. Record the time to V_{MEAS} .
3. Simulate the output driver of choice into the actual PCB trace and load using the appropriate IBIS model or capacitance value to represent the load.
4. Record the time to V_{MEAS} .
5. Compare the results of [step 2](#) and [step 4](#). The increase or decrease in delay yields the actual propagation delay of the PCB trace.

PLL Switching Characteristics

 Table 34: PLL Specification⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V	
		-3	-2	-1	-2	
PLL_F _{INMAX}	Maximum input clock frequency.	1066	933	800	933	MHz
PLL_F _{INMIN}	Minimum input clock frequency.	70	70	70	70	MHz
PLL_F _{INJITTER}	Maximum input clock period jitter.	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max				
PLL_F _{INDUTY}	Input duty cycle range: 70–399 MHz.	35–65				%
	Input duty cycle range: 400–499 MHz.	40–60				%
	Input duty cycle range: >500 MHz.	45–55				%
PLL_F _{VCOMIN}	Minimum PLL VCO frequency.	750	750	750	750	MHz
PLL_F _{VCOMAX}	Maximum PLL VCO frequency.	1500	1500	1500	1500	MHz
PLL_T _{STATPHAOFFSET}	Static phase offset of the PLL outputs. ⁽²⁾	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
PLL_T _{OUTJITTER}	PLL output jitter.	Note 3				
PLL_T _{OUTDUTY}	PLL CLKOUT0, CLKOUT0B, CLKOUT1, CLKOUT1B duty-cycle precision. ⁽⁴⁾	0.165	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns
PLL_T _{LOCKMAX}	PLL maximum lock time.	100				µs
PLL_F _{OUTMAX}	PLL maximum output frequency at CLKOUT0, CLKOUT0B, CLKOUT1, CLKOUT1B.	891	775	667	725	MHz
	PLL maximum output frequency at CLKOUTPHY.	2667	2667	2400	2400	MHz
PLL_F _{OUTMIN}	PLL minimum output frequency at CLKOUT0, CLKOUT0B, CLKOUT1, CLKOUT1B. ⁽⁵⁾	5.86	5.86	5.86	5.86	MHz
	PLL minimum output frequency at CLKOUTPHY.	2 x VCO mode: 1500 1 x VCO mode: 750 0.5 x VCO mode: 375				MHz
PLL_RST _{MINPULSE}	Minimum reset pulse width.	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	ns
PLL_F _{PFDMAX}	Maximum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	667.5	667.5	667.5	667.5	MHz
PLL_F _{PFDMIN}	Minimum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	70	70	70	70	MHz
PLL_F _{BANDWIDTH}	PLL bandwidth at typical.	14	14	14	14	MHz
PLL_F _{DRPCLK_MAX}	Maximum DRP clock frequency	250	250	250	250	MHz

Notes:

1. The PLL does not filter typical spread-spectrum input clocks because they are usually far below the loop filter frequencies.
2. The static offset is measured between any PLL outputs with identical phase.
3. Values for this parameter are available in the Clocking Wizard.
4. Includes global clock buffer.
5. Calculated as $F_{VCO}/128$ assuming output duty cycle is 50%.

Table 37: Global Clock Input to Output Delay With MMCM

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units
			0.90V	0.85V		0.72V	
			-3	-2	-1	-2	
SSTL15 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, with MMCM.							
T _{ICKOFMMCMCC}	Global clock input and output flip-flop <i>with</i> MMCM.	XCVU3P	1.80	1.80	1.94	2.34	ns
		XCVU5P	1.80	1.80	1.94	2.34	ns
		XCVU7P	1.80	1.80	1.94	2.34	ns
		XCVU9P	1.80	1.80	1.94	2.34	ns
		XCVU11P	1.56	1.56	1.68	2.07	ns
		XCVU13P	1.56	1.56	1.68	2.07	ns

Notes:

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible I/O and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net in a single SLR.
2. MMCM output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

The pin-to-pin numbers in Table 38 are based on the clock root placement in the center of the device. The actual pin-to-pin values will vary if the root placement selected is different. Consult the Vivado Design Suite timing report for the actual pin-to-pin values.

