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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

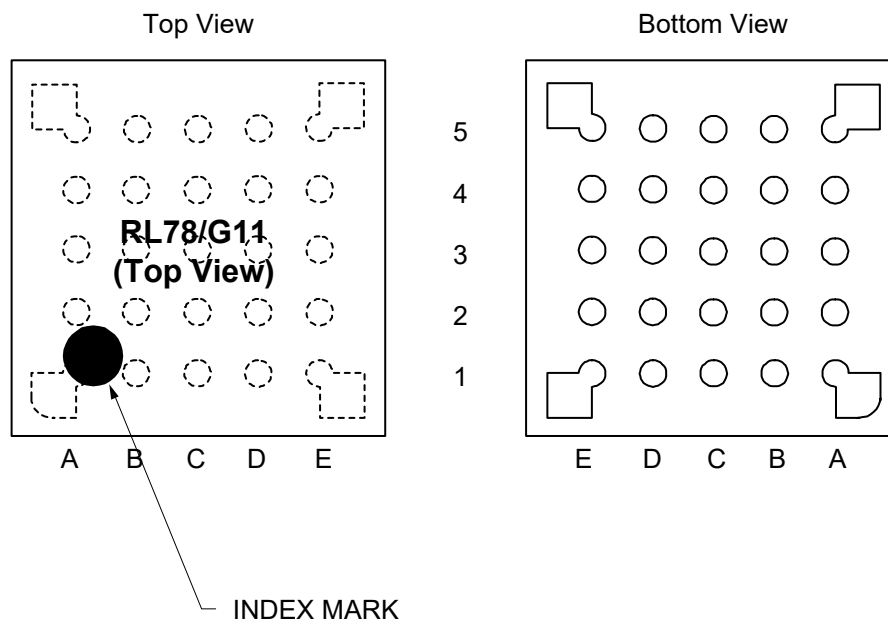
### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I <sup>2</sup> C, UART/USART
Peripherals	LVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	1.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 11x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	24-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	24-HWQFN (4x4)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f1057agna-w0">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f1057agna-w0</a>

### 1.3.5 25-pin products

- 25-pin plastic WFLGA (3 × 3 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



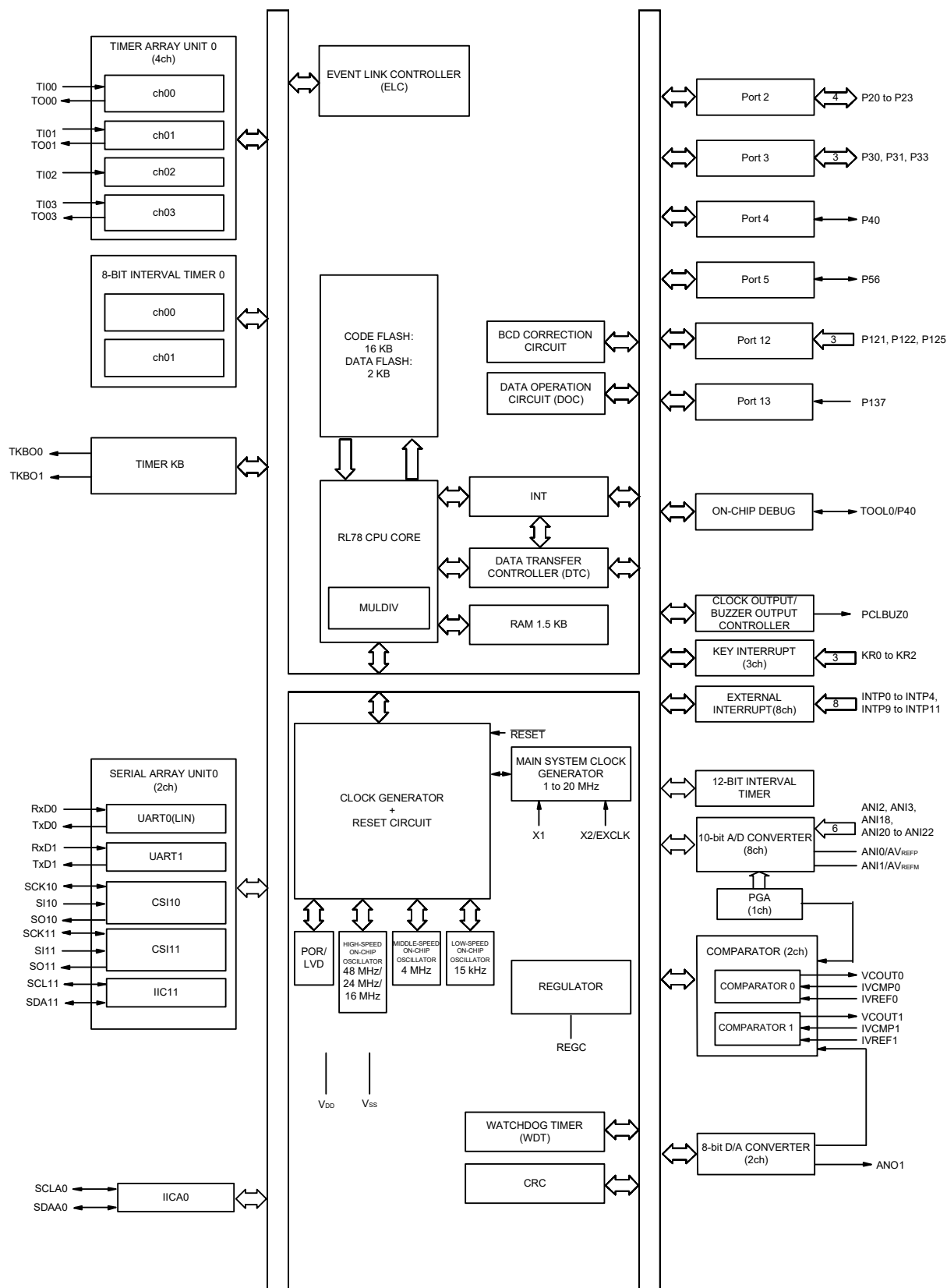
	A	B	C	D	E	
5	P40/TOOL0/TO03/(PC LBUZ0)/SCK10/SCL10/VCOU0/VCOU1/INTFO/(SCLA1)	P125/RESET/INTP9	P01/ANI16/INTP5/SO10/TxD1	P20/ANI0/AVREFP/IVREF1/(SO10/TxD1)	P21/ANI1/AVREFM/IVREF0	5
4	P122/X2/EXCLK/(SI10/RxD1)/(TI02)/INTP1	P137/INTP0/SSI00/(TI03)	P00/ANI17/PCLBUZ1/TI03/(VCOU1)/SI10/RxD1/SDA10/(SDAA1)	P22/ANI2/PGAI/IVCMP0	P23/ANI3/ANO1/PGAGND	4
3	P121/X1/(TI01)/INTP2/(SI01)	VDD	EVDD	P33/ANI18/IVCMP1/(INTP11)/(SCLA1)	P32/ANI19/SO11/(INTP10)/(VCOU1)/(SDAA1)	3
2	REGC	VSS	P30/ANI21/KR1/TI00/TO01/INTP3/SCK11/SCL11/(TxD0)/PCLBUZ0/TKBO1/(SDAA0)	P31/ANI20/KR0/TI01/TO00/INTP4/TKBO0/(RxD0)/SI11/SDA11/(SCLA0)	P56/ANI22/KR2/SCK00/SCL00/(SO11)/INTP10/(TO03)/(INTFO)/SCLA1	2
1	P51/KR7/INTP8/(TI02)/(TO02)/SCK01/SCL01/(TxD0)	P52/KR6/INTP7/SI01/SDA01/(RxD0)/(SDAA0)	P53/KR5/INTP6/SO01/SDAA0	P54/KR4/SO00/TxD0/TOOLTxD/(TI03)/(TO03)/SCLA0	P55/KR3/SI00/RxD0/SDA00/TOOLRXD/TI02/TO02/INTP11/(VCOU0)/SDAA1	1
	A	B	C	D	E	

