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Details

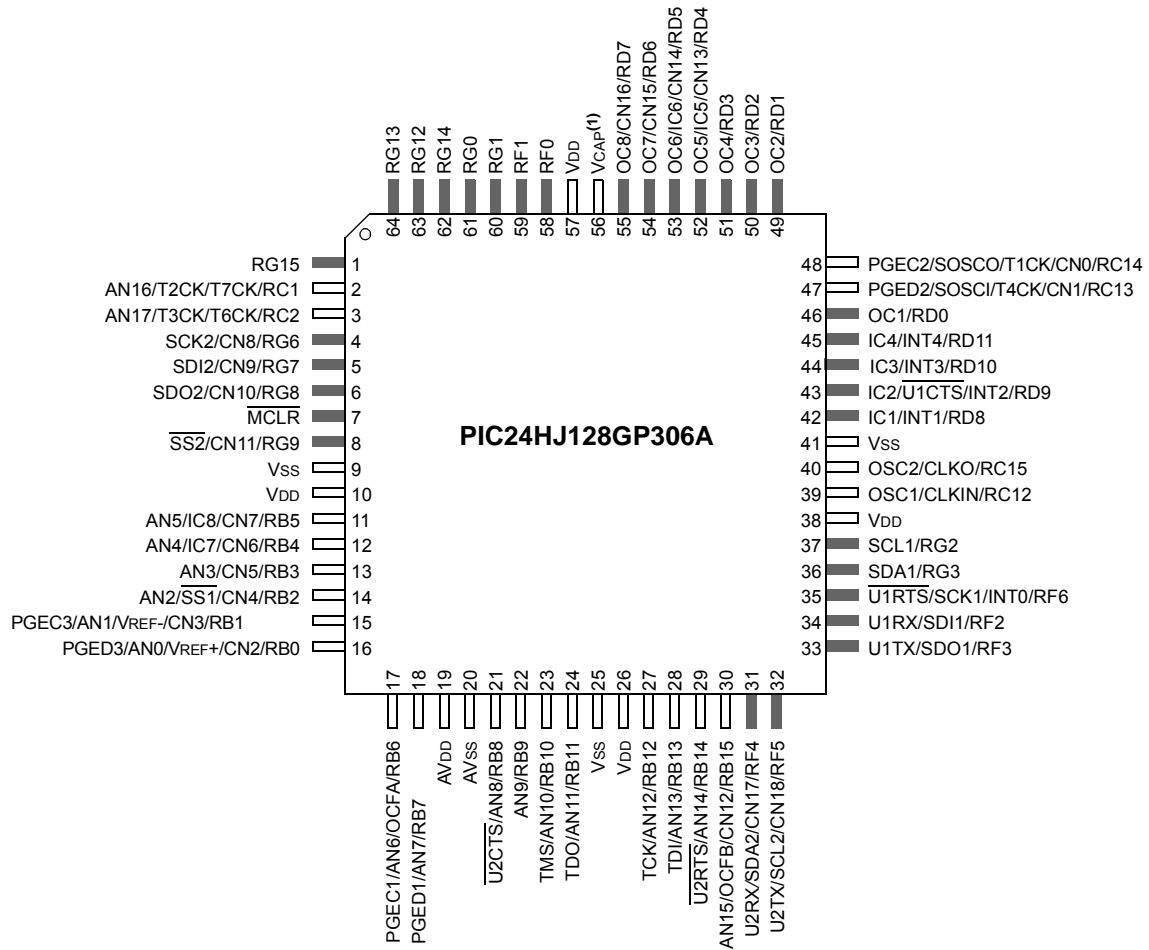
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	85
Program Memory Size	128KB (43K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 32x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24hj128gp310a-i-pf

PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

64-Pin TQFP

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



Note 1: Refer to Section 2.3 "CPU Logic Filter Capacitor Connection (VCAP)" for proper connection to this pin.

TABLE 4-9: I2C1 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
I2C1RCV	0200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Receive Register								0000
I2C1TRN	0202	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Transmit Register								00FF
I2C1BRG	0204	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Baud Rate Generator Register								0000
I2C1CON	0206	I2CEN	—	I2CSIDL	SCLREL	IPMIEN	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
I2C1STAT	0208	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	—	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D_A	P	S	R_W	RBF	TBF	0000
I2C1ADD	020A	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Register										0000
I2C1MSK	020C	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Mask Register										0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for PinHigh devices.

