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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M-Class
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	200MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I²C, PMP, SPI, SQI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	78
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.1V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 40x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mz2048efg100-i-pf

The FPU implements a high-performance 7-stage pipeline:

- Decode, register read and unpack (FR stage)
- Multiply tree, double pumped for double (M1 stage)
- Multiply complete (M2 stage)
- Addition first step (A1 stage)
- Addition second and final step (A2 stage)
- Packing to IEEE format (FP stage)
- Register writeback (FW stage)

The FPU implements a bypass mechanism that allows the result of an operation to be forwarded directly to the instruction that needs it without having to write the result to the FPU register and then read it back.

Table 3-5 lists the Coprocessor 1 Registers for the FPU.

TABLE 3-5: FPU (CP1) REGISTERS

Register Number	Register Name	Function
0	FIR	Floating Point implementation register. Contains information that identifies the FPU.
25	FCCR	Floating Point condition codes register.
26	FEXR	Floating Point exceptions register.
28	FENR	Floating Point enables register.
31	FCSR	Floating Point Control and Status register.

3.2 Power Management

The processor core offers a number of power management features, including low-power design, active power management and power-down modes of operation. The core is a static design that supports slowing or halting the clocks, which reduces system power consumption during Idle periods.

3.2.1 INSTRUCTION-CONTROLLED POWER MANAGEMENT

The mechanism for invoking Power-Down mode is through execution of the WAIT instruction. For more information on power management, see **Section 33.0 “Power-Saving Features”**.

3.2.2 LOCAL CLOCK GATING

The majority of the power consumed by the processor core is in the clock tree and clocking registers. The PIC32MZ family makes extensive use of local gated-clocks to reduce this dynamic power consumption.

3.3 L1 Instruction and Data Caches

3.3.1 INSTRUCTION CACHE (I-CACHE)

The I-Cache is an on-core memory block of 16 Kbytes. Because the I-Cache is virtually indexed, the virtual-to-physical address translation occurs in parallel with the cache access rather than having to wait for the physical address translation. The tag holds 22 bits of physical address, a valid bit, and a lock bit. The LRU replacement bits are stored in a separate array.

The I-Cache block also contains and manages the instruction line fill buffer. Besides accumulating data to be written to the cache, instruction fetches that reference data in the line fill buffer are serviced either by a bypass of that data, or data coming from the external interface. The I-Cache control logic controls the bypass function.

The processor core supports I-Cache locking. Cache locking allows critical code or data segments to be locked into the cache on a per-line basis, enabling the system programmer to maximize the efficiency of the system cache.

The cache locking function is always available on all I-Cache entries. Entries can then be marked as locked or unlocked on a per entry basis using the CACHE instruction.

3.3.2 DATA CACHE (D-CACHE)

The D-Cache is an on-core memory block of 4 Kbytes. This virtually indexed, physically tagged cache is protected. Because the D-Cache is virtually indexed, the virtual-to-physical address translation occurs in parallel with the cache access. The tag holds 22 bits of physical address, a valid bit, and a lock bit. There is an additional array holding dirty bits and LRU replacement algorithm bits for each set of the cache.

In addition to I-Cache locking, the processor core also supports a D-Cache locking mechanism identical to the I-Cache. Critical data segments are locked into the cache on a per-line basis. The locked contents can be updated on a store hit, but cannot be selected for replacement on a cache miss.

The D-Cache locking function is always available on all D-Cache entries. Entries can then be marked as locked or unlocked on a per-entry basis using the CACHE instruction.

3.3.3 ATTRIBUTES

The processor core I-Cache and D-Cache attributes are listed in the Configuration registers (see Register 3-1 through Register 3-4).

7.2 Interrupts

The PIC32MZ EF family uses variable offsets for vector spacing. This allows the interrupt vector spacing to be configured according to application needs. A unique interrupt vector offset can be set for each vector using its associated OFFx register.

