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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M-Class
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	200MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I <sup>2</sup> C, PMP, SPI, SQI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	78
Program Memory Size	1MB (1M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	256K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.1V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 40x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mz1024eff100-i-pt">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mz1024eff100-i-pt</a>

**TABLE 4-6: SYSTEM BUS TARGETS AND ASSOCIATED PROTECTION REGISTERS**

Target Number	Target Description <sup>(5)</sup>	SBTxREGy Register							SBTxRDy Register		SBTxWRy Register	
		Name	Region Base (BASE<21:0>) (see Note 2)	Physical Start Address	Region Size (SIZE<4:0>) (see Note 3)	Region Size	Priority (PRI)	Priority Level	Name	Read Permission (GROUP3, GROUP2, GROUP1, GROUP0)	Name	Write Permission (GROUP3, GROUP2, GROUP1, GROUP0)
0	System Bus	SBT0REG0	R	0x1F8F0000	R	64 KB	—	0	SBT0RD0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT0WR0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
		SBT0REG1	R	0x1F8F8000	R	32 KB	—	3	SBT0RD1	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT0WR1	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
1	<b>Flash Memory<sup>(6)</sup>:</b> Program Flash Boot Flash Prefetch Module	SBT1REG0	R	0x1D000000	R <sup>(4)</sup>	R <sup>(4)</sup>	—	0	SBT1RD0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT1WR0	0, 0, 0, 0
		SBT1REG2	R	0x1F8E0000	R	4 KB	1	2	SBT1RD2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT1WR2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
		SBT1REG3	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	1	2	SBT1RD3	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT1WR3	0, 0, 0, 0
		SBT1REG4	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	1	2	SBT1RD4	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT1WR4	0, 0, 0, 0
		SBT1REG5	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	1	2	SBT1RD5	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT1WR5	0, 0, 0, 0
		SBT1REG6	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	1	2	SBT1RD6	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT1WR6	0, 0, 0, 0
		SBT1REG7	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	0	1	SBT1RD7	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT1WR7	0, 0, 0, 0
		SBT1REG8	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	0	1	SBT1RD8	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT1WR8	0, 0, 0, 0
2	RAM Bank 1 Memory	SBT2REG0	R	0x00000000	R <sup>(4)</sup>	R <sup>(4)</sup>	—	0	SBT2RD0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT2WR0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
		SBT2REG1	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	—	3	SBT2RD1	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT2WR1	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
		SBT2REG2	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	0	1	SBT2RD2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT2WR2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
3	RAM Bank 2 Memory	SBT3REG0	R <sup>(4)</sup>	R <sup>(4)</sup>	R <sup>(4)</sup>	R <sup>(4)</sup>	—	0	SBT3RD0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT3WR0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
		SBT3REG1	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	—	3	SBT3RD1	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT3WR1	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
		SBT3REG2	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	0	1	SBT3RD2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT3WR2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
4	External Memory via EBI and EBI Module <sup>(6)</sup>	SBT4REG0	R	0x20000000	R	64 MB	—	0	SBT4RD0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT4WR0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
		SBT4REG2	R	0x1F8E1000	R	4 KB	0	1	SBT4RD2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT4WR2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
5	<b>Peripheral Set 1:</b> System Control Flash Control DMT/WDT RTCC CVR PPS Input PPS Output Interrupts DMA	SBT5REG0	R	0x1F800000	R	128 KB	—	0	SBT5RD0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT5WR0	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
		SBT5REG1	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	—	3	SBT5RD1	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT5WR1	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>
		SBT5REG2	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	0	1	SBT5RD2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>	SBT5WR2	R/W <sup>(1)</sup>

**Legend:** R = Read; R/W = Read/Write; 'x' in a register name = 0-13; 'y' in a register name = 0-8.

**Note 1:** Reset values for these bits are '0', '1', '1', '1', respectively.

**Note 2:** The BASE<21:0> bits must be set to the corresponding Physical Address and right shifted by 10 bits. For Read-only bits, this value is set by hardware on Reset.

**Note 3:** The SIZE<4:0> bits must be set to the corresponding Region Size, based on the following formula: Region Size =  $2^{(SIZE-1)} \times 1024$  bytes. For read-only bits, this value is set by hardware on Reset.

**Note 4:** Refer to the Device Memory Maps (Figure 4-1 through Figure 4-4) for specific device memory sizes and start addresses.

**Note 5:** See Table 4-1 for information on specific target memory size and start addresses.

**Note 6:** The SBTxREG1 SFRs are reserved, and therefore, are not listed in this table for this target.

# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

**REGISTER 5-8: NVMBWP: FLASH BOOT (PAGE) WRITE-PROTECT REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-1	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	LBWPULOCK	—	—	LBWP4 <sup>(1)</sup>	LBWP3 <sup>(1)</sup>	LBWP2 <sup>(1)</sup>	LBWP1 <sup>(1)</sup>	LBWP0 <sup>(1)</sup>
7:0	R/W-1	r-1	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	UBWPULOCK	—	—	UBWP4 <sup>(1)</sup>	UBWP3 <sup>(1)</sup>	UBWP2 <sup>(1)</sup>	UBWP1 <sup>(1)</sup>	UBWP0 <sup>(1)</sup>

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

r = Reserved

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **LBWPULOCK:** Lower Boot Alias Write-protect Unlock bit

1 = LBWPx bits are not locked and can be modified

0 = LBWPx bits are locked and cannot be modified

This bit is only clearable and cannot be set except by any reset.

bit 14-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12 **LBWP4:** Lower Boot Alias Page 4 Write-protect bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC10000 through 0x1FC13FFF enabled

0 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC10000 through 0x1FC13FFF disabled

bit 11 **LBWP3:** Lower Boot Alias Page 3 Write-protect bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC0C000 through 0x1FC0FFFF enabled