Table 38: Global Clock Input Setup and Hold With MMCM

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units	
			0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
			-3	-2	-1	-2		
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal using SSTL15 Standard. (1)(2)(3)								
T _{PSMMCMCC_VU3P}	Global clock input and input flip-flop (or latch) with MMCM.	Setup	XCVU3P	1.86	1.86	1.99	2.32	ns
T _{PHMMCMCC_VU3P}		Hold	XCVU3P	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	0.14	ns
T _{PSMMCMCC_VU5P}		Setup	XCVU5P	1.86	1.86	1.99	2.32	ns
T _{PHMMCMCC_VU5P}		Hold	XCVU5P	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	0.14	ns
T _{PSMMCMCC_VU7P}		Setup	XCVU7P	1.86	1.86	1.99	2.32	ns
T _{PHMMCMCC_VU7P}		Hold	XCVU7P	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	0.14	ns
T _{PSMMCMCC_VU9P}		Setup	XCVU9P	1.86	1.86	1.99	2.32	ns
T _{PHMMCMCC_VU9P}		Hold	XCVU9P	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	0.14	ns
T _{PSMMCMCC_VU11P}		Setup	XCVU11P	1.92	1.92	2.05	2.36	ns
T _{PHMMCMCC_VU11P}		Hold	XCVU11P	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	0.16	ns
T _{PSMMCMCC_VU13P}		Setup	XCVU13P	1.92	1.92	2.05	2.36	ns
T _{PHMMCMCC_VU13P}		Hold	XCVU13P	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	0.16	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, slowest temperature, and slowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, fastest temperature, and fastest voltage.
2. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible I/O and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net in a single SLR.
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 39: Sampling Window

Description	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units
	0.90V	0.85V		0.72V	
	-3	-2	-1	-2	
T _{SAMP_BUFG} ⁽¹⁾	510	610	610	610	ps
T _{SAMP_NATIVE_DPA}	100	100	125	125	ps
T _{SAMP_NATIVE_BISC}	60	60	85	85	ps

Notes:

1. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the MMCM to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements include: CLK0 MMCM jitter, MMCM accuracy (phase offset), and MMCM phase shift resolution. These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.

Table 51: GTY Transceiver Receiver Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
F _{GTYRX}	Serial data rate		0.500	–	F _{GTYMAX}	Gb/s
R _{XSSST}	Receiver spread-spectrum tracking ⁽¹⁾	Modulated at 33 kHz	–5000	–	0	ppm
R _{XRL}	Run length (CID)		–	–	256	UI
R _{XPPMTOL}	Data/REFCLK PPM offset tolerance	Bit rates ≤ 6.6 Gb/s	–1250	–	1250	ppm
		Bit rates > 6.6 Gb/s and ≤ 8.0 Gb/s	–700	–	700	ppm
		Bit rates > 8.0 Gb/s	–200	–	200	ppm
SJ Jitter Tolerance⁽²⁾						
J _{T_SJ32.75}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	32.75 Gb/s	0.25	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ28.21}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	28.21 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ16.375}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	16.375 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ15.0}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	15.0 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ14.1}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	14.1 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ13.1}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	13.1 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ12.5}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	12.5 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ11.3}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	11.3 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ10.32_QPLL}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	10.32 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ10.32_CPLL}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	10.32 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ9.953_QPLL}	Sinusoidal jitter (QPLL) ⁽³⁾	9.953 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ9.953_CPLL}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	9.953 Gb/s	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ8.0}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	8.0 Gb/s	0.42	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ6.6}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	6.6 Gb/s	0.44	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ5.0}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	5.0 Gb/s	0.44	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ4.25}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	4.25 Gb/s	0.44	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ3.2}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	3.2 Gb/s ⁽⁴⁾	0.45	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ2.5}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	2.5 Gb/s ⁽⁵⁾	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ1.25}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	1.25 Gb/s ⁽⁶⁾	0.30	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJ500}	Sinusoidal jitter (CPLL) ⁽³⁾	500 Mb/s ⁽⁷⁾	0.30	–	–	UI
SJ Jitter Tolerance with Stressed Eye⁽²⁾						
J _{T_TJSE3.2}	Total jitter with stressed eye ⁽⁸⁾	3.2 Gb/s	0.70	–	–	UI
J _{T_TJSE6.6}		6.6 Gb/s	0.70	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJSE3.2}	Sinusoidal jitter with stressed eye ⁽⁸⁾	3.2 Gb/s	0.10	–	–	UI
J _{T_SJSE6.6}		6.6 Gb/s	0.10	–	–	UI

Notes:

- Using RXOUT_DIV = 1, 2, and 4.
- All jitter values are based on a bit error ratio of 10^{–12}.
- The frequency of the injected sinusoidal jitter is 80 MHz.
- CPLL frequency at 3.2 GHz and RXOUT_DIV = 2.
- CPLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and RXOUT_DIV = 2.
- CPLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and RXOUT_DIV = 4.
- CPLL frequency at 2.0 GHz and RXOUT_DIV = 8.
- Composite jitter with RX equalizer enabled. DFE disabled.

