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#### Details

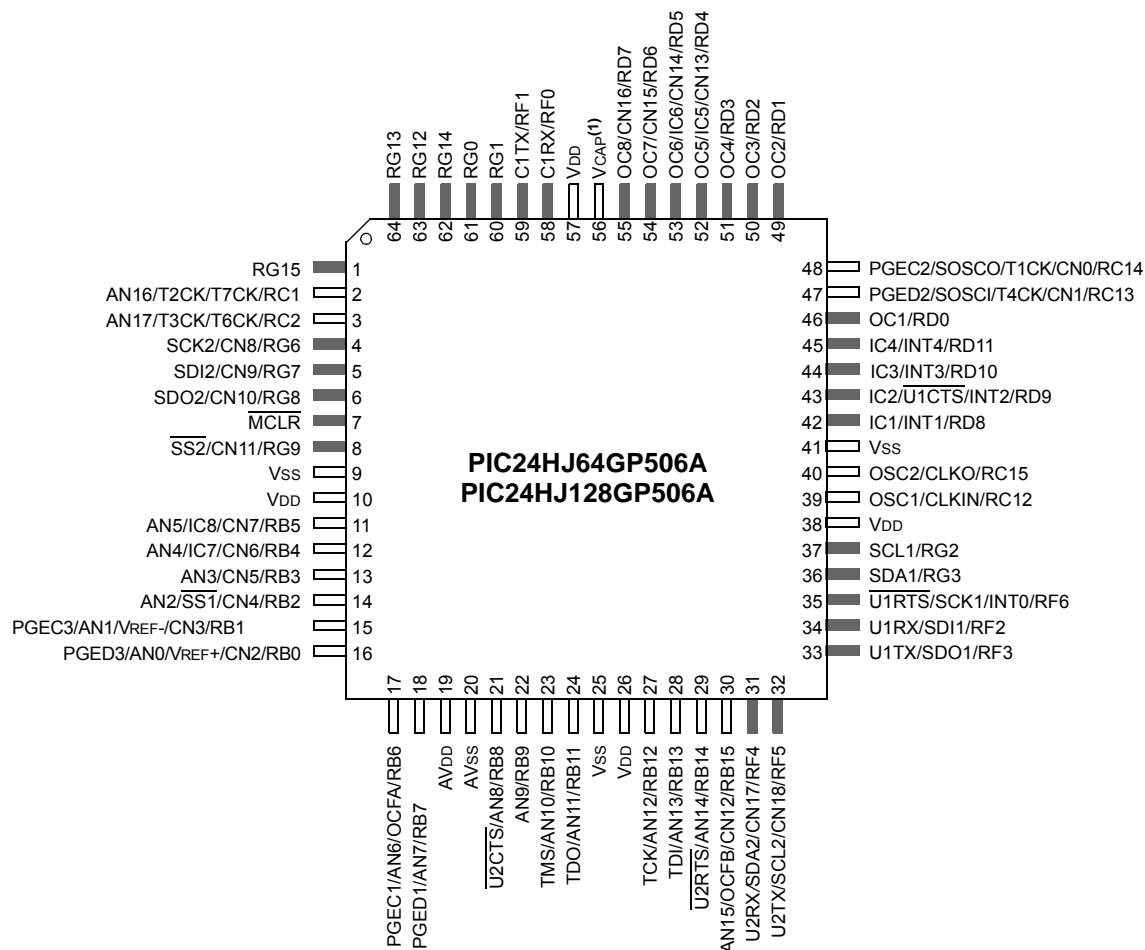
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	128KB (43K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 18x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-VQFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24hj128gp506a-e-mr">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24hj128gp506a-e-mr</a>