TABLE 7-2: INTERRUPT IRQ, VECTOR, AND BIT LOCATION

Interrupt Source ⁽¹⁾	XC32 Vector Name	IRQ #	Vector #	Interrupt Bit Location				Persistent Interrupt
				Flag	Enable	Priority	Sub-priority	
Highest Natural Order Priority								
Core Timer Interrupt	_CORE_TIMER_VECTOR	0	OFF000<17:1>	IFS0<0>	IEC0<0>	IPC0<4:2>	IPC0<1:0>	No
Core Software Interrupt 0	_CORE_SOFTWARE_0_VECTOR	1	OFF001<17:1>	IFS0<1>	IEC0<1>	IPC0<12:10>	IPC0<9:8>	No
Core Software Interrupt 1	_CORE_SOFTWARE_1_VECTOR	2	OFF002<17:1>	IFS0<2>	IEC0<2>	IPC0<20:18>	IPC0<17:16>	No
External Interrupt 0	_EXTERNAL_0_VECTOR	3	OFF003<17:1>	IFS0<3>	IEC0<3>	IPC0<28:26>	IPC0<25:24>	No
Timer1	_TIMER_1_VECTOR	4	OFF004<17:1>	IFS0<4>	IEC0<4>	IPC1<4:2>	IPC1<1:0>	No
Input Capture 1 Error	_INPUT_CAPTURE_1_ERROR_VECTOR	5	OFF005<17:1>	IFS0<5>	IEC0<5>	IPC1<12:10>	IPC1<9:8>	Yes
Input Capture 1	_INPUT_CAPTURE_1_VECTOR	6	OFF006<17:1>	IFS0<6>	IEC0<6>	IPC1<20:18>	IPC1<17:16>	Yes
Output Compare 1	_OUTPUT_COMPARE_1_VECTOR	7	OFF007<17:1>	IFS0<7>	IEC0<7>	IPC1<28:26>	IPC1<25:24>	No
External Interrupt 1	_EXTERNAL_1_VECTOR	8	OFF008<17:1>	IFS0<8>	IEC0<8>	IPC2<4:2>	IPC2<1:0>	No
Timer2	_TIMER_2_VECTOR	9	OFF009<17:1>	IFS0<9>	IEC0<9>	IPC2<12:10>	IPC2<9:8>	No
Input Capture 2 Error	_INPUT_CAPTURE_2_ERROR_VECTOR	10	OFF010<17:1>	IFS0<10>	IEC0<10>	IPC2<20:18>	IPC2<17:16>	Yes
Input Capture 2	_INPUT_CAPTURE_2_VECTOR	11	OFF011<17:1>	IFS0<11>	IEC0<11>	IPC2<28:26>	IPC2<25:24>	Yes
Output Compare 2	_OUTPUT_COMPARE_2_VECTOR	12	OFF012<17:1>	IFS0<12>	IEC0<12>	IPC3<4:2>	IPC3<1:0>	No
External Interrupt 2	_EXTERNAL_2_VECTOR	13	OFF013<17:1>	IFS0<13>	IEC0<13>	IPC3<12:10>	IPC3<9:8>	No
Timer3	_TIMER_3_VECTOR	14	OFF014<17:1>	IFS0<14>	IEC0<14>	IPC3<20:18>	IPC3<17:16>	No
Input Capture 3 Error	_INPUT_CAPTURE_3_ERROR_VECTOR	15	OFF015<17:1>	IFS0<15>	IEC0<15>	IPC3<28:26>	IPC3<25:24>	Yes
Input Capture 3	_INPUT_CAPTURE_3_VECTOR	16	OFF016<17:1>	IFS0<16>	IEC0<16>	IPC4<4:2>	IPC4<1:0>	Yes
Output Compare 3	_OUTPUT_COMPARE_3_VECTOR	17	OFF017<17:1>	IFS0<17>	IEC0<17>	IPC4<12:10>	IPC4<9:8>	No
External Interrupt 3	_EXTERNAL_3_VECTOR	18	OFF018<17:1>	IFS0<18>	IEC0<18>	IPC4<20:18>	IPC4<17:16>	No
Timer4	_TIMER_4_VECTOR	19	OFF019<17:1>	IFS0<19>	IEC0<19>	IPC4<28:26>	IPC4<25:24>	No
Input Capture 4 Error	_INPUT_CAPTURE_4_ERROR_VECTOR	20	OFF020<17:1>	IFS0<20>	IEC0<20>	IPC5<4:2>	IPC5<1:0>	Yes
Input Capture 4	_INPUT_CAPTURE_4_VECTOR	21	OFF021<17:1>	IFS0<21>	IEC0<21>	IPC5<12:10>	IPC5<9:8>	Yes

Note 1: Not all interrupt sources are available on all devices. See **TABLE 1: “PIC32MZ EF Family Features”** for the list of available peripherals.

- 2:** This interrupt source is not available on 64-pin devices.
- 3:** This interrupt source is not available on 100-pin devices.
- 4:** This interrupt source is not available on 124-pin devices.

For details on the Variable Offset feature, refer to **8.5.2 “Variable Offset”** in **Section 8. “Interrupt Controller”** (DS60001108) of the **“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”**.