0 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC0C000 through 0x1FC0FFFF disabled

bit 10 **LBWP2:** Lower Boot Alias Page 2 Write-protect bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC08000 through 0x1FC0BFFF enabled

0 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC08000 through 0x1FC0BFFF disabled

bit 9 **LBWP1:** Lower Boot Alias Page 1 Write-protect bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC04000 through 0x1FC07FFF enabled

0 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC04000 through 0x1FC07FFF disabled

bit 8 **LBWP0:** Lower Boot Alias Page 0 Write-protect bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC00000 through 0x1FC03FFF enabled

0 = Write protection for physical address 0x01FC00000 through 0x1FC03FFF disabled

bit 7 **UBWPULOCK:** Upper Boot Alias Write-protect Unlock bit

1 = UBWPx bits are not locked and can be modified

0 = UBWPx bits are locked and cannot be modified

This bit is only user-clearable and cannot be set except by any reset.

bit 6 **Reserved:** This bit is reserved for use by development tools

bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** These bits are only available when the NVMKEY unlock sequence is performed and the associated Lock bit (LBWPULOCK or UBWPULOCK) is set.

**Note:** The bits in this register are only writable when the NVMKEY unlock sequence is followed.

TABLE 7-3: INTERRUPT REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF81_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
03D0	IPC41	31:16	—	—	—	FCEIP<2:0>			FCEIS<1:0>			—	—	—	RTCCIP<2:0>			RTCCIS<1:0>	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	SPI4TXIP<2:0>			SPI4TXIS<1:0>			—	—	—	SPI4RXIP<2:0>			SPI4RXIS<1:0>	0000
03E0	IPC42	31:16	—	—	—	U4RXIP<2:0>			U4RXIS<1:0>			—	—	—	U4EIP<2:0>			U4EIS<1:0>	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	SQI1IP<2:0>			SQI1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	PREIP<2:0>			PREIS<1:0>	0000
03F0	IPC43	31:16	—	—	—	I2C4MIP<2:0>			I2C4MIS<1:0>			—	—	—	I2C4SIP<2:0>			I2C4SIS<1:0>	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	I2C4BIP<2:0>			I2C4BIS<1:0>			—	—	—	U4TXIP<2:0>			U4TXIS<1:0>	0000
0400	IPC44	31:16	—	—	—	U5EIP<2:0>			U5EIS<1:0>			—	—	—	SPI5TXIP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			SPI5TXIS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	SPI5RXIP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			SPI5RXIS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			—	—	—	SPI5EIP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			SPI5EIS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>	0000
0410	IPC45	31:16	—	—	—	I2C5SIP<2:0>			I2C5SIS<1:0>			—	—	—	I2C5BIP<2:0>			I2C5BIS<1:0>	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	U5TXIP<2:0>			U5TXIS<1:0>			—	—	—	U5RXIP<2:0>			U5RXIS<1:0>	0000
0420	IPC46	31:16	—	—	—	SPI6TXIP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			SPI6TXIS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			—	—	—	SPI6RXIP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			SPI6RXIS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	SPI6EIP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			SPI6EIS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			—	—	—	I2C5MIP<2:0>			I2C5MIS<1:0>	0000
0430	IPC47	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U6TXIP<2:0>			U6TXIS<1:0>	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	U6RXIP<2:0>			U6RXIS<1:0>			—	—	—	U6EIP<2:0>			U6EIS<1:0>	0000
0440	IPC48	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADCURDYIP<2:0>			ADCURDYIS<1:0>	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	ADCARDYIP<2:0>			ADCARDYIS<1:0>			—	—	—	ADCEOSIP<2:0>			ADCEOSIS<1:0>	0000
0450	IPC49	31:16	—	—	—	ADC1EIP<2:0>			ADC1EIS<1:0>			—	—	—	ADC0EIP<2:0>			ADC0EIS<1:0>	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADCGRPIP<2:0>			ADCGRPIIS<1:0>	0000	
0460	IPC50	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADC4EIP<2:0>			ADC4EIS<1:0>	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	ADC3EIP<2:0>			ADC3EIS<1:0>			—	—	—	ADC2EIP<2:0>			ADC2EIS<1:0>	0000
0470	IPC51	31:16	—	—	—	ADC1WIP<2:0>			ADC1WIS<1:0>			—	—	—	ADC0WIP<2:0>			ADC0WIS<1:0>	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	ADC7EIP<2:0>			ADC7EIS<1:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
0480	IPC52	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADC4WIP<2:0>			ADC4WIS<1:0>	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	ADC3WIP<2:0>			ADC3WIS<1:0>			—	—	—	ADC2WIP<2:0>			ADC2WIS<1:0>	0000
0490	IPC53	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	ADC7WIP<2:0>			ADC7WIS<1:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
0540	OFF000	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	VOFF<17:16>		0000
		15:0	VOFF<15:1>																—
0544	OFF001	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	VOFF<17:16>		0000
		15:0	VOFF<15:1>																—

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note** 1: All registers in this table with the exception of the OFFx registers, have corresponding CLR, SET, and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.3 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.
- 2: This bit or register is not available on 64-pin devices.
- 3: This bit or register is not available on devices without a CAN module.
- 4: This bit or register is not available on 100-pin devices.
- 5: Bits 31 and 30 are not available on 64-pin and 100-pin devices; bits 29 through 14 are not available on 64-pin devices.
- 6: Bits 31, 30, 29, and bits 5 through 0 are not available on 64-pin and 100-pin devices; bit 31 is not available on 124-pin devices; bit 22 is not available on 64-pin devices.
- 7: This bit or register is not available on devices without a Crypto module.
- 8: This bit or register is not available on 124-pin devices.

