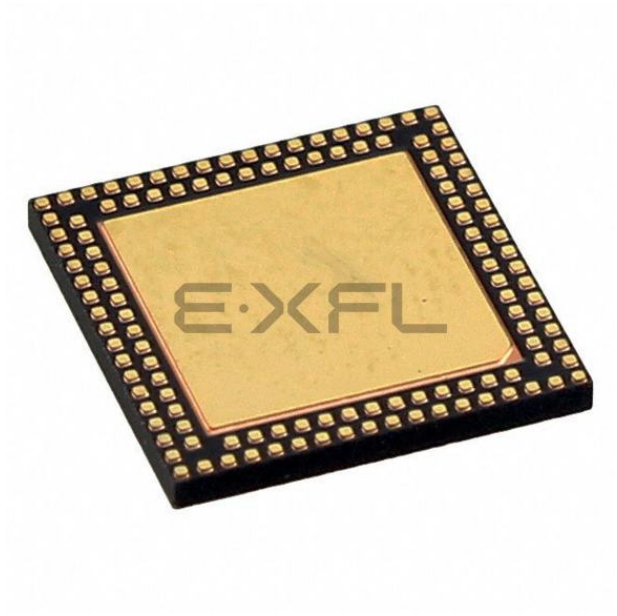
# Microchip Technology - PIC32MZ2048EFM124-I/TL Datasheet



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## What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

## Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

| Details | |
|---|---|
| Product Status | Obsolete |
| Core Processor | MIPS32® M-Class |
| Core Size | 32-Bit Single-Core |
| Speed | 200MHz |
| Connectivity | CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I²C, PMP, SPI, SQI, UART/USART, USB OTG |
| Peripherals | Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT |
| Number of I/O | 97 |
| Program Memory Size | 2MB (2M x 8) |
| Program Memory Type | FLASH |
| EEPROM Size | - |
| RAM Size | 512K x 8 |
| Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd) | 2.1V ~ 3.6V |
| Data Converters | A/D 48x12b |
| Oscillator Type | Internal |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C ~ 85°C (TA) |
| Mounting Type | Surface Mount |
| Package / Case | 124-VFTLA Dual Rows, Exposed Pad |
| Supplier Device Package | 124-VTLA (9x9) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mz2048efm124-i-tl |

**TABLE 1-4: OC1 THROUGH OC9 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS**

| Pin Name | Pin Number | | | | Pin Type | Buffer Type | Description |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 64-pin QFN/ TQFP | 100-pin TQFP | 124-pin VTLA | 144-pin TQFP/ LQFP | | | |
| **Output Compare** | | | | | | | |
| OC1 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | O | — | Output Compare Outputs 1-9 |
| OC2 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | O | — | |
| OC3 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | O | — | |
| OC4 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | O | — | |
| OC5 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | O | — | |
| OC6 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | O | — | |
| OC7 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | O | — | |
| OC8 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | O | — | |
| OC9 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | O | — | |
| OCFA | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | I | ST | Output Compare Fault A Input |
| OCFB | 30 | 44 | B24 | 62 | I | ST | Output Compare Fault B Input |

**Legend:** CMOS = CMOS-compatible input or output; Analog = Analog input; P = Power
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels; O = Output; I = Input
TTL = Transistor-transistor Logic input buffer; PPS = Peripheral Pin Select

**TABLE 1-5: EXTERNAL INTERRUPTS PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS**

| Pin Name | Pin Number | | | | Pin Type | Buffer Type | Description |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 64-pin QFN/ TQFP | 100-pin TQFP | 124-pin VTLA | 144-pin TQFP/ LQFP | | | |
| **External Interrupts** | | | | | | | |
| INT0 | 46 | 71 | A48 | 104 | I | ST | External Interrupt 0 |
| INT1 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | I | ST | External Interrupt 1 |
| INT2 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | I | ST | External Interrupt 2 |
| INT3 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | I | ST | External Interrupt 3 |
| INT4 | PPS | PPS | PPS | PPS | I | ST | External Interrupt 4 |

**Legend:** CMOS = CMOS-compatible input or output; Analog = Analog input; P = Power
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels; O = Output; I = Input
TTL = Transistor-transistor Logic input buffer; PPS = Peripheral Pin Select

**REGISTER 8-5: REFOxTRIM: REFERENCE OSCILLATOR TRIM REGISTER ('x' = 1-4)**

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31:24 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | ROTRIM<8:1> | | | | | | | |
| 23:16 | R/W-0 | R-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | ROTRIM<0> | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 15:8 | U-0 | R-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 7:0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| **Legend:** | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 31-23 **ROTRIM<8:0>:** Reference Oscillator Trim bits

111111111 = 511/512 divisor added to RODIV value
111111110 = 510/512 divisor added to RODIV value
•
•
•
100000000 = 256/512 divisor added to RODIV value
•
•
•
000000010 = 2/512 divisor added to RODIV value
000000001 = 1/512 divisor added to RODIV value
000000000 = 0 divisor added to RODIV value

bit 22-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** While the ON bit (REFOxCON<15>) is '1', writes to this register do not take effect until the DIVSWEN bit is also set to '1'.