TABLE 4-10: I2C2 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
I2C2RCV	0210	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Receive Register								0000
I2C2TRN	0212	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Transmit Register								00FF
I2C2BRG	0214	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Baud Rate Generator Register								0000
I2C2CON	0216	I2CEN	—	I2CSIDL	SCLREL	IPMIEN	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
I2C2STAT	0218	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	—	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D_A	P	S	R_W	RBF	TBF	0000
I2C2ADD	021A	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Register										0000
I2C2MSK	021C	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Mask Register										0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for PinHigh devices.

TABLE 4-11: UART1 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
U1MODE	0220	UARTEN	—	USIDL	IREN	RTSMO	—	UEN1	UEN0	WAKE	LPBACK	ABAUD	URXINV	BRGH	PDSEL<1:0>		STSEL	0000
U1STA	0222	UTXISEL1	UTXINV	UTXISEL0	—	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT	URXISEL<1:0>		ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA	0110
U1TXREG	0224	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART Transmit Register									xxxx
U1RXREG	0226	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART Receive Register									0000
U1BRG	0228	Baud Rate Generator Prescaler																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for PinHigh devices.

TABLE 4-23: ECAN2 REGISTER MAP WHEN C2CTRL1.WIN = 1 FOR PIC24HJ256GP610A DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
C2RXF11EID	056E	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C2RXF12SID	0570	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx	
C2RXF12EID	0572	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C2RXF13SID	0574	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx	
C2RXF13EID	0576	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C2RXF14SID	0578	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx	
C2RXF14EID	057A	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C2RXF15SID	057C	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx	
C2RXF15EID	057E	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for PinHigh devices.

PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 7-4: INTCON2: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
ALTIVT	DISI	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	INT4EP	INT3EP	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **ALTIVT:** Enable Alternate Interrupt Vector Table bit

1 = Use alternate vector table

0 = Use standard (default) vector table

bit 14 **DISI:** DISI Instruction Status bit

1 = DISI instruction is active

0 = DISI instruction is not active

bit 13-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **INT4EP:** External Interrupt 4 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge

0 = Interrupt on positive edge

bit 3 **INT3EP:** External Interrupt 3 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge

0 = Interrupt on positive edge

bit 2 **INT2EP:** External Interrupt 2 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge

0 = Interrupt on positive edge

bit 1 **INT1EP:** External Interrupt 1 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge

0 = Interrupt on positive edge

bit 0 **INT0EP:** External Interrupt 0 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit

1 = Interrupt on negative edge

0 = Interrupt on positive edge

PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 7-6: IFS1: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 1

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA21IF
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IC8IF	IC7IF	AD2IF	INT1IF	CNIF	—	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **U2TXIF:** UART2 Transmitter Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 14 **U2RXIF:** UART2 Receiver Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 13 **INT2IF:** External Interrupt 2 Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 12 **T5IF:** Timer5 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 11 **T4IF:** Timer4 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 10 **OC4IF:** Output Compare Channel 4 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 9 **OC3IF:** Output Compare Channel 3 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 8 **DMA21IF:** DMA Channel 2 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 7 **IC8IF:** Input Capture Channel 8 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 6 **IC7IF:** Input Capture Channel 7 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 5 **AD2IF:** ADC2 Conversion Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 4 **INT1IF:** External Interrupt 1 Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

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REGISTER 7-15: IPC0: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 0

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	T1IP<2:0>			—	OC1IP<2:0>		
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	IC1IP<2:0>			—	INT0IP<2:0>		
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **T1IP<2:0>:** Timer1 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•
•
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **OC1IP<2:0>:** Output Compare Channel 1 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•
•
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 **IC1IP<2:0>:** Input Capture Channel 1 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•
•
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **INT0IP<2:0>:** External Interrupt 0 Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•
•
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

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REGISTER 7-20: IPC5: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 5