TABLE 11-1: USB REGISTER MAP 1 (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF8E #)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
3248	USB DMA5A	31:16	DMAADDR<31:16>																0000
		15:0	DMAADDR<15:0>																0000
324C	USB DMA5N	31:16	DMACOUNT<31:16>																0000
		15:0	DMACOUNT<15:0>																0000
3254	USB DMA6C	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	DMABRSTM<1:0>		DMAERR	DMAEP<3:0>				DMAIE	DMAMODE	DMADIR	DMAEN	0000
3258	USB DMA6A	31:16	DMAADDR<31:16>																0000
		15:0	DMAADDR<15:0>																0000
325C	USB DMA6N	31:16	DMACOUNT<31:16>																0000
		15:0	DMACOUNT<15:0>																0000
3264	USB DMA7C	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	DMABRSTM<1:0>		DMAERR	DMAEP<3:0>				DMAIE	DMAMODE	DMADIR	DMAEN	0000
3268	USB DMA7A	31:16	DMAADDR<31:16>																0000
		15:0	DMAADDR<15:0>																0000
326C	USB DMA7N	31:16	DMACOUNT<31:16>																0000
		15:0	DMACOUNT<15:0>																0000
3274	USB DMA8C	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	DMABRSTM<1:0>		DMAERR	DMAEP<3:0>				DMAIE	DMAMODE	DMADIR	DMAEN	0000
3278	USB DMA8A	31:16	DMAADDR<31:16>																0000
		15:0	DMAADDR<15:0>																0000
327C	USB DMA8N	31:16	DMACOUNT<31:16>																0000
		15:0	DMACOUNT<15:0>																0000
3304	USB E1RPC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	RQPKTCNT<15:0>																0000
3308	USB E2RPC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	RQPKTCNT<15:0>																0000
330C	USB E3RPC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	RQPKTCNT<15:0>																0000
3310	USB E4RPC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	RQPKTCNT<15:0>																0000
3314	USB E5RPC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	RQPKTCNT<15:0>																0000
3318	USB E6RPC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	RQPKTCNT<15:0>																0000
331C	USB E7RPC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	RQPKTCNT<15:0>																0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note**
- 1: Device mode.
  - 2: Host mode.
  - 3: Definition for Endpoint 0 (ENDPOINT<3:0> (USBCSR<19:16>) = 0).
  - 4: Definition for Endpoints 1-7 (ENDPOINT<3:0> (USBCSR<19:16>) = 1 through 7).

# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

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## REGISTER 11-5: USBIE0CSR0: USB INDEXED ENDPOINT CONTROL STATUS REGISTER 0 (ENDPOINT 0) (CONTINUED)

- bit 21 **SENDSTALL:** Send Stall Control bit (*Device mode*)  
1 = Terminate the current transaction and transmit a STALL handshake. This bit is automatically cleared.  
0 = Do not send STALL handshake.
- REQPKT:** IN transaction Request Control bit (*Host mode*)  
1 = Request an IN transaction. This bit is cleared when the RXPkTRDY bit is set.  
0 = Do not request an IN transaction
- bit 20 **SETUPEND:** Early Control Transaction End Status bit (*Device mode*)  
1 = A control transaction ended before the DATAEND bit has been set. An interrupt will be generated and the FIFO flushed at this time.  
0 = Normal operation  
This bit is cleared by writing a '1' to the SVCSETEND bit in this register.
- ERROR:** No Response Error Status bit (*Host mode*)  
1 = Three attempts have been made to perform a transaction with no response from the peripheral. An interrupt is generated.  
0 = Clear this flag. Software must write a '0' to this bit to clear it.
- bit 19 **DATAEND:** End of Data Control bit (*Device mode*)  
The software sets this bit when:
- Setting TXPKTRDY for the last data packet
  - Clearing RXPkTRDY after unloading the last data packet
  - Setting TXPKTRDY for a zero length data packet
- Hardware clears this bit.
- SETUPPKT:** Send a SETUP token Control bit (*Host mode*)  
1 = When set at the same time as the TXPKTRDY bit is set, the module sends a SETUP token instead of an OUT token for the transaction  
0 = Normal OUT token operation  
Setting this bit also clears the Data Toggle.
- bit 18 **SENTSTALL:** STALL sent status bit (*Device mode*)  
1 = STALL handshake has been transmitted  
0 = Software clear of bit
- RXSTALL:** STALL handshake received Status bit (*Host mode*)  
1 = STALL handshake was received  
0 = Software clear of bit
- bit 17 **TXPKTRDY:** TX Packet Ready Control bit  
1 = Data packet has been loaded into the FIFO. It is cleared automatically.  
0 = No data packet is ready for transmit
- bit 16 **RXPkTRDY:** RX Packet Ready Status bit  
1 = Data packet has been received. Interrupt is generated (when enabled) when this bit is set.  
0 = No data packet has been received  
This bit is cleared by setting the SVCRPR bit.
- bit 15-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

## REGISTER 11-15: USBHWVER: USB HARDWARE VERSION REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-1	R-0	R-0	R-0
	RC	VERMAJOR<4:0>					VERMINOR<9:8>	
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	VERMINOR<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **RC:** Release Candidate bit

1 = USB module was created using a release candidate

0 = USB module was created using a full release

bit 14-10 **VERMAJOR<4:0>:** USB Module Major Version number bits

This read-only number is the Major version number for the USB module.

bit 9-0 **VERMINOR<9:0>:** USB Module Minor Version number bits

This read-only number is the Minor version number for the USB module.

# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

**REGISTER 11-21: USBDMAxC: USB DMA CHANNEL 'x' CONTROL REGISTER ('x' = 1-8)**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
15:8	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0 DMABRSTM<1:0>	R/W-0	R/W-0 DMAERR
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	DMAEP<3:0>				DMAIE	DMAMODE	DMADIR	DMAEN

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-9 **DMABRSTM<1:0>:** DMA Burst Mode Selection bit

11 = Burst Mode 3: INCR16, INCR8, INCR4 or unspecified length

10 = Burst Mode 2: INCR8, INCR4 or unspecified length

01 = Burst Mode 1: INCR4 or unspecified length

00 = Burst Mode 0: Bursts of unspecified length

bit 8 **DMAERR:** Bus Error bit

1 = A bus error has been observed on the input

0 = The software writes this to clear the error

bit 7-4 **DMAEP<3:0>:** DMA Endpoint Assignment bits

These bits hold the endpoint that the DMA channel is assigned to. Valid values are 0-7.

bit 3 **DMAIE:** DMA Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt is enabled for this channel

0 = Interrupt is disabled for this channel

bit 2 **DMAMODE:** DMA Transfer Mode bit

1 = DMA Mode1 Transfers

0 = DMA Mode0 Transfers

bit 1 **DMADIR:** DMA Transfer Direction bit

1 = DMA Read (TX endpoint)

0 = DMA Write (RX endpoint)

bit 0 **DMAEN:** DMA Enable bit

1 = Enable the DMA transfer and start the transfer

0 = Disable the DMA transfer



# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

## REGISTER 20-18: SQI1BDPOLLCON: SQI BUFFER DESCRIPTOR POLL CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	POLLCON<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	POLLCON<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **POLLCON<15:0>:** Buffer Descriptor Processor Poll Status bits

These bits indicate the number of cycles the BDP would wait before refetching the descriptor control word if the previous descriptor fetched was disabled.

## REGISTER 20-19: SQI1BDTXDSTAT: SQI BUFFER DESCRIPTOR DMA TRANSMIT STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	U-0
	—	—	—	TXSTATE<3:0>				—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x
	—	—	—	TXBUFCNT<4:0>				—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x
	TXCURBUFLEN<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-29 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 28-25 **TXSTATE<3:0>:** Current DMA Transmit State Status bits

These bits provide information on the current DMA receive states.

bit 24-21 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 20-16 **TXBUFCNT<4:0>:** DMA Buffer Byte Count Status bits

These bits provide information on the internal FIFO space.

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **TXCURBUFLEN<7:0>:** Current DMA Transmit Buffer Length Status bits

These bits provide the length of the current DMA transmit buffer.

## 21.1 I<sup>2</sup>C Control Registers

**TABLE 21-1: I2C1 THROUGH I2C5 REGISTER MAP**

Virtual Address (BF82_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
0000	I2C1CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PCIE	SCIE	BOEN	SDAHT	SBCDE	AHEN	DHEN	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	SCLREL	STRICT	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
0010	I2C1STAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	ACKTIM	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D/A	P	S	R/W	RBF	TBF	0000
0020	I2C1ADD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Register							0000
0030	I2C1MSK	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Mask Register							0000
0040	I2C1BRG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Baud Rate Generator Register							0000
0050	I2C1TRN	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Transmit Register							0000
0060	I2C1RCV	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Receive Register							0000
0200	I2C2CON <sup>(2)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PCIE	SCIE	BOEN	SDAHT	SBCDE	AHEN	DHEN	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	SCLREL	STRICT	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
0210	I2C2STAT <sup>(2)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	ACKTIM	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D/A	P	S	R/W	RBF	TBF	0000
0220	I2C2ADD <sup>(2)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Register							0000
0230	I2C2MSK <sup>(2)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Mask Register							0000
0240	I2C2BRG <sup>(2)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Baud Rate Generator Register							0000
0250	I2C2TRN <sup>(2)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Transmit Register							0000
0260	I2C2RCV <sup>(2)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Receive Register							0000
0400	I2C3CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PCIE	SCIE	BOEN	SDAHT	SBCDE	AHEN	DHEN	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	SCLREL	STRICT	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
0410	I2C3STAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	ACKTIM	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D/A	P	S	R/W	RBF	TBF	0000
0420	I2C3ADD	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Address Register							0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table except I2CxRCV have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.3 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

**2:** This register is not available on 64-pin devices.

## REGISTER 22-2: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 7-6    **URXISEL<1:0>**: Receive Interrupt Mode Selection bit  
11 = Reserved  
10 = Interrupt flag bit is asserted while receive buffer is 3/4 or more full  
01 = Interrupt flag bit is asserted while receive buffer is 1/2 or more full  
00 = Interrupt flag bit is asserted while receive buffer is not empty (i.e., has at least 1 data character)
- bit 5    **ADDEN**: Address Character Detect bit (bit 8 of received data = 1)  
1 = Address Detect mode is enabled. If 9-bit mode is not selected, this control bit has no effect  
0 = Address Detect mode is disabled
- bit 4    **RIDLE**: Receiver Idle bit (read-only)  
1 = Receiver is Idle  
0 = Data is being received
- bit 3    **PERR**: Parity Error Status bit (read-only)  
1 = Parity error has been detected for the current character  
0 = Parity error has not been detected
- bit 2    **FERR**: Framing Error Status bit (read-only)  
1 = Framing error has been detected for the current character  
0 = Framing error has not been detected
- bit 1    **OERR**: Receive Buffer Overrun Error Status bit.  
This bit is set in hardware and can only be cleared (= 0) in software. Clearing a previously set OERR bit resets the receiver buffer and RSR to empty state.  
1 = Receive buffer has overflowed  
0 = Receive buffer has not overflowed
- bit 0    **URXDA**: Receive Buffer Data Available bit (read-only)  
1 = Receive buffer has data, at least one more character can be read  
0 = Receive buffer is empty

## 23.0 PARALLEL MASTER PORT (PMP)

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MZ EF family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 13. “Parallel Master Port (PMP)”** (DS60001128) in the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com/PIC32](http://www.microchip.com/PIC32)).