**Caution** Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF).

**Remark 1.** For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

**Remark 2.** Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0 to 3 (PIOR0 to PIOR3).

## 1.5.2 16-pin products



## 2.2 Oscillator Characteristics

### 2.2.1 X1 characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Resonator	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) <sup>Note</sup>	Ceramic resonator/ crystal resonator	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1.0		20.0	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ VDD < 2.7 V	1.0		16.0	
		1.8 V ≤ VDD < 2.4 V	1.0		8.0	
		1.6 V ≤ VDD < 1.8 V	1.0		4.0	

**Note** Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to **2.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time. Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

**Caution** Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

**Remark** When using the X1 oscillator, refer to **6.4 System Clock Oscillator** in the RL78/G11 User's Manual.

### 2.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

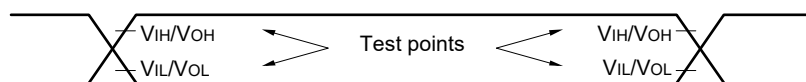
(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Oscillators	Parameters	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency <sup>Notes 1, 2</sup>	f <sub>IH</sub>	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1		24	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1		16	
		1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1		8	
		1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1		4	
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy		TA = -20 to +85°C	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	-1	1	%
			1.6 V ≤ VDD < 1.8 V	-5	5	
		TA = -40 to -20°C	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	-1.5	1.5	%
			1.6 V ≤ VDD < 1.8 V	-5.5	5.5	
Middle-speed on-chip oscillator oscillation frequency <sup>Note 2</sup>	f <sub>IM</sub>		1		4	MHz
Middle-speed on-chip oscillator oscillation frequency accuracy			-12		+12	%
Temperature drift of Middle-speed on-chip oscillator oscillation frequency accuracy	D <sub>IMT</sub>			0.008		%/°C
Voltage drift of Middle-speed on-chip oscillator oscillation frequency accuracy	D <sub>IMV</sub>	TA = 25°C	2.1 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	0.02		%/V
			2.0 V ≤ VDD < 2.1 V	-12		
			1.6 V ≤ VDD < 2.0 V	10		
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency <sup>Note 2</sup>	f <sub>IL</sub>			15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy			-15		+15	%

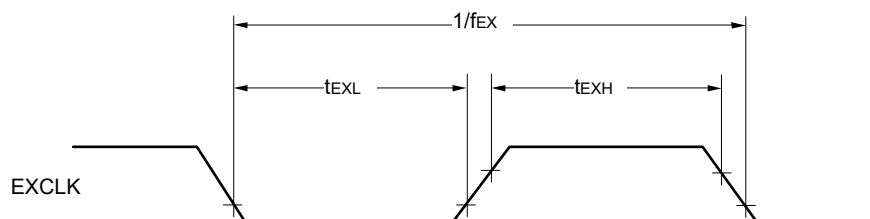
**Note 1.** High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected with bits 0 to 3 of the option byte (000C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of the HOCODIV register.

**Note 2.** This only indicates the oscillator characteristics. Refer to **2.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.