Table 7-2 provides the Interrupt IRQ, vector and bit location information.

REGISTER 7-2: PRSS: PRIORITY SHADOW SELECT REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PRI7SS<3:0> ⁽¹⁾				PRI6SS<3:0> ⁽¹⁾			
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PRI5SS<3:0> ⁽¹⁾				PRI4SS<3:0> ⁽¹⁾			
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	PRI3SS<3:0>				PRI2SS<3:0> ⁽¹⁾			
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	PRI1SS<3:0> ⁽¹⁾				—	—	—	SS0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-28 **PRI7SS<3:0>**: Interrupt with Priority Level 7 Shadow Set bits⁽¹⁾

1xxx = Reserved (by default, an interrupt with a priority level of 7 uses Shadow Set 0)

0111 = Interrupt with a priority level of 7 uses Shadow Set 7

0110 = Interrupt with a priority level of 7 uses Shadow Set 6

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0001 = Interrupt with a priority level of 7 uses Shadow Set 1

0000 = Interrupt with a priority level of 7 uses Shadow Set 0

bit 27-24 **PRI6SS<3:0>**: Interrupt with Priority Level 6 Shadow Set bits⁽¹⁾

1xxx = Reserved (by default, an interrupt with a priority level of 6 uses Shadow Set 0)

0111 = Interrupt with a priority level of 6 uses Shadow Set 7

0110 = Interrupt with a priority level of 6 uses Shadow Set 6

•

•

•

0001 = Interrupt with a priority level of 6 uses Shadow Set 1

0000 = Interrupt with a priority level of 6 uses Shadow Set 0

bit 23-20 **PRI5SS<3:0>**: Interrupt with Priority Level 5 Shadow Set bits⁽¹⁾

1xxx = Reserved (by default, an interrupt with a priority level of 5 uses Shadow Set 0)

0111 = Interrupt with a priority level of 5 uses Shadow Set 7

0110 = Interrupt with a priority level of 5 uses Shadow Set 6

•

•

•

0001 = Interrupt with a priority level of 5 uses Shadow Set 1

0000 = Interrupt with a priority level of 5 uses Shadow Set 0

bit 19-16 **PRI4SS<3:0>**: Interrupt with Priority Level 4 Shadow Set bits⁽¹⁾

1xxx = Reserved (by default, an interrupt with a priority level of 4 uses Shadow Set 0)

0111 = Interrupt with a priority level of 4 uses Shadow Set 7

0110 = Interrupt with a priority level of 4 uses Shadow Set 6

•

•

•

0001 = Interrupt with a priority level of 4 uses Shadow Set 1

0000 = Interrupt with a priority level of 4 uses Shadow Set 0

Note 1: These bits are ignored if the MVEC bit (INTCON<12>) = 0.

REGISTER 8-8: CLKSTAT: OSCILLATOR CLOCK STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	LPRCRDY	SOSCRDY	—	POSCRDY	DIVSPLL RDY	FRCRDY

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5 **LPRCRDY:** Low-Power RC (LPRC) Oscillator Ready Status bit

1 = LPRC is stable and ready

0 = LPRC is disabled or not operating

bit 4 **SOSCRDY:** Secondary Oscillator (Sosc) Ready Status bit

1 = Sosc is stable and ready

0 = Sosc is disabled or not operating

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **POSCRDY:** Primary Oscillator (Posc) Ready Status bit

1 = Posc is stable and ready

0 = Posc is disabled or not operating

bit 1 **DIVSPLL RDY:** Divided System PLL Ready Status bit

1 = Divided System PLL is ready

0 = Divided System PLL is not ready

bit 0 **FRCRDY:** Fast RC (FRC) Oscillator Ready Status bit

1 = FRC is stable and ready

0 = FRC is disabled or not operating

REGISTER 11-13: USBOTG: USB OTG CONTROL/STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	RXDPB	RXFIFOSZ<3:0>			
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	TXDPB	TXFIFOSZ<3:0>			
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	TXEDMA	RXEDMA
7:0	R-1	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0
	BDEV	FSDEV	LSDEV	VBUS<1:0>		HOSTMODE	HOSTREQ	SESSION

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-29 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 28 **RXDPB:** RX Endpoint Double-packet Buffering Control bit

1 = Double-packet buffer is supported. This doubles the size set in RXFIFOSZ.