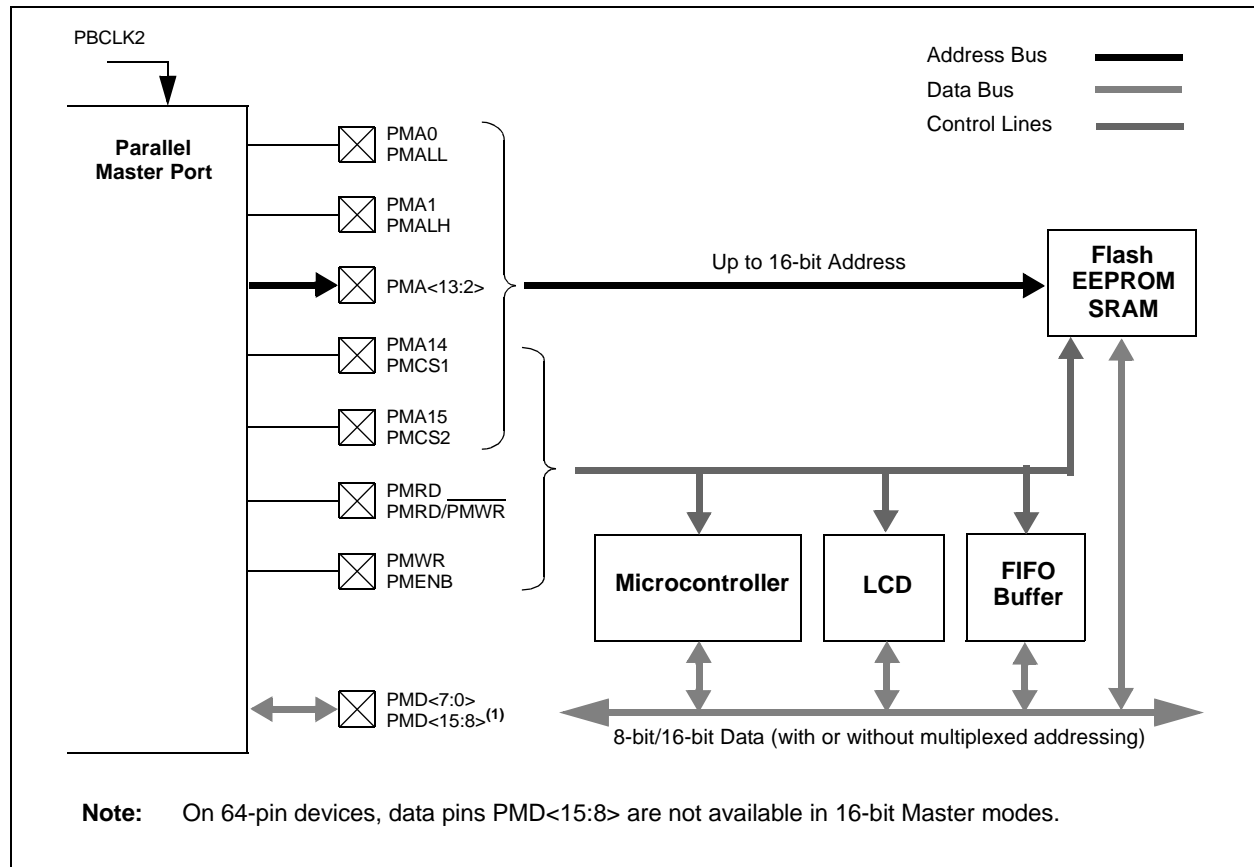
The PMP is a parallel 8-bit/16-bit input/output module specifically designed to communicate with a wide variety of parallel devices, such as communications peripherals, LCDs, external memory devices and microcontrollers. Because the interface to parallel peripherals varies significantly, the PMP module is highly configurable.

The following are key features of the PMP module:

- 8-bit, 16-bit interface
- Up to 16 programmable address lines
- Up to two Chip Select lines
- Programmable strobe options:
  - Individual read and write strobes, or
  - Read/write strobe with enable strobe
- Address auto-increment/auto-decrement
- Programmable address/data multiplexing
- Programmable polarity on control signals
- Parallel Slave Port support:
  - Legacy addressable
  - Address support
  - 4-byte deep auto-incrementing buffer
- Programmable Wait states
- Operate during Sleep and Idle modes
- Separate configurable read/write registers or dual buffers for Master mode
- Fast bit manipulation using CLR, SET, and INV registers

**Note:** On 64-pin devices, data pins PMD<15:8> are not available in 16-bit Master modes.

**FIGURE 23-1: PMP MODULE PINOUT AND CONNECTIONS TO EXTERNAL DEVICES**



# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

## REGISTER 23-2: PMMODE: PARALLEL PORT MODE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	BUSY	IRQM<1:0>		INCM<1:0>		MODE16	MODE<1:0>	
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	WAITB<1:0> <sup>(1)</sup>		WAITM<3:0> <sup>(1)</sup>				WAITE<1:0> <sup>(1)</sup>	

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **BUSY:** Busy bit (Master mode only)

1 = Port is busy

0 = Port is not busy

bit 14-13 **IRQM<1:0>:** Interrupt Request Mode bits

11 = Reserved, do not use

10 = Interrupt is generated when Read Buffer 3 is read or Write Buffer 3 is written (Buffered PSP mode) or on a read or write operation when PMA<1:0> = 11 (Addressable Slave mode only)

01 = Interrupt is generated at the end of the read/write cycle

00 = No Interrupt is generated

bit 12-11 **INCM<1:0>:** Increment Mode bits

11 = Slave mode read and write buffers auto-increment (MODE<1:0> = 00 only)

10 = Decrement ADDR<15:0> and ADDR<14> by 1 every read/write cycle<sup>(2)</sup>

01 = Increment ADDR<15:0> and ADDR<14> by 1 every read/write cycle<sup>(2)</sup>

00 = No increment or decrement of address

bit 10 **MODE16:** 8/16-bit Mode bit

1 = 16-bit mode: a read or write to the data register invokes a single 16-bit transfer