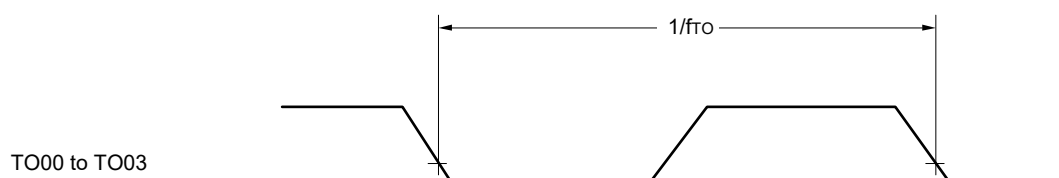
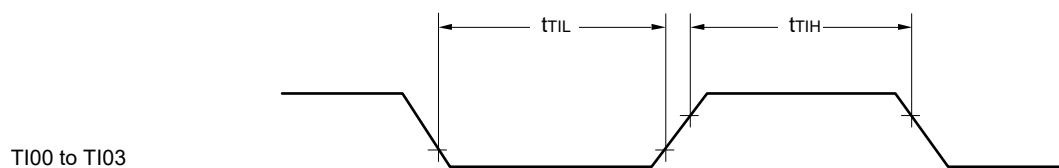
## AC Timing Test Points



## External System Clock Timing



## TI/TO Timing



(2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LP (Low-power main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	tkCY1	tkCY1 ≥ 2/fCLK	83.3		250		2000		500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	tkL1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	tkCY1/2 - 7		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	tkCY1/2 - 10								ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 1	tsIK1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	23		110		110		110		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	33								ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 2	tkSI1		10		10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 3	tkSO1	C = 20 pF Note 4		10		20		20		20	ns

**Note 1.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

**Note 2.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

**Note 3.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

**Note 4.** C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

**Caution** Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

**Remark 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0), g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 5)

**Remark 2.** fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

(2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LP (Low-power main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 1	tkSO2	C = 30 pF Note 2	2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	2/fMCK + 44		2/fMCK + 110		2/fMCK + 110		2/fMCK + 110	ns
			2.4 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	2/fMCK + 75							
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	2/fMCK + 110							
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	2/fMCK + 220		2/fMCK + 220		2/fMCK + 220		2/fMCK + 220	
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V								
SSI00 setup time	tssik	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	120		120		120		120	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD < 2.7 V	200		200		200		200	
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD < 1.8 V	400		400		400		400	
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD < 1.7 V	—							
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD < 2.7 V	1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200	
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD < 1.8 V	1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400	
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD < 1.7 V	—							
SSI00 hold time	tkssi	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD < 2.7 V	1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200	
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD < 1.8 V	1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400	
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD < 1.7 V	—							
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V	120		120		120		120	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD < 2.7 V	200		200		200		200	
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD < 1.8 V	400		400		400		400	
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD < 1.7 V	—							

**Note 1.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp↑” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

**Note 2.** C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.

**Caution** Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

**Remark 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10 and 11), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 2, 3 to 5 and 12)

**Remark 2.** fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency  
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03))

**When P20 is used as SO10 pin****(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LP (Low-power main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time Note 5	tkcy2	4.0 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	fMCK > 20 MHz	14/fMCK		—		—		—		ns
			fMCK ≤ 20 MHz	12/fMCK		12/fMCK		12/fMCK		12/fMCK		
		2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	fMCK > 16 MHz and 850	14/fMCK		—		—		—		
			fMCK ≤ 16 MHz	12/fMCK and 850		12/fMCK		12/fMCK		12/fMCK		
		2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		12/fMCK and 1000		12/fMCK		12/fMCK		12/fMCK		
		1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		12/fMCK		12/fMCK		12/fMCK		
		1.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—		12/fMCK		
		1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—		—		
SCKp high-/low-level width	tkH2, tkL2	4.0 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		tkcy2/2 - 7		tkcy2/2 - 7		tkcy2/2 - 7		tkcy2/2 - 7		ns
		2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		tkcy2/2 - 8		tkcy2/2 - 8		tkcy2/2 - 8		tkcy2/2 - 8		
		1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		tkcy2/2 - 18		tkcy2/2 - 18		tkcy2/2 - 18		
		1.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—		tkcy2/2 - 66		
		1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—		—		
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 1	tsIK2	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		1/fMCK + 20		1/fMCK + 30		1/fMCK + 30		1/fMCK + 30		ns
		1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		1/fMCK + 30								
		1.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—		1/fMCK + 40		
		1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—		—		
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 2	tsIS2	2.5 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		1/fMCK + 31		1/fMCK + 31		1/fMCK + 31		1/fMCK + 31		ns
		1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		1/fMCK + 31		1/fMCK + 31		1/fMCK + 31		
		1.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—		1/fMCK + 250		
		1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—		—		
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 3	tkSO2	C = 30 pF Note 4	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		2/fMCK + 160		2/fMCK + 260		2/fMCK + 260		2/fMCK + 260	ns
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		2/fMCK + 190							
			1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—							
			1.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—		2/fMCK + 320	
			1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		—		—		—			

**Note 1.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp↓” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

**Note 2.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp↓” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

**Note 3.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp↑” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

**Note 4.** C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.

**Note 5.** The maximum transfer rate when using the SNOOZE mode is 1 Mbps.

**Caution** Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

**Remark 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10 and 11), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 4 and 12)