**2:** Do not write to this register when the ON bit (REFOxCON<15>) is not equal to the ACTIVE bit (REFOxCON<8>).

**3:** Specified values in this register do not take effect if RODIV<14:0> (REFOxCON<30:16>) = 0.

**TABLE 10-3: DMA CHANNEL 0 THROUGH CHANNEL 7 REGISTER MAP**

| Virtual Address (BF81_#) | Register Name(1) | Bit Range | Bits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | All Resets |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 31/15 | 30/14 | 29/13 | 28/12 | 27/11 | 26/10 | 25/9 | 24/8 | 23/7 | 22/6 | 21/5 | 20/4 | 19/3 | 18/2 | 17/1 | 16/0 | |
| 1060 | DCH0CON | 31:16 | CHPIGN<7:0> | | | | | | | | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | CHBUSY | — | CHPIGNEN | — | CHPATLEN | — | — | CHCHNS | CHEN | CHAED | CHCHN | CHAEN | — | CHEDET | CHPRI<1:0> | | 0000 |
| 1070 | DCH0ECON | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CHAIRQ<7:0> | | | | | | | | 00FF |
| | | 15:0 | CHSIRQ<7:0> | | | | | | | | CFORCE | CABORT | PATEN | SIRQEN | AIRQEN | — | — | — | FF00 |
| 1080 | DCH0INT | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CHSDIE | CHSHIE | CHDDIE | CHDHIE | CHBCIE | CHCCIE | CHTAIE | CHERIE | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CHSDIF | CHSHIF | CHDDIF | CHDHIF | CHBCIF | CHCCIF | CHTAIF | CHERIF | 0000 |
| 1090 | DCH0SSA | 31:16 | CHSSA<31:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 10A0 | DCH0DSA | 31:16 | CHDSA<31:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 10B0 | DCH0SSIZ | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | CHSSIZ<15:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 10C0 | DCH0DSIZ | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | CHDSIZ<15:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 10D0 | DCH0SPTR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | CHSPTR<15:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 10E0 | DCH0DPTR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | CHDPTR<15:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 10F0 | DCH0CSIZ | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | CHCSIZ<15:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 1100 | DCH0CPTR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | CHCPTR<15:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 1110 | DCH0DAT | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | CHPDAT<15:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 1120 | DCH1CON | 31:16 | CHPIGN<7:0> | | | | | | | | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | CHBUSY | — | CHPIGNEN | — | CHPATLEN | — | — | CHCHNS | CHEN | CHAED | CHCHN | CHAEN | — | CHEDET | CHPRI<1:0> | | 0000 |
| 1130 | DCH1ECON | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CHAIRQ<7:0> | | | | | | | | 00FF |
| | | 15:0 | CHSIRQ<7:0> | | | | | | | | CFORCE | CABORT | PATEN | SIRQEN | AIRQEN | — | — | — | FF00 |
| 1140 | DCH1INT | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CHSDIE | CHSHIE | CHDDIE | CHDHIE | CHBCIE | CHCCIE | CHTAIE | CHERIE | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CHSDIF | CHSHIF | CHDDIF | CHDHIF | CHBCIF | CHCCIF | CHTAIF | CHERIF | 0000 |
| 1150 | DCH1SSA | 31:16 | CHSSA<31:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 1160 | DCH1DSA | 31:16 | CHDSA<31:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.3 "CLR, SET, and INV Registers"** for more information.

**REGISTER 10-8: DCHxECON: DMA CHANNEL x EVENT CONTROL REGISTER**

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 23:16 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| | CHAIRQ<7:0>(1) | | | | | | | |
| 15:8 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| | CHSIRQ<7:0>(1) | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | S-0 | S-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | CFORCE | CABORT | PATEN | SIRQEN | AIRQEN | — | — | — |

| Legend: | S = Settable bit | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 31-24 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 23-16 **CHAIRQ<7:0>:** Channel Transfer Abort IRQ bits(1)

11111111 = Interrupt 255 will abort any transfers in progress and set CHAIF flag
•
•
•
00000001 = Interrupt 1 will abort any transfers in progress and set CHAIF flag
00000000 = Interrupt 0 will abort any transfers in progress and set CHAIF flag

bit 15-8 **CHSIRQ<7:0>:** Channel Transfer Start IRQ bits(1)

11111111 = Interrupt 255 will initiate a DMA transfer
•
•
•
00000001 = Interrupt 1 will initiate a DMA transfer
00000000 = Interrupt 0 will initiate a DMA transfer

bit 7 **CFORCE:** DMA Forced Transfer bit

1 = A DMA transfer is forced to begin when this bit is written to a '1'
0 = This bit always reads '0'

bit 6 **CABORT:** DMA Abort Transfer bit

1 = A DMA transfer is aborted when this bit is written to a '1'
0 = This bit always reads '0'

bit 5 **PATEN:** Channel Pattern Match Abort Enable bit

1 = Abort transfer and clear CHEN on pattern match
0 = Pattern match is disabled

bit 4 **SIRQEN:** Channel Start IRQ Enable bit

1 = Start channel cell transfer if an interrupt matching CHSIRQ occurs
0 = Interrupt number CHSIRQ is ignored and does not start a transfer

bit 3 **AIRQEN:** Channel Abort IRQ Enable bit

1 = Channel transfer is aborted if an interrupt matching CHAIRQ occurs
0 = Interrupt number CHAIRQ is ignored and does not terminate a transfer

bit 2-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** See **Table 7-2: "Interrupt IRQ, Vector, and Bit Location"** for the list of available interrupt IRQ sources.

**REGISTER 11-3: USBCSR2: USB CONTROL STATUS REGISTER 2**

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31:24 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 |
| | VBUSERRIE | SESSRQIE | DISCONIE | CONNIE | SOFIE | RESETIE | RESUMEIE | SUSPIE |
| 23:16 | R-0, HS | R-0, HS | R-0, HS | R-0, HS | R-0, HS | R-0, HS | R-0, HS | R-0, HS |
| | VBUSERRIF | SESSRQIF | DISCONIF | CONNIF | SOFIF | RESETIF | RESUMEIF | SUSPIF |
| 15:8 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 7:0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | U-0 |
| | EP7RXIE | EP6RXIE | EP5RXIE | EP4RXIE | EP3RXIE | EP2RXIE | EP1RXIE | — |

| **Legend:** | HS = Hardware Set | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 31 **VBUSERRIE:** VBUS Error Interrupt Enable bit
1 = VBUS error interrupt is enabled
0 = VBUS error interrupt is disabled

bit 30 **SESSRQIE:** Session Request Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Session request interrupt is enabled
0 = Session request interrupt is disabled