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	IC8IP<2:0>			—	IC7IP<2:0>		
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	AD2IP<2:0>			—	INT1IP<2:0>		
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **IC8IP<2:0>:** Input Capture Channel 8 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•
•
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **IC7IP<2:0>:** Input Capture Channel 7 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•
•
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 **AD2IP<2:0>:** ADC2 Conversion Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•
•
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **INT1IP<2:0>:** External Interrupt 1 Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•
•
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

11.6 I/O Helpful Tips

1. In some cases, certain pins as defined in **TABLE 24-9: "DC Characteristics: I/O Pin Input Specifications"** under "Injection Current", have internal protection diodes to VDD and VSS. The term "Injection Current" is also referred to as "Clamp Current". On designated pins, with sufficient external current limiting precautions by the user, I/O pin input voltages are allowed to be greater or less than the data sheet absolute maximum ratings with nominal VDD with respect to the VSS and VDD supplies. Note that when the user application forward biases either of the high or low side internal input clamp diodes, that the resulting current being injected into the device that is clamped internally by the VDD and VSS power rails, may affect the ADC accuracy by four to six counts.
2. I/O pins that are shared with any analog input pin, (i.e., ANx), are always analog pins by default after any reset. Consequently, any pin(s) configured as an analog input pin, automatically disables the digital input pin buffer. As such, any attempt to read a digital input pin will always return a '0' regardless of the digital logic level on the pin if the analog pin is configured. To use a pin as a digital I/O pin on a shared ANx pin, the user application needs to configure the analog pin configuration registers in the ADC module, (i.e., ADxPCFGL, AD1PCFGH), by setting the appropriate bit that corresponds to that I/O port pin to a '1'. On devices with more than one ADC, both analog pin configurations for both ADC modules must be configured as a digital I/O pin for that pin to function as a digital I/O pin.

Note: Although it is not possible to use a digital input pin when its analog function is enabled, it is possible to use the digital I/O output function, TRISx = 0x0, while the analog function is also enabled. However, this is not recommended, particularly if the analog input is connected to an external analog voltage source, which would create signal contention between the analog signal and the output pin driver.

3. Most I/O pins have multiple functions. Referring to the device pin diagrams in the data sheet, the priorities of the functions allocated to any pins are indicated by reading the pin name from left-to-right. The left most function name takes precedence over any function to its right in the naming convention. For example: AN16/T2CK/T7CK/RC1. This indicates that AN16 is the highest priority in this example and will supersede all other functions to its right in the list. Those other functions to its right, even if enabled, would not work as long as any other function to its left was enabled. This rule applies to all of the functions listed for a given pin.

4. Each CN pin has a configurable internal weak pull-up resistor. The pull-ups act as a current source connected to the pin, and eliminates the need for external resistors in certain applications. The internal pull-up is to $\sim(VDD-0.8)$ not VDD. This is still above the minimum VIH of CMOS and TTL devices.
5. When driving LEDs directly, the I/O pin can source or sink more current than what is specified in the VOH/IOH and VOL/IOL DC characteristic specification. The respective IOH and IOL current rating only applies to maintaining the corresponding output at or above the VOH and at or below the VOL levels. However, for LEDs unlike digital inputs of an externally connected device, they are not governed by the same minimum VIH/VIL levels. An I/O pin output can safely sink or source any current less than that listed in the absolute maximum rating section of the data sheet. For example:

$$VOH = 2.4V @ IOH = -8 \text{ mA and } VDD = 3.3V$$

The maximum output current sourced by any 8 mA I/O pin = 12 mA.

LED source current < 12 mA is technically permitted. Refer to the VOH/IOH graphs in **Section 24.0 "Electrical Characteristics"** for additional information.