GTY Transceiver Electrical Compliance

The *UltraScale Architecture GTY Transceiver User Guide* ([UG578](#)) contains recommended use modes that ensure compliance for the protocols listed in [Table 52](#). The transceiver wizard provides the recommended settings for those use cases and for protocol specific characteristics.

Table 52: GTY Transceiver Protocol List

Protocol	Specification	Serial Rate (Gb/s)	Electrical Compliance
CAUI-4	IEEE 802.3-2012	25.78125	Compliant
28 Gb/s backplane	CEI-25G-LR	25–28.05	Compliant
Interlaken	OIF-CEI-6G, OIF-CEI-11GSR, OIF-CEI-28G-MR	4.25–25.78125	Compliant
100GBASE-KR4	IEEE 802.3bj-2014, CEI-25G-LR	25.78125	Compliant ⁽¹⁾
100GBASE-CR4	IEEE 802.3bj-2014, CEI-25G-LR	25.78125	Compliant ⁽¹⁾
50GBASE-KR4	IEEE 802.3by-2014, CEI-25G-LR	25.78125	Compliant ⁽¹⁾
50GBASE-CR4	IEEE 802.3by-2014, CEI-25G-LR	25.78125	Compliant ⁽¹⁾
25GBASE-KR4	IEEE 802.3by-2014, CEI-25G-LR	25.78125	Compliant ⁽¹⁾
25GBASE-CR4	IEEE 802.3by-2014, CEI-25G-LR	25.78125	Compliant ⁽¹⁾
OTU4 (OTL4.4) CFP2	OIF-CEI-28G-VSR	27.952493-32.75	Compliant
OTU4 (OTL4.4) CFP	OIF-CEI-11G-MR	11.18–13.1	Compliant
CAUI-10	IEEE 802.3-2012	10.3125	Compliant
nPPI	IEEE 802.3-2012	10.3125	Compliant
10GBASE-KR ⁽²⁾	IEEE 802.3-2012	10.3125	Compliant
SFP+	SFF-8431 (SR and LR)	9.95328–11.10	Compliant
XFP	INF-8077i, revision 4.5	10.3125	Compliant
RXAUI	CEI-6G-SR	6.25	Compliant
XAUI	IEEE 802.3-2012	3.125	Compliant
1000BASE-X	IEEE 802.3-2012	1.25	Compliant
5.0G Ethernet	IEEE 802.3bx (PAR)	5	Compliant
2.5G Ethernet	IEEE 802.3bx (PAR)	2.5	Compliant
HiGig, HiGig+, HiGig2	IEEE 802.3-2012	3.74, 6.6	Compliant
QSGMII	QSGMII v1.2 (Cisco System, ENG-46158)	5	Compliant
OTU2	ITU G.8251	10.709225	Compliant
OTU4 (OTL4.10)	OIF-CEI-11G-SR	11.180997	Compliant
OC-3/12/48/192	GR-253-CORE	0.1555–9.956	Compliant
PCIe Gen1, 2, 3	PCI Express base 3.0	2.5, 5.0, and 8.0	Compliant
SDI ⁽³⁾	SMPTE 424M-2006	0.27–2.97	Compliant
UHD-SDI ⁽³⁾	SMPTE ST-2081 6G, SMPTE ST-2082 12G	6 and 12	Compliant
Hybrid memory cube (HMC)	HMC-15G-SR	10, 12.5, and 15.0	Compliant
MoSys bandwidth engine	CEI-11-SR and CEI-11-SR (overclocked)	10.3125, 15.5	Compliant
CPRI	CPRI_v_6_1_2014-07-01	0.6144–12.165	Compliant
Passive optical network (PON)	10G-EPON, 1G-EPON, NG-PON2, XG-PON, and 2.5G-PON	0.155–10.3125	Compliant
JESD204a/b	OIF-CEI-6G, OIF-CEI-11G	3.125–12.5	Compliant

Integrated Interface Block for 100G Ethernet MAC and PCS

More information and documentation on solutions using the integrated 100 Gb/s Ethernet block can be found at [UltraScale Integrated 100G Ethernet MAC/PCS](#). The *UltraScale Architecture and Product Overview (DS890)* lists how many blocks are in each Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA.