bit 29 **DISCONIE:** Device Disconnect Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Device disconnect interrupt is enabled
0 = Device disconnect interrupt is disabled

bit 28 **CONNIE:** Device Connection Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Device connection interrupt is enabled
0 = Device connection interrupt is disabled

bit 27 **SOFIE:** Start of Frame Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Start of Frame event interrupt is enabled
0 = Start of Frame event interrupt is disabled

bit 26 **RESETIE:** Reset/Babble Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt when reset (*Device mode*) or Babble (*Host mode*) is enabled
0 = Reset/Babble interrupt is disabled

bit 25 **RESUMEIE:** Resume Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Resume signaling interrupt is enabled
0 = Resume signaling interrupt is disabled

bit 24 **SUSPIE:** Suspend Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Suspend signaling interrupt is enabled
0 = Suspend signaling interrupt is disabled

bit 23 **VBUSERRIF:** VBUS Error Interrupt bit
1 = VBUS has dropped below the VBUS valid threshold during a session
0 = No interrupt

bit 22 **SESSRQIF:** Session Request Interrupt bit
1 = Session request signaling has been detected
0 = No session request detected

bit 21 **DISCONIF:** Device Disconnect Interrupt bit
1 = In *Host mode*, indicates when a device disconnect is detected. In *Device mode*, indicates when a session ends.
0 = No device disconnect detected

bit 20 **CONNIF:** Device Connection Interrupt bit
1 = In *Host mode*, indicates when a device connection is detected
0 = No device connection detected

**REGISTER 11-30: USBCRCON: USB CLOCK/RESET CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

bit 3 **SENDMONEN:** Session End VBUS Monitoring for OTG Enable bit
1 = Enable monitoring for VBUS in Session End range (between 0.2V and 0.8V)
0 = Disable monitoring for VBUS in Session End range

bit 2 **USBIE:** USB General Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Enables general interrupt from USB module
0 = Disables general interrupt from USB module

bit 1 **USBRIE:** USB Resume Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Enable remote resume from suspend Interrupt
0 = Disable interrupt to a Remote Devices USB resume signaling

bit 0 **USBWKUPEN:** USB Activity Detection Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Enable interrupt for detection of activity on USB bus in Sleep mode
0 = Disable interrupt for detection of activity on USB bus in Sleep mode

**TABLE 12-10: PORTD REGISTER MAP FOR 64-PIN DEVICES ONLY**

| Virtual Address (BF86_#) | Register Name(1) | Bit Range | Bits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | All Resets |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 31/15 | 30/14 | 29/13 | 28/12 | 27/11 | 26/10 | 25/9 | 24/8 | 23/7 | 22/6 | 21/5 | 20/4 | 19/3 | 18/2 | 17/1 | 16/0 | |
| 0310 | TRISD | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | TRISD11 | TRISD10 | TRISD9 | — | — | — | TRISD5 | TRISD4 | TRISD3 | TRISD2 | TRISD1 | TRISD0 | 0E3F |
| 0320 | PORTD | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | RD11 | RD10 | RD9 | — | — | — | RD5 | RD4 | RD3 | RD2 | RD1 | RD0 | xxxx |
| 0330 | LATD | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | LATD11 | LATD10 | LATD9 | — | — | — | LATD5 | LATD4 | LATD3 | LATD2 | LATD1 | LATD0 | xxxx |
| 0340 | ODCD | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | ODCD11 | ODCD10 | ODCD9 | — | — | — | ODCD5 | ODCD4 | ODCD3 | ODCD2 | ODCD1 | ODCD0 | 0000 |
| 0350 | CNPUD | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | CNPUD11 | CNPUD10 | CNPUD9 | — | — | — | CNPUD5 | CNPUD4 | CNPUD3 | CNPUD2 | CNPUD1 | CNPUD0 | 0000 |
| 0360 | CNPDD | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | CNPDD11 | CNPDD10 | CNPDD9 | — | — | — | CNPDD5 | CNPDD4 | CNPDD3 | CNPDD2 | CNPDD1 | CNPDD0 | 0000 |
| 0370 | CNCOND | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | ON | — | — | — | EDGE DETECT | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| 0380 | CNEND | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | CNEND11 | CNEND10 | CNEND9 | | | | CNEND5 | CNEND4 | CNEND3 | CNEND2 | CNEND1 | CNEND0 | 0000 |
| 0390 | CNSTATD | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | CN STATD11 | CN STATD10 | CN STATD9 | — | — | — | CN STATD5 | CN STATD4 | CN STATD3 | CN STATD2 | CN STATD1 | CN STATD0 | 0000 |
| 03A0 | CNNED | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | CNNED11 | CNNED10 | CNNED9 | — | — | — | CNNED5 | CNNED4 | CNNED3 | CNNED2 | CNNED1 | CNNED0 | 0000 |
| 03B0 | CNFD | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | CNFD11 | CNFD10 | CNFD9 | — | — | — | CNFD5 | CNFD4 | CNFD3 | CNFD2 | CNFD1 | CNFD0 | 0000 |

**Legend:** x = Unknown value on Reset; — = Unimplemented, read as '0'; Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.3 "CLR, SET, and INV Registers"** for more information.

**TABLE 12-22: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP**

| Virtual Address (BF80_#) | Register Name | Bit Range | Bits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | All Resets |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 31/15 | 30/14 | 29/13 | 28/12 | 27/11 | 26/10 | 25/9 | 24/8 | 23/7 | 22/6 | 21/5 | 20/4 | 19/3 | 18/2 | 17/1 | 16/0 | |
| 1404 | INT1R | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | INT1R<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1408 | INT2R | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | INT2R<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 140C | INT3R | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | INT3R<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1410 | INT4R | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | INT4R<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1418 | T2CKR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | T2CKR<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 141C | T3CKR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | T3CKR<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1420 | T4CKR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | T4CKR<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1424 | T5CKR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | T5CKR<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1428 | T6CKR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | T6CKR<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 142C | T7CKR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | T7CKR<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1430 | T8CKR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | T8CKR<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1434 | T9CKR | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | T9CKR<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1438 | IC1R | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | IC1R<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 143C | IC2R | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | IC2R<3:0> | | | | 0000 |
| 1440 | IC3R | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | IC3R<3:0> | | | | 0000 |

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** This register is not available on 64-pin devices.