0 = 8-bit mode: a read or write to the data register invokes a single 8-bit transfer

bit 9-8 **MODE<1:0>:** Parallel Port Mode Select bits

11 = Master mode 1 (PMCSx, PMRD/PMWR, PMENB, PMA<x:0>, and PMD<15:0>)<sup>(3)</sup>

10 = Master mode 2 (PMCSx, PMRD, PMWR, PMA<x:0>, and PMD<15:0>)<sup>(3)</sup>

01 = Enhanced Slave mode, control signals (PMRD, PMWR, PMCSx, PMD<7:0>, and PMA<1:0>)

00 = Legacy Parallel Slave Port, control signals (PMRD, PMWR, PMCSx, and PMD<7:0>)

bit 7-6 **WAITB<1:0>:** Data Setup to Read/Write Strobe Wait States bits<sup>(1)</sup>

11 = Data wait of 4 TPBCLK2; multiplexed address phase of 4 TPBCLK2

10 = Data wait of 3 TPBCLK2; multiplexed address phase of 3 TPBCLK2

01 = Data wait of 2 TPBCLK2; multiplexed address phase of 2 TPBCLK2

00 = Data wait of 1 TPBCLK2; multiplexed address phase of 1 TPBCLK2 (default)

**Note 1:** Whenever WAITM<3:0> = 0000, WAITB and WAITE bits are ignored and forced to 1 TPBCLK2 cycle for a write operation; WAITB = 1 TPBCLK2 cycle, WAITE = 0 TPBCLK2 cycles for a read operation.

**2:** Address bits 14 and 15 are not subject to auto-increment/decrement if configured as Chip Select.

**3:** The PMD<15:8> bits are not active if the MODE16 bit = 1.

# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

## REGISTER 29-19: CiFIFOBA: CAN MESSAGE BUFFER BASE ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CiFIFOBA<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CiFIFOBA<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CiFIFOBA<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0 <sup>(1)</sup>	R-0 <sup>(1)</sup>
	CiFIFOBA<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **CiFIFOBA<31:0>**: CAN FIFO Base Address bits

These bits define the base address of all message buffers. Individual message buffers are located based on the size of the previous message buffers. This address is a physical address. Note that bits <1:0> are read-only and read '0', forcing the messages to be 32-bit word-aligned in device RAM.

**Note 1:** This bit is unimplemented and will always read '0', which forces word-alignment of messages.

**Note:** This register can only be modified when the CAN module is in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> (CiCON<23:21>) = 100).

## REGISTER 29-20: CiFIFOCONn: CAN FIFO CONTROL REGISTER 'n' ('n' = 0-31) (CONTINUED)

- bit 6     **TXABAT:** Message Aborted bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
1 = Message was aborted  
0 = Message completed successfully
- bit 5     **TXLABB:** Message Lost Arbitration bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
1 = Message lost arbitration while being sent  
0 = Message did not lose arbitration while being sent
- bit 4     **TXERR:** Error Detected During Transmission bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
1 = A bus error occurred while the message was being sent  
0 = A bus error did not occur while the message was being sent
- bit 3     **TXREQ:** Message Send Request  
TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a Transmit FIFO)  
Setting this bit to '1' requests sending a message.  
The bit will automatically clear when all the messages queued in the FIFO are successfully sent.  
Clearing the bit to '0' while set ('1') will request a message abort.  
TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a Receive FIFO)  
This bit has no effect.
- bit 2     **RTREN:** Auto RTR Enable bit  
1 = When a remote transmit is received, TXREQ will be set  
0 = When a remote transmit is received, TXREQ will be unaffected
- bit 1-0   **TXPR<1:0>:** Message Transmit Priority bits  
11 = Highest Message Priority  
10 = High Intermediate Message Priority  
01 = Low Intermediate Message Priority  
00 = Lowest Message Priority

- Note 1:** These bits can only be modified when the CAN module is in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> bits (CiCON<23:21>) = 100).
- 2:** This bit is updated when a message completes (or aborts) or when the FIFO is reset.
- 3:** This bit is reset on any read of this register or when the FIFO is reset.

# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

## REGISTER 30-11: ETHRXFC: ETHERNET CONTROLLER RECEIVE FILTER CONFIGURATION REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 7     **CRCERREN:** CRC Error Collection Enable bit  
1 = The received packet CRC must be invalid for the packet to be accepted  
0 = Disable CRC Error Collection filtering  
This bit allows the user to collect all packets that have an invalid CRC.
- bit 6     **CRCOKEN:** CRC OK Enable bit  
1 = The received packet CRC must be valid for the packet to be accepted  
0 = Disable CRC filtering  
This bit allows the user to reject all packets that have an invalid CRC.
- bit 5     **RUNTERREN:** Runt Error Collection Enable bit  
1 = The received packet must be a runt packet for the packet to be accepted  
0 = Disable Runt Error Collection filtering  
  
This bit allows the user to collect all packets that are runt packets. For this filter, a runt packet is defined as any packet with a size of less than 64 bytes (when CRCOKEN = 0) or any packet with a size of less than 64 bytes that has a valid CRC (when CRCOKEN = 1).
- bit 4     **RUNTEN:** Runt Enable bit  
1 = The received packet must not be a runt packet for the packet to be accepted  
0 = Disable Runt filtering  
  
This bit allows the user to reject all runt packets. For this filter, a runt packet is defined as any packet with a size of less than 64 bytes.
- bit 3     **UCEN:** Unicast Enable bit  
1 = Enable Unicast Filtering  
0 = Disable Unicast Filtering  
  
This bit allows the user to accept all unicast packets whose Destination Address matches the Station Address.
- bit 2     **NOTMEEN:** Not Me Unicast Enable bit  
1 = Enable Not Me Unicast Filtering  
0 = Disable Not Me Unicast Filtering  
  
This bit allows the user to accept all unicast packets whose Destination Address does not match the Station Address.
- bit 1     **MCEN:** Multicast Enable bit  
1 = Enable Multicast Filtering  
0 = Disable Multicast Filtering  
  
This bit allows the user to accept all Multicast Address packets.
- bit 0     **BCEN:** Broadcast Enable bit  
1 = Enable Broadcast Filtering  
0 = Disable Broadcast Filtering  
  
This bit allows the user to accept all Broadcast Address packets.