11.7 I/O Resources

Many useful resources related to I/O are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en546061>

11.7.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **Section 10. "I/O Ports"** (DS70193)
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All related dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manuals Sections
- Development Tools

PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

16.3 SPI Control Registers

REGISTER 16-1: SPIxSTAT: SPIx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
SPIEN	—	SPISIDL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/C-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0
—	SPIROV	—	—	—	—	SPITBF	SPIRBF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Clearable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	'0' = Bit is cleared
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **SPIEN:** SPIx Enable bit
1 = Enables module and configures SCKx, SDOx, SDIx and \overline{SSx} as serial port pins
0 = Disables module
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **SPISIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6 **SPIROV:** Receive Overflow Flag bit
1 = A new byte/word is completely received and discarded. The user software has not read the previous data in the SPIxBUF register
0 = No overflow has occurred
- bit 5-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **SPITBF:** SPIx Transmit Buffer Full Status bit
1 = Transmit not yet started, SPIxTXB is full
0 = Transmit started, SPIxTXB is empty
Automatically set in hardware when CPU writes SPIxBUF location, loading SPIxTXB.
Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIx module transfers data from SPIxTXB to SPIxSR.
- bit 0 **SPIRBF:** SPIx Receive Buffer Full Status bit
1 = Receive complete, SPIxRXB is full
0 = Receive is not complete, SPIxRXB is empty
Automatically set in hardware when SPIx transfers data from SPIxSR to SPIxRXB.
Automatically cleared in hardware when core reads SPIxBUF location, reading SPIxRXB.

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REGISTER 19-7: CIINTE: ECAN™ MODULE INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IVRIE	WAKIE	ERRIE	—	FIFOIE	RBOVIE	RBIE	TBIE
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7 **IVRIE:** Invalid Message Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 6 **WAKIE:** Bus Wake-up Activity Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 5 **ERRIE:** Error Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3 **FIFOIE:** FIFO Almost Full Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 2 **RBOVIE:** RX Buffer Overflow Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 1 **RBIE:** RX Buffer Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 0 **TBIE:** TX Buffer Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled

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REGISTER 19-24: C_iRXOVF1: ECAN™ MODULE RECEIVE BUFFER OVERFLOW REGISTER 1

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF15	RXOVF14	RXOVF13	RXOVF12	RXOVF11	RXOVF10	RXOVF9	RXOVF8
bit 15							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF7	RXOVF6	RXOVF5	RXOVF4	RXOVF3	RXOVF2	RXOVF1	RXOVF0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Clear only bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **RXOVF15:RXOVF0:** Receive Buffer n Overflow bits
1 = Module pointed a write to a full buffer (set by module)
0 = Overflow is cleared (clear by application software)

REGISTER 19-25: C_iRXOVF2: ECAN™ MODULE RECEIVE BUFFER OVERFLOW REGISTER 2

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF31	RXOVF30	RXOVF29	RXOVF28	RXOVF27	RXOVF26	RXOVF25	RXOVF24
bit 15							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF23	RXOVF22	RXOVF21	RXOVF20	RXOVF19	RXOVF18	RXOVF17	RXOVF16
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Clear only bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **RXOVF31:RXOVF16:** Receive Buffer n Overflow bits
1 = Module pointed a write to a full buffer (set by module)
0 = Overflow is cleared (clear by application software)

PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

TABLE 21-2: CONFIGURATION BITS DESCRIPTION

Bit Field	Register	RTSP Effect	Description
BWRP	FBS	Immediate	Boot Segment Program Flash Write Protection 1 = Boot segment may be written 0 = Boot segment is write-protected
BSS<2:0>	FBS	Immediate	Boot Segment Program Flash Code Protection Size x11 = No Boot program Flash segment Boot space is 1K IW less VS 110 = Standard security; boot program Flash segment starts at End of VS, ends at 0x0007FE 010 = High security; boot program Flash segment starts at End of VS, ends at 0x0007FE Boot space is 4K IW less VS 101 = Standard security; boot program Flash segment starts at End of VS, ends at 0x001FFE 001 = High security; boot program Flash segment starts at End of VS, ends at 0x001FFE Boot space is 8K IW less VS 100 = Standard security; boot program Flash segment starts at End of VS, ends at 0x003FFE 000 = High security; boot program Flash segment starts at End of VS, ends at 0x003FFE
RBS<1:0>	FBS	Immediate	Boot Segment RAM Code Protection 11 = No Boot RAM defined 10 = Boot RAM is 128 Bytes 01 = Boot RAM is 256 Bytes 00 = Boot RAM is 1024 Bytes
SWRP	FSS	Immediate	Secure Segment Program Flash Write Protection 1 = Secure segment may be written 0 = Secure segment is write-protected