**2:** This register is not available on devices without a CAN module.

**REGISTER 23-1: PMCON: PARALLEL PORT CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

bit 7-6 **CSF<1:0>:** Chip Select Function bits(1)
- 11 = Reserved
- 10 = PMCS1 and PMCS2 function as Chip Select
- 01 = PMCS2 functions as Chip Select and PMCS1 functions as address bit 14
- 00 = PMCS1 and PMCS2 function as address bit 14 and address bit 15

bit 5 **ALP:** Address Latch Polarity bit(1)
- 1 = Active-high (PMALL and PMALH)
- 0 = Active-low ($\overline{\text{PMALL}}$ and $\overline{\text{PMALH}}$)

bit 4 **CS2P:** Chip Select 2 Polarity bit(1)
- 1 = Active-high (PMCS2)
- 0 = Active-low ($\overline{\text{PMCS2}}$)

bit 3 **CS1P:** Chip Select 1 Polarity bit(1)
- 1 = Active-high (PMCS1)
- 0 = Active-low ($\overline{\text{PMCS1}}$)

bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1 **WRSP:** Write Strobe Polarity bit

For Slave Modes and Master mode 2 (MODE<1:0> = 00,01,10):
- 1 = Write strobe active-high (PMWR)
- 0 = Write strobe active-low ($\overline{\text{PMWR}}$)

For Master mode 1 (MODE<1:0> = 11):
- 1 = Enable strobe active-high (PMENB)
- 0 = Enable strobe active-low ($\overline{\text{PMENB}}$)

bit 0 **RDSP:** Read Strobe Polarity bit

For Slave modes and Master mode 2 (MODE<1:0> = 00,01,10):
- 1 = Read Strobe active-high (PMRD)
- 0 = Read Strobe active-low ($\overline{\text{PMRD}}$)

For Master mode 1 (MODE<1:0> = 11):
- 1 = Read/write strobe active-high (PMRD/$\overline{\text{PMWR}}$)
- 0 = Read/write strobe active-low ($\overline{\text{PMRD}}$/PMWR)

**Note 1:** These bits have no effect when their corresponding pins are used as address lines.

**REGISTER 25-1: RTCCON: REAL-TIME CLOCK AND CALENDAR CONTROL REGISTER**

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | CAL<9:8> | |
| 23:16 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | CAL<7:0> | | | | | | | |
| 15:8 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | ON(1) | — | SIDL | — | — | RTCCLKSEL<1:0> | | RTC OUTSEL<1>(2) |
| 7:0 | R/W-0 | R-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R/W-0 |
| | RTC OUTSEL<0>(2) | RTC CLKON(5) | — | — | RTC WREN(3) | RTC SYNC | HALFSEC(4) | RTCOE |

| Legend: | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 31-26 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 25-16 **CAL<9:0>:** Real-Time Clock Drift Calibration bits, which contain a signed 10-bit integer value
0111111111 = Maximum positive adjustment, adds 511 real-time clock pulses every one minute
•
•
•
0000000001 = Minimum positive adjustment, adds 1 real-time clock pulse every one minute
0000000000 = No adjustment
1111111111 = Minimum negative adjustment, subtracts 1 real-time clock pulse every one minute
•
•
•
1000000000 = Maximum negative adjustment, subtracts 512 real-time clock pulses every one minute

bit 15 **ON:** RTCC On bit(1)
1 = RTCC module is enabled
0 = RTCC module is disabled

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

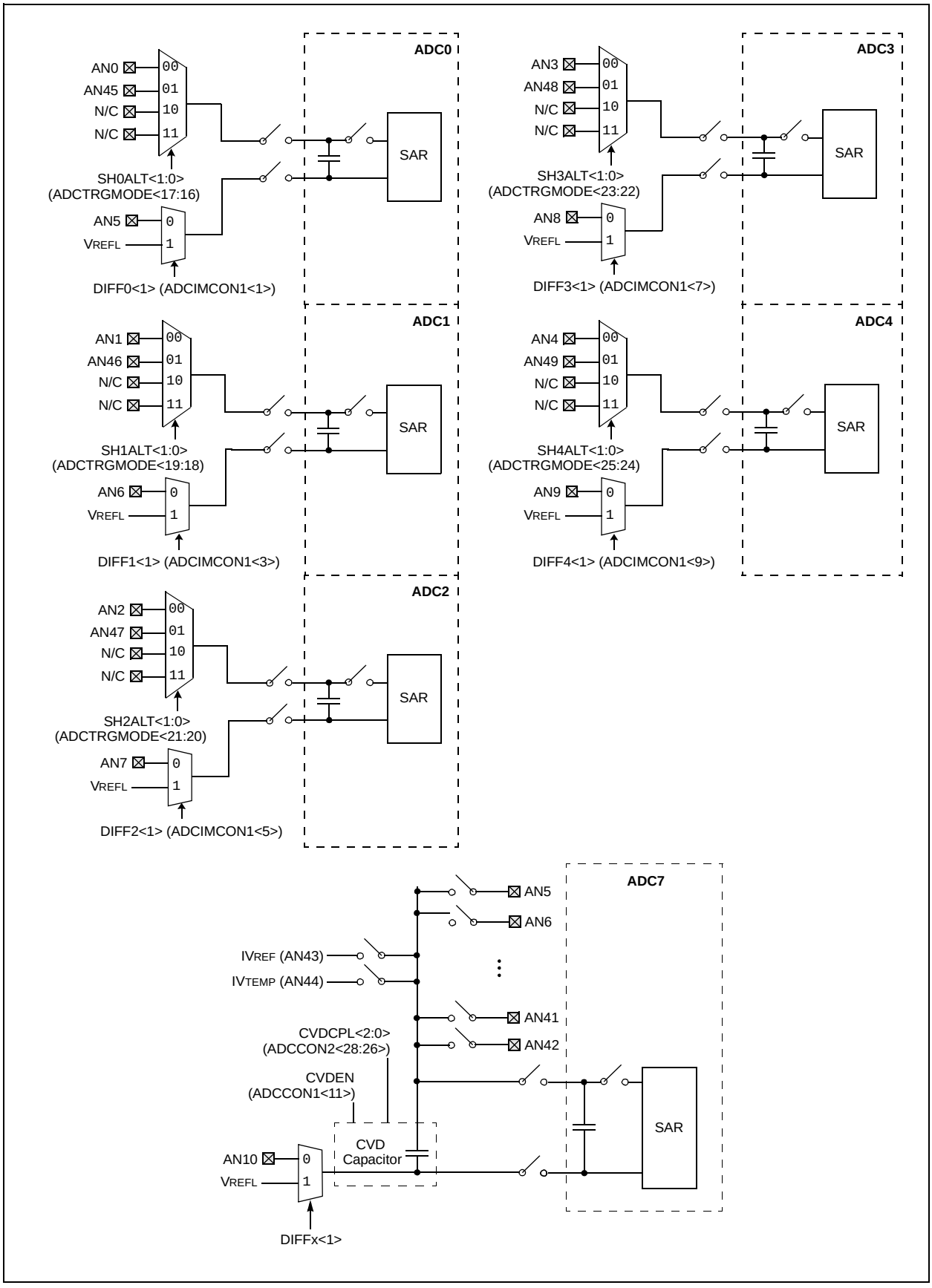
bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Disables RTCC operation when CPU enters Idle mode
0 = Continue normal operation when CPU enters Idle mode