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

## Pin Diagrams (Continued)

### 64-Pin TQFP

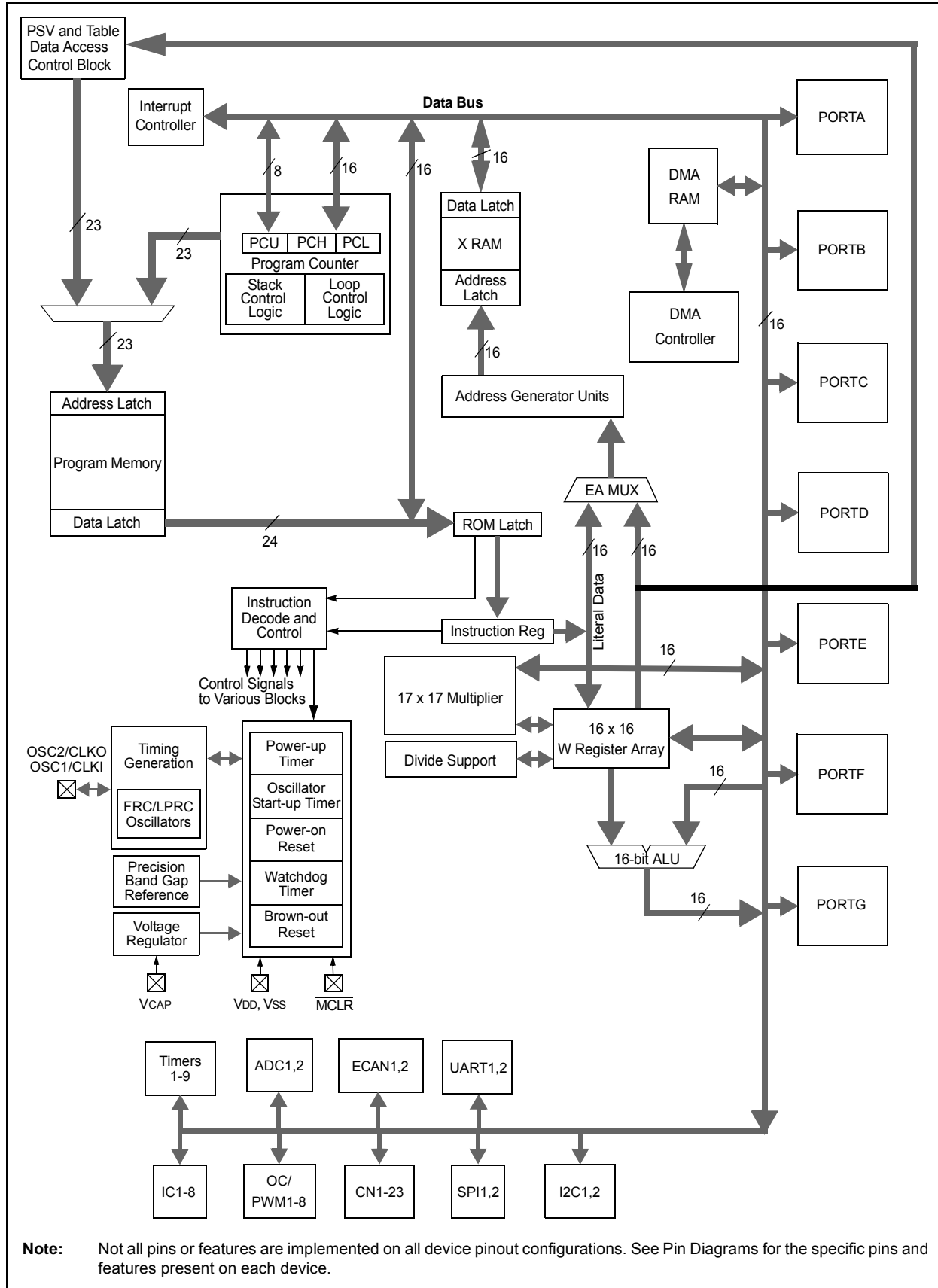
■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



**Note 1:** Refer to Section 2.3 "CPU Logic Filter Capacitor Connection (VCAP)" for proper connection to this pin.

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

**FIGURE 1-1: PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A GENERAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## 2.7 Oscillator Value Conditions on Device Start-up

If the PLL of the target device is enabled and configured for the device start-up oscillator, the maximum oscillator source frequency must be limited to  $\leq 8$  MHz for start-up with PLL enabled to comply with device PLL start-up conditions. This means that if the external oscillator frequency is outside this range, the application must start-up in the FRC mode first. The default PLL settings after a POR with an oscillator frequency outside this range will violate the device operating speed.

Once the device powers up, the application firmware can initialize the PLL SFRs, CLKDIV and PLLDBF to a suitable value, and then perform a clock switch to the Oscillator + PLL clock source. Note that clock switching must be enabled in the device Configuration word.

## 2.8 Configuration of Analog and Digital Pins During ICSP Operations

If MPLAB ICD 3 or REAL ICE is selected as a debugger, it automatically initializes all of the A/D input pins (ANx) as “digital” pins, by setting all bits in the AD1PCFGL register.

The bits in this register that correspond to the A/D pins that are initialized by MPLAB ICD 3 or REAL ICE, must not be cleared by the user application firmware; otherwise, communication errors will result between the debugger and the device.