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NOTES:

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23.11 PICkit 2 Development Programmer/Debugger and PICkit 2 Debug Express

The PICkit™ 2 Development Programmer/Debugger is a low-cost development tool with an easy to use interface for programming and debugging Microchip's Flash families of microcontrollers. The full featured Windows® programming interface supports baseline (PIC10F, PIC12F5xx, PIC16F5xx), midrange (PIC12F6xx, PIC16F), PIC18F, PIC24, dsPIC30, dsPIC33, and PIC32 families of 8-bit, 16-bit, and 32-bit microcontrollers, and many Microchip Serial EEPROM products. With Microchip's powerful MPLAB Integrated Development Environment (IDE) the PICkit™ 2 enables in-circuit debugging on most PIC® microcontrollers. In-Circuit-Debugging runs, halts and single steps the program while the PIC microcontroller is embedded in the application. When halted at a breakpoint, the file registers can be examined and modified.

The PICkit 2 Debug Express include the PICkit 2, demo board and microcontroller, hookup cables and CDROM with user's guide, lessons, tutorial, compiler and MPLAB IDE software.

23.12 MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer

The MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer is a universal, CE compliant device programmer with programmable voltage verification at VDDMIN and VDDMAX for maximum reliability. It features a large LCD display (128 x 64) for menus and error messages and a modular, detachable socket assembly to support various package types. The ICSP™ cable assembly is included as a standard item. In Stand-Alone mode, the MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer can read, verify and program PIC devices without a PC connection. It can also set code protection in this mode. The MPLAB PM3 connects to the host PC via an RS-232 or USB cable. The MPLAB PM3 has high-speed communications and optimized algorithms for quick programming of large memory devices and incorporates an MMC card for file storage and data applications.

23.13 Demonstration/Development Boards, Evaluation Kits, and Starter Kits

A wide variety of demonstration, development and evaluation boards for various PIC MCUs and dsPIC DSCs allows quick application development on fully functional systems. Most boards include prototyping areas for adding custom circuitry and provide application firmware and source code for examination and modification.

The boards support a variety of features, including LEDs, temperature sensors, switches, speakers, RS-232 interfaces, LCD displays, potentiometers and additional EEPROM memory.

The demonstration and development boards can be used in teaching environments, for prototyping custom circuits and for learning about various microcontroller applications.

In addition to the PICDEM™ and dsPICDEM™ demonstration/development board series of circuits, Microchip has a line of evaluation kits and demonstration software for analog filter design, KEELOQ® security ICs, CAN, IrDA®, PowerSmart battery management, SEEVAL® evaluation system, Sigma-Delta ADC, flow rate sensing, plus many more.

Also available are starter kits that contain everything needed to experience the specified device. This usually includes a single application and debug capability, all on one board.

Check the Microchip web page (www.microchip.com) for the complete list of demonstration, development and evaluation kits.

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TABLE 24-10: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
DO10	VOL	Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 2x Sink Driver Pins - All pins not defined by 4x or 8x driver pins	—	—	0.4	V	IOL ≤ 3 mA, VDD = 3.3V
		Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 4x Sink Driver Pins - RA2, RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15, RB0, RB1, RB11, RF4, RF5, RG2, RG3	—	—	0.4	V	IOL ≤ 6 mA, VDD = 3.3V
		Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 8x Sink Driver Pins - OSC2, CLKO, RC15	—	—	0.4	V	IOL ≤ 10 mA, VDD = 3.3V
DO20	VOH	Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 2x Source Driver Pins - All pins not defined by 4x or 8x driver pins	2.4	—	—	V	IOL ≥ -3 mA, VDD = 3.3V
		Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 4x Source Driver Pins - RA2, RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15, RB0, RB1, RB11, RF4, RF5, RG2, RG3	2.4	—	—	V	IOL ≥ -6 mA, VDD = 3.3V
		Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 8x Source Driver Pins - OSC2, CLKO, RC15	2.4	—	—	V	IOL ≥ -10 mA, VDD = 3.3V
DO20A	VOH1	Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 2x Source Driver Pins - All pins not defined by 4x or 8x driver pins	1.5	—	—	V	IOL ≥ -6 mA, VDD = 3.3V See Note 1
			2.0	—	—		IOL ≥ -5 mA, VDD = 3.3V See Note 1
			3.0	—	—		IOL ≥ -2 mA, VDD = 3.3V See Note 1
		Output High Voltage 4x Source Driver Pins - RA2, RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15, RB0, RB1, RB11, RF4, RF5, RG2, RG3	1.5	—	—	V	IOL ≥ -12 mA, VDD = 3.3V See Note 1
			2.0	—	—		IOL ≥ -11 mA, VDD = 3.3V See Note 1
			3.0	—	—		IOL ≥ -3 mA, VDD = 3.3V See Note 1
		Output High Voltage 8x Source Driver Pins - OSC2, CLKO, RC15	1.5	—	—	V	IOL ≥ -16 mA, VDD = 3.3V See Note 1
			2.0	—	—		IOL ≥ -12 mA, VDD = 3.3V See Note 1
			3.0	—	—		IOL ≥ -4 mA, VDD = 3.3V See Note 1