Table 56: Maximum Performance for 100G Ethernet Designs

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V	
		-3	-2 ⁽¹⁾	-1	-2	
F _{TX_CLK}	Transmit clock	390.625	390.625	322.223	322.223	MHz
F _{RX_CLK}	Receive clock	390.625	390.625	322.223	322.223	MHz
F _{RX_SERDES_CLK}	Receive serializer/deserializer clock	390.625	390.625	322.223	322.223	MHz
F _{DRP_CLK}	Dynamic reconfiguration port clock	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz

Notes:

- The maximum clock frequency of 390.625 MHz only applies to the CAUI-10 interface. The maximum clock frequency for the CAUI-4 interface is 322.223 MHz.

Integrated Interface Block for PCI Express Designs

More information and documentation on solutions for PCI Express designs can be found at [PCI Express](#). The *UltraScale Architecture and Product Overview (DS890)* lists how many blocks are in each Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA.

Table 57: Maximum Performance for PCI Express Designs⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V	
		-3	-2	-1	-2	
F _{PIPECLK}	Pipe clock maximum frequency.	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
F _{CORECLK}	Core clock maximum frequency.	500.00	500.00	500.00	250.00	MHz
F _{DRPCLK}	DRP clock maximum frequency.	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
F _{MCAPCLK}	MCAP clock maximum frequency.	125.00	125.00	125.00	125.00	MHz

Notes:

- PCI Express Gen4 operation is supported for x1, x2, x4, and x8 widths.
- PCI Express Gen4 operation is supported in -3E, -2E, and -2I speed grades.

SYSMON I2C/PMBus Interfaces

Table 59: SYSMON I2C Fast Mode Interface Switching Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
T_{SMFCKL}	SCL Low time	1.3	–	μ s
T_{SMFCKH}	SCL High time	0.6	–	μ s
T_{SMFCKO}	SDAO clock-to-out delay	–	900	ns
T_{SMFDCK}	SDAI setup time	100	–	ns
F_{SMFCLK}	SCL clock frequency	–	400	kHz

Notes:

1. The test conditions are configured to the LVCMOS 1.8V I/O standard.

Table 60: SYSMON I2C Standard Mode Interface Switching Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
T_{SMSCKL}	SCL Low time	4.7	–	μ s
T_{SMSCKH}	SCL High time	4.0	–	μ s
T_{SMSCKO}	SDAO clock-to-out delay	–	3450	ns
T_{SMSDCK}	SDAI setup time	250	–	ns
F_{SMSCLK}	SCL clock frequency	–	100	kHz

Notes:

1. The test conditions are configured to the LVCMOS 1.8V I/O standard.

Configuration Switching Characteristics

Table 61: Configuration Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units	
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
		-3	-2	-1	-2		
Power-up Timing Characteristics							
T _{PL}	Program latency.	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	ms, Max	
T _{POR}	Power-on reset (40 ms maximum ramp rate).	65	65	65	65	ms, Max	
		0	0	0	0	ms, Min	
	Power-on reset with POR override (2 ms maximum ramp rate).	15	15	15	15	ms, Max	
		5	5	5	5	ms, Min	
T _{PROGRAM}	Program pulse width.	250	250	250	250	ns, Min	
CCLK Output (Master Mode)							
T _{ICCK}	Master CCLK output delay from INIT_B.	150	150	150	150	ns, Min	
T _{MCCKL} ⁽¹⁾	Master CCLK clock Low time duty cycle.	40/60	40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max	
T _{MCCKH}	Master CCLK clock High time duty cycle.	40/60	40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max	
F _{MCCK}	Master SPI/BPI CCLK frequency.	125	125	125	100	MHz, Max	
F _{MCCK_START}	Master CCLK frequency at start of configuration.	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	MHz, Typ	
F _{MCCKTOL}	Frequency tolerance, master mode with respect to nominal CCLK.	±15	±15	±15	±15	%, Max	
CCLK Input (Slave Mode)							
T _{SCCKL}	Slave CCLK clock minimum Low time.	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min	
T _{SCCKH}	Slave CCLK clock minimum High time.	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min	
F _{SCCK}	Slave serial SelectMap CCLK frequency.	XCVU3P, XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P	125	125	125	100	MHz, Max
		XCVU11P, XCVU13P	125	125	125	66	MHz, Max
EMCCLK Input (Master Mode)							
T _{EMCCKL}	External master CCLK Low time.	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min	
T _{EMCCKH}	External master CCLK High time.	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min	
F _{EMCCK}	External master CCLK frequency.	125	125	125	100	MHz, Max	
Internal Configuration Access Port							
F _{ICAPCK}	Internal configuration access port (ICAPE3).	XCVU3P	200	200	200	150	MHz, Max
	Master SLR ICAPE3 accessing entire device.	XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P, XCVU11P, XCVU13P	125	125	125	100	MHz, Max
	SLR ICAPE3 accessing local SLR.	XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P, XCVU11P, XCVU13P	200	200	200	150	MHz, Max
Slave Serial Mode Programming Switching							
T _{DCCK} /T _{CCKD}	D _{IN} setup/hold.	3.0/0	3.0/0	3.0/0	4.0/0	ns, Min	
T _{CCO}	D _{OUT} clock to out.	8.0	8.0	8.0	9.0	ns, Max	

Table 61: Configuration Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units	
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V		
		-3	-2	-1	-2		
SelectMAP Mode Programming Switching							
T _{SMDCCK} /T _{SMCCKD}	D[31:00] setup/hold.	XCVU3P, XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P	4.0/0	4.0/0	4.0/0	5.0/0	ns, Min
		XCVU11P, XCVU13P	4.5/0	4.5/0	4.5/0	7.5/0	ns, Min
T _{SMCSCCK} /T _{SMCCKCS}	CSI_B setup/hold.	XCVU3P, XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P	4.0/0	4.0/0	4.0/0	5.0/0	ns, Min
		XCVU11P, XCVU13P	4.5/0	4.5/0	4.5/0	7.5/0	ns, Min
T _{SMWCCK} /T _{SMCCKW}	RDWR_B setup/hold.	XCVU3P, XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P	10.0/0	10.0/0	10.0/0	11.0/0	ns, Min
		XCVU11P, XCVU13P	11.0/0	11.0/0	11.0/0	17.0/0	ns, Min
T _{SMCKCSO}	CSO_B clock to out (330Ω pull-up resistor required).		7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	ns, Max
T _{SMCO}	D[31:00] clock to out in readback.		8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	ns, Max
F _{RBCK}	Readback frequency.	XCVU3P, XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P	125	125	125	100	MHz, Max
		XCVU11P, XCVU13P	125	125	125	66	MHz, Max
Boundary-Scan Port Timing Specifications							
T _{TAPTCK} /T _{TCKTAP}	TMS and TDI setup/hold.	XCVU3P	3.0/2.0	3.0/2.0	3.0/2.0	3.0/2.0	ns, Min
		XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P, XCVU11P, XCVU13P	8.5/2.0	8.5/2.0	8.5/2.0	8.5/2.0	ns, Min
T _{TCKTDO}	TCK falling edge to TDO output.	XCVU3P	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	ns, Max
		XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P, XCVU11P, XCVU13P	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	ns, Max
F _{TCK}	TCK frequency.	XCVU3P	66	66	66	66	MHz, Max
		XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P, XCVU11P, XCVU13P	20	20	20	20	MHz, Max
BPI Master Flash Mode Programming Switching							
T _{BPICCO}	A[28:00], RS[1:0], FCS_B, FOE_B, FWE_B, ADV_B clock to out.		10	10	10	10	ns, Max
T _{BPIDCC} /T _{BPICCD}	D[15:00] setup/hold.	XCVU3P, XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P	4.0/0	4.0/0	4.0/0	5.0/0	ns, Min
		XCVU11P, XCVU13P	4.5/0	4.5/0	4.5/0	7.5/0	ns, Min
SPI Master Flash Mode Programming Switching							
T _{SPIDCC} /T _{SPICCD}	D[03:00] setup/hold.		3.0/0	3.0/0	3.0/0	4.0/0	ns, Min
T _{SPIDCC} /T _{SPICCD}	D[07:04] setup/hold.	XCVU3P, XCVU5P, XCVU7P, XCVU9P	4.0/0	4.0/0	4.0/0	5.0/0	ns, Min
		XCVU11P, XCVU13P	4.5/0	4.5/0	4.5/0	7.5/0	ns, Min
T _{SPICCM}	MOSI clock to out.		8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	ns, Max
T _{SPICFC}	FCS_B clock to out.		8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	ns, Max