- Note 1:** XOR = True when either one or the other conditions are true, but not both.  
**2:** This Hash Table Filter match is active regardless of the value of the HTEN bit.  
**3:** This Magic Packet Filter match is active regardless of the value of the MPEN bit.

- Note 1:** This register is only used for RX operations.  
**2:** The bits in this register may only be changed while the RXEN bit (ETHCON1<8>) = 0.



## 32.0 COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE (CVREF)

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MZ EF family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 20. “Comparator Voltage Reference (CVREF)”** (DS60001109) in the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com/PIC32](http://www.microchip.com/PIC32)).

The CVREF module is a 16-tap, resistor ladder network that provides a selectable reference voltage. Although its primary purpose is to provide a reference for the analog comparators, it also may be used independently of them.

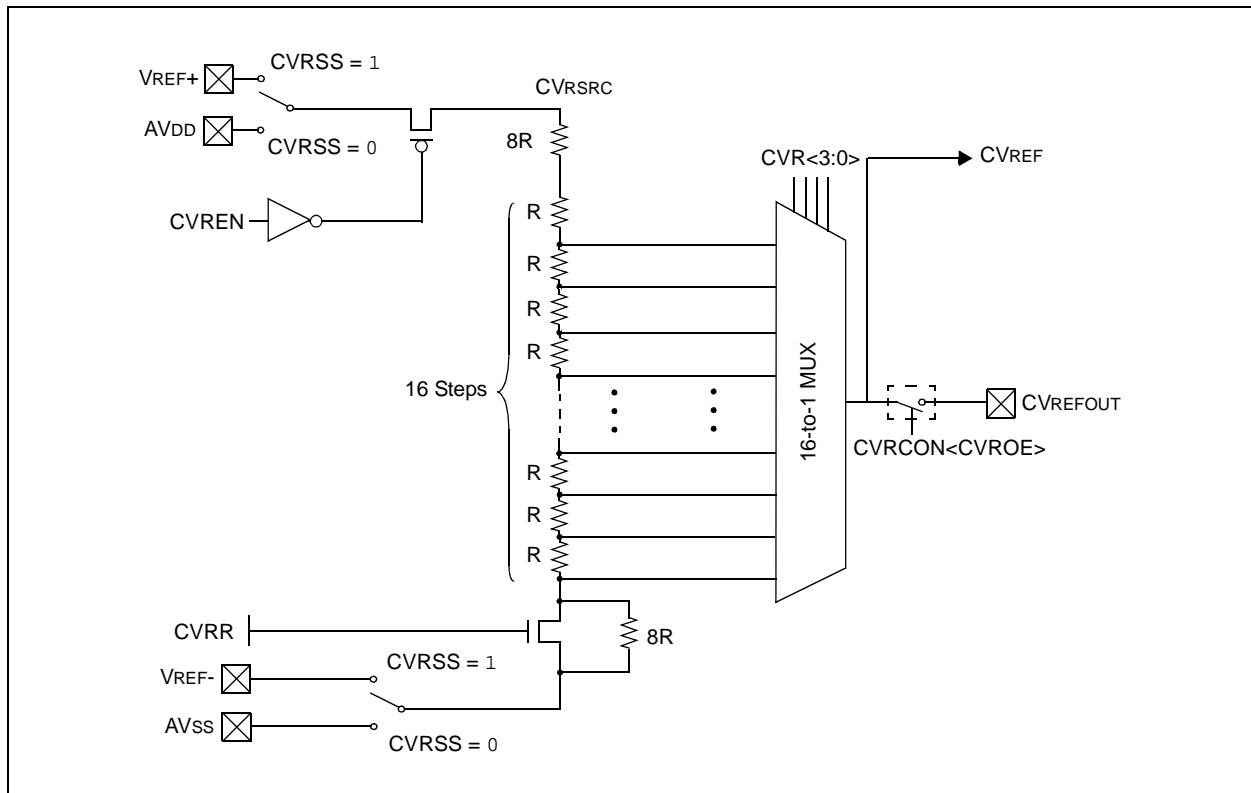
The resistor ladder is segmented to provide two ranges of voltage reference values and has a power-down function to conserve power when the reference is not being used. The module's supply reference can be provided from either device VDD/VSS or an external voltage reference. The CVREF output is available for the comparators and typically available for pin output.

The comparator voltage reference has the following features:

- High and low range selection
- Sixteen output levels available for each range
- Internally connected to comparators to conserve device pins
- Output can be connected to a pin

A block diagram of the CVREF module is illustrated in Figure 32-1.

**FIGURE 32-1: COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### 33.3.1 CONTROLLING CONFIGURATION CHANGES

Because peripherals can be disabled during run time, some restrictions on disabling peripherals are needed to prevent accidental configuration changes. PIC32MZ EF devices include two features to prevent alterations to enabled or disabled peripherals:

- Control register lock sequence
- Configuration bit select lock

#### 33.3.1.1 Control Register Lock

Under normal operation, writes to the PMDx registers are not allowed. Attempted writes appear to execute normally, but the contents of the registers remain unchanged. To change these registers, they must be unlocked in hardware. The register lock is controlled by the PMDLOCK Configuration bit (CFGCON<12>). Setting PMDLOCK prevents writes to the control registers; clearing PMDLOCK allows writes.

To set or clear PMDLOCK, an unlock sequence must be executed. Refer to **Section 42. “Oscillators with Enhanced PLL”** (DS60001250) in the *“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”* for details.