Note 1: Parameters are characterized, but not tested.

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FIGURE 24-3: CLKO AND I/O TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

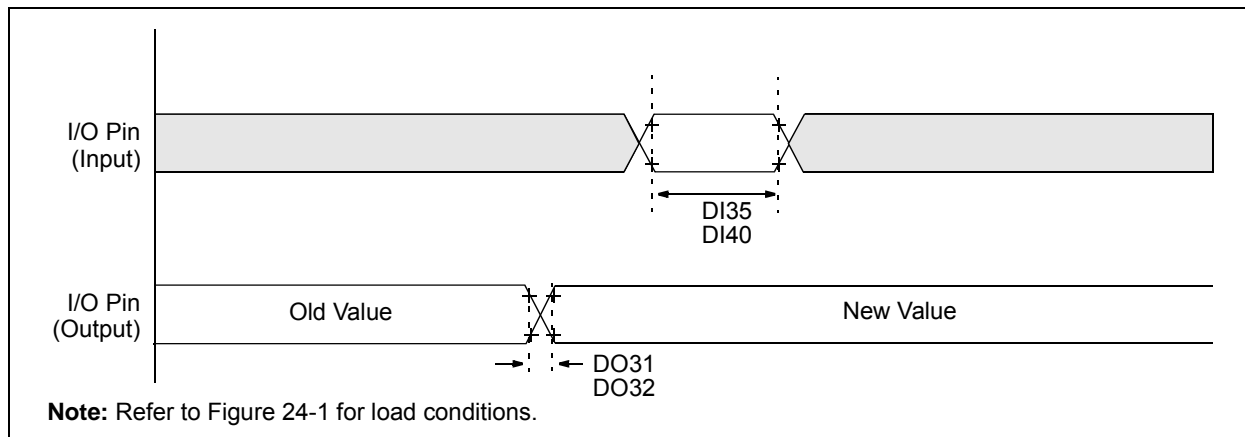


TABLE 24-20: I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended					
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
DO31	TioR	Port Output Rise Time	—	10	25	ns	—
DO32	TioF	Port Output Fall Time	—	10	25	ns	—
DI35	TINP	INTx Pin High or Low Time (input)	20	—	—	ns	—
DI40	TRBP	CNx High or Low Time (input)	2	—	—	Tcy	—

Note 1: Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

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TABLE 24-42: ADC CONVERSION (12-BIT MODE) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
Clock Parameters⁽¹⁾							
AD50	TAD	ADC Clock Period	117.6	—	—	ns	—
AD51	tRC	ADC Internal RC Oscillator Period	—	250	—	ns	—
Conversion Rate							
AD55	tCONV	Conversion Time	—	14 TAD	—	ns	—
AD56	FCNV	Throughput Rate	—	—	500	ksps	—
AD57	TSAMP	Sample Time	3 TAD	—	—	—	—
Timing Parameters							
AD60	tPCS	Conversion Start from Sample Trigger ⁽²⁾	2.0 TAD	—	3.0 TAD	—	Auto convert trigger not selected
AD61	tPSS	Sample Start from Setting Sample (SAMP) bit ⁽²⁾	2.0 TAD	—	3.0 TAD	—	—
AD62	tCSS	Conversion Completion to Sample Start (ASAM = 1) ⁽²⁾	—	0.5 TAD	—	—	—
AD63	tDPU	Time to Stabilize Analog Stage from ADC Off to ADC On ^(2,3)	—	—	20	μs	—