0 = Double-packet buffer is not supported

bit 27-24 **RXFIFOSZ<3:0>:** RX Endpoint FIFO Packet Size bits

The maximum packet size to allowed for (before any splitting within the FIFO of Bulk/High-Bandwidth packets prior to transmission)

1111 = Reserved

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1010 = Reserved

1001 = 4096 bytes

1000 = 2048 bytes

0111 = 1024 bytes

0110 = 512 bytes

0101 = 256 bytes

0100 = 128 bytes

0011 = 64 bytes

0010 = 32 bytes

0001 = 16 bytes

0000 = 8 bytes

bit 23-21 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 20 **TXDPB:** TX Endpoint Double-packet Buffering Control bit

1 = Double-packet buffer is supported. This doubles the size set in TXFIFOSZ.

0 = Double-packet buffer is not supported

REGISTER 11-16: USBINFO: USB INFORMATION REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
VPLEN<7:0>								
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
WTCON<3:0>								
15:8	R-1	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-1	R-1	R-0	R-0
DMACHANS<3:0>								
7:0	R-0	R-1	R-1	R-1	R-0	R-1	R-1	R-1
RXENDPTS<3:0>								
TXENDPTS<3:0>								

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-24 **VPLEN<7:0>**: VBUS pulsing charge length bits

Sets the duration of the VBUS pulsing charge in units of 546.1 μ s. (The default setting corresponds to 32.77 ms.)

bit 23-20 **WTCON<3:0>**: Connect/Disconnect filter control bits

Sets the wait to be applied to allow for the connect/disconnect filter in units of 533.3 ns. The default setting corresponds to 2.667 μ s.

bit 19-6 **WTID<3:0>**: ID delay valid control bits

Sets the delay to be applied from IDPULLUP being asserted to IDDIG being considered valid in units of 4.369ms. The default setting corresponds to 52.43ms.

bit 15-12 **DMACHANS<3:0>**: DMA Channels bits

These read-only bits provide the number of DMA channels in the USB module. For the PIC32MZ EF family, this number is 8.

bit 11-8 **RAMBITS<3:0>**: RAM address bus width bits

These read-only bits provide the width of the RAM address bus. For the PIC32MZ EF family, this number is 12.

bit 7-4 **RXENDPTS<3:0>**: Included RX Endpoints bits

This read-only register gives the number of RX endpoints in the design. For the PIC32MZ EF family, this number is 7.

bit 3-0 **TXENDPTS<3:0>**: Included TX Endpoints bits

These read-only bits provide the number of TX endpoints in the design. For the PIC32MZ EF family, this number is 7.

TABLE 12-22: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF30_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0
1444	IC4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4R<3:0>
1448	IC5R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC5R<3:0>
144C	IC6R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC6R<3:0>
1450	IC7R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC7R<3:0>
1454	IC8R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC8R<3:0>
1458	IC9R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC9R<3:0>
1460	OCFAR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFAR<3:0>
1468	U1RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1RXR<3:0>
146C	U1CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1CTSR<3:0>
1470	U2RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2RXR<3:0>
1474	U2CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2CTSR<3:0>
1478	U3RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U3RXR<3:0>
147C	U3CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U3CTSR<3:0>
1480	U4RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U4RXR<3:0>
1484	U4CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U4CTSR<3:0>

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register is not available on 64-pin devices.

2: This register is not available on devices without a CAN module.

TABLE 12-23: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF50_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0
15B4	RPC13R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC13R<3:0>			0000
15B8	RPC14R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC14R<3:0>			0000
15C0	RPD0R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD0R<3:0>			0000
15C4	RPD1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD1R<3:0>			0000
15C8	RPD2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD2R<3:0>			0000
15CC	RPD3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD3R<3:0>			0000
15D0	RPD4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD4R<3:0>			0000
15D4	RPD5R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD5R<3:0>			0000
15D8	RPD6R ⁽²⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD6R<3:0>			0000
15DC	RPD7R ⁽²⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD7R<3:0>			0000
15E4	RPD9R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD9R<3:0>			0000
15E8	RPD10R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD10R<3:0>			0000
15EC	RPD11R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD11R<3:0>			0000
15F0	RPD12R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD12R<3:0>			0000
15F8	RPD14R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD14R<3:0>			0000
15FC	RPD15R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD15R<3:0>			0000
160C	RPE3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPE3R<3:0>			0000
1614	RPE5R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPE5R<3:0>			0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register is not available on 64-pin devices.

2: This register is not available on 64-pin and 100-pin devices.

REGISTER 15-3: DMTCLR: DEADMAN TIMER CLEAR REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	STEP2<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31:8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7:0 **STEP2<7:0>:** Clear Timer bits

00001000 = Clears STEP1<7:0>, STEP2<7:0> and the Deadman Timer if, and only if, preceded by correct loading of STEP1<7:0> bits in the correct sequence. The write to these bits may be verified by reading DMTCNT and observing the counter being reset.