If your application needs to use certain A/D pins as analog input pins during the debug session, the user application must clear the corresponding bits in the AD1PCFGL register during initialization of the ADC module.

When MPLAB ICD 3 or REAL ICE is used as a programmer, the user application firmware must correctly configure the AD1PCFGL register. Automatic initialization of this register is only done during debugger operation. Failure to correctly configure the register(s) will result in all A/D pins being recognized as analog input pins, resulting in the port value being read as a logic ‘0’, which may affect user application functionality.

## 2.9 Unused I/Os

Unused I/O pins should be configured as outputs and driven to a logic-low state.

Alternatively, connect a 1k to 10k resistor between Vss and the unused pins.

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

## REGISTER 7-5: IFS0: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 0

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	DMA1IF	AD1IF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SPI1EIF	T3IF
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
T2IF	OC2IF	IC2IF	DMA01IF	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14      **DMA1IF:** DMA Channel 1 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 13      **AD1IF:** ADC1 Conversion Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 12      **U1TXIF:** UART1 Transmitter Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 11      **U1RXIF:** UART1 Receiver Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 10      **SPI1IF:** SPI1 Event Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 9        **SPI1EIF:** SPI1 Fault Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 8        **T3IF:** Timer3 Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 7        **T2IF:** Timer2 Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 6        **OC2IF:** Output Compare Channel 2 Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 5        **IC2IF:** Input Capture Channel 2 Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 4        **DMA01IF:** DMA Channel 0 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 3        **T1IF:** Timer1 Interrupt Flag Status bit  
              1 = Interrupt request has occurred  
              0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

## REGISTER 7-10: IEC0: INTERRUPT ENABLE CONTROL REGISTER 0

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	DMA1IE	AD1IE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SPI1EIE	T3IE
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
T2IE	OC2IE	IC2IE	DMA0IE	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INT0IE
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14 **DMA1IE:** DMA Channel 1 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 13 **AD1IE:** ADC1 Conversion Complete Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 12 **U1TXIE:** UART1 Transmitter Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 11 **U1RXIE:** UART1 Receiver Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 10 **SPI1IE:** SPI1 Event Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 9 **SPI1EIE:** SPI1 Error Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 8 **T3IE:** Timer3 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 7 **T2IE:** Timer2 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 6 **OC2IE:** Output Compare Channel 2 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 5 **IC2IE:** Input Capture Channel 2 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 4 **DMA0IE:** DMA Channel 0 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 3 **T1IE:** Timer1 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled

0 = Interrupt request not enabled

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

## REGISTER 7-27: IPC12: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 12

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	T8IP<2:0>			—	MI2C2IP<2:0>		
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	SI2C2IP<2:0>			—	T7IP<2:0>		
bit 7				bit 0			

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **T8IP<2:0>:** Timer8 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•  
•  
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **MI2C2IP<2:0>:** I2C2 Master Events Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•  
•  
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 **SI2C2IP<2:0>:** I2C2 Slave Events Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•  
•  
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **T7IP<2:0>:** Timer7 Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•  
•  
•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

## REGISTER 8-3: DMAxSTA: DMA CHANNEL x RAM START ADDRESS OFFSET REGISTER A

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STA<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STA<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **STA<15:0>**: Primary DMA RAM Start Address bits (source or destination)

## REGISTER 8-4: DMAxSTB: DMA CHANNEL x RAM START ADDRESS OFFSET REGISTER B

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STB<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STB<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **STB<15:0>**: Secondary DMA RAM Start Address bits (source or destination)



# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

**REGISTER 8-5: DMAxPAD: DMA CHANNEL x PERIPHERAL ADDRESS REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>**

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PAD<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PAD<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **PAD<15:0>**: Peripheral Address Register bits

**Note 1:** If the channel is enabled (i.e., active), writes to this register may result in unpredictable behavior of the DMA channel and should be avoided.

**REGISTER 8-6: DMAxCNT: DMA CHANNEL x TRANSFER COUNT REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>**

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<9:8> <sup>(2)</sup>	
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CNT<7:0> <sup>(2)</sup>							
bit 7				bit 0			

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-0      **CNT<9:0>**: DMA Transfer Count Register bits<sup>(2)</sup>

**Note 1:** If the channel is enabled (i.e., active), writes to this register may result in unpredictable behavior of the DMA channel and should be avoided.