**(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.0 V) (UART mode) (dedicated baud rate generator output)****(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)****(1/2)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LP (Low-power main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate		reception	4.0 V ≤ EVDD ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		bps
					4.0		1.3		0.1		Mbps
			2.7 V ≤ EVDD < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		bps
					4.0		1.3		0.1		Mbps
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V		fMCK/6 Notes 1, 2, 4		fMCK/6 Notes 1, 2		fMCK/6 Notes 1, 2		bps
					4.0		1.3		0.1		Mbps

**Note 1.** Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4,800 bps only.**Note 2.** Use it with EVDD ≥ Vb.**Note 3.** The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fCLK) are:

HS (high-speed main) mode: 24 MHz (2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

LP (low-power main) mode: 1 MHz (1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

**Note 4.** The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDD < VDD

2.4 V ≤ EVDD &lt; 2.7 V: MAX. 2.6 Mbps

1.8 V ≤ EVDD &lt; 2.4 V: MAX. 1.3 Mbps

**Caution** Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (EVDD tolerance) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

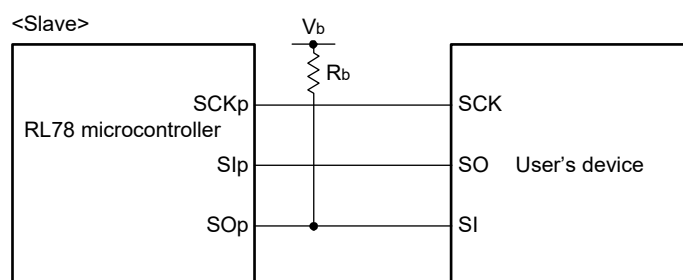
**Remark 1.** Vb[V]: Communication line voltage**Remark 2.** q: UART number (q = 0 and 1), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 2, 3, 5 and 12)**Remark 3.** fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,

n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03))

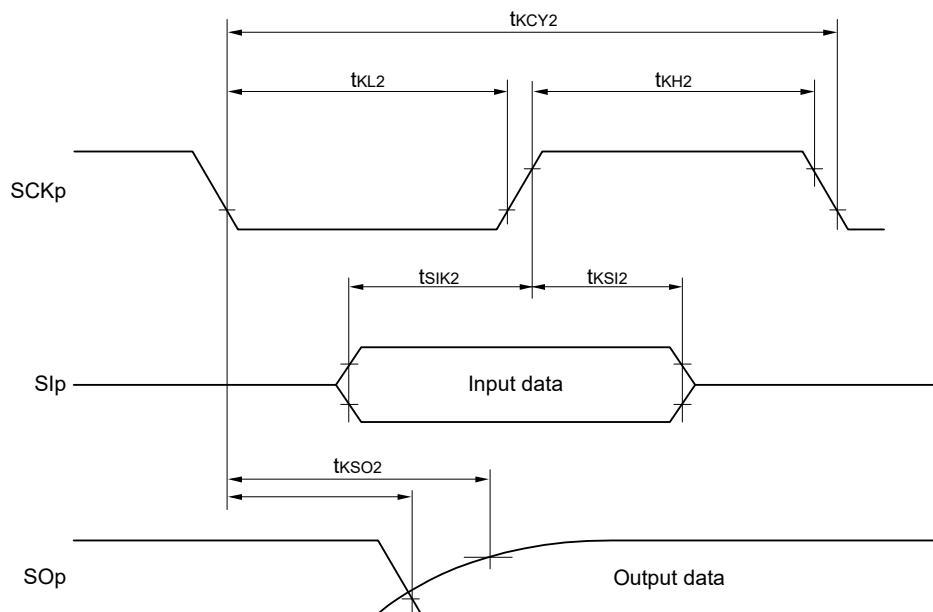
- Note 1.** Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps
- Note 2.** Use it with EV<sub>DD</sub> ≥ V<sub>b</sub>.
- Note 3.** When DAP<sub>mn</sub> = 0 and CKP<sub>mn</sub> = 0, or DAP<sub>mn</sub> = 1 and CKP<sub>mn</sub> = 1. The SIp setup time becomes “to SCKp↓” when DAP<sub>mn</sub> = 0 and CKP<sub>mn</sub> = 1, or DAP<sub>mn</sub> = 1 and CKP<sub>mn</sub> = 0.
- Note 4.** When DAP<sub>mn</sub> = 0 and CKP<sub>mn</sub> = 0, or DAP<sub>mn</sub> = 1 and CKP<sub>mn</sub> = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp↑” when DAP<sub>mn</sub> = 0 and CKP<sub>mn</sub> = 1, or DAP<sub>mn</sub> = 1 and CKP<sub>mn</sub> = 0.
- Caution** Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and SCKp pin and the N-ch open drain output (EV<sub>DD</sub> tolerance) mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

**CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)**

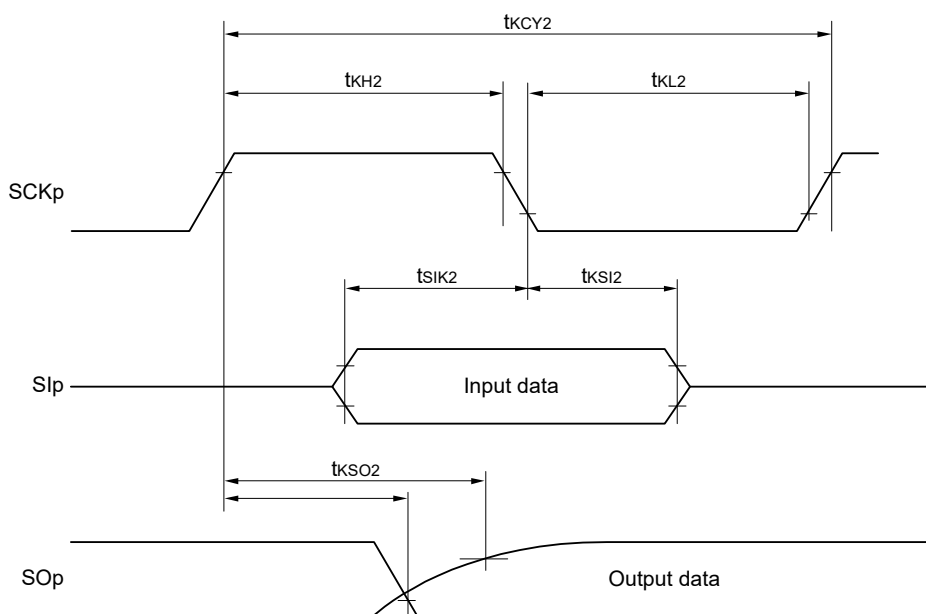


- Remark 1.** R<sub>b</sub>[Ω]: Communication line (SO<sub>p</sub>) pull-up resistance, C<sub>b</sub>[F]: Communication line (SO<sub>p</sub>) load capacitance, V<sub>b</sub>[V]: Communication line voltage
- Remark 2.** p: CSI number (p = 00 to 03), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 2, 3 to 5 and 12)
- Remark 3.** f<sub>MCK</sub>: Serial array unit operation clock frequency  
(Operation clock to be set by the CKS<sub>mn</sub> bit of serial mode register mn (SMR<sub>mn</sub>). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03))

**CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential)**  
**(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)**



**CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential)**  
**(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)**



**Remark** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10 and 11), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 2, 3 to 5 and 12)

- (4) When reference voltage (+) = Internal reference voltage (ADREFP1 = 1, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin: ANI0, ANI2 and ANI3, ANI16 to ANI22

(T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 1.6 V ≤ EV<sub>DD</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = V<sub>BGR</sub> Note 3, Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V Note 4, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES		8			bit
Conversion time	t <sub>CONV</sub>		17		39	μs
Zero-scale error Notes 1, 2	E <sub>zs</sub>				±0.60	% FSR
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE				±2.0	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE				±1.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V <sub>AIN</sub>		0		V <sub>BGR</sub> Note 3	V

**Note 1.** Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

**Note 2.** This value is indicated as a ratio (% FSR) to the full-scale value.

**Note 3.** Refer to **2.6.2 Temperature sensor characteristics/internal reference voltage characteristic**.

**Note 4.** When reference voltage (-) = V<sub>SS</sub>, the MAX. values are as follows.

Zero-scale error: Add ±0.35%FSR to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AVREFM.

Integral linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AVREFM.

Differential linearity error: Add ±0.2 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AVREFM.

## 2.6.4 Comparator

(Comparator 0: TA = -40 to +85°C, 2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

(Comparator 1: TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage range	VIREF0	IVREF0 pin		0		VDD - 1.4 Note 1	V
	VIREF1	IVREF1 pin		1.4 Note 1		VDD	V
	VICMP	IVCMP0 pin		-0.3		VDD + 0.3	V
		IVCMP1 pin		-0.3		EVDD + 0.3	V
Output delay	td	VDD = 3.0 V Input slew rate > 50 mV/μs	Comparator high-speed mode, standard mode			1.2	μs
			Comparator high-speed mode, window mode			1.5	μs
			Comparator low-speed mode, standard mode		3		μs
			Comparator low-speed mode, window mode		4		μs
Operation stabilization wait time	tcMP			100			μs
Reference voltage declination in channel 0 of internal DAC Note 2	ΔVIDAC					± 2.5	LSB

**Note 1.** In window mode, make sure that VREF1 - VREF0 ≥ 0.2 V.

**Note 2.** Only in CMP0

## (2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)

When P01, P32, P53, P54 and P56 are used as SOMn pins

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.7 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t <sub>KCY1</sub>	t <sub>KCY1</sub> ≥ 4/f <sub>CLK</sub>	250		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t <sub>KH1</sub> , t <sub>KL1</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 - 24		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 - 36		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 - 76		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 1	t <sub>SIK1</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	66		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V			ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	133		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 2	t <sub>KSI1</sub>		38		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 3	t <sub>KSO1</sub>	C = 30 pF Note 4		50	ns

**Note 1.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp↓” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

**Note 2.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp↓” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

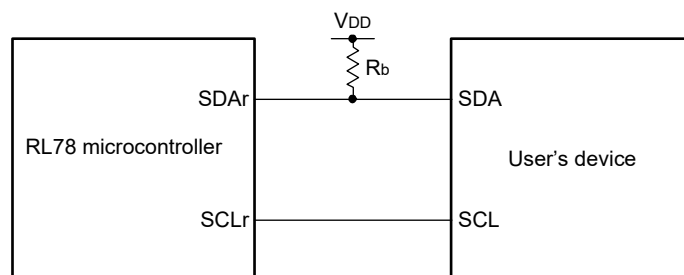
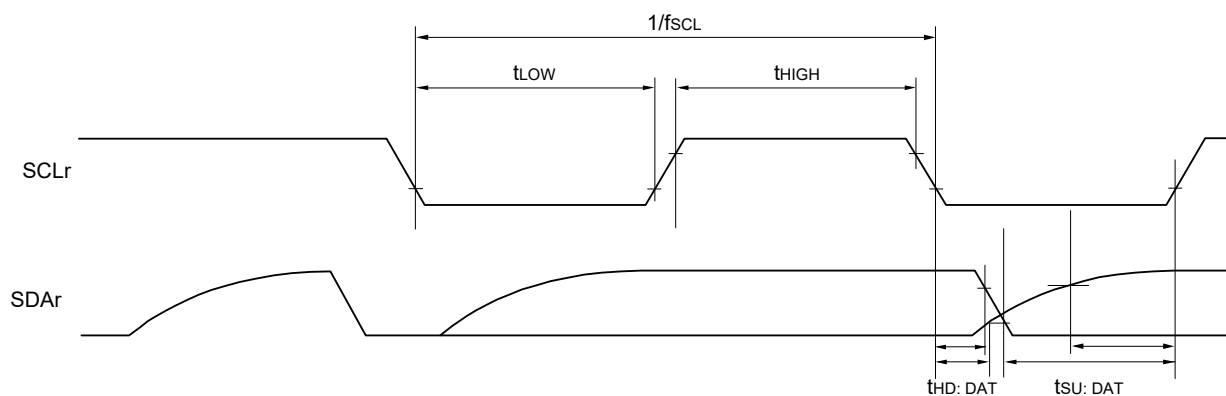
**Note 3.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp↑” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