bit 12-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** The ON bit is only writable when RTCWREN = 1.
**2:** Requires RTCOE = 1 (RTCCON<0>) for the output to be active.
**3:** The RTCWREN bit can be set only when the write sequence is enabled.
**4:** This bit is read-only. It is cleared to '0' on a write to the seconds bit fields (RTCTIME<14:8>).
**5:** This bit is undefined when RTCCLKSEL<1:0> = 00 (LPRC is the clock source).

**Note:** This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

**FIGURE 28-2: S&H BLOCK DIAGRAM**



**REGISTER 28-3: ADCCON3: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 3 (CONTINUED)**

bit 18 **DIGEN2:** ADC2 Digital Enable bit
1 = ADC2 is digital enabled
0 = ADC2 is digital disabled

bit 17 **DIGEN1:** ADC1 Digital Enable bit
1 = ADC1 is digital enabled
0 = ADC1 is digital disabled

bit 16 **DIGEN0:** ADC0 Digital Enable bit
1 = ADC0 is digital enabled
0 = ADC0 is digital disabled

bit 15-13 **VREFSEL<2:0>:** Voltage Reference (VREF) Input Selection bits

| VREFSEL<2:0> | ADREF+ | ADREF- |
|---|---|---|
| 1xx | Reserved; do not use | |
| 011 | External VREFH | External VREFL |
| 010 | AVDD | External VREFL |
| 001 | External VREFH | AVss |
| 000 | AVDD | AVss |

bit 12 **TRGSUSP:** Trigger Suspend bit
1 = Triggers are blocked from starting a new analog-to-digital conversion, but the ADC module is not disabled
0 = Triggers are not blocked

bit 11 **UPDIEN:** Update Ready Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt will be generated when the UPDRDY bit is set by hardware
0 = No interrupt is generated

bit 10 **UPDRDY:** ADC Update Ready Status bit
1 = ADC SFRs can be updated
0 = ADC SFRs cannot be updated

**Note:** This bit is only active while the TRGSUSP bit is set and there are no more running conversions of any ADC modules.

bit 9 **SAMP:** Class 2 and Class 3 Analog Input Sampling Enable bit**(1,2,3,4)**
1 = The ADC S&H amplifier is sampling
0 = The ADC S&H amplifier is holding

bit 8 **RQCNVRT:** Individual ADC Input Conversion Request bit
This bit and its associated ADINSEL<5:0> bits enable the user to individually request an analog-to-digital conversion of an analog input through software.
1 = Trigger the conversion of the selected ADC input as specified by the ADINSEL<5:0> bits
0 = Do not trigger the conversion

**Note:** This bit is automatically cleared in the next ADC clock cycle.

bit 7 **GLSWTRG:** Global Level Software Trigger bit
1 = Trigger conversion for ADC inputs that have selected the GLSWTRG bit as the trigger signal, either through the associated TRGSRC<4:0> bits in the ADCTRGx registers or through the STRGSRC<4:0> bits in the ADCCON1 register
0 = Do not trigger an analog-to-digital conversion

**Note 1:** The SAMP bit has the highest priority and setting this bit will keep the S&H circuit in Sample mode until the bit is cleared. Also, usage of the SAMP bit will cause settings of SAMC<9:0> bits (ADCCON2<25:16>) to be ignored.

**2:** The SAMP bit only connects Class 2 and Class 3 analog inputs to the shared ADC, ADC7. All Class 1 analog inputs are not affected by the SAMP bit.

**3:** The SAMP bit is not a self-clearing bit and it is the responsibility of application software to first clear this bit and only after setting the RQCNVRT bit to start the analog-to-digital conversion.

**4:** Normally, when the SAMP and RQCNVRT bits are used by software routines, all TRGSRCx<4:0> bits and STRGSRC<4:0> bits should be set to '00000' to disable all external hardware triggers and prevent them from interfering with the software-controlled sampling command signal SAMP and with the software-controlled trigger RQCNVRT.