**2:** Number of DMA transfers = CNT<9:0> + 1.

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

**REGISTER 10-3: PMD3: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 3**

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
T9MD	T8MD	T7MD	T6MD	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C2MD	AD2MD <sup>(1)</sup>
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **T9MD:** Timer9 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = Timer9 module is disabled  
                  0 = Timer9 module is enabled
- bit 14      **T8MD:** Timer8 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = Timer8 module is disabled  
                  0 = Timer8 module is enabled
- bit 13      **T7MD:** Timer7 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = Timer7 module is disabled  
                  0 = Timer7 module is enabled
- bit 12      **T6MD:** Timer6 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = Timer6 module is disabled  
                  0 = Timer6 module is enabled
- bit 11-2    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1        **I2C2MD:** I2C2 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = I2C2 module is disabled  
                  0 = I2C2 module is enabled
- bit 0        **AD2MD:** AD2 Module Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = AD2 module is disabled  
                  0 = AD2 module is enabled

**Note 1:** The PCFGx bits will have no effect if the ADC module is disabled by setting this bit. In this case, all port pins multiplexed with ANx will be in Digital mode.

## 12.0 TIMER1

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A family of devices. However, it is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 11. “Timers”** (DS70205) of the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Timer1 module is a 16-bit timer, which can serve as the time counter for the real-time clock, or operate as a free-running interval timer/counter. Timer1 can operate in three modes:

- 16-bit Timer
- 16-bit Synchronous Counter
- 16-bit Asynchronous Counter

Timer1 also supports these features:

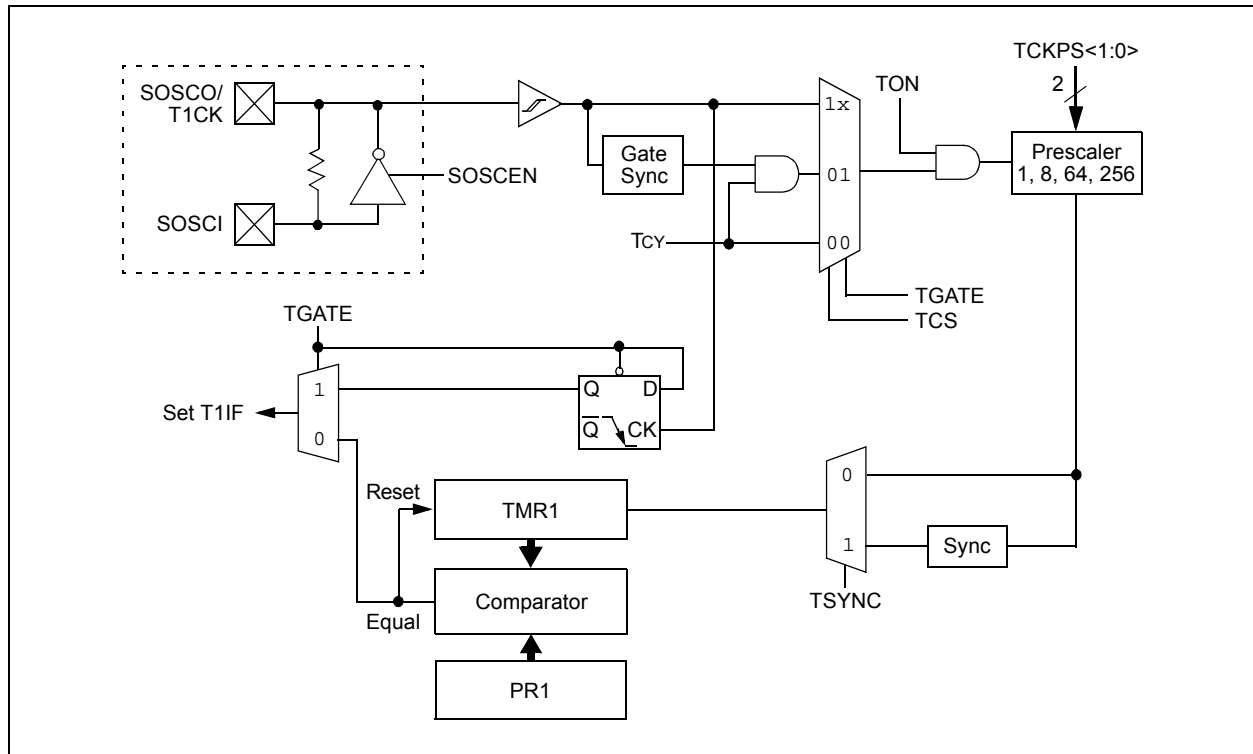
- Timer gate operation
- Selectable prescaler settings
- Timer operation during CPU Idle and Sleep modes
- Interrupt on 16-bit Period register match or falling edge of external gate signal

Figure 12-1 presents a block diagram of the 16-bit timer module.