#### 33.3.1.2 Configuration Bit Select Lock

As an additional level of safety, the device can be configured to prevent more than one write session to the PMDx registers. The PMDL1WAY Configuration bit (DEVCFG3<28>) blocks the PMDLOCK bit from being cleared after it has been set once. If PMDLOCK remains set, the register unlock procedure does not execute, and the PPS control registers cannot be written to. The only way to clear the bit and re-enable PMD functionality is to perform a device Reset.

# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

**TABLE 37-11: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)**

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.1V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>
DO20	VOH	<b>Output High Voltage</b> I/O Pins: 4x Source Driver Pins - RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15 RB0-RB2, RB4, RB6-RB7, RB11, RB13 RC12-RC15 RD0, RD6-RD7, RD11, RD14 RE8, RE9 RF2, RF3, RF8 RG15 RH0, RH1, RH4-RH6, RH8-RH13 RJ0-RJ2, RJ8, RJ9, RJ11	2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$
		<b>Output High Voltage</b> I/O Pins: 8x Source Driver Pins - RA0-RA2, RA4, RA5 RB3, RB5, RB8-RB10, RB12, RB14, RB15 RC1-RC4 RD1-RD5, RD9, RD10, RD12, RD13, RD15 RE4-RE7 RF0, RF4, RF5, RF12, RF13 RG0, RG1, RG6-RG9 RH2, RH3, RH7, RH14, RH15 RJ3-RJ7, RJ10, RJ12-RJ15 RK0-RK7	2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -15 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$
		<b>Output High Voltage</b> I/O Pins: 12x Source Driver Pins - RA6, RA7 RE0-RE3 RF1 RG12-RG14	2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -20 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$

**Note 1:** Parameters are characterized, but not tested.

# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

**TABLE 37-23: I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 2.1V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended					
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics <sup>(2)</sup>	Min.	Typ. <sup>(1)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
DO32	TioF	<b>Port Output Fall Time</b> I/O Pins: 4x Source Driver Pins - RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15 RB0-RB2, RB4, RB6-RB7, RB11, RB13 RC12-RC15 RD0, RD6-RD7, RD11, RD14 RE8, RE9 RF2, RF3, RF8 RG15 RH0, RH1, RH4-RH6, RH8-RH13 RJ0-RJ2, RJ8, RJ9, RJ11	—	—	9.5	ns	CLOAD = 50 pF
			—	—	6	ns	CLOAD = 20 pF
		<b>Port Output Fall Time</b> I/O Pins: 8x Source Driver Pins - RA0-RA2, RA4, RA5 RB3, RB5, RB8-RB10, RB12, RB14, RB15 RC1-RC4 RD1-RD5, RD9, RD10, RD12, RD13, RD15 RE4-RE7 RF0, RF4, RF5, RF12, RF13 RG0, RG1, RG6-RG9 RH2, RH3, RH7, RH14, RH15 RJ3-RJ7, RJ10, RJ12-RJ15 RK0-RK7	—	—	8	ns	CLOAD = 50 pF
			—	—	6	ns	CLOAD = 20 pF
		<b>Port Output Fall Time</b> I/O Pins: 12x Source Driver Pins - RA6, RA7 RE0-RE3 RF1 RG12-RG14	—	—	3.5	ns	CLOAD = 50 pF
			—	—	2	ns	CLOAD = 20 pF
DI35	TINP	INTx Pin High or Low Time	5	—	—	ns	—
DI40	TRBP	CNx High or Low Time (input)	5	—	—	ns	—

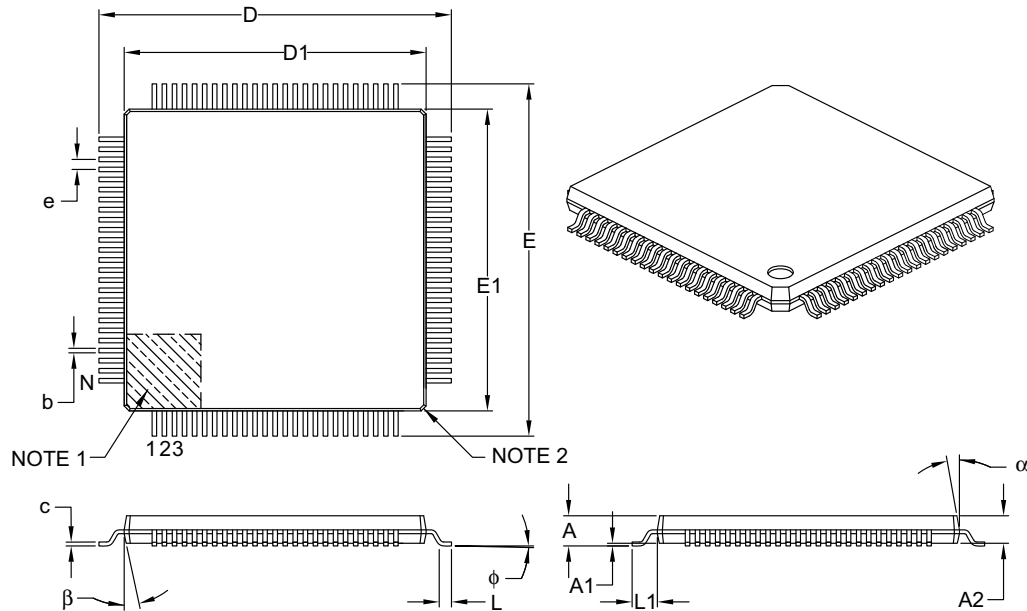
**Note 1:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**2:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

# PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Family

## 100-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 12x12x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



		Units	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits			MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N		100		
Lead Pitch	e		0.40 BSC		
Overall Height	A		–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2		0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1		0.05	–	0.15
Foot Length	L		0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	φ		0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E		14.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D		14.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1		12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1		12.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c		0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b		0.13	0.18	0.23
Mold Draft Angle Top	α		11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β		11°	12°	13°

### Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-100B