**REGISTER 28-6: ADCIMCON2: ADC INPUT MODE CONTROL REGISTER 2**

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31:24 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | DIFF31(1) | SIGN31(1) | DIFF30(1) | SIGN30(1) | DIFF29(1) | SIGN29(1) | DIFF28(1) | SIGN28(1) |
| 23:16 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | DIFF27(1) | SIGN27(1) | DIFF26(1) | SIGN26(1) | DIFF25(1) | SIGN25(1) | DIFF24(1) | SIGN24(1) |
| 15:8 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | DIFF23(1) | SIGN23(1) | DIFF22(1) | SIGN22(1) | DIFF21(1) | SIGN21(1) | DIFF20(1) | SIGN20(1) |
| 7:0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | DIFF19(1) | SIGN19(1) | DIFF18 | SIGN18 | DIFF17 | SIGN17 | DIFF16 | SIGN16 |

| **Legend:** | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 31 **DIFF31:** AN31 Mode bit(1)
1 = AN31 is using Differential mode
0 = AN31 is using Single-ended mode

bit 30 **SIGN31:** AN31 Signed Data Mode bit(1)
1 = AN31 is using Signed Data mode
0 = AN31 is using Unsigned Data mode

bit 29 **DIFF30:** AN30 Mode bit(1)
1 = AN30 is using Differential mode
0 = AN30 is using Single-ended mode

bit 28 **SIGN30:** AN30 Signed Data Mode bit(1)
1 = AN30 is using Signed Data mode
0 = AN30 is using Unsigned Data mode

bit 27 **DIFF29:** AN29 Mode bit(1)
1 = AN29 is using Differential mode
0 = AN29 is using Single-ended mode

bit 26 **SIGN29:** AN29 Signed Data Mode bit(1)
1 = AN29 is using Signed Data mode
0 = AN29 is using Unsigned Data mode

bit 25 **DIFF28:** AN28 Mode bit(1)
1 = AN28 is using Differential mode
0 = AN28 is using Single-ended mode

bit 24 **SIGN28:** AN28 Signed Data Mode bit(1)
1 = AN28 is using Signed Data mode
0 = AN28 is using Unsigned Data mode

bit 23 **DIFF27:** AN27 Mode bit(1)
1 = AN27 is using Differential mode
0 = AN27 is using Single-ended mode

bit 22 **SIGN27:** AN27 Signed Data Mode bit(1)
1 = AN27 is using Signed Data mode
0 = AN27 is using Unsigned Data mode

**Note 1:** This bit is not available on 64-pin devices.

**REGISTER 29-21: CiFIFOINTn: CAN FIFO INTERRUPT REGISTER 'n' ('n' = 0-31)**

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | TXNFULLIE | TXHALFIE | TXEMPTYIE |
| 23:16 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | RXOVFLIE | RXFULLIE | RXHALFIE | RXNEMPTYIE |
| 15:8 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | TXNFULLIF(1) | TXHALFIF | TXEMPTYIF(1) |
| 7:0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | RXOVFLIF | RXFULLIF(1) | RXHALFIF(1) | RXNEMPTYIF(1) |

| Legend: | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 31-27 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 26 **TXNFULLIE:** Transmit FIFO Not Full Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt enabled for FIFO not full
0 = Interrupt disabled for FIFO not full

bit 25 **TXHALFIE:** Transmit FIFO Half Full Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt enabled for FIFO half full
0 = Interrupt disabled for FIFO half full

bit 24 **TXEMPTYIE:** Transmit FIFO Empty Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt enabled for FIFO empty
0 = Interrupt disabled for FIFO empty

bit 23-20 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 19 **RXOVFLIE:** Overflow Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt enabled for overflow event
0 = Interrupt disabled for overflow event

bit 18 **RXFULLIE:** Full Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt enabled for FIFO full
0 = Interrupt disabled for FIFO full

bit 17 **RXHALFIE:** FIFO Half Full Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt enabled for FIFO half full
0 = Interrupt disabled for FIFO half full

bit 16 **RXNEMPTYIE:** Empty Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt enabled for FIFO not empty
0 = Interrupt disabled for FIFO not empty

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10 **TXNFULLIF:** Transmit FIFO Not Full Interrupt Flag bit(1)
TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a Transmit Buffer)
1 = FIFO is not full
0 = FIFO is full
TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a Receive Buffer)
Unused, reads '0'

**Note 1:** This bit is read-only and reflects the status of the FIFO.

**REGISTER 30-36: EMAC1MIND: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC MII MANAGEMENT INDICATORS REGISTER**

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 23:16 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 15:8 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 7:0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | LINKFAIL | NOTVALID | SCAN | MIIMBUSY |

| **Legend:** | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 31-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **LINKFAIL:** Link Fail bit

When '1' is returned - indicates link fail has occurred. This bit reflects the value last read from the PHY status register.

bit 2 **NOTVALID:** MII Management Read Data Not Valid bit

When '1' is returned - indicates an MII management read cycle has not completed and the Read Data is not yet valid.

bit 1 **SCAN:** MII Management Scanning bit

When '1' is returned - indicates a scan operation (continuous MII Management Read cycles) is in progress.

bit 0 **MIIMBUSY:** MII Management Busy bit

When '1' is returned - indicates MII Management module is currently performing an MII Management Read or Write cycle.

**Note:** Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers). 8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

## 33.0 POWER-SAVING FEATURES

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MZ EF family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 10. "Power-Saving Features"** (DS60001130) in the *"PIC32 Family Reference Manual"*, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

This section describes power-saving features for the PIC32MZ EF devices. These devices offer various methods and modes that allow the user to balance power consumption with device performance. In all of the methods and modes described in this section, power-saving is controlled by software.

## 33.1 Power Saving with CPU Running

When the CPU is running, power consumption can be controlled by reducing the CPU clock frequency, lowering the speed of PBCLK7, or selecting a lower power clock source (i.e., LPRC or SOSC).