To configure Timer1 for operation:

1. Set the TON bit (= 1) in the T1CON register.
2. Select the timer prescaler ratio using the TCKPS<1:0> bits in the T1CON register.
3. Set the Clock and Gating modes using the TCS and TGATE bits in the T1CON register.
4. Set or clear the TSYNC bit in T1CON to select synchronous or asynchronous operation.
5. Load the timer period value into the PR1 register.
6. If interrupts are required, set the interrupt enable bit, T1IE. Use the priority bits, T1IP<2:0>, to set the interrupt priority.

**FIGURE 12-1: 16-BIT TIMER1 MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

## REGISTER 19-1: CiCTRL1: ECAN™ MODULE CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	r-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	CSIDL	ABAT	—	REQOP<2:0>		
bit 15						bit 8	

R-1	R-0	R-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
OPMODE<2:0>			—	CANCAP	—	—	WIN
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>	r = Bit is Reserved		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **CSIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit  
1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode  
0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12      **ABAT:** Abort All Pending Transmissions bit  
1 = Signal all transmit buffers to abort transmission  
0 = Module will clear this bit when all transmissions are aborted
- bit 11      **Reserved:** Do not use
- bit 10-8      **REQOP<2:0>:** Request Operation Mode bits  
111 = Set Listen All Messages mode  
110 = Reserved – do not use  
101 = Reserved – do not use  
100 = Set Configuration mode  
011 = Set Listen Only Mode  
010 = Set Loopback mode  
001 = Set Disable mode  
000 = Set Normal Operation mode
- bit 7-5      **OPMODE<2:0>:** Operation Mode bits  
111 = Module is in Listen All Messages mode  
110 = Reserved  
101 = Reserved  
100 = Module is in Configuration mode  
011 = Module is in Listen Only mode  
010 = Module is in Loopback mode  
001 = Module is in Disable mode  
000 = Module is in Normal Operation mode
- bit 4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3      **CANCAP:** CAN Message Receive Timer Capture Event Enable bit  
1 = Enable input capture based on CAN message receive  
0 = Disable CAN capture
- bit 2-1      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0      **WIN:** SFR Map Window Select bit  
1 = Use filter window  
0 = Use buffer window

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 19-31: CiTRBnSTAT: ECAN™ MODULE RECEIVE BUFFER n STATUS  
(n = 0, 1, ..., 31)

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	—	FILHIT<4:0>				
bit 15			bit 8				
U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7			bit 0				

<b>Legend:</b>			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-13      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-8      **FILHIT<4:0>:** Filter Hit Code bits (only written by module for receive buffers, unused for transmit buffers)  
Encodes number of filter that resulted in writing this buffer.
- bit 7-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

## 20.6 ADC Control Registers

**REGISTER 20-1: ADxCON1: ADCx CONTROL REGISTER 1(where x = 1 or 2)**

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADON	—	ADSIDL	ADDMABM	—	AD12B	FORM<1:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0 HC,HS	R/C-0 HC, HS
SSRC<2:0>			—	SIMSAM	ASAM	SAMP	DONE
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>	HC = Cleared by hardware	HS = Set by hardware
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **ADON:** ADC Operating Mode bit  
1 = ADC module is operating  
0 = ADC module is off
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **ADSIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit  
1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode  
0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12 **ADDMABM:** DMA Buffer Build Mode bit  
1 = DMA buffers are written in the order of conversion. The module will provide an address to the DMA channel that is the same as the address used for the non-DMA stand-alone buffer  
0 = DMA buffers are written in Scatter/Gather mode. The module will provide a scatter/gather address to the DMA channel, based on the index of the analog input and the size of the DMA buffer
- bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10 **AD12B:** 10-Bit or 12-Bit Operation Mode bit  
1 = 12-bit, 1-channel ADC operation  
0 = 10-bit, 4-channel ADC operation
- bit 9-8 **FORM<1:0>:** Data Output Format bits  
For 10-bit operation:  
11 = Reserved  
10 = Reserved  
01 = Signed integer (DOUT = ssss sssd dddd dddd, where s = .NOT.d<9>)  
00 = Integer (DOUT = 0000 00dd dddd dddd)  
For 12-bit operation:  
11 = Reserved  
10 = Reserved  
01 = Signed Integer (DOUT = ssss sddd dddd dddd, where s = .NOT.d<11>)  
00 = Integer (DOUT = 0000 dddd dddd dddd)
- bit 7-5 **SSRC<2:0>:** Sample Clock Source Select bits  
111 = Internal counter ends sampling and starts conversion (auto-convert)  
110 = Reserved  
101 = Reserved  
100 = GP timer (Timer5 for ADC1, Timer3 for ADC2) compare ends sampling and starts conversion  
011 = Reserved  
010 = GP timer (Timer3 for ADC1, Timer5 for ADC2) compare ends sampling and starts conversion  
001 = Active transition on INT0 pin ends sampling and starts conversion  
000 = Clearing sample bit ends sampling and starts conversion