All other write patterns = Set BAD2 bit, the value of STEP1<7:0> will remain unchanged, and the new value being written STEP2<7:0> will be captured. These bits are also cleared when a DMT reset event occurs.

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FIGURE 26-4: FORMAT OF BD_SRCADDR

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31-24						BD_SCRADDR<31:24>		
23-16						BD_SCRADDR<23:16>		
15-8						BD_SCRADDR<15:8>		
7-0						BD_SCRADDR<7:0>		

bit 31-0 **BD_SCRADDR:** Buffer Source Address

The source address of the buffer that needs to be passed through the PE-CRDMA for encryption or authentication. This address must be on a 32-bit boundary.

FIGURE 26-5: FORMAT OF BD_DSTADDR

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31-24						BD_DSTADDR<31:24>		
23-16						BD_DSTADDR<23:16>		
15-8						BD_DSTADDR<15:8>		
7-0						BD_DSTADDR<7:0>		

bit 31-0 **BD_DSTADDR:** Buffer Destination Address

The destination address of the buffer that needs to be passed through the PE-CRDMA for encryption or authentication. This address must be on a 32-bit boundary.

FIGURE 26-6: FORMAT OF BD_NXTADDR

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31-24						BD_NXTADDR<31:24>		
23-16						BD_NXTADDR<23:16>		
15-8						BD_NXTADDR<15:8>		
7-0						BD_NXTADDR<7:0>		

bit 31-0 **BD_NXTADDR:** Next BD Pointer Address Has Next Buffer Descriptor

The next buffer can be a next segment of the previous buffer or a new packet.

REGISTER 28-1: ADCCON1: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

- bit 3 **STRGLVL:** Scan Trigger High Level/Positive Edge Sensitivity bit
1 = Scan trigger is high level sensitive. Once STRIG mode is selected (TRGSRCx<4:0> in the ADCTRGx register), the scan trigger will continue for all selected analog inputs, until the STRIG option is removed.
0 = Scan trigger is positive edge sensitive. Once STRIG mode is selected (TRGSRCx<4:0> in the ADCTRGx register), only a single scan trigger will be generated, which will complete the scan of all selected analog inputs.
- bit 2-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 28-5: ADCIMCON1: ADC INPUT MODE CONTROL REGISTER 1

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	DIFF15	SIGN15	DIFF14	SIGN14	DIFF13	SIGN13	DIFF12	SIGN12
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	DIFF11	SIGN11	DIFF10	SIGN10	DIFF9	SIGN9	DIFF8	SIGN8
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	DIFF7	SIGN7	DIFF6	SIGN6	DIFF5	SIGN5	DIFF4	SIGN4
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	DIFF3	SIGN3	DIFF2	SIGN2	DIFF1	SIGN1	DIFF0	SIGN0

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31 **DIFF15:** AN15 Mode bit
 1 = AN15 is using Differential mode
 0 = AN15 is using Single-ended mode
- bit 30 **SIGN15:** AN15 Signed Data Mode bit
 1 = AN15 is using Signed Data mode
 0 = AN15 is using Unsigned Data mode
- bit 29 **DIFF14:** AN14 Mode bit
 1 = AN14 is using Differential mode
 0 = AN14 is using Single-ended mode
- bit 28 **SIGN14:** AN14 Signed Data Mode bit
 1 = AN14 is using Signed Data mode
 0 = AN14 is using Unsigned Data mode
- bit 27 **DIFF13:** AN13 Mode bit
 1 = AN13 is using Differential mode
 0 = AN13 is using Single-ended mode
- bit 26 **SIGN13:** AN13 Signed Data Mode bit
 1 = AN13 is using Signed Data mode
 0 = AN13 is using Unsigned Data mode
- bit 25 **DIFF12:** AN12 Mode bit
 1 = AN12 is using Differential mode
 0 = AN12 is using Single-ended mode
- bit 24 **SIGN12:** AN12 Signed Data Mode bit
 1 = AN12 is using Signed Data mode
 0 = AN12 is using Unsigned Data mode
- bit 23 **DIFF11:** AN11 Mode bit
 1 = AN11 is using Differential mode
 0 = AN11 is using Single-ended mode
- bit 22 **SIGN11:** AN11 Signed Data Mode bit
 1 = AN11 is using Signed Data mode
 0 = AN11 is using Unsigned Data mode
- bit 21 **DIFF10:** AN10 Mode bit
 1 = AN10 is using Differential mode
 0 = AN10 is using Single-ended mode