In addition, the Peripheral Bus Scaling mode is available for each peripheral bus where peripherals are clocked at reduced speed by selecting a higher divider for the associated PBCLKx, or by disabling the clock completely.

## 33.2 Power-Saving with CPU Halted

Peripherals and the CPU can be Halted or disabled to further reduce power consumption.

### 33.2.1 SLEEP MODE

Sleep mode has the lowest power consumption of the device power-saving operating modes. The CPU and most peripherals are Halted and the associated clocks are disabled. Select peripherals can continue to operate in Sleep mode and can be used to wake the device from Sleep. See the individual peripheral module sections for descriptions of behavior in Sleep.

Sleep mode includes the following characteristics:

- There can be a wake-up delay based on the oscillator selection
- The Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) does not operate during Sleep mode
- The BOR circuit remains operative during Sleep mode
- The WDT, if enabled, is not automatically cleared prior to entering Sleep mode
- Some peripherals can continue to operate at limited functionality in Sleep mode. These peripherals include I/O pins that detect a change in the input signal, WDT, ADC, UART and peripherals that use an external clock input or the internal LPRC oscillator (e.g., RTCC, Timer1 and Input Capture).
- I/O pins continue to sink or source current in the same manner as they do when the device is not in Sleep

The processor will exit, or 'wake-up', from Sleep on one of the following events:

- On any interrupt from an enabled source that is operating in Sleep. The interrupt priority must be greater than the current CPU priority.
- On any form of device Reset
- On a WDT time-out

If the interrupt priority is lower than or equal to the current priority, the CPU will remain Halted, but the peripheral bus clocks will start running and the device will enter into Idle mode.

### 33.2.2 IDLE MODE

In Idle mode, the CPU is Halted; however, all clocks are still enabled. This allows peripherals to continue to operate. Peripherals can be individually configured to Halt when entering Idle by setting their respective SIDL bit. Latency, when exiting Idle mode, is very low due to the CPU oscillator source remaining active.

The device enters Idle mode when the SLPEN bit (OSCCON<4>) is clear and a `WAIT` instruction is executed.

The processor will wake or exit from Idle mode on the following events:

- On any interrupt event for which the interrupt source is enabled. The priority of the interrupt event must be greater than the current priority of the CPU. If the priority of the interrupt event is lower than or equal to current priority of the CPU, the CPU will remain Halted and the device will remain in Idle mode.
- On any form of device Reset
- On a WDT time-out interrupt

**REGISTER 34-10: CFGPG: PERMISSION GROUP CONFIGURATION REGISTER**

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | CRYPTPG<1:0> | |
| 23:16 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | FCPG<1:0> | | SQI1PG<1:0> | | — | — | ETHPG<1:0> | |
| 15:8 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | CAN2PG<1:0> | | CAN1PG<1:0> | | — | — | USBPG<1:0> | |
| 7:0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | — | — | DMAPG<1:0> | | — | — | CPUPG<1:0> | |

| **Legend:** | | |
|---|---|---|
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared |

bit 31-26 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 25-24 **CRYPTPG<1:0>:** Crypto Engine Permission Group bits
- 11 = Initiator is assigned to Permission Group 3
- 10 = Initiator is assigned to Permission Group 2
- 01 = Initiator is assigned to Permission Group 1
- 00 = Initiator is assigned to Permission Group 0

bit 23-22 **FCPG<1:0>:** Flash Control Permission Group bits
Same definition as bits 25-24.

bit 21-20 **SQI1PG<1:0>:** SQI Module Permission Group bits
Same definition as bits 25-24.

bit 19-18 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 17-16 **ETHPG<1:0>:** Ethernet Module Permission Group bits
Same definition as bits 25-24.

bit 15-14 **CAN2PG<1:0>:** CAN2 Module Permission Group bits
Same definition as bits 25-24.

bit 13-12 **CAN1PG<1:0>:** CAN1 Module Permission Group bits
Same definition as bits 25-24.

bit 11-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-8 **USBPG<1:0>:** USB Module Permission Group bits
Same definition as bits 25-24.

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-4 **DMAPG<1:0>:** DMA Module Permission Group bits
Same definition as bits 25-24.

bit 3-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1-0 **CPUPG<1:0>:** CPU Permission Group bits
Same definition as bits 25-24.

**TABLE 37-41: TEMPERATURE SENSOR SPECIFICATIONS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS | | | Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 1): 2.1V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Param. No.** | **Symbol** | **Characteristics** | **Min.** | **Typical** | **Max.** | **Units** | **Conditions** |
| TS10 | VTS | Rate of Change | — | +5 | — | mV/ºC | — |
| TS11 | TR | Resolution | — | ±5 | — | ºC | — |
| TS12 | IVTEMP | Voltage Range | 0.5 | — | 1.5 | V | — |
| TS13 | TMIN | Minimum Temperature | — | -40 | — | ºC | IVTEMP = 0.5V |
| TS14 | TMAX | Maximum Temperature | — | 160 | — | ºC | IVTEMP = 1.5V |

**Note 1:** The temperature sensor is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

## 38.1 DC Characteristics

**TABLE 38-1: OPERATING MIPS VS. VOLTAGE**

| Characteristic | VDD Range (in Volts) (Note 1) | Temp. Range (in °C) | Max. Frequency | Comment |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | PIC32MZ EF Devices | |
| EDC5 | 2.1V-3.6V | -40°C to +125°C | 180 MHz | — |

**Note 1:** Overall functional device operation at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN is guaranteed, but not characterized. All device Analog modules, such as ADC, etc., will function, but with degraded performance below VDDMIN. Refer to parameter BO10 in Table 37-5 for BOR values.