Table 61: Configuration Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade and V _{CCINT} Operating Voltages				Units
		0.90V	0.85V		0.72V	
		-3	-2	-1	-2	
DNA Port Switching						
F _{DNACK}	DNA port frequency.	200	200	200	175	MHz, Max
STARTUPE3 Ports						
T _{USRCCLKO}	STARTUPE3 USRCCLKO input port to CCLK pin output delay.	0.25/ 6.00	0.25/ 6.50	0.25/ 7.50	0.25/ 9.00	ns, Min/Max
T _{DO}	DO[3:0] ports to D03-D00 pins output delay.	0.25/ 6.70	0.25/ 7.70	0.25/ 8.40	0.25/ 10.00	ns, Min/Max
T _{DTS}	DTS[3:0] ports to D03-D00 pins 3-state delays.	0.25/ 6.70	0.25/ 7.70	0.25/ 8.40	0.25/ 10.00	ns, Min/Max
T _{FCSBO}	FCSBO port to FCS_B pin output delay.	0.25/ 6.90	0.25/ 7.50	0.25/ 8.40	0.25/ 9.80	ns, Min/Max
T _{FCSBTS}	FCSBTS port to FCS_B pin 3-state delay.	0.25/ 6.90	0.25/ 7.50	0.25/ 8.40	0.25/ 9.80	ns, Min/Max
T _{USRDONEO}	USRDONEO port to DONE pin output delay.	0.25/ 8.60	0.25/ 9.40	0.25/ 10.50	0.25/ 12.10	ns, Min/Max
T _{USRDONETS}	USRDONETS port to DONE pin 3-state delay.	0.25/ 8.60	0.25/ 9.40	0.25/ 10.50	0.25/ 12.10	ns, Min/Max
T _{DI}	D03-D00 pins to DI[3:0] ports input delay.	0.5/ 2.6	0.5/ 3.1	0.5/ 3.5	0.5/ 4.0	ns, Min/Max
F _{CFGMCLK}	STARTUPE3 CFGMCLK output frequency.	50	50	50	50	MHz, Typ
F _{CFGMCLKTOL}	STARTUPE3 CFGMCLK output frequency tolerance.	±15	±15	±15	±15	%, Max
T _{DCI_MATCH}	Specifies a stall in the startup cycle until the digitally controlled impedance (DCI) match signals are asserted.	4	4	4	4	ms, Max

Notes:

1. When the CCLK is sourced from the EMCCLK pin with a divide-by-one setting, the external EMCCLK must meet this duty-cycle requirement.

Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document.

Date	Version	Description of Revisions
04/19/2017	1.1	<p>Updated the Summary description. In Table 1, updated Note 6, added data, and added Note 7, Note 8, and Note 9. Updated and added data to Table 2 through Table 6.</p> <p>Removed the -1LI speed grade.</p> <p>Updated Table 16, Table 17, and Table 18 to production release in Vivado Design Suite 2017.1 for the XCVU3P: -2E, -2I, -1E, -1I.</p> <p>Updated Table 15. Added Note 1 to Table 17. Updated Table 19, Table 20, Table 24, Table 25, Table 26, Table 28, Table 29, and Table 30. Added Table 21. Added MMCM_FDPRCLK_MAX to Table 33 and PLL_FDPRCLK_MAX to Table 34. Updated to Vivado Design Suite 2017.1 Table 35, Table 36, Table 37, and Table 38. Added data to Table 39 and Table 40. Updated the GTY Transceiver Specifications section. Revised the Integrated Interface Block for Interlaken section. Updated the System Monitor Specifications section adding notes to the tables. Updated the Configuration Switching Characteristics section. Removed the eFUSE Programming Conditions table and added the specifications to Table 2 and Table 3. Updated the Automotive Applications Disclaimer.</p>
04/20/2016	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.

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