REGISTER 28-19: ADCTRG3: ADC TRIGGER SOURCE 3 REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0	
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	—	—	—	TRGSRC11<4:0>					
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	—	—	—	TRGSRC10<4:0>					
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	—	—	—	TRGSRC9<4:0>					
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	—	—	—	TRGSRC8<4:0>					

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-29 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 28-24 **TRGSRC11<4:0>:** Trigger Source for Conversion of Analog Input AN11 Select bits

11111 = Reserved

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•
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01101 = Reserved

01100 = Comparator 2 (COUT)

01011 = Comparator 1 (COUT)

01010 = OCMP5

01001 = OCMP3

01000 = OCMP1

00111 = TMR5 match

00110 = TMR3 match

00101 = TMR1 match

00100 = INT0 External interrupt

00011 = STRIG

00010 = Global level software trigger (GLSWTRG)

00001 = Global software edge Trigger (GSWTRG)

00000 = No Trigger

For STRIG, in addition to setting the trigger, it also requires programming of the STRGSRC<4:0> bits (ADCCON1<20:16>) to select the trigger source, and requires the appropriate CSS bits to be set in the ADCCSSx registers.

bit 23-21 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 20-16 **TRGSRC10<4:0>:** Trigger Source for Conversion of Analog Input AN10 Select bits

See bits 28-24 for bit value definitions.

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **TRGSRC9<4:0>:** Trigger Source for Conversion of Analog Input AN9 Select bits

See bits 28-24 for bit value definitions.

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **TRGSRC8<4:0>:** Trigger Source for Conversion of Analog Input AN8 Select bits

See bits 28-24 for bit value definitions.

TABLE 29-2: CAN2 REGISTER SUMMARY FOR PIC32MZXXXXCF AND PIC32MZXXXXECH DEVICES

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name()	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0		
1000	C2CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	ABAT	REQOP<2:0>				OPMOD<2:0>				CANCAP	—	—	—	0480
		15:0	ON	—	SIDLE	—	CANBUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DNCNT<4:0>				0000
1010	C2CFG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	WAKFIL	—	—	—	SEG2PH<2:0>				0000
		15:0	SEG2PHTS	SAM	SEG1PH<2:0>				PRSEG<2:0>				SJW<1:0>		BRP<5:0>					
1020	C2INT	31:16	IVRIE	WAKIE	CERRIE	SERRIE	RBOVIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	MODIE	CTMRIE	RBIE	TBIE	0000	
		15:0	IVRIF	WAKIF	CERRIF	SERRIF	RBOVIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	MODIF	CTMRIF	RBIF	TBIF	0000	
1030	C2VEC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	FILHIT<4:0>				—	ICODE<6:0>								0040	
1040	C2TREC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TXBO	TXBP	RXBP	RXWARN	RXWARN	EWARN	0000	0000	
		15:0	TERRCNT<7:0>								RERRCNT<7:0>								0000	
1050	C2FSTAT	31:16	FIFOIP31	FIFOIP30	FIFOIP29	FIFOIP28	FIFOIP27	FIFOIP26	FIFOIP25	FIFOIP24	FIFOIP23	FIFOIP22	FIFOIP21	FIFOIP20	FIFOIP19	FIFOIP18	FIFOIP17	FIFOIP16	0000	
		15:0	FIFOIP15	FIFOIP14	FIFOIP13	FIFOIP12	FIFOIP11	FIFOIP10	FIFOIP9	FIFOIP8	FIFOIP7	FIFOIP6	FIFOIP5	FIFOIP4	FIFOIP3	FIFOIP2	FIFOIP1	FIFOIP0	0000	
1060	C2RXOVF	31:16	RXOVF31	RXOVF30	RXOVF29	RXOVF28	RXOVF27	RXOVF26	RXOVF25	RXOVF24	RXOVF23	RXOVF22	RXOVF21	RXOVF20	RXOVF19	RXOVF18	RXOVF17	RXOVF16	0000	
		15:0	RXOVF15	RXOVF14	RXOVF13	RXOVF12	RXOVF11	RXOVF10	RXOVF9	RXOVF8	RXOVF7	RXOVF6	RXOVF5	RXOVF4	RXOVF3	RXOVF2	RXOVF1	RXOVF0	0000	
1070	C2TMR	31:16	CANTS<15:0>																0000	
		15:0	CANTSPRE<15:0>																0000	
1080	C2RXM0	31:16	SID<10:0>												—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>	xxxxx	
		15:0	EID<15:0>																xxxxx	
10A0	C2RXM1	31:16	SID<10:0>												—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>	xxxxx	
		15:0	EID<15:0>																xxxxx	
10B0	C2RXM2	31:16	SID<10:0>												—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>	xxxxx	
		15:0	EID<15:0>																xxxxx	
10B0	C2RXM3	31:16	SID<10:0>												—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>	xxxxx	
		15:0	EID<15:0>																xxxxx	
1010	C2FLTCON0	31:16	FLTEN3	MSEL3<1:0>		FSEL3<4:0>				FLTEN2	MSEL2<1:0>		FSEL2<4:0>				0000	0000		
		15:0	FLTEN1	MSEL1<1:0>		FSEL1<4:0>				FLTEN0	MSEL0<1:0>		FSEL0<4:0>				0000	0000		
10D0	C2FLTCON1	31:16	FLTEN7	MSEL7<1:0>		FSEL7<4:0>				FLTEN6	MSEL6<1:0>		FSEL6<4:0>				0000	0000		
		15:0	FLTEN5	MSEL5<1:0>		FSEL5<4:0>				FLTEN4	MSEL4<1:0>		FSEL4<4:0>				0000	0000		
10E0	C2FLTCON2	31:16	FLTEN11	MSEL11<1:0>		FSEL11<4:0>				FLTEN10	MSEL10<1:0>		FSEL10<4:0>				0000	0000		
		15:0	FLTEN9	MSEL9<1:0>		FSEL9<4:0>				FLTEN8	MSEL8<1:0>		FSEL8<4:0>				0000	0000		
10F0	C2FLTCON3	31:16	FLTEN15	MSEL15<1:0>		FSEL15<4:0>				FLTEN14	MSEL14<1:0>		FSEL14<4:0>				0000	0000		
		15:0	FLTEN13	MSEL13<1:0>		FSEL13<4:0>				FLTEN12	MSEL12<1:0>		FSEL12<4:0>				0000	0000		