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

**TABLE 21-2: CONFIGURATION BITS DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)**

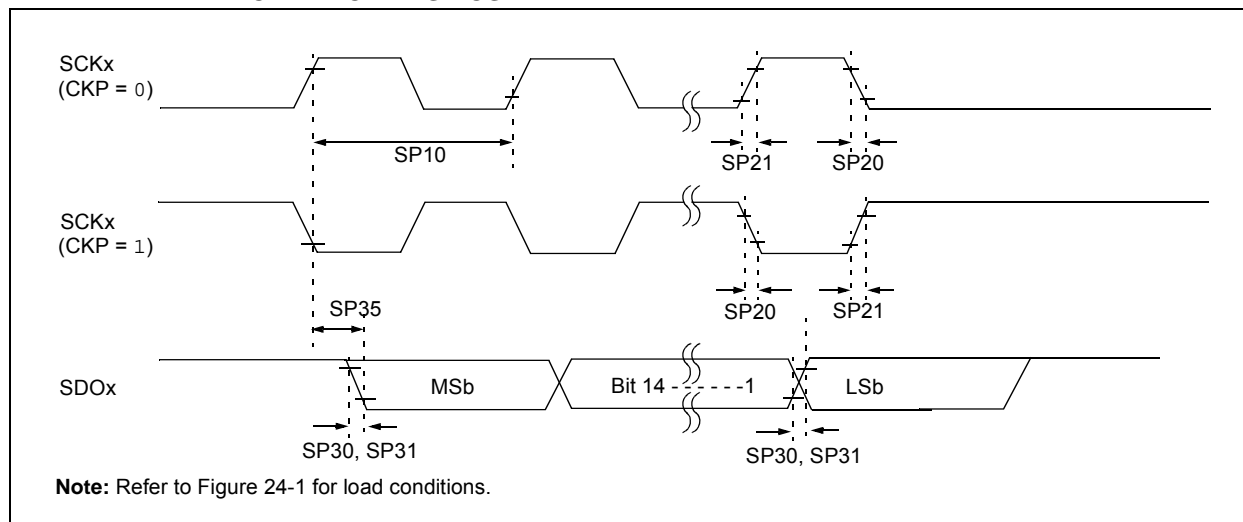
Bit Field	Register	RTSP Effect	Description
FPWRT<2:0>	FPOR	Immediate	Power-on Reset Timer Value Select bits 111 = PWRT = 128 ms 110 = PWRT = 64 ms 101 = PWRT = 32 ms 100 = PWRT = 16 ms 011 = PWRT = 8 ms 010 = PWRT = 4 ms 001 = PWRT = 2 ms 000 = PWRT = Disabled
JTAGEN	FICD	Immediate	JTAG Enable bits 1 = JTAG enabled 0 = JTAG disabled
ICS<1:0>	FICD	Immediate	ICD Communication Channel Select bits 11 = Communicate on PGEC1 and PGED1 10 = Communicate on PGEC2 and PGED2 01 = Communicate on PGEC3 and PGED3 00 = Reserved

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

**TABLE 24-28: SPIx MAXIMUM DATA/CLOCK RATE SUMMARY**

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended		
Maximum Data Rate	Master Transmit Only (Half-Duplex)	Master Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	Slave Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	CKE	CKP	SMP
15 MHz	Table 24-29	—	—	0,1	0,1	0,1
10 MHz	—	Table 24-30	—	1	0,1	1
10 MHz	—	Table 24-31	—	0	0,1	1
15 MHz	—	—	Table 24-32	1	0	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 24-33	1	1	0
15 MHz	—	—	Table 24-34	0	1	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 24-35	0	0	0