**Note 4.** C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

**Caution** Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

**Remark 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10 and 11), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 2, 3 to 5 and 12)

**Remark 2.** f<sub>MCK</sub>: Serial array unit operation clock frequency  
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03))

**Simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)****Simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)**

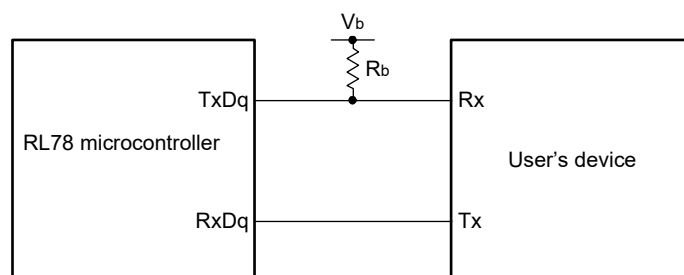
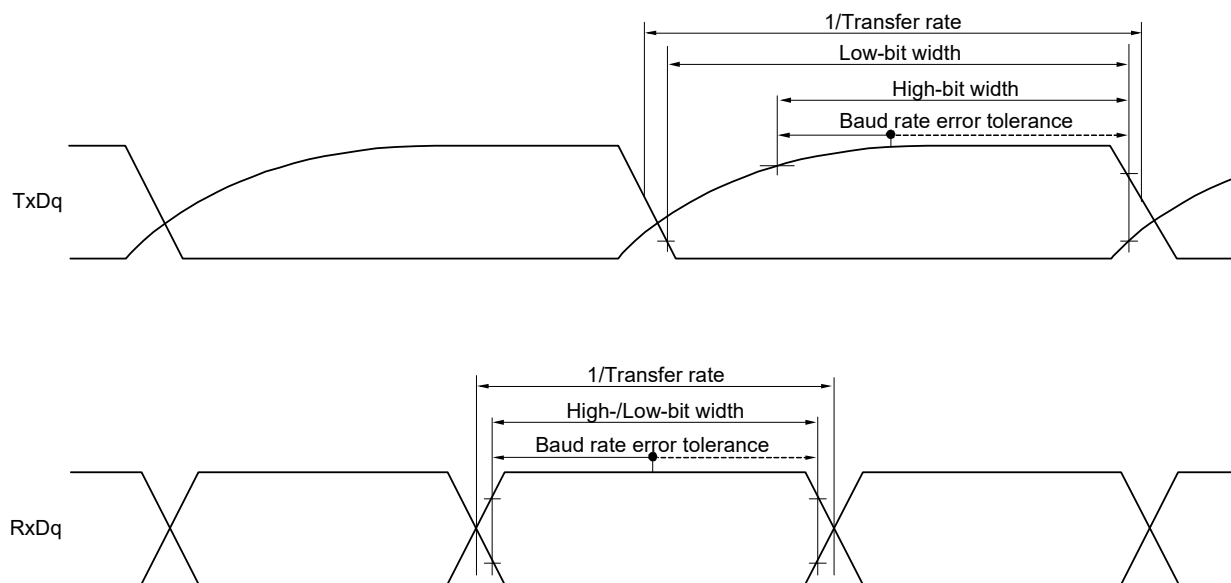
**Remark 1.** R<sub>b</sub>[Ω]: Communication line (SDAr) pull-up resistance, C<sub>b</sub>[F]: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance

**Remark 2.** r: IIC number (r = 00, 01, 10 and 11), g: PIM number (g = 0, 3 and 5), h: POM number (h = 0, 3 and 5)

**Remark 3.** f<sub>MCK</sub>: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0),

n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), mn = 00 to 03)

**UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)****UART mode bit width (during communication at different potential) (reference)**

**Remark 1.**  $R_b[\Omega]$ : Communication line (TxDq) pull-up resistance,  $C_b[F]$ : Communication line (TxDq) load capacitance,  $V_b[V]$ : Communication line voltage

**Remark 2.** q: UART number (q = 0 and 1), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 2, 3, 5 and 12)

**Remark 3.**  $f_{MCK}$ : Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03))



- (3) When reference voltage (+) = VDD (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = VSS (ADREFM = 0), target pin: ANI0 to ANI3, ANI16 to ANI22, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V,