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.3 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

REGISTER 29-11: CiFLTCON1: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

bit 15 **FLTEN5**: Filter 17 Enable bit

1 = Filter is enabled
0 = Filter is disabled

bit 14-13 **MSEL5<1:0>**: Filter 5 Mask Select bits

11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected

bit 12-8 **FSEL5<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits

11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30

•
•
•

00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

bit 7 **FLTEN4**: Filter 4 Enable bit

1 = Filter is enabled
0 = Filter is disabled

bit 6-5 **MSEL4<1:0>**: Filter 4 Mask Select bits

11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected

bit 4-0 **FSEL4<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits

11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30

•
•
•

00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

Note: The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.

REGISTER 29-15: CiFLTCON5: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 5

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN23	MSEL23<1:0>			FSEL23<4:0>			
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN22	MSEL22<1:0>			FSEL22<4:0>			
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN21	MSEL21<1:0>			FSEL21<4:0>			
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN20	MSEL20<1:0>			FSEL20<4:0>			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **FLTEN23**: Filter 23 Enable bit

1 = Filter is enabled
 0 = Filter is disabled

bit 30-29 **MSEL23<1:0>**: Filter 23 Mask Select bits

11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected

bit 28-24 **FSEL23<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits

11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
 11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30

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00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
 00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

bit 23 **FLTEN22**: Filter 22 Enable bit

1 = Filter is enabled
 0 = Filter is disabled

bit 22-21 **MSEL22<1:0>**: Filter 22 Mask Select bits

11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected

bit 20-16 **FSEL22<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits

11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
 11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30

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00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
 00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

Note: The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.

REGISTER 29-21: CiFIFOINTn: CAN FIFO INTERRUPT REGISTER ‘n’ (‘n’ = 0-31) (CONTINUED)