- Note 1:** Because the sample caps eventually loses charge, clock rates below 10 kHz may affect linearity performance, especially at elevated temperatures.
- 2:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.
- 3:** tDPU is the time required for the ADC module to stabilize when it is turned on (AD1CON1<ADON> = 1). During this time, the ADC result is indeterminate.

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TABLE 25-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for High Temperature				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
HDO10	VOL	Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 2x Sink Driver Pins - All pins not defined by 4x or 8x driver pins	—	—	0.4	V	$I_{OL} \leq 1.8 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 4x Sink Driver Pins - RA2, RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15, RB0, RB1, RB11, RF4, RF5, RG2, RG3	—	—	0.4	V	$I_{OL} \leq 3.6 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 8x Sink Driver Pins - OSC2, CLK0, RC15	—	—	0.4	V	$I_{OL} \leq 6 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
HDO20	VOH	Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 2x Source Driver Pins - All pins not defined by 4x or 8x driver pins	2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -1.8 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 4x Source Driver Pins - RA2, RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15, RB0, RB1, RB11, RF4, RF5, RG2, RG3	2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -3 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 8x Source Driver Pins - OSC2, CLK0, RC15	2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -6 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
HDO20A	VOH1	Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 2x Source Driver Pins - All pins not defined by 4x or 8x driver pins	1.5	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -1.9 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			2.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -1.85 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			3.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -1.4 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output High Voltage 4x Source Driver Pins - RA2, RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15, RB0, RB1, RB11, RF4, RF5, RG2, RG3	1.5	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -3.9 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			2.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -3.7 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			3.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -2 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output High Voltage 8x Source Driver Pins - OSC2, CLK0, RC15	1.5	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -7.5 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			2.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -6.8 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			3.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -3 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1

Note 1: Parameters are characterized, but not tested.

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APPENDIX B: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (April 2009)

This is the initial released version of the document.

Revision B (October 2009)

The revision includes the following global update:

- Added Note 2 to the shaded table that appears at the beginning of each chapter. This new note provides information regarding the availability of registers and their associated bits

This revision also includes minor typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in the following table.

TABLE B-1: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
“High-Performance, 16-bit Microcontrollers”	Added information on high temperature operation (see “ Operating Range: ”).
Section 10.0 “Power-Saving Features”	Updated the last paragraph to clarify the number of cycles that occur prior to the start of instruction execution (see Section 10.2.2 “Idle Mode”).
Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”	Changed the reference to digital-only pins to 5V tolerant pins in the second paragraph of Section 11.2 “Open-Drain Configuration” .
Section 18.0 “Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)”	Updated the two baud rate range features to: 10 Mbps to 38 bps at 40 MIPS.
Section 20.0 “10-bit/12-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)”	Updated the ADCx block diagram (see Figure 20-1).
Section 21.0 “Special Features”	Updated the second paragraph and removed the fourth paragraph in Section 21.1 “Configuration Bits” . Updated the Device Configuration Register Map (see Table 21-1).
Section 24.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the Absolute Maximum Ratings for high temperature and added Note 4. Updated Power-Down Current parameters DC60d, DC60a, DC60b, and DC60d (see Table 24-7). Added I2Cx Bus Data Timing Requirements (Master Mode) parameter IM51 (see Table 24-36). Updated the SPIx Module Slave Mode (CKE = 1) Timing Characteristics (see Figure 24-12). Updated the Internal LPRC Accuracy parameters (see Table 24-18 and Table 24-19). Updated the ADC Module Specifications (12-bit Mode) parameters AD23a and AD24a (see Table 24-40). Updated the ADC Module Specifications (10-bit Mode) parameters AD23b and AD24b (see Table 24-41).
Section 25.0 “High Temperature Electrical Characteristics”	Added new chapter with high temperature specifications.
“Product Identification System”	Added the “H” definition for high temperature.

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