Reference voltage (+) = VDD, Reference voltage (-) = VSS)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error Note 1	AINL	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±7.0	LSB
Conversion time	tCONV	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI0 to ANI3, ANI16 to ANI22	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
		10-bit resolution Target pin: internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.375		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error Notes 1, 2	Ezs	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			±0.60	%FSR
Full-scale error Notes 1, 2	Efs	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			±4.0	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI0 to ANI3		0		VDD	V
		ANI16 to ANI22		0		EVDD	V
		Internal reference voltage (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)		VBGR Note 3			V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)		VTMP25 Note 3			V

**Note 1.** Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

**Note 2.** This value is indicated as a ratio (% FSR) to the full-scale value.

**Note 3.** Refer to 3.6.2 Temperature sensor characteristics/internal reference voltage characteristic.

### 3.6.2 Temperature sensor characteristics/internal reference voltage characteristic

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	VTMPS25	Setting ADS register = 80H, TA = +25°C		1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	VBGR	Setting ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.5	V
Temperature coefficient	FVTMPS	Temperature sensor that depends on the temperature		-3.6		mV/°C
Operation stabilization wait time	tAMP	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V	5			μs

### 3.6.3 D/A converter characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVSS ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

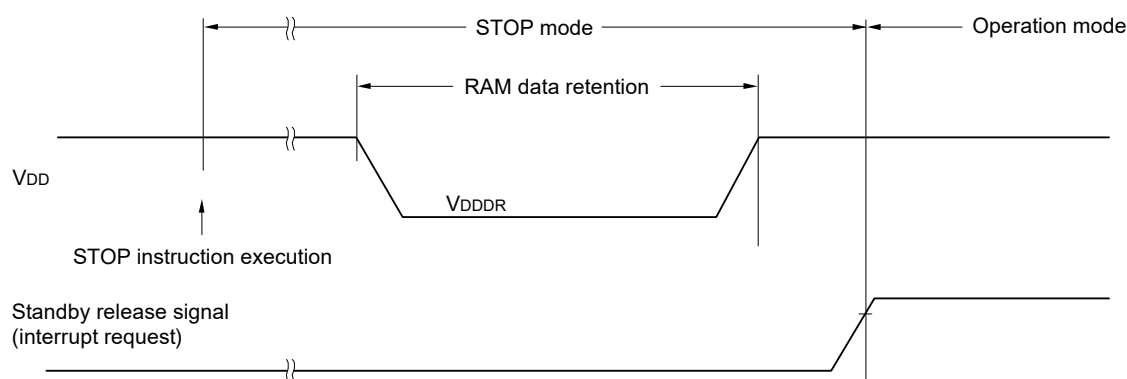
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES					8	bit
Overall error	AINL	Rload = 4 MΩ	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			±2.5	LSB
		Rload = 8 MΩ	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			±2.5	LSB
Settling time	tSET	Cload = 20 pF	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			3	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD < 2.7 V			6	μs

### 3.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention supply voltage	VDDDR		1.44 <small>Note</small>		5.5	V

**Note** The value depends on the POR detection voltage. When the voltage drops, the RAM data is retained before a POR reset is effected, but RAM data is not retained when a POR reset is effected.



### 3.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
System clock frequency	fCLK			1		24	MHz
Number of code flash rewrites Notes 1, 2, 3	C <sub>erwr</sub>	Retained for 20 years	TA = 85°C	1,000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites Notes 1, 2, 3		Retained for 1 year	TA = 25°C		1,000,000		
		Retained for 5 years	TA = 85°C	100,000			
		Retained for 20 years	TA = 85°C	10,000			

**Note 1.** 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.

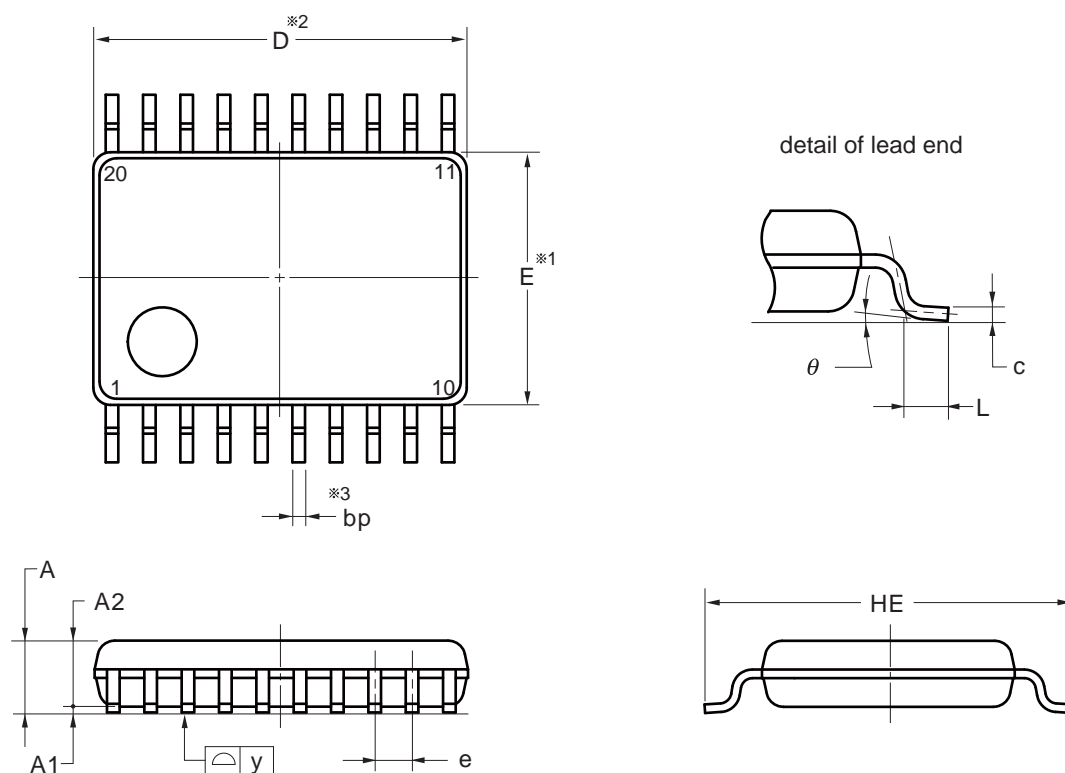
**Note 2.** When using flash memory programmer and Renesas Electronics self-programming library