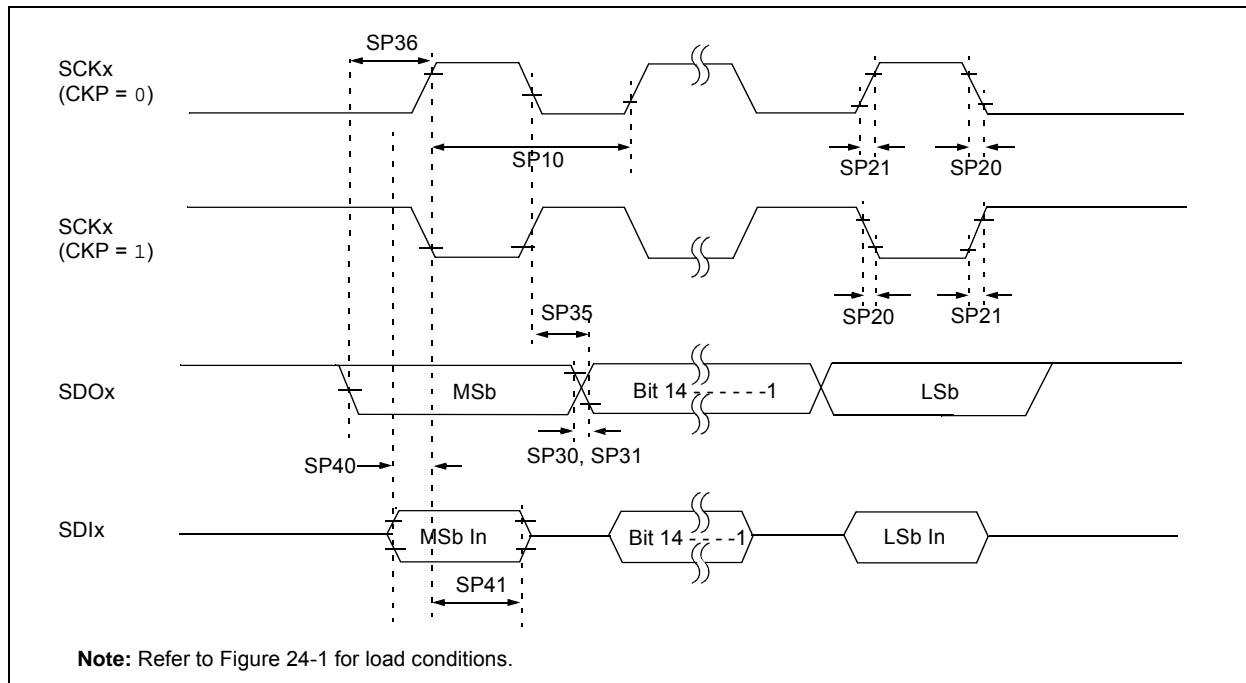
**FIGURE 24-9: SPIx MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY CKE = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**





# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

**FIGURE 24-11: SPIx MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 24-30: SPIx MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>	Min	Typ <sup>(2)</sup>	Max	Units	Conditions
SP10	TscP	Maximum SCK Frequency	—	—	10	MHz	See <b>Note 3</b>
SP20	TscF	SCKx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and <b>Note 4</b>
SP21	TscR	SCKx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and <b>Note 4</b>
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and <b>Note 4</b>
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and <b>Note 4</b>
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	6	20	ns	—
SP36	TdoV2sc, TdoV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

**2:** Data in "Typ" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

**3:** The minimum clock period for SCKx is 100 ns. The clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

**4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

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## 25.1 High Temperature DC Characteristics

**TABLE 25-1: OPERATING MIPS VS. VOLTAGE**

Characteristic	VDD Range (in Volts)	Temperature Range (in °C)	Max MIPS
			PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A
HDC5	VBOR to 3.6V <sup>(1)</sup>	-40°C to +150°C	20

**Note 1:** Device is functional at  $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$ . Analog modules such as the ADC will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested but not characterized. Refer to parameter BO10 in Table 24-11 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

**TABLE 25-2: THERMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
High Temperature Devices					
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40	—	+155	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	TA	-40	—	+150	°C
Power Dissipation: Internal chip power dissipation: $P_{INT} = V_{DD} \times (I_{DD} - \Sigma I_{OH})$ I/O Pin Power Dissipation: $I/O = \Sigma (\{V_{DD} - V_{OH}\} \times I_{OH}) + \Sigma (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$	PD	PINT + PI/O			W
Maximum Allowed Power Dissipation	PDMAX	$(T_J - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$			W

**TABLE 25-3: DC TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE SPECIFICATIONS**

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^\circ\text{C}$ for High Temperature				
Parameter No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
<b>Operating Voltage</b>							
HDC10	<b>Supply Voltage</b>						
	VDD	—	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-40°C to +150°C

**TABLE 25-4: DC CHARACTERISTICS: POWER-DOWN CURRENT (IPD)**

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature    -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +150°C for High Temperature			
Parameter No.	Typical	Max	Units	Conditions		
Power-Down Current (IPD)						
HDC60e	250	2000	μA	+150°C	3.3V	Base Power-Down Current <sup>(1,3)</sup>

**Note 1:** Base IPD is measured with all peripherals and clocks shut down. All I/Os are configured as inputs and pulled to Vss. WDT, etc., are all switched off, and VREGS (RCON<8>) = 1.