**TABLE 38-2: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (IDD)**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS | | | Standard Operating Conditions: 2.1V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Parameter No. | Typical(3) | Maximum(6) | Units | Conditions |
| **Operating Current (IDD)(1)** | | | | |
| EDC20 | 8 | 54 | mA | 4 MHz **(Note 4,5)** |
| EDC21 | 10 | 60 | mA | 10 MHz **(Note 5)** |
| EDC22 | 32 | 95 | mA | 60 MHz **(Note 2,4)** |
| EDC23 | 40 | 105 | mA | 80 MHz **(Note 2,4)** |
| EDC25 | 61 | 125 | mA | 130 MHz **(Note 2,4)** |
| EDC26 | 72 | 140 | mA | 160 MHz **(Note 2,4)** |
| EDC28 | 81 | 150 | mA | 180 MHz **(Note 2,4)** |

**Note 1:** A device's IDD supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as PBCLK (Peripheral Bus Clock) frequency, number of peripheral modules enabled, internal code execution pattern, I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, as well as temperature, can have an impact on the current consumption.

**2:** The test conditions for IDD measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator mode is EC+PLL with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
- OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
- USB PLL is disabled (USBMD = 1), VUSB3V3 is connected to VSS
- CPU, Program Flash, and SRAM data memory are operational, Program Flash memory Wait states are equal to four
- L1 Cache and Prefetch modules are enabled
- No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0), and the associated PMD bit is set. All clocks are disabled ON bit (PBxDIV<15>) = 0 (x ≠ 1,7)
- WDT, DMT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
- All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to VSS
- $\overline{MCLR}$ = VDD
- CPU executing `while(1)` statement from Flash
- RTCC and JTAG are disabled

**3:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C at specified operating frequency unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**4:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

**5:** Note 2 applies with the following exceptions: L1 Cache and Prefetch modules are disabled, Program Flash memory Wait states are equal to seven.

**6:** Data in the "Maximum" column is at 3.3V, +125ºC at specified operating frequency. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

## A.3 CPU

The CPU in the PIC32MZ EF family of devices has been changed to the MIPS32 M-Class MPU architecture. This CPU includes DSP ASE, internal data and instruction L1 caches, and a TLB-based MMU.

Table A-4 summarizes some of the key differences (indicated by **Bold** type) in the internal CPU registers.

**TABLE A-4: CPU DIFFERENCES**

| PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX Feature | PIC32MZ EF Feature |
|---|---|
| **L1 Data and Instruction Cache and Prefetch Wait States** | |
| On PIC32MX devices, the cache was included in the prefetch module outside the CPU.<br><br>PREFEN<1:0> (**CHECON**<5:4>)<br>**11 = Enable predictive prefetch for both cacheable and non-cacheable regions**<br>**10 = Enable predictive prefetch for non-cacheable regions only**<br>**01 = Enable predictive prefetch for cacheable regions only**<br>00 = Disable predictive prefetch<br><br>DCSZ<1:0> (CHECON<9:8>)<br>Changing these bits causes all lines to be reinitialized to the "invalid" state.<br>11 = Enable data caching with a size of 4 lines<br>10 = Enable data caching with a size of 2 lines<br>01 = Enable data caching with a size of 1 line<br>00 = Disable data caching<br><br>CHECOH (CHECON<16>)<br>1 = Invalidate all data and instruction lines<br>0 = Invalidate all data and instruction lines that are not locked | On PIC32MZ EF devices, the CPU has a separate L1 instruction and data cache in the core. The PREFEN<1:0> bits still enable the prefetch module; however, the K0<2:0> bits in the CP0 registers controls the internal L1 cache for the designated regions.<br><br>PREFEN<1:0> (**PRECON**<5:4>)<br>**11 = Enable predictive prefetch for any address**<br>**10 = Enable predictive prefetch for CPU instructions and CPU data**<br>**01 = Enable predictive prefetch for CPU instructions only**<br>00 = Disable predictive prefetch<br><br>**K0<2:0> (CP0 Reg 16, Select 0)**<br>**011 = Cacheable, non-coherent, write-back, write allocate**<br>**010 = Uncached**<br>**001 = Cacheable, non-coherent, write-through, write allocate**<br>**000 = Cacheable, non-coherent, write-through, no write allocate** |
| PFMWS<2:0> (**CHECON**<2:0>)<br>111 = Seven Wait states<br>110 = Six Wait states<br>101 = Five Wait states<br>100 = Four Wait states<br>011 = Three Wait states<br>010 = Two Wait states **(61-80 MHz)**<br>001 = One Wait state **(31-60 MHz)**<br>000 = Zero Wait state **(0-30 MHz)** | The Program Flash Memory read wait state frequency points have changed in PIC32MZ EF devices. The register for accessing the PFMWS field has changed from CHECON to PRECON.<br><br>PFMWS<2:0> (**PRECON**<2:0>)<br>111 = Seven Wait states<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>100 = Four Wait states **(200-252 MHz)**<br>011 = Reserved<br>010 = Two Wait states **(133-200 MHz)**<br>001 = One Wait state **(66-133 MHz)**<br>000 = Zero Wait states **(0-66 MHz)**<br>**Note:** Wait states listed are for ECC enabled. |
| **Core Instruction Execution** | |
| On PIC32MX devices, the CPU can execute MIPS16e instructions and uses a 16-bit instruction set, which reduces memory size.<br><br>**MIPS16e®** | On PIC32MZ EF devices, the CPU can operate a mode called microMIPS. microMIPS mode is an enhanced MIPS32® instruction set that uses both 16-bit and 32-bit opcodes. This mode of operation reduces memory size with minimum performance impact.<br>**microMIPS™**<br>The BOOTISA (DEVCFG0<6>) Configuration bit controls the MIPS32 and microMIPS modes for boot and exception code.<br>1 = Boot code and Exception code is MIPS32® (ISAONEXC bit is set to '0' and the ISA<1:0> bits are set to '10' in the CP0 Config3 register)<br>0 = Boot code and Exception code is microMIPS™ (ISAONEXC bit is set to '1' and the ISA<1:0> bits are set to '11' in the CP0 Config3 register) |