bit 9	TXHALFIF: FIFO Transmit FIFO Half Empty Interrupt Flag bit ⁽¹⁾ <u>TXEN = 1:</u> (FIFO configured as a Transmit Buffer) 1 = FIFO is ≤ half full 0 = FIFO is > half full <u>TXEN = 0:</u> (FIFO configured as a Receive Buffer) Unused, reads ‘0’
bit 8	TXEMPTYIF: Transmit FIFO Empty Interrupt Flag bit ⁽¹⁾ <u>TXEN = 1:</u> (FIFO configured as a Transmit Buffer) 1 = FIFO is empty 0 = FIFO is not empty, at least 1 message queued to be transmitted <u>TXEN = 0:</u> (FIFO configured as a Receive Buffer) Unused, reads ‘0’
bit 7-4	Unimplemented: Read as ‘0’
bit 3	RXOVFLIF: Receive FIFO Overflow Interrupt Flag bit <u>TXEN = 1:</u> (FIFO configured as a Transmit Buffer) Unused, reads ‘0’ <u>TXEN = 0:</u> (FIFO configured as a Receive Buffer) 1 = Overflow event has occurred 0 = No overflow event occurred
bit 2	RXFULLIF: Receive FIFO Full Interrupt Flag bit ⁽¹⁾ <u>TXEN = 1:</u> (FIFO configured as a Transmit Buffer) Unused, reads ‘0’ <u>TXEN = 0:</u> (FIFO configured as a Receive Buffer) 1 = FIFO is full 0 = FIFO is not full
bit 1	RXHALFIF: Receive FIFO Half Full Interrupt Flag bit ⁽¹⁾ <u>TXEN = 1:</u> (FIFO configured as a Transmit Buffer) Unused, reads ‘0’ <u>TXEN = 0:</u> (FIFO configured as a Receive Buffer) 1 = FIFO is ≥ half full 0 = FIFO is < half full
bit 0	RXNEMPTYIF: Receive Buffer Not Empty Interrupt Flag bit ⁽¹⁾ <u>TXEN = 1:</u> (FIFO configured as a Transmit Buffer) Unused, reads ‘0’ <u>TXEN = 0:</u> (FIFO configured as a Receive Buffer) 1 = FIFO is not empty, has at least 1 message 0 = FIFO is empty

Note 1: This bit is read-only and reflects the status of the FIFO.

TABLE 37-33: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.1V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP50	TssL2sCH, TssL2sCL	SSx ↓ to SCKx ↓ or SCKx ↑ Input	88	—	—	ns	—
SP51	TssH2doZ	SSx ↑ to SDOx Output High-Impedance (Note 4)	2.5	—	12	ns	—
SP52	Tsch2ssH TscL2ssH	SSx ↑ after SCKx Edge	10	—	—	ns	—
SP60	TSSL2dOV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SSx Edge	—	—	12.5	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 20 ns.

4: Assumes 30 pF load on all SPIx pins.

38.2 AC Characteristics and Timing Parameters

The information contained in this section defines PIC32MZ EF device AC characteristics and timing parameters.

TABLE 38-5: SYSTEM TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.1V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
EOS51	F _{SYS}	System Frequency	DC	—	180	MHz	USB module disabled
			30	—	180	MHz	USB module enabled
EOS55a EOS55b	F _{PB}	Peripheral Bus Frequency	DC	—	90	MHz	For PBCLK _x , 'x' ≠ 4, 7
			DC	—	180	MHz	For PBCLK4, PBCLK7
EOS56	F _{REF}	Reference Clock Frequency	—	—	45	MHz	For REFCLKI1, 3, 4 and REFCLKO1, 3, 4 pins

TABLE 38-6: PLL CLOCK TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.1V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
EOS54a	F _{PPLL}	PLL Output Frequency Range	10	—	180	MHz	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: This jitter specification is based on clock-cycle by clock-cycle measurements. To get the effective jitter for individual time-bases on communication clocks, use the following formula:

$$\text{EffectiveJitter} = \frac{D_{CLK}}{\sqrt{\frac{PBCLK2}{CommunicationClock}}}$$

For example, if PBCLK2 = 100 MHz and SPI bit rate = 50 MHz, the effective jitter is as follows:

$$\text{EffectiveJitter} = \frac{D_{CLK}}{\sqrt{\frac{100}{50}}} = \frac{D_{CLK}}{1.41}$$

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ADCCMPxCON (ADC Digital Comparator ‘x’ Control Register ('x' = 1 through 6)).....	469
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ADCCON2 (ADC Control Register 2)	440
ADCCON3 (ADC Control Register 3)	442
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ADCCSS2 (ADC Common Scan Select Register 2) .458	
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ADCDSTAT1 (ADC Data Ready Status Register 1) .459	
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CFGEBIC (External Bus Interface Control Pin Configuration)..... 598	
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CiFLTCON2 (CAN Filter Control Register 2)..... 504	
CiFLTCON3 (CAN Filter Control Register 3)..... 506	
CiFLTCON4 (CAN Filter Control Register 4)..... 508	
CiFLTCON5 (CAN Filter Control Register 5)..... 510	
CiFLTCON6 (CAN Filter Control Register 6)..... 512	
CiFLTCON7 (CAN Filter Control Register 7)..... 514	
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