**Note 3.** These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics Corporation.

### 4.3 20-pin products

R5F1056AGSP, R5F1056AASP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP20-4.4x6.5-0.65	PLSP0020JB-A	P20MA-65-NAA-1	0.1



#### NOTE

1. Dimensions "※1" and "※2" do not include mold flash.
2. Dimension "※3" does not include trim offset.

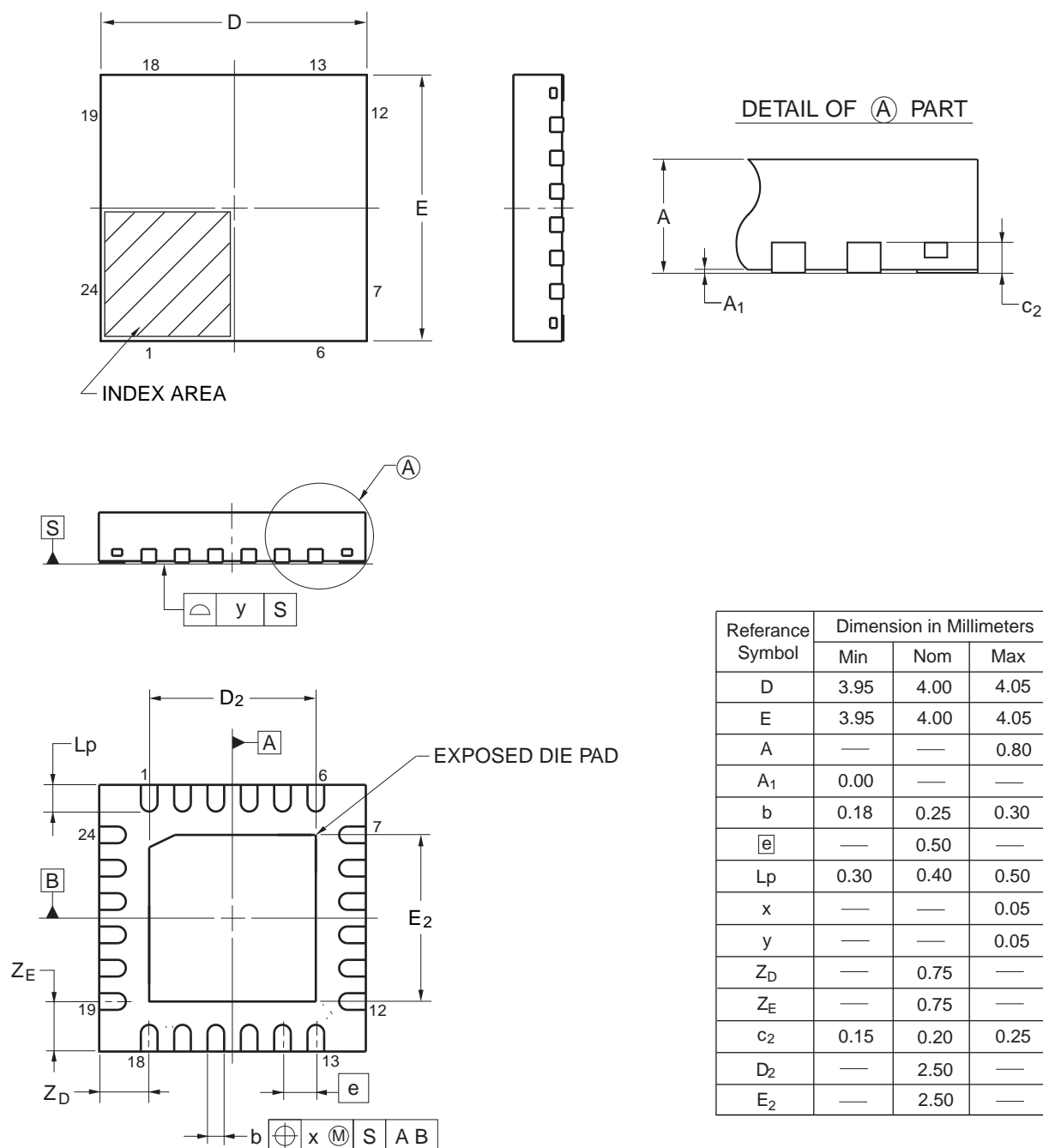
(UNIT:mm)	
ITEM	DIMENSIONS
D	6.50±0.10
E	4.40±0.10
HE	6.40±0.20
A	1.45 MAX.
A1	0.10±0.10
A2	1.15
e	0.65±0.12
bp	0.22 <sup>+0.10</sup> <sub>-0.05</sub>
c	0.15 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.02</sub>
L	0.50±0.20
y	0.10
θ	0° to 10°

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## 4.4 24-pin products

R5F1057AGNA, R5F1057AANA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-HWQFN24-4x4-0.50	PWQN0024KE-A	P24K8-50-CAB-3	0.04



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