**2:** The Δ current is the additional current consumed when the module is enabled. This current should be added to the base IPD current.

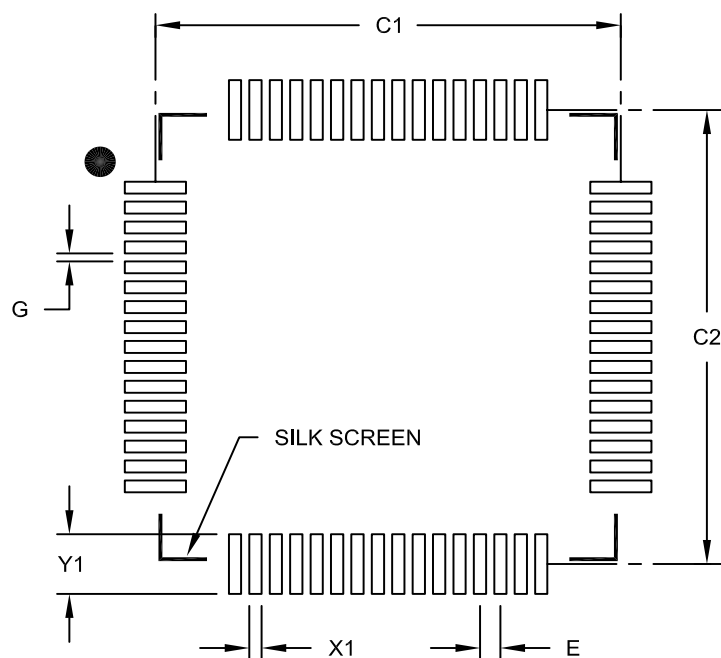
**3:** These currents are measured on the device containing the most memory in this family.

**4:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.50 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X64)	X1			0.30
Contact Pad Length (X64)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2085B

# PIC24HJXXXGPX06A/X08A/X10A

## APPENDIX B: REVISION HISTORY

### Revision A (April 2009)

This is the initial released version of the document.

### Revision B (October 2009)

The revision includes the following global update:

- Added Note 2 to the shaded table that appears at the beginning of each chapter. This new note provides information regarding the availability of registers and their associated bits

This revision also includes minor typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in the following table.

TABLE B-1: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
“High-Performance, 16-bit Microcontrollers”	Added information on high temperature operation (see “ <b>Operating Range:</b> ”).
Section 10.0 “Power-Saving Features”	Updated the last paragraph to clarify the number of cycles that occur prior to the start of instruction execution (see <b>Section 10.2.2 “Idle Mode”</b> ).
Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”	Changed the reference to digital-only pins to 5V tolerant pins in the second paragraph of <b>Section 11.2 “Open-Drain Configuration”</b> .
Section 18.0 “Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)”	Updated the two baud rate range features to: 10 Mbps to 38 bps at 40 MIPS.
Section 20.0 “10-bit/12-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)”	Updated the ADCx block diagram (see Figure 20-1).
Section 21.0 “Special Features”	Updated the second paragraph and removed the fourth paragraph in <b>Section 21.1 “Configuration Bits”</b> .  Updated the Device Configuration Register Map (see Table 21-1).
Section 24.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the Absolute Maximum Ratings for high temperature and added Note 4.  Updated Power-Down Current parameters DC60d, DC60a, DC60b, and DC60d (see Table 24-7).  Added I2Cx Bus Data Timing Requirements (Master Mode) parameter IM51 (see Table 24-36).  Updated the SPIx Module Slave Mode (CKE = 1) Timing Characteristics (see Figure 24-12).  Updated the Internal LPRC Accuracy parameters (see Table 24-18 and Table 24-19).  Updated the ADC Module Specifications (12-bit Mode) parameters AD23a and AD24a (see Table 24-40).  Updated the ADC Module Specifications (10-bit Mode) parameters AD23b and AD24b (see Table 24-41).
Section 25.0 “High Temperature Electrical Characteristics”	Added new chapter with high temperature specifications.
“Product Identification System”	Added the “H” definition for high temperature.

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